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ANNALS OF YALE UNIVERSITY

PRINTED FROM APR. 1900 TO APR. 1901

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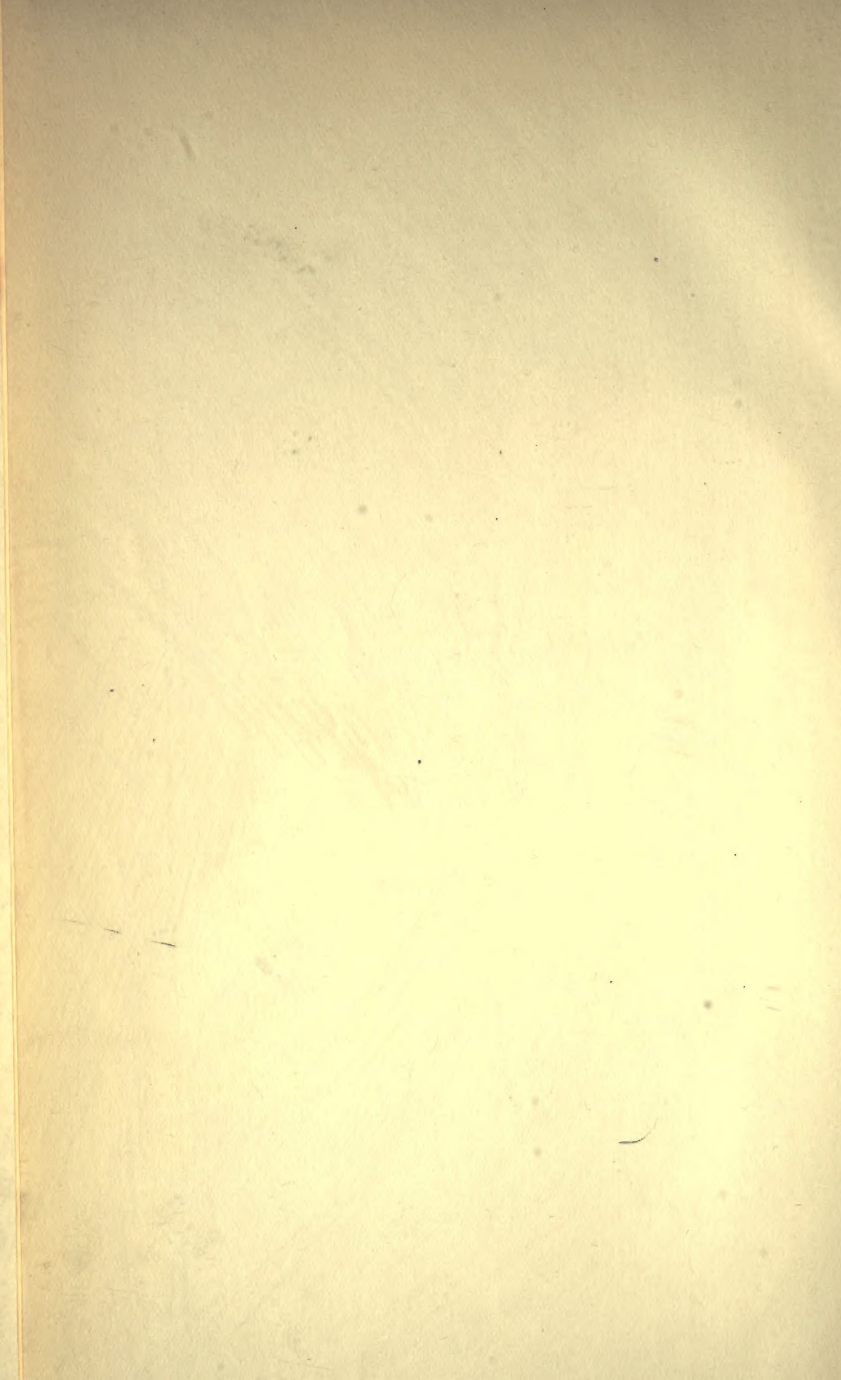
1900-1901

NEW HAVEN

THE YALE UNIVERSITY PRESS

1901





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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

DECEASED FROM JUNE, 1900, TO JUNE, 1910.

PRESENTED AT THE ANNUAL MEETINGS  
OF THE ALUMNI,

1900-1910

NEW HAVEN:

THE TUTTLE, MOREHOUSE & TAYLOR CO.

1910.



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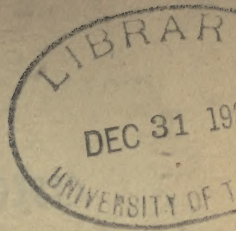
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Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

***JUNE, 1901,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 25th, 1901]

[No. 1 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 60 of the whole Record]

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# OBITUARY RECORD

OF

## GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

*Deceased during the Academical year ending in*

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Including the Record of a few who died previously, hitherto unreported

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 25TH, 1901]

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### YALE COLLEGE

( ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT )

1824

BENJAMIN DOUGLAS SILLIMAN, since 1893 the last survivor of his class, and since 1896 the oldest living graduate of Yale College, was born in Newport, R. I., on September 14, 1805.

He was the son of Gold Selleck Silliman ( Yale 1796 ), grandson of General Gold Selleck Silliman ( Yale 1752 ), who was distinguished in colonial times as King's Attorney for Fairfield County and during the Revolution for vigilant and patriotic service in behalf of freedom, and great-grandson of Judge Ebenezer Silliman ( Yale 1727 ). His mother, Hepsa ( Ely ) Silliman, was the daughter of Rev. David Ely, D.D. ( Yale 1769 ), of Huntington, Conn., a Fellow and Secretary of the College and granddaughter of Rev. Jedidiah Mills ( Yale 1722 ).

At the close of the War of 1812 his father gave up his successful law practice in Newport and engaged in business in New York City, removing to Brooklyn in 1823, where he lived to the age of 90 years, dying in 1868, and where his son thereafter resided.



For a year after graduation Mr. Silliman was at Yale as Assistant in Chemistry, under his uncle, Professor Benjamin Silliman (Yale 1796), and then studied law in New York City, in the office of Chancellor Kent (Yale 1781) and his son (afterward Judge) William Kent, and was admitted to the bar in May, 1829. With the exception of a few interruptions for public service he continued in the active practice of his profession for over 71 years. The sixtieth anniversary of his admission to practice was observed by a dinner given him by leading members of the bar in 1889. For over half a century Mr. Silliman was counsel of the Union Ferry Company, of the National Bank of Commerce of Brooklyn, and of Greenwood Cemetery in Brooklyn.

He always maintained an active interest in public affairs, and expressed his convictions through the press, but seldom accepted office. In 1838 he was a representative in the New York Legislature, in 1839 a member of the national convention at Harrisburg which nominated the first General Harrison for the Presidency. In 1865-66, by appointment of President Lincoln, he was U. S. Attorney for the Eastern District of New York, and in 1872 was chosen a member of the commission to revise the State constitution. In 1842 he was nominated by the Whigs of the Second District for Congressman, but was defeated by a small majority, and in 1873 was the Republican candidate for Attorney General of the State.

He was one of the founders of the Bar Association of New York City, and at one time Vice President. He served most acceptably as President of the New England Society of Brooklyn for six years from its incorporation in 1880. He was a director of the Long Island Historical Society in Brooklyn, member of the Board of Managers of the House of Refuge for Juvenile Delinquents in New York for many years, and identified with the management of other associations. He did much to promote the interests of Yale through the Yale Alumni Association of Long Island, of which he was for many successive years President. His presence at many alumni gatherings elsewhere was highly appreciated.

He was honored with the degree of LL.D. from Columbia University in 1873, and from Yale University in 1874.

His health of body and vigor of mind were preserved in unusual degree to the close of his long life, and his social and cheerful disposition, unfailing affability and courtesy, and kindness of

heart, made his companionship a delight to those privileged to share it.

Mr. Silliman died of bronchial pneumonia, after an illness of a week at his home in Brooklyn, on January 24, 1901, at the age of 95 years and four months. He was never married. He left a generous bequest to the University, in addition to a fund which was given in trust to him for Yale by his brother.

### 1829

LEMAN WOODWARD CUTLER died at his home in Watertown, Conn., on February 9, 1901, at the age of 93 years and nearly two months. For about two weeks following the death of Mr. Silliman he was the oldest living graduate of the University.

He was the son of Younglove Cutler by his second wife, Aurora (Woodward) Cutler, and was born on December 12, 1807, at Watertown, Conn. His father was a successful merchant there, but died when the son was but eight or nine years old. He was fitted for college privately and at the school of Hezekiah Rudd (Yale 1806), in Huntington, Conn.

After graduation he devoted his attention to farming for about twenty years. He did not study for a professional career, but during a large part of his life was engaged in public affairs. In 1845 he was elected to the State Senate, and served again in 1856, and was *ex-officio* Fellow of Yale College. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives for five terms from 1861 to 1865, and again in 1866. From 1861 to 1865 he was also Comptroller of Public Accounts.

He was Town Clerk of Watertown thirty-nine consecutive years, Town Treasurer ten years, County Commissioner six years, and Judge of Probate twenty-four years, retiring from this last office on account of reaching the age limit of 70 years. He was also Secretary and Treasurer of the Watertown Railroad Company while it was an independent corporation, and President of the Watertown Library Association thirty years. He united with the Congregational Church on profession of faith in January 1873.

He married, on October 31, 1831, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. Frederick Holcomb, D.D., who died in 1897. They had no children.

1830

HENRY BARNARD, son of Chauncey and Elizabeth (Andrus) Barnard, was born on January 24, 1811, in Hartford, Conn.

Previous to entering college he had gained an unusual knowledge of Greek literature and during his college course he read much more than required of the classical authors, and made a special study of Greek and Roman civilization. He also read English literature extensively, and won distinction as a ready debater and effective speaker. He was a member of the Linonian Society, its Librarian for two years, and President.

After graduation he read law with Hon. Willis Hall (Yale 1824), afterward Attorney General of New York State, and William Hungerford of Hartford, and studied a year in the Yale Law School, but during this time also systematically carried on a critical study of the best English and classical authors. After a brief experience in teaching at Willsboro, Pa., he passed the winter of 1832-33 in Washington, D. C., in close attendance upon the great discussions in the Supreme Court, and then devoted several months to visiting the Southern States. He was admitted to the Connecticut bar in 1835, and then spent about eighteen months abroad, traversing a large part of England, Scotland and Switzerland on foot, and studying the social conditions of the people.

On his return to Hartford in 1837, he was elected to the Connecticut House of Representatives and served three years. In 1838 he originated and secured the passage by unanimous action of both houses of an act for the better supervision and improvement of the common schools. Although he surrendered brilliant prospects as a lawyer and statesman, Mr. Barnard was persuaded to become Secretary of the Board of Commissioners thus created, and his work and able reports were of great value to education in the State and elsewhere. In 1842, owing to political changes, the Commission was abolished, and Mr. Barnard spent fifteen months in travel throughout the United States, during which he spoke before the legislatures of ten states, and delivered lectures and conducted conferences in fifty cities, and collected a mass of information on early education. In 1843 he accepted the office of Superintendent of Schools of Rhode Island, and in five years was able, through the complete change of views and habits of the people which he brought about, to thoroughly establish a system of free schools. When he retired in 1849, exhausted by



his great labors, he received the unanimous thanks of the State Legislature, and a grateful testimonial from the teachers. During the short period of comparative rest which followed, he declined the Presidency of the Universities of Indiana and Michigan, and then, from 1850 to 1854, discharged the double duty of Principal of the newly established State Normal School of Connecticut and State Superintendent of Schools. During these four years the educational reforms which had been overthrown in 1842 were all thoroughly reëstablished, and he left the schools of the State well organized.

In 1858 he became Chancellor of the University of Wisconsin. His purpose in accepting this office was to bring into unity the whole system of state education and make it all free, but his work was interrupted in the spring of 1860 by severe nervous prostration, from which he suffered for nearly two years.

In 1866 he was elected President of St. John's College, Maryland, but upon the organization of the U. S. Bureau of Education in 1867 he resigned to become the first U. S. Commissioner of Education, and held the office until 1870.

Dr. Barnard's literary work was extraordinary in amount and of lasting value. In 1855 he began the publication of the *American Journal of Education*, which extended to 31 volumes, and is a reliable record of the progress of education in the United States. He edited the *Connecticut School Journal* from 1838 to 1842 and from 1851 to 1854, three volumes of the *Journal of the Rhode Island Institute of Instruction*, and four volumes of *Reports of the U. S. Bureau of Education*. In 1886 he published a collective edition of his works in 52 volumes, and including over 800 separate treatises. Of his "School Architecture," over 130,000 copies were circulated. Dr. Barnard visited Europe seven times, and brought to this country the best thoughts of the world on education.

In 1855 he was chosen President of the American Association for the Advancement of Education, which was started largely through his endeavors in 1849, and which he sought to inspire with a broad national policy.

He helped forward almost every local enterprise designed to advance the literary and educational interests of his native city and state. He was one of the originators and first President of the Young Men's Institute, now the Hartford Public Library, and the first President of the Connecticut Historical Society.

He was also elected a corresponding member of the Rhode Island Historical Society in 1838, and was a member of many other historical, literary and scientific societies.

He received the degree of LL.D. from Yale and Union in 1852, Harvard in 1853, and of L.H.D. from Columbia in 1887.

The 86th anniversary of his birth was fittingly observed in 1897 in schools throughout the State, and by a notable gathering of distinguished educators in Hartford.

Dr. Barnard died after an illness of several months from kidney and other troubles, in the home in which he was born, on July 5, 1900, in his 90th year. He was the last survivor of his class.

He married, on September 6, 1847, Miss Josephine Desnoyers, of Detroit, Mich., who died in 1891. Of his five children two daughters survive. A son died in 1884.

#### 1831

DWIGHT M. SEWARD, son of Seth and Rhoda (Pickett) Seward, was born in Durham, Conn., on July 31, 1811.

After his graduation he taught for a year at the Deaf and Dumb Asylum in New York, and then entered the Yale Divinity School. He was licensed by the New Haven East Association in 1834, and ordained Pastor of the First Church in New Britain, Conn., February 3, 1836. After a ministry of six years there he resigned, and supplied in Middlefield, Conn., for two and a half years. He was settled at West Hartford the following six years, and then served as Pastor of the Reformed (Dutch) Church in Yonkers, N. Y., until the formation of the First Presbyterian Church, which he organized in 1852. He was pastor of this church for eighteen years, resigning in 1870 on account of ill health. He resided in New York City for the next three years, preached at Schroon Lake, Moriah and Mineville from 1874 to 1879, at New Providence, N. J., until June 1881, and was Pastor of Plymouth Church, Portland, Me., the following three years. In 1884 he removed to South Norwalk, Conn., preaching whenever his health would permit. In June, 1900, he completed sixty-six years of ministerial service. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from New York University in 1862.

Dr. Seward married on March 2, 1886, Lydia Huntington North, daughter of Colonel Simeon North, and granddaughter of Rev. Enoch Huntington (Yale 1759), Fellow and Secretary of Yale College.

Their golden wedding was celebrated in 1886. Mrs. Seward died in 1897, in her 84th year. A son, William Foote Seward (Williams 18 ), and a daughter, the widow of Rev. William H. Gleason, D.D. (Yale 1853), survive.

Dr. Seward was vigorous and active up to the last year of his life. He died of the grippe at his home in South Norwalk, on January 17, 1901, in his 90th year.

### 1832

JOSHUA HUNTINGTON, son of Rev. Joshua Huntington (Yale 1804), one of the founders of the American Education Society, and at the time of his death Pastor of the Old South Church in Boston, Mass., was born in that city on February 11, 1812. His mother was Susan (Mansfield) Huntington. The son's baptismal name was Joseph Eckley, but it was changed by legislative act in 1822.

He entered Yale in the Junior Class after two years of study in Amherst College.

After graduation he spent part of a year in Princeton Theological Seminary, taught French a year at New London, Conn., and began the study of medicine there, afterward attending lectures at Dartmouth Medical College, and then completed his course by a year in the Yale Medical School, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1838. During these years he was also engaged in genealogical researches, the results of which were incorporated in the published records of the "Huntington Family." He was Assistant Surgeon in the U. S. Navy until 1845, when he resigned, owing to his distaste for medical practice. He then completed his theological studies in Andover Seminary in 1849. He was licensed to preach by the Andover Association, on April 17, 1849, but was never ordained. From 1853 to 1864 he taught a private school for boys in Brooklyn, N. Y., and was then a clerk in the U. S. Treasury Department at Washington, D. C., until 1876. He resided in that city until his death from heart failure following pneumonia, on March 23, 1900, at the age of 88 years. He was never married.

When he went to Washington he was at first a member of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, but a few years later became a Roman Catholic.

He compiled a "New System for Teaching the French Verbs," and in 1868 published "Gropings after Truth."



EDWARD ELBRIDGE SALISBURY, son of Josiah Salisbury (Harvard 1798) and Abigail (Breese) Salisbury, was born on April 6, 1814, in Boston, Mass., the home of his ancestors for several generations. He completed his preparation for college at the Boston Latin School.

After graduation he spent a year in private studies, and three years in the Theological Seminary in New Haven, and then went abroad. Although he did not enter the ministry, one definite purpose which he had in choosing oriental research for his life work, was to be of service to the missionaries in the East. He placed himself under the instruction of deSacy and Garcin de Tassy in Paris, and Bopp in Berlin, and after an absence of between three and four years returned to New Haven, and in 1841 was made Professor of the Arabic and Sanskrit Languages and Literature. By the terms of his appointment he became the first University Professor at Yale. Before entering on his duties in 1843 he again went abroad and spent several months in Bonn, reading Sanskrit with Lassen, and studying with Burnouf in France. In the course of the next few years the province of both Arabic and Sanskrit became so enlarged as to be beyond the mastery of a single scholar, and he retired from the chair of Sanskrit in 1854 in favor of his already distinguished pupil, William D. Whitney, for whose salary Prof. Salisbury himself made permanent provision. He retained the Professorship of Arabic until 1856. In 1869 he was urged, without success, to accept a similar chair at Harvard University.

After his retirement Professor Salisbury visited Europe for a third time, and a year later returned to the pursuit of his literary and historical studies at home.

For eleven years he was the Corresponding Secretary of the American Oriental Society, and for ten years its President, and almost from the beginning its invaluable supporter. It was conceded that for some ten years he was virtually the society, so unreservedly did he give to it his time, labor, and means. Among his many papers read before the Society, that on 'the "History of Buddhism" (1844), on the "Science of Moslem Tradition" (1859), and his "Notice of the Book of Sulaimân's '*First Ripe Fruit*' " (1864), were regarded as of special scientific value. In accordance with his suggestion a classical section, for the promotion of classical learning in its various bearings on oriental subjects, was formed within the Oriental Society, and from this

the Philological Association was an offshoot some twenty years later.

Professor Salisbury's scholarly attainments were recognized by his election as a member of the Asiatic Society of Paris in 1838, when he was but 24 years of age, a member of the Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences in 1839, a fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences in Boston in 1848, and a corresponding member of the Imperial Academy of Sciences and Belles Lettres at Constantinople in 1855, of the German Oriental Society in 1859, and of the American Antiquarian Society in 1861. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Yale in 1869, and from Harvard in 1886.

Besides his contributions on oriental subjects, Professor Salisbury treated topics of more general interest in a "Sketch of the Life and Works of Michael Angelo Buonarroti" in 1858, and in a lecture before the Yale Art School in 1877 on the "Principles of Domestic Taste," both of which were published in the *New Englander*. For the work, "Yale College" (1879), he wrote a biographical and historical paper on the Trumbull Gallery.

In his later years he took a keen interest in genealogical studies, and printed in 1886 "Family Memorials", and in 1892 "Family Histories and Genealogies" relating to the ancestry of his wife's family, in several large volumes remarkable for fulness, accuracy, and typographical excellence.

In 1870 Professor Salisbury gave his very valuable collection of oriental books and manuscripts to the Yale Library, with a fund for additions. His aid made possible the completion of the "Old Library" building, and his gifts for special needs of the University Library were generous and frequent. His interest in art, and his friendly sentiment towards the Art School were shown in a similar manner. Toward the erection of East and West Divinity Halls he gave considerable sums. But among his most timely gifts were those which secured to the University the life-long services of Professors James D. Dana and William D. Whitney. In accordance with the provisions of his will it is expected that the University will ultimately receive large additional amounts.

Professor Salisbury was a deacon in the Center Church from 1849 to 1862, and a member from 1840 to 1872, when he transferred this relation to the Church in Yale College. He was a member of the Art Council of the School of Fine Arts from its

formation in 1865, and until a year before his decease a member of the Standing Committee of the University Library. He was also the Secretary of his class for many years.

In the spring of 1836 he married his cousin, Abigail Salisbury Phillips, daughter of Edward Phillips, Esq., of Boston. She died in 1869, and their only daughter in 1875. On November 23, 1871, he married Evelyn McCurdy, daughter of Judge Charles J. McCurdy (Yale 1817), of the Connecticut Supreme Court.

Professor Salisbury died at his home from heart failure following an illness of about a week from pneumonia, on February 5, 1901, having nearly completed his 87th year.

ALFRED STILLÉ, son of John Stillé, a prosperous East India merchant and Maria (Wagner) Stillé, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on October 30, 1813. At the age of fifteen he entered Yale, but his course was cut short in 1830, and he graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1832. In 1850 he received the degree of M.A. from Yale, and was then enrolled with his class.

The year following his graduation at Philadelphia he began the study of medicine, and received his degree of M.D. from the University of Pennsylvania in 1836. He was at once appointed resident physician in the Philadelphia Hospital, but soon went abroad and pursued further studies for two years, mostly in Paris. He began to lecture on pathology and the practice of medicine before the Philadelphia Association for Medical Improvement in 1844, and continued these lectures until 1850, in the meantime becoming a resident physician in the Pennsylvania Hospital. In 1851 he again went abroad for professional study, chiefly in Vienna.

In 1854 he was appointed Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in Pennsylvania Medical College, and ten years later was elected to a similar chair in the University of Pennsylvania, where his brother Charles (Yale 1839) was Professor and afterward Provost. His instruction was held in high regard and attracted large classes. In 1884 he was made Professor *Emeritus*, and held this position during the remainder of his life. He was one of the visiting physicians of St. Joseph's Hospital from its organization in 1840 until 1877, and during the Civil War at the United States Satterlee Hospital. From 1865 to 1871 he was one of the physicians and clinical lecturers at the Philadelphia Hospital.



He was one of the founders of the American Medical Association, of which he was President in 1871. From 1859 to 1863 he was President of the Philadelphia Pathological Society, in 1862 of the Philadelphia County Medical Association, and in 1883 of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia. He was a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, a corresponding fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, an honorary member of the New York Neurological Society, and of the medical societies of Rhode Island, New York, and California. He received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Pennsylvania College in 1876 and from the University of Pennsylvania in 1889.

His contributions to medical literature were numerous and won him high repute in this country and abroad. Besides essays, reviews and translations he issued a number of elaborate treatises. His "Elements of General Pathology" (1848), "Therapeutics and Materia Medica," first published in 1860, and his "National Dispensatory," edited conjointly with Professor Maisch, and first issued in 1879, are standard works of great value.

Professor Stillé married in 1841, Caroline Barnett, and had two sons who were physicians, and a daughter who married Robert S. Ives, M.D. (Yale 1864). After the death of his first wife he married, in June, 1899, Miss Katherine A. Blackstone, of Kent County, Md.

He died after a brief illness at his home in Philadelphia, on September 24, 1900, in his 87th year.

### 1833

FREDERICK ELLSWORTH MATHER, son of Ellsworth and Laura (Wolcott) Mather, was born on May 23, 1809, in Windsor, Conn. He was a lineal descendant of the nonconformist, Rev. Richard Mather, who came from England to Boston, Mass., in 1635, and on his father's side he was the grandson of the sister of Chief Justice Oliver Ellsworth. His father died when he was five years of age, and he was reared as a farmer's boy by his grandfather, Colonel Oliver Mather. At the age of eleven years he rescued a man and boy from drowning in a freshet. After the death of his grandfather in 1829, he spent a few months in the office of Judge Miller, of Ellington, Conn., but desiring a college training he soon commenced a preparatory course, and was admitted to Yale in the second term of Sophomore year.

After graduation he resumed the study of law in the office of Judge Parsons and of Governor Ellsworth of Hartford, and then entered the Yale Law School. Toward the close of 1835 he became law clerk in a New York office, and after his admission as Counselor at Law in 1838 he immediately began practice by himself. After thirty-five years of successful practice he partially withdrew from business in 1872.

In 1845 he was a Democratic member of the New York State Assembly, from 1854 to 1857 a member of the Common Council of New York City, and for a number of years inspector and later trustee of the public schools.

In 1837 he entered the 264th Regiment, 64th Brigade, New York State Infantry, of which he was commissioned successively First Lieutenant, Captain, Lieutenant Colonel, and in 1842 General.

For many years he devoted much attention to the conduct of public charities, and was an officer of the Prison Association, the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, the Sanitary Association, the Rose Beneficent Association, and others. But he was most deeply interested in medical charities. From 1851 to the close of 1889 he was President of the Demilt Dispensary, of which he was the originator. The results of a tour of inspection of hospitals and dispensaries abroad were embodied in the 25th Annual Report of this institution. He was one of the incorporators of the Roosevelt Hospital, and served many years as a trustee. He aided in starting the Northeastern and Northwestern Dispensaries.

He was a member of the American Geographical Society, of the Wisconsin Historical Society, and an officer of several important business enterprises.

He was one of the originators of the New York Yale Alumni Association, and assisted in the organization of the Yale Law School Alumni Association, and of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York.

In 1882 he retired from his law practice entirely, and made a long visit abroad.

General Mather died of paralysis at his home in New York City on November 9, 1900, in his 92nd year. He had been unable to leave his house for six years, but had retained full possession of his faculties and a keen interest in current events until the last week.

He married, in Hartford, Conn., on May 3, 1837, Ellen Pomeroy Goodrich, who died in 1871, by whom he had two sons and six daughters. He afterward married Charlotte Foster of Cumberland County, England, who died in 1884. His daughters by the first marriage are all living. A brother graduated at Yale in 1837.

## 1834

JEREMIAH ROOT BARNES, son of Eli Barnes, a ship carpenter, and Roxana (Newell) Barnes, was born on March 9, 1809, in Southington, Conn., but entered college from New Haven. He united with the Center Church in 1827.

After graduation he studied two years in Yale Theological Seminary. He was licensed by the New Haven West Association in 1836, and in October of that year he began preaching at Evansville, Ind. In October, 1838, he was ordained as an evangelist, at Salem, Ind., and on November 24, was settled over the First Presbyterian Church in Evansville. After a ministry of nine years he left there, and spent the next year at Marietta, O., as financial agent for Marietta College. He preached eighteen months at Piqua, O., and in 1850 established a Young Ladies' Seminary in the suburbs of Cincinnati which he conducted for a few years, and at the same time published *The Western Magazine*. In 1855-56 he supplied the church at Georgetown, O., then removed to Minnesota and supplied the First Presbyterian Church in St. Paul six months. He organized Congregational churches at Cannon Falls and Northfield, and was one of the founders of Carleton College in the latter place. In 1861 he went to New York City, and worked in the Freedmen's Bureau until the close of the Civil War.

He published a few sermons, and occasionally contributed verses as well as prose to local papers, and assisted his brother-in-law, Jessie Olney, in the preparation of Olney's "Geography". He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale University in 1892.

He married, August 7, 1836, Miss Catharine M. Platt, of Prospect, Conn., who died in 1838. He afterward married, on September 26, 1839, Miss Caroline M. Webster, of Newburyport, Mass., who was then teaching in Marietta. In 1890 he married for his third wife, Mrs. Eliza T. Drew, of Evansville, Ind.



Mr. Barnes died of old age, at Marietta, on January 1, 1901, in his 92d year. He was the last survivor of his class. Four of his six children are living, of whom one is the wife of Professor George R. Gear, of Marietta College.

## 1835

SAMUEL HENRY GALPIN, son of Samuel and Caroline (Woodhouse) Galpin, was born in Wethersfield, Conn., on October 18, 1812.

For some years following graduation he taught in Glastonbury, Conn., and in Natchez, Miss. In pursuance of the plan of his life early formed, he then studied for the ministry, and graduated at the Theological Institute of Connecticut (then in East Windsor, now in Hartford), in 1844. It required, however, only two years of preaching to satisfy him that his health was unequal to this line of work; and he resumed teaching, living in Lexington, Ky., and Indianapolis, Ind., until 1853. Being then compelled by his health to seek still more active work, he entered the railroad service at Bristol, Conn. Thence he went in 1864 to the Treasury Department in Washington, where he remained until 1885. Thereafter he lived in quiet and in comfort in Washington until 1898, when he took up his residence with his son in New Haven.

He died at Savin Rock, near New Haven, Conn., on September 12, 1900, in his 88th year.

In his memory, his son has founded the Samuel H. Galpin Latin Prize, to be annually awarded to that member of the Freshman class who has shown the highest proficiency in Latin at his entrance examination.

In November, 1844, he married Miss Marianne Perrin, of East Windsor Hill, who died in 1891. Of the two sons, the younger died in infancy; the elder, Samuel A. Galpin (M.A. Yale 1880) is now in business in New Haven. He left also, an adopted daughter.

## 1836

AUSTIN ISHAM, son of Ashur and Tryphena (Easton) Isham, was born in Hartford, Conn., on October 25, 1813.

After graduation he studied theology one year with Rev. Nathan Perkins (Yale 1795), and then entered the Yale Seminary, completing his course in 1839. He was licensed to preach by the Litchfield South Association in 1838, and was installed Pastor of

the Congregational Church in Roxbury, Conn., June 5, 1839. This was his only settlement, and he continued with this church for twenty-four years. From 1878 to 1889, he was Acting Pastor of the Congregational Church at New Preston Hill, in the town of Washington, Conn., after which he resided in Roxbury without charge, revered and beloved by all his people.

He married in New Haven, on October 8, 1839, Sophia B., daughter of Asahel Strong, a teacher in Woodbury, Conn., and Elizabeth (Mallory) Strong.

Mr. Isham died of heart failure at his home in Roxbury on January 19, 1901, at the age of 87 years. His widow, one of their two sons, and three daughters survive.

GILES MEIGS PORTER, son of Rev. Dr. Noah Porter (Yale 1803) and Mehitabel (Meigs) Porter, and younger brother of the late President Noah Porter, was born on April 2, 1815, at Farmington, Conn.

After graduation he taught one winter in Farmington Academy, and a year each in Putnam, O., in Delaware, O., and in the Family School for Boys of Simeon Hart (Yale 1823), meantime having begun the study of theology. Later he spent a year in Yale Seminary, and was ordained Pastor of the Congregational Church in Green's Farms, Conn., December 25, 1844. In the spring of 1850 he was dismissed, and for a few months assisted in editing the *New York Observer*. After supplying for a time the Congregational Church in Unionville, Conn., he was settled as pastor in October, 1852. Owing to ill health he resigned in 1856, and traveled in the West. He preached during the winter in Newaygo, Mich., and the following spring bought a farm in Garnavillo, Clayton Co., Ia., where he resided for thirty years, preaching much of the time in Garnavillo, and vicinity. In 1888 he removed to Minneapolis, Minn.

He married, on January 10, 1845, Miss Sarah M., daughter of Aaron Jennings, of New York City, and had three daughters and two sons.

Mr. Porter died at his home in Minneapolis, on February 1, 1901, in his 86th year. His widow and five children survive.

1837

OWEN BRAINERD ARNOLD, son of Jared Arnold, a sea captain, and Susannah (Brainerd) Arnold, was born in Haddam, Conn., on July 11, 1818.

After graduation he taught in Oglethorpe University, Ga., until 1840, then at La Grange High School in the same State until 1844. After an interval, spent in part in New Haven in further study, he was in New York until 1850. In 1855 he was chosen Cashier of the Bank of New England at East Haddam, and the following year to the same position in the Meriden (Conn.) National Bank. In 1891 he was elected President. He was a member of the first Board of Councilmen of Meriden in 1867, and represented the city in the Legislature in 1861 and 1874. He was a director in several business corporations, trustee of the State Reform School for a dozen years, and vestryman and for many years treasurer of St. Andrew's Church.

Mr. Arnold died on August 30, 1900, after an illness of a few days resulting from nervous shock received from a fall while alighting from a trolley car. His age was 82 years. He was unmarried.

MOSES MEARS BAGG, son of Moses Bagg, proprietor of Bagg's Hotel, and Sophia (Derbyshire) Bagg, was born on July 13, 1816, at Utica, N. Y. He was a student at Hamilton College for about two years, and then joined the class at Yale in Junior year.

After graduation he taught one year in Mount Hope College, Baltimore, Md., and then studied medicine in Utica and Philadelphia, and at Geneva Medical College, from which he received the degree of M.D. in 1840. After a year's practice in Utica he spent about fifteen months abroad, chiefly pursuing medical studies in Paris. Soon after his return he was appointed the first City Physician. From 1851 to 1854 he was a member of the Board of Health, and during part of his time health officer. In 1864 he spent a month among the wounded soldiers in Washington, D. C. From 1865 to 1870 he was physician at the City Hospital, and prior to that conducted a private hospital. For nearly fifty years he was one of the visiting physicians at the Utica Orphan Asylum, of which his mother was one of the founders, and one of the first trustees of Faxon Hospital. From 1883 to 1885 he was one of the Board of Examiners for Pension Claims. He was at one time President of the Oneida County Medical



Society. He was also one of the original trustees of the Utica Cemetery Association.

In educational matters he was deeply interested. He was for six years trustee of the Utica Free Academy, and at one time instructor there in French for two years. He was one of the organizers of the Utica Female Academy, president of its board of trustees, and for several years an instructor. He was also one of the earliest members of the Mechanics' Association, and for two years chairman of the lecture committee. He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Hamilton College in 1856.

Besides other historical addresses, in 1871 he delivered a lecture on the "Men of Old Fort Schuyler," which after further research he expanded into a volume giving a sketch of the village up to 1825, entitled "The Pioneers of Utica," and issued in 1877. In that year, principally through his influence, the Oneida County Historical Society was formed, of which Dr. Bagg was for many years Secretary, and from 1889 Librarian. For his untiring labors and great services to the Society he was held in the highest esteem.

In 1892 he edited the "Memorial History of Utica," a large part of which he wrote, covering the history of the village and city from 1825 to 1892.

He died after an illness of a few months at his home in Utica, May 2, 1900, in his 84th year.

In early life Dr. Bagg was a member of the First Presbyterian Church, but in 1845 transferred his membership to the Dutch Reformed Church, which he served as deacon and elder, and represented in the General Synod.

He married, on November 23, 1847, Maria R., eldest daughter of Samuel Farwell of Utica. Their golden wedding was celebrated in 1897. Mrs. Bagg, two sons, and four daughters are still living. One daughter graduated at Vassar College in 1869.

WILLIAM MAXWELL EVARTS, son of Jeremiah Evarts (Yale 1802) and Mehetabel Barnes Evarts, was born in Boston, Mass., on February 6, 1818. His mother was the daughter of Roger Sherman, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Through his mother also he was a cousin of his classmate, John Hooker. He was named from his father's classmate, Hon. William Maxwell.

He was a member of the Linonian Society, and on the occasion of its centennial anniversary in July, 1853, he delivered an address on "Public Life." During his Senior year he was a member of the first board of editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

After graduation he taught school in Windsor, Vt., and began to read law, the next year continued his studies at Harvard Law School, and in 1839 entered the office of Daniel Lord, LL.D. (Yale 1814), in New York City. In 1814 he was admitted to the New York bar, and soon formed a partnership with J. Prescott Hall (Yale 1817). In 1856 he entered the firm of Butler, Evarts & Southmayd, which in 1859 became Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, and in 1884 Evarts, Choate & Beaman, in which he remained to the close of his life.

In 1849 he was appointed Deputy U. S. District Attorney of the Southern District of New York under Mr. Hall, and while holding this office he prosecuted the case of the Cuban filibusters in the *Cleopatra* expedition. After his return to private practice in 1853 he was counsel for the slaves in the Lemmon slave case. In 1860 he was a delegate to the Chicago National Convention which nominated Abraham Lincoln for President of the United States, and although he had at first warmly favored William H. Seward he moved to make the nomination of Lincoln unanimous. In 1861 he was a candidate for U. S. Senator, with Horace Greeley as his chief competitor, but both withdrew from the contest. Later, in 1885, Mr. Evarts was elected to the U. S. Senate, and served for six years. During the Civil War he was employed by the U. S. government in many important legal cases, among them in the prosecution of Jefferson Davis. He also visited England and France in a semi-official capacity, and prevented intended assistance to the Confederacy. In the impeachment trial of President Johnson in 1868 he was leading counsel for the defendant. His argument occupied the attention of the Senate for three days, and showed the result of exhaustive research and great powers of logic and oratory. From July, 1868, until the close of the administration Mr. Evarts was Attorney-General in President Johnson's cabinet. In 1871 he was appointed counsel for the United States before the Tribunal of Arbitration at Geneva, Switzerland, and rendered important public service by his powerful plea in support of the Alabama Claims. He was the chief counsel of Henry Ward Beecher in the noted trial of 1874-75,

and his summing up of the defense lasted eight days. In 1877 he was the leading counsel of the Republican party before the U. S. Electoral Commission, whose decision placed Mr. Hayes in the presidential chair. He was Secretary of State during the whole of President Hayes's administration, and conferred a public benefit by raising the standard of consular service. In 1881 he was a delegate to the International Monetary Conference at Paris.

Mr. Evarts delivered many notable orations on important public occasions, but only a few have been printed in permanent form. In 1873, at Dartmouth College, he pronounced an admirable eulogy on Chief Justice Chase, and in 1876 at Philadelphia the centennial oration, on "What the Age owes to America." He made the presentation address at the unveiling of the statue of Daniel Webster in Central Park, New York, and of the Bartholdi Statue of Liberty in New York harbor, and was the speaker at the dedication of statues of William H. Seward in Madison Square, New York, and in Auburn, N. Y. For many years he regularly spoke at the banquets of the New England Society and the Chamber of Commerce, and was a welcome speaker on the political platform. His last public address was in the Brooklyn Academy of Music during the presidential campaign in 1892.

He was one of the founders of the Bar Association of the City of New York and its first President; for many years President of the Union League club, and also of the New England Society; a trustee of the Peabody Education Fund; and a member of many other social and commercial bodies.

He was a Fellow of the Corporation of Yale University from 1872 to 1891. He received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Union College in 1857, from Yale in 1865, and from Harvard in 1870.

He died of pneumonia at his home in New York City, on February 28, 1901, at the age of 83 years. For several years his health had been declining, and he had almost entirely lost his eyesight. During his college course he united with the College Church on profession, and in New York was connected with Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Evarts married, on August 30, 1843, Helen Minerva, daughter of Allen Wardner of Windsor, Vt. Their golden wedding was celebrated at their summer home in Windsor, Vt., in 1893. Mrs. Evarts is still living, and of their seven sons and five



daughters, four sons and five daughters survive. Three sons, Allen W., Sherman and Maxwell, graduated at Yale in 1869, 1881 and 1884, respectively.

JOHN HOOKER, son of Edward Hooker (Yale 1805) and Eliza (Daggett) Hooker, was born on April 19, 1816, at Farmington, Conn. He was a lineal descendant in the sixth generation of Rev. Thomas Hooker, founder of Hartford Colony. He was named after his uncle, John Hooker (Yale 1796), and through his mother was a cousin of his classmate, Hon. William M. Evarts.

During his boyhood he planted many of the trees which have since added much to the beauty of the streets of his native village.

He entered college with the class of 1836, but joined the class of 1837, during its Freshman year. Before the close of the Sophomore year he became a victim of typhoid fever, and did not complete his course, but received the degree of M.A. in 1842, when he was enrolled with his class.

In consequence of serious injury to his eyes by a too early return to study, he decided to follow an outdoor life, and made two sea voyages, one to the Mediterranean and one to China, both before the mast. After two years of life on the sea he took up the study of law in Hartford and in the Yale Law School. He was admitted to the Hartford County Bar in 1841, and practiced his profession in Farmington for ten years. During his residence there escaped slaves were frequently sheltered in the town, the *Amistad* captives were brought there for education, and other events led him to a thorough study which convinced him of the justice of the Anti-Slavery cause.

In 1850 he was elected by the abolition voters of the town to the House of Representatives in the State Legislature. In 1851 he removed to Hartford, which was his home thereafter, and formed a partnership with Hon. Joseph R. Hawley (LL.D. Yale 1836).

In January, 1858, he was appointed Reporter of the Supreme Court of the State, and held the office until his retirement in January, 1894. The thirty-eight volumes of "Reports" which he edited are models of thoroughness and accuracy. A friend of many years has said of his service: "I am glad that I came upon the Supreme Court in season to see Mr. Hooker in actual relation to his work there in the consultation room. It was probably more

important than if he had been, what he might have been, one of the judges, and did more to keep the court in an even and consistent course during the long period of his connection with it." He twice declined to have his name considered for nomination to a judgeship in the Superior Court. Previous to 1872 he was also Register in Bankruptcy, but resigned the office in order to go abroad.

In 1899 he published a volume entitled "Some Reminiscences of a Long Life." He frequently wrote verses of a humorous character.

For many years he was a member of the Park Congregational Church, and during most of that time one of its deacons, but in later years was connected with the Unitarian Church. During the last twenty years and more of his life he was a firm believer in spiritualism.

Mr. Hooker died at his home from an attack of grip and the infirmities of age, on February 12, 1901, in his 85th year.

He married on August 5, 1841, Isabella H., youngest daughter of Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher (Yale 1797), and sister of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher and Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe. With the movement for woman suffrage, of which Mrs. Hooker is an earnest advocate, Mr. Hooker was in hearty sympathy. Their golden wedding anniversary in 1891 was a noteworthy social gathering and an occasion of public interest. Mrs. Hooker survives her husband with two of their four children : a son, Edward B. Hooker (M.D. Boston Univ. 1877), and a daughter who is the widow of John C. Day (Yale 1857).

ROBERT HAMILTON PADDOCK, son of John and Lucy (Vaughan) Paddock, was born on February 18, 1814, in Woodstock, Vt., but entered college from Warsaw, N. Y., at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation he taught in Hopkins Grammar School in 1838, and in New York City in 1839-40. In 1842 he began the study of medicine in New Haven, but obtained the degree of M.D. from Castleton (Vt.) Medical College in 1843 and Berkshire Medical Institute at Pittsfield, Mass., in 1844. From 1843 to 1847 he was Professor of Anatomy and Physiology, and Dean of the Faculty at Willoughby Medical College, Ohio. In August, 1849, he visited California, returning to Connecticut in September, 1850. From 1851 to 1853 he was Professor of Anatomy and

Chemistry in Starling Medical College, Columbus, O., and in 1854-55 Professor of Anatomy and Physiology at Berkshire Medical Institute. He was at Rockford, Ill., in 1855-56, but sold his farm at a great sacrifice during the financial crisis of 1857, and removed to Chicago, where he practiced medicine and gave a course of popular lectures. He was in St. Louis, Mo., 1859-60; Decatur, Ill., 1861-62; in the U. S. Army at Springfield, Ill., and St. Louis, 1862-63; at the City Hospital in St. Louis, 1864-65; again at Decatur, 1867-70; at Taylorsville, Ill., 1870-73; and afterward in Detroit, Mich. For many years before his death he was not actively engaged in any work.

Dr. Paddock died at Detroit, Mich., on March 19, 1900, at the age of 86 years.

He married, on February 14, 1838, Miss Cornelia A. Brooks, of Cheshire, Conn. He married again in 1861, Marion J. Kent, of Merod, Ill., and had a daughter who died in her infancy. By his first wife he had three daughters, and a son, the latter a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School in 1876. One of the daughters is the wife of M. W. Robinson, a graduate of Yale in 1857.

WILLIAM RANDOLPH RANDALL, son of William and Betsey (Bassett) Randall, was born on August 14, 1816, in Cortland, N. Y., whither his father and uncle had removed in 1812 from Stonington, Conn., and where they became the leading merchants and land owners of the region. After completing his Freshman year at Hobart College, he joined the Sophomore class at Yale.

Graduating on his twenty-first birthday, he at once began to supervise a part of his father's farming, mercantile, and milling interests. He subsequently studied banking, and in 1850 opened a private bank, known as the Randall Bank, which he conducted with success until 1870, when he retired from active business. He was one of the incorporators of the Cortland Savings Bank and President from its establishment in 1866 until 1874. His later years were devoted exclusively to the care of the family estates. He was by nature conservative and retiring, but to his friends he showed a keen mind with the power of felicitous expression, and a rare appreciation of the beautiful.

His physical vigor remained unabated almost to the close of his life. He died at his home, on February 3, 1901, in his 85th year. Two sisters survive him. He was never married.



WILLIAM SMITH SCARBOROUGH, son of Joel Scarborough and Lucretia (Smith) Scarborough, was born on August 2, 1814, in Brooklyn, Conn.

While in college, with his classmate, William M. Evarts, he was one of the first board of editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

The year following graduation he entered the Law School of Transylvania University, at Lexington, Ky. In 1840 he was in western Missouri and in Havana, Cuba, and the next year began the practice of his profession in Thompson, Conn. He was State Senator from his district in 1846. In 1847 he removed to Cincinnati, Ohio, where he continued in practice for thirty years, and was Treasurer of the Law Library Association twenty years, and a member of the School Board for twenty-two years. He was a deacon of the First Congregational Church, and a friend and neighbor of Dr. Lyman Beecher. He was offered a mission to the Sandwich Islands by President Hayes. About 1878 he returned to Thompson, and resided there until the death of his wife in 1894, after which he made his home in New York City. He wrote many magazine articles and a number of poems which have not been published.

He married, on September 10, 1845, Eliza Mitchell Coe, of Worcester, Mass., daughter of John and Hannah (Hodgkins) Coe, and had six sons and one daughter, of whom five sons survive. The second son, named after his classmate Evarts, died in early childhood.

Mr. Scarborough died of pneumonia in New York City, on November 27, 1900, at the age of 86 years.

### 1838

JAMES TUFTS, son of Rev. James and Submit (Hayden) Tufts, was born on November 2, 1812, at Wardsboro, Vt. He began to teach at the age of 17, pursued the Freshman studies by himself, and entered college at the close of the first term of Sophomore year.

After graduation he took charge of the academy at Fairfield, Conn., for two years, and then entered Andover Theological Seminary, but left in 1841 owing to chronic bronchial trouble. He was ordained in September, 1844, and preached more or less for two years until compelled by ill health to give it up. From that time his life was devoted to teaching. He taught in the seminary at Castleton, Vt., from 1845 to 1847; was Superintend-

ent of Schools of Windham County, Vt., from 1848 to 1850; and taught in Northampton, Mass., the next year. In 1852 he removed to Monson, Mass., where he was principal of the academy until 1859, and then conducted a family school for boys until 1892. His 80th birthday, which occurred in that year, was celebrated by a reception at Monson Academy. His deep personal interest in his pupils inspired many to high standards of achievement. He was a member of the school committee of Monson sixteen years.

Among his frequent contributions to newspapers, his letters on educational topics were of especial interest.

He died of old age and catarrhal jaundice at his home in Monson, on April 29, 1901, at the age of 88 years.

He married, on March 21, 1855, Mary E. Warren, of Wardsboro, Vt., daughter of Dr. John P. and Lucy (Wheelock) Warren. She is still living, with one son, a graduate of Yale Theological Seminary in 1889.

### 1839

EUGENE EDWARDS, son of Jonathan Walter Edwards (Yale 1789) and Elizabeth (Tryon) Edwards, and grandson of the younger President Edwards, was born on August 14, 1819, at Hartford, Conn., but entered college from Stonington, Conn.

On graduation he studied law, but then settled as a farmer near Stonington. On July 11, 1849, he married Ellen, daughter of Charles H. Phelps of Stonington. Mr. Edwards lived a quiet life for many years in the attractive home which was built by Mrs. Edwards' grandfather, Dr. Charles Phelps.

He had been in frail health for three years, and died at his home after eight weeks of suffering from heart disease, on October 1, 1899, at the age of 80 years. One son survives, an only daughter having died in 1896, and Mrs. Edwards in 1897. He was the last survivor of six brothers who graduated at Yale College, two being in the class of 1828, and the others in 1819, 1820, and 1832.

ELIZUR WOLCOTT, son of Elihu and Rachel (McClure) Wolcott, was born on August 7, 1817, in South Windsor, Conn., but when he was fourteen years of age his father removed to Illinois and became one of the pioneers of Jacksonville.

After graduation he spent the first winter among his books at Jacksonville, and the following summer in rambling in the In-

dian country about the headwaters of the Mississippi, a part of the time with his classmate Lewis Hall. The next winter he attended lectures at the Harvard Medical School, but did not complete his course. He then made a voyage South and to England as an ordinary seaman. On his return in the autumn of 1841 he bought a large farm near Jacksonville, which he was obliged by illness to leave in 1848, and moved into the town. On his recovery he was for ten years employed in several capacities on the Great Western (Wabash) Railroad, during its construction through Illinois, at one time being Assistant Superintendent. The unremitting activity and mental strain of these years broke down his health. After a gradual recovery, in 1862, he established a flouring mill.

Circumstances enabled him to devote much of his energy to gratuitous public service. That in which he took most satisfaction was as the constructor and superintendent of the Jacksonville Water Works. He was also a member of the Board of Education and Trustee of the Public Library for many years.

He married, on July 15, 1846, Martha Lyman Dwight, formerly of Amherst, Mass., daughter of Daniel Dwight. They had two sons who died young, and two daughters, one of whom married Prof. Edward B. Clapp (Ph.D. Yale 1886) of the University of California. Upon the death of Mrs. Wolcott, about a year ago, Mr. Wolcott went to reside with his daughter at Berkeley, Cal., where his death occurred on March 13, 1901, hastened by a fall two weeks before. He was in his 84th year.

#### 1841

HORACE ANDREWS, third son, and fifth of the ten children of Professor Ethan Allen Andrews, LL.D. (Yale 1810), was born on April 27, 1819, in New Britain, Conn. His father was known as the author of Andrews' Latin Lexicon and one of the authors of Andrews and Stoddard's Latin Grammar, and other standard works. His mother was Lucy, daughter of Colonel Isaac Cowles of Farmington, Conn. He entered college from the Boston Latin School, and was Major Bully of the class until the middle of Junior year.

After graduation he pursued graduate studies in New Haven for two years, and during the two years following was in the Yale Law School. He practised law in New Haven from 1845 to 1850, and afterward in New York City, residing in Tarrytown



for many years after 1870. For ten years or more from about 1882, he spent most of his time in London, England, engaged in financial operations. Subsequently he resumed his law practice in New York, and was daily at his office. Throughout his life he enjoyed good health, and his death occurred after an illness of only four days, from pneumonia, at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., on February 13, 1901. He was in his 82d year.

He published an edition of Vergil's *Eclogues* and *Georgics* in 1863.

Mr. Andrews married, on June 1, 1847, Julia Russell, daughter of William Johnson, Esq., of New Haven. She died in 1866, and he afterward married a daughter of Harmon Hoover, Esq., of New York City, Miss Anna Hoover, who survives him. The three sons by his first wife are living, the eldest of whom graduated at Columbia Law School in 1869, and the two younger at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1871 and 1881. Of the seven children by his second wife three have died, leaving three sons and one daughter.

FLAVEL ATHINGTON DICKINSON, son of Abner Dickinson, a farmer, and Martha (Wells) Dickinson, was born on January 8, 1820, in Preston, Chenango County, N. Y. His grandfather was Nathaniel Dickinson of Whately, Mass. He entered the class of 1840 as a Sophomore, but joined the class of 1841 during the second term of its Freshman year.

After graduation he taught in Delaware Academy, Delaware, O., then became connected with the preparatory department of the Ohio Wesleyan University at its opening, as teacher of Latin and Greek; and later was Principal of Fayette Academy, Fayetteville, Tenn., until the Civil War began, during which the property which he had accumulated was utterly lost. After the war he resumed his old position for two years, and was next for three years Principal of Bethany High School. Owing to the failure of his health, he rested a year or two, then for about three years was associated with Col. C. G. Rogers, as teacher of Latin and Greek in a school at Pulaski, Tenn., called Giles College. He afterwards taught a private academy in Nashville, Tenn., and then in a public school in Florida. During the last ten years of his life Mr. Dickinson's health prevented his actively engaging in any business, but about 1897 he removed to Silver City, N. M., the residence of a son, where his health decidedly improved. He died

there after an illness of three days, on January 22, 1901, at the age of 81 years. He was for many years a member of the Presbyterian Church, and an elder after his removal to Silver City.

He married in 1848, Amanda J. Smith, of Fayetteville, Tenn., daughter of Alfred Smith, who was for thirty-five years Clerk of the Circuit Court of Lincoln County in that State. Of their seven children, three sons and three daughters survive.

JOSEPH EMERSON, son of Professor Ralph Emerson, D.D. (Yale 1811) and Eliza (Rockwell) Emerson, was born on May 28, 1821, at Norfolk, Conn., where his father was at the time pastor of the Congregational Church. In 1829 his father became Professor of Ecclesiastical History in Andover Theological Seminary, in Andover, Mass., and he was prepared for college at Phillips Academy in that place. During his Senior year in college he was one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

After graduation he was Principal of the Union Academy in New London a year, spent two years in Andover Theological Seminary, and was then Tutor in Yale College from September, 1844 to April, 1848. He was licensed to preach while Tutor, and was ordained a Congregational minister on February 22, 1860.

Receiving the appointment of Professor of Ancient Languages in Beloit College, Wisc., he entered upon his duties in May, 1848, after an eventful journey thither, which ended with a two days' ride in an open buggy across the prairie from Milwaukee. Five students formed the first Freshman class, and the material equipment consisted of an incomplete brick building. Professor Emerson's department was divided in 1855, and his chair was thereafter that of Greek. He was also Librarian for many years. By his students he was known as Zeus, so powerful was his influence upon their characters as well as upon their scholarship. On the fortieth anniversary of his connection with Beloit College, in May, 1888, Professor Emerson was remembered with many letters and other testimonials from Beloit graduates and other friends. One gift bore an inscription from Xenophon's *Memorabilia* of Socrates, "Having caused many to set their hearts upon attaining a noble manliness of life."

By quietly interesting friends in the college he secured altogether an addition of \$150,000 to its funds, and to him and his classmate, Professor Bushnell, who assumed his duties at

Beloit only a few weeks earlier, much of the high repute and usefulness of the college is undoubtedly due.

In June, 1870, Professor Emerson went abroad, and spent over a year in travel and study in Europe, Palestine and Egypt. In November, 1888, on account of his health, he made another trip to Europe, remaining abroad a year and a half. After his return he did not resume his active duties, but resided part of the time in Beloit, and part of the time in Evanston, Ill. He was greatly interested in the development of the Art Department of Beloit College, which was started in 1892 by the gift of Mrs. Emerson's collections.

He was the author of many addresses, sermons, lectures and magazine articles, several of which have been printed in pamphlet form. He issued in 1897, a volume of "Lectures and Sermons." He also revised and published the "History of Philosophy," left by his deceased brother-in-law, Prof. Joseph Haven, D.D. He was a member of the Connecticut and Wisconsin Academies of Arts and Sciences, and of the American Philological Association. He received the degree of D.D. from Yale in 1880, and of LL.D. from Beloit in 1897.

He married at New Britain, Conn., on September 1, 1852, Mary Cordelia, daughter of Alvin North, Esq., and sister of the wife of his classmate, Samuel Brace, and of Hubert F. North (Yale 1843). She died in 1879, after many years of ill health.

On July 9, 1884, he married Helen Frances, daughter of Harvey and Hannah Thirstin (Thompson) Brace, of Evanston, Ill., and formerly a teacher in Wellesley College.

Professor Emerson died of general debility at his home in Beloit, on August 4, 1900, at the age of 79 years. His widow, and a son and daughter by his first wife survive. The son is a trustee of Beloit College and the daughter graduated at Wellesley College in 1891.

DANIEL ADDISON HEALD, son of Deacon Amos and Lydia (Edwards) Heald, was born on May 4, 1818, at Chester, Vt. He remained on the home farm till he was sixteen years of age, and was then fitted for college at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H. During his Senior year in college he began to read law under Judge Daggett, and continued it after graduation for two years in the office of Judge Washburn, of Ludlow, Vt. He was admitted to the bar of Vermont in May, 1843, and commenced practice at Ludlow.



He was Cashier of the Bank of Black River, at Proctorsville, Vt., from 1846 to 1854. In 1850 he was a member of the Vermont House of Representatives; in 1854, of the Vermont Senate. Soon after he commenced the practice of law he assumed the local agency of the *Ætna* and other Hartford Insurance Companies, and acquired a reputation as an underwriter. In 1856 the Home Insurance Company of New York invited him to become their general agent in that city. After twelve years of service in that capacity he was elected Second Vice President in 1868; in 1883, Vice President; and in 1888, President. He was prominent in the New York Board of Underwriters for many years and twice its President. For the decade beginning in 1880 he was President of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, the organization of which was largely due to his efforts. Several of his addresses before this association were regarded as masterly statements of the history and condition of fire insurance. He also wrote much for the press on this subject.

He was closely identified with the laying out of Llewellyn Park in West Orange, N. J., which was his home for many years. He was the last survivor of the originators of this enterprise, and had been Secretary of its Board of Proprietors since 1858. He was one of the nine original members of the New England Society of Orange and was twice its President. For fifteen years he was President of the Advisory Board of the Orange Memorial Hospital, and was one of the founders and a trustee of the Orange Valley Congregational Church.

He married, on August 31, 1843, Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Hon. Reuben and Hannah B. (Thacher) Washburn, and sister of Governor P. T. Washburn (Dartmouth 1835), of Vermont. Of their two daughters and three sons, but one son (Yale 1873) is living: one having died in 1880 during his Senior year in Yale, and the other in infancy. Mrs. Heald died in 1894, and Mr. Heald afterward married Miss Elizabeth Goddard, who survives him.

Mr. Heald continued his business activity to the end of his life. He died of heart failure at his home in Llewellyn Park, on December 28, 1900, in his 83d year.

ALBERT PAINE, son of John and Betsey (Smith) Paine, and brother of Samuel C. Paine, M.D. (Yale 1828), was born on July 21, 1819, in Woodstock, Conn. He united with the church in East Woodstock, on November 1, 1835.

After graduation he studied at Andover Theological Seminary, 1841-2; at New Haven, 1843-4; and graduated at Auburn Seminary, N. Y., in 1845. He was licensed to preach by the Brookfield (Mass.) Association, October 2, 1844. He supplied the Presbyterian Church in Lancaster, Erie County, N. Y., in 1846, and was ordained Pastor of the Congregational Church at West Amesbury, Mass., on September 7, 1848, where he continued until 1854. He was Pastor of the Congregational Church at North Adams, Mass., from December, 1856, to May, 1862. On leaving there he was appointed Resident Chaplain at Fortress Monroe, Va., but on account of illness returned North the following September, and lived for a time in Chelsea, Mass. In 1864 he went to Wisconsin, and was editor and proprietor of the *Beloit Journal*, and afterward in business at Rockford, Ill. After 1870 he resided in Boston, a part of the time in Charlestown district, and later in Roxbury district, supplying various pulpits, and from 1875 to 1878 the Congregational Church at North Falmouth, Mass. In 1878 he suffered a sudden and serious impairment of his eyesight, which afterward entirely failed.

He died of heart failure following pneumonia at his home in Roxbury, on May 14, 1901, in his 82d year.

He married on November 20, 1849, Sarah, daughter of Patten and Dolly Sargent, of West Amesbury, Mass. Two sons and a daughter survive.

#### 1842

GIDEON COLTON CLARK, son of Ebenezer and Delia (Colton) Clark, was born on February 21, 1821, at Somers, Conn.

After graduation he took the full course in East Windsor (now Hartford) Theological Seminary, and after his ordination in 1846, was appointed by the Missionary Society of Connecticut to service in Illinois. He was first settled as a minister two years and a half in Rockport, Pike County; then preached five years in Winchester, Scott County; nine years in Collinsville, Madison County; and six years in Woodburn, Macoupin County. In 1868 he went to Nokomis, Montgomery County, and the following year to Mount Vernon, Jefferson County, where he preached three years. In 1872 he removed to Indiana, and preached for two years in Fowler, Benton County. He then returned to Illinois, preached two years at Shipman, Macoupin County, and about 1876 was settled at Greenfield, Greene County. Later he returned to Indiana, and preached at Raub and Benton Ridge, Benton County. In

1884, on account of his wife's health, he went to eastern Tennessee, and for six years worked among the mountain whites and miners in Emory Gap, Robbins, Glen Mary and Glen Alice. In 1890, he retired from active work, and in 1892 removed to Harriman, Tenn. Two years later, upon the death of his wife, he removed to his daughter's residence at Hudson, Wis., and then to St. Paul, Minn., where he died of paralysis on February 10, 1900, having nearly completed his 79th year.

Although a member of Alton (Ill.) Presbytery for fifty years, during much of the time he served Congregational churches. He was a delegate to the General Assembly in New York in 1865, and in Philadelphia in 1869.

He married, on March 17, 1852, Miss Jane Alexander Smith, of Jacksonville, Ill. Their three daughters survive.

GEORGE BOARDMAN HUBBARD, son of Ezra Stiles and Eliza (Church) Hubbard, was born on February 16, 1822, at New Haven, Conn., where his father was a banker.

After graduation he taught several months in Orange, Conn. In September, 1843, he entered the Yale Theological Seminary but left in January, 1846, and then spent a short time in Princeton Theological Seminary. In November, 1847, he went to Illinois, where he preached until 1885, the first two years as a missionary at three different stations. He was ordained as an evangelist, April 16, 1848. In the autumn of 1849 he returned to his home in New Haven for a few months, after which he was pastor successively at Batavia, Lamoille, and Lowell, until 1858, and was then at the recently organized New England Church in Aurora until 1866. He was at Atlanta from 1866 to 1870, four years at Rantoul, three years at Pecatonica, and six years at Shirland, and two years in Nora. In 1885 he went to Wisconsin, first to Mazomanie, and three years later to Plymouth, where he was pastor for ten years, retiring from the active duties in 1898 but continuing as pastor *emeritus*. His ministry of fifty years was fruitful, and his devoted and sympathetic life influenced a constantly widening circle.

He died of Bright's disease at Plymouth on June 17, 1900, in his 79th year.

Mr. Hubbard married on August 5, 1849, Miss Jane Beardsley, of Bristol, Kendall County, Ill., who survives him with four of their six children, two daughters and two sons. The oldest son graduated at Beloit College in 1876 and Yale Divinity School in 1881.



ALBERT KENDALL TEELE, son of Benjamin and Miriam (Savels) Teele, was born on February 10, 1821, in the part of Charlestown, Mass., now called Somerville.

After graduation he took the full course in Yale Divinity School, was licensed to preach by the Litchfield South Association in July, 1844, and was settled over the Congregational Church in Naugatuck, Conn., in June, 1845. He was dismissed on October 20, 1849, and preached for a time in Medway, Mass. Declining settlement there, he accepted a call to the First Congregational Church in Milton, Mass., and was installed December 18, 1850. He continued in the active pastorate of this church until the twenty-fifth anniversary of his settlement and was then made pastor *emeritus*.

He was for twenty-five years a member of the Milton school committee, and for forty years a trustee of the Milton Academy. He was chairman of the public library committee, and was greatly interested in the Liversidge Home for poor boys, which he was instrumental in establishing.

He was the author of "*Noted Men and Historical Narrations of Ancient Milton*," Mass., and by authorization of the town wrote a "History of Milton, 1640 to 1887," which required many years of careful work, and has met with warm appreciation. In 1874 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Middlebury College.

He married, on August 21, 1845, Cornelia, daughter of Lucius and Harriet (Curtis) Curtis.

Dr. Teele died after a brief illness at his home in Milton, on March 11, 1901. His widow and two married daughters survive.

The income of the Teele Fund, given in 1896 by Dr. Teele, is distributed among needy and deserving undergraduates.

#### 1843

JOSEPH EVERETT BENNETT, son of Stephen and Hannah (Hogg) Bennett, was born on August 9, 1817, at New Boston, N. H. His father was a builder, and both parents were natives of that town. He entered the class from Waterville (now Colby) College, Me., but during the intervening period he had taught in Searsmont, Me.

After graduation he returned to Searsmont, but in 1844 he went to Manchester, N. H., and worked as a mason, having learned that trade as a boy. In 1847 he became foreman for

J. F. Andrews of Nashua, N. H., and had charge of the construction of large depots and mills in Manchester and Southbridge, Mass. In 1860 he returned to Manchester and worked for himself. From 1865 to 1876 he was City Clerk of Manchester. In 1851-52 he was a representative in the State Legislature. He was trustee of the Amoskeag Savings Bank for thirty years from 1868, and trustee of the Elliot Hospital for many years. He was a member of the First Baptist Church.

His health had been excellent throughout his life, and his death, which occurred on February 20, 1900, was due to a fall on the stone steps of his house three weeks before. He was in his 83d year.

He married, on March 13, 1845, Susan, daughter of George Dyer, of Searsmont, Me. She died in 1883, and he afterward married Mrs. Mary (Eddy) Hartwell, of Waterbury, Vt., who survives him, without children.

EDWARD WHITING GILMAN, son of William Charles and Eliza (Coit) Gilman, was born on February 11, 1823, in Norwich, Conn.

After graduation he taught a year in a private academy at West Point and several years in private schools and in the grammar school of New York University in New York City, and meantime attended Union Theological Seminary two years. From 1847, he was Tutor in Yale College for two years, and during this time completed his theological studies in the Yale Divinity School. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Lockport, N. Y., on December 4, 1849. In 1856 he accepted a call to the Prospect Street Church, in Cambridgeport, Mass., where he remained two years. From January 13, 1859 to October 8, 1863 he was pastor of the First Congregational Church in Bangor, Me., and after spending a winter in New Haven, was settled at Stonington, Conn. He closed his pastorate there, April 23, 1871.

He then entered upon a service of nearly thirty years as Secretary of the American Bible Society, and during most of this time was its guiding spirit from the side of scholarship and missions. In 1879 and 1888 he represented the society in notable gatherings abroad, and visited nearly every European capital. In his knowledge of the versions, literary history and circulation of the Bible in all lands, he had no equal. He contributed frequently to the

press, and several of his articles helped not a little to prepare the churches of the country to receive the Revised Version of the Scriptures. One of his last essays, presented at the Conference on Foreign Missions in New York City in April, 1900, briefly reviewed the steps in the preparation of copies of the Scriptures, which, largely as the result of the Christian study and labor of the century just closed, now circulate in more than four hundred languages.

He was a frequent contributor to the religious press as well as to the *New Englander*, and was especially interested in Church creeds and hymnology. He published a small "Guide to West Point" in 1849, and late in life a series of five booklets appropriate to the Lenten season, Easter and Ascension Day.

Dr. Gilman died at his home in Flushing, L. I., N. Y., after an illness of four weeks due to general debility and heart disease, on December 4, 1900, in his 78th year.

He married on June 5, 1850, Julia, the youngest daughter of Professor Benjamin Silliman, Sr. (Yale 1796). She died in 1892. Of their six children two unmarried daughters survive. Dr. Gilman was a brother of President Daniel C. Gilman, of Johns Hopkins University (Yale 1852), and brother-in-law of Rev. Joseph P. Thompson, D.D. (Yale 1838). He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale College in 1874.

SAMUEL MILLER PARSONS, son of Jothan Sewall and Olive (Greenleaf) Parsons, was born September 28, 1822, in Wiscasset, Lincoln County, Me., where his father was a ship builder and ship owner. He entered the class during Sophomore year.

The year after graduation he was tutor in a Maryland family, and in the autumn of 1844 established a classical school in Washington, D. C. In consequence of the failure of his health he gave up this school in the spring of 1846 and went to London. The beneficial effects of the sea voyage enabled him to enter vigorously upon the study of law, and he was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1848. He practiced his profession with success in New York City for about fifty years, and was recognized as an authority in questions of chancery. He declined a candidacy for judge.

He wrote with force and effect on the Coinage, the Brooklyn Depressed Road, San Pedro Harbor and the Salt Lake Railroad, and other matters of national and local interest.



He was a practical worker in many charities, one of the organizers of the Young Men's Christian Association of Brooklyn, N. Y., and for many years an active and faithful member and officer of the Second Presbyterian Church in that city. In 1895 he removed to Los Angeles, Cal., where he died of paralysis on December 13, 1900, at the age of 78 years.

He married, March 2, 1848, Miss Virginia W. Whitwell, of Washington, D. C., daughter of George Whitwell, a merchant of Richmond, Va. She died in 1869. Of the seven children, four survive: two sons and two daughters.

GEORGE TABER PIERCE, son of John and Sibyl T. Pierce, was born on May 5, 1821, at Salisbury, Conn. His father died when he was only a year or two old, and he entered college from Pawling, Dutchess County, N. Y.

After graduation he studied in the Harvard Law School, and began practice in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., but during most of his life was a farmer. He was Representative from Dutchess County in the General Assembly in 1844, Senator from Ulster and Greene Counties in 1851-52, and again Representative in 1861-62, his right to a seat in the last case having been sustained by one vote after a six weeks' controversy. Among several speeches printed in pamphlet form was a Washington's Birthday Address in 1862. He was one of the original trustees of Vassar College.

In 1867 he removed to Kansas, and lived for a number of years in Ottawa, and afterward in Centerville and Osawatomie. In 1868 he was elected to the Kansas Legislature. He died of paralysis at Centerville, Kans., the home of his son, on March 16, 1901, in his 80th year.

He married on November 30, 1846, Miss Mary Ann Jackson of Fishkill, Dutchess County, N. Y., who died in 1875. Of their seven children three survive.

JOHN WICKES, fifth son and sixth of the ten children of General Van Wyck and Eliza (Herriman) Wickes, was born on February 14, 1823, at Jamaica, Long Island, N. Y., but entered college from Troy, N. Y.

After graduation he studied a year at Andover Seminary and completed his theological course at New Haven in 1846. He desired to go as a missionary to India, but his health was considered unequal to the necessary hardships. He then passed a year

in travel and study at home, and was ordained, on June 25, 1848, pastor of the Congregational Church at Canaan Four Corners, N. Y. After a pastorate of eight years there, he was for over four years at Brighton, N. Y., and on February 14, 1864, began an active service of twenty-five years with the Presbyterian Church in Attica, N. Y. Resigning in 1889, he continued to live among his people until his death on June 5, 1901. He was 78 years of age.

He married, on September 16, 1862, Miss Amy Moore of Brighton, N. Y., and had a son and a daughter. Two brothers who were in the ministry studied in the Yale Divinity School, one of whom graduated at Yale College in the class of 1834.

#### 1844

SAMUEL MILES BROWN, son of Isaac and Zumviah Brown, was born on March 8, 1820, at Fair Haven, in the town of East Haven, Conn.

After graduation he taught six years in Fair Haven, at Port Colden, N. J., and for a year as tutor in a private family in Maryland. He intended to study law, but a pulmonary difficulty led to his relinquishing this plan. After sojourning at various mineral springs, he spent the years 1852 and 1853 in farming and building, and the next three or four years in the brokerage and other business. From 1857 to 1861 he was Postmaster, and from 1861 he was engaged in the grocery business for thirty-five years, after which he retired.

He was a member of the school board for three years, and declined the nomination for Judge of Probate three times. He was for many years a member of St. James Protestant Episcopal Church.

His health had been declining for some time, but the last two months he was confined to his home. He died of heart failure on April 2, 1901, at the age of 81 years, in the house in which his father had begun housekeeping.

He married on December 23, 1861, Mary Jane, daughter of Horace Warner, of Garrattsville, Otsego County, N. Y. Mrs. Brown died in November, 1900. A son and daughter survive.

JOHN ADAMS DANA, son of Caleb and Laurenda (Hartwell) Dana, was born in Princeton, Mass., March 10, 1823.

After graduation he taught in Reading, Pa., till January, 1846, and the next six months in Carlisle, Pa. While in Reading he

began the study of law and continued his studies in Worcester, Mass., where he was admitted to the bar, January 24, 1848. Before the present system of trial justice courts was established, he had considerable practice in holding a justice's court for the trial of criminal offenders. He was assistant City Marshal for two or three years about the time of the Civil War. He was Assistant Clerk of Courts of Worcester County from 1866 to 1877, and Clerk of the same for five years following. After 1882 he devoted himself to his law practice, giving much time to probate cases. He kept up his knowledge of Latin during his whole life and spoke it fluently.

At one time he was a member of the city school board, and about 1850 Major in the State militia.

He married, November 26, 1860, Mrs. Eliza Henshaw Smith, youngest daughter of Hon. Isaac C. Bates (Yale 1802), of Northampton, Mass.

Mr. Dana died at his home in Worcester, after a year's invalidism followed by heart trouble, on September 6, 1900, at the age of 77 years. Mrs. Dana's death occurred the preceding spring. Of her three sons by her first marriage, one is living.

WILLIAM FEWSMITH, son of Joseph FewSmith and Maria Louisa (Lehman) FewSmith, was born on January 24, 1826, at Philadelphia, Pa. During his college course he won prizes for excellence in Latin and Greek.

After graduation he entered on a long and successful career as teacher, and was for thirty years Principal of the FewSmith Classical and Mathematical School in Philadelphia, where he fitted many boys for Yale. He was Superintendent of Schools in Camden, N. J., for seven years. He edited a "Grammar of the English Language" and an "Elementary Grammar of English."

He married, October 22, 1852, Miss Catharine A. Schenck, and had five children, of whom only one daughter is living.

Mr. FewSmith died after an illness of seven years, at his home in Merchantville, N. J., on June 19, 1900, at the age of 74 years. He was an elder in the First Presbyterian Church in Camden for many years.

JOHN MCLEOD, son of Daniel and Catherine (Corgae) McLeod, was born at Philadelphia, Pa., on March 7, 1817.

After graduation he took the course in Yale Divinity School, and on November 7, 1847, was ordained pastor of the American



Presbyterian Church in Montreal, Canada. In 1855 he visited Europe, Egypt, and Syria. Feeling the need of a temporary rest and a more congenial climate, he resigned after ten years of effective service, and for the next ten years was District Secretary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and was also pastor at Reeseville (now Berwyn), Pa. He then resumed full pastoral work, and on April 8, 1867, was installed over the Southwestern Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia. In 1884 he was compelled by ill health to resign this charge, in which he had won high esteem, and was made pastor *emeritus*. Thereafter until 1895 he spent most of the time in European travel, and then took up his residence at Athol House, Burlington Place, Eastbourne, England, where he died on March 6, 1901, at the age of 84 years.

He married, in 1856, Mrs. Elizabeth S. Frost, who died after his removal to Philadelphia. In 1883 he married Miss Mary Mills of Chiselhurst, near London, Eng., whose father, the late Honorable John E. Mills, was at the time of his death Mayor of Montreal. Mrs. McLeod and her three children survive, with two sons and a daughter by the first wife.

JOHN POTTER MARSHALL, son of James Marshall, a carriage builder, and Mary (Dudley) Marshall, was born on August 11, 1823, at Kingston, N. H. He was prepared to enter college at the age of 16, but upon the advice of his father he spent a year at home.

After graduation he taught two years in the Baptist Academy at Effingham, N. H., and was Principal of the Lebanon (N. H.) Liberal Institute for an equal period. He then spent some time in the South with an invalid brother, and after a short interval of teaching in his native town was invited to the newly established High School in Danvers, Mass., from which he went in December, 1851, to the High School in Chelsea. While there he received a call to Tufts College in August, 1854.

He was the most active assistant of Dr. Ballou in the organization of Tufts College, of which he was the first Professor appointed, and of the faculty of which, at his retirement in 1899, he was the senior member and Dean. The year following the death of Dr. Ballou he was Acting President. At the opening of the college Professor Marshall had charge of all the mathematics and natural science taught, but his duties were afterwards limited to

his favorite studies of geology and mineralogy. He brought with him a small private collection of minerals and fossils, which through his earnest efforts became the nucleus of the present large and valuable collection. His teaching life there continued forty-five years. His deep and personal interest in the students, especially in times of trouble and sickness, endeared him to two generations of graduates.

During the Civil War he spent his vacations for two years in the service of the Sanitary Commission. In 1872 he sought a needed respite from his college duties, and spent fourteen months in England, Germany, and Italy, passing a winter in Berlin in the study of his favorite subjects. Two years later he made a journey through Switzerland.

He married, on November 21, 1853, Miss Caroline Clement of Chelsea, Mass., and had one son and one daughter, of whom only the daughter survives. Mrs. Marshall died in 1895.

Prof. Marshall died at his home, which he built on College Hill soon after entering upon his professorship, on February 5, 1901, in his 78th year.

**WILLIAM MANLIUS SMITH**, son of Azariah and Zilpah (Mack) Smith, was born on September 26, 1823, in Manlius, N. Y. He was a pupil in Manlius Academy from its opening in 1835, until he entered college in 1840. Of this academy his father was a trustee, as also of Hamilton College and Auburn Theological Seminary.

The first and second winters after graduation he attended lectures at the Medical College in Albany, and for three summers took private instruction of Dr. William Tully in New Haven. During the winter of 1846-47 he was a teacher in Manlius. In October, 1848, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and received the degree of M.D., in March, 1849. The following June he opened an office in Syracuse, N. Y., but in the fall of 1851 he returned to the homestead in Manlius, where with the exception of the years 1857 and 1858 he practiced medicine until 1872.

In 1857-58 he was chemist in a manufacturing establishment in Utica, and lectured on chemistry. During the winter of 1872-73 he lectured on pharmacy in the New York College of Pharmacy. For a few months afterward he was in a chemical business in Syracuse, and from May, 1874, until December, 1875, he was

Physician at the State Prison in Sing Sing, after which he resumed his business in Syracuse. In 1877 he was appointed Professor of Materia Medica in Syracuse University, and the following year exchanged this chair for that of Chemistry, taking in addition the Professorship of Botany.

While in Manlius he was trustee of the village, of the schools, and of Manlius Academy. He was secretary of the Onondaga County Medical Society for several years, and of the New York State Medical Society from 1877 to 1889, editing the Transactions of the latter society.

He united with the College Church in 1841, and was for many years trustee, clerk, treasurer, and later elder, of the Presbyterian Church in Manlius.

He married, on August 6, 1847, Miss Frances Louisa Hall, a native of Durham, Conn., and had seven sons and five daughters, of whom eight children survive. One son, Allen M., graduated from Amherst College in 1886, and from Syracuse Medical College in 1889; one daughter received the degree of M.D. from Syracuse University in 1887, and another daughter in 1898.

Dr. Smith suffered for some years from malarial troubles, and died of pneumonia at his home in Syracuse, on May 4, 1900, in his 77th year. He was a younger brother of Rev. Azariah Smith (Yale 1837), missionary at Aintab, Syria.

HUGH BRADY WILKINS, son of Captain John Holmes Wilkins, U. S. A., and Mary (Darragh) Wilkins, was born at Madison Barracks, Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., on November 3, 1824. He entered the Junior class in Yale from the Western University of Pennsylvania.

After graduation he studied law in Pittsburg, with his uncle, Hon. Cornelius Darragh, and with Charles S. Bradford, Esq., was admitted to the bar, December 11, 1846, and thenceforth practiced his profession in that city, making a specialty of conveyancing. He was also engaged in the oil business.

He married, April 13, 1848, Sophia, daughter of Dr. William H. Denny, the first Mayor of Pittsburg. Of their seven children, two sons survive.

Mr. Wilkins died at the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, Pittsburg, September 28, 1900, at the age of 76 years.



1847

CALVIN MASON BROOKS was born on April 9, 1825, in Princeton, Mass.

After graduation he studied law, and in early years practiced in Worcester and Boston, Mass., and a short time in New York City. In Worcester he was chairman of the Board of Education. In 1887 he opened an office in Hartford, Conn., and made his home at Cottage Grove, in the town of Bloomfield.

He died at the Hartford Hospital from the disabilities of age, on August 13, 1900, at the age of 75 years. He married Miss Priscilla Lazelle, but had no children.

THOMAS MONROE FINNEY, son of William and Jane (Lee) Finney, was born on July 13, 1827, in St. Louis, Mo., where his father had settled in 1819, and had been one of the founders of the Methodist Church of that place. He joined the class in Sophomore year from St. Louis University, and was one of the earliest students in Yale College from west of the Mississippi River.

After graduation he studied law with Gamble & Bates in St. Louis for two years, was admitted to the bar in 1849, and practiced a year or more. He was licensed to preach by the Methodist Church South on July 1, 1850, and during the next two years preached at various stations on the Arrow Rock Circuit. He was ordained Deacon in 1852, and Elder in 1854, meantime preaching in Jefferson City. For the next two years he was at Lexington and Bellefontaine.

In 1858 he returned to St. Louis and was from time to time pastor of important churches, but principally thereafter rendered efficient service as leader, administrator and organizer. From 1861 to 1868, also from 1884 to 1892 he was Presiding Elder in St. Louis, where, under his administration, six Methodist churches were established. He was Presiding Elder of the Salem District in 1873-74, and of the Potosi District from 1877 to 1879.

He was a member of the Cape May Commission for the adjustment of questions of ecclesiastical status and property between the Methodist church North and South, President of the Board of Missions of the Methodist Church South, President of the St. Louis Board of Church Extension and City Missions, and Superintendent of the St. Louis Provident Association. He was a member of the St. Louis Conference for fifty years.

He was editor of the St. Louis *Christian Advocate* from 1869 to 1873, and in 1880 he wrote the "Life and Labors of Bishop E. M. Marvin," of the Methodist Episcopal Church South. He also contributed frequently to Methodist periodicals.

He was one of the founders of Central College at Fayette, Mo., in 1855, and for forty years a director and from 1877 to 1880 President of Bellevue Collegiate Institute at Caledonia, Mo. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from the Southern University of Alabama, in 1870.

Dr. Finney died at his home in St. Louis, after an illness of six months from general debility, on October 1, 1900, at the age of 73 years.

He married, in 1852, Mary Shackelford, who died in 1861. He afterward married Lucinda, daughter of Major Benjamin Edmonstone, M.D., who survives him with five daughters and one son.

GEORGE CLINTON WILLIAMS, son of Judge John Fowler Williams (Brown Univ. 1814) and Lucretia (Tracy) Williams, was born September 5, 1825, in West Woodstock, Conn. He entered college with the class of 1846, but joined the class of 1847 in Senior year.

After graduation he studied law in his father's office in West Woodstock, and was admitted to the bar, but was never in active practice.

In 1855 he was appointed clerk in the Treasury Department at Washington, and two years later was transferred to the Navy Department, being private secretary to Governor Isaac Toucey, Secretary of the United States Navy. At the beginning of the Civil War he was for a time on the staff of Commodore Stringham, as private secretary, but resigned this position owing to ill health. During the war circumstances enabled him to give the Government valuable information concerning some of the Southern fortifications. In 1867 he was appointed Solicitor of the Bureau of National Currency, and Chief of the Division of Organization of National Banks.

In 1869 he returned to his old home in West Woodstock, where he was engaged in settling estates, and discharging some official trusts, revising maps for the U. S. Government and private publishers, and writing on current topics. He was clerk of the Congregational Society for many years.

Mr. Williams died of apoplexy at his home, on January 1, 1901, at the age of 75 years. He was never married.

1848

JAMES BIRD, son of Isaac and Ann (Parker) Bird, was born September 28, 1826, in Beyroot, Syria, where his parents were missionaries of the American Board. Owing to the failure of his mother's health he came to America with his parents when he was nine years old, and entered college from Gilmanton, N. H., where his father was Professor in the Theological Seminary.

Immediately after graduation he joined his father in carrying on the Pavilion Family School for boys in Hartford, Conn. In 1869 he moved to Great Barrington, Mass., and continued the school under the name of Sedgwick Institute. Ten years later he removed to Auburndale, Mass., where he remained eight years, and during a portion of this time received a few young boys into his family and taught them. In 1887 he returned to Great Barrington, and resumed teaching in Sedgwick Institute with his nephew, Edward J. Van Lennep, who was then in charge. Later he was in the real estate and insurance business, and clerk of the district court of southern Berkshire. While on his way to the court house on the evening of May 17, 1901, he fell from a railroad trestle near his home and was killed. He was in his 75th year. He united with the Center Church in Hartford, Conn., in 1852.

He married, on October 10, 1855, Elise D., eldest daughter of Rev. William Goodell, D.D. (Dartm. 1817), missionary to Turkey. Mrs. Bird died in 1895, and an only daughter at the age of 15 years in 1876. On April 27, 1898, Mr. Bird married Cornelia Helen Pattison, of Great Barrington, who survives him, together with a sister in Great Barrington and a brother, Rev. William Bird (Dartm. 1844), who has been for forty-eight years a missionary in Syria. A sister married Rev. Henry J. Van Lennep (Amherst 1837), formerly for thirty years a missionary in Turkey.

TIMOTHY HOPKINS PORTER, son of Deacon Timothy and Annie (Todd) Porter, was born on February 16, 1826, at Waterbury, Conn. During his college course he was Vice President of the Brothers in Unity, and one of the board of editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

The year after graduation he taught the academy in Easton, Conn., and the next three years worked with Hon. Henry Barnard (Yale 1830) and Horace Mann in the interest of the common school system. In 1852 he entered Yale Theological Seminary,



but remained only a short time, and then went to Union Theological Seminary, where he completed his course in 1855. In 1856 he went abroad and spent three years in study in Germany and France and in travel. He was in Paris a year, during which he had charge of the American Chapel.

After his return home in 1859 he occasionally preached in the Baptist Church in Stamford, Conn., but gave most of his attention to financial matters. In 1866 he became senior partner in the banking house of Soutter & Co., and a few years later took up his residence in Stamford. Soon after his retirement from active business in 1883, he suffered a stroke of apoplexy, and in 1887 a second stroke which completely paralyzed his left side. His death occurred at his home on Noroton Hill, Stamford, on January 1, 1901, in his 75th year. For many years before his death he was involved in a succession of law suits.

He married, in 1859, Agnes K. Soutter, who died in December of the following year. She was the eldest daughter of James T. Soutter, his business partner. In 1870 he married Marie Louise, eldest daughter of Joseph B. Hoyt of Stamford. She died in 1891, leaving three sons, one of whom graduated at Yale in 1896. In 1894 Mr. Porter married Mabelle Hastings Earle, of Bridgeport, Conn., who survives him.

#### 1849

ENOCH GEORGE ADAMS, son of Rev. John Adams, a noted Methodist preacher, and Sarah (Sanderson) Adams, was born at Bow, near Concord, N. H., February 20, 1829.

After graduation he taught successively in New Market, Stratford, and Durham, N. H. from 1850 to 1853, and elsewhere in New England during the next three years. From 1856 to 1858 he was a teacher in Missouri. He then returned to New England, and was for three years in Newburyport, Mass., and Durham, N. H.

At the beginning of the Civil War he enlisted as a private in the Second New Hampshire regiment. October 1, 1861, he was appointed Sergeant; May 1, 1863, Second Lieutenant; and May 7, 1864, Captain. He fought at Gettysburg, and did efficient service throughout the war. He was seriously wounded at the battle of Williamsburg, Va. In 1864 his regiment was transferred to Fort Rice, then in Dakota Territory. There he had command during a portion of the year 1865, and engaged in successful con-

tests with the Indians under their noted chief, Sitting Bull. On March 13, he was brevetted Major for gallant and meritorious services.

After his discharge the following November, he edited the *Frontier Scout* at Fort Rice for a few months, but early in 1866 removed to Oregon. During a considerable portion of the next two years he taught at Portland in that State. From 1869 to 1871 he was editor of the *Vancouver Register* at Vancouver, Wash., and at the same time was Register of the Land Office. In 1872 he removed to St. Helen, Ore., which was his residence for fourteen years. From 1880 to 1886 he edited and published a newspaper called *The Columbian*. In 1887 he sold this paper and removed to South Berwick, Me., and devoted himself to writing and lecturing as his health permitted, in addition to caring for his large farm.

Mr. Adams died of heart disease at his home in South Berwick, on November 4, 1900, at the age of 71 years.

He married, on June 16, 1853, Sarah Cobb, daughter of Ebenezer and Hannah (Adams) Plummer, of Newburyport, Mass., who died in 1858. May 23, 1863, he married Mary Elizabeth, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Hayes) Libby, of Berwick. She survives him with a daughter and son.

#### 1850

ERASTUS LATHROP RIPLEY, son of Nathaniel and Fanny (White) Ripley, was born on February 14, 1822, in Weybridge, Vt., but entered college from Middlebury in that State, and joined the class of 1850 from the preceding class in the first term of Freshman year.

After graduation he was in business in New York City, and then began the study of law in New Haven but gave it up, and for a year or more was connected with the Guilford Manufacturing Company. For the next seven years he was Principal of the Public Schools in Jackson, Mich., and for about the same length of time was Professor of Mathematics in the Michigan State Normal School. In September, 1867, he became Principal of the College of Normal Instruction in the University of Missouri.

His published works are "Ripley's Map Drawing" (1867), "English Grammar for Advanced Classes" (1873), "Elementary and Practical English Grammar," "Methods of Instruction in Arithmetic" (1874), and "Students' Chart of History."

In 1884 he removed to Kansas City, and was Principal of the Lathrop School for two years and the Bryant School for three years. He then retired and gave much attention to his favorite studies of mathematics and botany.

He married first, in 1850, Miss Emily J. Isbell, of Meriden, Conn.; second, Miss Helen E. Devoe, of Corning, N. Y.; third, Mrs. Caroline A. Aldrich, of Penfield, Ohio.

He died suddenly of heart disease, on September 11, 1900, at the age of 78 years. He had just returned with his wife from a trip to Colorado. Two sons and two daughters survive, of whom one daughter graduated from the University of Missouri in 1874.

HENRY MARTYN TUPPER, son of Rev. Martyn Tupper (Princeton 1826) and Persis Lomira (Peck) Tupper, was born on June 10, 1830, at Hardwick, Mass., but entered college from East Longmeadow.

After graduation he taught for about six months each in Monson (Mass.) Academy, and in Gates County, N. C., and then entered Union Theological Seminary, but owing to impaired health soon resumed teaching. He was Tutor in Illinois College for two years, and then returned to Union Theological Seminary for two years. He was licensed in April, 1856, and preached for a time in Woonsocket, R. I., but soon went West on account of ill health. Upon his recovery he taught in Illinois College and in Griggsville, Ill., until June, 1859. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Waverly, about 30 miles from Springfield, Ill., on October 12, 1859. After a successful pastorate of twelve years there, he was pastor at Ontario, Knox County, for thirteen years. In 1885 he removed to Joy Prairie, Morgan County, and remained there twelve years. Closing his work in the fall of 1897, he went to Florida to spend the winter with a daughter, but finding a life of inactivity unendurable, he frequently supplied vacant pulpits, and in June, 1899, accepted a call to Ormond in that State, where, after a year of faithful service, he died on September 12, 1900, at the age of 70 years.

He married, on November 13, 1860, Maggie E., daughter of Walker Cree, a merchant, of Griggsville, Ill., and had two sons and three daughters, of whom the daughters with their mother survive. Two daughters and one son graduated at Knox College.



1851

JOHN WILLIAM HENDRIE, son of Charles Hendrie, a sea captain, and Hannah Maria (Lockwood) Hendrie, was born on November 18, 1821, at Sound Beach, in the town of Greenwich, Conn. Until he was of age he worked on the farm, and to this experience he attributed his continued health. He then taught school and studied for four years, completing his preparatory studies at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven. During this time he added much to his income by engaging in the lobster industry and net fishing. By his earnings in vacations he was able to continue his self-support through the college course.

In the autumn after graduation he took charge of the Stamford (Conn.) Academy, and remained there nearly three years, and then sailed for California by way of Panama, in April, 1854. Reaching San Francisco just a month later, he at first bought and sold various kinds of goods for which he found a demand, and then with H. M. Lockwood, whom he had known as a merchant in New York, formed a partnership, under the name of Lockwood & Hendrie, for the sale of clothing and furnishing goods. They soon became manufacturers as well as dealers and started agencies in different parts of the State. Until the business was established he taught a night school in order to meet his notes, but he afterward began to invest as he could in real estate. After a prosperous career of less than ten years Mr. Hendrie was able to retire permanently, and sold his business to his partner in 1863. He afterward visited Europe twice, and usually spent the winter in California and the summer at his old home.

Mr. Hendrie was the largest donor to the fund for the new building of the Yale Law School, which was named "Hendrie Hall" in his honor. He also contributed liberally for the encouragement of debating in the University.

He died after an illness of several weeks, from general debility, at his home at Sound Beach, on November 25, 1900, at the age of 79 years. He was never married. He received the degree of M.A. from Yale University in 1861.

HORACE MONTAGUE SMITH, son of Justus Smith, was born in Ashfield, Mass., February 9, 1828. He was a student at Amherst College for three years, and joined his class at Yale in Senior year.

After graduation he studied in the Harvard Law School for one or two terms, and then entered the office of Benedict & Boardman, in New York City. But soon finding the legal profession distasteful, in connection with his brother Justus (Harv. 1851), he started a boarding school at Bergen Hill, N. J. After three years of teaching his health demanded a more active life, and in 1858 he took charge of the Baltimore branch agency of Tappan & McKillop of New York. This business was entirely broken up by the Civil War. In 1865 he began the manufacture and sale of gold pens and other articles connected with that trade, under the name of H. M. Smith & Co., and continued this business for twenty-five years.

He died of paralysis on March 14, 1901, at New Haven, Conn. He was 73 years of age. He was twice married.

GEORGE STARR TUCKERMAN, eldest son of George and Lydia (Starr) Tuckerman, was born at Richfield, Otsego County, N. Y., on November 29, 1824. He entered the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Honorable William H. Seward (LL.D. Yale 1854) at Auburn, N. Y., a year, then attended a course of lectures at the Albany Law School, and was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1852. He practiced a short time in Albany, and until October, 1853, in Cherry Valley, Otsego County. In 1855-56 he was assistant to the Corporation Counsel of New York.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he helped raise a company in Otsego and Oneida Counties, known as the "Berdan Sharpshooters." As Captain, under Colonel Berdan, he was in active service before Richmond and in the seven days' battle on the Chickahominy. On the last day of the fighting he was left on the field ill, and fell into the hands of the enemy, but escaped. After two years of service he resigned his commission on account of ill health, and was honorably discharged. Later, at Elmira, N. Y., and at Fortress Monroe, he looked after the exchange of prisoners, and gave important military information to Secretary Seward.

After the war he became editor of the Rochester (N. Y.) *Democrat and Chronicle*, but when the ownership of the paper changed, he resumed his law practice and remained in Rochester about ten years. He then spent some time in Chicago, but on

account of failing health went to Jamestown, N. Y., where he died after an illness of six weeks, on January 18, 1901, at the age of 76 years.

He possessed a fine tenor voice, and wrote several college songs.

He married on November 6, 1861, at Jamestown, N. Y., Miss Mary M. Hall, who survives him with two sons and two daughters.

#### 1852

CHARLES HENRY BARRETT, son of Ephraim and Louisa (Wood) Barrett, was born in Camden, Me., February 4, 1821.

After graduation he immediately entered Union Theological Seminary and completed the course in 1855. He was licensed to preach but never ordained. From about 1855 to 1869 he was master of a merchant ship, and made many voyages to China and California, although he visited nearly every part of the world. During the war he was for a few months with the Christian Commission, and with the fleet at the taking of Fort Fisher. After 1870 he spent about two years in voyages to the West Indies, Liverpool, and Australia, and then owing to ill health retired from the duties of shipmaster. From 1876 to 1884 he resided in Oakland, Cal., and then came to New York, where he engaged in mission work. In 1892 Captain Barrett entered the Sailors Snug Harbor, on Staten Island, N. Y., where he died on October 7, 1900, at the age of 79 years.

He married at New Haven, Conn., April 8, 1861, Elizabeth G., daughter of John W. Barber. Mrs. Barrett died at sea in 1862, and her daughter four months later. A volume of her poems was published after her death. In 1872 Captain Barrett married Miss Ella Josephine McCanon of Bennington, Wyoming County, N. Y., a graduate of the New York Homeopathic College for Women, and a practicing physician. She died in 1890. A daughter by the second marriage is the only survivor of his family.

HENRY JACOB LABATT, son of Henry J. and Caroline (Hyams) Labatt, was born on January 13, 1832, at New Orleans, La. He left college during Sophomore year, but received the degree of M.A. in 1865, and was enrolled with the class.

After taking the law course in the University of Louisiana he was for a time, in 1865, in Nevada, and then until 1867 practiced his profession in San Francisco. During this time he published an



annotated Code and Digest of California Reports, and was an occasional correspondent of the *New York Times*. For the last thirty years his home was in Galveston, Texas, where he was City Treasurer, and editor of the *Daily Dispatch*, and at the time of his death in partnership with his son, Joseph, in the law firm of Labatt & Labatt. He was a Democratic member of the 17th and 18th Legislatures of Texas. He married on June 1, 1854, Miss Eleanor Block.

In the Galveston flood of September 8-9, 1900, he was lost with his wife, daughter, one son and his family, and about one hundred others who had taken refuge in his house. Two sons are the only survivors of his family. Mr. Labatt was 68 years of age. He was a member of the Jewish church.

HENRY McCORMICK, son of James McCormick (Princeton 1822) and Eliza (Buehler) McCormick, was born on March 10, 1831, in Harrisburg, Pa.

After graduation he spent a year in reading law under the direction of his father, and then entered the iron business, which his father had largely developed in Central Pennsylvania. In 1857 he took the management of the Paxtang Furnace, and in 1866 the Nail Works at Fairview, Cumberland County, which he continued for twenty-five years. After the death of his father, with his brother James (Yale 1853) he managed the great properties of the estate.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he gathered Company F, Twenty-fifth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, which served for three months in the vicinity of Washington and in the Shenandoah Valley. In the Antietam campaign, he was commissioned Colonel of the First Regiment of Pennsylvania Militia, and commanded the First Brigade of Pennsylvania Militia, in Maryland, under General John F. Reynolds. A year later he served on the staff of General W. F. Smith, in the Gettysburg campaign.

In 1874 he was appointed a commissioner of the Pennsylvania State Geological Survey. Long before the building of the railroads across the continent he traversed the plains and mountains to the Pacific coast, and returned by way of the Isthmus of Panama.

Mr. McCormick died after an illness of three years from paralysis at Rosegarten, his country seat in Cumberland County, Pa., on July 14, 1900, at the age of 69 years.

He married on January 29, 1866, Annie Criswell, who, with three of their six children, survives. One of the sons graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1893.

WILLIAM LEONARD ROWLAND, son of William Maltbie and Clara Leonard (Wight) Rowland, was born on May 31, 1831, in Bristol, R. I., but removed with his parents to Augusta, Ga., in his childhood, and was there prepared for college at the Richmond Academy.

After graduation he returned to Augusta and studied law, but it proved uncongenial and he never practiced. About 1855 he removed with his father to Rockford, Ill., and assisted him in his various business interests.

In 1857 a stock company was formed to maintain a public library in the town, and Mr. Rowland collected most of the subscriptions, and aided in selecting the books. This library flourished for a few years, but during the Civil War interest in it declined. In 1851 Mr. Rowland's uncle, Rev. John B. Wight (Brown 1808), introduced into the Massachusetts Legislature a bill authorizing cities and towns to establish and maintain public libraries. This bill was the foundation of the free public library system in this country. In 1872, when a similar law was passed in Illinois, Rockford immediately started its present Public Library. Mr. Rowland was chosen Librarian, and filled this position with faithfulness for twenty-eight years. He made the library known in the State as a model working library, and compiled an excellent catalogue of its contents. His influence was most effective in stimulating young people to read the best books, and he gave willing aid to all who sought his help in their researches.

He died after an illness of several weeks at Rockford, on September 27, 1900, in his 70th year. He was never married.

#### 1853

ANDREW CHEVES DULLES, son of Joseph Heatly Dulles (Yale 1814), a retired merchant, and Margaret (Welsh) Dulles, and a descendant of Hon. Langdon Cheves of South Carolina, was born on July 1, 1832, in Philadelphia, Pa. His mother was a sister of Hon. John Welsh, former Minister to England.

After graduation he returned to Philadelphia, studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1859, and practiced his profession in that

business. He had a varied knowledge of men and things and excellent conversational powers. He was a communicant of St. Luke's Church.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Philadelphia, on February 22, 1901, in his 69th year.

He married, on April 19, 1870, Miss Mary Bartow Crothers, of Philadelphia, and had a son and daughter, who are living. One brother graduated at Yale in 1839 and another in 1844.

ALBERT EMMETT KENT, son of Albert and Lucinda (Gillette) Kent, was born on September 1, 1830, in Suffield, Conn.

After graduation he engaged in the grain and produce business with his brother in Chicago with success, but his health at length became so seriously impaired that he sought restoration in the climate of California. In 1871 he purchased a large estate at San Rafael, where he made his home, but business interests called him back to Chicago for part of the time.

In 1885 he presented to the University funds for the erection of the Kent Chemical Laboratory, and by his will left a generous bequest for the enlargement of that building.

He died at the home of his sister, in Genoa, Nebr., on January 8, 1901, at the age of 70 years.

He married, on July 28, 1857, Miss Adaline E. Dutton, of Springville, N. Y. She survives him with one son, a graduate of Yale in the class of 1887. A son and daughter died in early life.

JOSEPH ASHLEY WELCH, son of Jonathan Ashley Welch (Yale 1813) and Mary Devotion (Baker) Welch, was born in Brooklyn, Conn., on August 13, 1830.

After graduation he studied law at Hartford and with his father in Brooklyn, Conn., at Boston and the Harvard Law School, and was admitted to the bar in Boston in 1855. The year following he practiced his profession in Detroit, Mich., the next year in Willimantic, Conn., and after 1858 in New York City, in partnership with Charles T. Russell, Esq. In 1897 he was appointed Assistant District Attorney of New York, and the following year was appointed a member of the State Board of Examiners for the Bar. To the latter position he was reappointed for three years from January 1, 1901.

Mr. Welch died after an operation for the removal of an abscess, in New York City, on April 11, 1901, in his 71st year.



He married, on May 19, 1857, Miss Mary A. Hotchkiss of New Haven, Conn., who died about a year ago. He had no children. He was a grandson of Rev. Moses C. Welch, D.D. (Yale 1772); who was a Fellow of Yale College, and for forty years pastor of the Congregational Church in North Mansfield, Conn., succeeding his father, Rev. Daniel Welch (Yale 1749), who had held the pastorate of the same church for thirty years. He was also great-grandson of Rev. Jonathan Ashley (Yale 1730), for over forty-seven years the Congregational pastor in Deerfield, Mass.

## 1854

JAMES BROWN OLNEY, son of Jesse Olney, author of Olney's famous series of Geographies, and Elizabeth (Barnes) Olney, was born on July 20, 1833, in Hartford, Conn.

He left college in Junior year, but received the degree of A.M. and was enrolled with his class in 1887. He went to Windham, Greene County, N. Y., studied law in the office of his cousin, Danforth K. Olney, and was admitted to the bar at Albany, on December 5, 1855. In May, 1856, he opened an office in Prattsville, Greene County, and was shortly afterward appointed Judge Advocate on the staff of Brigadier-General Bassett, and also a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of Pennsylvania. In 1859 he was elected District Attorney of Greene County for three years, and reëlected in 1862. While in Prattsville he was for a time connected with the *Catskill Recorder*, and later with the *Prattsville News*, as associate editor. In December, 1862, he removed to Catskill, and formed a partnership with his cousin, Danforth K. Olney. In January, 1865, they became associated with R. H. King, under the name of Olney, King & Olney, but a year later Mr. Olney resumed practice by himself, and so continued during his life.

He was for many years chairman of the Democratic County Committee, prominent in Congressional and State Conventions, and for ten years President of the School Board of Catskill. In 1884 he joined the Republican party.

He died at Catskill, on December 11, 1900, at the age of 67 years.

He married, on October 13, 1870, Julia Pratt, daughter of Hon. Malbone Watson, formerly Justice of the Supreme Court of New York. She died in 1886. One of their two sons survives, and graduated at Yale in 1897. Mr. Olney was a nephew of Rev. Jeremiah R. Barnes, of the class of 1834.

1856

WILBUR JOHNSON, son of Rev. Nathaniel Emmons Johnson (Brown 1825) and Sophronia (Wilbur) Johnson, was born at Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., on March 1, 1831.

The year following his graduation he taught in Plymouth Hollow, Conn., and the next six months he studied mathematics in New Haven. He then taught a year in Rochester, Mass., and three years in Collinsville, Conn., and entered Yale Theological Seminary in December, 1861, but left at the end of Middle year. He was licensed to preach July 8, 1863. From about this date until the following January he was at Hartford, Pa., disabled by an injury to his left foot received in the Yale Gymnasium. From January to April, 1864, he preached at Montrose, Pa., the next year in New Milford, Pa., and the next two years was pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Great Bend. In the early part of the Civil War he was an efficient worker in the Union League in Pennsylvania.

In December, 1867, he removed from Pennsylvania to Massachusetts, and had charge of the Calvinistic Church in Sandwich for about three years, but finding a change of climate necessary he then went to West Boylston. He was installed over the Congregational Church at Royalston, June 3, 1874. After nearly ten years of service he resigned, and for five years was pastor in Medfield. During this time the church enjoyed a steady growth. Owing to a fall in his garden which ruptured the cartilage in one of his knee joints, he was obliged to use crutches or an iron support for two years.

From Medfield he went to Slatersville, R. I., and from there in 1895 accepted a call to the Orthodox Congregational Church at Brooklyn, Conn. This pastorate closed in May, 1898, and for a few months he resided in Danielson, Conn., without charge, but in January, 1899, he assumed the acting pastorate of the Congregational Church in Canterbury.

He was working earnestly with this church in a fruitful revival, when he was laid aside, and after a brief illness from paralysis, died February 9, 1901, in his 70th year.

He married, at Mattapoissett, in Mass., September, 1864, Sarah, daughter of Hon. Henry Barstow. Her death occurred in 1883, during his pastorate in Medfield. In 1888 he married Miss Mary C. Davis, granddaughter of Rev. Dr. Prentice, a former pastor of Medfield. She survives him without children.

BENJAMIN WEBB, son of Benjamin S. Webb, a dry goods merchant, and Jurusha (Brown) Webb, was born in New York City, on July 30, 1831.

After graduation he taught for several years, first as a private tutor in Mississippi and Virginia, then as Principal of North Greenwich Academy, Conn., and two years at Washington Heights, New York City.

From 1861 to 1863 he studied in the Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn., was ordained Deacon by Bishop Williams, May 27, 1863, and Priest, July 28, 1864. The next three years he was Rector of St. Luke's Church, Somers, Westchester County, N. Y.

He was connected with the Pacific Coast Mission, and Professor in the Missionary College of St. Augustine, Benicia, Cal., in 1867-68, and then missionary in the diocese of Albany, from 1869 to 1872—at Fairfield, Norway, Newport, and Middleville, in Herkimer County, and afterward at Luzerne, Warren County, and Conklingville, Saratoga County. In the last mentioned place he organized St. John's Church and brought about the erection of a beautiful stone edifice. In 1873 he was a private tutor at Cedar Cliff, Huntington, L. I., and for the next fifteen years Rector's Assistant at St. Ignatius' Church and All Angels' Church in New York, and Principal of All Angels' Church School. In 1889 the failure of his voice compelled him to retire from public service, but he retained his connection with the parochial administration of All Angels' to the close of his life.

He died of heart disease at his home in New York City, on November 18, 1900, at the age of 69 years. He was never married.

#### 1857

LYMAN DAVIS HODGE, son of Benjamin and Eliza (Patton) Hodge, was born at Black Rock, now within the city of Buffalo, N. Y., on November 1, 1835.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Hon. Solomon G. Haven, and was admitted to the New York bar in 1859. The next two years he practiced law in Buffalo, and for four years was engaged in ship-building there. In 1865-66 he was a cotton planter in the South, and from 1867 to 1889 in business in St. Paul, Minn., where he founded the firm of Granger & Hodge, wholesale merchants, and also bankers. In 1891, on account of ill health, he removed to Mount Vernon, Wash., and was engaged



in the real estate business there until his death from apoplexy, which occurred on May 30, 1899; but particulars have only recently been received.

Most of his leisure time throughout his life he spent in his library, which was among the most valuable in the Northwest.

He married, on February 18, 1869, Mary Norton, daughter of Warren Granger, of Buffalo. She survives him, with a son who graduated from Yale in 1893.

MOSES COIT TYLER, son of Captain Elisha and Mary (Greene) Tyler, was born on August 2, 1835, in Griswold, Conn., but in 1837 removed with his parents to Michigan, and in 1843 to Detroit. He entered Yale after a few months in the University of Michigan.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Divinity School a year and afterward at Andover. He was ordained on August 24, 1859, at Owego, N. Y., where he remained about a year; and was then pastor of the First Congregational Church in Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Owing to prolonged ill health he resigned and gave up preaching in October, 1862.

He then spent four years in England, largely in literary pursuits in London, and was a regular correspondent of *The Nation* during that time. In 1867 he was appointed Professor of Rhetoric and English Literature in the University of Michigan, and continued there until 1881, occupying the chair of English Language and Literature from 1873. In 1873-74 he was also literary editor of the *Christian Union*. From 1881 to the close of his life he was Professor of American History in Cornell University. He was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1881, in St. Andrew's Church, Ann Arbor, Mich., and Priest in 1883, in St. John's Church, Ithaca, N. Y.

Professor Tyler was widely known by his literary works. Of these the principal are: "History of American Literature during the Colonial Time" (1878), "Manual of English Literature" with Henry Morley (1879), "Patrick Henry" in the American Statesmen Series (1887), "Three Men of Letters" (1895), "Literary History of the American Revolution" (1897), and "Glimpses of England" (1898). He also issued in 1868 a volume of essays on physical culture entitled the "Brawnville Papers," and contributed important articles to various periodicals.

He received the degree of M.A. from Yale in 1863, LL.D.

from the University of Wooster in 1875, and L.H.D. from Columbia in 1887.

Professor Tyler died after an illness of four weeks from cystitis, at his home in Ithaca, on December 28, 1900, at the age of 65 years.

He married, on October 29, 1859, Miss Jeannette Hull Gilbert of New Haven, who survives him with a son, and a daughter who is the wife of Willard Austen, Reference Librarian of Cornell University.

### 1858

EDWARD MILO MILLS, son of Harvey Mills, a farmer, and Polly Maria (Sherman) Mills, was born in Canton, Conn., June 26, 1834.

After graduation he taught school two years in Salisbury Mills, N. Y., and Cornwall, Conn. In December, 1860, he entered the firm of A. S. Mills & Co., manufacturers of cabinet furniture in Unionville, a village in the town of Farmington, Conn., and from October 1, 1866, continued the business alone. In November, 1883, he moved to Northampton, Mass., and formed a business connection with S. Bent Bros., manufacturers of furniture, of South Gardner, Mass. He was a deacon of the First Congregational Church.

He married, in Unionville, Conn., December 25, 1862, Angeline Z., daughter of Albert and Angeline Elizabeth (Tiffany) Hill. She died in 1868, and on February 5, 1870, he married Alice (Chidsey) Woodford, daughter of George and Maria M. (Woodford) Chidsey, of Nunda, Livingston County, N. Y.

Mr. Mills died of apoplexy at his home in Northampton, on October, 6, 1900, in his 66th year. His widow, son and two daughters by the first marriage, and two daughters by the second marriage, survive. Of the latter one daughter graduated at Smith College in 1893.

### 1861

WILLIAM HENRY HIGBEE, son of Dr. Charles and Caroline Higbee, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on November 3, 1839. He entered the class at the beginning of Sophomore year from Trenton, N. J.

In the autumn after graduation he began the study of law, but in the following January entered the United States Navy as Acting Assistant Paymaster. He was attached to the U. S. gun-boat Octorora, which belonged to the North Atlantic Squadron,

for about six months, a similar period to the West Gulf Squadron, and a year to the fleet cruising in the West Indies. During these cruises many prizes were captured. He was present at Vicksburg, Hampton Roads, and at battles off Grant's Pass, Fort Powell, Fort Morgan, and elsewhere. He resigned his commission in April, 1864, and was engaged as a broker in New York City until the spring of 1866, after which he spent a year at Trenton, and a considerable time abroad. Later he was for many years a member of the firm of Brown, Seccomb & Co., fruit dealers, but retired several years ago.

Mr. Higbee died after an illness of several months of chronic nephritis, at his home in New York City, September 21, 1900, in his 60th year. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

JOHN ELLIS MARSHALL, son of Orsamus Holmes Marshall (Union 1831) and Millicent Ann deAngelis, was born on August 5, 1839, at Buffalo, N. Y.

Immediately after graduation he entered the U. S. army as Second Lieutenant, Eleventh New York Volunteers (Fire Zouaves), and was detailed as Aid-de-camp on the staff of Brigadier General W. F. Barry, Chief of Artillery, Army of the Potomac. In this position he served through the Peninsular campaign. In the fall of 1862 he was promoted to be First Lieutenant, and transferred to the Second New York Artillery. In March, 1863, he was appointed Assistant Adjutant General of Volunteers, with the rank of Captain, and was assigned to duty as Adjutant General of the Artillery Bureau in Washington, but at his desire, in April, 1864, he was transferred to field service under General Sherman, and accompanied him through the Georgia campaign, and through the Carolinas. He was twice brevetted for gallant and meritorious services, first as Major, and then as Lieutenant. Once his horse was shot under him, but he passed through the war without receiving a wound. He continued in service a few months after the war, but tiring of inaction, offered his resignation, which was accepted on November 11, 1865.

On his return to Buffalo, he studied law for a short time, after which he was engaged in the Buffalo Envelope Manufactory.

Colonel Marshall died in New York City on August 6, 1900, at the age of 61 years.

He married in 1873, at Cincinnati, O., Miss Octavia S. Simpson, who died in New York City in March, 1894.



1862

WILLIAM DEXTER ANDERSON, son of William S. Anderson, a dry goods merchant of Boston, Mass., was born on August 18, 1840, at Derry, N. H., but in early life removed with his parents to Boston, and from there entered college. His mother was Harriet Newell (Atwood) Anderson, of Bedford, N. H.

After graduation he studied at the Yale Medical School, and received the degree of M.D. in 1865. From July, 1868, he practiced as a homeopathic physician.

For twenty years from the time of his entrance to college he was organist of St. Paul's Church, and his superior ability as a church musician was widely recognized. In 1878 he withdrew from this position in order to give his undivided attention to his profession, and, except for eight months while officiating in a similar capacity at Trinity Church, he thereafter declined musical engagements. He was for many years a vestryman of Trinity Church.

From 1876 to 1883 he was a member of the Board of Examining Surgeons for Pensions at New Haven, and for five years President of the Homeopathic State Medical Society.

Dr. Anderson was warmly interested in his class, and active in preparing for its reunions. In 1897 he had a long and serious illness, but resumed his practice and, although by no means well, continued his duties until about a week before the close of his life. He submitted to an unsuccessful surgical operation for intestinal trouble, and died at Grace Hospital on March 8, 1901, at the age of 60 years.

He married on June 8, 1865, Carrie H., daughter of Samuel Daniels, of New Haven. She survives him without children.

WILLIAM PLATT KETCHAM, son of Treadwell and Mary (Van Winkle) Ketcham, was born in New York City, on October 6, 1841.

After graduation he studied two years in Columbia Law School, received the degree of LL.B. in 1864, and practiced his profession for two or three years. From January, 1867, to July, 1874, he was in the banking business, but then resumed his law practice. For a number of years he resided in Yonkers, and was an alderman of that city from 1880 to 1882. In 1887 he returned to New York City to reside.

Mr. Ketcham died on shipboard near Gibraltar, while on his

way to Europe, on January 13, 1901, after an illness of two days from pneumonia. He was in his 60th year.

He married on June 8, 1864, Lydia Coit, daughter of Charles and Mary Hall (Terry) Collins, of Hartford, Conn. She survives him with a son and two daughters. Mr. Ketcham also left two sisters, one of whom, now deceased, was the wife of President Gilman of Johns Hopkins University, and the other is the widow of the late Professor Daniel C. Eaton of Yale University.

THOMAS DUNCAN MURPHY, son of William and Mary Duncan Murphy, was born on September 6, 1838, in Holliday's Cove, Va., and entered college in Junior year from Freeport, Pa.

After graduation he took a course in the Yale Divinity School, and was then minister fifteen years in Granby, Conn., where he was ordained on June 13, 1868. He was with the old church nearly seven years, and with the new church in South Granby until 1880. During several years he also conducted a flourishing school in Granby. From 1880 to 1883 he preached at Centerbrook and Ivoryton, two parishes in Essex, Conn. He engaged in missionary work in Albuquerque, N. M., in 1883-84, and the next five years preached in San Buenaventura, Cal. He taught the academy at Santa Paula, Cal., in 1889-90, and at Freeport, Pa., from 1891 to 1893. In the latter year he settled in Chester, Mass., and died there after a long illness from Bright's disease with other complications, on May 18, 1901, at the age of 63 years.

He married, on May 24, 1864, Amelia Abigail Castle, of Roxbury, Conn., who survives him with one son.

BUCHANAN WINTHROP, son of Henry Rogers Winthrop (Yale 1830) and Margaret L. (Hicks) Winthrop, was born on November 11, 1841, and resided during his life in New York City. He was a great-great-grandson of John Still Winthrop (Yale 1737), and a direct descendant of John Winthrop, first Governor of the Massachusetts Bay Colony in 1629.

After graduation he took the course in Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of LL.B. in 1864. He at once began the practice of his profession, giving his attention almost entirely to the management of estates.

In 1871 he founded the Winthrop prizes "for the most thorough knowledge of the Greek and Latin poets." From 1891 he

was a Fellow of Yale University, and for several years a member of the Prudential Committee. He was one of the founders of the University Club of New York, a trustee of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, a member of the vestry of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church, from 1889 Treasurer of the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and an active trustee of several hospitals and charitable institutions.

Mr. Winthrop died suddenly at his home in New York City, on December 25, 1900, from the effects of an operation for appendicitis. He was 59 years of age.

He married, on June 4, 1872, Miss Sarah Helen Townsend of New York City, who survives him with a daughter and son, the latter a graduate of Yale University in 1898.

### 1863

CHARLES JESUP ARMS, son of Rev. Hiram Phelps Arms, D.D. (Yale 1824), by his second wife, Abby Jane (Baker) Arms, was born on June 9, 1841, in Norwich, Conn. His father was a member of the Corporation of Yale College from 1866 to 1882, and pastor of the First Church of Norwich for over thirty-five years. He left college at the end of Junior year and at once enlisted in the U. S. Army, but received the degree of M.A. and was enrolled with his class in 1875.

In August, 1862, he entered the Twentieth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, as Adjutant. In June, 1863, he was transferred to the staff of Brigadier General Harland, with the rank of Captain, and served with him in Virginia and North Carolina until he was mustered out of the service in June, 1865.

He subsequently studied law in Norwich with Hon. John T. Wait (M.A. Yale 1871), and in New York City with Harrison Oakley, Esq., and was admitted to the bar in the latter city on April 14, 1866. He practiced for a time in Lewistown, Pa., and was then connected with the *Pittsburg Commercial* for three years or more. He was afterward an editorial writer on the *Philadelphia Times*, and the *Examiner and Express* of Lancaster, Pa., for several years. In 1876 he was appointed Colonel on the staff of Governor Hartranft. Later he removed to Rhode Island, and was at first connected with the *Providence Journal*, but from about 1885 he resided in East Greenwich, where he again took up the practice of law. In 1894 he represented that town in the State Senate. He was at one time Superin-



tendent of the Public Schools, and President of the Free Library Association, and for several years a member of the vestry of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Colonel Arms died at the Rhode Island Hospital in Providence, on March 9, 1901, in his 60th year. He had been a sufferer from a serious stomach trouble for several months.

He married, on October 17, 1873, Miss Alice Avery, who survives him with two sons and two daughters.

#### 1865

SIMEON OLMSTED ALLEN, son of Elain and Miranda (Olmsted) Allen, was born on December 23, 1837, at Enfield, Conn.

After graduation he entered the Yale Divinity School, from which he received the degree of B.D. in 1868. He was licensed to preach by the New Hampshire Central Association in June of that year, and then returned to New Haven for a year of additional study, after which he was for a time at Olivet College as Professor of Mathematics. He supplied Plymouth Congregational Church at Lansing, Mich., from 1869 to 1871, and was ordained there on December 1, 1869. From Lansing he went to Pontiac, Mich., where he remained until 1874. He then returned East, and from February, 1875, supplied the Congregational Church in Wallingford, Conn., and then several churches in and near Springfield, Mass. He was for a year or two an editorial writer on the *Spectator*, a leading insurance journal of New York City, and afterwards passed a year in study abroad. On his return he was pastor in Blandford, Mass., for four years. Upon his retirement in 1889 he removed to West Springfield, Mass., afterward occasionally filling local pulpits. He died at his home there of diabetes complicated with a carbuncle, on April 22, 1901, at the age of 63 years.

He married, on July 1, 1878, Miss Jessie E. Goodsell, of Elizabeth, N. J., who survives him with a son who is in the Senior class at Yale. Their other son died in infancy, and their daughter in 1893.

#### 1866

WILLIAM LESTER GRISWOLD, son of Horace S. and Louisa (Youmans) Griswold, was born on July 5, 1843, at Binghamton, N. Y.

After graduation he entered the Albany Law School, completed his course there in May, 1868, and at once began practice

at Binghamton, making a specialty of real estate and office practice. He was Alderman in 1872, Supervisor of the County, and at the last election Republican candidate for Mayor of the city.

While at work in his law office he had a stroke of apoplexy from which he died a few hours later, on February 6, 1901, at the age of 57 years.

He married, on April 23, 1873, Miss Elizabeth J., daughter of Tracy G. Rich of Binghamton, and had one daughter who died in infancy.

#### 1867

HENRY ABEL CHITTENDEN, son of Henry Abel and Henrietta (Gano) Chittenden, was born on April 11, 1846, at Hartford, Conn. His father was a New York wholesale dry goods merchant, philanthropist, and lay preacher, and his mother was the daughter of Major Daniel Gano, the first white child born in Cincinnati. His uncle, Simeon B. Chittenden (M.A. Yale 1871) was the donor of the Chittenden Library at Yale University.

Immediately after graduation he took a short trip to Europe, and then entered the service of the Brooklyn *Union*, a newspaper established by his uncle as a patriotic enterprise in the last days of the War, and when the morning edition was started he became its editor. Remaining in that position for two years, he at the same time attended the Columbia Law School, and graduated in 1870. He was admitted to the bar, but never practiced. The next year he was connected with the New York *Standard*, successively as reporter, night editor, and editorial writer. He then went for the benefit of his health to visit his classmate, James G. Flanders, in Milwaukee, Wisc., where he acquired an interest in the *Journal of Commerce*. He was joined in this enterprise by his classmate, William Henry Bishop, and his brother, Daniel G. Chittenden, and the paper became a political daily under the name *Commercial Times*. After an eventful experience of five years he merged the paper with the Milwaukee *News*, but about two years later sold his interest, and retired to his father's farm near Montclair, N. J. While in Wisconsin he made a strong impression upon the journalism of the State, and editorials of his are still quoted with admiration.

After his year's rest he resumed editorial work, first on the New York *Evening Telegram* for three years, and was then connected in various capacities with the *Herald* for about a dozen years. While on this paper he won the first prize of \$500 offered

for the most acceptable editorial paragraphs written by *Herald* reporters during six months.

In the spring of 1897, owing to the effects of a severe attack of pneumonia, Mr. Chittenden sought a more friendly climate and removed to Oakland, Cal., and the following September entered the service of the San Francisco *Examiner*, writing also for other papers. He died of tuberculosis on September 9, 1900, at Berkeley, Cal., at the age of 54 years.

While in New York he was connected with the Business Men's Prayer Meeting, and for many years with all the work of the John Street Church.

He married, on June 5, 1888, Mrs. Alice Westervelt Goldsmith, a writer of experience, who survives him with one son.

#### 1868

CALVIN DANIEL STOWELL, son of John C. and Marietta (Lord) Stowell, was born on January 25, 1846, at Ithaca, N. Y.

Immediately after graduation he returned to Ithaca, and engaged with his father as a wholesale dealer in groceries and produce, in the firm of J. C. Stowell & Son, and continued the business with success. He was a director of the First National Bank, member and trustee of the Presbyterian Church, and trustee of several philanthropic institutions.

He died of *angina pectoris* at his home in Ithaca on February 26, 1901, at the age of 65 years.

He married at Ithaca, December 18, 1873, Amelia W. Esty (Vassar 1871), daughter of Edward S. Esty. She survives, with a daughter (Vassar 1899), and two sons. The elder son is in the class of 1901 at Hamilton College.

JAMES HENRY WOOD, son of Charles Wood, a manufacturer of silverware, and Elizabeth (Morris) Wood, was born on November 21, 1848, in New York City.

After graduation he took the Columbia Law School course, received the degree of LL.B. in 1870, and at once began practice in New York City. In February, 1873, he formed a partnership with Walter S. Carter and Orrin Skinner, which continued with some changes for two years. After that he practiced alone for several years, and was for a time employed by the Hubbell Legal Directory Company, and later by the Westinghouse Electric Company. Little is known of his last years.



He died of consumption at St. Francis Hospital, New York City, on March 23, 1901, at the age of 52 years.

He married, on April 26, 1877, Augusta E., daughter of Ex-Judge William Dodge, of New York City. Their two sons and one daughter survive.

## 1869

WILLIAM AMASA COPP, son of Andrew James and Harriet A. (Eddy) Copp, was born in Oxford, Mass., on November 23, 1843. He was fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, and entered college from New England Village, in the town of Grafton, Mass., to which his parents had moved in 1851.

While in college he twice won a prize in debate. He rowed on the university crews at Worcester four years, and was stroke in 1867, and captain in 1868. He was also an expert gymnast.

After graduation he studied in Columbia Law School a year, and was admitted to the bar in March, 1870. He was about a year in the offices of Slosson, Hutchins & Platt, and of Taylor & Andrews, but from the summer of 1871 practiced by himself in New York City. He was for a time Treasurer of the Yale Alumni Association of New York City.

He died at his home in New York City on April 13, 1901, at the age of 57 years.

He married in New Haven, on July 25, 1871, Emily M., daughter of Caleb Smith and Mary (Foster) Maltby. A son and daughter, with their mother, survive. The son graduated at Yale in 1895, served as Second Lieutenant in the Spanish war in 1898, and afterward went to Manila.

HENRY JAMES DUTTON, son of Henry Augustus and Helen Frances (Hodges) Dutton, was born in Ellsworth, Me., on December 6, 1845.

After graduation he went to Austin, Texas, and was Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, and afterward Assistant to the Adjutant General of the State. He then for a time practiced law, in the firm of Higbee and Dutton, but soon took up mercantile pursuits, and later engaged in the stock and cattle business in the northern part of the State.

About 1881 he removed to San Luis Obispo, Cal., where he continued to raise cattle and horses, and was also engaged in fruit growing, the manufacture of pressed brick, and other occupations. The last six years he was in the grocery business.

He died of pneumonia at his home in San Luis Obispo, February 15, 1901, in his 56th year.

He married, on September 20, 1878, Mary Melissa, daughter of Henry Hathaway, who survives him, without children. He was an elder and efficient worker in the First Presbyterian Church.

HENRY HAMILTON KERR, son of Rev. George Kerr (Williams 1839) and Lucia M. (Hamilton) Kerr, was born on August 6, 1846, at Schoharie Court House, Schoharie County, N. Y., but was prepared for college at Cooperstown, N. Y., by his father, who was then teaching in the Seminary in that place. He entered the class in Sophomore year.

After graduation he had a brief experience in farming, and then taught in Mongaup Valley, and a year in New York City. During much of his subsequent life he was connected with the construction department of various railroads. He was Division Engineer on the St. Louis & Keokuk R. R., and after a year in Hannibal, Mo., and a few months of lumbering in Wisconsin, he was for two years and a half in Beulah, Clayton County, Ia., as Superintendent of the narrow-gauge Iowa Eastern R. R. About May 1, 1877, he took a position in the Railroad Division of the General Land Office at Washington, D. C. As the result of a competitive examination he was appointed Third Assistant Examiner in the U. S. Patent Office in February, 1878, and a year later Second Assistant Examiner. In March, 1880, he left the Patent Office, and traveled through the South in the interest of the Morse Cotton Compress. For two seasons he was Superintendent of the Brenham (Texas) Compress, and from June, 1882, Secretary and Manager of the Fort Worth Compress Co. During part of 1881 and 1882 he was Assistant Engineer on the Fort Worth & Denver City R. R. In the summer of 1886 he was Bridge Engineer of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe R. R., having charge of the construction of the bridge over Trinity River, and in 1887 he was occupied in locating the Fort Worth and Denver City R. R., near Fort Worth. In May, 1890, he was appointed Engineer in charge of sewer construction in Fort Worth, and the next month City Engineer. To the latter office he was elected for two years in April, 1891.

In 1893 he was appointed Receiver of the First National Bank of Brady, Tex., and closed its affairs with so much success that he was appointed, at the close of 1894, Receiver of the City

National Bank of Quanah, Tex. The latter receivership proved a perplexing undertaking as the bank was fraudulent in its origin, and was a main cause of his loss of health.

From about this time he was a sufferer from *locomotor ataxia*. In January, 1897, he removed to Denver, Col., where he died on May 28, 1901, in his 55th year. From 1883 he was a Ruling Elder in the Presbyterian Church South, and frequently attended the Synod of Texas. He was an associate member of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

He married, near Croton, Delaware County, N. Y., on February 18, 1889, Mary E. Payne, and had a son and a daughter.

ADRIAN VANSINDEREN LINDSLEY, son of Adrian VanSinderen and Eliza M. (Trimble) Lindsley, was born in Nashville, Tenn., October 11, 1847. He joined the class during the first term of Sophomore year, after one term at Princeton College.

After graduation he returned to Nashville, and entered the firm of A. V. S. Lindsley & Son, real estate, insurance and general agents. A few years later he was associated with James Trimble (Yale 1868), as an attorney and real estate agent, after which he continued in the same line of business by himself, and was then in partnership with his brother John. He wrote much for Southern newspapers in the interest of municipal improvement and other subjects.

He died after an illness of four months at his home in Nashville, on December 28, 1900, at the age of 53 years.

He married, on October 23, 1873, near Tusculumbia, Ala., Miss Rebecca Goodloe, who survives, with their two sons and four daughters. One son graduated at Yale in the class of 1897.

#### 1870

BENJAMIN SILLIMAN, only son and fourth of the seven children of Prof. Benjamin Silliman (Yale 1837) and Susan H. (Forbes) Silliman, was born on October 27, 1849, at Louisville, Ky., where his father was at the time Professor in the Medical Department of Louisville University. In 1854 he came to New Haven, where his father had been appointed Professor of Chemistry in Yale College and Medical School, and was fitted for college in the Hopkins Grammar School.

After graduation he studied architecture at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in Boston, and about two years and a



half in Berlin, Germany. In the fall of 1873 he was apprenticed for a year with the firm of Vaux & Withers, and afterwards continued in their employ for several years, taking charge, among other things, of their work on the capitol grounds in Washington, D. C., and of the Centennial buildings in Philadelphia.

In 1877 he began the practice of his profession under the firm name of Silliman & Farnsworth, and from 1883 was in business alone. He was for some years a member of the Architectural League, and the American Institute of Architects. He was the architect of the Morse, Temple Court and other notable buildings in New York City and elsewhere.

Mr. Silliman died at the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City, after an illness of about four months, from the effects of an operation, on February 4, 1901, at the age of 51 years.

He married, on September 11, 1878, Miss Frances Elizabeth Wild, of Rheinbeck, N. Y., who survives him with two sons.

#### 1871

NATHAN HART WHITTLESEY, son of Sheldon and Esther Maria (Hart) Whittlesey, was born on April 19, 1848, at New Preston, in the town of Washington, Litchfield County, Conn.

At graduation he ranked sixth in the class. He was chosen by his classmates class deacon and class historian.

The year following his college course he was a teacher in Betts Academy, Stamford, Conn., and then entered the Yale Divinity School. He received the degree of B.D. in 1875, and on October 1, following, was ordained at Creston, Ia., remaining as pastor of the First Congregational Church there twelve years. Besides building up the church in numbers and spirituality, he formed a class of young men for classical study in preparation for college, was moderator of the General Association of Iowa in 1886, a delegate to the National Congregational Council the same year, and active in securing the enactment and enforcement of the State prohibition law.

In May, 1887, he was settled over the Congregational Church in Evanston, Ill. In all his ministry he aimed directly at conversion and character-building, and under him the church in Evanston was greatly strengthened in numbers and in good works. He was also helpful in revival work elsewhere. He was a director of the Illinois Home Missionary Society, President of the Chicago Congregational Club in 1891-92, and again a dele-

gate to the National Council. Although notably successful, five years of such strenuous labor seriously impaired his health, and he felt obliged to resign his pastorate. After several months of travel and rest abroad, in October, 1892, he assumed the office of Secretary of the Ministerial Relief Fund of the National Council. The interest which he had aroused in his own and neighboring churches had already shown his fitness for this work. For seven years he preached and worked without interruption or vacation in behalf of the aged ministers, widows and orphans of the Congregational churches, and raised over \$120,000 as a permanent fund for the relief of the needy among them. But so great did he feel this need to be, that he did not spare himself, often when on long journeys denying himself the ordinary comforts of travel that the fund for the comfort of others might be larger. In October, 1899, his strength suddenly failed, and he suffered nearly a year and a half from nervous prostration. While stopping in Washington, D. C., with his eldest son and daughter, on his return from a stay in the South, and apparently on the way to recovery, he was suddenly stricken down with Bright's disease, and died a few hours later, on February 20, 1901, at the age of 52 years. All who knew him well will remember the charm of his humor and the healthful influence of a religious life which was always bright. Illinois College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1890.

He married, on June 29, 1876, Miss Harriet Warner Newell of New Haven, who survives him with one daughter and three sons, of whom the eldest son graduated at Yale in 1900, and is secretary of his class.

### 1873

FREDERICK WILLIAM ADEE, son of George Townsend Adee, of Westchester, N. Y., a well known merchant, afterward Vice President of the Bank of Commerce in New York City, was born in Westchester, N. Y., on April 19, 1853. His mother was Ellen Louise (Henry) Adee. He was fitted for college at the Preparatory School of Brainerd T. Harrington, Westchester, N. Y. During his college course he was a member of the Junior Promenade Committee, stroke of the Freshman crew and bow of the University crew, and at graduation held a First Colloquy appointment.

After graduation he took the Columbia Law School course, received the degree of LL.B., and was admitted to practice in

1875. After having been connected with the firm of Lord, Day & Lord, as managing clerk, he practiced law alone with marked success for fifteen years.

He died of heart failure induced by gastritis, after a short illness, at Edgewater, his home in Westchester, on August 25, 1900, at the age of 47 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He was a brother of George A. Adee, Philip H. Adee, Edwin M. Adee, Ernest R. Adee, graduates of the classes of 1867, 1873, 1881 and 1885, respectively, and a nephew of Augustus A. Adee, M.D., a graduate of the class of 1821, Fleet Surgeon in the United States Navy.

ALFRED TERRY BACON, son of Rev. Leonard Bacon, D.D. (Yale 1820) and Catherine Elizabeth (Terry) Bacon, was born on September 17, 1852, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation he spent a year as private tutor in Philadelphia, and then began the study of medicine, but was obliged to give it up on account of ill health. In February, 1875, he made a voyage to the West Indies, remaining three or four months, and in October of the same year sailed for Europe. In October, 1878, as his health was not reëstablished, he went to Greeley, Col., and spent the winter on a ranch, the summer camping out in the Rocky Mountains, and most of the next year in partnership with two practical cattle men on a ranch near Laramie Peak, Wyoming. In the autumn of 1881 he took charge of the preparatory department of Colorado College, and taught there for a year. The following June he returned to Greeley as Secretary and Treasurer of the New England Live Stock Company, of which he had been one of the organizers, but soon turned his attention chiefly to dealing in Western investment securities. In April, 1889, he was elected Mayor of Greeley. In the spring of 1892 he removed to Denver, which was afterward his home. He was an officer of Plymouth Congregational Church.

On his return from Europe he contributed three papers descriptive of Sicily to *Lippincott's Magazine*, and frequently wrote for the *Christian Union*, *New York Evening Post*, *Independent*, and other leading periodicals.

While on a bicycle ride in City Park, he was taken ill, and died a few hours later at his home in Denver, June 4, 1901, in his 49th year.

He married, on June 17, 1885, Mary Prichard, daughter of the late President Woolsey. She survives him with two sons and a daughter.



GEORGE THEODORE BLISS, son of George and Catherine (Sanford) Bliss, was born April 19, 1851, in Manchester, England. He was fitted for college in the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

For three or four years after graduation he was connected with the London branch of his father's banking house, known as Morton, Rose & Co. In 1877 he returned to America and entered the firm of Morton, Bliss & Co., of which he was a member until its dissolution and the organization of the Morton Trust Co.

He died at his home in New York City on March 24, 1901, in his 50th year. He had undergone an operation for appendicitis, but had been so weakened by a recent attack of the grippe that he did not rally from the operation.

He married, on February 12, 1879, Miss Jeannette Atwater Dwight of New York City, who survives him with one daughter. By his last will he left a generous bequest to the University.

WILLIAM WEBB BROWNING, son of Rev. William G. Browning, a Methodist clergyman, and Susan Rebecca (Webb) Browning, was born on March 1852, in Metuchen, Woodbridge township, N. J. He prepared for college at Amenia (N. Y.) Seminary.

In the autumn after graduation he entered Columbia Law School, and after receiving his degree in 1875 he practiced law in New York City until 1884, in partnership with A. C. Farnam. In the meantime he had begun the study of medicine, and in 1884 received the degree of M.D. from Bellevue Medical College, and thereafter was a practicing physician in Brooklyn. He was Demonstrator of Anatomy in Long Island College Hospital from 1885 to 1894; Lecturer on Anatomy from 1886 to 1894; Adjunct Professor of Anatomy 1894-95; and afterward until his death Professor of Anatomy and of Clinical Orthopaedics. In 1893 he published "Modern Homoeopathy; its Absurdities and Inconsistencies," and during the past few years a number of articles of his on Anatomy have appeared in the leading medical journals. He was a member of the American Academy of Medicine. In 1895 he received from Yale University the honorary degree of Master of Arts.

He married, on September 3, 1873, at New Haven, Conn., Sarah Wells Smith, daughter of Nathaniel S. Smith, and had four daughters and two sons. The eldest daughter is the wife of Richmond C. Holcomb, M.D., of the U. S. Navy, the elder son is a

West Point graduate of the class of 1901, and the second daughter is a graduate of Cornell University in the class of 1899.

Dr. Browning died of apoplexy at his home in Brooklyn, on October 3, 1900, at the age of 48 years. He was a brother of Professor Philip E. Browning of Yale University.

## 1874

JOSEPH UNANGST BROWN, son of William Daniel Brown, a lumber merchant, and Susan Margaret (Unangst) Brown, was born on July 18, 1851, at Easton, Pa. He was prepared for college at Claverack, N. Y., and joined the class at the beginning of its Junior year from the preceding class.

After graduation he studied law at Easton, was admitted to the bar of Northampton County, Pa., in the winter of 1876, and practiced his profession there until the fall of 1887, when he engaged in the lumber business at Mehoopany, Pa. There he met reverses, but engaged in the same business in Brooklyn, N. Y., until the summer of 1895. He was then admitted to the bar of Lackawanna County, Pa., and practiced in Scranton until his death, which occurred on May 30, 1899, at the age of 47 years. He was unmarried.

## 1876

PHILIP GRAY RUSSELL, eighth of the ten children and fourth son of Gen. William Huntington Russell (Yale 1833) and Mary Elizabeth (Hubbard) Russell, was born on February 14, 1854, at New Haven, Conn. He was a descendant in the sixth generation of Rev. Noadiah Russel of Middletown, one of the founders of Yale College, and of Rev. James Pierpont, also one of the founders of Yale College, whose daughter Mary married Rev. William Russell (the son of Noadiah) (Yale 1709), Fellow of the Yale Corporation from 1745 to 1761 and forty-six years pastor of the First Church in Middletown. All of his male ancestors have been graduates of Yale since the foundation of the college. His mother was the daughter of Dr. Thomas Hubbard, Professor of Surgery in the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he entered the Yale Law School and received the degree of LL.B. in 1878, meantime teaching in the Collegiate and Commercial Institute founded and conducted by his father, where he had been himself prepared for college.

In September, 1878, he went to Washington, D. C., where he afterward resided and practiced his profession. For over three

years and until January, 1882, he was Examiner in the U. S. Patent Office. He then formed a partnership with George S. Prindle for the practice of patent law, under the name of Prindle & Russell, which continued during his life. He was prosperous in his profession, traveled extensively, and was much interested in scientific subjects outside of his professional work.

Mr. Russell died at his home in Washington, D. C., on July 21, 1900, from acute nephritis, his vigorous health having been previously impaired by appendicitis, requiring a severe operation.

He married, on December 17, 1884, Lilean, daughter of John E. and Ellen T. Kendall of Washington. She died in 1886, leaving no children.

JAMES ADAMS WELLS, son of Ralph and Sarah F. (Adams) Wells, was born on January 17, 1856, in New York City.

After his graduation he took the course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1879. Then for about two years he was Resident Physician in the Presbyterian Hospital, and in 1881-82 Attending Physician at the Northern Dispensary in New York. In September, 1882, he removed to Englewood, N. J., where he afterward practiced his profession. He was Attending Physician and Surgeon at the Englewood Hospital, and President of the Bergen County Medical Society. He wrote a number of articles on medical topics, some of which were republished in Europe.

He died at his home in Englewood, after an illness of a week from pneumonia, on May 21, 1901, at the age of 45 years.

He married, on June 1, 1882, Janet Taylor, daughter of Rev. Thomas G. Wall, D.D. (Princeton 1848), at that time Superintendent of the Presbyterian Hospital in New York. She is living, but without children. A daughter died in infancy.

#### 1878

JOHN ADDISON PORTER, son of Professor John Addison Porter (Yale 1842) and Josephine Earl (Sheffield) Porter, daughter of the founder of the Sheffield Scientific School, was born on April 17, 1856, at New Haven, Conn. He was fitted for college at the Hopkins Grammar School.

The year after graduation he studied law with his uncle, William J. Boardman, in Cleveland, O., but not with the intention of practicing that profession. On his return to Connecticut



he was a reporter on the New Haven *Daily Palladium*, and for a brief time on the Hartford *Courant*. After an extended tour in the West in 1880, he pursued a course of post-graduate study in American history in Yale University. For a year in 1882-83 he was literary editor of the New York *Observer*, and contributed also to the *Critic*, *New Englander* and *Century Magazine*. He then continued literary work in Washington, D. C., and while a resident there served as Secretary to his uncle, William Walter Phelps (Yale 1860), at that time a member of the National House of Representatives, and was afterward clerk of the special Senate Committee on Indian affairs. He also organized and conducted the Oregon Publishing Company in 1886. In 1887 a severe illness compelled him to spend the winter in the South, and on his return in renewed health he purchased an estate in Pomfret, Conn., which was afterward his permanent home. In the autumn of 1888 he bought an interest in the Hartford *Evening Post*, and the following year became its main proprietor and editor-in-chief, and retained his control until he sold the paper in 1899.

He was elected to the Connecticut Legislature as a Representative from Pomfret in 1891, was a delegate to the Republican National Convention at Minneapolis in 1892, and was a prominent candidate for Governor in the Republican conventions of Connecticut in 1894, 1896 and 1898. Having been appointed by Mr. McKinley Secretary to the President of the United States in February, 1897, on March 4 he assumed that office and applied himself closely to its duties, which proved very exacting, especially during the Spanish war. His health was seriously impaired in the spring of 1899, but he continued to act as Secretary for a year longer. As it had become certain that he could not continue his duties, the President reluctantly accepted his resignation on May 1, 1900. Although he suffered much he bravely fought his malady, a malignant intestinal disease, until his death, which came suddenly at his home in Pomfret, on December 15, 1900. He was 44 years of age. The funeral service and burial were in New Haven.

He married, on December 28, 1882, Amy Ellen, daughter of George F. Betts (Williams 1844), and sister of Samuel Rossiter Betts (Yale 1875), and had two daughters and a son. One daughter died in early childhood. Mrs. Porter, in memory of her husband, has founded in Yale University the John Addison Porter Prize in American History.

Besides contributions to periodical literature, Mr. Porter edited in 1885 "Sketches of Yale Life," prepared for the Johns Hopkins Historical Studies of 1885 a monograph on "The City of Washington; its Origin and Development," and wrote a pamphlet on "The Corporation of Yale College."

He was deeply interested in all that concerned the University and unselfishly devoted to whatever he thought was for the highest good of Yale.

## 1879

JOHN LESTER FRANKLIN, son of William and Clarissa B. (Seagrave) Franklin, was born on March 19, 1856, in New Haven, Conn. He was well started in business with his father, who was a well-known merchant tailor in New Haven, when he felt it his duty to prepare for the ministry. He was fitted for college under a private tutor and in the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

After graduation he entered the Yale Divinity School, from which he received the degree of B.D. in 1882. He was ordained on September 12 of that year, at Lysander, N.Y. After a pastorate of five years there, he was called in 1888 to Pilgrim Congregational Church, Buffalo, N. Y., and labored effectively in securing its attractive house of worship. For over two years from 1894 he was in Europe and the East for travel and study. Soon after his return he resigned his pastorate and went abroad for further study. In October, 1898, he took charge of Plymouth Chapel, a flourishing mission of the First Congregational Church of Buffalo, and served there faithfully until his death, from pneumonia, on January 3, 1901, in his 45th year.

He married, on June 9, 1896, Anna Cornelia, daughter of Nelson M. Clute, of Buffalo. She survives him with a son about three years of age.

## 1881

ARTHUR ELI WHITE, son of John J. and Louisa Lawrence (Wetmore) White, was born on November 1, 1858, in New York City. He was prepared for college privately, and before entering lived in various places in Europe.

After graduation he traveled extensively abroad, but in March, 1885, engaged in the banking business, and entered the firm of A. W. Durkee & Co. Later he was a partner in the firm of White & Hartshorne until the end of his life. From January,

1883, he was a member of Company K of the Seventh Regiment, in which he rose to be First Lieutenant.

He died at his home in New York, on February 21, 1901, at the age of 42 years. He was unmarried.

#### 1882

FRED JOHN BROCKWAY, only son of John G. and Amanda (Carroll) Brockway, was born in South Sutton, N. H., on February 24, 1860. He entered college from Tilton (N. H.) Seminary.

After graduation he taught two years in Stamford, Conn., and then entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, from which he received the degree of M.D. in 1887. For the two years following he was in the surgical department of Roosevelt Hospital, and then became the first resident surgeon at Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore, Md. In the fall of 1890 he returned to the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York as Lecturer and Demonstrator of Anatomy, and was later Secretary of the Faculty. He was a member of the American Museum of Natural History, the American Association of Anatomists, and many medical and other societies.

He was the author of "Chemistry and Physics," and a "Compend of Anatomy," and wrote in addition a number of valuable monographs on anatomical subjects.

His death occurred at Brattleboro, Vt., on April 21, 1901, after an illness of several months which was largely the result of ceaseless devotion to his profession. His age was 41 years. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

He married, in 1891, Marion L., daughter of A. M. Turner, cashier of the Union Mining Co., of Mount Savage, Md. Mrs. Brockway survives him with two children.

#### 1884

CHARLES EDWIN BEDELL, son of Edwin F. and Caroline L. Bedell, was born at Brooklyn, N. Y., on May 19, 1863. In 1872 he removed with his parents to Montclair, N. J., where he was prepared for college at the public schools.

After graduating with high honor, he spent the summer in the Adirondacks and several months on cattle ranches in Indian Territory and Nebraska. In January, 1885, he entered the works of the New Jersey Steel and Iron Company, then controlled by the firm of Cooper, Hewitt & Co., of which his father was a mem-



ber, where he showed marked ability. He soon won recognition and was advanced to a responsible position as engineer. During the years of his service he superintended the erection of sections of the Brooklyn Elevated Railroad, the Park Avenue Viaduct, as well as many bridges, buildings, and other structures. Owing to the confidence felt in him alike by employees and employers, he was able in more than one instance to adjust difficulties and prevent strikes. He was greatly interested in the welfare of his workmen, and took special precautions against accidents to them.

At the time of his death he was the engineer in charge of the erection of the Brooklyn towers and land-span of the new East River Bridge. On September 28, 1900, he fell from a height of ninety feet in that structure, receiving injuries from which he died at the hospital shortly after. He was 37 years of age.

He married, on July 11, 1894, Miss Elizabeth Trippett, who survives him with two young sons. A brother graduated at Yale in 1890.

#### 1885

EDWIN FRANKLIN NORTON, son of Llewellyn P. and Katherine (Goff) Norton, was born on February 15, 1861, at Scott, Cortland County, N. Y., and was fitted for college at Homer Academy, Homer, N. Y. He joined the class in Sophomore year, after one year in Williams College.

The year after graduation he taught at Freehold (N. J.) Institute, and the two years following was principal of Morrisville (N. Y.) Union School. In 1888 he was appointed Professor of Modern Languages and Literatures in Olivet College, Olivet, Mich., and continued there with success until 1894. Meantime he had preached frequently, and had made special studies in philosophy, theology, and other subjects. He was ordained as a Congregational minister on July 24, 1894. During the next year he took a special course in Yale Divinity School. From 1895 to 1897 he was pastor of the Congregational Church at Almont, Mich. He then returned to teaching, and the next two years was in Middleburg, Schoharie County, N. Y., becoming then Principal of Haverling High School, in Bath, Steuben County, N. Y. He received the degree of M.A. from Syracuse University in 1888, and Ph.D. from Wooster University, Ohio, in 1894.

He died of paralysis at his home in Bath, N. Y., on September 23, 1900, in his 40th year.

He married, on December 22, 1885, Anna Marie Winne, daughter of Mrs. Josephine Coburn, of Whitewater, Wisc., who survives him with a daughter about ten years of age.

## 1886

PERCY EDGAR, son of Jonathan and Adriana A. Edgar, was born in New York City on March 10, 1865, and was prepared for college at the Siglar School, Newburgh, N. Y.

Since his graduation he had been engaged in the fire insurance and real estate business in Newark, N. J., in the firm of Edgar & O'Gorman. He was a member of Trinity Episcopal Church in Newark.

He died at Battle, Carbon County, Wy., while visiting his brother, on November 1, 1900, in his 36th year. He was unmarried.

## 1887

JOHN BASSETT KEEP, eldest of the four children of John Lester and Sarah Coit (Avery) Keep, was born on October 20, 1866, in Brooklyn, N. Y., and was fitted for college at Adelphi Academy.

After graduation he studied medicine for three years, but afterward devoted himself to commercial life.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Brooklyn, on April 9, 1901, in his 35th year. He was unmarried.

GEORGE FRANCIS NESBITT, son of Abram Nesbitt, a banker, and Sara M. (Goodwin) Nesbitt, was born on January 24, 1865, at Kingston, Luzerne County, Pa., and fitted for college at Wyoming Seminary.

After graduation he studied law in the office of E. P. & J. V. Darling, in Wilkes-Barré, was admitted to the bar of Luzerne County in June, 1890, and practiced in Wilkes-Barré, residing in Kingston.

In 1894, with a few friends, he presented an athletic field to Wyoming Seminary, and also established two annual prizes for the best original orations.

While on a hunting trip he accidentally shot and instantly killed himself, on November 27, 1900, about three miles from the village of Mebane, N. C. He was 35 years of age. He was unmarried.

FREDERICK ROGER WHITTLESEY, youngest of the six children of Francis Dwight Whittlesey, Town Clerk and Judge of Probate of Southington, Conn., and grandson of Roger Whittlesey (Yale 1787), was born in Southington, on July 11, 1865. His mother was Laura (Barnes) Whittlesey, daughter of Julius S. and Laura (Lewis) Barnes. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

The year following graduation he was Principal of the High School in his native town, but in December, 1888, he entered the employ of Bennett, Sloan & Co., importers and jobbers of teas, etc., with whom he continued, being for several years before his death manager of their tea department.

He married at Bay Ridge, N. Y., on June 17th, 1890, Mary Bliss, daughter of George V. Kelly, formerly of Brooklyn.

Mr. Whittlesey died of typhoid fever in Brooklyn, N. Y., on July 19, 1900, at the age of 35 years. His widow, two daughters and a son survive.

#### 1888

ARTHUR WHITE, son of Hon. Stephen Van Cullen White (Knox 1854) and Eliza M. (Chandler) White, was born on August 2, 1865, in Brooklyn, N. Y., and was prepared for college at Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute.

After graduation he was associated with his father, the well-known Wall street broker, and gave his especial attention to the Chicago interests of the business. For ten years he had a seat in the New York Stock Exchange. In the autumn of 1900 he went West and spent several months on the Pacific coast, intending to make a journey around the world. While on his way from Sydney, New South Wales, to Honolulu, and about three days' voyage from the latter, he died on April 19, 1901, at the age of 35 years.

He married in 1888, at Orange, N. J., Miss Margaret Beecher, sister of his classmate, Harry Beecher, and daughter of Harry Barton Beecher, formerly an insurance broker in Yonkers, N. Y. His widow, a son and daughter survive. A daughter eleven years of age died last year.

#### 1891

ELIJAH GEORGE BOARDMAN, son of William J. and Florence (Sheffield) Boardman, was born on April 29, 1868, in Cleveland, O. He was a grandson of Joseph Earl Sheffield, founder of the



Sheffield Scientific School, and a nephew of Professor John A. Porter (Yale 1842). He was prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

After graduation he studied two years in the Harvard Law School, and began practice in New York City as a member of the firm of Boardman & Childs. In the spring of 1894 he returned to Cambridge for the examination, and received the degree of LL.B. After about two years of practice he dissolved partnership, and continued alone.

He endured with cheerfulness physical infirmity, and while on a visit in Cleveland, O., died of heart failure, on July 21, 1900, at the age of 32 years. His gentleness of manner and unfailing courtesy impressed all whom he met. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

#### 1892

EDWARD BUFFETT MOWBRAY, son of Jarvis Rogers Mowbray, M.D., and Ellen (Smith) Mowbray, was born on July 1, 1871, at Bay Shore, Long Island, N. Y., and was prepared for college at the Union High School in Huntington, L. I.

After graduation he took the course at the New York Law School, receiving his degree *cum laude* in 1894. He was admitted to the bar in May of the same year, and practiced in the office of Strong, Harrison & Mathewson, New York, until June 1, 1898, after which he divided his practice between Bay Shore and New York, with large promise of future success.

He died at the Hotel Majestic, New York, after an illness of seven weeks from typhoid fever, on December 9, 1900, at the age of 29 years. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, Islip, L. I.

He married, on April 28, 1900, Miss Louise Lovell Tilton, of Laconia, N. H., who, with an infant daughter, survives him.

HORACE TRACY PITKIN, son of Horace Woodbridge and Lucy Tracy (Yale) Pitkin, was born on October 28, 1869, at Philadelphia, Pa. He was a nephew of Rev. Charles S. Sherman (Yale 1835), missionary in Jerusalem, and his maternal grandfather was Rev. Cyrus Yale, D.D. (Williams 1811), who was for nearly forty years pastor in New Hartford, Conn. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H.

On coming to Yale he was President of the Freshman Debating Society, and active in all college life. He organized a Boys' Club in the lower part of the city, which successive Freshman classes have since maintained, worked in the Grand Avenue Mission, and started a foreign missionary band whose membership soon grew to twenty men. While attending a conference of students at Northfield, Mass., he formed the purpose of devoting his life to the cause of missions.

After graduation he took the course in Union Theological Seminary, at the same time doing mission work, and planning various means for the relief of the poor. During 1894-95 he was Traveling Secretary of the Student Volunteer Movement for Foreign Missions, and rendered most effective service. While attending a convention of this body in Cleveland he impressed the members of the Pilgrim Congregational Church of that city so favorably, that they adopted him as their special representative in the missionary field.

He married, on October 6, 1896, Miss Letitia E. Thomas, of Troy, O.; on October 9, was ordained as a minister in Cleveland, O.; and on November 11, sailed with his bride for China, under the auspices of the American Board. On the journey he visited many places of interest from a missionary standpoint, and reaching Tientsin on May 1, 1897, proceeded at once to Pao-ting-fu, a small town about one hundred miles southwest of Peking, and a station of the North China Mission. A large part of his life there was occupied in acquiring the language, but he, at length, had the satisfaction of preaching to the people in their native tongue. For the last year he had charge of the boys' boarding school.

In the spring of 1900 came the terrible uprising of the natives against the missionaries and other foreigners as the enemies of China, led by the society of Boxers. After weeks of suffering and suspense, Pao-ting-fu was attacked, and on the morning of July 1, 1900, the mob, after spending some hours in pillaging the China Inland Mission, surrounded the premises of the American Board station. Mr. Pitkin attempted to save the lives of the women, and kept effective guard with his revolver at his house, which was nearest the gate. Finally, in driving away a boy who had shot at him from close by, he exposed himself, and immediately became the target for many guns, and fell mortally wounded. He is said to have died almost instantly. The mob then rushed

in and beheaded him, but his body was recovered and afterward the head. Impressive memorial services in honor of him and of the other martyrs of that day, were held on March 24, 1901, and the remains were interred in a new cemetery, especially provided, in Pao-ting-fu. Services in the memory of Mr. Pitkin were also held at Dwight Hall in Yale University, and at the Pilgrim Congregational Church in Cleveland, on November 18, 1900. He was 30 years of age at the time of his death. His wife, on account of ill health, had left China in April, before the outbreak, with their two-year-old son, and reached America in safety. His devotion and unfaltering faith in the work for which he died were revealed in a last message to his wife, expressing the hope that when his boy was twenty-five years old he would come back to China to preach the Gospel in his place.

## 1893

ALFRED HENRY JONES, son of Hon. Charles Jones, a lawyer of St. Louis, Mo., and Emily T. (Yosti) Jones, was born in that city on April 17, 1868. He was fitted for college at Smith Academy, St. Louis. While in college he took much interest in baseball and other athletics, and was captain of the Freshman nine.

After graduation he studied in the Washington University Law School, in St. Louis, received the degree of LL.B. in 1895, and after his admission to the bar practiced in his native city until ill health compelled him to cease. In June, 1900, he had pneumonia, after which consumption developed. He was taken to New Mexico, where he seemed to improve; but early in January he was seized with the grippe, and died a fortnight afterward, on January 15, 1901, at the age of 32 years. He was a Roman Catholic.

He married, November 17, 1896, Miss Sophie Bates Johnson, of St. Louis, who, with a daughter and son, survives him.

## 1894

WILLIAM CLAYTON CRAFTS, son of Hon. Clayton Edward and Cordelia Emily (Kent) Crafts, was born on January 18, 1873, at Austin, Cook County, Ill., and entered college from Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill.

After graduation at Yale, he studied law two years at Northwestern University, and was admitted to the bar of Illinois. In the fall of 1896 he began practice in Chicago with Crafts &



Stevens, but in 1898 went to Colorado on account of his health, and in 1899 was admitted to the bar there. He married, on December 19, 1899, at Colorado Springs, Miss Lucy H. Seeley, of Cairo, Mich.

He died of consumption at Denver, Col., on January 7, 1901, in his 28th year. His widow survives him.

KIRK CRAWFORD MCKINNEY, son of Crawford McKinney, was born on January 4, 1870, at Piqua, Miami County, O. He was fitted for Yale at Kempner College, Boonville, Mo., and under a private tutor.

After graduation he went to Kansas City, Mo., where he was for two years an assistant to Dr. J. D. Griffith in St. Joseph's Hospital, and then House Surgeon there. After two years in that position he went to Chihuahua, Mexico, and was connected with one of the large mining companies. From Chihuahua he went to El Paso, Tex., and was associated with Dr. Horsley. There, for an unknown cause, he took his own life by shooting, on December 7, 1900. He was 30 years of age. While at St. Joseph's Hospital he is said to have contracted tuberculosis from an accidental cut in an operation on a patient who had tuberculosis. Two brothers and a sister survive him.

HENRY BISHOP PERKINS, JR., youngest child of Hon. Henry Bishop Perkins and Elizabeth Giddings (Baldwin) Perkins, was born on May 1, 1871, at Warren, O., and was prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. Early in his college course he took a position of influence in his class, and was Captain of the Freshman crew.

After graduation he returned to Warren and had much of the care of his father's estate. For over a year he had been in ill health, and away from home most of the time, but his death was entirely unexpected. For some inscrutable cause he shot himself, on the river bank near his home, on October 19, 1900. He was 29 years of age. He was unmarried.

WALTER EUGENE STEWART, JR., son of Walter Eugene and Anna G. Stewart, was born on November 7, 1873, at Plainfield, N. J., and prepared for college in the school of John Leal (Yale 1874).

In the autumn following graduation he entered the New York Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Law in 1896, and

practiced his profession in New York City until 1899, when he was commissioned as Second Lieutenant in the Third Infantry, U. S. Army. Soon afterward he was sent to Manila, where he served with gallantry, and received honorable mention for bravery in several actions. While engaged in landing horses from a transport, he was thrown from his horse, and so seriously injured in the head that he was confined to a hospital for several months. Finding upon his discharge that he would not be able to continue his duties and could not live in the Philippines, he received an honorable discharge from the service on January 31, 1901. He arrived in San Francisco on February 28, and died there in a public park on March 5, from cerebral apoplexy, caused by his injuries, at the age of 27 years. He was unmarried. A brother was a graduate of Yale University in the class of 1890.

### 1897

BURT BRONSON KAUFFMAN, son of John Wesley Kauffman, a retired flour manufacturer, and Nellie (Bronson) Kauffman, was born on June 10, 1872, at St. Louis, Mo., and was prepared for college at Smith Academy in that city.

In the autumn after graduation he entered the Medical Department of Johns Hopkins University. During the vacation preceding his fourth year there, he was accidentally drowned while taking a bath at Portsmouth, N. H., on August 23, 1900. He was 28 years of age. He was a member of the Lindell Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church of St. Louis. He was unmarried. His brother, Harold Meredith Kauffman, graduated in the same class at Yale.

DEWITT LINN SAGE, son of William Henry Sage (Yale 1865), was born on February 3, 1875, in Brooklyn, N. Y. His mother was Jennie Gregg, daughter of ex-Governor Curtin of Pennsylvania. He was fitted for college by private tutors, and entered from Ithaca, N. Y.

After graduation he traveled for a time, and in the summer of 1900 entered the banking house of Moore & Schley, New York City.

He died, after a brief illness from pneumonia, at the home of his father, Menands Road, Albany, N. Y., on January 1, 1901, at the age of 25 years. A brother graduated at Yale in 1895, and another in 1896. His classmate, Dean Sage, Jr., was a cousin.

ALEXANDER WHEELER, son of Alexander and Mary Lorena (Marks) Wheeler, was born on November 30, 1876, at Bridgeport, Conn., and was fitted for college at the Bridgeport High School. Early in life he showed the genuineness of character and earnestness of purpose which marked him later. In his Senior year at Yale he won the DeForest prize.

After graduation he returned to Bridgeport and taught in the High School, where his instruction and even more his quiet power over the pupils came to be highly appreciated. In the social, intellectual, and religious life of the city he gained in a few years an unusual influence.

He was drowned in the Housatonic River near Stratford, Conn., on March 30, 1901. He was 24 years of age. With a companion, he was returning from duck shooting, when a gust of wind upset their sail boat, and both were thrown into the water. His companion clung to the boat and was saved, but Mr. Wheeler tried to swim ashore for help and was drowned. He had been a member of the Presbyterian Church from his childhood. A brother graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1894.

#### 1898

ROBERT CALLENDER, son of Walter and Ann Oswald Callender, was born on September 12, 1875, in Providence, R. I., and was prepared for college at the English Classical School in that city, and at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation he went immediately into the house of Forbes & Wallace, in Springfield, Mass., to learn the dry goods business. In the summer of 1900 he made a business trip to South America, and since then had confined himself, perhaps too closely, to his duties. While visiting at home, in a fit of mental aberration caused by weeks of insomnia, he took his life by shooting, on December 31, 1900, at Cranston, just outside the limits of Providence. He was 25 years of age. From his estate a generous memorial gift has been made for a scholarship in the Academical Department. One brother graduated at Yale in 1894, and another is a member of the class of 1902.

#### 1899

COBURN DEWEES BERRY, JR., son of Coburn Dewees Berry (Yale 1868) and Amanda (Kirkman) Berry, was born on March 19, 1877, at Nashville, Tenn., and was fitted for college at Black Hall, Conn.



After graduation he was connected with the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co., but after a few months took a less confining position in the real estate business with A. M. Hazen & Co. of Nashville.

He had never been in robust health, but in May, 1900, was taken with a severe hemorrhage, and after an illness of ten months from consumption, died at Asheville, N. C., on March 16, 1901, in his 24th year. A brother graduated at Yale in 1896.

JOHN PERLIN CAMP, son of Joseph and Eliza Ann (Holcomb) Camp, was born on March 22, 1875, at Newington, Conn., and was fitted for college at the Mount Hermon School, Mass.

After graduation he entered the office of Welles, Herrick & Hicks, New York City, and served with great acceptance. In January, 1900, he was attacked with tuberculosis, and after several months at home, went to Phoenix, Ariz., where his condition greatly improved, and he was looking forward to a return to active life. While staying at some distance from the main building of the sanitarium he attempted to give the customary signal for assistance with a revolver, and accidentally shot himself. He died instantly, on May 20, 1901, at the age of 26 years. He was unmarried. He united with the Congregational Church in Newington in 1890.

JOHN FRANCIS FLYNN, son of F. B. Flynn, was born on April 17, 1878, at Meriden, Conn., and fitted for college at the Meriden High School.

At graduation he was the second scholar in his class, and during his course won many prizes. In Freshman year he took the Berkeley premium, first grade; in Sophomore year second place in the Lucius F. Robinson Latin prize competition, and in Junior year first place in the same competition. In the latter year he took the second Winthrop prize.

After graduation he was a student of the classics in the Graduate Department, on the Clark scholarship and Larned fellowship. During the last year he was the first man to hold the Cuyler fellowship.

Mr. Flynn died of typhoid fever at his home in Meriden, Conn., on April 17, 1901, the 23d anniversary of his birth.

1900

ARTHUR EDGAR ELY, son of Edgar S. and Jane M. Ely, was born on June 19, 1876, at East River, in the town of Madison, Conn., and fitted for college at the Morgan School, Clinton. His father died just after his entrance to college.

The autumn after graduation, through extra study he was able to enter the second year class in the Yale Medical School. But in December, exhausted by overstudy and the additional strain of self-support, he was taken ill with what developed into a tumor on the brain, from which he died at the New Haven Hospital on January 6, 1901, in his 25th year. His mother, a sister and two brothers survive. He was a member of the Congregational Church in Madison.

THOMAS EMLÉN FRANKLIN, son of George Mayer Franklin (Yale 1858) and Sarah M. (Steinman) Franklin, and grandson of Hon. Thomas Emlen Franklin (Yale 1828), was born at Lancaster, Pa., on December 31, 1877. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy at Andover, Mass.

After graduation he entered the service of the First National Bank in New York, and remained there until about two weeks before his death, when he left his position and went home for a rest. For several months before he had suffered from intestinal troubles, but his recovery was expected. He died at Lancaster, October 20, 1900, in his 23d year. He was unmarried. Two brothers graduated from Yale in 1892 and 1895 respectively.

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1852

JAMES HART CURRY, eldest son of Rev. Benjamin and Susan (Hart) Curry, was born August 28, 1827, in New York City, but lived in Shrub Oak, Westchester County, N. Y., from early childhood.

At graduation he was valedictorian of his class in the Yale Medical School and class president. He then returned to Shrub Oak, where he was in active practice of his profession for nearly fifty years.

Dr. Curry was at his death the oldest member of the Westchester County Medical Society, had at different times been delegate of the New York State Medical Society to the Connecticut and other Societies, and had been President of the Yale Medical Alumni Association. During the Civil War he was Surgeon with the rank of Major in the Eighteenth New York Volunteers. He died at his home in Shrub Oak, on September 24, 1900, at the age of 73 years.

He married, on February 24, 1853, Emily Manville, daughter of Truman Minor of Peekskill, N. Y. She died in 1888. Two sons, one of whom graduated at the Medical Department of New York University in 1898, and four daughters, survive.

1854

MOSES CLARK WHITE, son of Roderick and Lucy (Blakeslee) White, was born on July 24, 1819, at Paris, Oneida County, N. Y.

He graduated from Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., in 1845; studied in Yale Theological Seminary; was ordained at Middletown on March 30, 1847; and was a missionary of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Foo Chow, China, from 1847 to 1853, and conducted a public dispensary there from 1848 to 1852. On account of impaired health he returned to America, and after receiving the degree of M.D. at Yale, practiced his profession in New Haven. He was Instructor in Botany in the Sheffield Scientific School from 1861 to 1864; Instructor on Microscopy in Yale Medical School from 1862 to 1867; afterward Professor of Microscopy and Pathology, and of Pathology from 1880, becoming Professor *Emeritus* in 1900. He was Lecturer on Histology and Microscopy at Wesleyan University from 1864 to 1875.



For seventeen years he was Medical Examiner for the Coroner, and was recognized as an authority on medical jurisprudence, and greatly aided the criminal courts by utilizing scientific methods for the detection of crime. He was a member of the New Haven Medical Association from 1854, and President in 1885. He was a member of the Medico-Legal Society of New York, and of the American Microscopical Society, and from 1864 to 1876 Secretary of the Connecticut Medical Society.

While in China Dr. White translated and published the "Gospel of Matthew" in the colloquial dialect of Foo Chow. This was the first Christian work ever published in that dialect. In 1856 he published an "Introduction to the Study of the Spoken Language of Foo Chow," which was of great value to later students. He wrote the chapter on Optics in Silliman's Physics, and aided in editing two editions of that work. He also edited a revised edition of Prof. J. A. Porter's Chemistry, and wrote the finely illustrated monograph on Blood Stains in Wood's "Handbook of Medicine."

He died from the infirmities of age at his home, on October 24, 1900, at the age of 81 years.

He married, on March 13, 1847, Miss Jane Isabel Atwater, of Homer, Cortland County, N. Y., who died in Foo Chow in 1848. He afterward married in Foo Chow, in 1851, Miss Mary Seeley of Onondaga, N. Y., who died in New Haven in 1887, leaving two sons, who are both living, and one of whom graduated at the Yale Medical School in 1881.

#### 1857

CORTLAND VANRENSSELAER CREED, son of John William and Vashti Elizabeth (Duplex) Creed, was born in April, 1835, in New Haven, Conn. Part of his early education was obtained in the Lancasterian School in New Haven. His father was a college janitor, steward of the Calliopean Society, and provided the Commencement dinner for the Yale alumni from about 1822 to 1865.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School Dr. Creed settled in New Haven, and at one time had a large and successful practice. In later years he was unfortunate. He was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the Thirteenth Connecticut Volunteers in 1863. After the Civil War he practiced for a short time in New York.

He died suddenly of Bright's disease in New Haven, on August 8, 1900, at the age of 65 years.

His first wife was Drucella Wright, by whom he had four sons, three of whom are living. By his second wife, Mary A. Paul, he had six children, of whom three daughters are living.

## 1864

NAPOLÉON BONAPARTE KENYON, son of Silas R. Kenyon, was born on February 17, 1840, at Richmond, R. I., and studied at East Greenwich Academy, R. I. He entered the Medical School from Providence.

A few years after graduation he settled in the Pawtuxet valley, where he resided for nearly thirty years, and showed himself a skillful physician and a man of sterling character. In 1865 he was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the Rhode Island Militia. He was a member of the Rhode Island Medical Society thirty-six years.

He died after a gradual decline at his home at River Point, R. I., on December 3, 1899, at the age of 59 years.

He married, on September 26, 1867, Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Elisha Smith, of North Smithfield, R. I., who with their only daughter survives.

## 1867

JULIAN NEWELL PARKER, son of Charles Parker, a farmer, and Anna (Utley) Parker, was born on July 3, 1840, in Mansfield, Conn., and lived there until the Civil War broke out. His early education was received at the common school of his native village and at the Connecticut Literary Institute of Suffield, Conn.

On July 16, 1862, he enlisted as a private in Company D, Twenty-first Regiment of Connecticut. He was at Fredericksburg, and in the series of battles near Norfolk and Suffolk, and at Cold Spring Harbor. Later he was appointed hospital steward and then assistant surgeon.

After the war he studied medicine with Dr. Brigham of Mansfield, and completed his studies in the Yale Medical School in 1867. He went to Europe for further study, returning in 1868. He was settled in Mansfield for two years, and then removed to South Manchester, Conn., where he successfully practiced medicine for thirty years, receiving the appointment from the Coroner of Medical Examiner of Hartford County.

About fifteen years ago he contracted muscular atrophy. This increased in severity so that for several years he was nearly helpless, but he was cheerful and always a pleasant companion. Dr. Parker died suddenly from the grippe and heart failure, combined with muscular disease, at his home in South Manchester, on February 7, 1901, at the age of 60 years.

He married, on May 8, 1868, Caroline Shepard of New Haven, who with one sister survives him.

## 1881

CHARLES WARREN DANA, son of Charles Hamilton Dana, M.D., and Jane (Warren) Dana, was born in Laporte, Sullivan County, Pa., on November 7, 1855. He studied at Wilkes-Barré, and at the Keystone Academy, Factoryville, Pa. During his course in the Medical School his residence was in New Haven.

Although his constitution was never robust, after graduation he commenced practice in Milford, Pa., but a throat trouble compelled him to give it up. He was an efficient Prohibition worker, and organized clubs in several of the southern counties of the State.

While rescuing horses in a burning stable he fell a victim himself to suffocation and flame, and died in Tunkhannock, Pa., on April 17, 1901, in his 46th year. He was unmarried. He early united with the Presbyterian Church.

## 1898

FREDERICK WALTER HULSEBERG, son of Lieutenant-Colonel Hulseberg, was born on June 20, 1874, in Poonah, India, where his father was an English Brigade Surgeon.

He gained a scholarship at the Maidstone School in London, but in 1887 came to the United States, and prepared for college at St. Austin's, on Staten Island, N. Y. At the age of 16 he entered the office of the Royal Insurance Co. in New York City, but left in order to take the Yale Medical School course.

After graduation he received an appointment in the New York Colored Hospital, but soon became ambulance surgeon at Bellevue Hospital. He successfully competed for the position of Intern in the New Haven Hospital, but as he was anxious for the experience of surgical work in the U. S. Army, he passed the examinations, and was immediately afterward, April 20, 1900, ordered to



Manila. Arriving in the Philippines on June 20, on the transport Logan, he served there till August 1, when he was shot through the heart and instantly killed by insurgents near Majajay, about sixty miles north of Manila. He was 26 years of age. At the time of his death he was Assistant Surgeon of the U. S. Army Hospital.

He was unmarried. Four brothers served as officers in the British army in South Africa. One of them was killed about the time the Logan sailed from San Francisco.

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## YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1844

ANTHONY VANWYCK, son of Richard T. VanWyck, a land owner and farmer of LaGrange and Fishkill, Dutchess County, N. Y., was born in the first-mentioned town, on May 15, 1822. Before entering the Yale Law School he studied in Albany Academy, Albany, N. Y., and during his course in New Haven was a resident of Fishkill.

After graduation he first settled in Davenport, Ia., and then removed to Kenosha, Wisc. From 1862 to 1866 he was Senator from Kenosha County in the Wisconsin Legislature. From 1867 to 1870 he was County Judge of Kenosha County, after which he became a resident of Marietta, Ga., for ten years. After his return to Kenosha he was again Judge from 1882 to 1898. He was Republican candidate for Governor of Wisconsin in 1868, but his nomination was defeated in the convention by one vote.

He traveled extensively in Europe and the East from 1844 to 1849, and gathered the results of his observations and studies in a number of lectures, and descriptive and historical articles for current publications. In August, 1882, he contributed "Shires and Shire Towns in the South" to *Lippincott's Magazine*.

In earlier years he was an elder of the Reformed (Dutch) Church, in Fishkill, while in Marietta a member of the Presbyterian Church and for several years an elder, and during his residence in Kenosha a member and for nearly thirty years a deacon of the Congregational Church.

He died of apoplexy at the home of his son in Milwaukee, Wisc., on December 22, 1900, at the age of 78 years.

He married, on June 6, 1849, Margaret, daughter of Theron Skeel, a merchant, manufacturer and ship owner of Kingston, N. Y. She died in 1894. A daughter died in childhood, but a son who graduated at the Albany Law School in 1876, and a daughter who is the wife of William F. Bennett (Harvard 1868), survive.

## 1846

WILLIAM BURR WOOSTER, son of Russell and Avis (Burr) Wooster, was born on August 22, 1821, at Oxford, Conn. His early life was spent on the farm and in teaching the village school.

After graduation from the Yale Law School, he opened an office in Derby, Conn., where he practiced his profession with eminent success. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1851 and 1861, and in the latter year drafted several bills for the relief of soldiers and their families which were passed that session. He was a Senator from the Fifth District in 1859, also an *ex-officio* Fellow of Yale College.

When the Civil War broke out he organized a company of volunteers, and on August 22, 1862, was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel of the Twentieth Connecticut Volunteers. At the battle of Chancellorsville, May 2, 1863, two horses were shot under him, and he was captured, and shut up in Libby prison for three weeks. The sword which was given him by his townsmen was taken from him, but was recovered a year later. For distinguished gallantry in that battle he was made Colonel by brevet. He was exchanged in time to lead his regiment at Gettysburg. In March, 1864, he was appointed Colonel of the Twenty-ninth Connecticut Volunteer Infantry, colored, and his command was the first to enter Richmond. He resigned August 21, 1865.

After the war he resumed his law practice for twenty years, at first in partnership with Hon. David Torrance (M.A. Yale 1883), afterward Judge of the Supreme Court. Later the firm became Wooster, Torrance & Gager, and on the promotion of Judge Torrance to the bench, it became Wooster, Williams & Gager. Colonel Wooster retired in 1887.

He was President of the Derby Gas Co., and of the Birmingham Water Co., and had been connected with other successful enterprises.

He died of apoplexy at his home in Ansonia, Conn., on September 20, 1900, at the age of 79 years.

He married in 1870, Miss J. A. Wallace, daughter of Thomas Wallace of Ansonia. She survives him without children. A brother graduated from the Yale Medical School in the class of 1857.

## 1860

FRANCIS CHURCHILL BURGESS, was born about 1837, and entered the Law School from Port Tobacco, Charles County, Md.

After graduation he returned to that place, but about 1872 went West and probably practiced law for some time in Chicago. Later he was Assistant Editor of the *Pioneer Press* in St. Paul, Minn. He died of general paresis at the hospital in Rochester, Minn., on April 8, 1900, at the age of 63 years.

WALDO GRAY PERRY, youngest son of John Greenwood Perry, was born on May 16, 1836, at Leicester, Vt. Before entering the Yale Law School he studied at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass.

In 1865 he removed to Washington, D. C., where he held a clerkship in the Post Office Department until 1894. For a number of years previous to his resignation he was Chief Clerk of the Dead Letter Office. Until failing health compelled him to give up active work he was prominently identified with various temperance organizations in Washington.

He died of cerebral hemorrhage, at his home in Washington, on February 23, 1901, at the age of 64 years.

He married at Willimantic, Conn., on April 3, 1861, Miss Mary Annot Hanover, who survives him with two daughters and a son. The son graduated as a Civil Engineer at Columbian University in Washington, in 1894.

## 1877

EDWARD LEE LINSLEY was a native of North Haven, Conn. After graduation from the Law School he entered public life. He was Town Clerk, Judge in the local court for several terms, Assistant Judge of the City Court of New Haven in 1883, and at the time of his death Prosecuting Agent for the towns of North Haven, East Haven, Hamden and Orange. He received the degree of Master of Laws from Yale University in 1878.

He died after an illness of three weeks from typhoid fever at his home in North Haven, on October 18, 1900, at the age of 42 years. His widow, who was Miss Grace Fitch of North Haven,



survives him without children. He left also a brother and two sisters. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

## 1881

PETER DOYLE, son of Patrick and Margaret (Gorman) Doyle, was born in Myshall, County Carlow, Ireland, on December 8, 1844, and went with his parents to Wisconsin in 1850, at first making his home at Franklin, Milwaukee County, and in 1865 removing to Prairie du Chien.

In early life he planned to enter the priesthood, but afterward, however, began the study of law in the office of Butler & Cottrill, and later entered the Yale Law School for his Senior year.

Before coming to Yale he had declined the Democratic nomination as the first mayor of Prairie du Chien. In 1872 he was Assemblyman from Crawford County, and the next year was elected Secretary of State, and reelected in 1875. At the expiration of his term of office he traveled extensively in Europe.

After graduating from the Law School he went to Milwaukee to reside, and established a good practice. There he remained until the summer of 1900, when he removed to Jersey City, N. J., and entered into partnership with H. J. Hoffman of that city.

He delivered a number of addresses which were printed in pamphlet form, among them one at the Catholic Congress at the World's Fair in Chicago in 1893.

Mr. Doyle died of pneumonia at Jersey City, October 27, 1900, in his 56th year. Mrs. Doyle died before him, leaving no children. One sister survives him.

## 1889

WILLIAM REUBEN MATTISON, son of William P. and Sarah C. (Stickle) Mattison, was born in South Shaftsbury, Vt., June 28, 1862. He was prepared for College at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass., and graduated from Amherst College in 1886. The following year he engaged in journalistic work in Waterbury, Conn., and became city editor of the *Republican*. In 1887-88 he was a law student in the office of Kellogg, Burpee & Kellogg in the same city, and then entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation he practiced his profession in Waterbury until 1896, holding also the office of City Clerk in 1893.

On account of ill health he returned to his native place in 1896, and died there of general paresis, April 25, 1899, in the 37th year of his age. He was unmarried.

### 1893

DAVID THOMAS McNAMARA, son of Edmund McNamara, was born on August 26, 1859, at New Haven, Conn. In 1875 he became an apprentice in the printing trade, and before entering the Yale Law School worked on several New Haven papers.

After graduation he practiced his profession in New Haven, and was respected for his sincerity of purpose and faithfulness to duty.

He was a prominent member of the Typographical Union, and at one time president of the Trades Council. He was a member of the Board of Councilmen in 1889, and for the last two years was Examiner of Records in the Department of Public Works. From 1896 to his death he was Secretary of the Democratic State Central Committee.

He died at his home in New Haven, after several months of illness from nephritis, on April 18, 1901, at the age of 41 years. He was unmarried. His mother, a brother and three sisters survive him.

### 1895

JOSEPH ALMERON JOHNSON, son of Almeron J. Johnson, was born on January 11, 1874, in Rochester, N. Y. His mother was Sarah Louise, daughter of Johnson F. Robins, a lumber merchant of that city. His preparatory course was taken at St. John's School in Manlius, N. Y.

After his graduation from the Yale Law School, he went into the shoe manufacturing business with his father, but in 1898 he became a partner in the firm of Harding Sons & Johnson.

During a tour abroad he contracted Roman fever early in the year, and died after an illness of three months at his summer residence, Irondequoit Manor, near Rochester, N. Y., on August 26, 1900, at the age of 26 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church in Rochester.

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1876

JOHN MASON DUTTON, son of Amasa Parmelee Dutton, was born on April 14, 1847, at East Craftsbury, Vt., and graduated at Dartmouth College in 1873.

After completing the course in the Yale Divinity School, he was ordained on June 20, 1876, at Lebanon, N. H., and remained there as pastor nine years. From June 11, 1885, to January 1, 1892, he was pastor at Great Falls, N. H., and during a portion of this time also Superintendent of Schools. For the seven years following he was pastor of the Central Congregational Church in Newtonville, Mass., and then went to the Congregational church at Newport, Vt. After a year's service there his robust health gave way and he became a victim of Bright's disease, from which he died six months later at Newport, on June 17, 1900, at the age of 53 years.

He married, on May 18, 1876, Flora Belle, daughter of E. Chapman Maltby, a manufacturer of silver ware at Birmingham, Conn. Mrs. Dutton survives, with one son (Dartmouth 1900).



## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1859

FRANKLIN BOOTH, son of Samuel and Carrie (Day) Booth, was born on October 13, 1836, in Hartford County, Conn., and pursued his preparatory course of study at Monson (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School, he taught mathematics at the West Jersey Academy, Bridgeton, N. J., and began to study medicine with Dr. Potter. He continued with Dr. Frank H. Hamilton in New York City, and completed his studies at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, graduating there in 1864. He was Assistant Surgeon in the U. S. Army throughout the Civil War.

When peace was declared he started in practice at Holyoke, Mass., but after two years removed to Iowa. Two years later he went to Litchfield, Conn., where he practiced with success for four years. He then married Frances L., daughter of Rev. George Newcomb, of Dedham, Mass., and settled in Newtown, Long Island, N. Y., where he remained through life, a period of thirty years. He was also the health officer of the New York Board of Health for the Second Ward.

Dr. Booth was struck by a trolley car, in the village of Elmhurst, in Newtown, and so terribly injured that both legs had to be amputated. He died shortly after, at St. John's Hospital, on August 19, 1900. He was in his 64th year. He was a member of St. James Protestant Episcopal Church. His widow, two daughters and a son survive. The son graduated at Yale University in 1898.

1867

VOLNEY GILES BARBOUR, son of Volney Giles and Ellen (Atkins) Barbour, was born on June 2, 1842, in Canton, Conn., but removed with his parents to Bristol, Conn. His preparatory course was taken at Suffield, Conn.

The year after graduation he was Assistant in Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School. In 1869 he was called to the professorship of Civil Engineering in the University of Vermont, at Burlington, Vt., and filled that chair for thirty-one years. From 1873, he was also superintendent of the buildings and grounds.

From 1886 to 1888 he was Special Professor of Sanitary Science in the Medical Department of the University.

The city of Burlington owes much to his skill and wise counsel. He was City Engineer from 1871 to 1874, also in 1885-86. He superintended the construction of the Young Men's Christian Association building, and was school commissioner from 1896 to 1900. For many years he was a director of the Mary Fletcher Hospital, and one of the executive committee of the Home for Aged Women. He was active in the organization and support of the Berean Baptist Church, but later became a member of the College Street Congregational Church. He enlisted as a private in the Fifth Connecticut Regiment and served through the Civil War.

For several months he had been unable to attend to his college duties, but recovered sufficiently to take the journey to Minneapolis, Minn., the home of an adopted daughter. The change improved his health, and there was some hope that he would be able to resume his work in the fall. His death, which occurred on June 4, 1901, was the result of accident, and was caused by gas escaping from a stove used to warm the room in which he was sleeping. He was 58 years of age. He received the degree of Civil Engineer from the University of Vermont in 1887.

His first wife was Julia Grout, of Fort Wayne, Ind. In 1892 he married Anna, third daughter of Louis H. Wheeler, of Burlington. She died in 1895, leaving a son, who survives his father.

#### 1868

FRANK MORTON GUTHRIE, son of C. B. Guthrie, M. D., of Orange, N. J., was born on March 19, 1847. During his course in the Sheffield Scientific School his home was in Cincinnati, O., and New York city.

After graduation he was in business in Baltimore and Cincinnati, but for some time before his death he was agent of the Lehigh Valley R. R., at Duluth, Minn.

He married on March 2, 1882, Jane, daughter of William Waddle, M.D., of Chillicothe, O.

Mr. Guthrie died at Chillicothe, O., on December 21, 1900, at the age of 53 years.

## 1873

ALVAH WEED BROWN, son of Josiah T. and Eliza A. (Weed) Brown, was born on July 2, 1854, in Brooklyn, N. Y., and was fitted for the Sheffield Scientific School at Columbia Grammar School.

After graduation he became very successful as an insurance agent, and represented the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

His death occurred at Newport, R. I., on May 28, 1901, by his own hand. He had shot himself the previous night while on board the steamer Plymouth, but the second shot ended his life instantly. He was 46 years of age.

He married, first, on June 14, 1888, Martha D., daughter of John Anderson, of Hackensack, N. J., and second, in 1898, Hélène M. Ward, of New York. He had no children by either marriage.

## 1875

HENRY MORTIMER HASTINGS, son of O. H. and Cassandra (Crane) Hastings, was born on November 7, 1854, and gained his preparation for the Sheffield Scientific School at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation he was connected with the milling firm of O. H. Hastings & Co., in his native place.

His death occurred on April 29, 1901, at Oswego and was due to apoplexy. He was 46 years of age.

He married, on July 20, 1881, Emma, daughter of J. Milton Wright, of Oswego, and had a son, who died at the age of three years.

## 1881

WILLIAM MEEKER WOOD, son of Theodore F. Wood, a banker of Morristown, N. J., was born in that place on August 5, 1868. He was prepared for Yale at Andover, Mass. During his course in the Scientific School he won prizes in mathematics and English composition.

While in Europe he was taken ill, and died in Paris on May 29, 1900, in his 32d year.

He married, in November, 1893, Miss Grace Mosher, who survives him without children.



## 1891

GEORGE PRATT STARKWEATHER, son of John Henry Starkweather, Superintendent of the New Haven Hospital, and Hannah Elizabeth (Winchester) Starkweather, was born on July 12, 1872, in New Haven, Conn.

In the autumn after graduation he became Assistant in Drawing and Applied Mechanics in the Sheffield Scientific School, and in 1895 was advanced to the position of Instructor in the same branches. In 1900 he was appointed Assistant Professor of Applied Mechanics, and in this chair his mastery of his subject inspired the respect and admiration of his students. He received the degree of Mechanical Engineer in 1894, and of Doctor of Philosophy in 1898.

He died suddenly at his home in New Haven, on March 21, 1901, of valvular contraction of the heart, following an illness from mumps. He was 28 years of age. He was unmarried. He was quiet in his tastes, but to his friends he showed himself a stimulating companion.

## 1892

SHERMAN HOYT BOUTON, son of Christopher B. Bouton, was born on September 13, 1870, in Chicago, Ill., and studied at the High School in Hyde Park, Ill., and with a private tutor, before coming to the Sheffield Scientific School. During his course in New Haven he received honorable mention in Freshman year for excellence in all his studies, in Junior year for excellence in mathematics, and in Senior year for excellence in mechanical engineering.

After graduation he entered the Northwestern University Law School, receiving the degree of LL.B. in 1896. He was then admitted to the bar and entered the firm of Heckman & Co. Owing to overwork he was compelled to give up his practice, and spent most of the time during the last two years of his life in Colorado and southern California. He died at his winter home in Dunedin, Fla., on December 6, 1900, of catarrhal *typhlitis*. He was 30 years of age. He was a member of the Kenwood Evangelical Church, Chicago.

He married, on December 30, 1896, Olive Julia, daughter of Oliver C. Ely, of Chicago. She survives him without children.

JOHN BAKER WINSTANDLEY, son of William C. and Alice (Mitchell) Winstandley, was born on November 5, 1871, at Bedford, Ind. Previous to entering Yale he was a student in Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind., also at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in Boston.

During the two years following graduation he was in the building stone business, afterward with Armour & Co., Chicago, two years, then with the Illinois Steel Co., three years, and subsequently with the American Telephone and Telegraph Co., two years, holding the position of chief operator at Chicago at the time of his death. He was an energetic business man, and was held in high esteem by all his associates.

He was drowned in Lake Michigan, near the entrance to Jackson Park, Chicago, on May 18, 1901. He was 29 years of age. He was a member of the Christian Church.

He married, on October 25, 1899, Helen, daughter of Frederick A. Brodhead of Chicago, and formerly of Syracuse. She survives him without children.

#### 1893

GEORGE CONGDON FOUSE, son of Lieutenant George Fouse, Chief Gunner in the U. S. Navy, retired, was born on February 17, 1874, in Washington, D. C. His mother was Patty Congdon (Hammett) Fouse. He was prepared at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and while at Yale received honorable mention for excellence in mathematics during Junior year.

After graduation he was civil engineer in Boston for a year and a half, then returned to New Haven to study in the Graduate School, and afterward entered the Columbian Law School, in Washington, D. C.

At the outbreak of the Spanish War he enlisted as a private in Company D, Fourth U. S. Volunteers. On account of severe illness contracted during his service while stationed at Manzanillo, Cuba, he was honorably discharged at his own request in 1899. He then returned to the Columbian University, from which he received the degree of LL.B. in 1900, and was admitted to the bar. He received the degree of Civil Engineer from Yale University in 1896.

He died from the grippe complicated with lung trouble, at his home in Washington, on February 7, 1901, in his 26th year. He was unmarried.

WILLIAM BUFFUM THOMPSON, son of Charles C. Thompson, a fruit grower, was born in Benton County, Ia., on May 19, 1870. He entered Yale from the Harvard Military Academy in Los Angeles, Cal.

After graduation he studied law and later practiced for a time in New York City, but ill health compelled him to go West. He died of consumption, at Pasadena, Cal., on September 22, 1900, at the age of 30 years. He was unmarried.

## 1895

WILLIAM KING DUCKWORTH, son of George K. and Lucy (Bishop) Duckworth, was born on November 17, 1873, at Cincinnati, Ohio, where he received his preparation for college at a private school for boys. In his Senior year he was a member of the Yale Glee Club.

After graduation he was connected with the Tootle-Weakley Wholesale Millinery Company, of St. Joseph, Mo. He died at Mt. Clemens, Michigan, of typhoid fever, after a brief illness, on June 15, 1900, in his 27th year. He was unmarried.

## 1896

GEORGE HARRY CLARK, son of George H. and Inez E. (Damon) Clark, was born on December 15, 1874, in New Haven, Conn., and completed his preparatory studies at the Hillhouse High School in 1893.

After his graduation at Yale he took a year's post-graduate work, and was then an apprentice with Platt & Whitney of Hartford, Conn., and with the Bullard Machine Tool Co., Bridgeport, Conn. During the last two years of his life he was employed in the drawing office of the Mechanical Department of the Consolidated Railroad.

He died in New Haven of typhoid fever, on January 12, 1901, at the age of 26 years. He left a wife and daughter. He married on May 30, 1898, Maud, daughter of Henry Hoyt, of Stamford, Conn.

CLARENCE ALEXANDER MABIE, son of William Henry and Nancy A. (Magee) Mabie, was born on March 4, 1874, at Tidioute, Pa., and was fitted for Yale at the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa.

The year after graduation he spent at home in helping to close out his father's business, and in June, 1899, removed to Mabie,



W. Va., and engaged in business with the McClure-Mabie Lumber Co.

He died of blood poisoning, caused by hemorrhage following a serious affection of the throat, at Elkins, W. Va., on October 11, 1900, in his 27th year.

HARRY EDWARD TUTTLE, son of Cyrus Warner Tuttle, a manufacturer of West Haven, Conn., was born in that borough, on January 1, 1876, and was prepared for Yale at the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven.

In the fall after graduation he was engaged in civil engineering in Hartford, Conn., but was obliged to give it up owing to ill health. In 1897 he went to Colorado and from there to Redlands, Col., where he died of pulmonary tuberculosis, on December 28, 1900, in his 25th year. He was unmarried. He was a member of the West Haven Congregational Church.

#### 1897

GEORGE ROBINSON TRACY, son of David Dwight and Catherine Mary Tracy, was born on October 6, 1873, in Norwich, Conn., and entered the Scientific School from the Bulkeley School, New London, Conn.

Upon his graduation he entered the employ of the Eastman Kodak Company of Rochester, N. Y. While conducting an experiment in film making in the department of which he was superintendent, he was instantly killed by an explosion of chemicals, on June 1, 1900. He was in his 27th year. He was unmarried.

#### 1899

RICHARD STEELE LAMB, son of Charles Edward and Carrie (Pollard) Lamb, was born in Waterbury, Conn., June 8, 1878, and prepared for Yale at Riverview Military Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and under a private tutor.

After graduation he entered the college of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University, New York. In the latter part of the summer of 1900 he returned to New York, and for some time worked as a staff doctor among the poorer classes in that city. While thus engaged he contracted typhoid fever, of which he died after an illness of two weeks at the Waterbury Hospital, on October 16, 1900, at the age of 22 years. He was a member of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church.

1900

ALFONZO ROCKWELL CLUETT, son of George Bywater and Amanda R. (Fisher) Cluett, was born on December 2, 1878, in Troy, N. Y.

After graduation he was engaged in the extensive manufactory of Cluett, Peabody & Co.

He died of typhoid fever at Troy, N. Y., on December 24, 1900, at the age of 22 years. He was a member of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, and also of its choir.

The gymnasium of St. Paul's School, Garden City, L. I., where he was prepared for Yale, has been dedicated to him.

TRUMBULL KELLY, son of Robert Kelly (Yale 1870), was born in New York City, on April 21, 1879. His mother was Mabel McLellan, daughter of Professor Benjamin Silliman, Jr. (Yale 1837). He was prepared for Yale at Lawrenceville, N. J.

At graduation from the Scientific School he received a Two-Year Honor for excellence in all the studies of Junior and Senior years. He was then employed in the engineers' department of the Cambria Steel Co., at Johnstown, Pa. He died at that place on November 30, 1900, from injuries received in a football game on Thanksgiving day. He was 21 years of age.

# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1824	Benjamin D. Silliman, 95	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 24, '01
1829	Leman W. Cutler, 93	Watertown, Conn.	Feb. 9, '01
1830	Henry Barnard, 89	Hartford, Conn.	July 5, '00
1831	Dwight M. Seward, 89	So. Norwalk, Conn.	Jan. 17, '01
1832	Joshua Huntington, 88	Washington, D. C.	March 23, '00
1832	Edward E. Salisbury, 86	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 5, '01
1832	Alfred Stillé, 86	Philadelphia, Pa.	Sept. 24, '00
1833	Frederick E. Mather, 91	New York City	Nov. 9, '00
1834	Jeremiah R. Barnes, 91	Marietta, O.	Jan. 1, '01
1835	Samuel H. Galpin, 87	Savin Rock, Conn.	Sept. 12, '00
1836	Austin Isham, 87	Roxbury, Conn.	Jan. 19, '01
1836	Giles M. Porter, 85	Minneapolis, Minn.	Feb. 1, '01
1837	Owen B. Arnold, 82	Meriden, Conn.	Aug. 30, '00
1837	Moses M. Baggs, 83	Utica, N. Y.	May 2, '00
1837	William M. Evarts, 83	New York City	Feb. 28, '01
1837	John Hooker, 84	Hartford, Conn.	Feb. 12, '01
1837	Robert H. Paddock, 86	Detroit, Mich.	March 19, '00
1837	William R. Randall, 84	Cortland, N. Y.	Feb. 3, '01
1837	William S. Scarborough, 86	New York City	Nov. 27, '00
1838	James Tufts, 88	Monson, Mass.	Apr. 29, '01
1839	Eugene Edwards, 80	Stonington, Conn.	Oct. 1, '99
1839	Elizur Wolcott, 83	Berkeley, Cal.	March 13, '01
1841	Horace Andrews, 81	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Feb. 13, '01
1841	Flavel A. Dickinson, 81	Silver City, N. M.	Jan. 22, '01
1841	Joseph Emerson, 79	Beloit, Wisc.	Aug. 4, '00
1841	Daniel A. Heald, 82	W. Orange, N. J.	Dec. 28, '00
1841	Albert Paine, 81	Roxbury, Mass.	May 14, '01
1842	Gideon C. Clark, 78	St. Paul, Minn.	Feb. 10, '00
1842	George B. Hubbard, 78	Plymouth, Wisc.	June 17, '00
1842	Albert K. Teele, 80	Milton, Mass.	March 11, '01
1843	Joseph E. Bennett, 82	Manchester, N. H.	Feb. 20, '00
1843	Edward W. Gilman, 77	Flushing, N. Y.	Dec. 4, '00
1843	Samuel M. Parsons, 78	Los Angeles, Cal.	Dec. 13, '00
1843	George T. Pierce, 79	Centerville, Kans.	March 16, '01
1843	John Wickes, 78	Attica, N. Y.	June 5, '01
1844	Samuel M. Brown, 81	Fair Haven, Conn.	Apr. 2, '01



Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1844	John A. Dana, 77	Worcester, Mass.	Sept. 6, '00
1844	William FewSmith, 74	Merchantville, N. J.	June 19, '00
1844	John McLeod, 84	Eastbourne, England	March 6, '01
1844	John P. Marshall, 77	Medford, Mass.	Feb. 5, '01
1844	William M. Smith, 76	Syracuse, N. Y.	May 4, '00
1844	H. Brady Wilkins, 76	Pittsburg, Pa.	Sept. 28, '00
1847	Calvin M. Brooks, 75	Hartford, Conn.	Aug. 13, '00
1847	Thomas M. Finney, 73	St. Louis, Mo.	Oct. 1, '00
1847	G. Clinton Williams, 75	W. Woodstock, Conn.	Jan. 1, '01
1848	James Bird, 74	Great Barrington, Mass.	May 17, '01
1848	Timothy H. Porter, 74	Stamford, Conn.	Jan. 1, '01
1849	Enoch G. Adams, 71	S. Berwick, Me.	Nov. 4, '00
1850	Erastus L. Ripley, 78	Kansas City, Mo.	Sept. 11, '00
1850	Henry M. Tupper, 70	Ormond, Fla.	Sept. 12, '00
1851	John W. Hendrie, 79	Sound Beach, Conn.	Nov. 25, '00
1851	Horace M. Smith, 73	New Haven, Conn.	March 14, '01
1851	George S. Tuckerman, 76	Jamestown, N. Y.	Jan. 18, '01
1852	Charles H. Barrett, 79	Sailor's Snug Harbor, N. Y.	Oct. 7, '00
1852	Henry J. Labatt, 68	Galveston, Tex.	Sept. 8, '00
1852	Henry McCormick, 69	Rosegarten, Pa.	July 14, '00
1852	William L. Rowland, 69	Rockford, Ill.	Sept. 27, '00
1853	Andrew C. Dulles, 68	Philadelphia, Pa.	Feb. 22, '01
1853	Albert E. Kent, 70	Genoa, Nebr.	Jan. 8, '01
1853	Joseph A. Welch, 70	New York City	April 11, '01
1854	James B. Olney, 67	Catskill, N. Y.	Dec. 11, '00
1856	Wilbur Johnson, 69	Canterbury, Conn.	Feb. 9, '01
1856	Benjamin Webb, 69	New York City	Nov. 18, '00
1857	Lyman D. Hodge, 63	Mt. Vernon, Wash.	May 30, '99
1857	Moses Coit Tyler, 65	Ithaca, N. Y.	Dec. 28, '00
1858	Edward M. Mills, 65	Northampton, Mass.	Oct. 6, '00
1861	William H. Higbee, 59	New York City	Sept. 21, '00
1861	John E. Marshall, 61	New York City	Aug. 6, '00
1862	William D. Anderson, 60	New Haven, Conn.	March 8, '01
1862	William P. Ketcham, 59	At sea	Jan. 13, '01
1862	Thomas D. Murphy, 63	Chester, Mass.	May 18, '01
1862	Buchanan Winthrop, 59	New York City	Dec. 25, '00
1863	Charles J. Arms, 59	Providence, R. I.	March 9, '01
1865	Simeon O. Allen, 63	W. Springfield, Mass.	April 22, '01
1866	William L. Griswold, 57	Binghamton, N. Y.	Feb. 6, '01
1867	Henry A. Chittenden, 54	Berkeley, Cal.	Sept. 9, '00
1868	Calvin D. Stowell, 55	Ithaca, N. Y.	Feb. 26, '01
1868	James H. Wood, 52	New York City	March 23, '01
1869	William A. Copp, 57	New York City	April 13, '01
1869	Henry J. Dutton, 55	San Luis Obispo, Cal.	Feb. 15, '01
1869	Henry H. Kerr, 54	Denver, Col.	May 28, '01
1869	Adrian V. S. Lindsley, 53	Nashville, Tenn.	Dec. 28, '00
1870	Benjamin Silliman, 51	New York City	Feb. 4, '01

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1871	Nathan H. Whittlesey, 52	Washington, D. C.	Feb. 20, '00
1873	Frederick W. Adee, 47	Westchester, N. Y.	Aug. 25, '00
1873	Alfred T. Bacon, 48	Denver, Col.	June 4, '01
1873	George T. Bliss, 49	New York City	March 24, '01
1873	William W. Browning, 48	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Oct. 3, '00
1874	Joseph U. Brown, 47	Scranton, Pa.	May 30, '99
1876	Philip G. Russell, 46	Washington, D. C.	July 21, '00
1876	John A. Wells, 45	Englewood, N. J.	May 21, '01
1878	John A. Porter, 44	Pomfret, Conn.	Dec. 15, '00
1879	John L. Franklin, 44	Buffalo, N. Y.	Jan. 3, '01
1881	Arthur E. White, 42	New York City	Feb. 21, '01
1882	Fred J. Brockway, 41	Brattleboro, Vt.	April 21, '01
1884	Charles E. Bedell, 37	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Sept. 28, '00
1885	Edwin F. Norton, 39	Bath, Steuben Co., N. Y.	Sept. 23, '00
1886	Percy Edgar, 35	Battle, Wyo.	Nov. 1, '00
1887	John B. Keep, 34	Brooklyn, N. Y.	April 9, '01
1887	George F. Nesbitt, 35	Mebane, N. C.	Nov. 27, '00
1887	Fred'k R. Whittlesey, 35	Brooklyn, N. Y.	July 19, '00
1888	Arthur White, 35	At sea	April 19, '01
1891	Elijah G. Boardman, 32	Cleveland, O.	July 21, '00
1892	Edward B. Mowbray, 29	New York City	Dec. 9, '00
1892	Horace T. Pitkin, 30	Pao-ting-fu, China	July 1, '00
1893	Alfred H. Jones, 32	Las Vegas, N. M.	Jan. 15, '01
1894	William C. Crafts, 27	Denver, Col.	Jan. 7, '01
1894	Kirk C. McKinney, 30	El Paso, Tex.	Dec. 7, '00
1894	Henry B. Perkins, Jr., 29	Warren, O.	Oct. 19, '00
1894	Walter E. Stewart, Jr., 27	San Francisco, Cal.	March 5, '01
1897	Burt B. Kauffman, 28	Portsmouth, N. H.	Aug. 23, '00
1897	DeWitt L. Sage, 25	Albany, N. Y.	Jan. 1, '01
1897	Alexander Wheeler, 24	Stratford, Conn.	March 30, '01
1898	Robert Callender, 25	Cranston, R. I.	Dec. 31, '00
1899	Coburn D. Berry, Jr., 23	Asheville, N. C.	March 16, '01
1899	John P. Camp, 26	Phoenix, Ariz.	May 20, '01
1899	J. Francis Flynn, 23	Meriden, Conn.	April 17, '01
1900	Arthur E. Ely, 24	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 6, '01
1900	Thomas E. Franklin, 22	Lancaster, Pa.	Oct. 20, '00

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1852	James H. Curry, 73	Shrub Oak, N. Y.	Sept. 24, '00
1854	Moses C. White, 81	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 24, '00
1857	Cortland V. R. Creed, 65	New Haven, Conn.	Aug. 8, '00
1864	Napoleon B. Kenyon, 59	River Point, R. I.	Dec. 3, '99
1867	Julian N. Parker, 60	S. Manchester, Conn.	Feb. 7, '01
1881	Charles W. Dana, 45	Tunkhannock, Pa.	April 17, '01
1898	Fred'k W. Hulseberg, 26	near Majajay, P. I.	Aug. 1, '00

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1844	Anthony VanWyck, 78	Milwaukee, Wisc.	Dec. 22, '00
1846	William B. Wooster, 79	Ansonia, Conn.	Sept. 20, '00
1860	Francis C. Burgess, 63	Rochester, Minn.	April 8, '00
1860	Waldo G. Perry, 64	Washington, D. C.	Feb. 23, '01
1877	Edward L. Linsley, 42	North Haven, Conn.	Oct. 18, '00
1881	Peter Doyle, 55	Jersey City, N. J.	Oct. 27, '00
1889	William R. Mattison, 36	S. Shaftsbury, Vt.	April 25, '99
1893	David T. McNamara, 41	New Haven, Conn.	April 18, '01
1895	Joseph A. Johnson, 26	Irondequoit, N. Y.	Aug. 26, '00

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1876	John M. Dutton, 53	Newport, Vt.	June 17, '00
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## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1859	Franklin Booth, 63	Elmhurst, N. Y.	Aug. 19, '00
1867	Volney G. Barbour, 58	Minneapolis, Minn.	June 4, '01
1868	Frank M. Guthrie, 53	Chillicothe, O.	Dec. 21, '00
1873	Alvah W. Brown, 46	Newport, R. I.	May 28, '01
1875	Henry M. Hastings, 46	Oswego, N. Y.	April 29, '01
1881	William M. Wood, 31	Paris, France.	May 29, '00
1891	George P. Starkweather, 28	New Haven, Conn.	March 21, '01
1892	Sherman H. Bouton, 30	Dunedin, Fla.	Dec. 6, '00
1892	John B. Winstandley, 29	Chicago, Ill.	May 19, '00
1893	George C. Fouse, 25	Washington, D. C.	Feb. 7, '01
1893	William B. Thompson, 30	Pasadena, Cal.	Sept. 22, '00
1895	William K. Duckworth, 26	Mt. Clemens, Mich.	June 15, '00
1896	George H. Clark, 26	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 12, '01
1896	Clarence C. Mabie, 26	Elkins, W. Va.	Oct. 11, '00
1896	Harry E. Tuttle, 24	Redlands, Cal.	Dec. 28, '00
1897	George R. Tracy, 26	Rochester, N. Y.	June 1, '00
1899	Richard S. Lamb, 22	Waterbury, Conn.	Oct. 16, '00
1900	Alfonzo R. Cluett, 22	Troy, N. Y.	Dec. 24, '00
1900	Trumbull Kelly, 21	Johnstown, Pa.	Nov. 30, '00

The number of deaths recorded this year is 155, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is nearly 63 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is :

Class of 1829, Prof. SAMUEL PORTER, of Washington, D. C., born Jan. 12, 1810.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1831, CHAUNCEY AYRES, of Stamford, Conn., born Aug. 14, 1808.





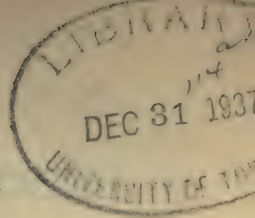
# I N D E X

Members of the *Divinity, Law, Medical, and Scientific Schools* are indicated by the letters *d, l, m, and s*, respectively.

Class		Page	Class		Page
1849	Adams, Enoch G.	46	1895 s	Duckworth, William K.	105
1873	Adee, Frederick W.	71	1853	Dulles, Andrew C.	53
1865	Allen, Simeon O.	64	1869	Dutton, Henry J.	67
1862	Anderson, William D.	61	1876 d	Dutton, John M.	99
1841	Andrews, Horace	27			
1863	Arms, Charles J.	63	1886	Edgar, Percy	80
1837	Arnold, Owen B.	18	1839	Edwards, Eugene	26
			1900	Ely, Arthur E.	89
1873	Bacon, Alfred T.	72	1841	Emerson, Joseph	29
1837	Bagg, Moses M.	18	1837	Evarts, William M.	19
1867 s	Barbour, Volney G.	100			
1830	Barnard, Henry	6	1844	FewSmith, William	39
1834	Barnes, Jeremiah R.	15	1847	Finney, Thomas M.	43
1852	Barrett, Charles H.	51	1899	Flynn, J. Francis	88
1884	Bedell, Charles E.	78	1893 s	Fouse, George C.	104
1843	Bennett, Joseph E.	34	1879	Franklin, John L.	77
1899	Berry, Coburn D.	87	1900	Franklin, Thomas E.	89
1848	Bird, James	45			
1873	Bliss, George T.	73	1835	Galpin, Samuel H.	16
1891	Boardman, Elijah G.	81	1843	Gilman, Edward W.	35
1859 s	Booth, Franklin	100	1866	Griswold, William L.	64
1892 s	Bouton, Sherman H.	103	1868 s	Guthrie, Frank M.	101
1882	Brockway, Fred. J.	78			
1847	Brooks, Calvin M.	43	1875 s	Hastings, Henry M.	102
1873 s	Brown, Alvah W.	102	1841	Heald, Daniel A.	30
1874	Brown, Joseph U.	74	1851	Hendrie, John W.	49
1844	Brown, Samuel M.	38	1861	Higbee, William H.	59
1873	Browning, William W.	73	1857	Hodge, Lyman D.	57
1860 l	Burgess, Francis C.	96	1837	Hooker, John	22
			1842	Hubbard, George B.	33
1898	Callender, Robert	87	1898 m	Hulseberg, Frederick W.	93
1899	Camp, John P.	88	1832	Huntington, Joshua	9
1867	Chittenden, Henry A.	65			
1896 s	Clark, George H.	105	1836	Isham, Austin	16
1842	Clark, Gideon C.	32			
1900 s	Cluett, Alfonso R.	107	1895 l	Johnson, Joseph A.	98
1869	Copp, William A.	67	1856	Johnson, Wilbur	56
1894	Crafts, William C.	84	1893	Jones, Alfred H.	84
1857 m	Creed, Cortland V. R.	91			
1852 m	Curry, James H.	90	1897	Kauffman, Burt B.	86
1829	Cutler, Leman W.	5	1887	Keep, John B.	80
			1900 s	Kelly, Trumbull	107
1881 m	Dana, Charles W.	93	1853	Kent, Albert E.	54
1844	Dana, John A.	38	1864 m	Kenyon, Napoleon B.	92
1841	Dickinson, Flavel A.	28	1869	Kerr, Henry H.	68
1881 l	Doyle, Peter	97	1862	Ketcham, William P.	61

Class		Page	Class		Page
1852	Labatt, Henry J.	51	1897	Sage, DeWitt L.	86
1899 s	Lamb, Richard S.	106	1832	Salisbury, Edward E.	10
1869	Lindsley, Adrian V. S.	69	1837	Scarborough, William S.	25
1877 l	Linsley, Edward L.	96	1831	Seward, Dwight M.	8
			1870	Silliman, Benjamin	69
1896 s	Mabie, Clarence C.	105	1824	Silliman, Benjamin D.	3
1852	McCormick, Henry	52	1851	Smith, Horace M.	49
1894	McKinney, Kirk C.	85	1844	Smith, William M.	41
1844	McLeod, John	39	1891 s	Starkweather, George P.	103
1893 l	McNamara, David T.	98	1894	Stewart, Walter E., Jr.	85
1861	Marshall, John E.	60	1832	Stillé, Alfred	12
1844	Marshall, John P.	40	1868	Stowell, Calvin D.	66
1833	Mather, Frederick E.	13	1842	Teele, Albert K.	34
1889 l	Mattison, William R.	97	1893 s	Thompson, William B.	105
1858	Mills, Edward M.	59	1897 s	Tracy, George R.	106
1892	Mowbray, Edward B.	82	1851	Tuckerman, George S.	50
1862	Murphy, Thomas D.	62	1838	Tufts, James	25
			1850	Tupper, Henry M.	48
1887	Nesbitt, George F.	80	1896 s	Tuttle, Harry E.	106
1885	Norton, Edwin F.	79	1857	Tyler, Moses C.	58
			1844 l	VanWyck, Anthony	94
1854	Olney, James B.	55	1856	Webb, Benjamin	57
			1853	Welch, Joseph A.	54
1837	Paddock, Robert H.	23	1876	Wells, James A.	75
1841	Paine, Albert	31	1897	Wheeler, Alexander	87
1867 m	Parker, Julian N.	92	1888	White, Arthur	81
1843	Parsons, Samuel M.	36	1881	White, Arthur E.	77
1894	Perkins, Henry B.	85	1854 m	White, Moses C.	90
1860 l	Perry, Waldo G.	96	1887	Whittlesey, Frederick R.	81
1843	Pierce, George T.	37	1871	Whittlesey, Nathan H.	70
1892	Pitkin, Horace T.	82	1843	Wickes, John	37
1836	Porter, Giles M.	17	1844	Wilkins, H. Brady	42
1878	Porter, John A.	75	1847	Williams, G. Clinton	44
1848	Porter, Timothy H.	45	1892 s	Winstandley, John B.	104
			1862	Winthrop, Buchanan	62
1837	Randall, William R.	24	1839	Wolcott, Elizur	26
1850	Ripley, Erastus L.	47	1868	Wood, James H.	66
1852	Rowland, William L.	53	1881 s	Wood, William M.	102
1876	Russell, Philip G.	74	1846 l	Wooster, William B.	95





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# OBITUARY RECORD

OF

# GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

***JUNE, 1902,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting at the Alumni, June 24th, 1902]

[No. 2 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 61 of the whole Record]

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UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

GRADUATE OF LAW UNIVERSITY

WILLIAM B. BAKER

# OBITUARY RECORD

OF

## GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

*Deceased during the Academical year ending in*

JUNE, 1902,

Including the Record of a few who died previously, hitherto unreported

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 24TH, 1902]

[No. 2 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 61 of the whole Record]

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### YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1829.

SAMUEL PORTER, eldest of the seven children of Rev. Dr. Noah Porter (Yale 1803) and Hetty (Meigs) Porter, and elder brother of President Noah Porter and of Rev. Giles M. Porter (Yale 1836), was born at Farmington, Conn., on January 12, 1810.

After graduation he taught a short time in the family of a Virginia planter, and from 1832 to 1836 in the American Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb in Hartford, Conn. For two years he was a student in the Yale Theological Seminary, but increasing deafness led him to abandon the idea of entering the ministry. From 1840 to 1842 he was associate editor of the *Congregational Observer* in Hartford, then until 1846 instructor in the New York Institute for the Deaf and Dumb, and for the next twenty years in his former position at Hartford. From 1854 to 1860 he was editor of the *American Annals of the Deaf and Dumb*. On the formation of the National Deaf Mute College, now Gallaudet College, at Washington, D. C., he was appointed Professor of Mental Science and English Philology, and held the chair from 1866 to 1884, when he was made professor *emeritus*, continuing



Auburn Theological Seminary, and took his Senior studies at Princeton Seminary. He was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Geneva and began his ministry at Corning, Steuben County, N. Y., where he was ordained on September 23, 1840. From 1842 to 1845 he was pastor at Fredonia, Chautauqua County, and the next two years at Avon, Livingston County.

In 1847 he was called to the chair of Ecclesiastical History and Church Polity in Auburn Theological Seminary, with which he was connected for fifty-four years, and during the more than forty-five years of his active work therein he exerted a most helpful and stimulating influence upon many since eminent in the ministry and upon the life of the church. He was constantly writing new lectures for his classes, and giving them the results of fresh study and vigorous thought.

In 1866 he was Moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly in St. Louis. He published two volumes, a "Manual of Church Polity," 1878, and a "Liturgy and Book of Common Prayer for the Presbyterian Church," 1883, 2d edition 1886; also wrote occasional articles in magazines and delivered addresses on many public occasions.

He retained his youthful vigor and the healthful use of all his powers to the close of his life, and died at home from the grip on October 29, 1901, at the age of 88 years.

He married on May 15, 1838, Mary Jane Hanson, daughter of Reuben Bostwick Heacock, a merchant of Buffalo, N. Y., and sister of Rev. Grosvenor Williams Heacock, D. D. (W. Reserve 1840). Of his four sons (graduates of Hamilton College respectively in 1863, 1866, 1871 and 1872) three survive, together with a daughter, who married Rev. Myron Adams (Hamilton College 1863). Mrs. Hopkins died in January, 1885.

#### 1835

JOSIAH ABBOTT, third son and fifth of the eleven children of Josiah and Ruth (Estabrook) Abbott, was born in Framingham, Mass., on May 22, 1811. He was prepared for college at the academies in Exeter, N. H., and Amherst, Mass., and joined the class of 1834 at the beginning of Sophomore year, but was soon obliged to leave owing to ill health. The following year he resumed his studies in the class of 1835.

After graduation, he spent a year teaching in Bridgeport, Conn., and two years as a student in Yale Theological Seminary.

He was licensed to preach, and occasionally supplied pulpits, but was never ordained.

He attended two courses of lectures in the Yale Medical School, and completed his medical studies at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Western District of New York, located in Fairfield, N. Y., receiving his degree in January, 1840. He then spent a few months in the hospitals of Boston. His brother-in-law was Rev. Benjamin Schneider, D.D. (Amherst 1830), missionary at Broosa and Aintab, Turkey, and he had himself planned to be a medical missionary, but relinquished his purpose and began practice in Marlborough, Mass. In September, 1843, he removed to Rindge, N. H., where he enjoyed a successful practice for about twenty years. For ten years or more he was a member of the school committee, and in 1860 and 1861 represented the town in the New Hampshire Legislature.

On October 24, 1864, he was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the 13th U. S. Heavy Artillery, then stationed at Smithland, Ky., serving much of the time on detached duty, and in April, 1865, was commissioned Surgeon of the 119th U. S. Colored Infantry, at Camp Nelson, Ky. While on duty there a severe attack of malarial fever unfitted him for further service, and he was discharged in September, 1865.

So serious was the result of this illness upon his nervous system that he was unable to resume practice, but found employment in the care of a small farm. In 1874 he removed to Winchendon, Mass., where he afterwards resided, and where he died of apoplexy on November 27, 1901, at the age of 90 years and 6 months.

He married, on January 5, 1842, Arminda P., daughter of Deacon Joseph and Matilda (Davis) White, of West Boylston, Mass. Mrs. Abbott survives him without children.

#### 1839

WILLIAM BESTOR CORBYN, son of Joseph Perrin and Margaret (Howard) Corbyn, was born in Woodstock, Conn., on June 1, 1814. In 1815 his family removed to Monroe County, N. Y., and he entered college from Henrietta in that county. He taught school before entering college, and during his college course supported himself by teaching and other work.

After graduation he was for four years an instructor in Phillips Academy, in Andover, Mass., where he had fitted for college. While teaching he was also studying to some extent in Andover

Theological Seminary. On completing his theological studies he took orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church, being ordained Deacon in Trinity Church, Boston, Mass., by Bishop Eastburn in 1843, and Priest by Bishop Brownell, of Connecticut, in November, 1844. He helped build up churches in Windsor and Manchester, Conn., after which he went west, and for a year and a half was rector of St. Paul's Church, St. Louis, Mo. In February, 1848, he was appointed to establish an institution of learning at Palmyra, Mo., which became St. Paul's College, and of which he was President until 1857. Under him many of the staunch churchmen of the Middle West received their training. For the five years following he was both preacher and teacher at Payson, Ill. In 1862 he was recalled to Palmyra, where he became rector of St. Paul's Church, and resumed the charge of St. Paul's College, and reestablished the preparatory department. During the Civil War college exercises were suspended and the buildings were occupied for military purposes.

In 1871 he was called to the Church of the Good Shepherd, Quincy, Ill., of which he continued as rector, and for the last few years as rector *emeritus*, until his death. In this church he introduced the first vested choir in the Mississippi Valley, and advocated with tact and success many church observances hitherto unknown there. He was also principal of the High School in Quincy for twenty-one years, delegating a part of his church duties during that time to an associate.

While in St. Louis, he published in 1848, a pamphlet on "The Church: What is it, and Where is it?" He also contributed articles on ecclesiastical subjects to religious papers and magazines, lectured most acceptably on Shakespearean and kindred topics, and wrote many poems which remain uncollected. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from St. Paul's College in 1861.

Dr. Corbyn died of hemorrhage of the bladder, after an illness of three years, at his home in Quincy, on March 28, 1902. He was in his 88th year.

He married, on August 13, 1841, Harriet N., daughter of Deacon Joseph Wright (Yale 1804), and sister of his classmate, Rev. William S. Wright, also of Rev. James L. Wright (Yale 1832). She died in 1843, leaving a son, now a clergyman in the Protestant Episcopal Church. In 1855 he married Mary Frances, daughter of Edward Charles McDonald, who survives him with a daughter. An older brother graduated in the class of 1838.



LEWIS HALL, son of James and Mary (Cheney) Hall, was born on September 12, 1815, at Carroll, Chautauqua County, N. Y.

After graduation he made a tour of scientific exploration up the Mississippi River to the Falls of St. Anthony, and then westward with a party of Sioux Indians. Afterwards, with a party of Chippewas, he followed the St. Croix to its sources, thence went across to Lake Superior, of whose mineral wealth he was one of the earliest explorers.

Returning to Chautauqua County, he began the study of law, and continued it in St. Louis, Mo., where he was admitted to the bar in 1842, but never practiced. He was soon called home to take charge of the extensive land and lumber business of his father, whose health had suddenly failed. In 1849, after the death of his father, he removed to Jamestown, in the same county, which was afterward his home. He was engaged in various lines of business, but principally in the lumber trade. For a few years he was a member of the Board of Supervisors of Chautauqua County, but held no other office.

He died at his home in Jamestown, on April 1, 1902, in the 87th year of his age.

Mr. Hall married, on May 4, 1843, Mary Augusta, daughter of Merritt Davis, of St. Louis, Mo., originally of Worcester, Mass. She is deceased, but a daughter survives him. A brother graduated in 1849, and a sister is the widow of George Starr Tuckerman of the class of 1850.

SYLVESTER SOUTHARD, son of Zebulon and Catharine (Van Voorhies) Southard, was born on June 29, 1817, in Fishkill, N. Y.

After graduation from college he returned to the farm, which he managed with success, and which was his home through life. From his early years he was a member of the Reformed (Dutch) Church, and for many years a deacon and elder. He was a director of the Fishkill National Bank for fifteen years, a trustee of the Fishkill Savings Bank from 1862 to 1877, and active in matters of public interest. About twenty-five years ago he began to lose his eyesight, and for the last fourteen years had been entirely blind.

He died at home of Bright's disease, after a long season of feeble health, on November 6, 1901, at the age of 84 years.

He married on June 17, 1876, Sarah Frances, eldest daughter of John V. and Jeannette (Woolley) Storm of Fishkill. She survives him with a daughter. An older brother graduated in

JOHN CURWEN, son of George F. and Elinor H. (Ewing) Curwen, was born in Lower Merion Township, Montgomery County, Pa., on September 20, 1821, and entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he at once began the study of medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of M.D., April 4, 1844. From September, 1843, to the following June, he was Resident Physician of Wills' Hospital for Diseases of the Eye in Philadelphia, and for over five years thereafter Assistant Physician of the Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane in the same city. He was then a practicing physician in Philadelphia until his election, on February 14, 1851, as Superintendent and Physician of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital, at Harrisburg, for a term of ten years. To this position he was twice reelected for the same period. After thirty years of work at Harrisburg he was chosen, on June 24, 1881, Physician-in-Chief and Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren, Pa., and continued there until his retirement in June, 1900. He had devoted over fifty years to the service of the insane, and was highly esteemed for his thorough knowledge of the many forms of insanity and nervous diseases. He was a commissioner for the erection of the Hospital for the Insane at Danville, Pa., in 1868, and for that at Warren in 1873.

His annual reports of the work at Harrisburg and Warren, and a small volume, a "Manual for Attendants in Hospitals for the Insane," have been published; also, in 1870, a "Report on the Proper Treatment of the Insane," made to the American Medical Association. He has written, besides, a History of the Association of Medical Superintendents of American Institutions for the Insane, of which he had been Secretary since 1858, and a number of memorials on the care of the insane, and delivered several addresses on mental disorders before the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania.

He was President of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania in 1869, and was a member of the American Medical Association, and an honorary member of the American Philosophical Society. He had been a trustee of Lafayette College since 1865.

Upon his retirement from the charge of the Hospital at Warren, he returned to Harrisburg to reside with his daughter. During

his former residence there he had been active in the organization of the Seventh Presbyterian Church and had been trustee and elder for many years. At the last Commencement time he attended and greatly enjoyed his class reunion in New Haven, but immediately after his return to Harrisburg he was prostrated by the extreme heat, and from the effects of that with partial paralysis he died suddenly on July 2, 1901. He was in the 80th year of his age.

Dr. Curwen married, on August 2, 1849, Martha P., daughter of Hon. David Elmer, of Bridgeton, N. J. She died in 1873, and Dr. Curwen married in 1881, Miss Annie I. Wyeth, who died about three years ago, leaving no children. Of the children by the first marriage, only one daughter is living, four daughters and a son having died.

JOHN FOOTE LAY was born in Batavia, N. Y., on May 1, 1822. He was the eldest son of Hon. George Washington Lay (Hamilton College 1817, M.A. Yale 1835) and Olive (Foote) Lay, and grandson of John Lay (Yale 1780), a native of Saybrook, Conn. His father was a Representative in Congress, and from 1842 to 1845 Chargé d'Affaires at the Court of Sweden. The son entered Yale College with his brother George at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his uncle, Hon. Phineas L. Tracy (Yale 1806), in Batavia, and was admitted to the bar in 1844. He did not, however, practice extensively, but devoted himself to everything that would advance the public good. From 1871 to 1880 he was Secretary of the Board of Education, Trustee of the Batavia Union School, and the active member of the building committee which superintended the erection of its fine building completed in 1874. This school is furnished with an excellent library of several thousand volumes, open free to every one in the district. He was afterwards appointed Regents' Examiner at the school. Under his supervision a number of other school houses were erected, and he was constantly seeking the improvement of the school system in some direction. For many years he was Vice-President of the Batavia Cemetery Association, which during this time secured endowments for the perpetual care of many lots. He was a vestryman of St. James' Protestant Episcopal Church. As chairman of the Board of Sewer Commissioners for several years, he rendered an important service to public health. He was deeply



interested in the history of his native village, and his mind was a storehouse of information and reminiscence relating to the early history of western New York. For a considerable time he had been engaged in preparing a genealogy of the Lay family, but did not complete it.

He had not been well for several years, and was accustomed to spend the winter in a milder climate. Since his return from Philadelphia in the spring previous to his decease, he had been confined to the house the greater part of the time. He was not married, but made his home with his brother George in Batavia, and there he died, September 27, 1901. He was 79 years of age.

### 1842

DANIEL LYMAN SHEARER, sixth son of John and Chloe (Baker) Shearer, was born on November 5, 1819, in Palmer, Mass., but early in life removed with his parents to the neighboring town of Ware, and from there entered college.

After graduation he engaged in the wholesale furniture business in Boston, Mass., in company with his brother, Leonard Baker Shearer. Their business prospered, and in 1846 they located a branch house in Richmond, Va., of which he had general supervision, one in 1849 in New Orleans, La., and others later in New York and Chicago. Having a large business and property in New Orleans at the outbreak of the Civil War, he was compelled to remain there during that whole period, managing the business in complete separation from the northern branches.

He was drafted into the Confederate service, but in three days deserted, and remained concealed several weeks in the city until the arrival of General Benjamin F. Butler, before whom he declared his allegiance to the United States Government.

After closing up his business in New Orleans, he left there in 1870, and until 1874 took charge of the New York house. Thenceforward he remained most of the time in Boston, looking after his real estate interests there, making, however, frequent trips to western cities for a similar purpose. He had a warm interest in Yale, and was for many years a regular attendant at Commencement. Through his generous assistance a class letter had been issued annually by the secretary for nearly twenty years past.

Mr. Shearer died at his home in Cambridge, Mass., of pneumonia, on April 17, 1902, at the age of 82 years. He was never married, and was the last survivor of his family.

NATHAN WITTER WILLIAMS, son of Rev. Thomas Williams (Yale 1800) and Ruth (Hale) Williams, was born on March 12, 1816, in Providence, R. I. His father was a pungent and powerful Congregational preacher, who for thirteen years before his decease was the last survivor of his class, and for the last three years of his life the only living graduate of the eighteenth century. His paternal grandparents were Joseph and Lucy (Witter) Williams. During Freshman year his home was in Barrington, R. I., and in Sophomore year in Hartford, Conn.

The year after graduation he taught in East Greenwich, R. I., and the next five years conducted a private school in Philadelphia, Pa. During this time he received instruction in theology in a private class from Rev. Albert Barnes, D.D., and other clergymen of that city, and was licensed to preach by the Fourth Presbytery of Philadelphia at Cedarville, N. J., on April 15, 1846. Leaving Philadelphia in July, 1848, he preached several months for the Congregational Church in South Kingston, R. I., and then became pastor of the Congregational Church in Shrewsbury, Mass., being ordained on February 28, 1849, and receiving dismissal at his own request, after nine years of service, on April 27, 1858. After a western journey occupying several months, on his return to Shrewsbury in November, he was elected by the Republicans a Representative in the Massachusetts Legislature from the Fifteenth District of Worcester County.

From June, 1860, to October, 1863, he resided in Providence, R. I., supplying churches in Danielson and Plainfield, Conn., during a portion of this time. From August, 1863, until the autumn of 1867, he was in charge of the Congregational Church at Peacedale, R. I. He then returned to Providence, which was afterwards his home, and was engaged in business, occasionally supplying pulpits in the city and vicinity.

While a member of the Massachusetts Legislature he published a pamphlet, containing six sermons, under the title "Sovereign and Subject," and in 1877 issued a volume called "The Living God."

In 1882 he succeeded Charles Fabrique as Class Secretary, and his service to the class and his annual Class Letters, continued as long as his health permitted, did much to promote good fellowship among the scattered classmates.

Mr. Williams died of apoplexy at his home in Providence, after a decline of nearly four years, on April 16, 1902. He was 86 years of age.

He married, on July 1, 1846, Frances, daughter of Joseph and Frances Barclay, of Philadelphia, and had two sons and two daughters, of whom one son and the daughters, with their mother, survive. The second daughter is the wife of Rev. James Budden Renshaw, a graduate of the Massachusetts Agricultural College at Amherst in 1873 and of Oberlin Seminary in 1879.

## 1843

JOHN AVERY, son of Robert Stanton and Sally (Crary) Avery, was born August 19, 1819, at Preston, New London County, Conn., his father's farm including a large part of Avery's Plains in that town. He entered college the second term of Freshman year.

The year following graduation he was principal of the academy at Lyme, Conn., and at other times while obtaining his education taught school several terms. In 1844 he began his theological studies in the Yale Divinity School, and completed his course in 1847. He was ordained on June 21, 1848, Pastor of the Exeter Congregational Church, in Lebanon, New London County, Conn., and completed a service there of twenty-five years. At the close of this pastorate in 1873, he transferred his ministry to the adjoining county of Windham, and was acting pastor at Central Village, in the town of Plainfield, five or six years, and at West Woodstock three years. In November, 1881, he accepted a call to Ledyard, New London County, where the church was much strengthened during his ministry of nearly eleven years. In April, 1892, he retired from regular preaching, and removed to Norwich, Conn. He afterward frequently responded to calls for service, and continued in close relation with pastors, being for many years before his death Registrar of the New London County Association of Congregational Ministers.

In 1898, fifty years after his ordination, he preached an anniversary sermon in his old parish of Lebanon, and at the Bicentennial celebration of the First Congregational Church of Preston the same year he presented "Sketches of the Twelve Pastors." In 1901 he completed a "History of the Town of Ledyard," which contains this and other historical papers of much interest.

He was actively interested in educational matters, and was for years a member of the Board of Education of the Falls district of Norwich. He was also an honorary trustee of the Bill Library at Ledyard.



Mr. Avery died of pneumonia, after an illness of ten days, at his home in Norwich, on April 23, 1902, in his 83d year.

He married, on November 6, 1851, Susan Matson, daughter of Reuben and Betsey Burnham (Wait) Champion, of Lyme, Conn., who survives him with one of their three daughters.

BENJAMIN TUCKER EAMES, son of James and Sarah (Mumford) Eames, was born in Dedham, Mass., on June 4, 1818. His parents removed to Providence, R. I., in 1820, and from there he entered college. Before completing his preparation for college he spent four years in active business life. In his Senior year he was President of the Brothers in Unity.

After graduation he taught the academy at North Attleboro, Mass., for about six months, and devoted his leisure to the study of law under the direction of Chief Justice Samuel Ames (Brown 1823). In the spring of 1844 he entered the office of Hon. Belamy Storer (Bowdoin 1821), in Cincinnati, where he remained until the following winter, and was then admitted to practice in the courts of Kentucky. Shortly afterward he returned to Providence, and in May, 1845, was admitted to the Rhode Island bar. Early in his career he declined the position of Judge of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island.

From 1845 to 1850 he was recording and reading clerk of the House of Representatives of Rhode Island, and during part of that time reported the proceedings of the General Assembly for the *Providence Daily Journal*. In 1854 he was elected from Providence to the Senate of that State, and reelected to the same office the next two years, also in 1859, 1863, and 1884. He was a member of the Rhode Island House of Representatives in 1868 and 1869, serving as Speaker in the latter year. In 1857 he was one of the Commissioners for the Revision of the Public Laws of the State. In 1860 he was a delegate to the Chicago convention which nominated Abraham Lincoln for the Presidency. In 1870 he was elected a Representative to the 42d Congress, and reelected to the three succeeding Congresses. He served on the committees on elections and Revolutionary claims, on patents and land claims, and later, during two terms, as a member of the committee on banking and currency.

For a number of years past he had been in poor health, but continued an advisory practice at his law office in Providence. He died after an illness of several weeks from bronchial pneu-

monia, in East Greenwich, R. I., on October 6, 1901, at the age of 83 years. He was a member of the Congregational church.

He married, in Warwick, R. I., on May 9, 1849, Laura S., daughter of Josiah and Asenath (Capron) Chapin, and had three sons and one daughter, of whom the daughter only survives. Two of the sons died early in life, and the other son (Yale 1881) in 1894. Mrs. Eames died on October 1, 1872. An older brother graduated at Brown University in 1839.

ASAHEL AUGUSTUS STEVENS, son of George and Sarilla (Hitchcock) Stevens, was born on December 24, 1816, in Cheshire, Conn. His preparation for college was gained at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

After graduation he began the study of theology, completing his course at Yale Seminary in 1847. He was ordained Pastor of the Center Church, Meriden, Conn., March 15, 1848. Owing to ill health he was dismissed from his charge, December 11, 1854, and during the two years following resided at Cheshire, Conn., and Newton, Jasper County, Iowa. He was then able to resume ministerial duties, and in December, 1856, became Pastor of the Main Street Congregational Church in Peoria, Ill. Ten years later he resigned, and found in farming needed respite from overwork; but in a few months he began to supply the Congregational Church in Lacon, Marshall County, and continued there for three years. He was then recalled to his work in Peoria. In January, 1875, the Main Street Congregational and Fulton Street Presbyterian Churches were united, and of the First Congregational Church thus formed he was pastor until February 1, 1882, when he became pastor *emeritus*. The cornerstone of the present stone edifice was laid by Mr. Stevens in 1876. Two of his sermons were published.

He died of heart failure at his home in Peoria, on July 16, 1901, in the 85th year of his age.

He married in September, 1847, Mary Comstock, daughter of Gideon and Julia (Parker) Bristol, of Cheshire, Conn., and sister of Rev. Sherlock Bristol (Oberlin 1839). Mrs. Stevens died soon after the celebration of their golden wedding in 1897. Three sons, two of whom graduated from the University of Michigan, respectively in 1870 and 1877, and a daughter, survive.

DOUGLAS KELLOGG TURNER, fourth child of Bela and Mary (Nash) Turner, was born on December 17, 1823, in Stockbridge, Mass., but lived during most of his youth with his parents in Hartford, Conn.

After graduation he taught a year in Hartford and studied theology one year each at the Seminaries in Andover and New Haven. He was licensed to preach by the Hampden (Mass.) East Association in 1846, and in the autumn of that year began a service of eighteen months as teacher in the Classical and Select School in Hartsville, in the Township of Warwick, Bucks County, Pa. He was then called to the pastorate of the Neshaminy Presbyterian Church in the same place, and was ordained on April 18, 1848. After an able and devoted ministry of twenty-five years, during which nearly two hundred and seventy-five members were added to the church, he resigned on account of ill health, and closed his work on April 20, 1873, but continued to reside in Hartsville.

He published, in 1876, a "History of the Neshaminy Presbyterian Church, 1726-1876," and a number of papers on historical topics. From 1883 to 1893, he was Librarian of the Presbyterian Historical Society in Philadelphia.

Mr. Turner died of heart failure, at his home in Hartsville, on March 8, 1902, at the age of 78 years.

He married on May 4, 1856, Sarah H., daughter of Robert and Catharine (Galt) Darrah, of Hartsville. After her death in 1863, he married her sister Rebecca, who survives him. There were no children by either marriage.

GEORGE WELTON WARNER, son of Curtis and Minerva (Welton) Warner, was born in Roxbury, Conn., on May 8, 1821.

For three years after graduation he taught an academy at Manning's Neck, Hertford County, N. C. Returning North in 1846, he took a partial course in the Yale Law School, completed his legal studies in Bridgeport, Conn., in the office of the Hon. James C. Loomis (Yale 1828), and was admitted to the bar in August, 1848. From November, 1849, until 1856, he was associated in business with his former instructor, under the name of Loomis & Warner, after which he practiced alone. He was City Attorney in 1860 and 1861, Recorder for several terms between 1862 and 1868, and Judge of Probate in 1865. In 1860 and 1861 he was also President of the Bridgeport Li-



brary Association. A few years since he was President of the Fairfield County Bar Association.

Mr. Warner died of pneumonia at his home in Bridgeport, on December 24, 1901, at the age of 80 years. He was a member of the North Congregational Church.

He married on October 12, 1864, Mary A., daughter of Cyrill and Eliza Pinchot, of Milford, Pike County, Pa. She survives him with one daughter.

#### 1844

CHARLES WHITTLESEY CAMP, son of Joel and Comfort (Whittlesey) Camp, was born at New Preston, Litchfield County, Conn., on October 7, 1821. He was admitted to church membership in 1837. He was class poet at graduation, and occasionally contributed verses to the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

After graduation from college he entered Union Theological Seminary, New York City, and completed his course there in 1847. He then began a service to the Wisconsin churches of forty-seven years, supplying at first the churches at Genesee and Palmyra for about a year. He was ordained on January 28, 1848, after which he was at Genesee until 1853, and pastor at Sheboygan eleven years. From 1864 to 1868 he was pastor at Fond du Lac, from 1868 to 1892 at Waukesha, and from 1892 to 1895 at Hartford. In 1895 he retired from the active ministry, and resided in Waukesha for one year without charge. He then removed to Sierra Madre, Los Angeles County, Cal., where he died of heart disease, on May 8, 1902, in his 81st year.

He frequently wrote for the secular and religious press, especially for *The Puritan*, a church paper, and some of his sermons and addresses were printed, but not in permanent form. He was a charter director of Chicago Theological Seminary from its establishment in 1854 until 1891. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Beloit College in 1894.

Dr. Camp married, on October 27, 1847, Elizabeth Pamela, daughter of Deacon David and Rebecca (Smalley) Whittlesey, of New Britain, Conn., who died in 1895. Of their six children, a daughter and three sons are living, a son and daughter having died in infancy. The surviving daughter married George Patten Whittlesey (Yale 1878).

JOSEPH WILLES BACKUS, son of Elijah Janes and Joanna Rudd (Ellis) Backus, was born on February 19, 1823, in Franklin, Conn.

After graduation he was a teacher for a year and a half in Buffalo, N. Y., the same length of time in Phillips (Andover) Academy, from 1849 to 1851 Tutor in Mathematics in Yale College, and at the same time a student in Yale Divinity School, where he completed his course in 1852. He was licensed to preach by the New Haven West Association in 1851, and ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Blackstone, Mass., on September 29, 1853. In the spring of 1855 he resigned this charge on account of ill health in his family, and the following January was installed at Chaplin, Conn. Near the close of the next year he accepted a call to Leominster, Mass., from 1862 to 1866 was pastor of the John Street Church, Lowell, Mass., and from March, 1867, to 1879 at Thomaston, Conn. Afterward he was four years in Rockville, and then acting pastor in Plainville, retiring from the latter January 1, 1895, after an active service in the ministry of forty-two years.

For about twenty-five years he was a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, a director of the Missionary Society of Connecticut, and trustee of the Fund for Disabled Ministers and their families. He was Moderator of the State Association of Ministers in 1881, and a delegate to the National Congregational Council in Detroit in 1877. In June, 1875, he was chosen a member of the Corporation of Yale University, resigning the office in 1899. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Olivet College in 1895.

Besides a sermon preached at Lowell, Mass., on the "Principles and Results of Congregationalism," and several memorial and other sermons and occasional articles in the press, his published works include addresses on various occasions on "The Present Claims of the Clerical Profession on Christian Young Men," which was repeated by request in Battell Chapel, "Three Eras of Christian Life in America" (*New Englander*, May, 1883), "A Ministry of a Hundred Years Ago" (*Connecticut Quarterly*, 1897), and the "Village Green," at Stockbridge, Mass., in 1889.

Dr. Backus died of heat apoplexy at his home in Farmington, Conn., on July 4, 1901, at the age of 78 years.

He married on August 19, 1852, Martha, daughter of Lucius and Lucia (Burr) Woodward, of Watertown, Conn., and sister of Hon. Asa B. Woodward (Yale 1853), formerly an *ex-officio* Fellow of the Yale Corporation. Mrs. Backus survives him without children.

HENRY BALDWIN HARRISON, son of Ammi and Polly (Barney) Harrison, was born in New Haven, Conn., on September 11, 1821. At the early age of thirteen he began teaching the common school branches in Norwich in return for instruction in Latin. He was fitted for college under Rev. George Thacher, D.D., then a student in the Yale Divinity School, and afterward President of Iowa College, and at the same time assisted in teaching in the Lancasterian School, in which he had previously been a pupil. While in college he was editor of the *Yale Literary Magazine* and valedictorian of his class.

After graduation he entered the Yale Law School and was at the same time a student in the office of Governor Dutton (Yale 1818). He was admitted to the bar in 1848, and began practice. In 1855 he defended and secured the acquittal of Willard Clark, charged with murder, mainly on the then unusual plea of insanity. Later, he made a notable argument before the railroad committee on the petition of the Shore Line Railway Co. for power to bridge the Connecticut river. He soon established a reputation for the thorough preparation and effective presentation of his cases, and was especially successful as an advocate and a corporation lawyer.

In 1854 he was elected by the Whigs and anti-slavery men State Senator from the Fourth District, and was appointed chairman of the committee on incorporations and temperance. His labors in the latter committee resulted in the passage of the prohibitory liquor law. He also drafted the Personal Liberty Bill, which in effect nullified the Fugitive Slave Act of 1851. Upon the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska Bill he acted with the Free Soil party until, in the winter of 1855-6, it was merged in the Republican party. Of the latter he was one of the organizers in Connecticut, and the following spring was its candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

In 1865 Mr. Harrison was elected State Representative from New Haven, and, having declined the Speakership, became the leader on the floor of the House. During this session he won



distinction by advocating an amendment to the state constitution, which erased the word "white" and thus opened the ballot to colored men. In 1873, and also ten years later, he was again Representative from his native city, and in 1883 Speaker of the House. In 1885-6 he was Governor of Connecticut.

In 1880 he gave up the active practice of his profession, but his advice was frequently sought in important legal matters; and he delivered many commemorative addresses, distinguished for their eloquence and polished diction, notably those at the unveiling of the Buckingham monument at Hartford, in 1884, and at the dedication of the monument to the Twenty-seventh Connecticut Volunteers at Gettysburg, in 1885.

He was a director of leading financial institutions, for many years a member of the vestry of Trinity Church, and a useful and influential member of the executive boards of the church.

He was an Alumni Fellow of Yale University from 1872 to 1885, and in the latter year received from Yale the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws.

Governor Harrison died at his home in New Haven, on October 29, 1901, at the age of 80 years.

He married, on June 3, 1856, Mary Elizabeth, sister of Arthur Dimon Osborne (Yale 1848), and daughter of Hon. Thomas Burr Osborne (Yale 1817), formerly of Fairfield, Conn., and afterward Professor in the Yale Law School. They had no children. Mrs. Harrison's death occurred in March, 1900.

#### 1847

HENRY [MARTYN] BRACE, son of Abel Brace, M.D., and Elizabeth (Doane) Brace, was born on May 20, 1828, in Catskill, N. Y.

After graduation he taught school in his native place for three years, then studied law in an office in New York City, and was admitted to the bar in November, 1851. He continued the active practice of his profession until feeble health necessitated his retirement.

He died from acute bronchitis, at Catskill, on July 10, 1901, at the age of 73 years.

He married in 1855, Miss Emeline C. Demarest, and has a son living, a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York (now a department of Columbia University) in 1881.

WILLIAM WELLS CARPENTER, son of John Carpenter, M.D., and Axa (Reynolds) Carpenter, was born on June 16, 1823, at Granville, Washington County, N. Y., and entered Yale from Oberlin College in Senior year.

After graduation he was in New York City until 1861, teaching the first two years, and afterward being engaged in business. He then removed to South Granville, N. Y., where he continued in business until 1872, when he removed to Eatontown, Monmouth County, N. J. He afterward went to Marshfield, Or., where he was engaged in farming during the rest of his life. He gave much study to mineralogy.

He died at home after a long illness from Bright's disease, on May 13, 1902, in the 79th year of his age.

He married, on August 28, 1851, Miss Maria Rogers, of Danby, Vt., who survives him with a daughter, their other daughter and a son having died.

NATHANIEL ALDEN HYDE, son of Nathaniel Hyde, an iron founder of Stafford, Conn., was born in that place on May 10, 1827. His mother was Caroline (Converse) Hyde, a direct descendant of John and Priscilla Alden.

After graduation he entered the Andover Theological Seminary, completed his course in 1851, and then preached in Central Village, in the town of Plainfield, and in Rockville, both in Connecticut. He was Assistant Secretary of the Children's Aid Society of New York City from 1854 to 1856. The next year he was acting pastor at Deep River, Conn., and then supplied the First Congregational Church in Columbus, O., for several months, being ordained to the ministry on December 23, 1857. After a temporary service at the Seventh Street Congregational Church, Cincinnati, O., in 1858 he was called to the pastorate of Plymouth Church, Indianapolis, which had just been organized. Here his work was most successful, and his people reluctantly parted with him only in the larger interests of the denomination and of Christianity, when, in 1868, he became Superintendent of Missions in Indiana. In 1873 he returned to pastoral work, and accepted a call from the Mayflower Congregational Church, in Indianapolis, and continued as pastor for fifteen years, and as pastor *emeritus* to the close of his life.

He was a friend of every good cause, and was prominently connected with many societies for the promotion of their religious

and social welfare. He was for ten years President of the Indianapolis Art Association, and Vice-President until his death; member of the Indianapolis School Board; member of the Marion County Board of Children's Guardians, and President during his later years; President of the New England Society of Indianapolis and Secretary of the Congregational State Association from their origin; President of the Home Missionary Society of Indiana; State Secretary of the Congregational Church Building Society; corporate member of the American Board; trustee of Chicago Theological Seminary and of Wabash College; President of the Yale Alumni Association of Indianapolis since its organization. In 1891 he was a delegate to the International Congregational Council in London. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Marietta College in 1876. Besides occasional sermons and addresses, he published, in 1895, a "History of Congregationalism in Indiana."

Dr. Hyde died from heart failure at his summer home in Ludlow, Vt., on July 19, 1901, at the age of 74 years.

He married, on August 28, 1866, Laura Kip, daughter of Stoughton Alphonso Fletcher, founder of Fletcher's Bank in Indianapolis. She survives him with an adopted daughter.

#### 1848

HENRY HITCHCOCK, son of Hon. Henry Hitchcock (University of Vermont 1813) and Anne (Erwin) Hitchcock, was born on July 3, 1829, at Spring Hill, six miles from Mobile, Ala. His father was a native of Burlington, Vt., Secretary of the Territory of Alabama, Attorney General and afterward Chief Justice of the State of Alabama, a man of the highest character, beloved throughout the State; and his grandfather, Samuel Hitchcock (Harvard 1777), who married a daughter of Ethan Allen, was United States District and Circuit Judge, drafted the charter of the University of Vermont, was Secretary of the same from 1790 to 1800, and trustee from its beginning until his death in 1813. His mother was the daughter of Colonel Andrew Erwin, of Bedford County, Tenn.

After the death of his father, his mother removed with her family first to Kentucky, and then to Nashville, Tenn. There he entered the Junior class in the University of Nashville, and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in November, 1846. Immediately afterward, he came to New Haven and joined the



class then in its Junior year in Yale University, and graduated with the honor of an oration.

From August to November, 1848, he was a law student in the office of Hon. Willis Hall (Yale 1824), Corporation Counsel of New York City, and was then assistant classical teacher in the Worcester (Mass.) High School for a year, after which he returned to Nashville and continued his legal studies in the office of Hon. William F. Cooper, LL.D. (Yale 1838), later a Justice of the Supreme Court of Tennessee. In September, 1851, he settled permanently in St. Louis, Mo., was admitted to the bar in October, and began practice. During the year 1852, he was assistant editor of the St. Louis *Intelligencer*, and represented that paper at the National Whig Convention in Baltimore, but afterward devoted himself entirely to the practice of his profession.

In 1872 he formed a partnership with George W. Lubke and John Preston Player, and the firm of Hitchcock, Lubke and Player, thus formed, continued until 1882, when Mr. Lubke was elected a Judge of the Circuit Court, soon after which Mr. Player died.

Mr. Hitchcock then practiced alone for two years, and in 1884 formed a limited partnership with Judge George A. Madill and Hon. Gustavus A. Finkelnburg, which expired in 1890. He continued with the latter until July, 1891, and afterward again practiced alone. He devoted himself especially to equity, corporation and constitutional law.

For over forty years he was deeply interested in Washington University, St. Louis, of which he became a director in 1859, and Vice-President in 1886. In August, 1867, he helped organize its Law Department, known as the St. Louis Law School, and for the first twelve years was Dean. He was also Professor of various departments of law until his retirement in 1884.

After Lincoln's debate with Douglas on the Kansas-Nebraska question, he joined the Republican party and became an active opponent of slavery. In January, 1861, he was elected a member on the "Unconditional Union" ticket of the Missouri State Convention, which was called by the Secession Legislature to consider the relations of Missouri to the Union, but which disappointed expectations, and deposed both Governor and Legislature, and for more than two years carried on a provisional State government. He took an active part in its proceedings, and attended all its sessions until its final adjournment on July 1, 1863.

He had earnestly desired active service in the war, and as soon as the Union interests in his own state permitted, he entered the army and was appointed Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. Volunteers, and from October 1, 1864, to the close of the war served as Judge Advocate on the personal staff of General Sherman. He was with the latter on the "March to the Sea," and in the subsequent campaign through the Carolinas, and carried to Washington the dispatches announcing the "Sherman-Johnston truce." He was brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel, and honorably mustered out of service on June 23, 1865.

After the war he spent four months in European travel. Five years later, owing to the failure of his health, he made a voyage to visit his brother, Ethan Allen Hitchcock, who was then engaged in business in Hong Kong, China, and is at present Secretary of the Interior.

In August, 1871, he was one of the delegates who organized at Newport, R. I., the National Civil Service Reform League, and from that date was a member of its Executive Committee. He was one of the fourteen signers of the call which resulted in the formation, in August, 1878, at Saratoga, N. Y., of the American Bar Association, and served several years on standing and special committees, notably on the Committee on the Relief of the United States Supreme Court. He prepared the majority report advocating the plan afterward substantially followed by Congress in creating United States Circuit Courts of Appeal. He was elected President of the Association in 1889.

In 1880 he helped organize the Missouri State Bar Association, of which he was President in 1881.

In April, 1896, he was a delegate from Missouri to the American Conference on International Arbitration, held at Washington, D. C., and took part in its debates, earnestly advocating an international arbitration treaty with England.

He delivered addresses on various subjects of professional and public interest, including the annual address before the New York State Bar Association in January, 1887, on "American State Constitutions," afterwards published in the series called "Questions of the Day;" the annual address before the American Bar Association the same year on "General Corporation Laws;" in March, 1889, an address before the Political Science Association of the University of Michigan on the "Development of the Constitution as Influenced by Chief Justice Marshall," which, with

other lectures by well-known lawyers, was published in a volume entitled "Constitutional Law"; and at the Centennial celebration of the organization of the Supreme Court of the United States, in New York, in February, 1890, an address on "The Exercise of the Powers of the Court," a historical review of the principal decisions on Constitutional questions. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Yale College in 1874.

Since the establishment of the Missouri Botanical Garden at St. Louis by bequest of Mr. Henry Shaw, in 1889, he had been Vice-President of the Board of Trustees.

Mr. Hitchcock died at his home in St. Louis, after an illness of several weeks from heart disease, on March 18, 1902, in his 73d year.

He married, on March 5, 1857, Mary, eldest daughter of George Collier, a prominent merchant of St. Louis, and had two sons, graduates of Yale respectively in 1879 and 1890, who, with their mother, survive.

#### 1849

ISAAC EDDY CAREY, son of James and Elizabeth (Eddy) Carey, was born on July 29, 1822, at Locke, on the southern border of Cayuga County, N. Y.

The year following graduation he was Tutor in Beloit College, and then entered Auburn Theological Seminary, completing his course in 1853. He united with the church in Kiantone, near the Pennsylvania border of Chautauqua County, N. Y., in 1836, and was licensed to preach in June, 1852. He preached for several months in 1853-4 in Springville, a village in Concord township, Erie County, N. Y., and was ordained to the ministry by the Presbytery of Buffalo in January, 1854. In July following he became pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Freeport, Ill., and remained there until his removal in 1857 to Peoria, Ill. There he founded the Fulton Street Church, of which he was pastor two years. From 1860 to 1862 he was settled over the First Presbyterian Church, in Keokuk, Ia., after which he returned to his former charge in Freeport, and remained seven years, continuing to reside in Freeport until 1873. He then preached for two years at Waterloo, Ia., and eight years in Huntsburg, Geauga County, O. In October, 1883, he became pastor of the Congregational Church, in Claridon, in the same county. Closing this pastorate in September, 1890, he resided for three years in Chardon,



a neighboring town and the county seat, without charge, and afterward removed to Oberlin, O.

He published several occasional sermons, and wrote for the *Christian Union* a series of articles on "The Curse of Christendom, or Sectarianism and its Evils."

Mr. Carey died at Huntsburg, his former parish, after an illness of ten days from the grip, on March 6, 1902. He was 79 years of age. The burial was at Oberlin.

He married, on January 1, 1851, Eliza Ann, daughter of Stephen and Ann (Swift) Wright, of Auburn, N. Y. She died in 1871, and in 1873 he married Lucy Anna, daughter of John and Emily (Newton) Irwin, of Galesburg, Ill., who survives him, with a daughter and twin sons, also a son and two daughters by his first marriage. One daughter is a graduate of Lake Erie College, another of Oberlin College, and the other is an undergraduate in Oberlin.

FRANKLIN WOODBURY FISK, son of Ebenezer and Hannah (Proctor) Fisk, was born on February 16, 1820, at Hopkinton, N. H. His middle name was the family name of his maternal grandmother. He was the youngest but one of seven children, and left home at an early age, working for a time in a factory in Lowell, Mass., and while preparing for college alternately studying at Phillips (Andover) Academy and teaching in various places.

He graduated as valedictorian of his class, and immediately entered the Yale Divinity School. From 1851 to 1853 he was also Tutor in Yale University. Part of the following year he spent as resident licentiate at Andover Seminary, and then traveled in Europe. On account of an affection of the eyes he gave up the idea of taking a pastorate, declining several calls, and accepted the professorship of Rhetoric and English Literature in Beloit College, which he held from 1854 to 1859. In January, 1857, he was appointed to the chair of Sacred Rhetoric in Chicago Theological Seminary, but was not inaugurated until April 28, 1859, when he was also ordained to the ministry. The active work of this professorship he retained until 1900, and was thus brought into close personal touch with a very large number of Congregational ministers now active. From 1887 he was President of the Faculty of the Seminary, and his service as administrator and builder was of the highest value. He was made professor *emeritus* the year before his death.

As a preacher he was highly esteemed. He was acting pastor of the Union Park Congregational Church from January, 1860, to October, 1866, and served the First Presbyterian Church for a year, also the Second Presbyterian Church for some time.

In the winter of 1871-2 he attended lectures at the University of Berlin, and then visited Greece, Arabia, Egypt and Palestine. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Olivet College in 1865 and from Yale in 1886, and the degree of Doctor of Laws from Beloit College in 1888.

His "Manual of Preaching," issued in 1884, contains the substance of his lectures for many years, and is used as a text-book in several institutions.

Professor Fisk had been suffering from a serious stomach trouble for a long time, and spent the winter before his decease in California. He died at his home in Chicago on July 4, 1901, at the age of 81 years. The funeral service was held in Fisk Hall, one of the Seminary buildings named in his honor.

He married, on March 29, 1854, Mrs. Amelia Allen (Bowen) Austin, of Woodstock, Conn. She died in 1881, leaving two sons, graduates respectively of Beloit College in 1878 and Yale in 1883, and a daughter who married Walter May Fitch, M.D. (Rush Medical College 1885). In 1886 Professor Fisk married Mrs. S. Jennette Hitchcock, widow of a Chicago physician, who survives him.

ALBERT GALLATIN GREEN, son of John and Catharine Huber (Bright) Green, was born at Reading, Pa., on December 6, 1828.

After graduation he returned to Reading, read law in the office of Judge David B. Gordon, was admitted to the bar on November 11, 1851, and acquired an extensive and lucrative practice, which he continued in his native city until the day of his death. He was for a time city auditor and for two years president of the Board of Education. He was interested in many matters outside of his profession, and active in securing legislation concerning fish and game. In his later years he devoted much time to research in local history, and published a "Historical Sketch of the Bright Family." He had been president of the Berks County Historical Society since its reorganization in 1898. During the Civil War he served in the State Militia in the "Emergency Campaign" of September, 1862.

For some years past he had suffered from pulmonary trouble, but died suddenly at his home on May 22, 1902, at the age of 73 years.

He was a member of the First Universalist church (now the Church of Our Father), of which his father was one of the founders and for many years superintendent of the Sunday school.

He married, on June 10, 1856, Rebecca, daughter of William P. and Elizabeth (Miller) Dickinson, of Reading, Pa., who survives him with three sons and four daughters, a daughter having died in early childhood. Two sons graduated at Yale University, respectively in 1877 and 1885, and a brother in 1852.

WILLIAM HUNTING JESSUP, eldest son of Judge William Jessup, LL.D. (Yale 1815), and Amanda (Harris) Jessup, of Montrose, Pa., was born in that town on January 29, 1830, and joined his class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation, he immediately began the study of law with his father, and during a portion of the next two years was also engaged in teaching. In November, 1851, he was admitted to the bar, and at once to partnership with his father. His earnestness and thoroughness soon made him one of the most successful lawyers in that part of the state. In 1877 he was appointed Presiding Judge of the Thirty-fourth District of Pennsylvania, but retired from the bench in January, 1879, and resumed his practice, which extended throughout the state. He was often counsel in cases before the appellate courts, where his grasp of legal principles, and accurate knowledge of common and statute law and decisions made him a powerful advocate. In 1889 he removed to Scranton, and was at first in partnership with Isaac J. Post (Yale 1860), and after the latter's death successively with Horace E. Hand and his son, William H. Jessup, Jr. (both Yale 1884), under the firm name of Jessup & Jessup.

Although never a seeker for office, he was ever ready to serve his neighborhood, state, or country, and was early a member of the Borough Council, Town Clerk, Treasurer of the Corporation, and President of the School Board, of Montrose. From 1863 to 1866 he was Assessor of Internal Revenue for his district. He assisted at the organization of the Republican party in his native town, and in every campaign his speeches were most effective. He was a delegate to the National Republican Conventions of 1864, 1868, and 1884.



Upon the threatened invasion of Pennsylvania by the Confederate army he enlisted, in September, 1862, as a private in the "Rough and Ready Guard," of which he became Captain in June, 1863. During the same summer he was Major of the 28th Infantry Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, and from 1871 to 1875 was Major-General of the Tenth Division of the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

In early life he joined the Presbyterian Church in Montrose, and for over forty years was an elder, and for more than twenty-five years superintendent of the Sunday School of the same, and just previous to his death had accepted an appointment as teacher of a Bible class in the First Presbyterian Church in Scranton. He was frequently a delegate to the ecclesiastical councils of his denomination, and was interested in every enterprise of the church at home and abroad.

Judge Jessup died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Scranton, after a day of active work in his law office, on January 16, 1902, in the 72d year of his age. He was a man of intense energy and untiring industry.

He married, on October 5, 1853, Sarah Wilson, daughter of Nelson Jay, of Belvidere, N. J., who survives him with four of their six children,—a son (Yale 1884) and three daughters. Two brothers (respectively B.A. 1851 and Hon. M.A. 1863) have for many years been missionaries at Beirut, Syria.

**WILLIAM BROWN LEE** was born in Madison, Conn., on August 30, 1828, and was the son of Jonathan Trumbull and Betsey Barnes (Judd) Lee.

The year after graduation he taught in Branford, Conn., and then entered the Seminary at East Windsor (now Hartford), Conn., completing his studies there in July, 1853.

He was licensed to preach by the Hartford North Association on June 1, 1852. On August 9, 1853, he was settled over the then recently organized Center (Congregational) Church in Fair Haven, in the town of New Haven, Conn., and remained there nearly seven years. This church ceased as a separate organization soon afterward. From Fair Haven he was called to the Genevan Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn, N. Y., of which he was pastor from 1860 to 1871. In 1864 he spent six months in Europe. From 1873 to 1875 he was pastor of the First Congregational Church in Portland, Conn., where he continued to

reside until 1879, when he accepted a call to the Presbyterian Church in Yaphank, Suffolk County, N. Y. Four years later he went to the Pacific Coast, and was settled over the First Presbyterian Church in Olympia, Wash. In January, 1890, he resigned this pastorate and went to Colorado for the benefit of his health. In July, 1891, he took up his residence at Mount Tabor, a suburb of Portland, Or., and engaged in evangelistic work, and in September, 1901, removed with his wife to Spokane, Wash., to reside with their only daughter.

He was Moderator of the Presbytery of Puget Sound in 1885, and delegate to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Saratoga, N. Y., in 1894. He was actively interested in the management of the public schools during most of his residence in Fair Haven and Portland. He published "The Coming Kingdom," "The Whole Counsel of God," and other sermons, and continually contributed to the *Presbyterian*, *Advance*, *Christian Union*, and other papers. In 1888 the University of Washington conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity.

He died after a long illness from cerebral embolism at the home of his daughter in Spokane, Wash., on November 3, 1901, at the age of 73 years.

He married, on June 7, 1854, Elizabeth Payson, daughter of Edward and Suviah (Marston) Howe, of Portland, Me. Of their seven sons and one daughter all are living except one son. Four of the sons graduated at Williams College, and three of these are Presbyterian pastors in Cincinnati, Ohio, the fourth being President of Albany (Or.) College.

MARK BURNHAM MOORE, son of Andrew and Ruth (Burnham) Moore, was born at Bedford, Hillsboro County, N. H., on July 4, 1821. During his college course his home was at Shelby, Orleans County, N. Y.

After graduation he taught for two years in Meriden, Conn., and spent the next two years in the study of law in Lockport and Buffalo, N. Y. He was admitted to the bar on April 27, 1852, and from July of that year until the following May was in the office of Haven & Smith in Buffalo. For nearly fifty years thereafter and until his death he practiced his profession in that city, and for about twenty-five years in partnership with Hon. George R. Babcock.

Mr. Moore died suddenly on May 27, 1902, while conversing with a friend whom he chanced to meet at Ocean Park, in the suburbs of Buffalo. He was in the 81st year of his age. He was for some years vestryman of St. Paul's Church, but was later a member of Trinity Church.

He married, on May 13, 1856, Matilda C., daughter of Dr. Gardner Barlow (M.D. Yale 1845), of Meriden, Conn., who survives him. They had no children.

## 1850

ALBERT PIERSON CONDIT, second of three sons and fourth of the seven children of Stephen and Phebe S. (Pierson) Condit, was born on December 10, 1829, in Orange, N. J. His mother's grandfather was one of the incorporators of the place in 1783.

After graduation Mr. Condit studied law in the office of Mr. Van Arsdale, and was admitted to the bar in November, 1853. At the outbreak of the Civil War he was intrusted with the practice of Hon. William Pennington (Princeton 1813), while the latter was absent in Washington as Speaker of the House of Representatives, and afterward practiced his profession in Newark until his retirement in 1890. He was at one time County Clerk, and was a member of the New Jersey State Legislature in 1866, 1867, and 1871, in the last year being elected Speaker of the Assembly. His advice on business matters was highly valued, and he was a director of many of the leading financial and insurance corporations of Newark. He became a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Orange soon after graduation.

For two years past his health had been poor, and he died of a complication of diseases, at his home in West Orange, on December 14, 1901, at the age of 72 years. He was unmarried. Two brothers graduated from Yale in 1848 and 1856 respectively.

JOHN ALPHEUS WOODHULL, son of Richard and Frances (Greene) Woodhull, was born on October 30, 1825, at Ronkonkoma, Suffolk County, N. Y.

The year after graduation he studied at Bangor Theological Seminary, then at Yale, and graduated at Auburn Seminary in 1853. He was licensed by the Long Island Consociation in January, 1852. He preached first at Union Center, Broome County, N. Y., and then a few months at the Presbyterian Church in Greenport, Suffolk County. In the autumn of 1855 he



took charge of the Congregational Church at Wadham's Mills, Essex County, N. Y., where he was ordained pastor, January 1, 1856. In May, 1858, he closed his work there, and went to New Village, Suffolk County; thence in August, 1859, to Commack, where he remained seven years, and in 1866 to Northfield, where he remained three years—also in his native county. From 1869 to 1872 he was at New Preston, Conn., and from 1872 to October 1, 1880, at Groton, Conn., where he was installed on December 24, 1873, over the church of which his classmate, Rev. Samuel Watson Brown, was pastor at the time of his death in 1866. For the next five years he was again in Suffolk County, N. Y., this time at Baiting Hollow, then three years at Middlefield, Mass., and from 1889 to 1896 in Plainfield, Mass. At the close of his work in Plainfield, after an active service in the ministry of over forty years, he retired, and afterward resided in Chicago. He united with the Congregational Church in Mount Sinai, L. I., in 1838. In 1877 he published a "Review of the Congregational Church, Groton, Conn., with Sketches of its Ministers, from 1704-1876."

Mr. Woodhull died at his home in Chicago, on February 1, 1902, in his 77th year.

He married, on July 20, 1853, Joanna, daughter of Deacon Joel Brown, a farmer of Rocky Point, in the town of Brookhaven, L. I., and had five sons and three daughters, of whom one son and two daughters have died. Two sons graduated at Yale in 1880 and 1885 respectively, a brother in 1862, and a daughter at Smith College in 1888.

## 1852

HENRY SEYMOUR SANFORD, son of Hon. David Curtis Sanford, of New Milford, Conn., Judge of the Supreme Court of Connecticut, and Amelia Selina (Seymour) Sanford, was born on March 1, 1832, in Norwalk, Conn., but entered college from New Milford, Conn.

After graduation he studied law with his father, also in Washington, D. C., with his uncle, Chief Justice Origen S. Seymour (Yale 1824), then a Representative in Congress, and in the Yale and Harvard Law Schools. He was admitted to the bar on August 16, 1854, and for ten years practiced his profession in New Milford.

In July, 1861, he received a severe injury of the spine, which resulted in paralysis, and disabled him from walking. His health was at length fully restored, but he still found it necessary to use a wheeled chair, and was accustomed to make his arguments while sitting. In 1864 he removed to Bridgeport, and soon acquired a large practice. Upon his retirement in 1893 he again made his home in New Milford.

While temporarily living in New York, he wrote to the *New York Times* a widely published letter which led to the formation of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. In 1871 he drew up the scheme of the New Milford Village Improvement Society, which formed the model of many similar societies elsewhere.

He died at his home in New Milford, on November 2, 1901, at the age of 69 years.

He married, on June 13, 1865, Sophia Claffin, daughter of Samuel Daniels, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who died on April 2, 1897. Two sons, the younger a graduate of the Yale Law School in 1895, and one of their two daughters, survive.

#### 1853

HENRY HARPER BABCOCK, son of Sidney and Susan (Thompson) Babcock, was born on July 24, 1833, in New Haven, Conn.

For about four years after graduation he was a clerk for his father, who for many years conducted a book store on Chapel street, New Haven. In 1857 he engaged in business in New York, but in 1859 returned to New Haven and was for twenty years associated with his father in the Palladium Building on Orange street. After the retirement of his father in 1880, he continued the business, which included publishing as well as bookselling. In 1886 he was appointed Deputy Collector of Customs for the port of New Haven, and from 1895 to 1899 was Collector of Customs. After his retirement from this office he contracted for considerable printing for parties in New York.

Mr. Babcock had suffered for several months from cancer of the stomach, but was not confined to his house until a week before his decease, which occurred on December 2, 1901. He was 68 years of age. His acquaintance among Yale graduates was very large, and many remember his very frequent services to them in New Haven. He was never married. Two sisters survive him, one the widow of Eli Whitney Blake, M.D. (Yale 1839).

ALBERT WEBB BISHOP, son of Calvin and Emily (Webb) Bishop, was born on January 8, 1832, in Alden, Erie County, N. Y., but joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year from Brooklyn, N. Y.

The year after graduation he was principal of Cortland Academy, Cortland, N. Y. He then studied law two years in Buffalo, was for a time connected with the firm of Bowen & Rogers, and afterward practiced by himself until 1860, when he removed to LaCrosse, Wisc. From there he enlisted in the U. S. Army in August, 1861, as Second Lieutenant of Battery A, First Wisconsin Light Artillery, and was afterward Captain of the Second Wisconsin Cavalry Volunteers. He was then Lieutenant-Colonel of the First Arkansas Cavalry Volunteers, Chief of Cavalry of the District of Southwestern Missouri, and commanded the post of Fort Smith, Ark. In 1864 he was appointed Adjutant-General of Arkansas, and in order to devote his attention fully to the office, resigned from the Army in 1865.

Two years later he became Register in Bankruptcy for the Second District of Arkansas, and held that office until 1873. In 1871 the Arkansas Industrial Institute at Fayetteville was established by the Legislature, and General Bishop became Treasurer and one of its trustees, and from 1873 to 1875 was President. In 1875 he was again appointed Adjutant-General of the State, and the next year was the Republican candidate for Governor of Arkansas. During most of his residence in the State his home was in Little Rock, where beside his official duties he carried on his law practice. In 1879 he returned to Buffalo and continued the practice of his profession. He was a public-spirited man, and was one of the founders of the Young Men's Association, which preceded the Public Library. He was the author of "Loyalty on the Frontier."

General Bishop died suddenly of heart disease at Buffalo, on November 29, 1901, in his 70th year.

He married on September 15, 1857, Maria L., daughter of Henry and Hannah (Hamlin) Woodard of Cortland, N. Y. She died in Buffalo in 1860, and in 1871 General Bishop married Kate Compton, of Little Rock, Ark. A daughter by the first marriage survives him.

WILLIAM MILLER HUDSON, son of William and Anna (Miller) Hudson, was born on March 14, 1833, in Hartford, Conn. He



was one of the first students to complete the course in the Hartford High School.

Two years after graduation at Yale he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, after which he devoted two years to medical study in Paris, taking special courses in surgery under Professors Nélaton and Trousseau, and was afterward for a time in St. Bartholomew's Hospital in London. He then began practice in New York City, and was for some time connected with the Northern Dispensary there. In 1862 he was Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army. Upon the expiration of this service he followed his family to Hartford, which was afterward his home, and in which he practiced until 1869. In that year he was appointed State Fish Commissioner and held the office for twenty-five years. From 1881 to 1891 he was also a member of the Shell-Fish Commission. He was an auditor of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, representing particularly the stockholders, Vice-President of the American School for the Deaf at Hartford, and a member of the city, county and state medical societies, and of the Connecticut Historical Society. From 1867 to 1871 he served his city in the common council, being president for one term, and in 1872-3 was a member of the board of aldermen.

He died, of appendicitis, at his home, after an illness of only a few days following his return from the Bicentennial celebration, October 30, 1901, at the age of 68 years. He was admitted to membership in the Center Church, Hartford, in 1849, and for a large part of the time since 1875 had been a member of its prudential committee.

Dr. Hudson married, on May 4, 1858, Ellen Hieskell, daughter of Timothy Matlack and Elizabeth (Hieskell) Bryan of Philadelphia, who survives him with two daughters and a son. Two daughters died in infancy.

KINSLEY TWINING, son of Alexander Catlin Twining (Yale 1820) and Harriet Amelia (Kinsley) Twining, and grandson of Stephen Twining (Yale 1795), was born on July 18, 1832, at West Point, N. Y. He entered college from Middlebury, Vt., where his father had been for a number of years Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, but in 1852 the family removed to New Haven.

After graduation he studied theology in the Yale Divinity School, was licensed by the New Haven Central Association in 1856, was a resident licentiate at Andover Seminary in 1858, and on August 26 of that year was ordained and installed pastor of the Congregational Church in Hinsdale, Mass. On account of the illness of his wife, which soon proved fatal, he resigned this charge and went to California in 1864. He preached in the First Congregational Church, San Francisco, in 1864-5, after which he traveled to restore his own impaired health. Returning East, he was settled on September 12, 1867, over the First Congregational Church, Cambridgeport, Mass. This charge he resigned in the spring of 1872 to accept the call of the Union Church, Providence, R. I., which was then just completing its new house of worship. In November, 1875, he closed this pastorate, and spent several years in travel and residence in Europe.

In September, 1880, he became literary editor of the New York *Independent*, and continued in this congenial relation until, in 1899, he joined the staff of *The Evangelist* in a similar capacity. The high standard and evident sincerity and impartiality of his critical work made it more than usually valued.

While in Providence he compiled "Hymns and Tunes," which was an acceptable aid in promoting congregational singing, and he contributed to literary and scientific journals various essays and papers, the authorship of which was disclosed to few. In the study of Shakespeare he took especial delight. Having succeeded Mr. Train as Class Secretary in 1888, he issued a "Supplementary History" in 1893, and a second one in 1899.

His friendships were many and lasting, and his kindness to younger men will be long remembered. During the last twenty-one years of his life his home was in Morristown, N. J., where his interest was active in every good cause. In church work he was an efficient helper, and his occasional sermons were highly appreciated for deep spirituality, breadth of knowledge, and literary excellence.

He received the degree of D.D. from Yale in 1884, and of L.H.D. from Hamilton College in 1893. Twin brothers graduated at Yale (respectively B.A. and Ph.B., 1859), his father's brother received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1825, while one of his father's sisters married Rev. Seagrove W. Magill, D.D. (Yale 1831), and another became the wife of Prof. James Hadley, LL.D. (Yale 1842), the father of President Hadley.

Dr. Twining attended the Bicentennial celebration, but while in New Haven was suddenly taken ill, and died at the home of his sisters, on November 4, 1901, at the age of 69 years.

He married, on June 3, 1861, Miss Mary R. Plunkett, of Hinsdale, Mass., who died at San José, Cal., on July 16, 1864, leaving no children. On August 25, 1870, he married Mary Ellen, daughter of Amos Delos Gridley, D.D. (Hamilton 1839), of Clinton, N. Y., a trustee of Hamilton College. Mrs. Twining survives him with two daughters and a son, his daughters having graduated at Smith College respectively in the classes of 1893 and 1898, and his son and namesake at Yale in the class of 1901.

## 1854

HENRY BALDWIN, son of Life and Susannah Davenport (Dudley) Baldwin, was born on January 7, 1834, at Brighton, Mass. (now within the limits of Boston), where his father was for many years President of the National Market Bank.

After graduation he taught school for six months in his native town, and then began his legal studies in the office of Bacon & Aldrich, at Worcester, Mass., continuing them in the Harvard Law School and during a winter spent in Savannah, Ga. He was admitted to the Suffolk County Bar in March, 1858, and a few years later to practice in the United States Courts. In 1862 he was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives. In 1874 he was appointed by the Governor, Presiding Judge of the Municipal Court of the Brighton District of the city of Boston, and held this office until his death. For many years he was counsel for the Home Savings Bank, Boston, and for other corporations. His home was in that section of Boston known as Allston, and in 1887 he was one of the eleven founders of the Allston Congregational Church, which has had marked prosperity. He was warmly interested in the Yale Alumni Association of Boston, and was its presiding officer in 1883 and in 1900.

Judge Baldwin died of apoplexy at his home in Allston, on January 22, 1902, at the age of 68 years.

He married, on November 27, 1861, Harriet A., daughter of John Warren and Judith B. (Ward) Hollis of Allston, and had a son and daughter, who, with their mother, are living. The son was a member of the class of 1885, but left college on account of ill health in the latter part of Junior year.



CHARLES ANALDO DUPEE, son of Jacob and Lydia A. (Wetherbee) Dupee, and descended on his father's side from Jean Dupuis, a Huguenot who came to Boston about 1663, was born on May 22, 1831, in West Brookfield, Mass.

Soon after graduation he went to Chicago, Ill., and for six months had charge of the Edwards Academy, a private school in that city. In November, 1855, he was appointed principal of the Franklin (Public) School. Upon the completion of the Chicago High School a year later he was chosen its first principal. After examining the systems in several of the leading cities, he organized the Chicago school upon a plan and with a course of study which, with slight modifications, have since been retained. He continued in charge of the school four years, and for a considerable part of this time also edited the *Illinois Teacher*. In July, 1860, he resigned in order to devote himself to the practice of law, studied during a part of the next year in the Harvard Law School, then in the office of Gallup & Hitchcock in Chicago, and in September, 1861, was admitted to the bar in Chicago. After about a year he formed a partnership with Jacob A. Cram, Esq., under the name of Dupee & Cram, which was dissolved in 1864. He then entered the firm of Hitchcock, Dupee & Evarts, which continued until the retirement of Mr. Evarts in 1872, when the firm became Hitchcock & Dupee. In 1876 the firm of Hitchcock, Dupee & Judah was organized, and after the death of Mr. Hitchcock in 1882, the firm of Dupee, Judah, Willard & Wolf originated, of which Mr. Dupee was the senior member. His services were frequently retained by railroad, banking and insurance corporations.

Mr. Dupee died at home, after an illness of four years from a chronic throat affection, on March 26, 1902, in his 71st year.

He married, on December 29, 1863, Jennie, daughter of Henry G. Wells, one of the pioneer merchants of Chicago, and Harriet (Dorsey) Wells. Mrs. Dupee died in 1881, leaving three sons, two of whom are now living (Yale 1889 and 1890), and one daughter. In 1883 Mr. Dupee married Bessie, daughter of John and Helen Nash, by whom he had four daughters and a son who bears his father's name.

#### 1855

HIRAM LOWELL HOWARD, son of Thompson and Irene (Sumner) Howard, was born on November 3, 1827, at Ware, Mass., but entered college from the adjoining town of Enfield.

After graduation he took the full course in Andover Theological Seminary, and preached for the Congregational Church in Pelham until April, 1860, during the next year in Ashfield, and two years in Burlington, all in his native state.

He enlisted in the 59th Massachusetts Volunteers on April 3, 1864; was ordained to the ministry on the 10th of that month; was elected chaplain of the regiment, and went to the front on the 26th. He was in the battles of the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor, and others, until his resignation on February 11, 1865.

For a few months in 1865-6 he supplied the Presbyterian Church in Odessa, New Castle County, Del., and in 1867-8 was assistant pastor of the Church of the New Testament in Philadelphia. He was then acting pastor successively of churches in Ohio, at Cambridge and Ruggles (1869); in Illinois, at Atkinson (1870-72), Aledo (1873), Lisbon (1874-77); in Kansas, at Fairview (1878) and Centralia (1879-80); and at Leroy, Mich. He was without charge in Hiawatha, Kans., for a time from 1881, and afterward in Boston. He was preaching at Chester Center, Mass., in 1889, and was at Springfield, Mass., in 1891. About this time his health was completely broken down by an attack of the grip, from which he never fully recovered. In 1892 he was at the Soldiers' Home, in Chelsea, Mass., and during the last five or six years of his life at the Massachusetts State Hospital, Worcester, Mass.

Mr. Howard died of pneumonia at Worcester, Mass., on July 25, 1901, in his 74th year.

He married, on April 8, 1861, Sarah, daughter of Samuel and Vesta (Beals) Snell, of Cummington, Mass. She died in 1863, leaving a son, who survives his father. Mr. Howard married, in 1869, Miss Ethel Steele, of Cambridge, O., from whom he was afterward divorced.

ROBERT CHARLES SHOEMAKER, son of Honorable Charles Denison Shoemaker (Yale 1824) by his second wife, Mrs. Stella (Mercer) Sprigg Shoemaker, and younger brother of Austin Denison Shoemaker (Lafayette 1845; M.D. Yale 1849), was born on April 4, 1836, at Forty Fort, near Wilkes-Barré, Pa., and entered college in December of Freshman year.

The year following graduation he was an instructor in Luzerne Academy at Troy, Luzerne County, Pa., and then for nearly

three years a student in his native place. He was admitted to the bar in 1859, and thereafter practiced his profession in Wilkes-Barré, continuing to reside at Forty Fort. He was active in building up the Stella Presbyterian Church at Maltby, named in memory of his mother, and was an elder in the church.

Mr. Shoemaker died suddenly of heart failure at his home at Forty Fort, on February 16, 1902, in his 66th year.

He married, at Lexington, Va., on November 22, 1876, Mrs. Helen Lea Lonsdale, of New Orleans, La., daughter of Judge James N. Lea of the Supreme Court of Louisiana. Her death occurred in 1897. Two daughters survive.

### 1856

LEVI LEONARD PAINE, son of Levi and Clementine (Leonard) Paine, was born at East Randolph, now Holbrook, Norfolk County, Mass., on October 10, 1832.

After graduation he was in charge of the classical instruction in the Norwalk (Conn.) High School a year, teacher of Greek in Gen. William H. Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven two years, and a student in the Yale Law School the next year. He then took a course in the Yale Divinity School, and from 1859 to 1861 was also tutor in Greek in Yale College.

He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Farmington, Conn., on October 9, 1861, where he remained eight and a half years. Besides his parish work, he had about twenty-five pupils under instruction in the classics. Soon after leaving Farmington, in 1870, he was chosen Professor of Ecclesiastical History in Bangor Theological Seminary, where for thirty-two years he devoted himself with unusual success to his chosen work. He had rare ability in imparting knowledge and in stimulating his students to the best that was in them. He was also Dean of the Faculty.

As a result of long study and exhaustive research he completed in 1900 "A Critical History of the Evolution of Trinitarianism, and its Outcome in the New Christology," and in 1901 "The Ethnic Trinities, and their Relation to the Christian Trinity," two unique volumes which are regarded as of high merit and have aroused wide interest. He left a third book about half completed. A Fast-Day sermon on the "Political Lessons of the Rebellion" (1862), and a sermon in memory of Rev. Noah



Porter, D.D. (Yale 1803), his immediate predecessor in the Farmington pastorate, have also been published. Besides these, he occasionally contributed to current periodicals. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale University in 1875. He was President of the Maine Missionary Society from 1888 to 1894.

In 1887 Professor Paine made a journey through Italy in company with his classmate, Justice Henry B. Brown. For several months before his decease his health had not been good, but his death occurred after a serious illness of only a week, from pneumonia, at his home in Bangor, on May 10, 1902. He was in his 70th year.

He married, on July 29, 1861, Jennette, daughter of George and Julia (Morehouse) Holmes, of Norwalk, Conn., and had three sons and four daughters, of whom two daughters died in early childhood. The eldest son graduated in 1886 from Stevens Institute of Technology, the second in 1888 from Yale University, where the youngest is also an undergraduate student.

#### 1857

WILLIAM CULLEN CASE, son of Dr. Jairus and Mary Theresa (Higley) Case, was born on February 17, 1836, in Granby, Conn.

After graduation he taught part of a year in Harwinton, Conn., then spent a few months in Minnesota, and in the fall of 1858 entered the law office of Rockwell & Colt in Pittsfield, Mass. After a year there he returned to New Haven, spent several months in the Yale Law School, was admitted to the bar on March 1, 1860, and the following winter settled in Tariffville, Conn. He returned to Granby in 1877, and resided there until his death.

In 1874 he formed a partnership with Hon. Samuel A. York (Yale 1863) in New Haven, under the name of Case & York, but after the election of Mr. York as Judge of Probate, he became a partner with Hon. Lucius P. Deming (LL.B. Yale 1877), and later in the firm of Case, Ely & Webb, with which he continued his connection during his life. Since 1889 his practice had been largely in Hartford, where he was also the senior member in the firm of Case, Bryant & Case until its dissolution in 1897. Mr. Case was widely known as a successful pleader in criminal trials. He also achieved distinction in civil suits, in one of the most important of which he was one of the counsel for the Republican

party in the *quo warranto* proceedings growing out of the contest for the Governorship of 1891-93. He was counsel for the New Haven & Northampton Railroad and the East Hartford Bridge Company, now under new corporate names.

In his earlier years he twice represented the Democratic party of Simsbury in the House of Representatives, but in 1872 he became a Republican, and in that year and the two following years represented the latter party from Simsbury, and in 1881 from Granby. In that year he was chosen Speaker. In 1884 he was again elected from Granby, and was the leader of the House during that session through his chairmanship of the judiciary committee. At the Republican State Convention of the same year he made a masterly speech, which secured the nomination of Hon. Henry B. Harrison (Yale 1846) for Governor. In 1876 he was nominated for State Senator and, although not elected, greatly diminished the customary large Democratic majority of his district.

Mr. Case had a great capacity for hard and continuous work, but for the last year or two of his life had been in poor health. He died of rheumatism, complicated with other troubles, at his winter home in Hartford, on December 23, 1901, in his 66th year.

He married, on May 15, 1862, Margaret, daughter of James and Jean (Adam) Turnbull, of Tariffville, who survives him with two sons, one of them a graduate of Yale in 1885.

DOUGLAS FRENCH FORREST, son of Commodore French Forrest, afterwards Admiral in the Confederate Navy, and Emily Douglas (Simms) Forrest, was born in Baltimore, Md., on August 17, 1837. He was fitted for college at Mr. Abbott's school in Georgetown, D. C., and joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year from Alexandria, Va.

After graduation he was engaged in studying law at home, and, during 1859-60, at the University of Virginia, and had just begun the practice of law when he entered the Confederate service, at the beginning of the Civil War. He took part in the first battle of Bull Run, as Second Lieutenant, Company H, Seventeenth Virginia Regiment; was on the *Merrimac* in her combat with the *Congress* and *Cumberland*, being assigned to duty there by Buchanan as his "Aid and Secretary for the fight"; and again in the army on Major-General Trimble's staff in General Longstreet's corps. He was then appointed Assistant Pay-

master in the navy, and, on May 27, 1863, sailed in the blockade-runner *Margaret and Jessie*, as bearer of dispatches abroad, and after various escapes from United States cruisers and from storms reached Calais, France, where he expected to join his ship, the *Rappahannock*; but he was detained by the French government, and only after an absence of two years succeeded in returning to America, reaching Galveston, Texas, in the spring of 1865. He was then on the staff of Major-General J. A. Walker in the Trans-Mississippi Army until it was disbanded. After a severe attack of fever in San Antonio, he made his way to Richmond, Va. His own account of the Fight of the Merrimac was published in the *Monroe Watchman*, of Union, W. Va., on October 3, 1901.

Early in 1866 he opened a law office in Baltimore in partnership with Joseph Packard, Jr. He was also active in religious work, and was ordained there as Deacon by Bishop Whittingham. After practicing a few years, while on a tour in the Holy Land, he decided to give up the law and to enter the ministry. Upon his return he studied in the Theological Seminary of Virginia, near Alexandria, in 1872, and was ordained Priest in 1873, by Bishop Johns of Virginia. He was successively Rector of St. John's Church, Howard County, Md.; Trinity Church, Washington, D. C.; Calvary Church, Clifton, near Cincinnati, Ohio; Christ Church, Clarksburg, W. Va., and Christ Church, Coronado Beach, Cal. He then returned to Washington in failing health. For several years past he had spent the winters in Florida, taking temporary parish work while there.

On his return from Florida he died suddenly of heart failure, at Ashland, Va., on May 3, 1902, in the 65th year of his age, and was buried in the Congressional cemetery at Washington. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from William and Mary College in 1879. He was well known as a genealogist and left unpublished a valuable genealogical work.

He married, on January 9, 1873, Sallie Winston, daughter of William and Sarah (Sherrard) Rutherford, of Richmond, Va., who survives him. They had no children.

EDWARD WILLIAM HITCHCOCK, son of Noah and Lucy (Hubbard) Hitchcock, was born on May 1, 1833, at Homer, Cortland County, N. Y.

After graduation he took the theological course in Auburn Seminary, and was licensed by the Presbytery of Cortland in



May, 1857. Having accepted a call to the Reformed (Dutch) Church of Tompkinsville, Staten Island, N. Y., he was ordained by the Classis of New York in 1860. After nearly six years of service there he was installed pastor of the Fourteenth Street Presbyterian Church, New York City, on April 6, 1866, where he also remained six years. From 1872 to 1883 he was in charge of the American Chapel in Paris, France. While abroad he traveled extensively in Europe, Egypt and Asia Minor. After his return from France he acted as an evangelist, and lectured on evangelization in France. In 1879 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Hamilton College.

He had been in poor health for a year past, and died on September 17, 1901, in Saratoga, N. Y., whither he had gone ten days before from his summer home at Homer. He was 68 years of age.

Dr. Hitchcock married, August 8, 1860, Eva, daughter of Isaac Hawley, of Homer. She died in 1866, and in 1882 he married Josephine Cattell, daughter of Joseph and Hetty (Cattell) Fithian, who died August 15, 1900. Three sons survive them.

SAMUEL SCOVILLE, second son of Jacob Scoville, a farmer and at one time Representative in the Connecticut Legislature, and Martha (Ingersoll) Scoville, was born on December 21, 1834, in West Cornwall, Conn., where he was in part prepared for college at the school of Theodore S. Gold (Yale 1838). While in college he was President of the Linonian Society and Captain of the University crew.

After graduation he spent a few months at home, and was then at Auburn Theological Seminary from the beginning of February to the end of Junior year. The next year he was at Andover, after which he immediately went abroad, spending a year in Italy, Germany and England. On his return he completed his theological studies in Union Seminary. In August, 1861, he became pastor of the Congregational Church, in Norwich, N. Y., being ordained on September 17 of that year. The church edifice was soon doubled in size, and his ministry there of eighteen years left a distinct mark upon the community. In 1879 he accepted a call to the Congregational Church in Stamford, Conn., of which he was pastor twenty years. After a service of a year in Vineland, N. J., in September, 1901, he was appointed assistant pastor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, N. Y.,

but five months later his health failed, and he died of heart disease at the Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, on April 15, 1902. He was 67 years of age. His deep and tender sympathy, especially for those in trouble, won the affection of all classes in the community wherever he dwelt.

He married, on September 25, 1861, at Peekskill, N. Y., Harriet Eliza, daughter of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, and had two sons, graduates of Yale respectively in 1893 and 1895, and two daughters, one of whom graduated at Wellesley College in 1882. They all, with their mother, survive.

With William C. Beecher he wrote a full biography of Henry Ward Beecher, which appeared in 1888.

### 1858

GEORGE PIERCE ANDREWS, son of Solomon and Sybil Anna (Farnsworth) Andrews, was born at Bridgton, Me., on September 29, 1835. His residence during his college course was in New Haven.

For a few months after graduation he studied law in the office of Hon. William Fessenden, then United States Senator, and later Secretary of the Treasury, and from then until the following June was engaged in teaching in Carroll Parish, La. After that he continued his law studies in New York in the office of H. P. Fessenden, Esq., a relative of Senator Fessenden, and was also clerk in the office of the U. S. District Attorney, New York. He was admitted to the bar in May, 1860. In April, 1861, he was appointed Assistant U. S. District Attorney, and held the office until July 1, 1865, when he resigned, and practiced his profession until December, 1872. He was then appointed Assistant Counsel to the Corporation, and ten years afterward Counsel to the Corporation. In this office he was very successful in winning suits for the city, by which very large amounts were saved to the taxpayers.

In 1883 he was elected Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of New York for a term of fourteen years. At the expiration of his term of office he failed to receive a renomination, but the next year was renominated and reappointed for a further term of fourteen years from 1898. He was known for his devotion to his work, and for his mastery of municipal and corporation law.

Justice Andrews died suddenly of pneumonia at his home in New York, on May 24, 1902, in the 67th year of his age.

He married at Belgrave Chapel, London, England, on July 31, 1889, Mrs. Catharine M. (Garrison) Van Auken, daughter of Cornelius K. Garrison, who survives him, with two daughters by her former marriage.

ROBERT MORRIS, second son of William Lewis and Mary Elizabeth (Babcock) Morris, was born in New York City, on August 22, 1838.

The two years following graduation he spent at leisure and in travel in the West, and in October, 1860, entered Columbia Law School, but the following April he enlisted in the Seventh New York Regiment. After a month in the army at Washington he resumed his law studies, and was admitted to the bar in November, 1861, but then returned to further service for his country. On January 11, 1862, he was commissioned Second Lieutenant, First New York Infantry, and was promoted to the rank of First Lieutenant in July, and of Captain in October. For nearly six months he was in camp at Newport News, Va., and was exposed to the shells from the *Virginia* and her companion war vessels when the *Congress* and *Cumberland* were destroyed. He was afterwards in the Army of the Potomac, and in the battles of Charles City Cross Roads, Oak Grove, Malvern Hill, Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville. With his regiment he was mustered out of service on May 25, 1863.

Subsequently he was in the law office of Bowdoin, Laroques & Barlow, in New York, but left there in the summer of 1865. The next year in company with an army friend he purchased over two thousand acres of land in Madison County, Miss., and planted extensively there for a few years, but in 1874 left the State, and lived several years in Kansas City, Mo. During 1880 and the early part of 1881 he was in Colorado, New Mexico, and Arizona. After that time he made his home in San Francisco, Cal., where he had, however, no active employment, but spent much of his time in study.

For several years he had been subject to severe suffering at times, but his death occurred, on November 15, 1901, after only a day's confinement to his bed, and was due to cancer of the liver. He was 63 years of age.

He married, in New York City, on December 14, 1864, Mrs. Mary E. Cortlandt, from whom he was afterwards separated.



1859

WILLIAM HENRY ANDERSON, second son of Francis D. and Jane (Davidson) Anderson, was born on January 12, 1836, at Londonderry, N. H., in the old homestead in which four previous generations of his family had lived.

After graduation he taught in private families in Natchez, Miss., and New Orleans, La., until the fall of 1860, when he returned North and entered the law office of Morse & Stevens, in Lowell, Mass. He was admitted to the bar in December, 1862, and formed a partnership with George Stevens, Esq., under the name of Stevens & Anderson, which continued until 1875, after which he practiced alone.

He was a member of the school committee of Lowell for several years, member of the Common Council in 1868 and 1869, and in the latter year president of the same, director of the Merchant's National Bank of Lowell since 1870, and a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1871 and 1872.

Mr. Anderson died of intestinal stoppage, after an illness of two weeks, at his home in Lowell, on April 14, 1902, at the age of 66 years.

He married, on October 1, 1868, Mary A., daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Welton) Hine, of Springfield, Mass., who survives him with a daughter.

TRUMAN AUGUSTUS POST, son of Rev. Truman Marcellus Post, D.D. (Middlebury 1829) and Frances Alsop (Henshaw) Post, was born on December 10, 1837, in Jacksonville, Ill., where his father was at the time Professor of Languages and History in Illinois College. The son was for a time a student there, but entered Yale in Sophomore year from St. Louis, Mo., where his father had then begun his long and honored pastorate of the First Congregational Church.

After graduation he began the study of law in the office of Glover & Shepley, and was admitted to the bar in 1862. At the commencement of the Civil War he joined the St. Louis Reserve Corps, and aided in the capture of Camp Jackson and in various operations about St. Louis, and later spent several weeks at Pittsburg Landing and in that neighborhood, reporting his observations to the *Missouri Democrat*. He also wrote for the *New York Tribune* of the siege and surrender of Vicksburg. On his return to St. Louis he was commissioned First Lieutenant of

Company K, 40th Missouri Volunteers, and Judge Advocate of the General Court Martial for the Department of Missouri, and held this position to the close of the war. He then resumed practice.

In 1870 he was nominated by the Republicans for President of the City Council, but was defeated owing to a party division. In 1872 and again in 1874 he was elected to the lower house of the State Legislature. In 1867 he was appointed Reporter of the Supreme Court of Missouri, and held the office for ten years, during which he edited twenty-three volumes of Reports. In the third volume of these he inserted for the first time an index of cases cited. But he took special pleasure in the preparation of a Biography of his father, which was published in Boston in 1891. "No labor, no care was omitted which . . . seemed necessary for the fit accomplishment of whatever he undertook to do." He conscientiously performed all the duties of an American citizen, both in war and in peace.

He died suddenly of paralysis of the heart at his home in St. Louis, on January 10, 1902, at the age of 64 years. He was unmarried. Two brothers and two sisters survive him. He was an active member of the First Congregational Church from early youth.

ALFRED JUDD TAYLOR, son of Horace and Mary (Clark) Taylor, was born April 4, 1833, in Huntington, Mass., where his father was a well-known woolen manufacturer.

The year following graduation he was principal of Hinsdale Academy, at Hinsdale, Mass. He entered the Albany Law School in September, 1860, graduated, and was admitted to the bar in May, 1861. He continued in Albany in the office of Learned (Yale 1841) & Cook until September following, when he began practice in New York City. For a time he was in partnership with D. Cady Eaton (Yale 1860), and afterward practiced alone. His office was for thirty years at 257 Broadway.

He was a director of the Merchants' Exchange Bank, and a member of the New York Historical Society, the American Geographical Society, and the American Academy of Science.

He died at his country home in Huntington, Mass., on July 12, 1901, at the age of 68 years. His death was due to diabetes, but was hastened by the extreme heat.

Mr. Taylor married, on May 15, 1879, Kathleen, daughter of Robert W. Kelley, one of the founders of the People's Line of Steamers on the Hudson River. Mrs. Taylor survives him without children.

## 1860

LYMAN BENHAM BUNNELL, son of Hezekiah and Amanda (Benham) Bunnell, was born on August 18, 1832, in Burlington, Hartford County, Conn. Almost unaided he worked his way through Williston Seminary, at East Hampton, Mass., and through college.

After graduation he studied two years in the Yale Law School, and was at the same time Instructor in Gymnastics in the college. In November, 1862, he was admitted to the bar, and thereafter practiced his profession in New York City, having an office at 170 Broadway until May, 1901, when he removed to 76 William street. For the last year his sons were associated with him.

He died of pneumonia at his home on March 18, 1902, in his 70th year.

He married, on May 30, 1865, Jennie V., daughter of Alfred A. and Nancy Ranney, of West Townsend, Vt., and had two sons, graduates of the New York Law School, and a daughter, who, with their mother, survive, two other daughters having died in infancy.

The year in which he began practice he united with the Broadway Tabernacle, and since that time had continuously been engaged in Sunday school work, sometimes having two classes at different hours. While living in Englewood, N. J., from 1869 to 1881, he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and after his return to New York in the latter year, was a deacon and later an elder of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church. During the last three years he was a member of the Lenox Presbyterian Church, near his home, and was chairman of its board of trustees.

CHARLES DOUGHARTY FOULES, son of William B. and Matilda Ann (Luse) Foules, and brother of Henry Luse Foules (Yale 1857), was born on October 23, 1839, at Kingston, Miss.

After graduation he studied medicine, but preferred the life of a planter. At the beginning of the Civil War he joined a Mississippi cavalry regiment, and served in Wade Hampton's command in the army of Northern Virginia. He remained in service during the whole war, but did not receive even a slight wound. He



then returned to his plantation. He represented his county in the State Legislature in 1882, 1884 and 1886.

Mr. Foules died of heart trouble at his home in Kingston, on May 27, 1901, in the 62d year of his age.

He married, on November 19, 1868, Martha Eugenia, daughter of Alexander and Weltha Boyd, who survives him with a son and daughter.

#### 1861

JOHN HANSON MITCHELL, son of General Walter Hanson Jenifer and Mary (Fergusson) Mitchell, was born on June 25, 1842, at Linden, near Port Tobacco, Charles County, Md.

After graduation he spent a year at home and in Baltimore reading law, and three years in Heidelberg, Germany, attending lectures on law and studying German. He was admitted to the Maryland bar on April 19, 1866, after which he practiced his profession in Baltimore for four years, then, for a time, in Port Tobacco, near his former home, and afterward at La Plata, in the same county. He was concerned in nearly all the important legal cases of the vicinity and in them he showed thorough mastery of the questions at issue. His courtesy and considerateness made him a favorite with his associates.

For three years, beginning with 1872, he was school commissioner, and in 1897 was Democratic candidate for District Judge. He was for several years editor of the *Port Tobacco Times*, and was for fifteen years vestryman of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, Port Tobacco.

He delighted to spend his leisure among his books and flowers, and at work in the garden of "Hanson Hill," where he died very suddenly from heart disease on November 12, 1901, after a day spent in professional duties. He was 59 years of age.

He married, on October 11, 1870, Eliza Trippe Campbell, daughter of Daniel and Mary E. (Risteau) Jenifer, of Good Hope, Baltimore County, by whom he had two sons and six daughters, all of whom, with their mother, are living.

#### 1862

CHARLES WOOLSEY COIT, son of Daniel Wadsworth and Harriet Frances (Coit) Coit, was born on December 14, 1840, in New Rochelle, N. Y., but entered college from Norwich, Conn.

For six months following graduation he was in Grand Rapids, Mich., and then for nearly three years in Union Theological Seminary, New York City. During this time he visited the South in the interest of the Sanitary Commission, and of the Christian Commission, with which his brother (Yale 1864) was also connected. During the next three years he was again in New York, teaching, attending lectures in the Columbia Law School, and occupied in general study. In 1869 he removed to Grand Rapids, where his father had real estate interests, the administration and development of which was thereafter his main occupation. He became a member of the Kent County Bar in 1869, but did not practice. Induced by the easy and liberal terms of payment which he made, many workingmen became owners of homes, and now form an important and elevating element in the community. He was a deacon of the Park (Congregational) Church for eleven years, and a trustee of Olivet College for several years.

He died of pneumonia after an illness of four days, at Milford, Conn., on October 23, 1901, in his 61st year.

He married, on October 16, 1878, Clara Guernsey, daughter of Lucas Guernsey and Eunice (Nichols) Merrill, of Kenosha, Wisc., who survives him with three sons, of whom the eldest is an undergraduate student in Yale University.

ALBERT BENJAMIN SHEARER, son of Benjamin and Harriet Shearer, was born on September 18, 1837, in Montgomery, Pa., but entered college from Doylestown, in that State.

At the time of General Lee's threatened invasion of Pennsylvania in 1862, he was for a short time in the Eleventh Regiment, Pennsylvania Militia. He then taught in a classical school in Philadelphia for seven years, after the first year being principal. In 1869 he studied law in the office of Theodore Cuyler, Esq., in Philadelphia, and was admitted to the bar in November, 1870. Thenceforward for thirty-one years he practiced in Philadelphia, winning the respect of his clients and professional associates. Early in 1901 his health failed, but he continued to visit his office until September. He died of paralysis at his home in Germantown, on October 25, 1901, at the age of 64 years.

He married, on September 10, 1887, Sarah Bréban, daughter of Edward and Cornelia N. Bedlock, of Philadelphia, who survives him without children.

1863.

CHARLES EDWARD SUMNER, son of Cheney and Mary Barker (Coy) Sumner, was born at Spencer, Mass., on December 29, 1836. He was fitted for college at Monson (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he taught in the Delaware Academy at Delhi, N. Y., a year, and was in charge of the academy at Walton, N. Y., two years. In February 1868, he entered Andover Theological Seminary and completed his course there in 1870. From 1872 to 1876 he was pastor of the Lincoln Park Congregational Church, Chicago, where he was ordained on February 27, 1873. His ministry there was very successful. At the time of the great fire by heroic exertion he helped rescue and bury the organ and pulpit, which were thus saved and were afterwards recovered and used. After leaving Chicago he spent over a year in travel in Europe, Egypt and Palestine. Upon his return he was acting pastor at Raymond and then nearly four years at Lancaster, N. H. He resided in Concord, N. H., for a year or more without charge, and then removed to Spencer, Mass. In 1883 his health failed and he went abroad again, after which he was acting pastor successively at Southwick, Mass., Loudon and Alton, N. H., Brooklyn, Conn., and Wilmot and Northwood Center, N. H. At other times he often preached as a temporary supply, and officiated in the church in Spencer the Sunday before his death. A "Thanksgiving Day Sermon," preached while he was in Chicago, was published.

While in Fitchburg, Mass., on business, he died suddenly of heart failure on March 26, 1902, at the age of 65 years. He was never married. Two sisters survive him.

1864

CHARLES HENRY BURNETT, son of Eli Seal Burnett, a merchant of Philadelphia, Pa., and Hannah Kennedy (Mustin) Burnett, was born in that city, on May 28, 1842. He was one of the class historians on Presentation Day.

After graduation he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1867. He spent a year as Assistant Physician in the Children's Hospital and Resident Physician in the Episcopal Hospital, in Philadelphia, and ten months in European study, in Berlin, Vienna and Heidelberg. He was then connected with the Eye and Ear Department of the Philadelphia Dispensary for about a year, after which he spent another year



and a half abroad in the study of otology, which he chose as his specialty and in which he afterward attained high rank.

Returning to Philadelphia in April, 1872, he had since practiced his profession in that city, and held positions of honor in connection with hospitals, medical schools and associations. In 1872 he was chosen Aural Surgeon at the Presbyterian Hospital, in 1879 Consulting Aurist of the Pennsylvania Institution of the Deaf and Dumb, in 1883 Professor of Diseases of the Ear at the Philadelphia Polyclinic, and in 1885 Professor of Otology at the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania; and, later, Consulting Aurist to the Convent School of the Holy Child, Sharon Hill, Pa., to the Baptist Orphanage, St. Timothy's Hospital, the Hospital for Women, Dispensary of the Alumnae of the Woman's Medical College, the Hospital for Epileptics, and Bryn Mawr Hospital.

In 1876 he became a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, in 1883 of the Medical Society of Pennsylvania. He was also a member of the Pathological Society of Philadelphia, vice-president of the American Otological Association from 1872 to 1882, and president from 1883 to 1885, and fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, of the Otological Section of which he was vice-president from 1878 to 1882, and president from 1883 to 1885.

He wrote many short articles in medical magazines, and published much in his special department, including the following volumes: "A Treatise on the Ear," 1877; "Hearing and How to Keep it," one of the American Health Primers, 1879; "Diseases and Injuries of the Ear," 1889; the chapters on Otology in the "American Text-Book of Surgery," 1896, also in the "Cyclopedia of Diseases of Children," 1890 and 1897, and in the "American Yearbook of Medicine and Surgery" for 1896 and 1897. He edited a "System of Diseases of the Ear, Nose and Throat," 1893, and a Text-Book of the same subjects in 1901, and was also editor of the *American Journal of Otology*.

Since 1883 Dr. Burnett had resided at Bryn Mawr, Pa., where he died on January 30, 1902, from pneumonia, after an illness of about two weeks. He was in the 60th year of his age. He was a member of the (P. E.) Church of the Redeemer.

He married, on June 18, 1874, Anna Lawrence, daughter of William Henry and Emily (Talman) Davis, of Buffalo, N. Y., who survives him with three daughters and a son. Another son died in infancy.

PETER ROUSE CORTELYOU, son of Adrian Voorhees and Mary Ann (Koster) Cortelyou, was born on February 11, 1843, in Brooklyn, N. Y., and entered college from Hempstead, Long Island.

After graduation he took the course in Bellevue Medical School and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in February, 1867. After a service of eighteen months on the staff of Bellevue Hospital, he practiced his profession in Brooklyn until 1875. During this time he was visiting physician at St. John's Hospital and the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum. In June, 1875, he was attacked with severe pulmonary disease, and after battling with the disease for nearly four years, during which he spent successive winters in Thomasville, Valdosta and Atlanta, Ga., in April, 1879, he removed to Marietta, Ga., where he recovered a fair measure of health and in time resumed the practice of his profession to a limited degree. In 1882 he was offered a professorship of the Practice of Medicine in the University of Cleveland, O., but his health was inadequate. For a number of years from 1884 he was president of the school board of Marietta, and from 1884 to 1893 president of the Public Circulating Library of Marietta, which he was instrumental in establishing. He was a member of the American Medical Association, and in 1889 he was vice-president of the Georgia State Medical Association. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church, and active in all church work.

He died at Marietta, Ga., on February 4, 1902, after an illness of four or five days, following a surgical operation to relieve a disease of the right mastoid. He was nearly 59 years of age.

Dr. Cortelyou married, at Brooklyn, N. Y., on April 15, 1873, Miss Julia T. Chase, who survives him with a son and daughter. A brother graduated from the University in 1863.

#### 1865

JOSIAH HOOKER BISSELL, son of Colonel Joseph W. Bissell, was born on June 1, 1845, in Rochester, N. Y., and began his college course in the University of Rochester but left during Sophomore year to enter the army. His mother was before marriage Miss Hooker. He was in the Army of the Tennessee as Second Lieutenant of Engineers, in the Engineer Department of the West, from November 17, 1862, to July 10, 1863, when he resigned. He took a creditable part in the campaign of General

Grant in Mississippi, erected the battery that first shelled Vicksburg, and performed other notable services.

He joined his class at Yale in November of Junior year, and on graduation went into business at Skipworth's Landing, Miss., remaining there exposed to considerable danger from guerrillas for a year and a half. In June, 1867, he began the study of law in Rochester, in the office of Judge Henry R. Selden (LL.D. Yale 1857) and Theodore Bacon (Yale 1853), on December 4 of the same year was admitted to the bar, and practiced in that city until January, 1869. He then removed to Chicago, Ill., and for several years was in partnership with Hon. James R. Mann. In 1870 he was appointed Reporter of the United States Circuit and District Courts of the Seventh Judicial District, and while in office edited ten volumes of Reports. He had a wide acquaintance with chancery and real estate law, and issued a work on "Partition," and also contributed to legal journals. His literary and scientific knowledge was extensive, and he delivered many lectures before the Chicago Philosophical Society.

Mr. Bissell was drowned in Lake Michigan, on November 6, 1901, while traveling by steamer from Chicago to Grand Haven, Mich. He was 56 years of age, and never married. By his will Yale University was designated as one of the residuary legatees.

MANNING FORCE STIRES, son of Henry and Mary (Mathias) Stires, was born on June 5, 1838, in Clinton, N. Y. Both parents died before he entered college. He began his college course at Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., but came to Yale in Junior year.

The year after graduation he was a dry goods salesman with S. B. Chittenden & Co., from 1867 to 1883 in the house of Halsted, Haines & Co., and afterward till his death with Sweetser, Pembroke & Co. For the last thirty-two years he resided in Jersey City, N. J., in that part which was formerly called Bergen, where he was an elder of the First Presbyterian Church for twenty-three years.

His health had been failing for some time past, but his death, which occurred on February 6, 1902, was due to typhoid fever. He was in his 64th year.

He married, on February 6, 1867, Ellen Drake, daughter of William B. and Elizabeth (Scudder) Fisher, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Mrs. Stires and a son (Yale 1897) survive. Another son died in childhood, and a daughter in 1898.



EDWIN HORACE WILSON, son of Clark and Harriet (Halbert) Wilson, was born on October 4, 1839, in Westmoreland, Oneida County, N. Y.

On graduation he taught two years at Guilford, Conn., a year at Bath, N. Y., and five years at Rochester, N. Y. From 1873 to 1876 he was tutor in Yale College, after which he taught in the Hartford High School, and then was Superintendent of Schools and Principal of the High School at Middletown, and later at Norwalk, all in Connecticut.

Mr. Wilson died of heart failure following congestion of the lungs, after an illness of only two days, at his home in Cambridge, Mass., on November 29, 1901, at the age of 62 years. He was an active member of the Congregational church.

He married, on May 1, 1878, Jane, daughter of George and Jennette (Millard) Bidwell, of Manchester, Conn., who survives him with four sons and two daughters. The eldest son (Harv. 1899, Ph.D. Yale 1901) is Instructor in Mathematics in Yale University, and the second son is an undergraduate in Harvard University.

#### 1866

ALEXANDER DWIGHT ANDERSON, son of Samuel D. and Eunice (Freeman) Anderson, was born October 28, 1843, in Mansfield, Conn.

After graduation he studied law at the University of Michigan and received the degree of LL.B. there in 1868. He began practice in the firm of Wakefield & Anderson in St. Louis, the following year was appointed Assistant United States District Attorney and continued there until 1877. He then removed to Washington, D. C., where he made a specialty of Spanish-American subjects in their commercial and literary aspects as well as legal relations.

He was the author of several books, including "The Silver Country, or Great Southwest," 1877, "The Mississippi and Her Tributaries," "The Tehuantepec Inter-Ocean Railroad," 1880, "Mexico from the Material Standpoint," 1884, "The Tehuantepec Ship Railway," "Our Foreign Commerce of the Second Century," and "The Mississippi and its Forty-Four Navigable Tributaries," the last of which was published by resolution of the Senate in 1890.

In 1884 he was special commissioner of Spanish-American markets at the New Orleans Exposition. From this experience

originated his plan for a united exposition by the three Americas in celebration of the discovery of America by Columbus. When the plan was authorized by Congress the site of the exposition was changed from Washington to Chicago, and Mr. Anderson was appointed a commissioner.

He was one of the earliest secretaries of the Washington Board of Trade, vice-president of the same from 1891 to 1893, and active in movements for the development and improvement of the national capital.

For several years he had been afflicted with a complicated stomach trouble, suffering intensely at times. He died suddenly at Mount Vernon, Va., on November 24, 1901, at the age of 58 years.

He married, on August 17, 1869, Antoinette, daughter of Rev. Edward Osborn Dunning (Yale 1832) and Catharine (Bent) Dunning, of New Haven, who, with three sons and a daughter, survives him. One son was associated with his father in the real estate business.

GEORGE AUGUSTUS LOCKWOOD, second son of Rev. Clark and Harriet Fidelia (Seymour) Lockwood, was born on December 28, 1843, in Clinton, Mich. He entered college from Southold, Long Island, N. Y., and during the last three years of the course his home was at Cutchogue, L. I., where his father, although a Presbyterian, was pastor of the Methodist church.

The year after graduation he taught in Brooklyn, N. Y., and then entered Union Theological Seminary, from which he graduated in May, 1870. On November 16, following, he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church at Oxford, Maine, continued there until May, 1879, and then for twenty years served the Union Congregational Church in Kennebunk, Me., where his work in the parish and in promoting moral and educational interests was fruitful in good results. At the close of this pastorate in 1899 he was settled over the Second Congregational Church in Ossipee, N. H.

He was a trustee of the Maine Missionary Society, member of the visiting committee of Bangor Theological Seminary, and for three years moderator of the York County (Maine) Conference. He was also chairman of the school committee and vice-president of the Public Library Association. Several of his addresses delivered on special occasions were published.

Mr. Lockwood died on September 29, 1901, at Ossipee, N. H., from heart disease, after an illness of several months. He was in his 58th year. The funeral service was held in his former church at Kennebunk, and in that town he was buried.

He married on October 19, 1871, Mary Genelia, daughter of Silas P. and Elizabeth L. Hall of Oxford, Me. One son (M.D. Jefferson Medical College 1897) and three daughters, with their mother, survive.

## 1869

ALFRED BARTOW, second of the three sons of Alfred Field and Mary (Lathrop) Bartow, was born on September 20, 1846, at Leroy, Genesee County, N. Y., and was fitted for college at the Academic Institute in that place.

After graduation he studied law in the Chicago Law School, was admitted to the bar in June, 1870, and entered the firm of Bartow, Hall & Co. After fifteen years of practice, with a desire for change, he left Chicago in June, 1885, and went to the then unsurveyed town of Chadron, Nebr., where he settled and practiced his profession. In the autumn of 1889 he was elected State Senator to fill an unexpired term, and two years later was elected Judge of the Fifteenth Judicial District of Nebraska for five years. He was active in building up Chadron Academy, of whose board of trustees he was president for several years. About a year after the expiration of his term as judge he removed to Colorado Springs, Col., and resided there in failing health until his death from Bright's disease on March 12, 1902. He was in the 56th year of his age.

He married, at Omaha, Nebr., on April 22, 1889, Mrs. Mary A. Wright of Watertown, Wisc., who survives him with a step-son.

## 1870

JOHN ALEXANDER ROSS, son of Lewis Dewal and Katherine (Gabaudan) Ross, was born on January 27, 1850, in Greenupsburg, Ky. His father died when he was about fifteen years old, and he was fitted for college by a private tutor in New Haven, where his mother was then living.

After graduation he studied law in Sioux City, Ia., and Kansas City, Mo., and in the latter city made his permanent home. He was admitted to the bar in 1872, and became a member of the firm of Tomlinson & Ross. During the last few years his time was chiefly occupied in the management of several large estates.



He was a member of the vestry and treasurer of Grace Episcopal Church, and for many years was a chorister there.

He died at home after a lingering illness of several years, on October 19, 1901, at the age of 51 years.

He married, on December 27, 1876, Marie A., daughter of Allen G. and Martha A. Mansfield. Mrs. Ross and a daughter survive him.

## 1873

EDWARD EVERETT GAYLORD, son of Colonel Horace and Mary A. (Davis) Gaylord, was born on June 5, 1849, at Ashford, Conn. He won a first mathematical prize in Freshman year, and was one of the *Yale Courant* editors in Senior year and one of the class historians at graduation.

The first two years after graduation he taught Greek in the Hopkins Grammar School, and the next year resumed a course previously begun in physiological chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School. During these three years he also read medicine with his brother Charles (Yale 1865), and in October, 1876, entered the Yale Medical School.

Immediately on receiving the degree of M.D. in 1878, he sailed for Europe for travel and study. He began practice in Northampton, Mass., in 1879, and the next year went to the adjoining village of Florence. He was for four years town physician and for two years member of the board of health. In December, 1884, he removed to West Woodstock, Conn., and the following May to Woodstock. Here he added the cultivation of a farm to his duties as physician.

Early in 1890, in order to recover from the effects of protracted illness, he went to California for three months, but in the fall removed permanently to Pasadena in that State. Here he lived for eleven years and practiced as he was able, although seriously ill at times. His death occurred on November 2, 1901, and was directly due to paralysis, with which he was stricken early in the previous year. He was 52 years of age. He was known for his genuineness and thoroughness. He was a vestryman and treasurer of All Saints' Church.

Dr. Gaylord married on May 12, 1881, at Chicopee, Mass., Alice E., adopted daughter of Henry B. and Cordelia S. Kendall, of Chicopee, Mass. She survives him with three sons and three daughters.

He assisted in making the "Catalogue of the Flowering Plants and Higher Cryptogams growing without cultivation within thirty miles of Yale College," which was published by the Berzelius Society in 1878.

WILLIAM CLARKE STEWART, son of Orlando L. and Mary E. (Porter) Stewart, was born in New York City on December 5, 1852, and was fitted for college by a private tutor at Englewood, N. J.

After graduation he spent part of the first year in the Columbia Law School, but on April 1, 1874, he was appointed clerk of the Courts of General Sessions and Oyer and Terminer in New York City, and held the position until October 1, 1879, when he became a member of his father's law firm of Stewart & Vickery. After this his practice was mostly advisory in its nature. He was admitted to the bar in September, 1876.

Mr. Stewart died of pneumonia, at the Racquet Club in New York City, on January 5, 1902, after an illness of only two days. He was 49 years of age. He was never married.

#### 1875

GEORGE HENRY BENTON, son of Rev. William Austin Benton (Yale 1843) and Loanza (Golding) Benton, was born on July 20, 1853, at Bhamdun, a missionary station on Mount Lebanon, Syria. He came to the United States in July, 1869, and was fitted for college at New London and Stamford, Conn. In Senior year he won the W. W. DeForest prize for excellence in French.

After graduation he was appointed Professor of Ancient and Modern Languages at St. John's College, Little Rock, Ark., continued teaching for two years and a half, and at the same time studied law. In November, 1877, he was admitted to the bar of Arkansas, and for four years practiced in Little Rock. He then became assistant attorney of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Co., and resided at St. Louis until January, 1884, when he moved to Poplar Bluff, Butler County, Mo. In 1890, after nearly ten years of service with the railway company, he resigned and went to Minneapolis, Minn., and began business by himself. He was a deacon in the First Congregational Church.

He died at home, on November 16, 1901, at the age of 48 years.

He married, on June 24, 1890, Miss Jeannette Lyall, who survives him with two children. Two brothers graduated from Yale respectively in 1874 and 1878.

EDWARD WELLS SOUTHWORTH, son of Hon. Wells and Harriet (Gillett) Southworth, was born on January 14, 1854, in West Springfield, Mass., but the same year removed with his family to New Haven, Conn. He was a member of the class of 1874 until the end of Junior year, when he made a journey around the world. On his return he completed his college course with the class of 1875.

He received the degree of Bachelor of Law at Columbia Law School in 1877, and was admitted to the bar, after which he continued his legal studies at Yale, and received the degree of Master of Laws in 1878. Returning to New York, he spent the next year in the office of Lord, Day & Lord, and the year following as managing clerk for Erastus New, Esq. In November, 1880, he formed a partnership with his brother-in-law, Colonel George S. Hastings, but retired from practice in 1888. With his classmate, Dwight Arven Jones, he published, in 1884, "A Treatise on the New York Manufacturing Act of 1848, and the Business Corporation Act of 1875."

He gave generously to many private charities, but his sympathies were especially enlisted in behalf of prison reform and dumb animals. At different times he made gifts to the University Library, including funds for the purchase of certain needed additions to the collection of English poetry, and at his death left to it by bequest a valuable residuary estate.

Mr. Southworth married, on June 14, 1881, Emily M., daughter of William H. and Elizabeth (Bennett) Alexander, of Syracuse, N. Y. Her death in 1888 was a blow from which he never recovered. He died after a protracted illness from nervous prostration at the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City, on April 20, 1902, at the age of 48 years. He had no children, but a sister survives him. He had been a member of the United (formerly North) Church in New Haven since 1866.

#### 1876

BRADBURY BEDELL, son of Abram Bedell, a manufacturer, and Sarah W. (Sanderson) Bedell, was born on February 8, 1856, at Athens, N. Y., and gained his preparation for college at Markham Academy in Milwaukee, Wisc., and at Swarthmore, Pa.

After graduation he studied at the Albany (N. Y.) Law School and in Philadelphia, Pa. In the latter city he was admitted to the bar in the autumn of 1877, and for two years was with



Richard P. Ashhurst, Esq. He then established an office by himself, where during twenty-three years of practice he met with unusual success, and accumulated from his professional earnings a fortune. He traveled extensively, and made many trips abroad.

He died of pneumonia on May 23, 1902, at the home in Philadelphia which he built in 1890. He was 46 years of age.

He married, on May 22, 1879, Emmeline Shinn, daughter of Dr. Thomas S. and Mary (Woodnut) Reed, of Philadelphia, and sister of Charles Henry Reed, M.D. (Yale 1872), and had two children who died in early life. Mrs. Bedell survives him.

WILLIAM BUEHLER LAMBERTON, son of Hon. Robert Alexander Lamberton, LL.D. (Dickinson Coll. 1843) and Annie (Buehler) Lamberton, was born March 14, 1855, at Harrisburg, Penn., and was fitted for college at Harrisburg Academy, and at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. In Freshman and Senior years he won prizes for excellence in Mathematics.

After graduation he began his law studies in the office of his father, who was for many years one of the leaders of the bar of Dauphin County, but in May of the following year went abroad for study and travel, and attended lectures at the University of Leipzig. He returned home in August, 1878, was admitted to the bar of Dauphin County on November 25, and was again in his father's office until April, 1880, when Dr. Lamberton accepted the presidency of Lehigh University. He then practiced alone until the fall of 1881, when he formed a partnership with his brother (Yale 1878), under the name of W. B. & J. M. Lamberton, which continued until the latter removed from Harrisburg in September, 1887. He was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in May, 1882, and in the Supreme Court of the United States in April, 1890. For several years he was a member of the Board of Examiners for admission to the Bar of Dauphin County. He was elected a member of the American Bar Association in 1893, and was one of the originators of the Pennsylvania Bar Association in 1895. Although engaged in general practice, he gave special attention to corporate taxation, and in 1880 succeeded his father as counsel at Harrisburg for the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company and allied corporations.

He was a member of the Dauphin County Historical Society, member of the Board of Trade of Harrisburg, for some years a

director of the Harrisburg Opera House Association and of the Harrisburg Bridge Company, also secretary of the Harrisburg Benevolent Association, and a member of the Board of Managers of the Harrisburg Hospital from 1887 to 1895, resigning upon his appointment as member of the Board of Public Charities of Pennsylvania. For a number of years he was vestryman and treasurer of St. Stephen's Protestant Episcopal Church, and frequently represented that parish at the Diocesan Convention of Central Pennsylvania. In 1884 he declined the Democratic nomination to Congress from his district.

Mr. Lamberton never entirely recovered from a serious illness of 1893. In September, 1895, he went abroad for treatment, but returned the next spring without material benefit, and was unable to resume his work. He died at Primol, Pa., from heat exhaustion, on July 5, 1901, at the age of 46 years. He was not married.

## 1877

WILLIAM EWING WHITNEY, son of Samuel and Caroline A. (Puffer) Whitney, was born on August 9, 1856, at North Reading, Mass. His father was a paper manufacturer in Ashland and Fitchburg, Mass., also in Bennington, N. H.

After graduation he formed a partnership with his brother Clarence, under the name of Whitney Brothers, for carrying on the wholesale paper business in Boston, Mass., previously established by his brother.

He died of typhoid pneumonia at the Hotel Brunswick, Boston, on January 13, 1902, in his 46th year.

He married, on October 5, 1878, at Boston, Mass., Mary E., daughter of James and Elizabeth Fenn, who survives him without children.

## 1879

JAMES WEBSTER EATON, son of James Webster and Eliza (Benner) Eaton, was born on May 14, 1856, in Albany, N. Y.

After graduation he spent one term in Columbia Law School, but completed his legal studies in the office of DeWitt & Spoor, and of Parker & Countryman, in Albany, and at the same time gave instruction in Latin and German in the Albany Boys' Academy. He was admitted to the bar of New York State on May 4, 1882, and in the spring of the following year formed a partnership with his classmate Kirchwey, under the firm name of Eaton

& Kirchwey, which continued until the removal of Mr. Kirchwey in 1891 to become Professor of Law in Columbia University. He was District Attorney of Albany County for three years from January, 1892, and in this office gained the confidence and respect of the entire community irrespective of party.

In 1889 Mr. Eaton was appointed Professor of Real Property and Wills in Albany Law School, his subjects of instruction afterward being Evidence, Contracts and Bankruptcy. In addition to his professorship he had been Treasurer of the School since 1895. During the winter of 1900-01 he was also Lecturer on Equity Jurisprudence in the Boston University Law School.

His published works include a revised edition of Reeves on "Domestic Relations," 1888, an annotated edition of "The Negotiable Instruments Law of the State of New York," 1897, and a revised edition of Collier "On Bankruptcy," 1900; and just before his death he had completed the manuscript of a work on Equity. He was also editor of the "American Bankruptcy Reports." He had been for many years a member of the committee on law reform of the New York State Bar Association, and a member of the executive committee of the Albany County Bar Association.

Mr. Eaton died of typhoid fever, after an acute illness of only three days, at his home in Albany, on August 1, 1901, at the age of 45 years. On the Saturday previous he argued a contested action in the Supreme Court at Albany. He was a communicant of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, on September 25, 1893, Miss Florence Cady, of Lockport, N. Y., who died after a brief illness on December 9 of the same year. On July 17, 1894, he married Mrs. Hortense Willey Vibbard, of Dansville, who with four children—one of them a daughter by her previous marriage—survives him.

#### 1880

GEORGE DANA WHITE, son of Nathan Curtis and Delia (Dana) White, was born on April 27, 1859, at Utica, N. Y., but removed with his parents to Norwood, N. J., and was prepared for college at the neighboring town of Englewood. During Freshman year he won the First Berkeley Latin Premium, and in Senior year the Cobden Club Medal for proficiency in Political Economy.

Since graduation he had devoted himself to newspaper work, and was successively on the staffs of the *New York Tribune*,



*Mail and Express*, and *Graphic*. For two years he was night reporter for the Associated Press, and during this time attended the Columbia Law School, graduating in 1883. He was admitted to the bar, but did not practice. From November of that year he was night city editor in the office of the Associated Press for nearly a year, but found the work too severe, and soon became financial and later associate editor of the *Mail and Express*. He was a member of the Seventh Regiment National Guard of New York State.

Owing to overwork Mr. White had been an invalid for three years. He died of paresis at Utica, N. Y., on May 27, 1901, at the age of 42 years. He was not married.

## 1883

WILLIAM HAMILTON STOCKWELL, son of William Hamilton and Mary (Strange) Stockwell, was born in Boyle Co., Ky., on November 18, 1863. He was fitted for college at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

After graduation he entered the office of Sprague, Warner & Co., wholesale grocers in Chicago, in December, 1883, but the following summer left the firm to commence the study of law in the office of Edmund Coffin (Yale 1866) in New York City. He was also a member of Columbia Law School for a year, but did not complete the course there. He was admitted to the bar on March 30, 1886, and began practice in New York immediately. Since 1892 he had been attorney for the Title Guarantee and Trust Company of New York.

He died at the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City, on May 20, 1902, in the 39th year of his age, after an illness of a week from pneumonia. He was unmarried. His mother and a sister survive him.

## 1886

CORNELIUS GARDNER BRISTOL, only son of Phineas Stowe and Elizabeth (Gardner) Bristol, was born in Milford, Conn., on October 16, 1863.

After graduation he entered Berkeley Divinity School at Middletown, finished the course in 1889, and on June 5 of that year was ordained Deacon by Bishop Williams. After his ordination as Priest in May, 1890, he became Rector of St. Alban's Church, Danielson, Conn. Under his leadership the parish was inspired

with renewed energy and built a new church edifice. From there he was called to Hartford, and on September 17, 1893, entered upon a service of eight years as Rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd. Under his care the parish work expanded in many directions through his ability to enlist new workers and make them share his own enthusiasm. His interests were not, however, limited to his own parish, but he was in sympathetic relations with the pastors of all denominations, and was a cordial supporter of every movement for the welfare of the city.

For the last three years he was one of the assistant secretaries of the diocese, and he edited the parochial reports in the *Journal* of 1901. He was elected treasurer of the Berkeley Divinity School in 1901, and completed an endowment for the professorship in the School previously held, without salary, by Bishop Williams. In 1894 he was made secretary and treasurer of the Church Scholarship Society, and as executive officer largely increased the available funds of the Society, through the return of money given to earlier candidates for the ministry. He was chairman of the Hartford Archdeaconry, also a member of the Church Building Fund Commission.

He was vice-president of the Yale Alumni Association of Hartford, and many Yale friends will cherish the memory of his genial and unselfish friendliness and Christian manhood.

Mr. Bristol had long suffered from weakness of the heart, but his death followed two surgical operations for obstruction in the gall bladder. He died at his home on November 30, 1901, at the age of 38 years.

He married, on January 28, 1891, Carrie E., daughter of Henry H. and Myra C. G. Lowrie, of Plainfield, N. J., who survives him with a son and daughter. Two other children died in infancy.

#### 1887

FRANKLIN ADAMS MEACHAM, son of Frank Meacham, M.D., Surgeon in the United States Army during the Civil War, and Ellen Bruce (Adams) Meacham, was born at Cumberland Gap, Ky., on October 28, 1862. During his college course his home was at Fort Douglas, Utah.

After graduation he entered the Medical Department of the University of Virginia and completed the three years' course in one year, receiving the degree of M.D. in June, 1889. He then settled in Salt Lake City, Utah, and achieved unusual success in

his profession. The following spring he was elected City Physician, being the first "Gentile" ever chosen to that position, and in June, 1892, became a member of the Territorial Board of Health. In 1894-5 he took an advanced course of study in bacteriology and surgical pathology in Johns Hopkins Hospital. He was for a time Associate Surgeon of the Holy Cross Hospital of Salt Lake City, and on April 6, 1896, was appointed Chief Surgeon of the same, and also President of the Board of United States Pension Examining Surgeons of Utah. Shortly afterward, on April 28, he was chosen Surgeon of the Utah National Guard, with the rank of Major, and at the outbreak of the Spanish war was placed in command of the Hospital Corps of that Guard.

In June, 1898, he was appointed Senior Surgeon of the Second Regiment, U. S. Volunteer Engineers, with the rank of Major, and was with them through unusual exposure and hardships. He served at Camp Wikoff and in Savannah, went to Havana, November 19, 1898, and the following April was assigned to duty as Chief Operating Surgeon, Pathologist and Bacteriologist of the Military Hospital, No. 1, in that city. He was then ordered to the Philippines, and on October 21, 1899, was appointed Brigade-Surgeon in General McArthur's Division, on the staff of General Joseph Wheeler, First Brigade, and served in many engagements of the brigade during its advance north from Angeles to Dagupan. On April 15, 1900, he was appointed Chief Surgeon, Third Military District, Department of Northern Luzon, with headquarters at Dagupan, and in December, was assigned to the duty of President of the Board of Health of Manila.

Dr. Meacham died at Manila, P. I., on April 14, 1902, of heart failure caused by overwork among cholera patients. He was in his 40th year. He was a devoted soldier and highly esteemed by his comrades and all who knew him.

He was a member of the American Medical Association, the Rocky Mountain Interstate Medical Association, and the Utah State Medical Association; and in 1896-7 was vice-president of the Salt Lake County Medical Society and of the Utah Microscopical Society.

Dr. Meacham contributed a number of papers to medical journals, and published a "Synopsis of Clinical Surgery," containing an account of the surgical cases treated in the Holy Cross Hospital in 1892.



He married, on February 18, 1896, Sarah Grace, daughter of Samuel W. and Anna C. Thomson, of New York City, who survives him with twin daughters.

## 1888

JAMES HOWARD McMILLAN, son of Hon. James and Mary L. (Wetmore) McMillan, was born at Detroit, Mich., on September 17, 1866. He was prepared for college by a private tutor.

The year after graduation he spent as a student in the Yale Law School, and then entered the law office of W. H. Wells (Univ. Mich. 1874), afterward senior partner in the firm of Wells, Angell, Boynton & McMillan, of which Mr. McMillan became a member on January 1, 1891. He was admitted to the Michigan bar in March, 1890, and practiced his profession until the outbreak of the Spanish war.

He entered the U. S. Volunteer service as Captain and Assistant Quartermaster on June 1, 1898, and two days afterward was commissioned Brigadier Quartermaster on the staff of General H. M. Duffield, and stationed at Camp Alger, Falls Church, Va. During the hurried expedition to Cuba he showed unusual executive ability and consideration for the comfort of the men in his charge. He reached Siboney on June 27, and was with the Thirty-Third Michigan Volunteers at Aguadores on July 1. For meritorious service in this engagement he was nominated for appointment as Major. On July 18, he was assigned to duty under Colonel C. H. Humphrey as Chief Quartermaster of the Santiago expedition. He was relieved from this duty on August 25, 1898, after all troops on the original expedition had been sent North. He was subsequently honorably discharged, and returned to his law practice. He was a member of the Detroit and American Bar Associations.

On his return from Cuba he was attacked by malarial fever, from which he did not fully recover. The last year of his life he spent in Arizona, California and Colorado, and was at Colorado Springs with his family for several months. His condition was considered favorable until a week before his death, when he was taken with a hemorrhage. After this he failed rapidly, and died of tuberculosis, on May 9, 1902. He was 35 years of age.

His residence was at Grosse Pointe Farms, of which he was for some years village trustee. He was vice-president and director of the Detroit & Cleveland Line of Steamers, also vice-presi-

dent of the Michigan Malleable Iron Co., and of the Wabash Portland Cement Co., and director of the Marine Savings Bank. He was a member and for some time trustee of the Jefferson Avenue Presbyterian Church.

He married, on June 18, 1890, Julie Vilier, daughter of Alexander and Elizabeth J. (Ingersoll) Lewis, who survives him with a daughter, his son having died at Colorado Springs one month previous. Three brothers have graduated from Yale, respectively, B.A. 1884 and 1894 and Ph.B. 1897.

ALFRED RAYMOND, son of Rossiter Worthington Raymond, a mining engineer of New York City, and Sarah Mellen (Dwight) Raymond, was born on August 31, 1865, at Lakeville, Conn., and was fitted for college at the Brooklyn (N. Y.) Polytechnic Institute, and at the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa.

While in college he was a member of the University Glee Club, a contributor of prose and verse to the *Yale Literary Magazine*, and a skillful illustrator of the *Yale Record*.

After graduation he took the course in architecture in the Columbia School of Mines, in New York, receiving the degree of Ph.B. in 1891, and was then in office work in New York for a year and a half. He was a member of the Twenty-third Regiment of Brooklyn, but was not called into active service except at the time of the Buffalo strike and other scenes of disorder.

In February, 1893, in company with a Columbia classmate, he sailed for Naples, and after a year of travel, entered the École des Beaux Arts in Paris, in March, 1894. During the following summer he visited Normandy, Brittany, and the Isle of Jersey, and in the fall set out from Paris on a more extensive trip, including Italy, Sicily, Greece, Austria and Hungary, as well as the more frequented countries of Europe. In the spring of 1895 he returned to Paris, and in July sailed for home.

On May 1, 1896, he opened an office for the practice of architecture, with Henry Hornbostel, Ph.B., a classmate and later Lecturer in Columbia University. Both as a member of this firm and individually, he was engaged in several professional undertakings, chiefly in the design and construction or reconstruction of city and country residences. In 1899, he became the assistant of his father in editing the Transactions of the American Institute of Mining Engineers.

Mr. Raymond died at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., of typhoid fever, on October 28, 1901, at the age of 36 years. He was unmarried. He was president of the Young Men's League and of the Plymouth League, both connected with Plymouth Church, of which he was an active member and officer.

## 1889

LEOPOLD HERNANDEZ FRANCKE, seventh of the eight sons of Jonas Robert Francke, a sugar merchant in the Cuban trade, and Fabiana (Hernandez) Francke, was born at Havana, Cuba, on March 14, 1867.

After graduation he was in the office of J. H. Winchester & Co., ship brokers in New York City, four months, and then with the New York and Cuba Steamship Co. a year. He then studied stock brokerage in a number of New York offices, and, in 1892, became a member of the New York Stock Exchange. In January, 1894, with his brother Albert (Yale Ph.B. 1891), he established the firm of L. H. & A. Francke, stock brokers, with offices in Exchange place, and recently in William street. His home was at Lawrence, Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. Francke died at Roosevelt Hospital, New York City, on April 16, 1902. He had been ill for three weeks with appendicitis followed by pneumonia, but his death was immediately due to paralysis. He was 35 years of age.

He married, on April 20, 1892, Elise Irving, daughter of Charles R. and Mary I. Huntington, of New York City, and had two daughters, who, with their mother, survive. Besides his brother Albert, who was his partner, five other brothers are living, one being a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School in 1876, another of the Academical Department in 1886 and another of Columbia University in 1880. An older brother (Yale Ph.B. 1877) is deceased.

ELMER FRANCIS LETCHER, son of Francis O. Letcher, a farmer and member of the First Connecticut Heavy Artillery in the Civil War, and Dilana (Houghton) Letcher, was born on September 28, 1866, in Union, Conn. In 1872 he moved with his parents to Southbridge, Mass., and was fitted for college in the high school in that place.

After graduation he studied a year in the Yale Theological Seminary, and engaged in teaching in South Dakota, where he



was principal in the high schools successively at Mellette, St. Lawrence and Clark. He read law in the office of T. H. Null, Esq., at Huron, was admitted to the South Dakota bar, May 9, 1893, and on November 9, 1896, to practice in the Supreme Court, but continued to devote much of his time to teaching. He removed to Flandreau, Moody County, where, in 1898, he taught during the winter, and the following spring took a position in the Grand Rapids High School. He afterwards returned to Moody County, and was establishing a successful practice, when taken with a fatal illness. He died at the home of his parents in Southbridge, Mass., on August 31, 1901, in his 35th year. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Christian Church at Sioux Falls, S. D.

## 1891

**MATTHIAS CHARLES ARNOT**, son of John Arnot, a member of Congress, banker and first Mayor of Elmira, N. Y., was born in Elmira on October 22, 1867. His mother was Anne Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Hulett, of Horseheads, N. Y. He was fitted for college under Mr. J. Ernest Whitney (Yale 1882) in New Haven.

After graduation he entered the Chemung Canal Bank in Elmira, founded by his grandfather in 1833, and at the time of his death was Cashier and First Vice-President. He had gained a wide knowledge of scientific subjects, and during each of his visits to Europe he made a special study of some scientific problem. He was for a time President of the Elmira Academy of Science.

He died of meningitis following an operation for appendicitis, on July 31, 1901, in his 34th year. He was undemonstrative in manner, but exerted an unusual influence for good in the community by his quiet but manly example. He was a member of Trinity Church.

He married on April 19, 1897, Miss Alice Hale, daughter of Dr. Thaddeus D. Up de Graff, of Elmira, who died in March, 1898. He afterward married Elizabeth Burr, daughter of Charles E. and Harriet (Burr) Thorne of Auburn, N. Y. She survives him without children. A brother graduated from Yale University in the class of 1885 and an uncle in 1856.

1892

GEORGE LAWTON COIT, son of George Mumford and Emily A. (Kilburn) Coit, was born in Hartford, Conn., on September 12, 1869. He was fitted for college at St. John's Military School, Manlius, N. Y., and Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H. During and after his college course his home was in Brooklyn, N. Y.

For a few months immediately following graduation he was with the New York and New Jersey Telephone Company, and from November, 1892, to October, 1894, with the Franklin Trust Company, both in Brooklyn, N. Y. Since then he had been an insurance broker in New York.

He served five years in Company A of the Twenty-third Regiment of New York. He was a communicant of Trinity parish, New York, and was active in mission work.

Mr. Coit had not been in good health for some time, but no cause was known for taking his own life, which he did by shooting himself in the grounds of Packer Institute, Brooklyn, on May 24, 1902. He was 32 years of age and unmarried.

DONALD ROSE HINCKLEY, son of Henry Rose Hinckley (Yale 1859) and Mary Wright (Barrett) Hinckley, and great-grandson of Jonathan Huntington Lyman (Yale 1802), was born on September 18, 1869, in Northampton, Mass. He was fitted for college at the Waltham New Church School, Waltham, Mass.

After graduation he entered the Medical School of Harvard University, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1896. He served for eighteen months in the Boston City Hospital, after which he began practice in New Haven. In 1899 he was appointed Assistant in Physical Diagnosis in the Yale Medical School, and was just entering his third year in this service.

While at his father's home in Northampton he accidentally shot himself with a revolver which he was examining, and died half an hour after, on October 14, 1901, at the age of 32 years.

A brother graduated at Yale in the same class, and three others respectively in 1889, 1897 and 1900.

1895

MAX HOWARD KERSHOW, son of Jeremiah Kershow, a native of Philadelphia, Pa., and afterward engaged in the real estate and mining business in Denver, Col., was born in the latter city on April 24, 1872. His mother was before marriage Elizabeth Monroe Kehler, of Shepardstown, W. Va. He was fitted for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and Cheltenham Academy, Ogontz, Pa. His home during his college course was Philadelphia.

After graduation he was a student at the Harvard Law School from 1895 to 1897, and then went to California for the benefit of his health. He died of paresis at San Francisco, Cal., on June 27, 1901, at the age of 29 years. He was unmarried.

1897

WILLIAM STONE HUBBELL, JR., son of Rev. William Stone Hubbell, D.D. (Yale 1858) and Caroline (Southmayd) Hubbell, and grandson of Rev. Stephen Hubbell (Yale 1826), was born on November 8, 1874, in Somerville, Mass., where his father was pastor of the Franklin Street Congregational Church. In 1881 the family residence was removed to Buffalo, N. Y., from which he entered college.

After graduation he began a course in the Harvard Law School, but at the outbreak of the Spanish war in 1898, he enlisted in Battery A, First Artillery Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers. He spent the summer in camp at Niantic, and was mustered out of service on October 25. During the next year he was in the office of Hollister & Babcock, brokers, in New York City, after which he engaged in the mining business in Rapid City, South Dakota. He then returned East, and became an assistant civil engineer for the Long Island (N. Y.) Railroad Company. After only a month of service in this capacity, on June 11, 1901, he accidentally stepped in front of an approaching train and received a compound fracture of the skull, of which he died a few hours later at St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn. He was in the 27th year of his age. A brother graduated at Wesleyan University in 1898.

CLARENCE MARSH REED, second son of Stephen E. Reed, Secretary of the Stamford Manufacturing Co., and Jennie (Calhoun) Reed, was born on May 30, 1876, at Stamford, Conn., and was



fitted for college at King's school at that place. While in college he stood high in scholarship. He was also a member of the University baseball nine.

After graduation he entered the New York Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Law in June, 1899. He was admitted to the New York bar the same month, and had since been in the real estate department of Alexander & Green in that city.

Mr. Reed died at his home in Stamford, on May 24, 1902, of heart failure following pneumonia, after an illness of about two weeks. He had nearly completed his 26th year, and was unmarried. He was a member of St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1895.

CARL HERMAN SCHULTZ, son of Carl Herman Schultz (Lissa 1849) and Louise (Eisplatt) Schultz, was born on August 3, 1875, in New York City, and was prepared for college at Dr. Sachs' School.

After graduation he entered the business of Carl H. Schultz, manufacturer of artificial mineral waters in his native city, and after its incorporation in 1897, was secretary and treasurer of the company until his death. In 1899 he began a course of study in chemistry at Johns Hopkins University, but was obliged to give it up on account of failing health. He died at home in New York after an illness of several months of Bright's disease, on May 27, 1901, in his 26th year. A brother graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in the class of 1897.

#### 1898

ADELBERT STONE HAY, son of Hon. John Hay, LL.D., (Brown 1858), and Clara (Stone) Hay, was born in Cleveland, O., on November 1, 1876, and was fitted for college at Westminster School, then at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

For several months after graduation he acted as secretary to his father, when the latter was Ambassador to Great Britain and afterwards when he became Secretary of State in the cabinet of President McKinley. He then made a trip to the Philippines as a passenger on an army transport, and took part as a volunteer in several engagements. In December, 1899, he was appointed United States Consul at Pretoria, in South Africa. There he discharged the peculiarly delicate and exacting duties of his

office with rare tact and good judgment, and won the confidence and esteem of both Boers and British. Through the siege he remained at his post, but when quiet was restored and American interests were believed to be safe again he availed himself of the leave of absence granted him some time before, and in November, 1900, he sailed for home, spending some time in London on the way. In April, 1901, soon after reaching Washington, he resigned the consulate, and accepted the office of Assistant Secretary to the President of the United States, and would have assumed those duties on July 1, 1901.

On the evening of June 22, the Saturday before Commencement, he reached New Haven to attend the Triennial Reunion of his class, for which he was one of the committee of arrangements. He had a room on the third floor of the New Haven House. It is supposed that before retiring early on the morning of June 23d, he sat in his window, and that he was either overcome by drowsiness or in some other way lost his balance, and fell to the pavement below. He was instantly killed. He was unmarried, and in his 25th year. His tragic death saddened the exercises of the Commencement season, and part of the festivities of his class reunion were given up. His brief career had the mark of worthy service, and the promise of future achievement was unusually brilliant.

#### 1899

HUGH MOFFAT BISSELL, son of Edward Watson Bissell, a merchant of Detroit, Mich., was born in that city, on March 1, 1877, and was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. His mother's name was Margaret H. (Moffat) Bissell.

After graduation he entered Columbia Law School, and was in his Senior year, when he contracted typhoid fever and died after an illness of three weeks at St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, on November 8, 1901, in the 25th year of his age. He was a member of the Fort Street Presbyterian Church of Detroit.

#### 1900

SIDNEY GRAY BRISTOL, son of William Franklin and Annie L. Bristol, was born on August 14, 1876, at Mt. Pleasant, Racine County, Wis., and was prepared for college at Racine and Phillips (Andover) Academies. In 1896 he entered Williams College and remained until May, 1898, when he enlisted in the Second New York Volunteers, and was in camp for several

months at Chickamauga, Tampa, and elsewhere. He was mustered out of service on October 26, and then joined the Junior class in Yale, his home being at Battle Creek, Mich.

The year after graduation he studied at the Harvard Law School, and was devoting the summer vacation to business. While thus engaged in southern Vermont he stopped in Brattleboro, and was passing the night with a classmate. He had risen from bed in his sleep, as is supposed, and in returning accidentally aroused his classmate, who mistook him for a burglar and shot him with a revolver which he was accustomed to keep within reach, the charge entering the abdomen and severing the iliac artery. Mr. Bristol died in about half an hour, on July 19, 1901. He was in his 25th year. His ideals were high and his life was exemplary.

#### 1901

NORTON MYRON SKIFF, son of Myron and Lissie (Sage) Skiff, was born on November 12, 1877, at Tyrone, Schuyler County, N. Y., but removed to Dundee, Yates County, and was fitted for college in the high school of that place. He supported himself during his course at Yale by his own earnings and was much respected by his classmates.

He spent the summer after graduation in the office of the Secretary of the University, where he was specially engaged in work on the Directory of Living Graduates. He also rendered valuable service to the Bicentennial Executive Committee. In the autumn he entered the Junior class of the Law School, also acting as Assistant Registrar of that department of the University.

Mr. Skiff died after an illness of two weeks from pneumonia, at the Yale Infirmary, on January 30, 1902, in his 25th year.

CHARLES AI THOMAS, son of Homer J. and Elsie A. (Parmelee) Thomas, was born on January 5, 1873, at Gaylordsville, in New Milford, Conn., and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduation he entered the offices of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, in New Haven. During his college course he had suffered from stomach trouble, but toward the end of November, 1901, he was taken with appendicitis, of which he died in New Haven, on December 3. He was 28 years of age, and unmarried. He was a member of the Congregational Church in New Milford.



## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1852

NATHANIEL MARSTON FREEMAN, son of Rev. Nathaniel Freeman (Yale 1805), and Mary Baron (Fox) Freeman, was born at Weston, Fairfield County, Conn., on October 25, 1821, and before entering the Medical School, studied in Greenfield Academy, Fairfield, Conn. His residence while a student in New Haven was Easton, Conn., where his father was for some time pastor of the Congregational Church.

After graduation he settled in New York City, where he practiced his profession with success until his retirement some years ago.

His health had been good, and he died at home suddenly of cardiac disease, on April 18, 1902, at the age of 80 years. He was an elder of the Prospect Hill (Dutch) Reformed Church.

He married, on March 16, 1854, Vestiana, daughter of Abraham Quackenbush, of New York City, whose death occurred in October, 1901. A son (B.S. and C.E. New York Univ. 1876), and a daughter survive.

1863

FRANK BENJAMIN TUTTLE, son of Zopher and Nancy (Sherman) Tuttle, was born in June, 1840, at Prospect, Conn. Before entering the Yale Medical School he studied in the Naugatuck (Conn.) High School and in Canton Academy, Canton, N. Y.

After graduation he settled in Naugatuck, Conn., where he had since practiced his profession. He was visiting physician to the Waterbury Hospital, and at the time of his death President of the New Haven County Medical Society.

Dr. Tuttle died at his home in Naugatuck on April 21, 1902, in his 62d year. He was a member of St. Michael's Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married on February 20, 1868, Ella Augusta, daughter of Emory D. Mann of Naugatuck, who died in 1893. He afterward married Anne M. A., daughter of James Sloan of Rochester, N. Y. By the first marriage he had a daughter and son, of whom the former is deceased. The son is a physician in Naugatuck.

## YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1884

GEORGE NELSON FRAZINE, son of Newton and Emeline (Hamilton) Frazine, was born on August 25, 1860, in the town of Sugar Grove, Warren County, Pa. He graduated from the State Normal School in Fredonia, N. Y.

In the summer of 1880 he entered the law office of Brown & Stone in Warren, Pa., was admitted to the bar in 1883, and then entered the Yale Law School for Senior year.

After graduation he returned to practice in Warren, and on March 1, 1885, formed a partnership with James Wiggins, Esq., under the name of Wiggins & Frazine, which continued until October, 1893. The following April he moved to Buffalo, N. Y., where he afterward practiced. Early on the morning of January 16, 1902, he went on business to the neighboring town of Tonawanda, where he was instantly killed by a locomotive. He was 41 years of age.

He married, on September 26, 1889, in Buffalo, N. Y., Matilda, daughter of Martin and Magdalena Schaefer, of Warren, Pa., who died in 1892, leaving a son. A few days before his death he married Hattie Almeda, daughter of William and Sarah (Stepp) Miller, of Buffalo.

1893

JOHN JOSEPH CLERKIN, son of Thomas Clerkin, a clock maker, and Julia (Lynch) Clerkin, was born in New Haven, Conn., on May 19, 1856. With the design of becoming a priest he received a college education at Holy Cross College, Worcester, Mass., taking the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1877. His tastes, however, led him to other work, and he entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation he went into partnership with his classmate David T. McNamara (now deceased), in New Haven, and under the name of McNamara & Clerkin practiced his profession until about three years before his death, when he was obliged to lay aside his work on account of serious illness, from which he did not recover. Besides his law practice he was clerk in the office of the Town Clerk, from 1887 to 1889. Mr. Clerkin died at Middletown, Conn., on October 1, 1901, at the age of 45 years.

He married, on July 3, 1882, Elizabeth R., daughter of Michael Walsh, of New Haven, who survives him with a daughter.

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1872

EDWIN BAILEY BURROWS, son of Edwin Augustus and Martha Maria (Grant) Burrows, was born on June 30, 1841, in Mayville, Chautauqua County, N. Y. At the age of twenty he entered the army and served through the Civil War, gaining the rank of Major in the Quartermaster's Department. After his discharge he began his theological studies in Lane Seminary, but entered the Yale Divinity School at the beginning of Senior year.

In the autumn after graduation, October 11, 1872, he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Lebanon, O., where he remained two years. He was then pastor successively at Mount Vernon, O., from 1875 to 1879; at Springfield, Mo., about two years; at Webster Groves, Mo., from 1883 to 1888; and at Jamestown, in his native county, from 1889 to 1893. In 1893-4 he was General Missionary in Western New York. In 1896 he became editor and manager of the *New Hampshire Record*, in Concord, N. H., and, besides rendering valuable service to the churches, had nearly brought the paper to a paying basis when he was suddenly stricken with an illness, from which he never fully recovered. While editing this paper, he also served the church in Dublin, and afterward in Penacook.

He died in Hillsboro, N. H., on January 15, 1902, in his 61st year. His widow survives him without children.

1880

FRANK THEODORE CLARK, son of William A. and Elizabeth Clark, was born on March 7, 1857, in Buckland, Mass.

After completing his course in the Yale Divinity School, he went as a Home Missionary to Washington (Ty.), and was ordained at Cheney on December 18, 1881, after which he was at Spokane until some time in 1882. He was living in Colville, Wash., without charge, in 1888, and some time later went to British Columbia. He left the ministry, studied law, and is said to have practiced in Boston, and at one time to have been in business with a brother.

His death occurred in February, 1901, at a sanitarium in El Paso, Texas. He was in the 44th year of his age. His wife is also deceased.



## 1890

JOSEPH JANSEN SPENCER, son of Rev. William and Mary (Shaffer) Spencer, was born in Somerset, Perry County, O., on September 6, 1862, graduated from Otterbein College, Westerville, O., in 1884, and three years later entered the Yale Divinity School.

He was ordained in October, 1890, and after serving the church at Freetown, Bristol County, Mass., a year, he was pastor of the Union Congregational Church in North Brookfield, Worcester County, Mass., until 1900. In June of that year he took orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church, and had been chosen as one of the clergy of Grace Church, New York City, when ill health compelled him to seek a change of climate. He died at Los Angeles, Cal., on July 7, 1901, in his 39th year.

He married, on April 24, 1894, Mary, daughter of Daniel Hoffman, of New York City, who survives him. Their only child, a son, died in infancy.

## 1894

WILLIAM LLAWDDOG EVANS, son of James and Sara (Thomas) Evans, was born on May 16, 1868, in Penybryn, Llanfihangel-arath, County of Carmarthen, Wales. He graduated at the Presbyterian College, Carmarthen, in 1891, and at once came to the United States, and entered the Yale Divinity School.

Immediately after receiving his degree at the latter he began to supply the Congregational Church in Plymouth, Pa., was ordained on September 3, 1894, and continued as pastor there to the close of his life. He died on September 26, 1900, from typhoid fever, but his decease has not been previously reported. He was 32 years of age.

Mr. Evans married, on June 2, 1898, Gertrude, daughter of John C. and Rachel (Jones) Jones, of Plymouth, Pa., who survives him.

SAMUEL GEORGE HECKMAN, only son of Rev. John and Katherine (Schramm) Heckman, was born on June 3, 1869, at Mosel, on the shore of Lake Michigan, near Sheboygan, Wisc. He moved with his parents in 1873 to Cincinnati, O., where his father organized and has been for the past thirty years pastor of the German Reformed Church. After graduating from the

University of Cincinnati in 1891, he entered the Yale Divinity School.

During a part of his Seminary course he supplied at Lysander, N. Y., and on December 28, 1894, was ordained pastor of Emanuel Congregational Church, Watertown, N. Y., where he worked for five years with unusual success. In 1899 he resigned his pastorate on account of his father's serious illness, but on his father's recovery he accepted a call to Newport, Ky., where, as in his former charge, he soon gained a strong hold on the community. He was president of the Licking Valley Christian Endeavor Society.

In the fall of 1900, he was forced to leave his work, suffering from exhaustion and from a severe cold, from which he never rallied. He died at Cincinnati, after an illness of about a year from bronchitis, on August 13, 1901, at the age of 32 years. He was not married.

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1853

GILBERT EZEKIEL PALEN, son of Rufus and Eliza (DeWitt) Palen, was born on May 3, 1832, in Palenville, Green County, N. Y., but entered the Sheffield Scientific School in 1852 from Saugerties, in the adjoining county of Ulster. He took the courses in applied chemistry and engineering.

After graduation he entered the Albany Medical School, from which he received the degree of M.D. in 1855. He then went to Pennsylvania, and practiced a number of years each in Canadensis, Monroe County and Tunkhannock, Wyoming County. In 1877, he moved to Germantown, now a part of Philadelphia, and, after continuing medical practice for a time, began the manufacture of the widely-known compound oxygen, as a member of the firm of Starkey & Palen. He was president of the Overland Telegraph Company and of the Wayne Chemical Company, and treasurer of the Ocean City (N. J.) Association. He had large financial interests in Florida and the West.

He was an active member and trustee of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Germantown. He had been identified with the Prohibition party since its formation. He received the degree of LL.D. from the American University of Harriman, Tenn., in 1900.

Dr. Palen died of pneumonia at his summer home in Ocean City, on July 28, 1901, at the age of 69 years. He had been ill for several weeks from a complication of troubles, but his decease was entirely unexpected.

He married, on September 19, 1860, Elizabeth, daughter of John Burr and Mary (More) Gould, of Roxbury, N. Y., and sister of Mr. Jay Gould. Mrs. Palen, their daughter and one of their three sons, survive. The daughter graduated from Wellesley College in 1888 and the son from Haverford College in 1892, and from Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, in 1895.

1862

CLARENCE KING, only son of James Rivers and Florence (Little) King, was born in Newport, R. I., on January 6, 1842. Until after his student days his name was Clarence Rivers King. His great-grandfather, William Little, graduated at Yale College



in 1777. His grandfather was one of the pioneer merchants in the Chinese trade, and to this business his father with three brothers succeeded, but died in 1848 in Amoy, China. During the financial crisis of 1857, the family property which had remained in the business was lost. After the death of her husband Mrs. King devoted herself to the education of her son, studying ancient and modern languages in order to teach them to him. His school education was mainly in Hartford, Conn. Early in life he showed a fondness for the study of natural phenomena, and this was further developed during the summer vacations among the Green Mountains.

During the winter following graduation he was a student of glaciology under Agassiz, and of art under Russell Sturgis. In the spring of 1863, in company with his friend James Terry Gardiner (Hon. Ph.B. 1868) he started on a horseback journey from the Missouri River across the continent. He crossed the Sierra Nevada Mountains on foot, and on reaching California joined the California Geological Survey as a volunteer assistant. Before the close of the year, with Professor William H. Brewer, then in charge of the field work of the Survey, he explored the region about Mount Shasta, and during the following winter made a study of the Mariposa gold mines, and discovered in the slates of the gold belt fossils which solved the problem of their age. The next year he explored the southern Sierra Nevadas, climbed to the summit of the lofty Mount Whitney, which he named, and during the winter began an exploration of Arizona, which was interrupted by his capture by hostile Apaches. He was rescued, however, just in time to escape torture.

In 1866 he returned east, and in 1867 was appointed by Congress Chief of the United States Geological Exploration of the 40th Parallel, covering the topography, geology and natural history along that parallel from the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains to the Pacific Ocean. In his capacity of organizer and for ten years director of this undertaking, he laid the foundations of a systematic survey of the country and raised the standard of geological work. He made a study of the geological relations of the ore deposits of the region surveyed, the direct application of which to the development of the mineral wealth of the country was shown in 1870 in "Mining Industry," a work written jointly by himself and Mr. James D. Hague. In that year he discovered on the slopes of Mt. Shasta the first glaciers actually known to exist in the United States.

In 1872 he rendered a service of the highest value to the financial world by his exposure of the diamond fraud, in which a certain district in Wyoming in the territory of his survey had been "salted" with diamonds. The field work of this survey was completed in 1873, and was described in "Professional Papers of the Engineering Department, U. S. A." Of this series Mr. King wrote the first volume, which appeared in 1878, and is entitled "Systematic Geology." It is still considered a masterly summary of the principles of the science.

In March, 1879, on the recommendation of the National Academy of Sciences and on lines laid down by himself, a law was passed by Congress consolidating the national surveys in the field, and establishing the United States Geological Survey as a bureau of the Interior Department. Mr. King was appointed the first director, and showed rare judgment in selecting for the various branches men fitted to maintain the high standard which he set. He prepared the First Annual Report of the Survey (1880) and the paper "On the Physical Constants of Rocks" in the Third Report (1883). After thoroughly organizing the Survey on broad lines, and most efficiently guiding its activities for two years, he presented his resignation, which was regretfully accepted by President Garfield on March 12, 1881.

Circumstances compelled him to devote most of his time thereafter to the more directly remunerative occupation of mining engineer. In his examination of mines he visited nearly every part of the American continent, and so thorough was his knowledge of the subject that he acted as legal as well as scientific adviser in many important mining suits.

On assuming charge of the Survey he at once established a laboratory of experimental physics. An important result of this was his paper on the "Age of the Earth," which was printed in the *American Journal of Science* of January, 1893, and which takes high rank among modern scientific memoirs. He had acquired an exceptional familiarity with the phenomena of the interior of the earth, and had not given up his plans for future geological investigations on an extensive scale. He had formulated in his mind a new theory of the earth, which he hoped to work out at leisure.

For the United States Census of 1880 Mr. King planned and supervised the collection of full and accurate statistics of the precious metals, the high value of which has resulted in the

annual collection of statistics of the mineral resources of the United States by the Geological Survey since then.

At the anniversary of the Sheffield Scientific School in June, 1877, he delivered the address on "Catastrophism and the Evolution of Environment," which was printed in the *American Naturalist*. He also wrote other scientific papers, which appeared in the *American Journal of Science*, and one on Glacial Phenomena in the *Proceedings of the Boston Society of Natural History* (1876). Besides these he contributed two or three articles of timely interest to the *Forum*.

In 1870, as a result of his early experiences in California, he published "Mountaineering in the Sierra Nevada," a volume of scenic description which was especially appreciated in England, where it was esteemed by far the best work of its kind that had been written. Two articles in the *Century Magazine*, on the "Helmet of Mambrino" and the "Biographers of Lincoln" are regarded, however, as showing more than anything else he wrote the exquisite delicacy of his literary touch. He had a charming personality, attractive on many sides, wit of rare refinement as well as quickness, and remarkable conversational powers.

Mr. King was elected a fellow of the Geological Society of London in 1874, and a fellow and member of the council of the American Geographical Society in 1877. He was also a life member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Brown University in 1890.

He had shown through life wonderful powers of physical endurance, but in the early part of 1901, after making an examination of some mining property during very inclement weather, he was taken with pneumonia. On his recovery from this it was discovered that he had contracted tuberculosis, probably during a visit to the Klondike the previous summer. He tried several changes of climate in the vain hope of relief, and a few months later died in Phoenix, Ariz., on December 24, 1901. He was in the 60th year of his age, and was never married. His mother survives him at Newport, and there the burial took place.

#### 1871

JOHN WOOL GRISWOLD, son of John Augustus and Elizabeth (Hart) Griswold, was born in Troy, N. Y., on August 30, 1850. He was a grand-nephew of General John Ellis Wool, a soldier in



the War of 1812, the Mexican and Civil Wars. His father was an iron and steel manufacturer, trustee of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Mayor of Troy, member of Congress, and a friend whose aid to Captain John Ericsson at a critical time secured the construction of the *Monitor*.

The son studied three years in the Sheffield Scientific School, taking the special course, but received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy and was enrolled with his class in 1898.

After finishing his course at New Haven he engaged in specialties in iron manufacture, having works at Troy and Sterling, Ill. He was elected in 1890 a trustee of the Troy Savings Bank, and of the Troy Orphan Asylum. He was a member and trustee of the Second Street Presbyterian Church in Troy. For some time past his residence had been in Bennington, Vt.

He died suddenly of heart disease at Chicago, Ill., on January 2, 1902, in his 52d year.

He married in 1878 Sara Noyes, daughter of George M. Tibbits, of Troy, N. Y. After her decease he married in 1885 Sarah Perry, daughter of Charles R. Randall, of New Bedford, Mass. The latter survives him with two daughters and a son, the son being an undergraduate at Williams College.

## 1872

CHARLES LEWIS JOHNSON, son of David Treat Johnson, a contractor and builder and during the Civil War Captain of the 23d Connecticut Volunteers, was born in Ansonia, Conn., on March 15, 1850. His mother's maiden name was Sarah Lindley. He had hoped to enter West Point and follow his father's footsteps into the army, but failed to secure an appointment. He was then at once admitted to the Sheffield Scientific School.

For a few months after graduation he was a clerk in the post office at Ansonia, but the following spring entered the office of the Candee Rubber Company, in New Haven, with which he was continuously connected thereafter. His ability was soon recognized, and a year later he became Secretary of the company, and in 1887 Treasurer, with a general oversight of the selling department. In 1892, when the United States Rubber Company was formed, he was elected Secretary and Director in Charge of Sales, and in May, 1901, to the important and very responsible position of General Manager. He was also a member of the executive committee and director of the company, and director

of other companies for the manufacture of rubber and other goods. The office of Treasurer of the Candee Company he continued to hold to the close of his life, but resigned that of Secretary of the United States Rubber Company in 1896. He was devoted to his business, and usually took but short vacations, but in the summer of 1898 enjoyed an extended trip abroad. He frequently wrote articles for the trade journals.

During the spring and early summer of 1901 Mr. Johnson had not been at all well, but continued his official duties, and later in the summer steadily improved in health, and his death was entirely unexpected. It occurred at his home in New Rochelle, N. Y., from hemorrhage of the brain, on October 8, 1901. He was 51 years of age. He was known for his integrity and for an uncommon equability of temperament.

He married, in Paris, France, in June, 1899, Bertha, daughter of H. P. Moorhouse, for many years the representative of the Candee Company on the continent. Mrs. Johnson survives him with a young son.

#### 1877

JAMES BLAIR MURRAY, son of Stewart and Jane (Oatley) Murray, was born on June 17, 1856, at Preston, Conn., and entered the Sheffield Scientific School in the Junior class.

After graduation he taught school in Scotland and Poque-tanuck, Conn., and during the last eight years was bookkeeper for the United States Finishing Co., at Greenville, a suburb of Norwich, Conn.

He died at his home in Greenville on January 4, 1902, after an illness of three hours from heart disease. He was 45 years of age.

He married, on March 19, 1890, Jennie L., daughter of Joseph and Emeline (Williams) Perry, who survives him without children.

#### 1884

ELWOOD HARVEY ALLCUTT, son of Wallace P. and Anna (Temple) Allcutt, was born in Milwaukee, Wisc., on June 21, 1861. After a preparatory course at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., he entered the Sheffield Scientific School from Kansas City, Mo.

Upon graduation he returned to Kansas City, where he was engaged in the packing business with his father until ill health

obliged him to seek a change of climate. He went first to Arizona and then to Pasadena, Cal., where he died of consumption on April 18, 1902, at the age of 40 years.

He married on April 12, 1887, Adeline Russell, daughter of Wallace Pratt (Union 1849), a lawyer of Kansas City. Mrs. Allcutt, with a daughter and son, survives.

## 1893

GEORGE ALBERT HUTCHINSON, son of George C. and Charlotte A. (Foley) Hutchinson, was born on May 28, 1872, in Chicago, Ill., and fitted for the Sheffield Scientific School at the Manual Training School in that city, and under a private tutor.

Upon graduation he entered the firm of W. H. Hutchinson & Son, in Chicago, manufacturers of patent bottle stoppers, and after the death of his father in 1897 became the sole manager of the business.

He died at home after an illness of less than a day from ptomaine poison, on September 13, 1901, at the age of 29 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Church of the Epiphany.

## 1894

MORGAN PROUT BROOKS, son of Edwin Andrew and Hermione (Deane) Brooks, was born in New Haven, Conn., on January 25, 1874. He prepared for the Sheffield Scientific School at the Hopkins Grammar School, and took the Select Course.

After graduation he entered the firm of Brooks & Co., importers and dealers in hats, furs and leather goods, at the corner of Chapel and State streets, in the store of which his father became proprietor in 1874. He was successful in business, but evidences of consumption compelled him in November, 1898, to seek change of climate in the Adirondacks and among the pines of North Carolina, and for the last winter and spring in California. The sojourn on the Pacific coast was apparently beneficial, but the end came suddenly at the ranch near Santa Barbara where he was staying with his family. He died on May 13, 1902, at the age of 28 years. He was unusually refined in his tastes, and was a member of St. Paul's Church.

Mr. Brooks married, on November 14, 1899, Elizabeth, daughter of John G. Stetson, a merchant of New York City, who survives him with an infant son.



1894

JOHN CRIST PECK, son of Jonathan Crist and Susan J. (Wood) Peck, was born on April 4, 1874, in Newburgh, N. Y., where his father was a furniture dealer. He studied at the Siglar Preparatory School in that city and then took the course in mechanical engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

For about three years after graduation he was head draughtsman for the Betts Machine Company of Wilmington, Del., and the following year was Instructor in Mechanical Engineering in Lehigh University, South Bethlehem, Pa.

He died at his home in Newburgh on December 28, 1901, after an illness of three years from consumption. He was 27 years of age and unmarried. He was a member of the American Reformed Church.

1895

ROBERT AUSTIN HAMLIN, son of John Austin Hamlin, a prominent manufacturer and proprietor of the Grand Opera House in Chicago, Ill., and Mary Eleanor (Hart) Hamlin, was born in Chicago on September 3, 1874. After preparation at the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa., he entered the Sheffield Scientific School, where he was business manager of the *Scientific Monthly*, a member of the Yale Banjo Club, and class historian, and was active in social life.

Several months following graduation he spent in the study of German in Munich and French in Paris, and in travel; and then from 1896 to 1900 was a student of architecture in the École des Beaux Arts in Paris, where he won unusual distinction. When he had nearly completed his course, on reaching Paris from a tour of examination of the architectural monuments of Italy, he was taken seriously ill, and although able to return to this country, nothing could be done to arrest the disease, and he died of quick consumption about a month after reaching Phoenix, Ariz., on December 10, 1901. He was 27 years of age and unmarried.

Three brothers graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School respectively in 1887, 1888 and 1892.

1896

JOHN HARKNESS WRAY, JR., son of John Harkness Wray, a retired merchant, and Elizabeth (Sloane) Wray, was born on October 20, 1875, in New York City. After preliminary study

at the Cutler School in that city he entered the Sheffield Scientific School and took the course in civil engineering.

After graduation he entered the wholesale drygoods house of a relative in New York City.

While driving across the tracks of the Erie Railroad at Highland Mills, Orange county, N. Y., he was killed by the cars on the morning of August 29, 1901. He was 25 years of age and unmarried. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1899.

#### 1897

CHARLES RUSSELL BEMENT, son of George W. and Helen F. (Brotherton) Bement, was born on April 16, 1875, in Terre Haute, Ind., and fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation from the Scientific School he went into the grocery business with his father. On June 12, 1901, while returning home on horseback from a ride in the country his horse shied at a passing trolley car and sprang in front of another car, which knocked the horse down. Mr. Bement was thrown under the horse and was so crushed that he died without regaining consciousness. He was 26 years of age. He was unmarried.

BARCLAY WARD KOUNTZE, son of Luther and Annie Parsons (Ward) Kountze, was born on February 27, 1876, in Paris, France, and was fitted for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

After graduation he went into the banking business with his father in New York City, and was soon afterward admitted to the firm of Kountze Brothers. Owing to overwork his health failed and he was planning a long rest, but was taken down with typhoid fever and pneumonia, of which he died three weeks later, at the summer home of his parents in Morristown, N. J., on August 29, 1901, in his 26th year. He was unmarried. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1899.

#### 1900

HARRY ALBERT CHASE, son of George Franklin and Augusta Ann (Staples) Chase, was born on March 2, 1876, in Boulder, Col. After studying at the Colorado State Preparatory School there, he entered the University of Colorado, and received the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1899. The following autumn he joined the Senior class in the Sheffield Scientific School and took the course in civil engineering.

Upon completing his studies at Yale he was for a short time connected with the Burlington and Missouri Railroad, and then entered the service of the Liberty Bell Gold Mining Co., near Telluride, Col. He had just been advanced from the position of Chief Assayer to that of Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. Chase met his death on February 28, 1902, while attempting to rescue victims of a snow slide on Smuggler Mountain, near Telluride, being himself overwhelmed by the snow. He was in his 26th year and was unmarried. His brother (B.A. University of Colorado 1866; Ph.D. Yale 1891) is Assistant Astronomer at the Yale Observatory.

WILLIAM PURVIANCE IRWIN, son of William Henry and Mary I. (Purviance) Irwin, was born on October 4, 1879, in Allegheny, Pa., and spent the two years preceding his entrance to the Sheffield Scientific School at the Lawrenceville (N. J.) School.

After graduation he engaged in engineering work, but had recently become associated with his brother in the management of the Rosedale Foundry in Allegheny.

He died of typhoid fever at his home at Edgeworth, Pa., twelve miles west of Pittsburg, on September 30, 1901, having nearly completed his 22d year. He was quiet and thorough, and of much promise. A brother and two sisters survive him, both parents being deceased.

#### 1901

ROBERT MORSE CHAMBERLIN, son of Humphrey B. and Alice (Packard) Chamberlin, was born in Oswego, N. Y., on May 8, 1880. His father was a native of Manchester, Eng., and at the age of 10 years the son removed with his family to London, where his father was in the insurance business. His preliminary training was at Craigmore College, Clifton, Eng.

While a student in New Haven he was president of the Sheffield Debating Club, editor of the *Yale Scientific Monthly*, class treasurer and secretary, and won a Two-Year Honor for excellence in all the studies of Junior and Senior year.

Mr. Chamberlin died of typhoid fever at his home in New Haven immediately after graduation, on July 2, 1901, at the age of 21 years. His mother and sister survive him.



# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1829	Samuel Porter, 91	Farmington, Conn.	Sept. 3, '01
1831	Milo N. Miles, 94	DesMoines, Ia.	July 4, '01
1832	Samuel M. Hopkins, 88	Auburn, N. Y.	Oct. 29, '01
1835	Josiah Abbott, 90	Winchendon, Mass.	Nov. 27, '01
1839	William B. Corbyn, 87	Quincy, Ill.	March 28, '02
1839	Lewis Hall, 86	Jamestown, N. Y.	April 1, '02
1839	Sylvester Southard, 84	Fishkill, N. Y.	Nov. 6, '01
1841	John Curwen, 79	Harrisburg, Pa.	July 2, '01
1841	John F. Lay, 79	Batavia, N. Y.	Sept. 27, '01
1842	Daniel L. Shearer, 82	Cambridge, Mass.	April 17, '02
1842	Nathan W. Williams, 86	Providence, R. I.	April 16, '02
1843	John Avery, 82	Norwich, Conn.	April 23, '02
1843	Benjamin T. Eames, 83	East Greenwich, R. I.	Oct. 6, '01
1843	Asahel A. Stevens, 84	Peoria, Ill.	July 16, '01
1843	Douglas K. Turner, 78	Hartsville, Pa.	March 8, '02
1843	George W. Warner, 80	Bridgeport, Conn.	Dec. 24, '01
1844	Charles W. Camp, 80	Sierra Madre, Cal.	May 8, '02
1846	Joseph W. Backus, 78	Farmington, Conn.	July 4, '01
1846	Henry B. Harrison, 80	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 29, '01
1847	Henry [H.] Brace, 73	Catskill, N. Y.	July 10, '01
1847	William W. Carpenter, 78	Marshfield, Or.	May 13, '02
1847	Nathaniel A. Hyde, 74	Ludlow, Vt.	July 19, '01
1848	Henry Hitchcock, 72	St. Louis, Mo.	March 18, '02
1849	Isaac E. Carey, 79	Huntsburg, O.	March 6, '02
1849	Franklin W. Fisk, 81	Chicago, Ill.	July 4, '01
1849	Albert G. Green, 73	Reading, Pa.	May 22, '02
1849	William H. Jessup, 71	Scranton, Pa.	Jan. 16, '02
1849	William B. Lee, 73	Spokane, Wash.	Nov. 3, '01
1849	Mark B. Moore, 80	Buffalo, N. Y.	May 27, '02
1850	Albert P. Condit, 72	West Orange, N. J.	Dec. 14, '01
1850	John A. Woodhull, 76	Chicago, Ill.	Feb. 1, '02
1852	Henry S. Sanford, 69	New Milford, Conn.	Nov. 2, '01
1853	Henry H. Babcock, 68	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 2, '01
1853	Albert W. Bishop, 69	Buffalo, N. Y.	Nov. 29, '01
1853	William M. Hudson, 68	Hartford, Conn.	Oct. 30, '01
1853	Kinsley Twining, 69	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 4, '01
1854	Henry Baldwin, 68	Allston, Mass.	Jan. 22, '02
1854	Charles A. Dupee, 70	Chicago, Ill.	March 26, '02
1855	Hiram L. Howard, 73	Worcester, Mass.	July 25, '01
1855	Robert C. Shoemaker, 65	Forty Fort, Pa.	Feb. 16, '02

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1856	Levi L. Paine, 69	Bangor, Me.	May 10, '02
1857	William C. Case, 65	Hartford, Conn.	Dec. 23, '01
1857	Douglas F. Forrest, 64	Ashland, Va.	May 3, '02
1857	Edward W. Hitchcock, 68	Saratoga, N. Y.	Sept. 17, '01
1857	Samuel Scoville, 67	Philadelphia, Pa.	April 15, '02
1858	George P. Andrews, 66	New York City	May 24, '02
1858	Robert Morris, 63	San Francisco, Cal.	Nov. 15, '01
1859	William H. Anderson, 66	Lowell, Mass.	April 14, '02
1859	Truman A. Post, 64	St. Louis, Mo.	Jan. 10, '02
1859	Alfred J. Taylor, 68	Huntington, Mass.	July 12, '01
1860	Lyman B. Bunnell, 69	New York City	March 18, '02
1860	Charles D. Foules, 61	Kingston, Miss.	May 27, '01
1861	John H. Mitchell, 59	Port Tobacco, Md.	Nov. 12, '01
1862	Charles W. Coit, 60	Milford, Conn.	Oct. 23, '01
1862	Albert B. Shearer, 64	Philadelphia, Pa.	Oct. 25, '01
1863	Charles E. Sumner, 65	Fitchburg, Mass.	March 26, '02
1864	Charles H. Burnett, 59	Bryn Mawr, Pa.	Jan. 30, '02
1864	Peter R. Cortelyou, 58	Marietta, Ga.	Feb. 4, '02
1865	Josiah H. Bissell, 56	Lake Michigan	Nov. 6, '01
1865	Manning F. Stires, 63	Jersey City, N. J.	Feb. 6, '02
1865	Edwin H. Wilson, 62	Cambridge, Mass.	Nov. 29, '01
1866	Alexander D. Anderson, 58	Mount Vernon, Va.	Nov. 24, '01
1866	George A. Lockwood, 57	Ossipee, N. H.	Sept. 29, '01
1869	Alfred Bartow, 55	Colorado Springs, Col.	March 12, '02
1870	John A. Ross, 51	Kansas City, Mo.	Oct. 19, '01
1873	Edward E. Gaylord, 52	Pasadena, Cal.	Nov. 2, '01
1873	William C. Stewart, 49	New York City	Jan. 5, '02
1875	George H. Benton, 48	Minneapolis, Minn.	Nov. 16, '01
1875	Edward W. Southworth, 48	New York City	April 20, '02
1876	Bradbury Bedell, 46	Philadelphia, Pa.	May 23, '02
1876	William B. Lamberton, 46	Primos, Pa.	July 5, '01
1877	William E. Whitney, 45	Boston, Mass.	Jan. 13, '02
1879	James W. Eaton, 45	Albany, N. Y.	Aug. 1, '01
1880	George D. White, 42	Utica, N. Y.	May 27, '01
1883	William H. Stockwell, 38	New York City	May 20, '02
1886	Cornelius G. Bristol, 38	Hartford, Conn.	Nov. 30, '01
1887	Franklin A. Meacham, 39	Manila, P. I.	April 14, '02
1888	James H. McMillan, 35	Colorado Springs, Col.	May 9, '02
1888	Alfred Raymond, 36	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Oct. 28, '01
1889	Leopold H. Francke, 35	New York City	April 16, '02
1889	Elmer F. Letcher, 34	Southbridge, Mass.	Aug. 31, '01
1891	Matthias C. Arnot, 33	Elmira, N. Y.	July 31, '01
1892	George L. Coit, 32	Brooklyn, N. Y.	May 24, '02
1892	Donald R. Hinckley, 32	Northampton, Mass.	Oct. 14, '01
1895	Max H. Kershow, 29	San Francisco, Cal.	June 27, '01
1897	William S. Hubbell, 26	Brooklyn, N. Y.	June 11, '01
1897	Clarence M. Reed, 25	Stamford, Conn.	May 24, '02
1897	Carl H. Schultz, 25	New York City	May 27, '01

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1898	Adelbert S. Hay, 24	New Haven, Conn.	June 23, '01
1899	Hugh M. Bissell, 24	New York City	Nov. 8, '01
1900	Sidney G. Bristol, 24	Brattleboro, Vt.	July 19, '01.
1901	Norton M. Skiff, 24	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 30, '02
1901	Charles A. Thomas, 28	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 3, '01

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1852	Nathaniel M. Freeman, 80	New York City	April 18, '02
1863	Frank B. Tuttle, 61	Naugatuck, Conn.	April 21, '02

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1884	George N. Frazine, 41	Tonawanda, N. Y.	Jan. 16, '02
1893	John J. Clerkin, 45	Middletown, Conn.	Oct. 1, '01

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1872	Edwin B. Burrows, 60	Hillsboro, N. H.	Jan. 15, '02
1880	Frank T. Clark, 43	El Paso, Texas	Feb., '01
1890	Joseph J. Spencer, 38	Los Angeles, Cal.	July 7, '01
1894	William L. Evans, 32	Plymouth, Pa.	Sept. 26, '00
1894	Samuel G. Heckman, 32	Cincinnati, O.	Aug. 13, '01

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1853	Gilbert E. Palen, 69	Ocean City, N. J.	July 28, '01
1862	Clarence King, 59	Phoenix, Ariz.	Dec. 24, '01
1871	John W. Griswold, 51	Chicago, Ill.	Jan. 2, '02
1872	Charles L. Johnson, 51	New Rochelle, N. Y.	Oct. 8, '01
1877	James B. Murray, 45	Greenville, Conn.	Jan. 4, '02
1884	Elwood H. Allcutt, 40	Pasadena, Cal.	April 18, '02
1893	George A. Hutchinson, 29	Chicago, Ill.	Sept. 13, '01
1894	Morgan P. Brooks, 28	Santa Barbara, Cal.	May 13, '02
1894	John C. Peck, 27	Newburgh, N. Y.	Dec. 28, '01
1895	Robert A. Hamlin, 27	Phoenix, Ariz.,	Dec. 10, '01
1896	John H. Wray, 25	Highland Mills, N. Y.	Aug. 29, '01
1897	Charles R. Bement, 26	Terre Haute, Ind.	June 12, '01
1897	Barclay W. Kountze, 25	Morristown, N. J.	Aug. 29, '01
1900	Harry A. Chase, 25	Telluride, Col.	Feb. 28, '02
1900	William P. Irwin, 21	Edgeworth, Pa.	Sept. 30, '01
1901	Robert M. Chamberlin, 21	New Haven, Conn.	July 2, '01

The number of deaths recorded this year is 118, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is nearly 61 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is :

Class of 1831, Rev. JOSEPH S. LORD, of Laingsburg, Mich., born April 26, 1808.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1831, CHAUNCEY AYRES, of Stamford, Conn., born August 14, 1808.





# I N D E X

Members of the *Divinity, Law, Medical, and Scientific Schools* are indicated by the letters *d, l, m, and s*, respectively.

Class		Page	Class		Page
1835	Abbott, Josiah	118	1849	Fisk, Franklin W.	139
1884 <i>s</i>	Allcutt, Elwood H.	200	1857	Forrest, Douglas F.	155
1866	Anderson, Alexander D.	169	1860	Foules, Charles D.	162
1859	Anderson, William H.	160	1889	Francke, Leopold H.	183
1858	Andrews, George P.	158	1884 <i>l</i>	Frazine, George N.	191
1891	Arnot, Matthias C.	184	1852 <i>m</i>	Freeman, Nathaniel M.	190
1843	Avery, John	126			
			1873	Gaylord, Edward E.	172
1853	Babcock, Henry H.	146	1849	Green, Albert G.	140
1846	Backus, Joseph W.	131	1871 <i>s</i>	Griswold, John W.	198
1854	Baldwin, Henry	150			
1869	Bartow, Alfred	171	1839	Hall, Lewis	121
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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

***JUNE, 1903,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 23d, 1903]

[No. 3 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 62 of the whole Record]

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1862 to 1865. At the opening of the present building in 1893, he delivered the Commemorative Address. He was esteemed as an antiquarian, and was often consulted regarding early landmarks and local history. He assisted in the compilation of several genealogies. On the death of his classmate, Rev. Edward E. Atwater, in 1887, he became Class Secretary, having previously been one of the permanent Class Committee.

He united with the College Church in 1835 and had been a member of the Center Church since 1846. With the late Judge William W. Boardman (Yale 1812) he was largely instrumental in securing from the State Legislature an annual appropriation for the New Haven Hospital.

Mr. Day died from the infirmities of age aggravated by uraemic poisoning at his home on College street where he had lived for thirty-five years, on July 22, 1902, in the 86th year of his age.

He married, on November 20, 1844, Sarah Rice, daughter of Heman and Sarah C. (Rice) Seaver, a native of Montreal, Canada, and subsequently a resident of Marlboro, Mass. Of their three sons and three daughters, the youngest son and the two younger daughters survive. Mrs. Day died in 1898. Mr. Day's only brother graduated from Yale College in 1833 and has been Professor of the Hebrew Language and Literature in the Yale Divinity School since 1866.

JAMES BULLOCH DUNWODY, son of John Dunwody (Yale 1807) and Jane (Bulloch) Dunwody, was born in Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., on September 24, 1816.

After graduation he devoted himself to the study of law for two years, after which he turned his attention to theology, finished the regular course at the Presbyterian Seminary in Columbia, S. C., in October, 1841, and then spent a year in England. He first labored as a missionary in the Cherokee region of Georgia, was ordained in Charleston, S. C., in 1845, and then resided in Pocotaligo, Beaufort County, S. C., serving churches in the vicinity for a dozen years. In 1859 he was pastor in Barnwell, S. C., and the next three years in Washington, Ga. He then removed to Walterboro, S. C., which was thereafter his home.

Mr. Dunwody died after an illness of three weeks at his home in Walterboro, on June 26th, 1902, in his 86th year.

He married in 1842 Laleah, daughter of Rev. Horace and Jane

(Wood) Pratt. She died in 1853, and he afterward married Miss Ellen Martin, daughter of a planter in Beaufort County, S. C., who died in 1857. His third wife, who died in 1894, was Caroline, daughter of Dr. James O. Hagood. By his first wife he had five children and by his third eleven. Two sons and three daughters survive. One of the sons graduated from Washington and Lee University in 1871.

## 1839

HENRY LAURENS DAWES, eldest of the three sons of Mitchell and Mercy (Burgess) Dawes, was born on October 30, 1816, at Cummington, Hampshire County, Mass. In the intervals of farm labor he fitted himself for college, and before entering had also taught school in Windsor, a Berkshire hill town adjoining Cummington.

On finishing his college course he taught for a term in Fishkill, N. Y., and then studied law in the office of Samuel Stevens, Esq., in Albany, N. Y., teaching three hours a day to defray expenses. During the next two years he continued alternately teaching and studying law, the latter in the office of Hon. Daniel Wells (Dartmouth 1810) of Greenfield, Mass., who was afterward Chief Justice of the Massachusetts Court of Common Pleas. At the same time he wrote editorials for the *Greenfield Gazette and Courier*. He was admitted to the bar at Northampton in August, 1842, and immediately opened an office in North Adams, where he resided until April, 1864, when he removed to Pittsfield. For some years he also edited the *North Adams Transcript*.

In November, 1847, he was elected to the Massachusetts House of Representatives, and was reëlected the next year. In 1849 he was elected to the State Senate but declined a reëlection the following year, and in 1851 was again elected to the lower House. He was a delegate to the National Whig Convention at Baltimore in 1852, and in the spring of 1853 to the State Constitutional Convention at Boston. In December of that year he was appointed District Attorney for the Western District of Massachusetts, and held the office three years.

In 1857 he entered the National House of Representatives at the opening of the Thirty-fifth Congress. For ten years, and during a period of the most bitter contests, he was Chairman of the Committee on Elections, and his Reports were recognized as documents of convincing reasonableness and of singular skill in



construction, and are of permanent value. He then became Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, and was courageous in protecting the financial interests of the Nation and opposing lavish expenditures of all kinds. Through this committee he fostered the scientific work of the government to a notable degree in many directions, and among other things established the Weather Bureau and the Fish Commission. He was also for four years at the head of the Ways and Means Committee, during which he did much work upon the various tariff measures, and at one time by unusual parliamentary skill carried through a bill of his own construction for a new tariff which remained the law for some years.

In 1875 he was elected to the United States Senate, and served continuously in that body until his voluntary retirement in 1893. As Chairman of the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds he recommended the first appropriation for the completion of the Washington Monument, and as a member of the Senate Committee on Appropriations, and in various other positions in that body, he influenced legislation to a large extent.

In 1877 he became Chairman of the Committee on Indian Affairs, where he remained for sixteen years. In this he applied himself with conscientious thoroughness to the interests of the Indian, and brought the Nation to try the experiment of treating the Indian with justice, and of "making something out of him." In 1887 he was the author of the law known as the Severalty Law, by which the land of the Indians was allotted to them individually and they became citizens of the United States. On his retirement from the Senate he was appointed by President Cleveland Chairman of the Commission to the Five Civilized Tribes of Indian Territory, and to work in behalf of the Indian he gave his constant interest and oversight in his later years.

Senator Dawes lived during the lifetime of all the Presidents of the United States except the first three, was one of Lincoln's most trusted advisers and supporters, and a warm personal friend of his successors. His service in Congress covered the period of the Civil War, the era of construction, and the admission of sixteen new states into the Union.

He believed fully in the principles of the Republican party, but was courteous to his opponents. The very high regard in which he was held was shown when he left Washington, his associates in the Senate, without regard to party, gathering at a

notable dinner in his honor. At Pittsfield his fellow citizens to the number of two thousand welcomed him home.

During his career he twice declined the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts.

Mr. Dawes had a high ideal of citizenship and never lost an opportunity to advance the interests or contribute to the welfare of his city.

He gave a large number of addresses on special occasions and many of a political and professional nature, and made frequent contributions to the magazines. From 1893 to 1898 he was Lecturer at Dartmouth College on United States History during and since the Civil War.

He married, on May 1, 1844, Electa A., daughter of Chester and Anna (Allis) Sanderson, of Ashfield, Mass., and their golden wedding anniversary was celebrated in 1894. They had one daughter and five sons, of whom three sons died in early childhood. The death of Mrs. Dawes occurred in 1901.

Senator Dawes died at his home in Pittsfield on February 5, 1903, at the age of 86. He suffered from an attack of the grip early in December, from which he had nearly recovered when a sudden relapse occurred about two weeks before his death. Two sons, graduates of the Academical Department, respectively in 1876 and 1884, and a daughter, survive him. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Williams College in 1869 and from Yale University in 1889.

JAMES OSBORNE PUTNAM, son of Hon. Harvey and Myra (Osborne) Putnam, was born at Attica, Wyoming County, N. Y., on July 4, 1818. He entered Yale from Hamilton College at the beginning of Junior year and left at the close of that year, but in 1865 he received the degree of M.A. and was enrolled with the class.

After leaving college he studied law with his father, was admitted to the bar in 1842, and for two years was in partnership with Hon. George R. Babcock. In 1844 he was made Secretary, and in 1846 Attorney and Counselor, of the Attica, Buffalo & Rochester Railroad Company, and held the position until the absorption of the line by the New York Central Railroad. In 1851 he was Postmaster of Buffalo. In 1854-55 he was State Senator, and was the author of the bill requiring the title to real estate consecrated to religious uses to be vested in trustees. This

was bitterly contested but became a law in 1855. In 1857 he was nominated by the American party for Secretary of State, and worked zealously for the union of the American party with the Republican party, which had then just been organized, to resist the slave interest. In 1860 he was a State elector at large on the Republican ticket.

By appointment of President Lincoln in 1861 he was made United States Consul at Havre, and held the position during the Civil War. He wrote the Address of American Citizens Abroad to their Government on the Death of Lincoln, and delivered the Oration in Paris on Washington's Birthday, 1866, after the close of the war, both included in a volume of "Orations, Speeches and Miscellanies," 1880. In 1880 he was appointed United States Minister to Belgium, and while on this mission, was a delegate of the United States Government at the International Industrial Property Congress in 1881.

Mr. Putnam was connected with Buffalo University for over fifty years, having been chosen a member of the Council in 1846. For many years he was Vice-Chancellor and then Chancellor, resigning the latter office in 1902. He was for a time a trustee of the State Agricultural College in Ovid, Seneca County, of Houghton Seminary in Clinton, and of the State Normal School in Buffalo, and for years a trustee of Calvary Presbyterian Church in that city.

Mr. Putnam died of paralysis at his home in Buffalo, on April 24, 1903, in the 85th year of his age.

He married, on January 5, 1842, Harriet, daughter of George Palmer, of Buffalo. She died in 1853, and in 1855 he married Kate Frances, daughter of Rev. Worthington Wright, at the time pastor of the Congregational Church in Charlestown, N. H., and previously of Woodstock, Vt. By the first marriage he had one son and two daughters, and by the second three sons and one daughter, all of whom are living. Mrs. Putnam died February 19th, 1895. One of his sons graduated at Amherst College in 1890 and Yale Divinity School in 1893, and another son graduated at the Medical department of the University of Buffalo in 1882.

#### 1840

CHARLES ROBERTS INGERSOLL, son of Hon. Ralph Isaacs Ingersoll (Yale 1808) and Margaret Eleanora (Van den Heuvel) Ingersoll, was born in New Haven, Conn., on September 16,



1821. His father was Speaker of the Connecticut House of Representatives, Representative in Congress, Mayor of New Haven, State's Attorney for New Haven County, and United States Minister to Russia. He was grandson of Judge Jonathan Ingersoll (Yale 1766), and great-grandson of Rev. Jonathan Ingersoll (Yale 1736), of Ridgefield, Conn.

After graduation he spent two years abroad with his uncle by marriage, Captain Ralph Voorhees, Commander of the U. S. Frigate *Preble*, and upon his return studied in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the bar in December, 1844. He at once began practice in his father's office, and was associated with him a large part of the time until his death in 1872.

Like his father, he early gave attention to public affairs, and in 1846 was Clerk of the Connecticut House of Representatives. He was chosen a Representative to the State Legislatures of 1856-1858, 1866 and 1871, but declined a nomination to the Senate. In 1864 he was a member of the National Democratic Convention at Chicago, and in 1872 at Baltimore, and in 1876 was a Presidential elector. He was elected Governor of Connecticut in 1873, and served by reëlection until 1877, when he declined a renomination, and resumed the practice of his profession, in which he attained an acknowledged leadership. He was distinguished for his thorough knowledge of legal principles, the force of his arguments and an unusual aptness of expression. One of his most important cases before the United States Supreme Court involved the determination of the law of reissue of patents. He was many times retained as counsel by Yale University,—in 1893 in its suit against the Connecticut Agricultural College involving the disposition of the Congressional appropriation for Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges.

He was an incorporator of the Connecticut Savings Bank in New Haven, the last survivor of the original charter members and a director of the New Haven Colony Historical Society from its formation in 1862, and for many years a vestryman of Trinity Church.

He was an *ex-officio* Fellow of Yale University during the period of his Governorship, and in 1874 received from Yale the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws.

Governor Ingersoll died at his home in New Haven, on January 25, 1903, at the age of 81 years. He contracted pneumonia the previous spring, from which he only partially recovered.

He married, in Brooklyn, N. Y., on December 18, 1847, Virginia, daughter of Rear-Admiral Francis H. Gregory, U.S.N., and had six children, of whom one son (a graduate of the Academical Department in 1874), and three daughters are living. Mrs. Ingersoll died in 1898.

## 1843

**WILLIAM AUGUSTUS DURRIE**, son of John and Clarissa (Clark) Durrie, was born on July 21, 1822, in New Haven, Conn., where his father was a bookseller and publisher of a number of college text-books, of the firm of Durrie & Peck.

After graduation he took a course in the Yale Medical School, completing it in 1846. He then devoted a year to the study of homœopathy in the office of Drs. Gray & Hull in New York City, and in 1847 opened the first office of the homœopathic school in Jersey City. He was one of the founders, and the third President, of the State Homœopathic Medical Society of New Jersey. For five years he was physician to the Alms House of the city. In 1884 he removed to East Orange, N. J., retiring from the practice of his profession. His death occurred on April 8, 1903, in the 81st year of his age, and was due to Bright's disease. He was a member of the Tabernacle [First Congregational] Church during his residence in Jersey City, and after 1884 of the Brick Presbyterian Church in East Orange.

Dr. Durrie married, on February 5, 1851, Emma, daughter of Stephen Ball Alling, Esq., a manufacturer of jewelry in Newark, N. J., and had three sons and two daughters, of whom the eldest son died in childhood. One of the sons graduated from Yale University in 1876.

**MILLS BORDWELL GELSTON**, son of Rev. Maltby Gelston (Yale 1791), for nearly sixty years pastor of the Congregational Church in Sherman, Conn., was born in that town on August 27, 1817. His mother was Jane Mills, daughter of Rev. Joel Bordwell (Yale 1756), of Kent, Conn.

After graduation he studied theology a year at Andover Seminary and two years at New Haven. He was ordained as an evangelist at Somerset, Mich., in April, 1847. In the previous autumn he accepted a call to the Presbyterian Church at Albion, Mich., and remained there nine years, after which his brother (Yale 1827) continued the work for five years. In 1855 he began

a service as pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Naples, Ontario County, N. Y., which lasted twenty-one years. Since then he had resided in Ann Arbor, Mich., supplying a parish a few miles distant.

Mr. Gelston died at his home in Ann Arbor, on February 28, 1903, in the 86th year of his age.

He married, in Rushville, N. Y., on September 10, 1851, Caroline Elizabeth, daughter of William and Catharine Fanning, and had two sons and three daughters, all of whom with their mother are living, and four of whom are graduates of the University of Michigan.

FREDERICK MUNSON, eldest of the seven children of Norman and Wealthea (Thompson) Munson, was born in Bethlehem, Conn., on April 25, 1818.

After graduation he studied in the Theological Seminary at East Windsor (now Hartford) two years and at New Haven one year, meantime teaching at South Britain, Conn., and elsewhere during vacations. On receiving his license, in 1846, he began preaching at North Greenwich, Conn., where he was ordained pastor, September 22, 1847. He remained there until the spring of 1856. In September of that year he was installed over the First Congregational Church at East Windsor, where he continued until 1865. He was then pastor about three years at Brookfield, Conn., and six years at Patchogue, Long Island, N. Y. Owing to impaired health he then took a smaller parish, serving the church at Haddam Neck, Conn., from 1875 to 1884. Since that date he had resided in Brooklyn, N. Y., without charge, but was engaged on the staff of the *Insurance Critic*, most of the time as Associate Editor.

Mr. Munson died of heart disease at his home in Brooklyn, October 16, 1902, at the age of 84 years.

He married, on June 28, 1848, Clarissa A., daughter of William Clarke, of Cornwall, Conn., who survives him. Of their three daughters, two are living.

#### 1844

THADDEUS FOOTE, son of Thaddeus and Polly (Forward) Foote, was born in Southwick, Hampden County, Mass., on April 27, 1821.

After graduation he studied a year in Harvard Law School, was



admitted to the bar on April 9, 1847, and practiced for a time in Canfield, Mahoning County, O. About 1850 he removed to Grand Rapids, Mich., and was Prosecuting Agent of Kent County for four years.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted in the Union Army, and was appointed Major of the 6th Michigan Cavalry on October 13, 1862, and Colonel of the 10th Cavalry on September 5, 1863. He resigned from disability on July 25, 1864, and was honorably discharged.

After the war he was Pension Agent in Grand Rapids eight years (1869 to 1877). From 1879 to 1881 he was in partnership with George P. Wanty (LL.B. Univ. of Mich. 1878), afterward U. S. District Judge, and later was associated with Edward W. Withey, Esq. Several years ago failing health compelled him to withdraw from active business.

Colonel Foote died of old age at Grand Rapids on February 3, 1903, in his 82d year.

He married, on May 31, 1847, Harriet M., daughter of Henry Ward Betts, of Lebanon Springs, N. Y., and had three sons, of whom two are living. Mrs. Foote died in 1898.

ALFRED HASBROUCK, son of Joseph and Jane (Hasbrouck) Hasbrouck, was born in Guilford, Ulster County, N. Y., on July 17, 1820. His father was the great-grandson of Abraham Hasbrouck and his mother the great-great-granddaughter of Jan Hasbrouck, Huguenots and brothers, who were two of the twelve patentees and original settlers of New Paltz, N. Y., in 1677.

After graduation he studied medicine with Dr. John Barnes, in Poughkeepsie, and at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, receiving from the latter the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1848. He then settled in Poughkeepsie, where he practiced his profession until his retirement a few years ago. He was for many years Almshouse Physician, for several terms Health Officer, and after the Civil War Medical Examiner of the district for the U. S. Pension Bureau. During his whole career he was on the medical staff of St. Barnabas' Hospital, and was for a number of years Vice-President of the Medical Board of Vassar Hospital. He was strongly Republican in his sympathies, but never held political office.

Dr. Hasbrouck died at his home in Poughkeepsie after an illness of a week, starting from a chill, on May 9, 1903, in the 83d year of his age.

He married, on September 28, 1848, Margaret Ann, daughter of William Manning, of Poughkeepsie, a descendant of Baltus Van Kleeck, the original settler of that place, also of Hugo Freer, one of the twelve patentees of New Paltz. They had four sons and four daughters, of whom one daughter is deceased. Mrs. Hasbrouck died in 1889. One son graduated from Harvard University in 1872, and another from West Point in 1883.

IRA LEWIS, son of Ira and Phebe (Coleman) Lewis, was born at Lyn, Leeds County, in the province of Ontario, Canada, on May 5, 1820. He entered the class in Sophomore year from Brockville, but during Senior year his home was Lewisville, in the province of Ontario.

Upon graduation he went to Toronto, Can., where in October, 1845, he received the same degree from the University of King's College, now included in the University of Toronto, and in 1848 the degree of Bachelor of Civil Law. He had meantime studied also in the office of Hon. Robert Baldwin. In 1847 he removed to Goderich, Huron County, where for fifty-five years he continued in vigorous and successful practice. In 1855 he was Mayor of Goderich, and in 1859 he was appointed a member of the Senate of the University of Toronto, and from then until his death was Crown Attorney of the county.

He died of heart failure at his home, after an illness of a few days, on January 13, 1903, in the 83d year of his age.

He married, on August 27, 1849, Julia, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Doolittle) Dwight, of New Haven, Conn., and had three sons and one daughter, of whom one son died at an early age. Mrs. Lewis died on December 13, 1898.

CHARLES HENRY MEEKER, son of Samuel and Martha (Harbech) Meeker, was born at Rahway, N. J., on August 13, 1824.

After graduation he pursued medical studies in Germany, and afterward received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York. He established a hydropathic institution near Newark, which he conducted until 1850, and then practiced for a time in College Springs, O. About 1865 he engaged in farming near Rahway, N. J., and for the last thirty years had passed part of the year at Port Orange, Fla., cultivating an orange grove.

In 1855 he published a work on Hydropathy, translated from the German of J. H. Rausse.

Dr. Meeker had been in poor health for a number of years, but died quite suddenly at Rahway on October 2, 1902, at the age of 78 years.

He married, on February 29, 1860, Mary E., daughter of Nathaniel E. Wood, of New York City. Mrs. Meeker survives him without children. A brother graduated from Yale with the class of 1842.

JAMES ROE MERSHON, son of Cornelius and Anna Louise (Henderson) Mershon, originally from Newark, N. J., was born in Fleming County, Ky., on April 19, 1815. He was prepared for Yale while teaching in Cincinnati College and under the tuition of Professor (then Tutor) Thomas A. Thacher.

After graduation he studied theology two years in the Yale Seminary and a year at Andover. He was ordained on April 27, 1848, preached two years at Durham Center, Conn., in 1850 organized the First Congregational Church at Ansonia, Conn., which he served for a year, and supplied at Colebrook and Middlefield, Conn., the next year. In 1853 he went to Iowa, and preached for a year in Marion, Linn County. Failure of his voice and health then compelled him to retire from the ministry, but he continued to do pioneer work. In 1856 he organized a Congregational church in Newton, Jasper County, where he made his home for the rest of his life, and where he built, and for many years operated, the Newton Roller Mills. From 1883 to 1884 he was in Oakland, Cal., and from 1887 to 1889 in Europe.

Mr. Mershon died at Newton, Iowa, on July 19, 1901, at the age of 86 years.

He married, at Nashville, Tenn., on October 15, 1844, Susan M., daughter of Ira Atwater, of New Haven, and sister of the first wife of Samuel Estey Baldwin, of the class of 1848. She died in 1853, and of the children by this marriage only one daughter survives. In 1855 he married Mrs. Elizabeth Chapman, widow of George A. Chapman, the founder and editor of the Indianapolis *Sentinel*. After her death he married, in 1863, Mrs. Margaret A. Manfull, by whom he had one son and two daughters. One of these daughters died in infancy, and the mother in 1868. Mr. Mershon married, in 1872, Mrs. Jennette E. Baldwin, of Meriden, Conn., who survives him.

ARTHUR WARD, son of Samuel L. Ward, M.D., and Caroline (Bruen) Ward, was born on December 23, 1823, at Belleville, Essex County, N. J.



After graduation he studied medicine with his father, and two years with Dr. Thomas Cock, then Vice-President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, and received his diploma October 18, 1847. Until 1865 he practiced his profession in his native town, but after that date in Newark, N. J. At his decease he had been in continuous practice for fifty-five years, and longer than any other physician in the city. Many of the poor were cured by his skill without charge, and his gifts to charitable objects were very large. He was one of the attending physicians of St. Barnabas' Hospital from its organization until his death.

For a number of years he contributed monthly observations and reports on the weather to the *Newark Daily Advertiser*, under the signature of "W., Jr."

Dr. Ward died at his home in Newark, on July 6, 1902, in the 79th year of his age. He was an Elder of the North Reformed (Dutch) Church in Newark.

He married, on October 25, 1854, Anna C., daughter of Robert Lee, of Rahway, N. J., who died about six months before her husband.

#### 1846

JOHN HENRY GLOVER, son of John and Debby Ann (Sheaff) Glover, was born on May 22, 1827, in New York City, but in 1836 moved with his parents to Fairfield, Conn., where he was fitted for college, partly by Rev. James Tufts (Yale 1838).

After graduation he studied a year in the Harvard Law School, and then in the office of Francis B. Cutting, Esq., of New York City. He was admitted to the bar of New York in 1849, and to the bar of the United States in the Supreme Court at Washington about 1850. For a time he was in partnership with his classmate, David Hawley, Esq., and later, in 1883, founded the firm of Glover, Sweezy & Glover, in which his son (LL.B. Columbia 1879) was the junior partner.

Until 1871 he resided in his old home in Fairfield, where he was a warm supporter of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church. In 1861 he was elected to the Connecticut Legislature, and again in 1868. He visited Great Britain and the Continent in 1865, and was again in Europe in 1871. After his return from Europe in 1874 he removed to New York City, where he resided until his death on August 4, 1902, at the age of 75 years.

He married, on March 16, 1852, Helen Otis, daughter of Jacob and Charlotte (Otis) Le Roy, of New York. She survives him, with one of their two sons, and two daughters.

## 1847

HENRY GRISWOLD JESUP, second son of William Henry Jesup, by his second wife, Mary Hannah (Riley) Jesup, was born in the village of Saugatuck, in Westport, Conn., on January 23, 1826.

The year after graduation he went to Georgia, where he taught and traveled until 1850. He then entered Union Theological Seminary, New York City, and upon completing his course, in August, 1853, began preaching at Stanwich, a village in Greenwich, Conn., where he was ordained and installed pastor on April 26, 1854. Owing to ill health he resigned there in 1862, and after a year spent in Minnesota took up his residence in Amherst, Mass., and devoted himself to the study of Natural Science until 1876, when he was appointed Professor of Natural History in the Chandler Scientific Department of Dartmouth College and in the New Hampshire College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, in Hanover, N. H. From 1893 until his resignation in 1899 he was Chandler Professor of Botany in Dartmouth College. He was elected a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science in 1891.

Professor Jesup died at Hanover, N. H., on June 15, 1903, at the age of 77 years. He was never married. His only brother graduated from Yale College in 1840.

He was the author of "Edward Jesup and his Descendants," 1887, and the "Flora and Fauna within Thirty Miles of Hanover, N. H.," 1891, and a number of articles in periodicals on genealogy and botany.

## 1848

SAMUEL ESTEY BALDWIN, son of Captain Samuel and Abigail Baldwin, was born on July 24, 1822, at Winchendon, Mass.

After graduation he entered the Harvard Law School, received the degree of LL.B. and was admitted to the bar in 1850, and in company with Samuel Henry Shreve (Princeton 1848; LL.B. Harvard 1850), opened a law office in Milwaukee, Wisc., and later with his partner established at Depere, Wisc., the *Depere Advertiser* which he conducted for a year.

He died of heart failure at Depere on December 29, 1902, at the age of 80 years.

Mr. Baldwin married on May 18, 1850, Emilie E., daughter of Ira and Roxanna (Woodruff) Atwater of New Haven, and sister of the wife of James Roe Mershon of the Class of 1844, and had four children. After her death, he married, in 1867, Kate, daughter of George G. and Catherine Hannan of Depere. She survives him with one daughter. Three sons and one daughter have died.

HENRY BLODGET, eldest son and fourth of the eight children of Dea. Bliss and Mary (Thurston) Blodget, was born on July 13, 1825, in Bucksport, Me. He united with the Congregational church there in 1837, and while in college was a class deacon.

After graduation he studied in Bangor Theological Seminary until the early part of 1850 when he went to Andover. In the autumn of that year he became Tutor in Yale College, and at the same time continued his theological studies in the Yale Divinity School. At the end of his term as Tutor in 1853, he declined a call to a pastorate in Beloit, Wisc., and offered himself to the American Board as a missionary to China.

He was ordained in Bucksport on January 25, 1854, and with his classmate, William Aitchison, sailed from New York on April 11, reaching Shanghai on September 1. There he remained nearly four years, but in March, 1860, the state of his health necessitated a change, and he went first to Yokohama, Japan, and then to the Taku forts, where war was then imminent. After the battle of Taku, and the consequent opening of North China, he went to Tientsin, where he was the first Protestant missionary in the province of Chili. A little more than three years later he removed to Peking, where he was a faithful missionary for thirty-three years, making a total of forty years of service in China. He was repeatedly urged to become Secretary of the American Legation in Peking, but refused to give up the work to which he had devoted his life.

Besides regular preaching and pastoral work, oversight of schools and native helpers, he superintended the *Mission Press* for six years, and was one of a company of five missionaries who translated the New Testament into Mandarin, the language spoken by three-fourths of the people of China. This work was finished in 1872, after eight years of labor. In 1890 he was appointed to prepare a memorial, in the nature of an Apology for Christianity, which was presented to the Emperor, and was also printed in English in the *Chinese Recorder*. At the same time he



was chosen one of a committee to prepare a version of the entire Bible, and was occupied in this work when he returned to America in 1894. He translated about two hundred hymns into Chinese, and after much study wrote several essays on subjects of interest, which were printed in English. In 1899 a paper on the "Worship of Heaven and Earth by the Emperor of China" appeared in the *Journal of the American Oriental Society*. In 1896 he delivered a course of ten lectures on "Missions in China" in Andover Theological Seminary.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale College in 1872. He was a life director of the American Bible Society, and an honorary member of the Council of the Yale Missionary Association.

Dr. Blodget died at his home in Bridgeport, Conn., on May 24, 1903, in the 78th year of his age.

He married, on January 17, 1854, Sarah Franklin, daughter of Franklin and Charlotte (Barrett) Ripley, of Greenfield, Mass., and had a son (Yale 1875) and a daughter (the wife of Rev. William Rogers Richards, D. D., also Yale 1875), who with their mother survive him.

CHARLES MASON CULLEN, son of Hon. Elisha D. Cullen, one of the leaders of the bar in Sussex County, Del., and a member of Congress, was born at Georgetown, Del., on June 14, 1828. His mother was Margaret Cullen, daughter of Robert West, of Lewes, Del. He joined the class as a Sophomore in December, 1846.

After graduation he studied law in his father's office, was admitted to the bar in October, 1852, and was in partnership with his father until the latter's death in 1862. In September, 1890, he was chosen Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of Delaware.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Georgetown, Del., on February 1, 1903, at the age of 74 years. He was a member of the Presbyterian church.

Judge Cullen married, on May 6, 1853, C. Virgia, daughter of Rev. Beverly Waugh, Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and Catherine (Bushly) Waugh, who survives him with two sons and two daughters.

JAMES CRANE HINSDALE, son of Rev. Charles James Hinsdale (Yale 1815) and Catharine Bowen (Crane) Hinsdale, was born in November 25, 1825, at Meriden, Conn.

After graduation he studied law with Henry Morris, Esq., in Springfield, Mass., was admitted to the bar in November, 1851, the following May opened an office in Chicopee, and afterward in Blandford, in the same State. In 1868 he removed to Meriden, Conn., where he resided, engaged in farming, until his death, which occurred suddenly from apoplexy at the threshold of his home, on January 21, 1903. He was 77 years of age.

He married, on November 18, 1856, Elizabeth A., daughter of Aaron and Betsey Pratt of Meriden, and after her death, in 1872, Maria L., daughter of William and Nancy Tuttle. By the first marriage he had three daughters and a son, and by the second four sons and a daughter. His widow survives him with three sons and one daughter, and three of the children by the first marriage.

## 1849

EDWIN AUGUSTUS BUCK, second of the seven children of James and Lydia (Treat) Buck, was born at Bucksport, Me., on May 31, 1824.

After graduation he entered Bangor Theological Seminary, took his second year at Andover Seminary, and returned to Bangor to complete his course, graduating in 1851. In September, 1852, he entered upon his work as a preacher in Pownal, Me., where he remained until May, 1854. On May 31, he was ordained and installed pastor of the First Congregational Church in Bethel, Me. After five years of service he was dismissed, and settled over the Congregational Church in Slatersville, R. I. In December, 1867, he was appointed Missionary of the Fall River [Mass.] City Missionary Society. This work soon came to be supported by the Central Church alone. In 1892 he published a most interesting Report of the work accomplished during twenty-five years of whole-hearted service, largely among those outside of the churches. He was instrumental in establishing in that city the Young Men's Christian Association and the Boys' Club, and the Pastors' Ministerial Association. For the last few years he had been Missionary *Emeritus*.

Mr. Buck died of pneumonia at his home in Fall River, on March 9, 1903, in his 79th year. He had won in the fullest measure the love and esteem of all classes in the community.

He married, on January 19, 1853, Elmira Rebecca, daughter of Dean and Rebecca (Wright) Walker, of Medway, Mass., and sister of his classmate, Rev. Augustus Walker. Mrs. Buck died

in 1877, and of their seven children five daughters and one son survive. The son graduated at Williams College in 1888 and from the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1892, and one of the daughters graduated from Wellesley College in 1892.

Mr. Buck published a Historical Discourse delivered at the Semi-Centennial Anniversary of the Slatersville Congregational Church, and a Tribute to the Memory of Mrs. Ruth Slater, also a small book on Infant Baptism.

## 1850

HENRY PHELPS SANFORD, son of Peleg Phelps Sanford (Yale 1820) by his second wife, Ann Elizabeth (Phelps) Sanford, was born in Painesville, O., on November 7, 1829, and entered the class the first term of Junior year from Western Reserve College.

The year after graduation he studied law in the Yale Law School, and then returned to Painesville, where he engaged in manufacturing, and was for many years at the head of the Geauga Stove Co. He retired about ten years ago, and during the last five years resided in Cleveland, O., where he died of apoplexy on May 28, 1903, in the 74th year of his age. For over thirty years he was Clerk of the Village Council and of the Board of Education at Painesville, and for forty years was Junior Warden of St. James' Protestant Episcopal Church there.

He married, on December 24, 1851, Emilie J., daughter of Henry Huggins, of New Haven, Conn., and had two daughters and three sons, of whom two sons, with their mother, survive.

## 1851

DANIEL HIRAM SOLOMON, only son of Joel and Mary (Strickler) Solomon, was born on January 4, 1827, on a farm near Harrisonburg, Rockingham County, Va. After freeing their slaves, his parents moved in 1832 to a place near Urbana, Champaign County, Ohio, five years later to Illinois, and in 1840 settled in Lewistown, the seat of Fulton County, Ill. He entered Yale from Illinois College.

For three months after graduation he taught a district school, and before school hours instructed a class of ten boys. In the autumn of 1851 he began to read law in the office of Browning & Bushnell, of Quincy, Ill., at that time one of the ablest firms in the State. He was admitted to the bar in Lewistown in June,



1853, and opened an office at Glenwood, Iowa, opposite the mouth of the Platte River, where he at first also had a school of Mormon children. For years he was retained in nearly every lawsuit tried within a hundred miles.

In the fall of 1854, as chairman of a Committee on Resolutions at a political meeting, he recommended division of the territory west of the Missouri River by extending westward the boundary between Missouri and Iowa,—a provision which a few days afterward was introduced in the Kansas-Nebraska bill.

In January, 1856, he was a delegate to the State Democratic Convention at Iowa City, and in June following a delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Cincinnati, and in January, 1857, a member of the Committee on the Judiciary of the Convention called to frame a State Constitution for Iowa.

In September, 1865, while driving a span of horses of his own raising, he received serious internal injuries, which, it was thought, would prevent further use of his voice in court. In order to regain his health and secure a summer retreat he bought an entire section of land, one mile square, in Mills County, Ia., thirty acres of which he planted with fruit and forest trees. In 1879 he was successful in securing the construction of a railway line from St. Louis to Omaha, thus gaining ready access to market.

In 1885 he severed his connection with the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific Railway, and spent about a year in Washington, studying the diplomatic relations of the United States with the nations of Central and South America. He planned to seek a charter for the construction of a railway line through Venezuela, but lack of confidence in the President of that country and local strifes prevented him from raising the necessary capital.

Since July, 1892, he had made his home in St. Louis, Mo., but while visiting his daughters at Owensboro, Ky., died on July 7, 1902, from a fall down some steps at the railroad station, caused by sunstroke. He was 75 years of age.

He married in Chicago, Ill., on April 5, 1868, Elizabeth Hardin, daughter of Marcus Aurelius Chinn, of Lexington, Ky., a civil engineer and later a physician, and had five daughters and three sons.

#### 1853

WILLIAM FREDERICK VINCENT BARTLETT, third of the eight children and second son of William and Mary (Crie) Bartlett, was born in Portland, Me., on August 20, 1831. During his

Senior year he left college on account of ill health for a sea voyage, then taught for a time in Natchez, Miss., and in 1856 entered Union Theological Seminary, having that year received his degree, and been enrolled with his college class.

After completing his course in Union Seminary, he took charge of Jefferson College, at Washington, Miss. During the Civil War he was Chaplain of the First Alabama Regiment (Confederate), and was at the siege of Port Hudson when the garrison was taken by the Union army in July, 1863. He was ordained to the Presbyterian ministry on December 26, 1864, and took charge of the Prytania Street Church in New Orleans, La., but his health soon failed owing to the privations and hardships of the war, and he spent several years in travel, supplying, however, for varying periods, churches in Boston and Brookline, Mass., and elsewhere, and part of a year in Concord, N. H.

After his return from Europe he became Professor of Latin in Oakland College, Miss., a Presbyterian institution whose resources had been greatly reduced by the war and which afterward became Alcorn University. He also preached in the churches of that vicinity. In 1874 he began a service as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in Lexington, Ky., which continued with widening influence for over twenty-five years, during which he became greatly beloved by citizens of all ranks. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Central University, Ky., in 1876.

In October, 1900, Dr. Bartlett suffered an apoplectic shock, which laid him aside from all work. Another stroke ended his life at his home in Lexington, on April 15, 1903, in the 72d year of his age.

He married, on July 26, 1859, Miss Mary Jane Moore, of Pine Ridge, near Natchez, Miss., and had five sons and two daughters, of whom one daughter died in infancy. One son graduated as a Bachelor of Science from the State College of Kentucky in 1888, another as a Bachelor of Law from the University of Virginia in 1894, and a third son from the University of Kentucky in 1897. Mrs. Bartlett died in September, 1898.

JEREMIAH EVARTS GREENE, son of David Greene (Yale 1821), for many years Secretary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and Mary (Evarts) Greene, and grandson of Jeremiah Evarts (Yale 1802), was born in Boston, Mass., on November 27, 1834. Soon after his birth the family removed

to Roxbury, and about 1848 to Westborough, Mass. In 1849 he entered New York University, but a year later joined the Sophomore class at Yale.

The year following graduation he taught in the Episcopal Academy at Cheshire, Conn., and the next year in Keosauqua, Ia., and was then occupied for two years in the survey for the U. S. Government of public lands in Kansas. He returned to Massachusetts in 1859, was admitted to the Worcester County bar less than a year later, and settled in North Brookfield.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he was the first from the town to enlist, and aided in raising the 15th Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers, of which he was commissioned First Lieutenant, August 1, 1861. With other officers he was taken prisoner at the battle of Ball's Bluff, Va., October 21, 1861, and held at Richmond until February 2, 1862, when he was released on parole. He was commissioned Captain in the 15th Regiment, June 17, 1862, but resigned on October 23 following.

Returning to his law practice, Mr. Greene remained in North Brookfield until May 1, 1868, when he removed to Worcester. He became associated with Hon. John D. Baldwin in the editorship of the Worcester *Spy*, and continued as leading editorial writer of that paper for twenty-three years.

In 1891 he was appointed Postmaster at Worcester and during his service of over ten years conducted the office entirely without partisanship and with an efficiency which was signally recognized at Washington and throughout the Post Office department.

He was twice President of the Board of Directors of the Worcester Free Public Library, and a member of the council of the American Antiquarian Society. His life was one of singular unselfishness.

Mr. Greene died on November 8, 1902, of softening of the brain, at Plainfield, N. J., while on a visit to his sister, the wife of Jeremiah Evarts Tracy, Esq., (LL.B. Yale 1857). He had nearly completed his 68th year.

He married, on April 14, 1864, at New Haven, Conn., Mary Anna, daughter of John G. and Henrietta C. (Kirtland) Bassett, of New York City, and granddaughter of Rev. Amos Bassett, D.D. (Yale 1784). Mrs. Greene died after many years of suffering in 1897. They had no children.

One of Mr. Greene's brothers graduated at Williams College in 1852 and was killed in the attack on Arkansas Post in 1863; and two younger brothers graduated at Dartmouth College.



JOEL SUMNER SMITH, son of David Hume and Tirzah (Howe) Smith, was born on September 11, 1830, in Paxton, Worcester County, Mass. Thence the family removed to Easthampton, Mass., where his preparation for college was completed in 1847. Another removal now intervened, to Wisconsin, with the result that Mr. Smith spent the next two years in teaching music in a Young Ladies' Seminary in Racine.

After graduation he remained in New Haven, and for more than twenty years devoted himself with success to the thorough study of music and to its teaching as a profession.

While still thus engaged his interest in musical history led him in 1874 to undertake (without compensation) an exhaustive catalogue of the Lowell Mason Library of Church Music, which had just been placed in the Yale Divinity School. This employment led happily to a closer connection with the university, which began in July, 1875, when he was put in charge of the Linonian and Brothers Library. His activity and precision in this partial occupation proved so invaluable that he was soon induced to withdraw entirely from his former profession and give all his time to the Library. His position remained nominally the same until 1894, but after that date he was wholly occupied in the University Library, with the rank of Assistant Librarian, which had virtually been his position for many years before. His duties were mainly those of a cataloguer, which called into play and developed his remarkable exactness and capacity for minute labor and thorough research.

To fit himself more fully for his work he took up at an early date the study of Russian, to which he added subsequently a knowledge of other Slavonic languages. One fruit of these studies was the publication in 1886 (and second edition in 1887) of "*Red-nosed Frost*," an anonymous version in the original metres of a poem by N. A. Nekrásov—a difficult piece of work, admirably executed.

His studies also led him to the task of collecting a library of about six thousand volumes of representative Russian literature, selected with rare judgment; and in 1896 he printed (in Leipzig) a careful catalogue of this collection, to accompany its transfer to the university. By his strict injunction the source of this large gift was kept a secret, as was also his subsequent devotion of a considerable portion of his income to supplying the wants of the musical department of the Library. It can now be said that

these benefactions amounted to nearly \$12,000. His best gift, however, which could not be hidden, was his shining example of loyal, ungrudging service and the lavish devotion of all his powers to the duties entrusted to him.

In the summer of 1901 his health began to fail perceptibly, and in the spring of 1902 he was forced to accept the offer of partial relief from daily service; after a few final months of painful retirement he died suddenly at his home in New Haven, on February 13, 1903, in his 73d year.

He was married, on May 28, 1854, in New Haven, to Miss Elizabeth Mary Davis, of this city, who survives him with their only child (Y. C. 1879).

## 1856

HASBROUCK DuBOIS was born at Fishkill, N. Y., on November 27, 1832, and was the son of Charles L. and Catharine (Hasbrouck) DuBois. He entered college with the class of 1855, but lost a year through ill health, and joined the class of 1856 in its Freshman year. In Senior year he was one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

After graduation he entered the Theological Seminary of the Reformed (Dutch) Church at New Brunswick, N. J., and immediately after finishing his course, in 1859, became pastor of the North Reformed Church in Newark, N. J. After two and a half years of service he resigned on account of ill health, and spent a year in rest and travel in Europe, Egypt and the East. For three years after his return he was pastor of the Reformed Church at Bloomingburg, Orange County, N. Y., and for twenty-one years (from 1866) of the Reformed Church at Mott Haven, Westchester County, N. Y., for fourteen years of that time supplying also the Union Church at High Bridge. In 1887 he resigned from this pastorate, and since then had lived at Woody Crest, High Bridge, New York City, where he died of acute indigestion, on August 5, 1902, in the 70th year of his age.

He married, on April 12, 1871, Katharine Schuyler, daughter of Smith W. and Harriet A. (Schuyler) Anderson, of High Bridge, N. Y. Mrs. DuBois survives him with their adopted son.

GEORGE CARY DUNHAM, son of Ebenezer and Martha B. (Cary) Dunham, was born in Pittsfield, Mass., on October 11, 1832. During the greater part of his college course he served as Chapel

organist, and was leader of the Beethoven Society. In Senior year he also organized a class orchestra which furnished music on Class Day.

The year after graduation he was in Cleveland, O., and then for four or five years he devoted himself to practicing and teaching music in Pittsfield. In 1862 he was appointed U. S. Deputy Collector for the Tenth District of Massachusetts, in 1865 Assistant Assessor of the same district, and four years later, Assessor. He subsequently held other government positions until 1879, when he removed to Middletown, Conn., and entered the service of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. For a short time he was a conductor on the "Branch" road, but for the past nineteen years had been local freight agent. In 1885 he was elected a member of the Common Council, and from 1887 to 1891 served as Alderman.

Mr. Dunham died of heart failure at his home in Middletown, on April 1, 1903, in the 71st year of his age. He was a vestryman of Holy Trinity Church. He never entirely gave up his music, and for many years was organist in that city, and from 1879 to 1886 of St. James (P. E.) Church and afterward of the Second (Congregational) Church, both in Fair Haven, now included in New Haven.

He married, on October 19, 1857, Melissa, daughter of Nehemiah and Jane E. (Rowe) Smith, of Fair Haven. She survives him with their five daughters, of whom the eldest is the wife of Willard Knowlton Dyer, M.D. (Harvard 1876) and the third is the wife of Rev. Harry Harvey Beattys (Wesleyan 1888).

WAGER SWAYNE, son of Hon. Noah Haynes Swayne, LL.D. (Yale Hon. 1865), Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, and Sarah Ann (Wager) Swayne, was born in Columbus, O., on November 10, 1834. He was at first a member of the Class of 1855, but a dangerous illness caused him to leave college for a time and he joined the Class of 1856 at the beginning of Sophomore year.

On graduation he entered the law office of Swayne & Baber, and also studied in the Cincinnati Law School, completing his course in the latter in the spring of 1859. The following autumn he formed a partnership with his father, under the name of N. H. & W. Swayne. At the outbreak of the Civil War he promptly offered his services to the National Government, and helped



raise the 43d Ohio Volunteers, of which he was at first commissioned Major, but in October, 1861, was made Lieutenant-Colonel. He was with Gen. Pope in the Missouri campaign, assisted in the capture of New Madrid and Island No. 10, and after the battle of Corinth was promoted to the rank of Colonel. He was Provost Marshal at Memphis, Tenn., for three months in 1862-63, but at his request was returned to active service. On the expiration of their three years' term seven-eighths of his regiment reënlisted, and after taking a furlough with them he was again at the front. While on duty during the northward advance of Sherman's army from Savannah to the Sea, in a skirmish at Salkehatchie Bridge, South Carolina, on February 2, 1865, he received a wound which necessitated the amputation of his right leg. He was immediately brevetted Brigadier-General "for gallant and distinguished services," and a month later was made full Brigadier.

In June, 1865, he was appointed Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, and was stationed at Mobile, Ala., and in June, 1866, the military command of the forces in that State was added to his charge, his headquarters being at Montgomery. He opened the first elementary schools the colored people of the South had had, and aided in establishing permanent educational institutions at Montgomery, Mobile, Talladega and elsewhere.

In May, 1866, he was appointed Major-General, and in August of the same year was transferred to the regular army as Colonel of the 45th Infantry, one of the four regiments known as the "Veteran Reserve Corps." In March, 1867, he was brevetted Major-General. Subsequently he was in the War Department investigating claims growing out of the war, but finding department work distasteful he resigned, and was placed upon the retired list in June, 1870.

He then settled in Toledo and resumed his law practice in partnership with John R. Osborn, Esq. (Ohio Univ. 1831), under the firm name of Osborn & Swayne. He was active in developing the railroad facilities and promoting the educational interests of the city, serving as a member of the Board of Education from 1872 to 1876. His success in obtaining in the Supreme Court of the United States an ultimate negative decision on the question of the constitutionality of a law designed to tax National Banks out of existence, attracted the attention of leading financial corporations. In 1881 he removed to New York City and for about

nine years was in partnership with Judge John F. Dillon, in the firm of Dillon & Swayne. After practicing alone for a time he associated with himself his eldest son, under the name of Swayne & Swayne, and later of Swayne, Swayne, Morris & Fay.

He was counsel of the Western Union Telegraph Co., the Wabash Railway Co., the Associated Press, and other great corporations. He was a director of the North American Trust Co.

He was always warmly interested in Christian enterprises and benevolent and reform movements. He was a member of the executive committee of the American Tract Society, President of the American Church Missionary Society, and a devoted worker for the Protestant Episcopal Church Temperance Society. After coming to New York City he was at one time vestryman of St. George's Church, but later attended St. Bartholomew's.

For the larger part of the time during the last two years General Swayne had been unable to walk with his crutches but had been confined to his rolling chair. His death occurred at his home in New York City, on December 18, 1902, from heart trouble caused by diabetes, but traceable to conditions resulting from his wound. He was 68 years of age.

He married, on December 22, 1868, Ellen, daughter of Alfred Harris, Esq., a leading lawyer of Louisville, Ky., and had three sons and two daughters, who with Mrs. Swayne survive him. Two of his sons graduated from Yale University in 1892 and 1893, respectively, and three brothers in 1868, 1870 and 1872, respectively. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Kenyon College in 1879.

#### 1857

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN BARGE, son of Christian Barge, a farmer, and Elizabeth (Schlosser) Barge, both of whom are deceased, was born in Lockport, Northampton County, Pa., on May 30, 1832, and was prepared for college at Vandever Classical Seminary, Easton, and Tremount Seminary, Norristown, both in Pennsylvania. He was a member of the Sophomore class in Dartmouth College, after which he entered Yale, his residence at the time being Cherryville, Northampton County.

For a few years after graduation he was engaged in teaching. He then entered business, and was for many years purchasing agent of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co. He had been able to satisfy his desire for extensive travel, and spent nearly a year

abroad during his last tour. While out walking at Bad-Nauheim, Germany, where he was sojourning for the benefit of his health, he died very suddenly on October 30, 1902, at the age of 70 years. He was never married.

Mr. Barge had excelled in mathematics while a student, and in 1900-1901 he established in Yale University the Benjamin F. Barge Fund for prizes in mathematics in the Sophomore and Freshman classes of the College, and by his will left an endowment for the "Benjamin F. Barge Chair of Romance Languages and Literature," also a fund for scholarships for deserving students in any class or department of the University.

NATHAN DANA WELLS, son of Nathan and Jane (Gorrill) Wells, was born at Northfield, N. H., on June 17, 1831.

After graduation he taught two years in Phillips (Andover) Academy, where he had gained his preparation for college, and then studied law in the office of Judge William Emerson (Harvard 1818), an elder brother of Ralph Waldo Emerson, and at that time in the firm of Emerson & Prichard. He was admitted to the bar in May, 1860, and practiced in New York City. From 1861 to 1865 he also taught in Cooper Institute. His home was for many years in Brooklyn, N. Y., and since 1880 he had been counselor of the Brooklyn (N. Y.) Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. He was retained in a number of "Cotton Cases," in which claims were presented for cotton used by the Union army.

Mr. Wells died of pneumonia at Haverhill, Mass., on October 30, 1902, at the age of 71 years. He was a member of the Church of the Pilgrims (Congregational) in Brooklyn, N. Y.

He married, on June 26, 1867, Sara Schelley, daughter of Abram Clemmer, a merchant of Harper's Ferry, Va., and had a son and daughter, of whom the son graduated at Columbia University in 1893, and received the degree of Electrical Engineer in 1896.

#### 1858

JOSIAH WILLARD GIBBS, son of Josiah Willard Gibbs, LL.D., (Yale 1809) and Mary Anna (Van Cleve) Gibbs, was born in New Haven, Conn., on February 11, 1839. His father, eminent as a philologist and Biblical critic, was Professor of Sacred Literature in Yale Theological Seminary from 1824 until his death in 1861,



and until 1843, also Librarian of Yale College. He was a descendant of Hon. Josiah Willard (Harvard 1698), of Boston, Secretary of the Province of Massachusetts Bay. His mother was the daughter of John Van Cleve, M.D. (Princeton 1797), a trustee of Princeton College.

Besides other honors during his college course Mr. Gibbs won the First DeForest Mathematical Prize, and the Bristed and Clark Scholarships.

After graduation he continued his studies in New Haven for five years, and was then Tutor, the first two years in Latin, and the third in Natural Philosophy. In 1866 he went abroad, and studied successively in Paris, Berlin, and Heidelberg, returning home in June, 1869. In 1871 he was elected Professor of Mathematical Physics in Yale, and filled this chair for the remainder of his life with distinguished honor to himself and to the University.

He died after a brief illness on April 28, 1903, at the age of 64 years. He was never married. He was admitted to the College Church at the close of Freshman year, and remained a member of it till his death.

Professor Gibbs was most widely known for his work in thermodynamics. His first published investigation appeared in the Transactions of the Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences in 1873 under the titles "Graphical Methods in the Thermodynamics of Fluids" and "A Method of Geometrical Representation of the Thermodynamic Properties of Substances by means of Surfaces,"—the second of which attracted the world-wide attention of physicists. These were followed in 1875 and 1878 by "The Equilibrium of Heterogeneous Substances," in which he applied the principles of thermodynamics to the conditions of equilibrium between substances differing in chemical nature as well as in physical state, and anticipated by purely theoretical considerations a large number of the discoveries since made in physical chemistry.

After his achievements in thermodynamics Professor Gibbs turned his attention to the subject of the vector analysis, the Elements of which he published in 1881 and 1884. This subject, with its subsequent applications to the electro-magnetic theory of light and to the computations of orbits, was presented first of all before the Mathematical Club of the University. He was the founder of this club and its executive officer for ten years. He was deeply interested in all its proceedings and his contribu-

tions to its discussions were most valuable. At its twenty-fifth anniversary, which was observed in January, 1903, he delivered an address on Values, setting forth the ideals which he considered should characterize the scientific investigator. In the Physical Club of the University and other organizations with which he was connected his influence was felt in maintaining a high standard of work.

His book entitled "Elementary Principles of Statistical Mechanics," published in the Yale Bicentennial series, opened to the investigator in mathematical physics a new field of the greatest promise.

The work of Professor Gibbs as a teacher was mainly with those who were fitting themselves for advanced teaching, and to these his lectures were most inspiring. All with whom he came into close contact were impressed with his originality, extraordinary intuitive powers, breadth of view, and the swiftness with which he drew conclusions. Mathematicians and physicists and advanced students in all lands are adopting more and more his conclusions and methods in their own investigations.

In addition to his services in the University he was for twenty-two years a trustee of the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, and for seventeen years its Secretary and Treasurer.

Professor Gibbs received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale in 1863 and from the University of Erlangen in 1893, of Doctor of Laws from Williams College in 1893 and from Princeton University in 1896, and of Doctor of Mathematics from the University of Christiania in 1902. He was also the recipient of high honors from learned societies in many lands. In 1879 he was elected a member of the National Academy of Sciences, Washington, in 1880 Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences of Boston, and the following year was the Rumford Medalist of that society. He was a Foreign member of the Dutch Society of Sciences, Haarlem, and of the Royal Society of London, and Copley Medalist of the last in 1901; Honorary Member of the Royal Institution of Great Britain, the Cambridge Philosophical Society, the London Mathematical Society, the Manchester (England) Literary and Philosophical Society, and the Physical Society of London; Corresponding Member of the Royal Society of Science, Göttingen, the Berlin Academy, and the Bavarian Academy of Sciences; and Correspondent of the French Institute.

ELAWSON CARRY MORE, son of Elijah and Sarah Caroline (Owens) More, was born on December 27, 1837, in Little Rock, Ark. After study in Paris, Hanover and Berlin, and in New Haven under Mr. James M. B. Dwight (Yale 1846), he joined the class during the second term of Junior year.

After graduation he studied law at Cumberland University, Lebanon, Tenn., received the degree of LL.B. on April 27, 1861, and was admitted to practice in Tennessee. The following year he was in the mountains of Colorado, and three years in St. Louis, Mo. In the spring of 1865 he went to Montana, and practiced law in Helena until November, 1866. He then returned by way of Oregon, California and Central America to Missouri, and the next spring resumed practice in Columbia, in that State. About August, 1872, he gave up practice, and began farming near by. In 1878 he was President of the Board of Agriculture of Missouri. He was also interested in the culture of coffee on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, Vera Cruz, Mexico.

From February, 1887, to October, 1889, he was United States Consul General in the City of Mexico. In 1889 and 1891 he traveled extensively in Europe.

He was a delegate to the National Democratic Conventions of 1876 and 1892, and a Democratic elector of Missouri in 1884.

In April, 1897, he formed a partnership with Wellington Adams, under the name of More & Adams, for the practice of patent, trade-mark and copyright law, with an office in St. Louis, and soon afterward removed to that city.

Mr. More married in Nashville, Tenn., in 1862, Julia, daughter of William and Julia (Lytle) Nichol, by whom he had two daughters and a son. He was divorced from her in 1869, and in 1873 married Mrs. Elizabeth A. (Hunton) Taylor, daughter of Judge Logan and Mary Jane (Mose) Hunton.

Mr. More died of Bright's disease at Peoria, Ill., on July 24, 1902, in his 65th year. His widow and the son by the first marriage survive.

WALTER STANLEY PITKIN, son of Walter Pitkin, formerly of Hartford, Conn., but afterward for many years a resident of Washington, D. C., and Catharine Bogart (Stanley) Pitkin, was born in East Hartford, Conn., on October 12, 1837.

The year following graduation he studied law in the office of the State Attorney in Hartford, and the next year at the Harvard



Law School. He was admitted to the bar in Boston in July, 1860, and in New York in November of the same year. From the latter date until May, 1863, he continued his studies in New York, and spent the remainder of the year in travel. In 1864 he began the practice of law in Hartford, and was a member of the Connecticut Legislature the same year. In 1866 he returned to New York, and in May, 1867, became a member of the firm of Torrance & Pitkin, which was dissolved in 1872. After this Mr. Pitkin, owing to impaired health, gradually withdrew from practice. In 1882 he built a house in Washington, D.C., and continued to make that city his winter home. In 1894 he made a tour abroad.

Mr. Pitkin died of apoplexy at the Hamilton, in Washington, on April 18, 1903, at the age of 65 years.

He married, in Flushing, N. Y., on October 27, 1869, Julia, daughter of Walter and Julia Almira (Niles) Jaggar, who survives him without children.

By his will he left to Yale University a bequest to found a scholarship in memory of his uncle, Anthony Dumond Stanley, M. A. (Yale 1830), who was Professor of Mathematics in Yale College from 1836 until his death in 1853.

#### 1860

WILLIAM LOCKWOOD BRADLEY, son of Leonard and Charlotte Selleck (Lockwood) Bradley, was born on October 11, 1837, in New York City, but since 1842 had resided in New Haven.

For a year or so after graduation he was employed in the book store of Mr. Thomas H. Pease, and then entered the Yale Medical School, but after a few months left to assume the duties of Medical Cadet at McKim's Mansion Hospital in Baltimore. In the fall of 1862 he entered Bellevue Hospital, New York City, but went abroad in the following February, and spent eleven months among the hospitals of Paris, and three months in travel and medical observation on the Continent and in Great Britain.

He received the degree of Doctor of Medicine at Yale in 1864; in May, 1865, returned to New Haven to reside, and in June began the practice of his profession, making a specialty of obstetrics and gynecology. From 1865 to 1877 he was Demonstrator of Anatomy in the Yale Medical School.

From 1866 to 1869 Dr. Bradley was Secretary and Treasurer of the New Haven Medical Association. He was chosen one of

the attending physicians and surgeons of the General Hospital at New Haven in 1871, a Director in 1878, and afterward a member of the Prudential Committee and Vice-President. In 1874 he delivered the first of an annual course of lectures before the Connecticut Training School for Nurses, and in 1876 was elected a member of the Prudential Committee of the School. In 1875 he was made a Fellow of the Connecticut Medical Society.

The year before entering college he united with the Center Church, and was always interested in religious and philanthropic work. In 1877 he prepared a paper on the "Origin of the First Mission School and the First Organization of a Sabbath School in New Haven," and he occasionally contributed to the medical press. For many years after 1867 he was Class Secretary, and his work upon the Class Records received the warm approval of his classmates.

Dr. Bradley died very suddenly of heart disease at his home on Orange street, on June 12, 1903, in the 66th year of his age. His health had failed somewhat during the last three years, but there was no indication that the end was near. He was never married. A brother (deceased in 1898) was a graduate of the College in 1855.

#### 1861

WILLIAM HENRY FULLER, son of Calvin P. and Sarah Jane (Van Tuyl) Fuller, was born at Barryville, Sullivan County, N. Y., on November 6, 1836. While in college he was an editor of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, and was chosen to make the Wooden Spoon presentation.

After graduation he made his permanent home in New York City, received the degree of LL.B. from Columbia Law School in 1863, and practiced his profession until the summer of 1867, when he became a member of the firm of Frederick Beck & Co., manufacturers of paper hangings. Later, Warren, Fuller & Co., succeeded to the business, in which Mr. Fuller continued until his retirement in 1892, when he became a director of the National Wall Paper Company. He was a leader in organizing the present methods of manufacture of wall paper in the United States. He enjoyed a remarkably successful business career and accumulated large wealth.

Mr. Fuller was a superior judge of the fine arts, especially of painting, and made many trips abroad, spending much time in

the galleries and studios of Europe. In 1898 he sold a choice and valuable collection of paintings, mainly for the pleasure of making a new collection. He was active in arranging several loan exhibitions at the Union League Club of New York, in Pittsburg, and elsewhere. In connection with these exhibitions he published the monographs entitled: "Two Barbizon Painters," 1895; "Early English Painters," 1899; "Claude Monet and His Paintings," 1899, and "Claude Monet," 1902. He also wrote an occasional letter on art topics for the New York *Evening Post*.

Mr. Fuller died at his home in New York City of congestion of the lungs, after a brief illness, on November 26, 1902, at the age of 63 years. He had never married.

#### 1862

FREDERIC AUGUSTUS WARD, eldest of the three sons of Augustus Ward, a farmer and banker, and Susan (Cowles) Ward, was born at Farmington, Conn., on April 1, 1841.

After graduation he took a course in Columbia Law School and received the degree of LL.B. in May, 1864. He had been admitted to the bar the previous December, and had supplemented his studies in the office of Mott, Murray & Harris, in New York. In September, 1865, he became the junior partner of Hon. Grenville Tudor Jenks (Amherst 1849), under the name of Jenks & Ward, and so continued until the death of Mr. Jenks in August, 1870. He was then for two years partner with Hon. George Greenwood Reynolds, LL.D. (Wesleyan 1841). In 1878 he admitted to partnership his step-son, Almet Francis Jenks (Yale 1875), who had previously been his managing clerk, but since 1883 he had practiced alone, with large success, in New York and Brooklyn.

In November, 1898, he was appointed by the Governor of the State of New York a Justice of the Supreme Court for the Second Judicial District to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. Augustus VanWyck. He was already the Republican candidate for the full term, but the success of his party was not sufficient to overcome the usual adverse majority, and he failed of election. His judicial work during his brief term, however, won the hearty commendation of the bar and the appellate judges.

At various times he acted as counsel for the Manhattan Ele-



vated Railroad, New York Central Railroad, Union Ferry Company, National Bank of Commerce, and other leading corporations, and was the attorney for several large estates. He was often employed as counsel to represent in the Brooklyn Courts the most eminent lawyers in New York City.

He was President of the Yale Alumni Association of Long Island from 1894 to 1896, President of the Greenwood Cemetery Association, Director of the Brooklyn Library Association and the Philharmonic Society, Director and Secretary of the Long Island Historical Society, and an officer in business corporations. Several of his addresses before the Bar Association, New England Society, Hamilton Club and other bodies have been printed.

Judge Ward died of valvular heart trouble and Bright's disease at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., on April 29, 1903, at the age of 62 years. By his will he left a bequest to Yale University.

He married, on September 3, 1871, Mrs. Persis S. (Smith) Jenks, widow of his former partner, Hon. Grenville T. Jenks, and daughter of Gen. Roland and Lucy (Snow) Smith. She died in 1879, and on June 8, 1881, he married Jessie Littlejohn, daughter of Dr. Richard M. and Anna M. (Littlejohn) Thompson, of Albany, N. Y., who survives him. He had no children by either marriage. One brother (deceased) graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1862, and another brother from the Academic Department in 1880.

### 1863

HENRY BARZILLAI WATERMAN, son of George and Phoebe A. (Millard) Waterman, was born on May 18, 1842, at Belvidere, Ill. He entered college with the class of 1862, but left toward the end of Junior year, and joined the class of 1863 in its Junior year.

For six months after graduation he served in the 134th Illinois Regiment, and spent the winter of 1863-64 in St. Louis as Aide-de-camp to Governor Yates.

In 1864 he commenced the study of law in the old University of Chicago, from which he received the degree of LL.B. the following year. In the fall of 1865 he entered the Chicago (Congregational) Theological Seminary, but, after a tour in Egypt and the Holy Land, completed his course at Newton (Baptist) Theological Institution, graduating in 1869. In July of that year

he was ordained to the ministry in the First Baptist Church, New Haven, after which he was pastor of Baptist churches in Illinois, serving at Moline and Mt. Carroll for a year each, at Wheaton three years, and at Normal from 1883 to 1886. During this period he also continued the study of law in Chicago, and went abroad again in 1872 and a third time in 1878. From 1886 to 1888 his home was in Griggsville, and the next three years in Carthage, Ill. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from La Grange (Mo.) College in 1890.

In 1890-91 he made a tour around the world, visiting missionary stations. For several summers he lectured at Chautauqua, N. Y., on Palestine, and in 1895 published "A Handbook of the Holy Land." During the last twelve years he resided in Chicago, and was pastor of the Maplewood Avenue Baptist Church from 1897 to the close of his life.

Dr. Waterman died after a three days' illness from pneumonia at his home in Oak Park, on January 14, 1903, in the 61st year of his age.

He married, on August 21, 1877, at Belvidere, Ill., Auronette M., daughter of Osman H. and Huldah (Ingersoll) Sherman, and had two daughters, who, with their mother, survive.

JOEL TUTTLE WILDMAN, son of Albert Boardman and Abigail (Graves) Wildman, was born at Guilford, Conn., on March 28, 1841.

For two years after graduation he was Acting Assistant Paymaster in the United States Navy, and for several years thereafter in the employ of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company. He then settled in Guilford and was engaged in the service of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company. At the time of his death he was Postmaster of Guilford. He was treasurer of the Connecticut State Museum at the "Old Stone House" of Henry Whitfield from its organization until his death.

Mr. Wildman died of a complication of diseases at his home in Guilford, on March 11, 1903, having nearly completed his 62d year.

He married, in Philadelphia, on January 13, 1865, Harriet Rose, daughter of James Monroe, of Guilford. He afterward married Kathleen, daughter of Dr. Hiram Ingersoll and Sarah (Pott) Fisk, who survives him with four daughters and a son by the first marriage.

1865

CHARLES EDWARD LOCKWOOD, second son and third of the six children of William Selleck and Catherine (Hawley) Lockwood, was born in Norwalk, Conn., on December 31, 1842.

After graduation he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York (now included in Columbia University), and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1868. He then spent eighteen months successively as Assistant and House Surgeon in Bellevue Hospital. After practising a short time with his brother in Norwalk, and in Oswego, N. Y., he settled in New York City. In 1870 he was Visiting Physician at the Central Dispensary, and Attending Physician in the Outdoor-Poor Department of Bellevue Hospital. He was also for a time Attending Physician of the Northwestern Dispensary in New York City. In April, 1873, he was appointed Assistant Inspector of the New York Board of Health. Two years later he became Inspector, and held that office until his resignation, January 1, 1888.

He died, after a lingering illness, at White Plains, N. Y., on July 28, 1902, in the 60th year of his age.

He married, on February 12, 1867, Mrs. E. Leila B. Mackintosh, daughter of Commodore Edward and Hester M. Shubrick. She died in Mount Vernon, N. Y., in December of the same year, leaving a daughter who is still living.

1866

SHEERMAN HARTWELL CHAPMAN, son of Timothy Pitkin and Rachel Thompson (Hartwell) Chapman, was born in New Haven, Conn., on February 22, 1846. His home during the first three years of his college course was in New York City, and during Senior year in Bridgeport, Conn.

He studied medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), New York, from which he received the degree of M.D. in 1869, with honorable mention of his thesis. He began practice in Bridgeport, Conn., but the next year went abroad for two years and studied at the Universities of Berlin and Vienna. Returning in 1872 he settled in New Haven, where he established a large and successful practice. He made a specialty of diseases of the throat and ear, and lectured on this subject in the Yale Medical School from 1879 to 1885. He was for some time Physician to the Connecticut State Hospital, and



Physician and Secretary of the New Haven Dispensary. He was Vice-President of the American Laryngological Society, and an honorary member of the Paris and Berlin Laryngological Societies.

At the thirty-fifth anniversary of graduation his home was the very pleasant headquarters of his class.

Dr. Chapman died at his home in New Haven of congestion of the brain and heart disease, on April 15, 1903, at the age of 57 years.

He married, on June 17, 1869, Maria Louise, daughter of Rev. William Tappan Eustis, D.D. (Yale 1841), and had a daughter, who was born in Vienna, Austria, in 1871, and died in Brooklyn in March, 1888. Mrs. Chapman was fatally burned in her home in April, 1901. Dr. Chapman afterward married Miss Helen Baldwin of Danbury, Conn., who survives him. One brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1868, and another from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1876.

#### 1867

WILLIAM HENRY INGHAM, son of Jonathan and Harriet Howell (Sinnickson) Ingham, was born at Great Springs, Bucks County, Pa., on December 11, 1844, but entered college from Salem, N. J.

For five or six years after graduation he was engaged in the iron business in Easton, Pa., but from about 1873 was in the coal commission business in Philadelphia.

His fidelity to duty was manifest in all his relations in life, and he was long an officer of St. James' [P. E.] Church as vestryman and later warden, and also superintendent of the Sunday School. About 1895 he transferred his connection to St. Peter's Church. Through his efforts as a member of the Church Club of Philadelphia a building was erected and equipped where instruction and amusement is provided for over seven hundred boys from the mill district of Kensington.

Mr. Ingham died of Bright's disease at his home in Philadelphia on January 16, 1903, at the age of 58 years.

He married, on January 28, 1869, Mary E. Maxwell, daughter of John and Elizabeth Green (Clarke) Maxwell, of Easton, and had two daughters and two sons, all of whom are living. One son graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1897, and the other is an undergraduate in the same department.

1869

WILLIAM LAWRENCE McLANE, son of Rev. James Woods McLane, D.D. (Yale 1829), and Ann Huntington (Richards) McLane, was born on August 1, 1846, in that section of Brooklyn, N. Y., then called Williamsburgh, where his father was pastor of the First Presbyterian Church.

The year after graduation he tutored in Tarrytown, N. Y., and the next year studied architecture in Boston. He then entered the woolen house of E. H. VanIngen & Co., in New York, with which he was connected for about ten years. Since then he had been with the house of Jeremiah Skidmore's Sons, coal dealers, of which he was the chief owner and manager.

Mr. McLane rendered an important service to the University as treasurer of the fund for the construction of the present gymnasium.

In 1895 he was thrown from his bicycle at the foot of Fort Lee Hill, on the west shore of the Hudson River opposite New York, and sustained a compound fracture of his left thigh, which necessitated many operations. The last operation was a serious one, from which he died at Roosevelt Hospital, New York, on May 15, 1903, in his 57th year.

He married, on October 19, 1876, Annie, daughter of James and Eliza (Richards) Haughton, who survives him without children. His brother (Yale 1861) is Dean of the Faculty of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Medical Department of Columbia University.

By his will Mr. McLane left a liberal bequest which will ultimately come to Yale University.

1870

EDWARD PERKINS CLARK, son of Rev. Perkins Kirkland Clark (Yale 1838) and Hannah Smith (Avery) Clark, was born on October 21, 1847, in Huntington, Mass., but spent his boyhood in Hinsdale, South Deerfield and West Springfield, Mass., towns in which his father was pastor. While in college he distinguished himself as a writer, and in Senior year he was a member of the board of editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

After graduation Mr. Samuel Bowles, then at the head of the *Springfield Republican*, offered him a position upon that paper, of which he soon became Managing Editor. He had expected to study law, but turned aside, as it proved permanently, to news-

paper work. After about seven years in the office of the *Republican*, in January, 1879, he became an editorial writer on the *Philadelphia Times*, and a year later Washington correspondent of the *Springfield Republican* and *Philadelphia Press*. For a time in 1881 he was on the *Milwaukee Sentinel*, but in 1882 went to New York and was at first connected with the *World*, and then for two years on the staff of the *Brooklyn Standard-Union*. Early in 1885 he joined the editorial staff of the *New York Evening Post*, and found there a congenial position, in which he labored unremittingly and with constant aim to uphold what is highest and best in the national life. He was a thorough student of American political history and was minutely acquainted with the politics of the day. It was generally conceded that his continued efforts against the Blair Educational Bill and the Dependent Pension Bill were an important factor in their defeat. The results of special researches concerning national questions he occasionally presented with great clearness in the magazines and reviews, but his daily editorial work was his first care.

Mr. Clark died of consumption at his home in Brooklyn, after an illness of five months, on February 16, 1903, in his 56th year.

He married, on January 1, 1874, Kate P. Upson, daughter of Edwin and Priscilla (Maxwell) Upson and granddaughter of Sylvester Maxwell (Yale 1797), then a teacher in Cleveland, O., who had already begun to be known as a writer, and who survives him with their three sons, graduates of Yale College respectively in 1897, 1899 and 1901. The eldest son is a Tutor in Latin in Yale University.

HENRY LEARNED HUTCHINS, son of James Spalding and Julia Maria (Morrill) Hutchins, was born in Brooklyn, Conn., on February 8, 1845. During his boyhood his home was in Springfield, Mass., but later the family removed to Cleveland, O. While preparing for college at the High School in that city he laid aside from his own earnings over a thousand dollars toward his college expenses, and during his course at Yale supported himself.

After graduation he continued his studies in the Yale Divinity School, and a few days after completing the course was ordained pastor of the Taylor (Congregational) Church in New Haven, May 27, 1873. He remained there until the close of 1879, when, on account of his health, he went to Michigan and took charge of young and growing churches at East Tawas and Tawas City, on Saginaw Bay. In 1881 he removed to Gunnison, Colo., and



after two years went to Boston, Mass., where he was engaged in city mission work for a year, and was then acting pastor at North Chelmsford, Mass., for five years. From 1889 to 1891 he was preaching at Kensington, a parish in the town of Berlin, Conn., after which he returned to New Haven, and for five years was again with the Taylor Church.

In 1897 he entered upon his work as Agent of the Connecticut Bible Society, which he continued, with tireless activity, to the close of his life, finding therein an ample field for the exercise of the consecration and practical abilities which were especially his. A few days before his death he presented a report before the New Haven Federation of Churches describing the depraved conditions existing in some of the rural communities of the State, which led to much comment in the press and some adverse criticism.

Mr. Hutchins died of apoplexy on February 26, 1903. During the morning he had apparently been in good health, but while calling in West Divinity Hall he suddenly became unconscious, and expired a few minutes later. He was 58 years of age.

He married, on May 22, 1873, Mary Alwildia, daughter of Louis Christian and Elizabeth Mary (Snyder) Heckman, of Cleveland, O., and had eight children, of whom four died within four weeks, in Gunnison, of scarlet fever. Mrs. Hutchins survives him, with three sons and a daughter. The eldest son is a student in the Sheffield Scientific School.

PERRY TRUMBULL, son of Hon. Lyman and Julia (Jayne) Trumbull, was born at Alton, Ill., on January 26, 1851, but moved with his parents to Chicago at the age of twelve years, and was a student in the old University of Chicago before entering Yale.

For two years after graduation he acted as private secretary to his father in Washington and also studied law in his father's office. He was admitted to the bar on January 9, 1873, and later became a member of the firm of Trumbull, Church & Trumbull. After the death of his father in 1896 he practiced independently. In 1890 he was a candidate on the Democratic ticket for Judge of the Illinois Supreme Court.

Mr. Trumbull died of hemorrhage of the lungs at his home in Edgewater, Chicago, on December 10, 1902, in his 52d year.

He married, April 16, 1879, Mary Caroline, daughter of Judge Ebenezer and Caroline (Walker) Peck. She died in 1895, but a daughter and three sons survive.

## 1871

FRANCIS JOHNSON, whose name appears in the Class Register as FRANK SMITH JOHNSON, son of Hon. Robert Ward Johnson, U. S. Senator from Arkansas from 1855 to 1861, and Sarah (Smith) Johnson, was born in Little Rock, Ark., on September 5, 1847. At the beginning of the Civil War he was a student in the Virginia Military Institute, at Lexington. All the older boys joined the Confederate army, while he was detailed to guard the school until it was burned by the Federal forces. During the next winter he was in the University of North Carolina, and in 1865 he joined the Third North Carolina Junior Reserves Infantry as a private, afterward becoming Adjutant. He finished his preparation for Yale in the classical school of Rev. Henry M. Colton (Yale 1848) in Middletown, Conn.

After graduation he completed the course in Columbia Law School in one year, and then practiced his profession for nine years in San Francisco, first in partnership with his cousin, James A. Johnson, Congressman from California and in 1876 Lieutenant-Governor of that State, and afterward with Judge J. Lamar.

In October, 1881, he returned to Little Rock, and became Assistant Attorney for the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway, now a division of the Missouri Pacific. With his older brother he was in the firm of Dodge & Johnson.

He died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Little Rock, on September 23, 1902, at the age of 55 years.

He married, on October 14, 1873, May Fulton, daughter of James M. and Sophie (Fulton) Curran, and granddaughter of William Lavin Fulton, last Territorial Governor of Arkansas and U. S. Senator from 1836 to 1844. One daughter is deceased, but two daughters and a son, with their mother, survive.

## 1872

FRANCIS URQUHART DOWNING, son of Lemuel T. Downing, a lawyer, and Caroline Lucy Downing, was born on December 12, 1850, near Columbus, Ga.

After graduation from the Academical department he joined the Senior class in the Sheffield Scientific School and received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1873. He continued his studies there until 1875, when he took the degree of Mechanical Engineer. For a time he was Assistant in Mechanical Drawing.

He then returned to Columbus, which was thereafter his residence almost continuously. For a few years he was Secretary and Treasurer of the Gas Light Company of Columbus, but a large share of his time was devoted to making for others drawings and specifications of devices intended to be patented, and to professional work as a mechanical engineer and draughtsman in his own and other cities of the State.

He died of heart failure after an illness of ten hours at his home in Columbus, on January 29, 1902, in his 52d year. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Presbyterian church.

SAMUEL WATSON GRIERSON, son of Samuel and Susannah (Watson) Grierson, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on July 9, 1850. He entered the class of 1870, but in order to obtain more thorough preparation studied for a year and a half at Williston Seminary and joined the class of 1872 at the beginning of its course.

After graduation he was in the publishing department of the *Christian Union* for a few months, and then assistant editor of an insurance paper. In 1873 he took a position in the actuary department of the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York City. He afterward entered the New York University Law School, graduated in May, 1880, and in June was admitted to the bar. In 1893 he was appointed Assistant Solicitor of the Title Guarantee Trust Co. of New York. For the last ten years he had been in charge of the law department of this company in Brooklyn, and was regarded as an unusually able real estate lawyer.

Mr. Grierson died of apoplexy at St. John's Hospital in Brooklyn on September 27, 1902, at the age of 52 years.

He married, on May 31, 1892, Ida, daughter of J. and Mary Y. (Carron) August. She survives him with a son, who bears his father's name.

### 1873

EDWARD RODOLPH JOHNES, son of William Pierson Johnes, a wholesale dry goods merchant of New York City, and Anne Louise (Gold) Johnes, was born at Whitesboro, Oneida County, N. Y., on September 8, 1852. His father died in 1853, and his mother afterward married Rev. J. S. Shipman, D.D., who was later for many years Rector of Christ Church, in New York City. In 1859 the family moved to Mobile, Ala., and then to Lexington, Ky., and from there he entered college.



The year following graduation he spent in travel, then took a course in Columbia Law School, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws and was admitted to the bar in 1876. He was at first in the office of W. G. Peekham, Jr.; then two years in company with William P. Hillhouse, a classmate in the Columbia Law School; for over twelve years with Henry C. Willcox, Esq., under the firm name of Johnes & Willcox; from December, 1892, until some time in 1893, with Hon. Thomas Fitch; and in 1901 with Hon. Edwin T. Taliaferro, under the name of Taliaferro & Johnes.

He gave special attention to corporation and international law, and was engaged in cases involving interests of unusual financial magnitude. After his service as counsel for Venezuela in her boundary contest with Great Britain, he received from the Venezuelan government the decoration and star of the Order of Bolivar. He was retained in the Nicaragua-Costa Rica boundary dispute, in the suit of Canon Bernard involving the Pope and the King of the Belgians, in obtaining an injunction for the Consolidated Exchange of New York against the Stock Exchange, in the Crouse Will case, and by the State of New York in the purchase of Fire Island. In some of these litigations he was associated with ex-Secretary Benjamin Tracy, Col. Robert G. Ingersoll and ex-Governor John T. Hoffman.

He was active in many business enterprises, being among the first to develop the graphite quarries of New Jersey and the coal mines of central Texas, and was one of the organizers of the Nicaragua Canal Construction Company, helping to obtain its charter. He was also a member of the Executive Committee in charge of the Dewey Arch in New York City. For services in obtaining and tabulating information for the French government regarding scientific methods of coal mining in the United States he received the diploma of an "officier d'Académie."

Mr. Johnes was the author of "Briefs by a Barrister," New York, 1879, which included verses written during his college course, "The Johnes Family of Southampton, L. I., 1629-1886," N. Y. 1886; pamphlets on "The Anglo-Venezuelan Controversy and the Monroe Doctrine," 1888, and "Circumstantial Evidence of the Immortality of the Soul," 1899, also contributions to the *Albany Law Journal*.

He gave the original plans of the Yale Gymnasium, thereby saving to the University an expense of \$3,500.

Mr. Johnes died at his home in New York City from gangrene, following the cutting of a corn, complicated with diabetes, on March 28, 1903. He was 50 years of age.

He married first, at Louisville, Ky., on April 18, 1883, May, daughter of Theodore Harris, President of the Louisville Banking Co. On April 26, 1892, he married Winifred Wallace, daughter of Henry F. and Elizabeth M. Tinker, who survives him with a son, also a son by the first marriage.

CHARLES ADDISON RUSSELL, son of Isaiah Dunster and Nancy Maria (Wentworth) Russell, and a descendant of Henry Dunster, the first President of Harvard College, was born on March 4, 1852, in Worcester, Mass., and was prepared for college under the tuition of Rev. Harris R. Greene (Brown 1854).

After graduation he became a reporter on the *Worcester Press*, then just established, and soon afterward City Editor. On the discontinuance of this paper in 1878, he was connected for several months with the *Worcester Spy*, and the following spring entered the employ of Sabin L. Sayles, manufacturer of woolens, in Dayville, in Killingly, Conn., and became a partner in January, 1882. In October, 1883, the Sabin L. Sayles Company was organized, of which Mr. Russell was Treasurer until the death of Mr. Sayles, when the corporation was reorganized as the Dayville Woolen Company, with Mr. Russell as Secretary. About two years later he resigned, in order to devote his time more fully to public duties.

He was Aide-de-camp on the staff of Governor Bigelow in 1881-82, in 1883 represented the town of Killingly in the Connecticut House of Representatives, and for two years from 1885 was Secretary of State. In 1887 he entered the Fiftieth Congress as the Republican Representative from the counties of Windham and New London, and by reelection served eight successive terms, and had been renominated for a ninth term. He had been longer in service than any other New England member of the House, and had early won the esteem of his colleagues and the affection of his constituents by his faithfulness and unselfish devotion to the duties of his office. He served on many different committees, but his work upon the Ways and Means Committee, of which he had been a member since 1895, was especially productive of valuable results. He took an important part in framing the tariff bill of 1897.

Mr. Russell died at his home in Killingly on October 23, 1902, at the age of 50 years. He had been ill for several months with a complication of diseases following an attack of the grip.

He married, in Dayville, on May 14, 1879, Ella Frances, daughter of Hon. Sabin L. Sayles, who survives him with a son and daughter.

GUSTAVUS HENRY WALD, son of Henry and Betty (Mayer) Wald, was born on March 30, 1853, in Cincinnati, O., where his father was for many years a merchant. Both his parents were natives of Bavaria.

After graduation he entered the Harvard Law School, from which he received the degree of LL.B. in 1875. He was admitted to practice by the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, and at once returned to Cincinnati, where he was for a time in the office of Hon. George Hoadley (B.A. Western Reserve 1844, LL.D. Yale 1884). He then formed a partnership with Charles B. Wilby (B.A. Harvard 1870, LL.B. Cincinnati 1872), under the name of Wilby & Wald, and soon became one of the leaders of the bar. He was intensely in earnest in everything, and delighted in thorough study of the principles governing the cases before him, but his learning and skill were never at the service of wrong or injustice. He took no active part in politics, but was deeply interested in questions which involved the well-being of the State, and as a member of the State Bar Association exerted a salutary influence in the matters of State legislation. He was nominated by the Democratic Convention for Judge of the Supreme Court of Ohio in 1891, but, with the balance of his ticket, he failed of election. He was one of three lawyers chosen by the Governor of Ohio who, by injunction, prevented a prize-fight proposed in that city in 1901.

From 1882 to 1884 he lectured before the Cincinnati Law School upon the Law of Corporations and Extraordinary Remedies. On the establishment of the Law Department of the University of Cincinnati in 1896, he became Professor of Contracts and Quasi-Contracts, and upon the resignation of Judge Taft in March, 1900, Professor Wald was appointed to succeed him as Dean of the School. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of Cincinnati in 1898.

He was the editor of two editions of Pollock's "Principles of Contracts," and these received the approval of the English au-



thor and soon became an accepted authority in this country. He made important contributions to law magazines, and wrote many interesting papers of high literary quality.

Dean Wald died at his home in Cincinnati after an illness of only a few hours, on June 28, 1902. He was 49 years of age and unmarried.

In his memory his mother and brother endowed the "Gustavus Henry Wald Professorship of the Law of Contracts" in the Law School which he had so devotedly served.

#### 1874

VALENTINE MARSH, son of Theodore Williamson Marsh, a merchant of New York City, was born in that city on February 15, 1852. His mother was Harriet Anne (Peters) Marsh.

After graduation he took the course in Columbia Law School and received the degree of LL.B. in 1876. In May following he entered the firm of Crowell & Marsh, and was engaged in the general practice of law.

He was Second Lieutenant of the 9th New York Heavy Artillery from 1877 to 1882, First Lieutenant of the 159th New York Infantry in 1898 and 1899, and Commander of Company G, 109th Regiment U. S. V., New York, during the Spanish war. From 1895 to 1902 he was President of one of the District Republican Associations in Yonkers, N. Y., and in 1901 was President of the Board of Health of that city.

Mr. Marsh died from apoplexy after an illness of several months, at Yonkers, on October 1, 1902. He was 50 years of age.

He married, on April 24, 1878, Alice Wilson, daughter of Nelson Henry and Sarah (Hurdie) Chase, of Albany, N. Y., who survives him with a daughter.

ELLIS MENDELL, son of Ellis and Catharine A. Mendell, was born at Acushnet, Bristol County, Mass., on April 27, 1851.

After graduation he took the course in Yale Theological Seminary, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1877, soon after which he spent six months in California. In 1878 he was invited to supply the Congregational Church at Norwood, Mass., where he was ordained and installed on June 4, 1879. After a pastorate of ten years he was called to the Boylston Congregational Church, Jamaica Plain, Boston, where he labored with untiring devotion and marked effectiveness until his death from typhoid pneumonia on May 20, 1903, at the age of 52 years.

He married, on May 1, 1879, Clara Eliza, daughter of Deacon Charles Barnes Whittlesey (M. D. Yale 1843) and Esther Antoinette (Wilcoxson) Whittlesey, of New Haven, and had two daughters and a son, who with their mother survive. The elder daughter graduated from Vassar College in 1901, and the son is an undergraduate student in Yale College.

## 1876

JOHN DEWITT [HAMILTON] ALLEN, son of Lucius Hamilton Allen (West Point 1842) and Sarah (deWitt) Allen, was born in Peekskill, Westchester County, N. Y., on August 28, 1853, but the greater part of the time until 1870 he passed in San Francisco.

Soon after graduation he returned to San Francisco, and early in 1877 engaged in business with his father, of the firm of Allen & Lewis, commission merchants and wholesale grocers. About 1890 he retired from business, and was afterward largely occupied with the care of his property. Although he seldom came East he retained a strong attachment to the memories and friendships of his undergraduate days. He was greatly interested in everything relating to club management and life.

During his last years he suffered much from ill health, and died at Riverdale, N. Y., on November 8, 1902, at the age of 49 years. He was never married.

JOHN FLAVEL GAYLORD, son of Ebenezer Haskell and Harriet Jane (Phelps) Gaylord, was born at Amherst, Mass., on October 22, 1852. He was fitted for college at the Hopkins Grammar School, his father being at the time in business in New Haven.

Upon graduation from the Academical Department he entered the Medical School, received the degree of M.D. in 1878, and then went abroad for further study, spending the winter at the University of Wuerzburg, and the following spring attending clinics at the Charity Hospital in Berlin. In 1880 he began the practice of medicine in Cincinnati, and the next year was appointed Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the College of Medicine and Surgery in that city. In 1887 he was chosen Assistant Health Officer. After a residence of ten years in Cincinnati, in 1889 he returned to his native State, and settled in Plymouth, where he continued in practice until his death. This occurred on April 14, 1903, and was due to diabetes. He was 50 years of age.

He married, at Plymouth, Mass., on September 12, 1894, Susan Mary, daughter of William R. and Susan (Holmes) Drew of that town, who survives him.

## 1878

HENRY ALEXANDER BARLING, JR., son of Henry Alexander and Elizabeth A. (Tonge) Barling, was born on March 22, 1856, in Baltimore, Md., but when about a year old moved with his parents to Brooklyn, N. Y. He entered college with the class of 1877, but joined the next class at the opening of the winter term in Sophomore year.

After graduation he was for a time in the brokerage business in New York City, but in 1885 he settled in St. Augustine, Fla., and was engaged principally in the shipping and sale of Northern merchandise in that city. In 1896 he went to Rivas, Nicaragua, to superintend the building of a railroad and obtained from the government a large concession, but the breaking out of war and other causes frustrated his plans. He then went to Costa Rica and remained a year and a half, but as the climate did not agree with him, he returned to the United States. For a few months he was State Agent for the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York, but in 1890 he became connected with the North American Trust Company at Cienfuegos, Cuba, was two years manager of a bank there, and then Special Accountant in the Department of Charities for the United States Government until the island was turned over to the Cubans.

Mr. Barling died of typhoid pneumonia at Cienfuegos, on July 28, 1902, at the age of 46 years.

He married, April 15, 1879, Marian E., daughter of Silas K. and Harriet (Jones) Everett, of Englewood, N. J., who survives him with five daughters and two sons. A son and a daughter died in infancy.

WILLIAM PASSMORE BELDEN, son of Rev. William Webster Belden, D.D., and Elizabeth Passmore (Tabor) Belden, was born in Bozrah, adjoining Norwich, Conn., on December 28, 1855, and was prepared for college in the Hartford High School. While a student at Yale he was one of the first board of editors of the *Yale Daily News*.

After graduation he engaged in newspaper work in Amsterdam, N. Y., and Holyoke, Mass., after a time becoming editor,



and later part owner, of the *Amsterdam Evening Recorder*. In 1889 he took the editorship of the *Morning Sentinel* of that city, but from March, 1891, to October, 1893, was clerk in the United States Sub-Treasury in New York City. Since then he had been one of the editors of the *Daily Democrat* in Amsterdam, combining editorial work with a deputy clerkship in the State Senate at Albany, to which he was chosen in 1896. He had been Alderman in Amsterdam, was Secretary of the Republican City Committee for four years, and held a prominent position among the Republicans of Montgomery County.

Mr. Belden died of paralysis at Albany, N. Y., on April 6, 1903, at the age of 47 years.

He married, on November 28, 1889, at Amsterdam, Jennie, daughter of Solomon Pulver and Esther (Groat) Heath.

FREDERICK BENNETT DUBACH, son of David and Emma (Bennett) Dubach, was born on March 30, 1857, at Davenport, Iowa. He entered college from Hannibal, Mo., where his father had a large lumber business.

After graduation he engaged in the same business, and was for a time general manager of D. Dubach & Co., of Hannibal. In April, 1894, he moved to Eau Claire, Wisc., to become Vice-President of the Dells Lumber Co. He conducted an extensive business there and owned tracts of forest in Minnesota and Wisconsin, and mining properties in Montana. After the supply of white pine became too limited he purchased fifty thousand acres of land in the State of Louisiana, situated in Lincoln Parish, established there a manufactory, and laid out the town of Dubach. He built the D'Arbonne Valley Railroad, about twenty miles in length, which he retained in his private ownership. His large schemes were almost uniformly successful, but the close attention he gave his affairs injured his health, and for several years he suffered from a nervous trouble. He died of paralysis at St. Louis, Mo., which had been his home for three years, on January 11, 1903, in his 46th year.

He married, February 17, 1897, in St. Louis, Emma, daughter of Dr. Samuel Temple Chandler. She survives him with a son and daughter.

#### 1881

JOHN MOWE DRYSDALE, son of William and Margaret (Mercer) Drysdale, was born on November 4, 1859, at Whitewater,

Walworth County, Wisc., but was taken at an early age to Bennington, Vt. In 1872 he went to Dollar, in Scotland, where he attended school two years, after which he completed his preparation for college in Meriden, Conn.

Soon after graduation he entered the law office of Chittenden, Townsend & Chittenden, in New York City, and later became their managing clerk. He then practiced by himself, but after a time was again associated with James M. Townsend, Esq. (Yale 1874). Until October, 1889, he resided in New York City, but since then in Montclair, N. J., and Piermont, N. Y.

He died of consumption, after a short illness, at the home of his parents in Peace Dale, R. I., on February 11, 1903, at the age of 43 years. He was unmarried.

#### 1882

DAVID ANDERSON CHENAULT, son of W. O. and Talitha Chenault, was born at White Hall, near Richmond, Madison County, Ky., on October 23, 1858. He joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

For two years after graduation he was a member of the firm of Isaac Brinker & Co., commission merchants and wholesale fruit and produce dealers at Denver, Colo., and then engaged in farming at his home in Whitehall for a year. For some time from 1885 he carried on the livestock business, in connection with farming, at DeGraff, Kans. Afterward he conducted a private school, known as the University School, at Louisville, Ky. For three years he lived in Lexington, Ky., and was engaged in the insurance business, until his health began to fail, when he removed to the country.

He died of pneumonia at Pine Grove, Clark County, Ky., on January 21, 1903, at the age of 44 years. He was a member of the Baptist church.

Mr. Chenault married, on July 17, 1883, Bettie Baker, daughter of T. S. and Henrietta Bronston, of Richmond, Ky., who survives him with a son and a daughter.

#### 1883

FRANCIS GIBBONS BEACH, son of John Sheldon Beach, LL.D. (Yale 1839) and Rebecca (Gibbons) Beach, was born in New Haven, Conn., on February 28, 1861.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Law School,

received the degree of LL.B. in 1885, and was at once admitted to the bar. He began practice in his father's office, later was with his brothers, and recently in the office of Bristol, Stoddard, Beach & Fisher. In 1891 he compiled Beach's "Joint Stock Laws," and issued new editions under the title, "Connecticut Corporation Law," in 1893 and 1901.

For several years his law practice was interrupted by public service. In 1894 he was appointed Postmaster of New Haven by President Cleveland, and held the office until the expiration of his term of four years. At the beginning of the Spanish War he formed a company of volunteers, afterwards known as Battery C, First Artillery, Connecticut Volunteers, to the command of which he was appointed, and spent the entire summer in camp at Niantic, Conn., drilling his troops and preparing them for action. In October he received a commission as Captain of Company H, Third Connecticut Volunteers, and went to Camp Meade, Pa. In November the regiment was ordered to Camp Marion, Summerville, S. C., where the winter was spent, Captain Beach being on provost duty. On March 20, 1899, at the close of the war, he was mustered out of service, having had no opportunity for active participation in the war in Cuba. He then returned to his law practice in New Haven.

Captain Beach died at the New Haven Hospital on December 30, 1902, from a wound self-inflicted on December 4th while temporarily deranged, as is supposed, as the result of an attack of the grip. He was in his 42d year.

He married, on June 1, 1886, Elizabeth Charnley, daughter of Rev. Thomas Bucklin Wells, D.D. (Yale 1859) and Susan Fitch (Charnley) Wells, and had two sons and one daughter. Only Mrs. Beach and the older son survive.

An older brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1877, and a younger brother (Yale 1887) died of typhoid fever while in service in the war in Cuba.

#### 1886

HENRY TOWNSEND NASON, son of Henry Bradford Nason, Ph.D., LL.D. (Ph.B. Amherst 1855), who was for thirty years Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy in Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in Troy, N. Y., was born in that city on August 13, 1865. His mother was Frances Kellogg, daughter of Hon. Martin Ingham Townsend, LL.D. (Williams 1833), Regent of the University of the State of New York, and member of Congress.



After graduation he took the course at Columbia Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Law in 1888, and the following year became a member of the firm of Townsend, Roche & Nason in Troy. In 1896 he was elected County Judge of Rensselaer County, and was reelected for a second term in 1902. He was a trustee of the Troy Public Library, to which he bequeathed his own library, and a trustee of the First Presbyterian Church.

Judge Nason had suffered for a year from insomnia, and since the recent deaths of his mother (December 9, 1902) and grandfather (March 8, 1903), who composed his whole family, he had been greatly depressed. On Monday, March 30, 1903, he suddenly disappeared, and the following Friday his body was found in an unfrequented wood near Kenwood, a suburb of Albany. The evidence indicated that he probably died Monday, and that he ended his life by the use of laudanum and chloroform. He was 37 years of age, and unmarried.

SHEFFIELD PHELPS, son of Hon. William Walter Phelps, LL.D. (Yale 1860) and Ellen (Sheffield) Phelps, and grandson of Joseph Earl Sheffield (M.A. Yale 1871), founder of the Sheffield Scientific School, was born on July 24, 1864, in New Haven, Conn., but since early childhood the family residence had been at Englewood, N. J.

After graduation he went to Colorado, first to Manitou for a time, and then to Colorado Springs, where he did editorial work on the *Gazette*, and at the same time read law in the office of Senator Campbell. He was admitted to the bar of Colorado, and practiced for a short time in the firm of Armit & Phelps, and later in that of Lunt, Armit & Phelps.

In 1890 Mr. Phelps came to New York and joined the staff of the *World*, and six months later was made New England correspondent of the same, with an office in Boston. In 1891 he returned to New York and was engaged on the *Mail and Express*, rising rapidly from the position of Telegraph Editor to that of Acting Editor. In December, 1895, he bought the *Evening Journal* of Jersey City, and the following May he purchased the *Newark Daily Advertiser*, of both of which he had entire editorial control. In 1899 he sold both papers, and made an extended tour abroad, but continued his interest in public affairs and especially in the politics of his own State.

His permanent home was at Teaneck, N. J., and when there, as always, he delighted in exercising a generous hospitality. He died after a short illness from typhoid fever at his winter home in Aiken, S. C., on December 9, 1902, at the age of 38 years.

He married, on June 1, 1892, Claudia Wright, daughter of Preston Lea, a banker of Wilmington, Del., and had a son and two daughters, who with their mother survive him. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1883.

## 1887

ARTHUR REED PENNELL, son of Captain John D. and Abbie J. (Reed) Pennell, was born on December 18, 1864, in the South Pacific Ocean, on board the *Deborah Pennell*, a ship which his father commanded. He spent much of his boyhood in long voyages on his father's ships, but after his father's death returned to the family home at Brunswick, Me., where he remained until he began his college preparation at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. During his college course he supported himself.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Law School, and received the degree of LL.B., *cum laude*, in 1889. The following year he was in the office of Sprague, Morey, Sprague & Brownell, in Buffalo. He was admitted to the bar in 1890, and in April, 1891, formed a partnership with his classmate, Thomas Penney, which was dissolved by mutual consent in 1894. Since that time he had practiced alone.

He married, on October 15, 1891, Carrie B., daughter of Winslow M. and Alice M. (Clark) Lamb, of New Haven.

While riding with his wife in his automobile on March 10, 1903, in Buffalo, the machine suddenly turned from the road and plunged into a near-by quarry, crushing him beneath it. He was instantly killed, and Mrs. Pennell died from her injuries the following day. He was 38 years of age. They had no children. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1890.

## 1891

SAMUEL COLGATE, son of Samuel and Elizabeth Ann (Morse) Colgate, was born at Orange, N. J., on December 12, 1868. His father was widely known as a philanthropist and benefactor of Colgate University.

After graduation he took the theological course in the Seminary at Hamilton, graduating in 1894. In the summer of that

year he went abroad for further study and entered Berlin University. He lived at Berlin and Dresden two years. In the fall of 1896 he returned to America, and for a year took charge of Emmanuel Baptist Church in New York City, during the absence of the pastor. He continued to do mission work in that city until prostrated by a very severe attack of typhoid fever, after which he was unable to work for a year. Ten months of this time he spent in California. In 1899 he joined the Presbyterian Church, and in September of that year became pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at East Aurora, N. Y., where he accomplished an unusually successful work.

He died at Sea Gate, Long Island, N. Y., on July 26, 1902, in his 34th year.

He married at Buffalo, N. Y., on June 22, 1894, Edith Buckingham, daughter of Edward J. and Mary (Hoey) Hall, of Buffalo, N. Y. His wife and one daughter survive him. Five brothers have graduated from Yale, respectively in 1877, 1883, (two) 1886, and 1896.

### 1893

HARRY LLEWELLYN BIXBY, son of Jotham and Margaret Winslow (Hathaway) Bixby, was born at Los Cerritos, near Long Beach, Los Angeles County, Cal., on December 20, 1870. His father was prominently connected with farming and real estate interests.

After graduation he spent a year at Long Beach, and then entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University. Poor health, however, compelled him to give up professional study at the end of two years, and he engaged in sheep-raising in Arizona. There he died, at Phoenix, after a brief illness from appendicitis, on October 20, 1902, in the 32d year of his age.

He married, in November, 1900, Miss Juliette Winston Graham, who survives him with a son who bears his father's name. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1886.

FRANK HOWARD BUTTON, son of William E. and Louise L. (Fokkes) Button, of Peekskill, N. Y., was born at Summit, N. J., on December 24, 1868.

After graduation he studied law in the New York Law School, and was admitted to the New York bar in September, 1895. Since that time he had practiced in Buffalo, N. Y., as a member



of the firm of Button & Kean, making a specialty of commercial law. His home continued to be in Peekskill, where he died of quick consumption on November 1, 1902. He was in his 34th year.

Mr. Button married, on June 25, 1895, Maude, daughter of Henry and Martha F. Sultzbach, a farmer of Patterson, Kans. She survives him with one daughter.

## 1894

GUY BRYAN MILLER, son of Charles Griffin Miller, a banker, and Emily (Bryan) Miller, was born in New Rochelle, N. Y., on February 23, 1872, and entered college with the class of 1893, but joined the class of 1894 at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City (Columbia University), received the degree of M.D. therefrom in 1898, was House Physician in St. Luke's Hospital, and then went abroad for further study. He died of peritonitis in Paris, France, on April 7, 1903, at the age of 31 years. Two brothers graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School, respectively in 1885 and 1888.

## 1895

CLIFFORD SEMPLE COOK, son of Theodore Cook, formerly President of the Cincinnati Southern Railway and prominent in public enterprises for the improvement of Cincinnati, was born at Clifton in the suburbs of that city, on July 27, 1873. His mother was Anna (Semple) Cook.

After graduation he was for a time with the firm of F. G. Tullidge & Co., of Cincinnati, then with the Peninsular Car Co. in Detroit, Mich., and afterward in office of the same company in Pittsburg, Pa. For the last two years he was connected with the Sharon Steel Co., at Sharon, Pa., where he died of pneumonia, on January 4, 1903, in the 30th year of his age. He was unmarried.

## 1896

WILLIAM HALL BROKAW, son of William Bergen and Mary Alice (Hall) Brokaw, was born at Newburgh, N. Y., on January 16, 1874.

After graduation he entered the Union Theological Seminary and graduated there on May 16, 1899. During the Spanish-

American war he had charge of the Young Men's Christian Association at Camp Alger, in Virginia, besides assisting in the sanitary work. After finishing his theological course he immediately went to Brownsville, Tex., where in the midst of a population four-fifths of whom were Mexicans he held the only religious services in English. His hearers represented nearly every denomination, and the work was very interesting. But his health imperatively demanded a change of climate, and in May, 1900, he started North. He had been ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Johnston on January 7, and while resting in San Antonio, Tex., was ordained Priest on May 20. He spent nearly a year in the Adirondacks, a summer in Liberty, N. Y., and the next winter in San Antonio, but his health improved very little. He was still, however, able to preach occasionally. Early extreme heat forced him northward, and he died of consumption at the home of his parents in New York City, on July 13, 1902, at the age of 28 years.

He married, on June 15, 1899, Annetta, daughter of George Kerr, of Yonkers, N. Y. She died suddenly on October 28, 1900.

#### 1898

GEORGE MINOT RIPLEY, son of Lyman Baldwin Ripley, an iron merchant of St. Louis, Mo., and Margaret Cranch (Dawes) Ripley, was born in that city, on January 3, 1876.

After graduation he was instructor in Smith Academy, St. Louis, where he had been fitted for college, and at the same time studied law at the St. Louis Law School. He received the degree of LL.B. from the latter in June, 1900, and was admitted to practice in the Missouri courts. For the sake of his health, however, he was compelled to seek a different climate, and removed to Salt Lake City, Utah, early in 1901, where he commenced the practice of his profession. In January, 1903, he formed a partnership with Dana T. Smith, Esq., of that city, under the firm name of Smith & Ripley. Soon afterward he was taken seriously ill and brought to St. Louis early in April for surgical treatment and placed in the Rebekah Hospital. For a while he seemed to improve, but the disease could not be stayed, and he died of tuberculosis, on May 16, 1903, at the age of 27 years. He was not married. Before entering college he united with the Pilgrim Congregational Church, St. Louis.

1899

SULLIVAN DORR AMES, son of Captain Sullivan Dorr, U. S. N., and Mary (Townsend) Ames, was born on January 5, 1878, in Boston, Mass., but was prepared for college in Providence, R. I., where his mother resided after the death of his father. He was a grandson of Chief Justice Samuel Ames (Brown 1823), and a direct descendant of Thomas W. Dorr, Governor of Rhode Island during the Dorr Rebellion.

After graduation he made a tour around the world with his classmate, Ord Preston, but did not fully recover from an illness during his college course. He, however, entered the Harvard Law School after his return, but, owing to overwork, had to withdraw at Thanksgiving. He made a second trial, but as he was still suffering nervously, he was persuaded to enter the sanitarium at Cromwell, Conn., where he improved slightly, but on Sunday, February 22, 1903, died very suddenly, it is supposed from the bursting of a blood vessel at the base of his brain. He was 25 years of age and unmarried.

He had early won the regard of his classmates for high qualities of mind and heart.

CHARLES FRANCIS DOYLE, son of Charles Francis and Celia A. (Mills) Doyle, was born on November 21, 1878, at Cohoes, N. Y., and was prepared for college at Albany (N. Y.) Academy.

After graduation he studied in the Albany Law School, was admitted to the bar, and became a member of the firm of MacLean & Doyle.

Mr. Doyle died of typhoid fever at his home in Cohoes, N. Y., on December 16, 1902, at the age of 24 years. He married on the 22d of the previous October, Ida Lydia, daughter of Dr. Albert Mott, of Cohoes.

CHARLES PHILIP LEONARD, son of Charles and Belle (Wheeler) Leonard, was born in Niantic, Conn., on November 15, 1875. During his college course he won Two-Year Honors in the Natural Sciences.

In the summer following graduation, as during his summer vacations, he was station agent at Crescent Beach, a summer resort near Niantic, and since 1899 had also been Postmaster there. In the fall of 1899 he entered the Medico-Chirurgical College in Philadelphia. While there his high ideals of Christian manhood,



his energy and faithfulness, exerted a marked influence in many directions. The membership of the Young Men's Christian Association of the college during the two years of his presidency increased from about twenty-five to over two hundred. He received the degree of M.D. in May, 1902, and was appointed House Surgeon in the hospital connected with the college, entering upon his duties in October.

Dr. Leonard died of peritonitis, after an operation for appendicitis, in Philadelphia, on November 21, 1902. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Niantic Congregational Church.

#### 1900

JAMES WARREN PAYTON, son of Philip A. and Annie (Rives) Payton, was born on July 30, 1877, in Westfield, Mass., and was fitted for college in the High School in that place.

The year following graduation he spent in tutoring in Westfield, and in the fall of 1901 became Professor of Greek and Latin in Wiley University, Marshall, Texas. He was about to return to his work for a second year when he was stricken with typhoid fever, of which he died at his home in Westfield, on October 15, 1902, at the age of 25 years. He had planned to enter the legal profession eventually.

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1831

CHAUNCEY AYRES, son of Frederick and Rebecca (Seymour) Ayres, was born on August 14, 1808, in New Canaan, Conn.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School Dr. Ayres first opened an office in Greenwich, Conn., but soon went to New York City, where, in 1832, he was one of the surgeons of the Cholera Hospital. Later he was surgeon of the United States Coast Survey. In 1834 he settled in Stamford, Conn., where he established a good practice, and resided for sixty-nine years.

He was one of the early Clerks of the Borough of Stamford, and Warden for three years from about 1855.

Dr. Ayres died at his home in Stamford from the natural exhaustion of his physical powers, on April 14, 1903, in the 95th year of his age. In November preceding he was seized with a fainting spell, and since that time had been confined to the house. Since the death of Dr. Nelson Isham of the class of 1828 in 1895, he had been the oldest living graduate of the Medical School.

He married, on August 14, 1831, Deborah A., daughter of Dr. Warren and Sarah (Street) Percival, of Middlesex Parish, now Darien, Conn., by whom he had a son and three daughters. After her death he married, in 1840, in Stamford, Mrs. Julia A. Simpson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., by whom he had two sons and one daughter. His second wife died in 1897, but his eldest son (who was Chief Engineer in the U. S. Navy, and recently retired), and two daughters by the first marriage, and one daughter by the second, survive.

1850

HENRY CLINTON BUNCE was born in Manchester, Conn., on January 17, 1825, and was the son of Heman and Phila (Symonds) Bunce.

A few years after graduation from the Medical School he removed from Manchester to the neighboring town of Glastonbury. He enlisted in the First Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, Heavy Artillery, October 10, 1862, was soon made Assistant Surgeon, and served in the Civil War until October 19, 1863, when he was obliged to retire owing to a severe sunstroke. He subsequently reënlisted, but his health was too much impaired to allow

him to remain in the service. For a number of years he was Medical Examiner and Post Surgeon for the town of Glastonbury, where he had a large practice, and was esteemed both as a physician and surgeon.

For several months previous to his decease he had suffered from a complication of troubles, and died on April 15, 1903, at the age of 78 years.

Dr. Bunce married, on November 6, 1850, Eliza A., daughter of George Rich and Anna (Slate) Rich, of Manchester, and the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding was observed, in 1900, at Glastonbury. Mrs. Bunce survives her husband with two sons and a daughter. The elder son graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1875.

#### 1898

**JULIUS STIRLING LOOMIS**, son of Rollin Hoyt and Maria (Robeson) Loomis, was born on May 20, 1876, at Springfield, Mass., and entered the Yale Medical School from the High School in that city.

After graduation he was in the emergency ward of one of the Hospitals in New York, but while there his health failed. He afterward began the practice of his profession and in 1902 was located in South Windham, Conn.

He died at the Springfield (Mass.) Hospital on June 6, 1903, at the age of 27 years.

He married at New Haven, on December 24, 1902, Helen, daughter of George and Lucretia (Hinsdale) Bean, who survives him.



## YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1847

SAMUEL JAMES CLARKE, son of Captain Samuel James and Elizabeth Hill (Jacocks) Clarke, was born in New Haven, Conn., on April 25, 1825, received his preparatory training in the school of Stiles French (Yale 1827) in New Haven, and graduated from Trinity College, Hartford, in 1845.

On completing the course in the Yale Law School he began practice in New Haven, but about 1848 led an overland expedition to the gold fields of California, and became a permanent resident of that State. He was elected to fill a vacancy as a member of the first Legislature of California, which met at San Jose in 1849. From 1867 to 1878 he was Register in Bankruptcy, and for several years afterward continued settling such matters as had been before him. He was an original member of the Society of California Pioneers. In early life he was a Democrat, but before the Civil War became a Republican.

He died at Geneva, N. Y., on December 26, 1902, at the age of 77 years. He was never married.

1850

RICHARD WILLIAM HART JARVIS, eldest son and fourth of the nine children of Rev. William Jarvis (Union Coll. 1818) and Elizabeth Miller (Hart) Jarvis, and grandson of Major Richard William and Elizabeth Hart, of Saybrook, Conn., was born on November 30, 1829, in Portland, Conn., where his father was then Rector of Trinity Church. He was a great-great-grandson of Rev. John Hart, the first actual student of Yale College who received the Bachelor's degree. The father of Mr. Jarvis was a nephew of the Rt. Rev. Abraham Jarvis, D.D. (Yale 1761), the second Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Connecticut.

After graduation from Trinity College in 1848, he entered the Yale Law School, and received the degree of LL.B. in 1850. He began the practice of his profession in New York City, but soon went to Arizona to look after mining property of Colonel Samuel Colt. Returning East and resuming his law practice for a short time, in 1860 he became associated with Colonel Colt (who had married his sister in 1856) in the management of his armory in Hartford, Conn. Colonel Colt died in 1862, and three years

afterward Mr. Jarvis became President of the Colt Patent Fire Arms Manufacturing Company, and continued at the head of that corporation until its reorganization in 1901.

He was a Trustee of Trinity College from 1864 to 1897, succeeding his father in that office, also a director in important business corporations.

For fourteen years Mr. Jarvis had suffered from a complication of diseases, and for the last two years had been mostly confined to the house. He died at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Colt, on January 21, 1903, at the age of 73 years. He had never married.

#### 1855

RALPH PARTRIDGE EMILIUS THACHER, youngest son of Hon. Stephen Thacher (Yale 1795) and Harriet (Preble) Thacher, was born at Lubec, Washington County, Me., on September 7, 1826, and before entering the Yale Law School was a student at Phillips (Andover) Academy. He devoted much time to the cultivation of music, and while in New Haven was organist in one of the churches.

After graduation from the Law School, he was associated for several years in successful practice with his brother (Bowdoin 1831) in Rockland, Me., but his career was interrupted by a lingering illness from spinal disease, which disabled him for ten or twelve years. When he finally regained his health he decided to enter the ministry, and graduated from the Boston School for the Ministry in 1869, and from the Harvard Divinity School in 1871. He was ordained as a Unitarian in Boston on December 11, 1873, and preached about a year each in Sturbridge, Mass., and Lancaster, N. H., four years in Barnstable, Mass., and a year in Sterling, Mass. He then pursued philosophical and theological studies at the University of Leipzig, Germany, for about a year and a half, and expected to take a degree there, but the illness and death of a brother called him to Zumbrota, Minn., where the care of his property required him to reside thereafter. He died at a private hospital in Reading, Mass., on June 29, 1902, in the 76th year of his age. He was never married.

He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1870, and of Bachelor of Sacred Theology from Harvard in 1882.

1866

WILLIAM EDGAR SIMONDS, second son and youngest of the three children of John and Tryphena (Converse) Simonds, was born in Collinsville, in the town of Canton, Hartford County, Conn., on November 25, 1841. His father died when he was only three years of age, but through the efforts of his mother he received a good elementary education, and with his own earnings in a cutlery manufactory was able to take a course of study in the New Britain Normal School, which he completed in 1860. He then taught school for two years.

In August, 1862, he enlisted in Company A of the 25th Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, and was soon advanced to the rank of Sergeant-Major. He served with his company in the department of the Gulf, and for distinguished gallantry in the battle of Irish Bend, La., April 14, 1863, was appointed Second Lieutenant of Company I. He was mustered out of service with his regiment on August 26, 1863, and immediately became a student in the Yale Law School.

After graduation he opened an office in Hartford, Conn., and soon attained an excellent standing in his profession. After two years of general practice he made a specialty of patent and trademark law, in which he became widely recognized as one of the most eminent authorities. His works on this subject include "Design Patents," 1874; "Digest of Patent Office Decisions," 1880; "Summary of the Law of Patents," 1883; and "Digest of Patent Cases," 1888. From 1884 to 1893 he was Lecturer on Patent Law in the Yale Law School, and from 1891 to 1893 Professor of the Law of Patents in Columbian University, Washington, D. C.

In 1883 Mr. Simonds was elected a Representative in the Connecticut Legislature from Canton on the Republican ticket, and as chairman of the standing committee on railroads was the originator of the "short haul" bill, the bill for the elimination of grade crossings, and other measures of importance. In 1885 he was reelected to the House, and was chosen Speaker. He was an earnest advocate of the bill establishing the Storrs Agricultural College, of which he was trustee for several years, being repeatedly reappointed to that office.

From 1889 to 1891 he was a member of the National House of Representatives, and during this time was successful in his



efforts to secure the passage of the first international copyright law. Although unanimously renominated for Congress, with many other Republicans he failed of reelection, but the following year he was appointed United States Commissioner of Patents, and held the office two years. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale University in 1890.

He delivered an oration on ex-Governor Marshall Jewell in 1883, and a notable speech on the Gettysburg appropriation in 1885, also many Memorial Day addresses in various cities and towns of the State and at Arlington, Va. Besides his other writings he prepared important articles on commercial and labor questions.

Mr. Simonds had been in ill health for several months from a complication of troubles, but continued his practice until February, when he was attacked by pleurisy, of which he died at his winter home in Hartford, on March 14, 1903, at the age of 61 years.

He married, on October 17, 1867, Sarah J. Mills, daughter of Hon. Addison O. Mills, and Jane Maria (Case) Mills of Canton. Mrs. Simonds survives him with a son.

#### 1869

TIMOTHY JOHN FOX, son of Patrick and Elizabeth (Byrne) Fox, was born at Lethram, Ireland, on December 24, 1847. His parents resided at Westville, Conn., but were on a visit to their native land when the son was born. Before entering the Yale Law School he studied in Saint Francis Xavier College, New York City.

He was admitted to the bar in May, 1869, and soon became active in the politics of New Haven. He was City Clerk in 1872-73, and in 1880 was offered a nomination as Democratic Representative in the State Legislature, but declined at that time in favor of Governor James E. English. He was elected, however, to that position in 1882. In 1876-77 he was City Attorney, and was reappointed in 1893. In 1891 he was chosen to the State Senate, and was a leader in that body during the deadlock of that year in the Legislature which resulted in the continuance of Governor Bulkley in office until the next election. Mr. Fox was an earnest supporter and warm friend of Governor Morris. He was reelected to the Senate in 1893, and was Chairman of the Judiciary Committee. He had held no office for ten years past,

but had devoted himself to his law practice. During his earlier years he made a specialty of criminal and probate practice.

Mr. Fox died of double pneumonia at his home in New Haven, on March 29, 1903, in the 56th year of his age. He had not been in good health for some time, and did not recover from the depression resulting from the death of Mrs. Fox about three months previous. He was a member of St. John's (R. C.) Church.

He married, on June 28, 1875, Beza T., daughter of Michael Healy, a contractor of New Haven, and left three sons and three daughters, of whom the eldest son graduated from the Yale Law School in 1901, and one of the daughters is an undergraduate in Smith College. One daughter died in childhood.

### 1873

**JULIUS COLTON CABLE**, son of Nathaniel J. and Phebe (Lawrence) Cable, was born in Newtown, Conn., on October 11, 1849. Previous to his coming to New Haven he taught school in his native town and in Unionville, Conn., and in Ithaca, N. Y. At the last place he was a student for a time in Cornell University. While in the Yale Law School he also studied in the office of Hon. George H. Watrous (Yale 1853).

On taking his degree, he was admitted to the bar in June, 1873, and for about fifteen years was connected in legal matters with Hon. H. Lynde Harrison (LL.B. Yale 1860), and Hon. Dexter R. Wright (LL.B. Yale 1848), and for eight years with Wright & Harrison. In 1876 he was a member of the Common Council, later Clerk of the City Court, and from 1883 to 1887 City Attorney. In 1893 he was appointed Judge of the City Court, and continued in that office four years. In 1901 he became Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and was doing honored service in this capacity at the time of his death.

Judge Cable had suffered greatly for two or three months from a swelling of the glands of the neck, and an operation was performed at the Post-Graduate Hospital, New York City. His progress appeared favorable for a time, but he died there instantaneously the next afternoon, June 9, 1903, in the 54th year of his age. He was a member of the Grand Avenue Congregational Church.

He married, on January 1, 1874, Alatheia B., daughter of Horace and Olive (Hart) Woodruff, of Avon, Conn., and had two sons, who with Mrs. Cable survive him.

RUFUS STARR PICKETT, son of Rufus Henry and Betsey (Parsons) Pickett, was born at Ridgefield, Conn., on February 28, 1829. Owing to his father's ill-health, he gave up his studies and devoted himself for six years to the care of his father's business. In 1850 he came to New Haven, and for over seven years was employed by the New York and New Haven Railroad Company in the construction and repair of locomotives. During the Lincoln campaign he was an active worker, and made several addresses in New Haven and vicinity. Soon afterward he was appointed United States Inspector of Customs and also Weigher and Gauger at New Haven, and held these positions for several years.

While thus engaged he resumed study and entered the Yale Law School. During his course he won the Jewell Prize, then just established, for the best examination in the studies of Middle year. After his admission to the bar, in 1873, he entered on the practice of his profession, and from 1877 to 1883 he was City Attorney. In 1885 he was appointed Assistant City Judge, and two years later Judge of the City Court. He retired from the Judgeship in 1893 and returned to private practice. His decisions on the early boycott cases were widely circulated and were afterward substantially confirmed by the higher courts. He was esteemed for his integrity and his kindness of heart.

Judge Pickett died of paralysis at his home in New Haven, on June 9, 1903, at the age of 74 years.

He married, on October 16, 1849, Catharine, daughter of Silas Keeler, and after her decease he married, in New Haven, on November 29, 1871, Sarah E., daughter of Edward S. and Sarah (Bates) Read. By the first marriage he had two sons and two daughters, and by the second a son (Yale 1899), all of whom, with Mrs. Pickett, survive, except one daughter, who married Rev. Franklin Countryman (Yale 1870), and died shortly after marriage.

#### 1893

BRENT KELLEY YATES, son of Lee Roy Yates, a druggist, and Udora Belle (Brown) Yates, was born at Stanford, Lincoln County, Ky., on June 27, 1871, but entered the Yale Law School from Hiawatha, Kans.

In September following graduation he was admitted to the bar of Nebraska, and practiced his profession in Omaha, Neb., for several years.

He died at Hiawatha from a shooting accident on July 12, 1902, at the age of 31 years. He was unmarried.



1895

FREDERICK CHUNN, youngest son of Mark Bourne and Annie M. (Dent) Chunn, was born at Chaptico, St. Mary's County, Md., on December 22, 1874, and graduated from Charlotte Hall Academy, in that county.

After graduation from the Yale Law School he was admitted to the bar, and practiced his profession in Baltimore and Philadelphia for about two years, and then returned to his native county, where he taught school for a time.

In September, 1900, he was appointed Assistant Paymaster in the U. S. Navy, with the rank of Ensign, and after a short period of service at Norfolk, Va., was assigned to duty on the U. S. battle ship *Frolic* among the Philippine Islands. For his efficiency an order was issued promoting him to service on shore a year in advance of the usual time, and stationing him at Cavite. But before the order reached him he contracted typhoid fever, of which he died at the Naval Hospital at Cavite on April 1, 1902, without knowing of his promotion. He was 27 years of age. He was buried with military honors in the National Cemetery at Arlington, Va.

He married, on September 4, 1899, Blanche, widow of Wood Garner and daughter of John H. Waters, of St. Mary's County, Md., who survives him, without children.

Two brothers are graduates of the Yale Divinity School, respectively in 1886 and 1889, and a sister is the wife of Nehemiah Candee, Esq., a graduate of the Academical Department in 1893 and of the Law School in 1897.

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1872

AUSTIN HULL NORRIS, son of William C. and Rachel (Hull) Norris, was born in Essex, Conn., on August 3, 1845.

After graduation from the Yale Divinity School he was ordained on December 23, 1872, at Farwell, Mich., where he was pastor four years, and then four years at Clare, in the same county, laboring largely among the lumbermen. From 1880 to 1882 he was at Ada, in the vicinity of Grand Rapids, the next year at Richmond, in the eastern part of the State, from 1883 to 1887 at Newaygo, and from 1887 to 1889 at Ithaca. The following year he was General Missionary of the American Home Missionary Society, residing at Lansing. December 1, 1892, he became acting pastor of the Congregational church at Torrington, Conn.

Mr. Norris was struck by a special train and instantly killed on January 4, 1903, as he was driving across the railroad track on his way from Torrington to preach in the chapel at Burrville. He was 57 years of age.

He married, on September 30, 1874, Mary, daughter of Jeremiah and Cornelia (Dudley) Peck, of Northfield, Conn. She died in 1897, leaving two daughters, students at Bryn Mawr College. A son died in 1899 as he was ready to enter Yale College.

1877

JOHN NATHANIEL LOWELL, son of Jeremiah and Lucy Mary (Fernald) Lowell, was born in Newburg, Me., on September 20, 1846. He graduated from Bowdoin College in 1873, and in September of that year entered Andover Theological Seminary, but in November of the following year left his studies to preach at Milton, N. H., and continued there through the next summer.

After this he joined the Middle Class in Yale Seminary, and on completing his theological course returned to the church in Milton. He was ordained as pastor there on November 22, 1877, and dismissed on July 30, 1880. On October 21, following, he was installed over the West Church, Haverhill, Mass., where he remained in faithful service until his death. His people had lately declined to accept his resignation, and he was to have given an address on Memorial Day, but he died of pneumonia on that day, May 30, 1903, in the 57th year of his age.

He married, at Rowley, Mass., on July 5, 1877, Hattie Bishop, daughter of Edward and Sarah J. (Appleton) Richardson, but had no children. Mrs. Lowell died in 1901.

## 1878

CHARLES FRANCIS GRAVES, son of David and Susan (Lancton) Graves, was born in Burke, Franklin County, N. Y., on July 15, 1845, and was a private in the Second New Hampshire Volunteers in 1863-64. He graduated as Bachelor of Arts from the University of Vermont in 1874.

Upon his graduation from Yale Seminary he immediately went into Home Missionary work in Nebraska, and was ordained as a Congregational minister at Sutton, Clay County, March 14, 1879. After serving this church about two years, he was at Weeping Water in the same State from 1880 to 1883, then two or three years at Argentine and Louisville in Kansas. In 1886 he became a Presbyterian, and was stationed successively for two or three years each at Atkinson, Valentine, and Ponca, and for five years from 1893 at Shelton,—all in Nebraska. From 1888 to 1893 he was Superintendent of Sunday School work of Niobrara Presbytery. In 1898 he became Pastor at Large of the Kearney Presbytery.

Mr. Graves died after a short illness from typhoid fever at his home in Shelton, Nebr., on November 20, 1902, at the age of 57 years.

He married at New Haven, Conn., June 19, 1879, Louise S., daughter of Edwin and Mary (Benjamin) Merwin. Mrs. Graves survives him with three sons and two daughters.

## 1898

WALTER BULLARD STREET, son of Oscar Dickenson and Marietta E. (Brewer) Street, was born in Lee, Berkshire County, Mass., on February 6, 1870.

After graduating from Williams College in 1892, he was Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association at Watertown, N. Y., for a year, and then entered the Yale Divinity School, but after a year he was persuaded to become a teacher and physical director at the Lawrenceville (N. J.) School, where he remained two years.

He then completed his theological course at New Haven and directly after graduating went to Hope Church, Anderson, Ind.



He was ordained as an evangelist at Lee, Mass., on July 19, 1898. Just as his church at Anderson was reaching self-support on its tenth anniversary he was prostrated by illness and resigned his charge. On his way to his Berkshire home for rest he stopped to witness the graduation of his brother from the Medical Department of the University of Michigan. There his condition became so serious that an operation was deemed imperative, but he died shortly afterward at the Hospital of the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, on July 2, 1902. He was 32 years of age, and was unmarried.

He was wholly consecrated to his work, and his pastorate of four years at Anderson was one of unusual energy and fruitfulness.

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1867

JOSEPH THOMPSON WHITTELSEY, son of Henry Newton and Elizabeth A. (Wilson) Whittelsey, was born in New Haven, Conn., on October 20, 1843. He was a great-grandson of Rev. Chauncey Whittelsey (Yale 1738), for thirty years pastor of the Center Church.

After graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School he was for a number of years, with a brother, engaged as a crockery merchant in Waterbury, Conn., and after his removal to New Haven was for a time in the same business with the house founded by his father in 1836. Later, he was a dealer in real estate. He was widely known as an authority in athletic matters, in which he took a deep interest, and while a student was stroke oar of his class crew. He had spent much time in travel.

Mr. Whittelsey died of paralysis at Old Point Comfort, Va., on June 16, 1903, in the 60th year of his age. He had been a member of the Center Church, New Haven, since 1878.

He married, on September 27, 1871, Sarah Alatheia, daughter of John Mitchell Lamson Scovill, a pioneer manufacturer of Waterbury, and Sarah A. (Merriman) Scovill, and had two daughters, who survive him. The elder (Radcliffe Coll. 1894) received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale University in 1898. Mrs. Whittlesey died in 1877.

1874

ALLEN BREWER HOWE, son of James H. Howe, a merchant of Troy, N. Y., and Honor Maria (Kasson) Howe, was born in Troy, on November 20, 1854.

The year after graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School he continued his studies in the Graduate Department, and during the year 1875-76 was Assistant in Analytical Chemistry. He then studied in the University of Strassburg, and received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1879, after which he was Instructor in Analytical Chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School until 1884. Later he studied painting in Paris and Holland, and exhibited three pictures in the Paris Salon from about 1890 to 1893.

Mr. Howe died of paralysis at Brewster, Mass., where he had resided for five years past, on October 10, 1902, in the 48th year of his age.

He married, on September 15, 1897, Amy, daughter of A. C. Rose, of New York City. She survives him with one son. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1871.

## 1885

DANIEL DELEVAN MANGAM, JR., son of Daniel Delevan and Deborah (Horton) Mangam, was born at Sing Sing (now Ossining), in the town of Mt. Pleasant, Westchester County, N. Y., on July 16, 1863. He took the select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he engaged in business with his father in the firm of D. D. Mangam & Co., grain dealers, in New York City. Since his marriage he had resided in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. Mangam died of appendicitis after an illness of a month at Clifton Springs, N. Y., on August 15, 1902, at the age of 39 years.

He married May Mortimer, daughter of Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D.D., who survives him with two daughters.

## 1892

GEORGE FLAVIUS CAMPBELL, son of George and Frances (Noble) Campbell, was born on June 30, 1870, in Pittsfield, Mass., and acquired his preparation for the Sheffield Scientific School in the public schools of that city.

After graduation he returned to New Haven and was Assistant and Instructor in Chemistry in the Scientific School, holding each position for a year, and from the fall of 1894 until December 1, 1900, was an analytical chemist at the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station in New Haven. He then had charge of the laboratory of the Waterbury (Conn.) Manufacturing Company until September, 1901, when he resigned on account of his health and went to Arizona, but after a year's struggle he died of tuberculosis at Peoria in that Territory, on November 7, 1902, at the age of 32 years. He was not married.

FRED MOLD, son of James Henry and Lucy Ann (Dewgan) Mold, was born at Gloversville, Fulton County, N. Y., on October 2, 1869, and was fitted for the Sheffield Scientific School at the



Mansfield (Pa.) State Normal School and Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

After graduation he became a civil engineer, and for about three years past had held a position as a draughtsman in Philadelphia, but in the hope of benefit to his health he undertook outdoor work in West Virginia. He was soon, however, prostrated by typhoid fever, and died after an illness of three weeks at Welch, W. Va., on November 11, 1902, at the age of 33 years. He was unmarried. A brother is a member of the class of 1903 in the Sheffield Scientific School.

## 1897

JACOB ADOLPH KOENIG, son of Adolph Koenig, an advocate, and Rachel (Breiterman) Koenig, was born at Belaja-Zerkow, in the state of Kiev, Russia, on December 14, 1876. He was prepared for the Sheffield Scientific School in New Haven, and while there took the engineering course.

After graduation he was for some time in the employ of the Bemis Bag Co., of St. Louis, Mo., but from there went to the Philippine Islands, where he was at first clerk of the Court of First Instance, in the district of Zamboanga, but after a few months became a teacher at Bambam.

In July, 1902, he was attacked with typhoid fever, from which he partially recovered, but two months later he suffered a relapse, and died on September 29, at the age of 25 years. He was buried in Zamboanga. An uncle graduated as a physician from Columbia University in 1887.

## 1899

FRANCIS SHERMAN HUNN, son of Francis Edwin and Grace Dickinson (Sherman) Hunn, was born at Watertown, N. Y., on October 31, 1876, but removed to New Haven and was fitted at the Hillhouse High School for the Sheffield Scientific School, where he took the course in mechanical engineering.

During Junior year he enlisted in the First Division, Connecticut Naval Battalion. He entered the U. S. Navy on March 26, 1898, was ordered to the receiving ship *Minnesota* on June 15, and was honorably discharged on May 27, 1899.

After graduation he entered the works of the General Electric Company at Schenectady, N. Y., where he remained about a year, and after a year in the office of the same company at

Atlanta, Ga., was transferred to their office at New Orleans and made Assistant Manager there.

Mr. Hunn died of typhoid fever at New Orleans, on October 16, 1902, in his 26th year. He was a member of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church in New Haven. He was unmarried.

#### 1900

FREDERIC JAMES CARNELL, son of Frederick William Carnell, a mechanic, and Eliza D. (Steele) Carnell, was born in New Britain, Conn., on December 23, 1880, but in December, 1883, removed with his parents to New Haven and in 1897 to Bristol, Conn. He received his preparatory training at the Hillhouse High School, New Haven.

In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the course in electrical engineering, and gained a prize at the end of Freshman year for excellence in all studies. At graduation he won Two-Year Honors for excellence in all the studies of Junior and Senior year, and was awarded a graduate scholarship. The following autumn he returned to New Haven to continue his studies, and was also Laboratory Assistant in Physics. In June, 1902, he obtained through a competitive examination the Loomis Fellowship, then awarded for the first time.

His death was the result of a shooting accident. With a friend he had gone for an afternoon of duck shooting off Short Beach. Landing near Umbrella Island, he jumped from the boat to a rock and was drawing his gun towards him by the muzzle end when the trigger caught and the charge of shot passed into and lacerated his right arm. He was removed to the New Haven Hospital, where the arm was amputated, but he rallied only slightly and died before midnight on November 15, 1902. He was in the 22d year of his age. He was a member of Calvary Baptist Church in New Haven.

#### 1901

HERBERT LUCKER, son of Henry and Jennie M. (Quaile) Lucker, was born on July 9, 1880, in Cincinnati, O., and was prepared for the Sheffield Scientific School at the Hughes High School in that city. While in New Haven he made a special study of natural history, and won a Two-Year Honor for excellence in all the studies of Junior and Senior year.

He was one of the three recommended by the officers of Yale University to the Philippine Commission as teachers in the Philippine Islands, and in the autumn after graduation he entered with great hopefulness and enthusiasm upon his difficult task. He devoted himself unreservedly to the service of the people, who soon gave him their respect and affection. His school was regarded as the best graded and disciplined in the province, and the work therein a model of arrangement.

Mr. Lucker died of Asiatic cholera at San Miguel, Ilocos Norte, Luzon, Philippine Islands, on August 6, 1902, at the age of 22 years. He was a member of the North Presbyterian Church in Cincinnati.



## GRADUATE SCHOOL.

1875

NATHAN WILLARD HARRIS, son of Nathan Coy Harris (M.D. Bowdoin 1842), a physician of Addison and Auburn, Me., and Harriet Ann (Woodbury) Harris, was born at Minot, Androscoggin County, Me., on January 9, 1853, and graduated from Bates College in 1873.

The following autumn he entered the Graduate Department of Yale University and received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1875. He then settled in Auburn, Me., as a lawyer, where he was especially esteemed as a counsellor. He was a member of the School Board, Councilman for one term, Alderman for two terms, and Mayor for three successive terms, City Solicitor for several terms and at the time of his death. He was a Representative in the State Legislature in 1900 and 1901, and State Senator at his decease. He was also Register of Probate, and a member of the Board of Trustees of the Public Library. He was parish clerk of the Universalist Church, and once or twice President of the Universalist State Convention.

Dr. Harris died at his home in Auburn, Me., of valvular disease of the heart, on September 16, 1902, at the age of 49 years.

He married in September, 1878, Manilla Hubbard, daughter of David H. Smith, a farmer of New Hampton, N. H. He afterward married, in 1887, Edith S., daughter of Benjamin Conant, a furniture dealer, of Auburn. She survives him with two daughters and a son.

# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1836	Horace Day, 85	New Haven, Conn.	July 22, '02
1836	James B. Dunwoody, 85	Walterboro, S. C.	June 26, '02
1839	Henry L. Dawes, 86	Pittsfield, Mass.	Feb. 5, '03
1839	James O. Putnam, 84	Buffalo, N. Y.	April 24, '03
1840	Charles R. Ingersoll, 81	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 25, '03
1843	William A. Durrie, 80	East Orange, N. J.	April 8, '03
1843	Mills B. Gelston, 85	Ann Arbor, Mich.	Feb. 28, '03
1843	Frederick Munson, 84	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Oct. 16, '02
1844	Thaddeus Foote, 81	Grand Rapids, Mich.	Feb. 3, '03
1844	Alfred Hasbrouck, 82	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	May 9, '03
1844	Ira Lewis, 82	Goderich, Ont., Canada	Jan. 13, '03
1844	Charles H. Meeker, 78	Rahway, N. J.	Oct. 2, '02
1844	James R. Mershon, 86	Newton, Ia.	July 19, '01
1844	Arthur Ward, 78	Newark, N. J.	July 6, '02
1846	John H. Glover, 75	New York City	Aug. 4, '02
1847	Henry G. Jesup, 77	Hanover, N. H.	June 15, '03
1848	Samuel E. Baldwin, 80	Depere, Wis.	Dec. 29, '02
1848	Henry Blodget, 77	Bridgeport, Conn.	May 24, '03
1848	Charles M. Cullen, 74	Georgetown, Del.	Feb. 1, '03
1848	James C. Hinsdale, 77	Meriden, Conn.	Jan. 21, '03
1849	Edwin A. Buck, 78	Fall River, Mass.	March 9, '03
1850	Henry P. Sanford, 73	Cleveland, O.	May 28, '03
1851	Daniel H. Solomon, 75	Owensboro, Ky.	July 7, '02
1853	William F. V. Bartlett, 71	Lexington, Ky.	April 15, '03
1853	J. Evarts Greene, 67	Plainfield, N. J.	Nov. 8, '02
1853	J. Sumner Smith, 72	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 13, '03
1856	Hasbrouck DuBois, 69	New York City	Aug. 5, '02
1856	George C. Dunham, 70	Middletown, Conn.	April 1, '03
1856	Wager Swayne, 68	New York City	Dec. 18, '02
1857	Benjamin F. Barge, 70	Bad-Nauheim, Germany	Oct. 30, '02
1857	Nathan D. Wells, 71	Haverhill, Mass.	Oct. 30, '02
1858	J. Willard Gibbs, 64	New Haven, Conn.	April 28, '03
1858	Elawson C. More, 64	Peoria, Ill.	July 24, '02
1858	Walter S. Pitkin, 65	Washington, D. C.	April 18, '03
1860	William L. Bradley, 65	New Haven, Conn.	June 12, '03
1861	William H. Fuller, 66	New York City	Nov. 26, '02
1862	Frederic A. Ward, 62	Brooklyn, N. Y.	April 29, '03
1863	Henry B. Waterman, 60	Oak Park, Ill.	Jan. 14, '03

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1863	Joel T. Wildman, 61	Guilford, Conn.	March 11, '03
1865	Charles E. Lockwood, 59	White Plains, N. Y.	July 28, '02
1866	S. Hartwell Chapman, 57	New Haven, Conn.	April 15, '03
1867	William H. Ingham, 58	Philadelphia, Pa.	Jan. 16, '03
1869	William L. McLane, 56	New York City	May 15, '03
1870	Edward P. Clark, 55	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Feb. 16, '03
1870	Henry L. Hutchins, 58	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 26, '03
1870	Perry Trumbull, 51	Chicago, Ill.	Dec. 10, '02
1871	Francis Johnson, 55	Little Rock, Ark.	Sept. 23, '02
1872	Francis U. Downing, 51	Columbus, Ga.	Jan. 29, '02
1872	Samuel W. Grierson, 52	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Sept. 27, '02
1873	Edward R. Johnes, 50	New York City	March 28, '03
1873	Charles A. Russell, 50	Killingly, Conn.	Oct. 23, '02
1873	Gustavus H. Wald, 49	Cincinnati, O.	June 28, '02
1874	Valentine Marsh, 50	Yonkers, N. Y.	Oct. 1, '02
1874	Ellis Mendell, 52	Boston, Mass.	May 20, '03
1876	John deW. Allen, 49	Riverdale, N. Y.	Nov. 8, '02
1876	John F. Gaylord, 50	Plymouth, Mass.	April 14, '03
1878	Henry A. Barling, 46	Cienfuegos, Cuba	July 28, '02
1878	William P. Belden, 47	Albany, N. Y.	April 6, '03
1878	Frederick B. Dubach, 45	St. Louis, Mo.	Jan. 11, '03
1881	John M. Drysdale, 43	Peace Dale, R. I.	Feb. 11, '03
1882	David A. Chenault, 44	Pine Grove, Ky.	Jan. 21, '03
1883	Francis G. Beach, 41	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 30, '02
1886	Henry T. Nason, 37	Kenwood, N. Y.	March 30, '03
1886	Sheffield Phelps, 38	Aiken, S. C.	Dec. 9, '02
1887	Arthur R. Pennell, 38	Buffalo, N. Y.	March 10, '03
1891	Samuel Colgate, 33	Sea Gate, N. Y.	July 26, '02
1893	Harry L. Bixby, 31	Phoenix, Ariz.	Oct. 20, '02
1893	Frank H. Button, 33	Peekskill, N. Y.	Nov. 1, '02
1894	Guy B. Miller, 31	Paris, France	April 7, '03
1895	Clifford S. Cook, 29	Sharon, Pa.	Jan. 4, '03
1896	William H. Brokaw, 28	New York City	July 13, '02
1898	George M. Ripley, 27	St. Louis, Mo.	May 16, '03
1899	Sullivan D. Ames, 25	Cromwell, Conn.	Feb. 22, '03
1899	Charles F. Doyle, 24	Cohoes, N. Y.	Dec. 16, '02
1899	Charles P. Leonard, 27	Philadelphia, Pa.	Nov. 21, '02
1900	James W. Payton, 25	Westfield, Mass.	Oct. 15, '02

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1831	Chauncey Ayres, 94	Stamford, Conn.	April 14, '03
1850	Henry C. Bunce, 78	Glastonbury, Conn.	April 15, '03
1898	Julius S. Loomis, 27	Springfield, Mass.	June 6, '03



## YALE LAW SCHOOL

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1847	Samuel J. Clarke, 77	Geneva, N. Y.	Dec. 26, '02
1850	Richard W. H. Jarvis, 73	Hartford, Conn.	Jan. 21, '03
1855	Ralph P. E. Thacher, 75	Reading, Mass.	June 29, '02
1866	William E. Simonds, 61	Hartford, Conn.	March 14, '03
1869	Timothy J. Fox, 55	New Haven, Conn.	March 29, '03
1873	Julius C. Cable, 53	New York City	June 9, '03
1873	Rufus S. Pickett, 74	New Haven, Conn.	June 9, '03
1893	Brent K. Yates, 31	Hiawatha, Kans.	July 12, '02
1895	Frederick Chunn, 27	Cavite, P. I.	April 1, '02

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1872	Austin H. Norris, 57	Torrington, Conn.	Jan. 4, '03
1877	John N. Lowell, 56	Haverhill, Mass.	May 30, '03
1878	Charles F. Graves, 57	Shelton, Nebr.	Nov. 20, '02
1898	Walter B. Street, 32	Ann Arbor, Mich.	July 2, '02

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1867	Joseph T. Whittelsey, 59	Old Point Comfort, Va.	June 16, '03
1874	Allen B. Howe, 47	Brewster, Mass.	Oct. 10, '02
1885	Daniel D. Mangam, Jr., 39	Clifton Springs, N. Y.	Aug. 15, '02
1892	George F. Campbell, 32	Peoria, Ariz.	Nov. 7, '02
1892	Fred Mold, 33	Welch, W. Va.	Nov. 11, '02
1897	Jacob A. Koenig, 25	Zamboanga, P. I.	Sept. 29, '02
1899	Francis S. Hunn, 25	New Orleans, La.	Oct. 16, '02
1900	Frederic J. Carnell, 21	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 15, '02
1901	Herbert Lucker, 22	San Miguel, P. I.	Aug. 6, '02

## GRADUATE SCHOOL

1875	Nathan W. Harris, 49	Auburn, Me.	Sept. 16, '02
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The number of deaths recorded this year is 102, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is about 59½ years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is:

Class of 1831, Rev. JOSEPH S. LORD, of Laingsburg, Mich., born April 26, 1808.

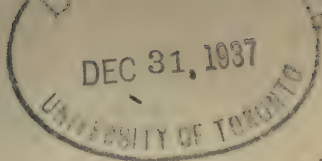
The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is:

Class of 1837, GURDON W. RUSSELL, born April 10, 1815.

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# OBITUARY RECORD

OF

# GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

***JUNE, 1904,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 28th, 1904]

[No. 4 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 63 of the whole Record]

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### YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1831

THOMAS MARCH CLARK, the last survivor but one of his class, son of Thomas March and Rebecca (Wheelwright) Clark, was born in Newburyport, Mass., on July 4, 1812, and entered Yale from Amherst College during Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught two years in the Lowell (Mass.) High School, and then studied two years in Princeton Theological Seminary. He was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Newburyport in 1835, and for a few months was in charge of the Old South Church, Boston, but at the close of the year he changed his connection to the Protestant Episcopal Church, in which he was ordained Deacon by Bishop Griswold on February 3, 1836, and Priest on November 6 of the same year. He was for seven years Rector of Grace Church, Boston, which had then just been consecrated, and from 1843 to 1847 Rector of St. Andrew's Church, Philadelphia, Pa. He was then Assistant at Trinity Church, Boston, until 1850, and Rector of Christ Church, Hartford, Conn., until 1854, when he was chosen Bishop of Rhode Island. He was consecrated on December 6, 1854, in Grace Church, Providence, and held the office of Bishop for nearly fifty years, during the first twelve of which he was also Rector of

Grace Church. In 1897 his official duties was lightened by the appointment of Rev. William N. McVickar, D.D. (Columbia 1865), as Bishop Coadjutor.

During the Civil War he was an active member of the Sanitary Commission. He was also Chaplain of the First Light Infantry Regiment of Providence, which gave the first contribution toward the chime of bells in Grace Church tower.

Upon the death of Bishop Williams, in February, 1899, he became by official seniority Presiding Bishop of the House of Bishops, and by adoption of the new constitution in 1901 Presiding Bishop of the Church.

He was an earnest and eloquent preacher, an able and tactful administrator, and was greatly beloved as a pastor. He was much sought after as an orator on important occasions, and in the early years of his bishopric, when the diocese was small, he delivered a great number of lectures on a wide range of subjects in all parts of the country. His lecture on "The Living Machine" was given three hundred and fifty times.

Bishop Clark was a student and writer through life, and his published works include the following: "Lectures to Young Men on the Formation of Character," 1852; "The Efficient Sunday School Teacher," 1869; "Primary Truths of Religion," 1869; "Readings and Prayers for Aid in Private Devotion," 1888; "Reminiscences," 1895; and many Charges, Addresses and Occasional Sermons. Among the last was a Memorial Sermon on his friend, Phillips Brooks, and a Commemorative Sermon at the Semi-Centennial of the Consecration of Christ Church in Hartford.

From 1874 to 1884 he was a weekly contributor to the *New York Ledger*, and from the proceeds of these articles he built "Bon Ledge," his country home at Middletown, on the shore of Narragansett Bay. He had a fine sense of humor, and is reputed to have been the author of the humorous tale, "John Whopper, the Newsboy."

He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Trinity College in 1851, of Doctor of Divinity from Union College in 1851 and Brown University in 1860, and of Doctor of Laws from Cambridge University, England, in 1868.

Bishop Clark died suddenly of heart disease at his summer home in Middletown, R. I., on September 7, 1903, at the age of 91 years.



He married, on October 3, 1838, Caroline, daughter of Benjamin Howard, Senior Warden of Grace Church in Boston. Mrs. Clark died in 1884, and their eldest child in 1851, at the age of eleven years, but two sons, graduates of Brown University with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1865 and 1876, respectively, and a daughter, survive him. Two brothers graduated from Yale College in 1838 and 1843, respectively.

## 1832

CASSIUS MARCELLUS CLAY, sixth of the seven children of General Green Clay, commander of the Kentucky militia in the Revolutionary War and delegate to the Virginia Convention which ratified the Constitution of the United States, was born on October 19, 1810, in the family home on the ancestral estate near Richmond, Madison County, Kentucky. His mother was Sally (Lewis) Clay. His early education was obtained under private tutors, and in Centre College, the Jesuit College of St. Joseph and Transylvania University, Kentucky. From the last he came to Yale, and joined the class in Junior year. When he came from the south he hated slavery, but regarded it as other evils of humanity, "as the fixed law of Nature or of God," but after hearing William Lloyd Garrison speak in one of the New Haven churches, and the subsequent debate, he resolved, when able, to fight slavery with all his power. During his Senior year he was chosen by the students to deliver an oration on the centennial anniversary of the birthday of Washington.

After graduation, in order to prepare himself for political life, he studied law in the Transylvania Law School, but did not practice. As soon as he was eligible, in 1835, he was elected to the Kentucky House of Representatives from Madison County, also in 1837, and advocated free schools, internal improvements, and a better jury system. Removing to the city of Lexington, he was elected to the Legislature from Fayette County in 1840. The same year he was a delegate to the National Whig Convention at Harrisburg, Pa., which nominated Harrison and Tyler for President and Vice-President. In 1841, owing to his anti-slavery views, he was not reelected to the Legislature. In 1844 he made an extensive tour in the Northern States, advocating Henry Clay for the Presidency, and the latter's defeat increased his opposition to slavery. The following year he started in Lexington *The True American*, a paper favoring gradual emancipation. So

violent were the threats against him that he fortified the office, but during his illness the press was seized and sent out of the State to Cincinnati. There he continued to print the paper every week, and distributed it throughout Kentucky. For this seizure he afterward recovered damages from the State.

In June, 1846, he volunteered for service in the Mexican War, and was chosen Captain of General Harrison's "Old Infantry," then mounted. He was captured on a scouting expedition and was carried to Toluca, but was exchanged after the taking of the City of Mexico. At the close of the war, in December, 1847, he returned to Lexington, where he was received with high honor, and presented with a sword by his fellow citizens.

In 1851 he became a candidate for Governor of Kentucky, and received about five thousand votes. In 1853 he bought a large tract of land in the Kentucky mountains with the intention of keeping it forever free from slavery, and on this land was afterward established Berea College.

After the election of Lincoln he expected to be made Secretary of War, but in March, 1861, was appointed Minister to Russia. Meanwhile the Civil War had begun, and before departing he raised a volunteer force for the defence of the city of Washington till the troops from New York and Massachusetts arrived. He was recalled from St. Petersburg in 1862, and received the appointment of Major-General of Volunteers in the Federal Army. In the autumn of that year he was sent by President Lincoln on a private mission to learn the sentiments of Kentucky regarding the emancipation of the slaves by the General Government. In March, 1863, he returned to Russia as Minister Plenipotentiary, and continued in that capacity until September, 1869.

After that time he held no prominent political office although still active in politics, but lived quietly at his mansion at White Hall, where he continued his interest in various branches of farming. The year of his return to the United States he was made President of the Cuban Aid Society.

At the first annual meeting of the Kentucky Historical Society in 1879, he was chosen Vice-President, and he was a member of many literary and scientific societies in America, France, and Russia. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Transylvania University.

In 1886 he published the first volume of his "Life, Memoirs, Writings and Speeches," which he designed to complete in two volumes.

He married, on February 18, 1833, Mary Jane, daughter of Dr. Elisha and Maria (Barr) Warfield, and had ten children, of whom two sons and a daughter died in childhood. He was divorced from her in 1870. In November, 1894, he married a "peasant wife," Dora Richardson, seventy years his junior, but in 1898 he was granted a judicial separation from her.

From early life he was frequently involved in duels, several of them political feuds, in more than one of which he was severely wounded while his antagonist was killed. During the last years of his life his faculties failed, and his mind was under a cloud. He died at his home on July 22, 1903, in the 93d year of his age.

## 1836

FREDERICK LEWIS DURAND, son of Samuel and Eloise (Lewis) Durand, was born on September 25, 1816, in Cheshire, Conn., but during his boyhood removed with his parents to Berlin, Conn.

After graduation he was a teacher in the South for six years, the first three years teaching the classics in Brownwood Institute, near La Grange, in western Georgia, and during the later years being Principal of an academy for young men in eastern Alabama. He occupied his spare time in historical studies, and then in the study of law. To the latter he devoted his time entirely from 1842, and early in 1843 was admitted to practice in the courts of Alabama. In order to gain a more thorough preparation for his profession and a knowledge of New York practice, he studied a year and a half in Troy, was admitted to the bar of New York in 1845, and settled in practice in Rochester, N. Y., where he resided to the close of his life. In 1850 he was Commissioner of Schools, and during 1854 City Attorney.

Mr. Durand died at his home in Rochester, on August 9, 1903, in the 87th year of his age.

He married, on August 24, 1852, Lydia W., daughter of Charles and Clarissa (Ewing) Powers, and had three sons and a daughter. The second son graduated from Yale College in 1876, and was for twenty-five years his father's law partner. Mrs. Durand died in 1860.

## 1837

ELISHA WOODBRIDGE COOK, son of Rev. Elisha Baldwin Cook (Williams Coll. 1811) and Esther Hills (Woodbridge) Cook, was born on July 28, 1816, in Manchester, Conn., where his father



was the zealous and most successful pastor of the Congregational church.

After graduation he taught successively in Newtown, on Long Island, N. Y., and in South Glastonbury and Brooklyn, Conn., and in 1840 entered Andover Theological Seminary. The next year he taught at Dudley, Mass., after which he resumed his theological studies at New Haven, and completed the course in 1845. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational church at Haddam, Conn., on November 18, 1846, and dismissed in April, 1852, after which he spent two years in missionary work in New York City. He was then pastor at Haydenville, Mass., four years, at Townsend, Mass., a year and a half, and at Hopkinton, N. H., nearly four years. In the fall of 1864 he removed to Ripon, Wisc., where he was pastor until March, 1868, and where he continued to reside until 1886. For a time he was in the employ of the American (now Congregational) Home Missionary Society, being stationed at Yankton, So. Dak., Stockbridge, New Lisbon and Hudson, Wisc., and elsewhere. Returning East he preached at Mansfield, Conn., and Toms River, N. J., until 1893, when he retired from the ministry, and resided in Brooklyn, N. Y., until his death, on January 4, 1904, after an illness of nearly two years from paralysis. He was in the 88th year of his age.

He married, on June 2, 1847, Martha M., daughter of Rev. Noah Smith (Dartmouth 1818), previously the Congregational minister in South Britain, Conn., and Louira (Parmelee) Smith, of South Britain, Conn. She died in 1886. Five of their six daughters and one of the three sons are living. A daughter graduated from Ripon College in 1868, and a son in 1879. In 1888 Mr. Cook married Miss Clarissa A. Welch, of Hartford, Conn., who survives him.

He was the author of "A Theory of the Moral System," 1855, "Law and Penalty Endless in an Endless Universe" (published anonymously), with an Introduction by Rev. John P. Gulliver, D.D. (Yale 1840), "The Endless Future," 1890, and "The Origin of Sin," 1899, besides contributing discussions of theological and other topics to periodicals.

#### 1839

HAMILTON LANPHERE SMITH, son of Anson and Amy C. (Beckwith) Smith, was born in New London, Conn., on November 5, 1818. During the latter part of his college course his home was

in Ohio City, then a suburb of Cleveland, Ohio, but afterward included in that city.

For a number of years after graduation he was a flour merchant in Cleveland, but devoted much time to scientific studies, and at length withdrew entirely from business. From 1854 to 1868 he was Professor of Astronomy, Natural Philosophy and Chemistry in Kenyon College, and then for thirty-two years Professor of Astronomy and Natural Philosophy in Hobart College. In the year 1900 he retired from active service and was appointed Professor *Emeritus*. During the year 1883-84, preceding the induction of Rev. Eliphalet Nott Potter, he was also Acting President of Hobart College.

In 1842 he published a "Natural Philosophy for Schools," and in 1845 "The World; First Lessons in Science and Astronomy," and from 1842 to 1844 was editor of the *Annals of Science*, a semi-monthly periodical. He also contributed many papers to the *American Journal of Science* and other scientific journals, chiefly on *diatomaceæ* and marine algae, which won him distinction at home and abroad. While still a college student, he made observations of nebulae with a telescope constructed by himself. He was among the first in this country to produce daguerreotypes, and is said to have invented the tintype.

He was President of the American Microscopical Society, Fellow of the Royal Microscopical Society of London, and honorary member of the Belgian and Edinburgh Microscopical Societies, also honorary member of other scientific societies. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Trinity College in 1871, and of Doctor of Science from Hobart College in 1900.

Dr. Smith died at New London, Conn., where he was accustomed to spend the summer, on August 1, 1903, from the effects of a fall received about two weeks previously. He was in the 85th year of his age.

He married, in 1841, Susan, daughter of Captain Benjamin Beecher and Welthia (Parmale) Beecher, of New Haven. She lived but a year after marriage, but left a daughter, now deceased. On October 6, 1847, he married Julia, daughter of Judge Arora Buttles, of Columbus, O., by whom he had two sons, one an electrician and one a physician, and both deceased. Mrs. Smith died in Geneva, N. Y., on October 28, 1891.

1840

JOHN CLARK HOLLISTER, son of Marinus Willett and Hannah (Burton) Hollister, was born in Manchester, Vt., on June 2, 1818.

After graduation he studied law with Bates & Huntington in Northampton, Mass., and in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the bar at New Haven in September, 1842. In 1844 and 1846 he was Grand Juror for New Haven, in 1848 Clerk of the Connecticut Senate, and in 1854-55 Adjutant General of the State. From about 1850 to 1865 he was Justice of the Peace, and as such Acting Judge of the City Court of New Haven. During this time most of the civil cases were brought before him, the court then not having criminal jurisdiction.

Judge Hollister was one of the founders of Saint Paul's parish in 1845, from that date until 1852 was Vestryman and Clerk, in 1853-54 Junior Warden, and from 1855 to the close of his life — a period of forty-eight years — Senior Warden. From 1864 to 1875 he was also Treasurer of the parish, and from 1852 for fifty-one years Superintendent of the Sunday-school. He was the main support of successive rectors in the upbuilding of Saint Paul's Church and their aid in bearing its burdens, and his service was tireless and always unselfish. He long represented the parish as a member of the Committee on Canons and as Treasurer of the Aged and Infirm Clergy Fund in the Diocesan Convention, and was a delegate in 1871 to the General Convention.

He died of paralysis at his home in New Haven, on August 29, 1903. He was 85 years of age, and the oldest member of the New Haven County Bar.

He married, on February 17, 1841, Martha L., daughter of Jared and Grace Bradley, of New Haven, and had two sons (one of whom died in infancy), and a daughter. After her death he married in 1850, Sarah S., daughter of Charles K. and Mary A. Shipman, of New Haven, who died on December 3, 1898. Of the three children by this marriage, the two sons died in early life, but a daughter survives, also a son and daughter by the first marriage.

1841

JOSEPH FOLGER BARNARD, sixth of the ten children of Fred-eric Barnard, Captain of a Nantucket (Mass.) whaling vessel, was born in the town of Poughkeepsie, Dutchess Co., N. Y., on September 18, 1823. His mother was Margaret (Allen) Barnard. During his early years his father retired from sea life and settled



in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., where the son attended the Dutchess County Academy.

After graduation he returned to Poughkeepsie, studied law with Davis & Johnson, and was admitted to the bar in May, 1844. He was President of the City Bank of Poughkeepsie for many years from its organization in 1860, and on January 1, 1864, became Justice of the Supreme Court of New York for the Second Judicial District, at first for a term of eight years. This office had been held previously by his classmates Dean and Birdseye. Although always a Democrat he was twice reëlected Justice for terms of fourteen years by both political parties, being held in high regard by all as an able and upright official. His decisions in the Dutchess County election cases in 1891, and his injunction against John T. McKane in Gravesend, Kings County, became celebrated. He retired in December, 1893, on account of age limit, and afterward lived quietly at his home. By various forms of vigorous exercise he maintained unusually good health. He was the owner of many farms in his own and other counties, and these he put into the best of order, taking much pleasure in their personal management and in the outdoor life involved, and from frequent walks he knew well all the roads within miles of his home. Throughout his life he kept fresh his interest in Latin and Greek classics, and was an excellent Shakespearean scholar.

Judge Barnard died of chronic muscular rheumatism at his home in Poughkeepsie, on January 6, 1904, in his 81st year.

He married, on January 7, 1862, Emily, daughter of Abraham Bruyn Hasbrouck (Yale 1810), of Kingston, N. Y., Representative in Congress, and for ten years President of Rutgers College, and had a son (Yale 1885) and a daughter, the wife of James Lenox Banks (Columbia 1882), who, with Mrs. Barnard, survive him. Three of his brothers graduated from Yale, respectively in 1837, 1847 and 1848, and three brothers from Union College.

LUTHER FITCH BEECHER, son of David and Prudence Scammel (Chadbourne) Beecher, was born in Goshen, Conn., on February 25, 1813. His father was a half brother of Rev. Lyman Beecher, D.D. Before entering college he was apprenticed to a tradesman, and before finishing his course he was a recognized preacher.

In the fall after graduation, on October 28, 1841, he was ordained to the Baptist ministry, in Trenton, N. J., and during the

next year was pastor of the Baptist church in that city. He then accepted a call to the first Baptist Church in Portland, Me., where he remained seven years, after which he was settled over the Pearl Street Baptist Church, in Albany, N. Y. In October, 1853, he gave up preaching on account of throat trouble, and for about two years was editor and proprietor of the *New York Recorder*, residing during that time in Brooklyn, N. Y. In August, 1855, he went to Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and established the Temple Grove Institute, of which he was Principal for thirteen years. During part of this time he was also in charge of the Baptist church in that place. After selling the Institute property in 1868, his home was in Boston or its immediate vicinity. For about two years he was pastor of the Bunker Hill Baptist Church, at Charlestown, Mass., but since then preached only occasionally. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Union College in 1850, and in 1851 delivered before the Theological Society of that college an address, "On the Choice of a Profession," which was published.

Dr. Beecher died at his home in Brookline, Mass., from the infirmities of age, on November 5, 1903, at the age of 90 years.

He married, on April 16, 1844, Mary S., daughter of Jonathan and Hannah (Sawyer) Carleton, of Boston, Mass., and had a daughter and two sons, of whom one son died in infancy. Mrs. Beecher's death occurred in Brookline on February 18, 1893.

JOHN CAMDEN DOWNER, son of John and Mary (Cheney) Downer, and grandson of Abiel Cheney (Yale 1771), was born on April 2, 1811, in Bozrah, Conn., but entered college from the adjoining town of Norwich.

After graduation he took the three-year course in Yale Theological Seminary, was licensed to preach in October, 1843, and ordained as an evangelist by a council from the New London County Consociation at Norwich, on March 26, 1845. In May following he went to Illinois, where he was stationed for two years as a Home Missionary among the miners of Elizabeth, near Galena, and was then pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in Freeport for about four years. In the winter of 1850-51 an extensive revival occurred in his congregation and in the town. He then acted as Financial and Missionary Agent of the Synod of Peoria for a year, and the year after preached in Connecticut. In the fall of 1855 he settled in Carlinville, Ill., where he was for

nearly eleven years Secretary and General Agent of Blackburn Theological Seminary, continuing for some time longer as Secretary and Trustee of the institution. During part of these years he was also preaching in the vicinity, and from 1859 to 1862 in charge of the Preparatory Department connected with the Seminary.

In March, 1867, he removed to De Soto, Jefferson County, Mo., where his impaired health was soon reëstablished. He supplied the Presbyterian Church in De Soto for about three years and a half, after which he preached at three small churches and as many stations of a missionary circuit in the county for some ten years, helping to lay the foundations of churches. The first three years of his work in Missouri he held a Home Missionary commission; the remainder of the time his pecuniary compensation was very small.

Mr. Downer died from the infirmities of age at his home in De Soto, on February 23, 1904, in his 93d year. He was the oldest member of his class.

He married, on February 12, 1845, Julia A. C., daughter of Dr. Jacob Linsley, of Middlebury, Conn., and niece of Rev. Ammi Linsley (Yale 1810). Her death occurred a month before that of Mr. Downer. One daughter and three sons survive. One of the sons graduated from Iowa College in 1882.

WILLIAM HENRY MOORE, son of John and Emily (Crane) Moore, was born on August 24, 1820, on the ancestral farm in East Lyme, Conn., but in 1822 his parents removed to Westbrook, then a parish of Saybrook. He was fitted for college in the neighboring town of Madison.

After graduation he took the course at Yale Theological Seminary, was licensed to preach by the New Haven West Association on April 13, 1845, and was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church at Torrington, Conn., on September 30, 1846. After a ministry there of eight years, he edited *The Examiner*, a religious paper in Norwich, Conn., for a year, preaching in the meantime principally at Central Village and Lebanon. During the following winter and early spring he preached at Cornwall, and was then settled over the Congregational Church in Newtown for six years.

From the close of this pastorate in 1862 he performed for many years with efficiency and faithfulness the duties of impor-



tant offices in the societies of the church. He was State Missionary of the Missionary Society of Connecticut from 1862 to 1897, and Secretary of that Society from 1867 to 1899; Statistical Secretary of the General Association of Connecticut from 1859 to 1869, and of the General Conference of the Congregational Churches of Connecticut from 1869 to 1898; Treasurer of the General Association from 1859 to 1899, and Registrar of the same from 1866; Registrar of the General Conference since 1869; Registrar of the National Council of Congregational Churches from the Oberlin meeting in 1871 to 1901, Secretary of its Trustees from 1886, and for two years Secretary of its Committee on Ministerial Relief; Secretary of the Trustees of the Fund for Ministers since 1864. He was a Director of the Connecticut Bible Society and the Connecticut Temperance Union.

In his reports and addresses at the councils of the Church he showed a minute and thorough knowledge of ecclesiastical matters and of the condition of every church in the State from early times to the present. In 1891 he was a delegate to the first International Congregational Council held in London, England, where he delivered an address.

Mr. Moore moved from Newtown to Berlin in 1863, and from there to Hartford, which was his home from February, 1876.

For some time his physical powers had been gradually wearing out, but his mind remained clear, and he died without suffering after a fortnight's final illness, on August 22, 1903, having nearly completed his 83d year. At the time of his death he was a member of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church, Hartford.

He married, on September 15, 1846, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Eben and Sarah Sturges (Gray) Redfield, of Clinton, Conn., who died in 1861. In 1863 he married Jeanie Elizabeth, daughter of David Sanford (Yale 1829) and Emily Augusta (Townsend) Sanford, of Newtown. She died in 1867. In 1869 he married Mary Ballantine, daughter of Seth and Anne Moore King, of Suffield, who died in 1893. By the first marriage he had a son and a daughter, of whom the son survives; by his second marriage a son, who died in 1887; and by the last marriage a daughter and two sons, of whom the younger son died in 1899, while a Junior in the Sheffield Scientific School. The elder of these sons graduated from the Academical Department in 1895, and from Yale Divinity School in 1898.

WILLIAM GREY WOOLFOLK, son of John and Margaret (Collier) Woolfolk, was born in Augusta, Ga., on July 11, 1822. While in college his home address was Cusseta, Ga., during his Sophomore and Junior years, and then Columbus, Ga., where his father owned about fifteen miles of river front on the Georgia side of the Chattahoochee.

The winter following graduation he read law, but was afterward an extensive planter near Columbus, his home being at Wynnton, a suburb of that city. For a short time he was a cotton merchant at Apalachicola, Fla. He contributed liberally to the cause of the South during the Civil War, and served for a time in the Confederate army. He became a member of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, Columbus, in 1848 or 1849, and during most of the time since had been a vestryman of that parish.

He died after an illness of five weeks at his home, on October 2, 1903, at the age of 81 years.

He married, on January 16, 1846, Maria Byrd Nelson, of Columbus, daughter of Major Thomas M. Nelson, an officer of the War of 1812, and had nine sons and one daughter, all living except one son who died in 1891. Mrs. Woolfolk also survives.

#### 1842

ALBERT MATHEWS, son of Oliver and Mary (Field) Mathews, was born in New York City on September 8, 1820. During Senior year he was one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

The first year after graduation he studied in the Harvard Law School, and then two years in New York City, where he was admitted as an Attorney in May, 1845, and Counselor in May, 1848. He opened an office in partnership with Nathaniel Bowditch Blunt, and soon acquired an extensive practice, winning the esteem of the bar by his skill and legal attainments, and being regarded as a formidable opponent. He was the trustee and the official attorney of the North River Savings Bank, and in 1886 was Vice-President of the New York Bar Association, of which he was one of the founders.

He was a warm friend of Nathaniel Parker Willis (Yale 1827) and aided him in establishing the *Home Journal*, for a number of years contributing regularly to its columns. Under the pen-name of "Paul Siegvolk" he wrote for the *New York Mirror* from 1845 to 1860, the *Knickerbocker Magazine* from 1850 to 1862, and later for the *New York Evening Post*, *New York Times*, and *New York*

*Home Journal*. His "Reminiscences of Yale" appeared in 1885, and "Suggestions as to Early Training for Extemporaneous Speaking" in the *University Magazine*. His story, "Walter Ashwood," was published in 1859, "Incidental Protection a Solecism" about 1877, "A Bundle of Papers," of which several editions were issued, in 1879, "Thoughts on the Codification of the Common Law" in 1881, "Memorial of Bernard Roelker" in 1889, "Ruminations" in 1893, and "A Few Verses" in 1896.

Mr. Mathews was Vice-President of the Yale Alumni Association of New York in 1881. He was always helpful of class interests, and a contributor to the literary feast at class reunions. His death occurred at Lake Mohonk, N. Y., on September 9, 1903. He was 83 years of age.

He married, on December 12, 1849, Louise Mott, second daughter of Nathaniel Woodhull Strong, Esq., of New York City. She died in 1857, and in 1861 he married Mrs. Cettie M. Gwynne, widow of Abram E. Gwynne (Yale 1839) of Cincinnati, O., and younger daughter of Hon. Henry C. Flagg, formerly mayor of New Haven, who is also deceased. He had no children.

JOHN ANDREW PETERS, second son of Andrew Peters, a lumber merchant largely interested in shipping, was born at Ellsworth, Me., on October 9, 1822. His mother was Sally (Jordan) Peters, and from her he inherited the fine sense of humor and the warm and ready sympathy which characterized his entire life. He entered the class at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Hon. Thomas Robinson in Ellsworth, and during the year 1843-44 in the Harvard Law School. He was admitted to the Hancock County Bar in August, 1844, and began practice in Bangor in partnership with Hon. Joshua W. Hathaway (Bowdoin 1820), but after the appointment of the latter as Judge of the District Court in 1849, he continued by himself until 1868, when he became associated with Franklin Augustus Wilson, M.A. (Bowdoin 1854), afterward President of the Maine Central Railroad. His thorough knowledge of the law, unusual foresight in the preparation of cases, and clearness in presentation were early recognized. His time was mostly given to large civil and equity cases, but he would never allow a person whom he believed to be innocent of a crime to go undefended in the courts.

He was a member of the Maine Senate in 1862 and 1863, and of the House of Representatives in 1864, and Attorney-General



of the State from 1864 to 1867. His speech in 1864 in opposition to the proposed removal of the State capital from Augusta to Portland was regarded as most important. From 1867 to 1873 he was a Representative in Congress, and during that time acquired an unusual personal influence among his fellow members. During his third term he was a member of the Judicial Committee and Chairman of the Committee on the Congressional Library. His eulogy on Senator Samuel Fessenden was considered of special merit.

In May, 1873, he was appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Maine, and ten years later Chief Justice of the same. In these positions he enjoyed the absolute confidence of all classes until his retirement, January 1, 1900. A banquet, tendered by the Penobscot bar in his honor, on February 1, is said to have surpassed anything of a similar nature previously held in the State. He was succeeded as Chief Justice by his nephew, Hon. Andrew Peters Wiswell (Bowdoin 1873).

Judge Peters was elected a member of the Maine Historical Society in 1866, of the New England Historic-Genealogical Society in 1896, and a trustee of Bowdoin College in 1891. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Colby College in 1884, from Bowdoin in 1885, and from Yale in 1893.

His health had been declining for several years, but he died at his home in Bangor, Me., after a final illness of a few days, on April 2, 1904, in the 82d year of his age.

He married, on September 2, 1846, Mary Ann Hathaway, daughter of his partner, Judge Hathaway. She died in 1847, leaving an infant who also died at the age of fourteen months. In 1857 Judge Peters married Fannie E., daughter of Hon. Amos M. Roberts, and Charlotte (Barker) Roberts, of Bangor, who survives him with their two daughters.

SAMUEL WOLCOTT SKINNER, son of Rev. Newton Skinner (Yale 1804), Pastor of the First Congregational Church of New Britain, Conn., was born in that place on June 19, 1820. His mother was Ursula, a daughter of Samuel Wolcott of South Windsor, and granddaughter of Judge Erastus Wolcott (*hon. M.A. Yale 1790*). After his father's death in 1825 the family removed to East Windsor, and from there, after preparatory studies in Gorham (Me.) Academy, he entered college.

After graduation he began the study of medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now a part of Columbia University),

New York City, but completed his course at the Yale Medical School, and received his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1846. From then until the outbreak of the Civil War he practiced his profession at Windsor Locks, Conn. In May, 1861, he was commissioned a Surgeon of the Fourth Connecticut Regiment, which was afterwards organized into the First Connecticut Heavy Artillery. Much of the time he was on duty at Brigadier or Division Headquarters as Surgeon-in-Chief. He was with his regiment in all the campaigns between Washington and Richmond until the surrender of Lee's forces. On retiring, after serving four years and five months, he was commissioned Brevet-Lieutenant Colonel. Soon after his return from the war he removed to Toledo, O., where he practiced during the remainder of his life. He was for several years Health Officer there, and for many years Consulting Surgeon of St. Vincent Hospital.

Dr. Skinner died of old age and general breaking down of the physical system, on August 16, 1903, at the age of 83 years. He was a member of the First Congregational church in Toledo.

He married, on September 16, 1846, Dorianie, daughter of James and Pamela (Warner) Fuller, of Hampton, Conn., and had two sons and two daughters. One son died in 1891, but the other son and the daughters, with Mrs. Skinner, survive him.

#### 1844

VIRGIL MARO DOW MARCY, son of Dr. Samuel Sumner Marcy (*hon.* M.D. Yale 1842) and Thankful (Edmunds) Marcy, was born at Cold Spring, Cape May County, N. J., on January 5, 1823. At ten years of age he was sent to school in Berlin, Conn.

After graduation he studied medicine with his father and with Dr. Edmund L. B. Wales, spent the year 1845-46 in the Yale Medical School, and completed his medical studies at the University of Maryland in Baltimore, where he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1847. He practiced about three years in Gloucester County, Va., but in 1849 returned to Cold Spring, N. J., where he took up his father's practice and resided until 1876. He then removed to Cape May City, where he was for many years a practicing physician and druggist with Dr. James Mccray. He became a member of the Presbyterian church in Cold Spring in 1840, and was an elder there for fifty years.

Dr. Marcy died suddenly of congestion of the lungs at his home in Cape May, on January 21, 1904, at the age of 81 years.

He married, on May 19, 1848, Mary Jane, daughter of Abraham and Sarah C. Bennett, of Cold Spring. Mrs. Macey survives him, with five of their six sons and their two daughters.

## 1845

WILLIAM ELIJAH DOWNES, son of Horatio Downes, a cabinet maker, and Nancy (Smith) Downes, was born on August 22, 1824, in Milford, Conn. Through his mother he was directly descended from Rev. Samuel Andrew, one of the founders of Yale College and President *pro tempore* from 1707 to 1719.

The year after graduation he suffered from throat trouble, but the following year studied law with Honorable Alfred Blackman (Yale 1828), completed his course in the Yale Law School in 1847, and was admitted to the bar in Danbury, Conn., in the summer of 1848. In December of that year he began practice in Birmingham, now Derby, Conn., and continued until 1863, when he was persuaded to take the place of his father-in-law in the general management of the Howe Manufacturing Co., in the making of pins. After applying himself closely to business for twelve years, an attack of nervous prostration caused his retirement from the active management, although he held the office of President of the company from the year 1884 until his death.

Mr. Downes was one of the incorporators of the New Haven and Derby Railroad, one of the founders of the Derby Gas Co., President of the Derby Savings Bank, and Director of the Birmingham National Bank. With Colonel William Burr Wooster (LL.B. Yale 1846) he obtained the charter of the Birmingham Water Company in 1859, and he was President of the Ousatonie Water Company from 1894 to 1900. He was a Representative in the Legislature in 1855, 1882 and 1883, and was active in securing the establishment of the Board of Pardons in 1889 and the passing of an act for the benefit of insane persons. He also served for several years as a member of the Board of Education. In 1877 he made an extended trip abroad, spending three months each in Paris and in Italy, and a few weeks in Egypt. Since 1887 his home had been in New Haven. He contributed an article on Robert Burns to the *Knickerbocker Magazine* of January, 1853.

Mr. Downes died of *angina pectoris* at Deland, Fla., where he had been spending several weeks, on February 1, 1904, in the 80th year of his age.



He married, on June 24, 1851, Jane Maria, only child of John Ireland Howe, M.D., and Cornelia Ann (Ireland) Howe, who survives him with two sons and two daughters, one child having died in infancy. One of the sons graduated in 1898 from the Yale School of Fine Arts, of which he is Librarian.

## 1846

DAVID HAWLEY, youngest of the four sons of David and Bethia (Buck) Hawley, was born at Arlington, Bennington County, Vt., on April 14, 1820, entered college with the class of 1845, but at the end of Freshman year illness compelled him to withdraw, and he spent a year reading law in the office of Harmon Canfield, Esq., in his native town. Upon his return to college in the fall of 1843 he joined the Sophomore class.

After graduation he resumed his law studies in the office of Orsamus Bushnell, Esq., in New York City. He was admitted to the bar in 1848, and in May, 1850, formed a partnership with his classmate, John Henry Glover, which continued for twelve years. His practice was mostly confined to the management of large estates. In 1870 he became counsel for Isaac M. Singer, the sewing machine inventor and manufacturer, and three years later relinquished general practice to take charge of Mr. Singer's interests at home and abroad. He was the sole executor of his estate, and was for many years a director in the Singer Manufacturing Company. He was in Paris at the beginning of the French and German war, being a witness of the exciting scenes of the time, and he subsequently made many other trips abroad.

Mr. Hawley resided in Yonkers, N. Y., for forty years, and died there at his home of old age, on November 25, 1903, in his 84th year. He was Vice-President of the Westchester Historical Society, at one time Water Commissioner and at another a member of the Board of Education of Yonkers. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, on August 14, 1851, Miss Louisa Maria Whiteside, of Cambridge, N. Y. (who died in 1860), and October 8, 1861, Miss Catherine Ann Brown, of New York City. By the first marriage he had one daughter, and by the second one son, both of whom, with Mrs. Hawley, survive him. His son graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1884. A brother graduated from Union College in 1840.

STEPHEN WRIGHT KELLOGG, eldest of the four children of Jacob Pool and Lucy Prescott (Wright) Kellogg, was born on April 5, 1822, at Shelburne, Franklin County, Mass. After spending two terms at Amherst College he entered Yale in the third term of Freshman year.

After graduation he taught the academy at Winchendon, Mass., during the fall term, and then entered the Yale Law School, teaching during his course in the school of Hon. A. N. Skinner (Yale 1823) in New Haven. He did not graduate from the Law School but was admitted to the bar in June, 1848, and began practice in Naugatuck, New Haven County, Conn. In 1851 he was Clerk and in 1853 a member of the State Senate. The following year he was elected Judge of Probate of the Waterbury District, and held the office for seven years. From 1854 his home was in Waterbury, and he represented that town in the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1856. In 1864 he was appointed Judge of the New Haven County Court, and from 1866 to 1869, also from 1877 to 1883, was City Attorney.

He was a delegate to the National Republican Conventions of 1860, 1868 and 1876, and was a member of the committee which drew up the platform on which Abraham Lincoln was first elected President. In 1869 he was elected as a Republican to the House of Representatives in Congress in a strongly Democratic district, and reelected in 1871 and 1873. In the Forty-second Congress he was Chairman of the Naval Expenditures Committee, and in the Forty-third of the Civil Service Reform Committee, and did effective work as a member of other committees. After his retirement from Congress he continued the practice of his profession, in which his ability and enthusiasm for its work won many successes at home and in the courts at Washington.

In 1860 he was captain of a company of "Wide Awakes," which greatly helped in the election of a Republican Governor. He was active during the Civil War in raising troops and supporting the government, and from 1863 to 1866 was Colonel, and from 1866 to 1870 Brigadier-General of the Second Regiment, Connecticut National Guard. In 1900 he was a Presidential Elector.

He was always devoted to the interests of his own State, and especially to those of his own city. He was one of the Board of Agents of the Bronson Library from its organization in 1868 to the close of his life. He was a deacon of the Second Congregational Church from 1888 until his death.

General Kellogg died of congestion of the lungs after an illness of about a week, at his home in Waterbury, on January 27, 1904, in the 82d year of his age.

He married, on September 10, 1851, Lucia Hosmer, daughter of Major Andre Andrews and Sarah Mehitabel (Hosmer) Andrews, of Buffalo, N. Y., and granddaughter of Chief Justice Hosmer (Yale 1782), of Middletown, Conn. Mrs. Kellogg, with three of the four sons and three daughters, survive. A brother, Col. John Kellogg, graduated from West Point in 1849. The eldest son graduated from the United States Naval Academy in 1879, the second son from Yale College in 1882 and the Yale Law School in 1884, and the youngest son from Yale College in 1890 and the Law School in 1893. The second daughter graduated from Vassar College in 1875, and married Edwin H. English of New Haven, for a time a member of the class of 1876 at Yale, and the youngest daughter married Irving H. Chase, a graduate of Yale in 1880.

#### 1847

ROBERT PERRY FARRIS, son of Robert Patishall and Catharine (Cross) Farris, was born on September 6, 1826, in St. Louis, Mo., and entered college in Sophomore year. He had previously studied in St. Louis University, and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from St. Xavier College, Cincinnati, in 1844.

After graduation he began the study of law, but after a year abandoned it for theology, spending two years at Princeton Theological Seminary, and a year in Cincinnati. After supplying at Bonhomme, Mo., he was ordained as an evangelist in St. Louis, on November 14, 1852, and was then acting pastor of the Park Avenue Church in that city for a year. From 1853 to 1859 he was pastor of the Second Church in Peoria, Ill., and from 1860 to 1868 of the First Church at St. Charles, Mo. During part of 1859 and 1860 he was Agent of Chicago (McCormick) Theological Seminary, and Missionary Secretary of the Old School Synod of Missouri from 1866 to 1874. He was Moderator of the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church in 1881, and Permanent Clerk from 1885. He was one of the founders, in 1866, of the *Missouri* (afterward the *Saint Louis*) *Presbyterian*, of which he continued as editor until 1895. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Westminster College (Mo.) in 1866.



Mr. Farris died of stricture of the œsophagus at his home in St. Louis on August 28, 1903, in his 77th year of his age.

He married, on August 3, 1848, Eliza Seymour, daughter of Captain Aaron S. Bowen, U. S. A., of Cincinnati, and had seven children, of whom two sons and one daughter are living.

JAMES FITCH, son of Gurdon and Hannah Warner (Peck) Fitch, was born on April 23, 1821, in Cherry Valley, Otsego County, N. Y., but when he was five years of age his parents moved to Cleveland, O., then a place of only 800 inhabitants.

After graduation he studied law in Philadelphia with Judge Mallory, but after two years returned to Cleveland, where he was for a short time in the office of Hitchcock, Willson & Wade. He was admitted to the bar in 1849, and was then in partnership with Leonard Case, Jr., from 1850 to 1856, after which he practiced alone, until infirmity obliged him to retire in 1902. He died after an illness of two years, on February 16, 1904, in the 83d year of his age. He had been a member of the Cleveland Bar Association longer than any one else living, and in 1853 was City Solicitor.

Mr. Fitch married, in Cleveland, on December 5, 1855, Elizabeth, daughter of John Gould and Alethea (Owen) Sanburn, of Knoxville, Ill., and adopted daughter of her maternal aunt, Mrs. Eliza A. Weddell, of Cleveland. She survives him with their children—one son and six daughters. The son is a graduate of Western Reserve University in 1879.

#### 1848

SAMUEL CLARKE PERKINS, son of Samuel Huntington Perkins (Yale 1817), and grandson of Samuel Perkins (Yale 1785), was born on November 14, 1828, in Philadelphia, Pa., of which he was a life-long resident.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his father and at the University of Pennsylvania, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1852. He was admitted to the Philadelphia bar in 1851, to practice in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in 1853, and in the Supreme Court of the United States in 1874. In 1854 he was President of the Law Academy of Philadelphia, in 1857 a member of the Common Council, and for many years from 1876 Solicitor to the Commissioners of Fairmount Park.

In April, 1861, he enlisted as a private in Company A, First Regiment of Artillery, Philadelphia Home Guards, was made

First Lieutenant of Landis' Light Battery, Pennsylvania Independent Artillery, in 1863, and was in action at Sporting Hill, near Harrisburg, on June 30, and at Carlisle on July 1, of that year.

Mr. Perkins was chosen in 1870 one of the original Commissioners for the erection of the Public Buildings, and had been President from 1872 until the Commission was abolished in 1901.

He rendered many and important services to the Presbyterian Church. From 1856 to 1870 he was Trustee of the First Presbyterian Church, and Elder from 1870; member of the Presbyterian Publication Committee from 1858 to 1870, after the latter date a member of the Presbyterian Board of Publication, and President of its Trustees from 1870 to 1874, and since 1877; Trustee of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States since 1870, and Vice-President since June, 1887; President of the Trustees of the Presbyterian House, Philadelphia, since 1874; Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church three times; and Delegate to the General Council of the Presbyterian Alliance in Belfast, Ireland, in 1884.

He was President of the Yale Alumni Association of Philadelphia from 1878 to 1893, of the Alumni Association of the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania from 1877 to 1892, and of the University Club of Philadelphia from 1883 to 1893. In addition, he was a member of many historical and social societies.

He delivered an address at the "Ceremonies of Dedication of the New Masonic Temple, September 26, 1873," and at the "Laying of the Corner Stone of the New Public Buildings of Philadelphia, July 4, 1874," and contributed from time to time to the New York *Observer*, *American Law Register*, and to local papers and other periodicals.

Mr. Perkins died of *uraemia* at his home in Philadelphia, on July 14, 1903, at the age of 74 years.

He married, on April 12, 1855, Mary Hooker, daughter of Frederick A. Packard, LL.D., of Philadelphia, and Elizabeth Dwight Packard. Their three children died in infancy, and Mrs. Perkins in 1900.

WILLIAM DARIUS BISHOP, son of Alfred and Mary (Ferris) Bishop, was born in Bloomfield, N. J., on September 14, 1827, but entered college from Bridgeport, Conn.

For two or three years after graduation he was chiefly occupied in the settlement of his father's large estate, and afterwards in the railroad business. He was a contractor, Superintendent, and Chief Engineer for a few years, from 1856 to 1866, and from 1866 to 1879 President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co., continuing as Vice-President of the Board of Directors until the close of his life, also from 1883 to 1904 President of the Naugatuck Railroad Co.

He was a member of the Common Council of Bridgeport in 1852-53, and again in 1868, delegate from Connecticut to the National Democratic Convention in Cincinnati in 1856, member of the House of Representatives, U. S. Congress, from 1857 to 1859, and chairman of the Committee on Manufactures, U. S. Commissioner of Patents from May, 1859 to 1860, member of the State Senate in 1866 and again in 1877 and 1878, and of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1872.

Mr. Bishop died of heart disease at his home in Bridgeport, on February 4, 1904, at the age of 76 years.

He married, on October 21, 1850, Julia Ann, daughter of Russell and Martha Maria Tomlinson, and had one daughter and five sons. The daughter and four of the sons with their mother survive. One son graduated from the Academical Department in 1880, and one from the Law School in 1890.

THOMAS SCRANTON HUBBARD, son of George and Electa (Bronson) Hubbard, was born at Upper Middletown, now Cromwell, Conn., on September 25, 1825.

For two years after graduation he was a manufacturer of japanned ware in Meriden, and for the next three years agent of a joint-stock company in the same business at Durham, Conn. From June to November, 1854, he resided in Warren, O., and then removed to Urbana, Ill., where he was a private banker for two years, cashier of the Grand Prairie Bank the next five years, and then a grocer and hardware merchant for the same length of time. From 1866 to 1869 he again lived in Cromwell, occupied as a manufacturer and farmer, but then returned to Urbana and resumed the hardware business. He was an influential citizen of that place, was for several years an alderman, and had been an elder of the Presbyterian Church from its organization in 1857. He was a delegate to the Centennial General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Philadelphia in 1888.



Mr. Hubbard died at his home in Urbana, on May 26, 1902, at the age of 76 years, but information was not received until some time later.

He married, on November 14, 1849, Jane Eliza, daughter of Dr. Wyllys Woodruff, of Meriden, Conn., and had three sons and two daughters, of whom the eldest son died in infancy.

### 1850

HENRY CHASE, son of General Epaphras Ball and Louisa (Baldwin) Chase, was born in Lyndon, Vt., on October 10, 1827, and entered Yale after a term at the University of Vermont.

The winter following graduation he studied law in the office of Hon. Thomas Bartlett in his native town, and the next fall entered the Harvard Law School, but owing to the entire failure of his health a few months later, he spent three and a half years at home. In the fall of 1855 he went to Sycamore, DeKalb County, Ill., and was admitted to the bar on April 22, 1857. He was Attorney and Clerk of the town until February, 1859, when he removed to Chicago, where he was a partner in the firm of Eastman, Beveridge & Chase. On account of his father's failing health he returned to Lyndon in 1860. He represented the town in the Vermont Legislature in 1865, was Centennial Commissioner for Vermont in 1876, and the same year was appointed a member of the Vermont Board of Agriculture. He was also President of the National Bank of Lyndon for ten years, Selectman for several years, President of the Board of Trustees of Lyndon Academy, and U. S. Immigrant Inspector at Newport, Vt., from 1893 until 1901.

For the last three years he was stationed at Portland and Calais, Me. He died of typhoid pneumonia at the latter place, on February 12, 1904, at the age of 76 years.

Mr. Chase married, on February 25, 1869, Sarah Weir, daughter of James and Georgette A. (Roberts) Robinson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and had two sons and three daughters, who with their mother survive. The elder son graduated from Yale College in 1895, and the younger is an undergraduate in the College.

ROBERT COIT, son of Robert and Charlotte (Coit) Coit, was born in New London, Conn., on April 26, 1830.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Hon. William C. Crump (Yale 1836), in New London, and in the Yale Law

School, each for a year. He was admitted to the bar in New London in November, 1852. From 1856 to 1860 he was Judge of Probate for the District of New London, and in 1867 was appointed Register in Bankruptcy of the United States District Court for Connecticut, serving while the act remained in force.

In the same year he was made Treasurer of the New London Northern Railroad, was Vice-President a few years later, and President from 1872.

He was elected Mayor of New London in 1879, and was twice reëlected to the position. In 1879 he was also elected a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and in 1880 and in 1882, State Senator, being also President *pro tempore* of the Senate during the second term. Besides filling these offices he was President of the Union Bank of New London, Vice-President of the Savings Bank of New London, President of the New London Gas and Electric Company, and Vice-President of the New London Steamboat Company, and held other positions of trust.

Mr. Coit died of heart trouble following the grip, at his home in New London, on June 19, 1904, at the age of 74 years.

He married on August 1, 1854, Lucretia, daughter of William Fowler Brainard (Yale 1802) and Sarah A. (Prentis) Brainard, and had a daughter, who died in early childhood, and a son (Ph.B. Yale 1884). Mrs. Coit and the son survive him. Two brothers graduated from Yale College, respectively in 1853 and 1856.

MARTIN KELLOGG, a native of Vernon, Conn., where his father, Allyn Kellogg, was for fifty years deacon of the First Congregational Church, a farmer, and Representative in the Connecticut Legislature, was born on March 15, 1828. His mother was Eliza (White) Kellogg. He was a nephew of Rev. Ebenezer Kellogg (Yale 1810), for more than thirty years Professor of Ancient Languages in Williams College, also great-grandson of Rev. Ebenezer Kellogg (Yale 1757), for nearly fifty-five years pastor of the Congregational Church in Vernon (then North Bolton), Conn. He was Valedictorian of his class.

After graduation he began the study of theology in Union Theological Seminary, spent his second year at Andover, and returned to Union Seminary to complete his course. He was licensed to preach in the spring of 1854, and then spent a year as a Resident Licentiate in Yale Seminary. He was ordained at

Vernon, on October 2, 1855, President Woolsey preaching the sermon, and on October 20 sailed for California as a home missionary. From December of that year until June, 1857, he was stationed at Shasta, Cal., and for three years following was pastor at Grass Valley.

In 1859 he was elected Professor of Latin in the College of California, at Oakland, and when that institution was merged into the University of California, ten years later, he was appointed Professor of Ancient Languages, and spent several months in Europe in travel and study. This chair was afterward divided, and from 1876 to 1894 his professorship was of the Latin Language and Literature. In 1888 he went abroad for a needed rest, and was absent two years. He was Chairman of the Academic Council in 1890, from 1890 to 1893 Acting President, and on March 23, 1893 was inaugurated President of the University. After five years of service he presented his resignation, but it was not accepted until March, 1899. On his retirement he made a tour around the world, but in September, 1900, returned to the University as Professor *Emeritus* of Latin. Yale University conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws in 1893. He was the editor of *Ars Oratoria*, Selections from Cicero and Quintilian, in 1872, and of the *Brutus* of Cicero, in 1889.

Président Kellogg died from an operation for bladder trouble at San Francisco, on August 26, 1903, at the age of 75 years.

He married, on September 3, 1863, Louisa Wells, daughter of Hon. John Hall Brockway (Yale 1820) and Flavia Field (Colton) Brockway, of Ellington, Conn., who survives him. A son and a daughter died in infancy. A brother (Williams Coll. 1846) took the theological course in Yale Seminary.

#### 1851

ASA FRENCH, son of Jonathan and Sarah Brackett (Hayward) French, was born on October 21, 1829, in Braintree, Mass., where his ancestors had lived since before the incorporation of the town in 1640.

After graduation he studied law, first at the Albany Law School and in the office of Pruyn & Reynolds, and completed his course in the Harvard Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1853. The same year he was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of New York, and afterward in Boston. After a period in the office of David A. Sim-



mons and Harvey Jewell, he entered into a partnership with Hon. George White (Yale 1848), which continued until 1858. In 1870 he was appointed District Attorney for the Southeastern District of Massachusetts to fill a vacancy, and held the office by successive reëlections until his resignation in October, 1882. In the latter year he declined an appointment to the Superior Court bench of Massachusetts. From January 10, 1873, to January 7, 1882, he served on the State Board of Commissioners on Inland Fisheries.

In July, 1882, he was appointed one of the judges of the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims, sitting at Washington, D. C., and continued in that capacity until the business of the court was finished, on December 31, 1885. On returning to Boston, he resumed his practice, residing, as previously, in Braintree. In October, 1886, he was associated with Hon. E. Rockwood Hoar, LL.D. (Harvard 1835), as counsel for the complainants in the prosecution of five professors of Andover Theological Seminary on charges of heresy.

He was active in local affairs, representing Braintree in the State Legislature in 1866, and also serving on the school committee for many years as President of the Board of Trustees of Thayer Academy and of the Thayer Public Library in that town.

From 1866 to 1868 he was Secretary and Treasurer of the Yale Alumni Association of Boston, and in 1884 was appointed by President Arthur a member of the Board of Visitors at the West Point Military Academy.

Mr. French died at his home in Braintree, on June 23, 1903, at the age of 73 years.

He married in June, 1855, Miss Ellen Clizbe, of Amsterdam, N. Y., who died the following September. In October, 1858, he married Sophia Briggs, daughter of Simeon and Mary (Caldwell) Palmer, of Boston, Mass., and had one son (Yale 1882) and four daughters, one of whom is deceased.

ERASTUS ROOT GREEN, son of John Green, a merchant of Reading, Pa., and Catherine (Bright) Green, was born in that place, on May 7, 1830.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his brother (Yale 1849) in Reading, and was admitted to the bar at the end of two years. On September 20, 1861, he enlisted in Company I,

Third Regiment of Missouri Infantry, and on December 10 of the same year was transferred to the Tenth Regiment, but the records accessible do not show the length of his service.

He afterward practiced law in Norristown, Pa., and then made his home in Chicago, Ill., where he was for some time Secretary of the Security Title and Trust Company.

He married, in 1864, Julia A., daughter of Rev. S. P. Ives, of St. Louis, Mo., and died in Chicago, on February 5, 1904, in the 74th year of his age. His wife died of heart trouble within twenty-four hours after her husband. One daughter survives.

WILLIAM DEFOREST MANICE, son of DeForest and Catherine Maria (Booth) Manice, elder brother of Edward Augustus Manice (Yale 1858), was born in New York City, on July 11, 1830.

The year following graduation he spent abroad, pursuing the study of civil law at Berlin a part of the time. On his return home he continued the study of law, was admitted to the bar in New York City in May, 1854, and practiced his profession there until his gradual retirement about 1885. He was the owner of valuable property in the city, and at Queens, Long Island.

Mr. Manice died suddenly of heart failure on September 6, 1903, at Tuxedo Park, N. Y., where he had spent the summer. He was 73 years of age.

He married, in April, 1862, Josephine Learned, daughter of Edward Learned, of Troy, New York, and had two sons and six daughters, of whom one son and four daughters are deceased. The other son received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Columbia University in 1886, and of Bachelor of Laws in 1888.

ENOS NELSON TAFT, son of Leonard and Martha (Comstock) Taft, was born in Mendon, Worcester County, Mass., on August 12, 1826. Previous to entering college he taught in a district school for three successive winters, and the financial aid received during his college course he afterward repaid with interest from his professional income.

After graduation he entered the Yale Law School, and while there, by acting as Librarian of the School and teaching in General Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute, he paid most of his expenses from his own earnings. He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws, and was admitted to the New Haven bar in 1853. The following February he was admitted to the New York

bar, and began practice in New York City in partnership with his classmate, George Washington Mead. After remaining together for about nine years Mr. Taft practiced alone for the same length of time, but on May 1, 1872, he formed a partnership with Erastus C. Benedict (Williams 1821), Chancellor of the University of the State of New York, and Robert D. Benedict (Univ. Vt. 1848), nephew of the former, under the firm name of Benedict, Taft & Benedict, and so continued for fifteen years. For the next three years he again practiced by himself, after which his eldest son, Theodore Munger Taft (B.A. Williams 1886, LL.B. Columbia 1889), became his partner, and the firm of E. N. & T. M. Taft continued until May 1, 1903, and after that he was counsel to the firm of Taft & Sherman, composed of Theodore M. Taft and P. Tecumseh Sherman (Ph.B. Yale 1888). In 1890 he was appointed United States Commissioner for the Southern District of New York, where many important admiralty cases came before him.

Mr. Taft was a lifelong Republican, but his influence was always for the highest interests of the city and his hearty support for the best candidates. He never held nor sought office for himself. He was prominent in the establishment of Adelphi Academy (now Adelphi College), of which he was a trustee until 1898, active in the early history of the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association and one of its Board of Directors, and for many years interested in the Long Island Historical Society and a life member of the same. He was for thirty years a trustee of the American Seaman's Friend Society. During the earlier years of his residence in Brooklyn he was a member of the Clinton Avenue Congregational Church, but he was afterward for many years a vestryman of the (P. E.) Church of the Incarnation.

Mr. Taft died of pneumonia at his home in Brooklyn, on December 19, 1903, at the age of 77 years.

He married, on September 5, 1860, Julia M., daughter of Frederick T. and Elizabeth (Lockwood) Peet, and sister of his classmate, Rev. Robert Barfe Peet, and had eleven children, five sons and six daughters, of whom two sons and three daughters, with their mother, survive.

ROGER WELLES, son of Roger and Electa (Stanley) Welles, grandson of General Roger Welles (Yale 1775), and great-grandson of Solomon Welles (Yale 1739), was born in Newington, then



a parish of Wethersfield, Conn., on March 7, 1829. Before entering college he taught a district school in West Hartford, and completed his preparation at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he taught for a short time in the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General William H. Russell (Yale 1833), in New Haven, and then entered the office of his uncle, Hon. Martin Welles (Yale 1806), in Hartford, where he remained as a law student for three years, during part of the time teaching in Newington and Madison, Conn. In October, 1854, he was admitted to the bar of Hartford County, and began practice, but in the fall of 1855 went to St. Paul, Minn., and formed a partnership with William P. Murray, Esq. On account of illness he came East the next summer, but in the spring of 1857 returned to Minnesota, and became a partner with Martin J. Severance, Esq., at Henderson, Sibley County.

Upon the death of his father, he came back in 1860 to the family home in Newington, and for nearly thirty years practiced his profession in Hartford, for a time with his uncle, and later with Hon. William W. Eaton, U. S. Senator, under the firm name of Welles & Eaton. In May, 1889, he became Financial Clerk of the U. S. Patent Office at Washington, D. C., and in September, 1902, in compliance with his request, was transferred to the office of the Assistant Attorney-General as Law Clerk. In July, 1903, he returned to Hartford and resumed the practice of law. For about fifteen years he was a member of the examining committee of the Hartford County Bar, and during the latter part of that time chairman of the committee. He was especially interested in studying and working out difficult legal problems. Mr. Welles represented his native place in the Connecticut Legislature in 1864 and 1871, in the latter year being the almost unanimous choice of Republicans and Democrats, because of his advocacy of the separation of Newington from Wethersfield and its incorporation as an independent town. He drafted the act of incorporation, which became a law. While in Minnesota he was a Republican candidate for Senator in the Territorial Legislature. He was later nominated for Judge of Probate of the Hartford, Conn., District on the Republican ticket, but was defeated.

For some years he was clerk and deacon of the Congregational Church in Newington, and for twenty years clerk of the Ecclesiastical Society. In 1874 he printed the "Annals of Newington," containing the most ancient records of the church and society en-

ture, and extracts from those of later date. In 1876 he published "An Historical Address." He also wrote a Sketch of the Constitutional History of Connecticut, the account of Newington in the Memorial History of Hartford County, and various essays on local history, and recently the article on Newington in the History of Wethersfield. He was elected a member of the Connecticut Historical Society in 1887.

Mr. Welles died of acute pneumonia at his home in Newington after an illness of two days, on May 15, 1904, at the age of 75 years.

He married, at Prairie du Chien, Wisc., on June 16, 1858, Mercy D., daughter of Captain Lemuel S. and Sarah (Coffin) Aiken, of Fairhaven, Mass., and sister of Rev. William Pope Aiken (Yale 1853), at the time pastor of the Congregational Church in Newington, and had three daughters (of whom one died at the age of six years) and four sons. Six children with Mrs. Welles survive him. Two of the sons graduated from Yale in 1882 and 1893, respectively, and one of the daughters from Smith College in 1883.

#### 1852

JACOB COOPER, son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Walls) Cooper, was born near Somerville, Butler County, O., on December 7, 1830. He joined the class at the beginning of Junior year after three months at Hanover (Ind.) College.

After graduation he studied theology a year at Oxford, O., was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Oxford on August 17, 1853, but immediately went abroad for special study in philology and philosophy at Berlin, Halle, and Edinburgh. He received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy at Göttingen in 1854, and then returned to the United States, and from October, 1855, to July, 1866, excepting during 1862-63, was Professor of the Greek Language and Literature at Center College, Danville, Ky. He was ordained by the Presbytery of Pennsylvania on April 26, 1862, and during that year and the following was Chaplain of the Third Kentucky Regiment, U. S. Volunteers, and afterward minister of Harmony (Presbyterian) Church near Danville. In 1866 he was elected Professor of Greek in Miami University, but accepted the offer of the same chair at Rutgers College, offered at the same time. In 1883 he declined a Professorship of Philosophy and Ethics in the University of Michigan, and remained at Rutgers, where, since 1893, he was Collegiate Church Professor of Logic and Metaphysics.

Professor Cooper received the degree of Doctor of Civil Law from the University of Jena in 1873, Doctor of Sacred Theology from Columbia University in 1874, and Doctor of Laws from Tulane University in 1895. He was elected a member of the Philosophical Society of Berlin in 1854.

He was the author of many pamphlets, including his dissertation, "Eleusinian Mysteries," 1854; "The Loyalty Demanded by the Present Crisis," 1862; "Creation, a Transference of Power," 1899; "The Passage from Mind to Matter," 1901; "Vicarious Suffering the Order of Nature," 1903; and Biographies of George Duffield, D.D. (1889), President Woolsey (1899), and President William Preston Johnston (1900). While at Danville he was associated with others in conducting *The Danville Review*, a vigorous supporter of the Union cause. From 1866 to 1880 he wrote for the *Princeton Review*, and afterward for the *Reformed Quarterly Review* and the *Methodist Review*, and contributed regularly to the *Bibliotheca Sacra*. He was an ardent Republican, and wrote continuously and vigorously on matters of municipal and national interest.

Professor Cooper died of heart failure at his home in New Brunswick, N. J., on January 31, 1904. He was 73 years of age.

He married, on May 31, 1855, Caroline, daughter of Hugh and Grizel (Brown) Macdill, of Oxford, O., who died in 1857, leaving one daughter. On July 20, 1865, he married Mary, daughter of William and Mary (Downs) Linn, of Cincinnati, O., by whom he had one daughter and four sons. Two of the sons graduated from Rutgers College in 1892, and a third in 1896, the latter receiving the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1898.

VINCENT MARMADUKE, son of Meredith Miles Marmaduke, Governor of Missouri in 1844, and Lavinia (Sappington) Marmaduke, was born at Arrow Rock, Saline County, Mo., on April 14, 1831, and entered Yale in January of Junior year from the Masonic College, Lexington, Mo.

After graduation he studied law for a year. He did not, however, enter the profession, but engaged in farming, mining, and other pursuits.

At the beginning of the Civil War he was elected a member of the Missouri State Convention in opposition to secession, and adhered to the Union until after the occupation of the State by Federal troops, when he was arrested on a charge of disloyalty and



sent South. Soon afterward he joined the Confederate army, and while in charge of artillery at the battle of Corinth he was made Colonel. A little later he was commissioned by President Jefferson Davis to buy arms and ammunition in Europe to carry on the war, and accomplished the task with skill and tact.

After his return he was conspicuous in the great Chicago Conspiracy of 1864, in which, by a release of the poorly guarded Confederate prisoners in the Northwest and a simultaneous uprising of the Northern friends of the Confederacy, it was planned to recall Sherman from his March to the Sea to save the North. Colonel Marmaduke was arrested for his part, but after a military trial was released as not guilty.

He afterward resided in St. Louis for a time and was editor of the *Journal of Agriculture* in that city. He was several times talked of as Governor of the State, but declined the nomination on account of ill health. He was elected to the Missouri Legislature in 1882 and 1883.

Colonel Marmaduke died of pneumonia at the home of his daughter, Mrs. William Harrison, in Marshall, Mo., on March 25, 1904, in the 73d year of his age.

He married, on July 5, 1853, Miss Eakin, who died in 1861, leaving two daughters, who are still living. He afterward married Mrs. Aimes, widow of Major Henry Aimes, of St. Louis. Colonel Marmaduke's brother, John Sappington Marmaduke (U. S. Mil. Acad. 1857), Brigadier-General in the Confederate army, was a member of the class of 1854 during Sophomore year, and died in 1887 while Governor of Missouri.

WILLIAM BALDWIN ROSS, son of Samuel Tufts and Mary (Brown) Ross, was born on November 13, 1831, in New York City. He was admitted to college in 1847, but before returning to his studies spent nearly two years as a clerk in an importing house, joining the class during the last term of Freshman year.

After graduation he studied in the Albany Law School from September, 1852, to March, 1853, and was then admitted to the bar. He spent six months in the office of Benjamin D. Silliman, LL.D. (Yale 1824), in New York City, and after a year of further study in the Harvard Law School received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1854. He began practice with Mr. Silliman, but a few years later established his own office on Wall street, and occupied offices on that street until his death. During the

Civil War he was in service on Fort Federal Hill in Baltimore in 1862 as a member of the Seventh Regiment New York State Guard. He was a member of the American Geographical Society and New York Historical Society, and of several recreation and social clubs. He was one of the organizers and for many years one of the Executive Committee of the Yale Alumni Association of New York, and took a prominent part in its management.

Mr. Ross died from a complication of diseases, on January 14, 1904, at the Knickerbocker apartments, where he had resided for twenty years past. He was 72 years of age. He had never married. By his will he left a very generous bequest to Yale University, which, by vote of the Corporation, is to be used in connection with the University library.

### 1853

HENRY THACHER HOYT, son of Eli Thacher and Mary Matilda (Wildman) Hoyt, was born on March 2, 1832, in Danbury, Conn., which was his residence during his whole life. He joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he was in mercantile business in Danbury until 1893. In 1867 he was also Inspector of Internal Revenue, and in 1868 Supervisor of Internal Revenue for Connecticut and Rhode Island. Since 1893 he had been Cashier of the Gas and Electric Light Company. His death was due to liver complaint, and occurred at his home on April 15, 1904. He was 72 years of age.

He married, on September 9, 1862, Frances, daughter of Rev. Enoch S. Huntington (Amherst 1831), formerly pastor of the Second Congregational Church in Danbury, and had one son and two daughters, who, with Mrs. Hoyt, survive him.

CHARLTON THOMAS LEWIS, son of Joseph J. and Mary Sinton (Miner) Lewis, was born on February 25, 1834, in West Chester, Pa. He was Class Poet, and was especially distinguished in mathematics during his college course.

After graduation he studied law in his father's office in West Chester until the spring of 1854, when he entered the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and was appointed by the Philadelphia Conference to the Newark Circuit. He was stationed first in Wilmington, Del., in March, 1855, and the following year

at the Broad Street Church, Philadelphia. He then accepted an appointment as Professor of Languages in the State Normal University of Illinois, at Bloomington. After a year there, he was Professor of Mathematics a year, and then Professor of Greek in Troy (N. Y.) University. He was Acting President of the latter institution in 1862. In December of that year he became pastor of an Independent Methodist Church in Cincinnati.

In 1863-64 he was Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington, and then removed to New York City, where he remained afterward engaged in the practice of law. He began his New York career in association with Hon. Samuel S. Cox, in the firm of Lewis & Cox, which devoted itself largely to suits arising in the construction of Internal Revenue Laws. After the reduction of Internal Revenue to a peace basis, he gained a high reputation as an authority on insurance law, and for more than twenty years was counsel to the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York. In 1898 he lectured at Cornell University on the Principles of Insurance, and in 1899 at Harvard and Columbia Universities on Life Insurance. From 1873 to 1878 he was Secretary and Treasurer of the Chamber of Life Insurance of the United States. He was also a Director in the International Bell Telephone Company, North American Trust Company, United States Mortgage and Trust Company, and other business corporations.

For many years he made a study of the question of treatment of criminals, and did most effective service in behalf of reform in the administration of prisons and public charities. From 1881 he was Chairman of the Executive Committee of the New York Prison Association, and from 1893 President of the Association, annually reelected. He was Delegate of the United States to the International Prison Congress at Paris in 1895, in the same year Chairman of the Commission to Revise the Penal Laws of New Jersey, Vice-President of the National Prison Association in 1897, and Delegate of New Jersey to the National Prison Congress at Philadelphia in 1901. He was a member of the Board of Managers of the New Jersey State Reformatory in 1901, and was reappointed in 1903. During the last ten years he was also President of the State Charities Aid Association of New Jersey.

He was a brilliant classical scholar and spent many years in the preparation of "Harper's Latin Dictionary," 1879; new



edition 1896. With this as a basis he also published "The Latin Dictionary for Schools," 1889, and "The Elementary Latin Dictionary," 1891. He translated Bengel's "Gnomon of the New Testament," 2 vols., 1861-63, which has been often republished as the Tract Society's "Critical English New Testament," and wrote "A History of Germany," founded on David Müller's "History of the German People," 1874. In 1895 he edited "Harper's Book of Facts," and in 1901 a translation of "The Letters of Prince Bismarck to his Wife." Besides these he wrote literary essays, poems, anniversary addresses, and contributions to journals and newspapers. In 1870-71 he was Managing Editor of the New York *Evening Post*.

He was one of the most steadfast members of the Greek Club of New York, which has met at stated intervals every winter for forty years to read Greek together, and during this time has been in course more than once through the entire range of Greek literature. He was also a member of the New York Historical Society, the American Mathematical Society, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and many social and literary clubs. He gave little time to politics, but was a Delegate from New Jersey to the National Democratic Convention in 1896. He received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from New York University in 1877, and Doctor of Laws from Harvard University in 1903.

Dr. Lewis cared little about personal fame but sought every kind of knowledge for its own sake, and after mastering it delighted in changing his field of study. The night and morning before his sudden illness he passed at Columbia University Library pursuing studies in Dante, in which he had been greatly interested in his last years.

For many years Dr. Lewis resided at Morristown, N. J., and there he died, of cerebro-spinal meningitis, on May 26, 1904. He was 70 years of age.

He married, on July 25, 1861, Nancy Dunlap, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Farley) McKeen, of Brunswick, Me., who died in 1883. He afterward married Margaret P., daughter of Rev. Thomas Sherrard and his wife, Valeria G. Sherrard, of Tecumseh, Michigan. Of the four children by the first marriage three are living. The elder son (Yale 1883) died in 1887. The younger son (Yale 1886) is Emily Sanford Professor of English Literature in Yale University. One of the daughters graduated from Smith College in 1895. By the second marriage he had a son and a daughter, who, with their mother, survive.

1854

BENNET JASON BRISTOL, son of Hiel and Anna C. (Potter) Bristol, was born at Naugatuck, Conn., on September 15, 1833.

After graduation he taught two years at Suffield, Conn., a year at Bedford, N. Y., two years as Principal of the High School at Geneva, N. Y., and two years as teacher of natural science at the Connecticut Literary Institution, Suffield, Conn. During the school year 1861-62 he was principal of the High School and Superintendent of Schools of Racine, Wisc., but from July, 1862, devoted his time entirely to medical study. He attended lectures at Ann Arbor, Mich., during the winter of 1862-63, and in March, 1863, went to Freeport, Ill., where he continued his medical studies and occasionally practiced until June of that year, when he was sent with others by the Illinois Sanitary Commission to Vicksburg, Miss., to care for sick and wounded soldiers. He then went to Memphis, where he was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., and ordered to hospital service. In August, 1863, he was appointed First Assistant Surgeon of the 59th Regiment, U. S. Colored Infantry, which was in service in Tennessee and Mississippi, and two years later was appointed its Surgeon, and served until mustered out on January 31, 1866.

He then attended medical lectures at the Long Island College Hospital, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1866. Returning to Freeport, Ill., he intended to settle there permanently, but in April, 1867, he moved to Webster Groves, Mo., a suburb of St. Louis, then ten miles distant from the city. He was one of the founders of the place, for ten years a member of its School Board, and for most of that time President of the same. In 1878 he was elected Coroner of St. Louis County, but declined a renomination. He was a deacon and trustee of the Congregational church for many years, and member of the standing committee from 1866 till the time of his death.

Dr. Bristol died at his home on November 28, 1903, after an illness of five weeks originating from the grip. He was 70 years of age.

He married, on November 21, 1855, Emma Jane, daughter of Ruel and Emeline Carrington, of New Haven, Conn. She died on January 2, 1857, leaving an infant son, who died in 1859. Dr. Bristol married again, in 1859, Henrietta, daughter of Ralph and Charlotte (Watterman) Swift, of Geneva, N. Y., and had two sons and three daughters, of whom one daughter died in child-

hood. Mrs. Bristol died on February 27, 1903. One son graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science from Washington University, St. Louis, in 1896.

### 1855

FREDERICK ALVORD, son of Martin and Martha Burleigh (Clark) Alvord, was born in Bolton, Tolland County, Conn., on December 5, 1828.

Before entering college he taught district schools, and for three months following graduation he taught in an academy at North Scituate, R. I., and then began his theological course at East Windsor (now Hartford Theological Seminary), from which he graduated in 1857. He was licensed to preach by the Hartford Fourth Association on September 23 of that year, and supplied the pulpit of the church at Byfield, Mass., until the following April. On July 21, 1858, he was ordained and installed pastor at Chicopee Falls, Mass., but in November, 1860, was dismissed on account of impaired health, after which he resided six years in Monson, Mass., to care for his wife's parents, in the mean time preaching as his health would allow, successively in Ludlow, Mass., West Stafford, Conn., and Walpole, N. H. To the last he received a call, but felt obliged to decline. He was settled over the church at Darien, Conn., on December 26, 1866, and was dismissed on June 8, 1869, in order to accept a call from the First Congregational Church in Nashua, N. H. During his pastorate there of nearly fourteen years two hundred and ninety persons were added to the membership. Soon after the close of his work there he spent a year in New Haven, and in April, 1885, became acting pastor of the church in Canton Center, Conn., whose call he had declined in 1857. He remained there four years, and afterward preached for varying periods at Rochester, Mass., and South Windsor and Vernon Center, Conn. After a delightful experience of nearly forty-two years as a minister he retired in 1897, and since 1900 had lived in Newton Center, Mass., the home of two of his sons. There he died of general debility on December 27, 1903, at the age of 75 years.

He married, on October 21, 1857, Susan Gridley, daughter of Rev. Alfred Ely (Princeton 1804), for sixty years pastor of the Congregational church in Monson, Mass., and Susan (Gridley) Ely. Mrs. Alvord died in 1902, but their three sons and three daughters all survive. Two of his sons graduated from Amherst College, respectively, in 1884 and 1887.



Mr. Alvord was the author of a "History of the Church of Christ in Dunstable, now the First Congregational Church in Nashua, N. H.," 1876, and a "Historical Sketch of the Congregational Church and Parish of Canton Center, formerly West Simsbury" (Conn.), 1886. He delivered a number of memorial sermons, in 1887 wrote an article for the *New Englander and Yale Review* on "The Bible," and occasionally contributed to the newspapers. A tract on "The Church and Church Going" was widely circulated.

LYMAN DENNISON BREWSTER, son of Daniel and Harriet (Averill) Brewster, was born in Salisbury, Conn., on July 31, 1832. He was a descendant in the sixth generation from Elder Brewster of the Plymouth Colony. He prepared for college at Williams Academy in Stockbridge, Mass.

After graduation he began the study of law at Danbury with Hon. Roger Averill, subsequently Lieutenant-Governor of the State. In 1857 he traveled in England, Switzerland, and Italy, and after his return was admitted to the Connecticut bar, January 21, 1858. He formed a partnership with Elias Fry under the firm name of Brewster & Fry, and was later associated with his former preceptor, Mr. Averill. In 1871 he became associated with Samuel Tweedy (Yale 1868), and in 1878 Howard W. Scott was admitted to the firm, then known as Brewster, Tweedy & Scott. This firm was dissolved in 1892, and the following year Samuel A. Davis (LL.B. Yale 1893), and in 1899 his nephew, J. Moss Ives (LL.B. Yale 1899), came into the business with him, the title of the firm being Brewster, Davis & Ives.

He confined himself closely to the practice of his profession and became very successful as a trial lawyer. His thorough preparation of cases and the clearness of his briefs were generally recognized. He was counsel in many important cases in his own county, but his success in the suit invalidating the will of Hon. Samuel J. Tilden (Yale 1837) brought wide reputation.

In 1868 he was Judge of Probate, and in 1870 he was appointed the first Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Fairfield County and served four years. In 1870, 1878, and 1879 he represented Danbury in the lower house of the State Legislature. In the latter years he served on the Judiciary Committee, and in 1878 also as chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments and as a member of the Committee on a Reformed

Civil Procedure, whose work resulted in the drafting and adoption of the present Practice Act. In 1880 and 1881 he was a member of the State Senate and chairman of the Judiciary Committee.

Judge Brewster devoted much time during the later years of his life to the movement for uniform state laws and was largely instrumental in securing the general adoption of the Negotiable Instruments Act. From 1890 to 1903 he was chairman of the Committee on Uniform State Laws of the American Bar Association, and in 1896 was elected President of the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws, being reelected each year until his resignation in 1901. He was an earnest advocate of the codification of all branches of Commercial Law, and his last work was the preparation of a paper on "A Commercial Code," which he read before the New York State Bar Association at its meeting in Albany in January, 1903. Almost immediately after reading this paper he was stricken with paralysis, but recovered to a large degree. He died in sleep at his home in Danbury on February 14, 1904, in the 72d year of his age.

He was identified with the Danbury Public Library, the Danbury Relief Society, the Danbury Hospital, and other local institutions.

He was the poet of his class, and both in college and since graduation wrote a number of poems which were recently gathered in a booklet entitled "Youth and Yale."

He married, on January 1, 1868, Sarah Amelia, daughter of George W. and Sarah (Wilcox) Ives of Danbury, who survives him. They had no children.

EDMUND WOODWARD BROWN, son of Edmund and Harriett (Woodward) Brown, was born at Burdett, Schuyler County, N. Y., on November 3, 1831.

In the September after graduation he entered Andover Theological Seminary, but the following February he went to Union Seminary, where he completed his course in 1858. He began preaching in July, 1858, at Cornwall, Conn., during the early part of 1859 supplied the Second Presbyterian Church at Alexandria, Va., and for the remainder of that year in his native place. From then until 1865 he was at West Dresden, Yates County, and on January 9, 1861, was ordained by the Presbytery of Geneva. After a year's work as missionary of the Synod

of Utica he served successively the churches at Carthage two years, North Bergen a year, Wellsville about two years, Peach Orchard in 1873, and his earlier charges, Burdett and West Dresden, five years. For a number of years he resided in Ithaca, but in 1895 removed to Palo Alto, Cal., where the following year he built a home.

In 1885 he published "The Life of Society," and in 1895 "The Divine Indwelling." He contributed articles to the *New Englander* and *Popular Science Monthly*, and after settling in California became Associate Editor of *The Occident*, a Presbyterian paper of San Francisco.

Mr. Brown died of heart failure at San Francisco, Cal., on May 29, 1902, in the 71st year of his age.

He married, on February 2, 1860, at Goldsboro, N. C., Martha Day, daughter of Rev. John Calkins Coit (Yale 1818), who was for many years pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Cheraw, S. C., and had six daughters and two sons, all of whom are living. A son graduated in 1890 and a daughter in 1882 from Cornell University, another son and daughter from Syracuse University, respectively in 1885 and 1890, and two daughters from Leland Stanford Junior University in 1898 and 1902, respectively.

HART GIBSON, son of Tobias and Louisiana Breckenridge (Hart) Gibson, was born on May 22, 1835, at Shawnee Springs, Mercer County, Ky., but was prepared for college by a private tutor on his father's large plantation in Terrebonne Parish, La., and entered Yale from Transylvania University.

After graduation he studied law part of a year in Harvard Law School, then went abroad with his brothers, and during the next three years traveled widely. On his return he entered the law office of Breckenridge & Beck in Lexington, and was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1859. He did not practice, however, but devoted himself to farming in the adjoining county of Woodford.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he joined the Confederate army on September 2, 1861, with authority to raise a regiment of cavalry, and just a year later was commissioned Colonel of Cavalry. He served as Adjutant-General in General Buford's Kentucky Cavalry throughout the Kentucky campaign, and remained with him until after the battle of Murfreesboro. He was then



Adjutant-General with rank of Major in General John H. Morgan's Cavalry Division during the expedition through Indiana and Ohio. He was captured near New Lisbon, O., on July 26, 1863, and imprisoned with other Confederate officers eight months in the State prison at Columbus. On March 27, 1864, he was transferred to Fort Delaware, and the next October was exchanged, reaching home on October 17. He was afterwards Inspector-General on the staff of General Echols in West Virginia and East Tennessee, served with gallantry under General Jubal Early, and surrendered with General Johnston in North Carolina in April, 1865. He received his parole at Greensboro, on May 1, 1865. Five of his brothers were in the Confederate service, one of whom graduated from Yale in 1853.

From 1867 to 1869 he was a member of the Kentucky House of Representatives, and afterward was occupied in farming and stock raising in Kentucky, and sugar planting in Louisiana. From 1870 to 1876 he was editor of the *Daily Press* of Lexington.

He was especially well-read in history, but deeply interested in current questions. He was without political ambition, preferring the life of a private citizen. He was a Trustee of Kentucky State College. During the last twenty-five years he resided at "Ingleside," Lexington. While visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Harrison G. Foster, in St. Paul, Minn., he died of heart failure on January 3, 1904, at the age of 68 years.

He married, at Duncannon, near Lexington, Ky., on September 22, 1859, Mary, daughter of Major Henry T. and Eliza (Pyke) Duncan, and had four sons and three daughters, of whom the daughters and two of the sons with their mother survive.

GRANVILLE TOUCEY PIERCE, son of Erastus and Elosia (Platt) Pierce, was born in South Britain, in the town of Southbury, Conn., on September 28, 1834.

After graduation he studied law in Cleveland, O., for a year, and after an interval practiced that profession for a year. He was a member of the U. S. Navy for several years, making a cruise as an Assistant Engineer in the U. S. Frigate *Roanoke* in 1856-57; was appointed Purser, with the rank of Lieutenant, November 4, 1858, and was then Paymaster until September, 1862. Before the Civil War he was stationed in the Caribbean Sea and Gulf of Mexico, the West Indies, and along the South

American coast, afterward blockading Pensacola, Mobile, and New Orleans, and having charge of the Naval Depot at Key West. From March, 1865, he lived in Cheshire, Conn., engaged in farming, but in 1872 removed to South Britain. In 1867 he was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and was for several years Town Clerk, and also held other local offices. In 1887 he removed to Somerville, Mass., and with his son was engaged in entomological work in the service of the State of Massachusetts, especially in connection with the extermination of the gypsy moth.

Mr. Pierce died of heart failure at Somerville, on April 10, 1904. He was in the 70th year of his age.

He married, on December 14, 1864, Henrietta L., daughter of Truman W. and Anthanette (Hurlbut) Judson, of Roxbury, Conn., and had a daughter and a son. Mrs. Pierce and the son are living, but the daughter died in 1890.

ALFRED PERKINS ROCKWELL, son of John Arnold and Mary Watkinson (Perkins) Rockwell, was born in Norwich, Conn., on October 15, 1834. In Sophomore year he pulled an oar in the first regatta between Yale and Harvard.

After graduation he studied chemistry two years in the Sheffield Scientific School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1858, also the same year the degree of Master of Arts in course. He studied mining a year in the Museum of Practical Geology in London, and a year in the School of Mines in Freiberg, Saxony.

He then returned to the United States, and at the outbreak of the Civil War he joined a regular United States Battery (Tidball's), and served as a volunteer Second Lieutenant. On January 21, 1862, he was commissioned Captain of the First Connecticut Light Battery, went with his command to South Carolina, and served on the Atlantic coast for over two years. He was especially mentioned in reports for his part in the attack on the Confederate fort at Secessionville, June 16, 1862, and in actions on James Island in 1863. In April, 1864, he joined the Army of the James, and in June he was commissioned Colonel and took command of the Sixth Connecticut Infantry, with which he served until he retired in 1865.

The actions in which Colonel Rockwell's command received special mention, during this time, were the reconnoissance, Octo-

ber 1, up under the defences of Richmond, the battles in the same month on the Darbytown and Newmarket Roads, and the capture of Fort Fisher, January 15, 1865. In November he commanded one of the Brigades in Hawley's provisional division in the expedition to New York for the preservation of order. Upon the expiration of his three years of service (on March 13, 1865), he was brevetted by the President, Brigadier-General of U. S. Volunteers. In June, 1865, he served on the board of visitors to the U. S. Military Academy at West Point.

In July, 1865, he was appointed Professor of Mining in the Sheffield Scientific School, but in 1868 accepted a similar position in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, which he held for five years. From 1873 to 1876 he was Chairman of the Board of Fire Commissioners of Boston, and from 1876 to 1879 President of the Eastern Railroad Co. In 1879 he became Treasurer of the Great Falls (N. H.) Manufacturing Co., and retained that office until his retirement from active business in 1886. In the spring of 1888 he went abroad, and spent two years in various parts of Europe and in Egypt, and in 1894 again went abroad for a year of scientific study. In 1896 he published "Roads and Pavements in France." He was one of the trustees of the Military Historical Society of Massachusetts, to which he contributed a valuable paper entitled "Operations against Charleston." He also edited Vols. III and IV of the Society's Papers.

At the Millenary Celebration of King Alfred the Great at Winchester, England, in September, 1901, he was the official representative of Yale University, and replied to the toast for the American Ambassador, at his request. For many years his home in winter was in Boston and in summer in Manchester, Mass.

He was a member of the Geological Society of France, the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, the Boston Natural History Society, and of various social clubs in Boston.

General Rockwell died suddenly of heart failure soon after reaching New Haven for a holiday visit, on December 24, 1903. He was 69 years of age.

He married, on June 20, 1865, Katherine Virginia, daughter of Samuel E. and Elizabeth (Elliott) Foote, of New Haven. Mrs. Rockwell died in 1902, and of the four children—three daughters and one son—but one daughter survives.



1856

CHARLES EDWARD FELLOWES, son of Francis Fellowes (Amherst 1826) and Mary (Colton) Fellowes, was born in Hartford, Conn., on June 17, 1834.

After graduation he was engaged in teaching in Bloomfield, N. J., two years, then studied law in his father's office in Hartford a year, and was admitted to the bar on July 26, 1859. With his brother and classmate, Frank, he was for some time in partnership with his father in the firm of Francis Fellowes & Sons, and from 1866 to 1869 in the firm of Hamersley & Fellowes. In 1866-67 he was Executive Secretary to Governor Hawley, and in 1872-73 was City Auditor of Hartford. On September 1, 1869, upon the organization of the Court of Common Pleas of Hartford County, he was appointed Clerk, and performed his duties with accuracy and intelligence for over thirty years, until compelled by ill health to resign on March 6, 1900. He continued his law practice for a time after this appointment, but the duties of the office so increased as to absorb all his time. In 1872-73 he assisted John Hooker, Esq. (Yale 1837), in preparing for publication the Reports of the Supreme Court. For the last three years he resided with his son (Yale 1888) in Derby, Conn., where he died of Bright's disease, on February 29, 1904, in the 70th year of his age.

Mr. Fellowes married, on June 20, 1861, Emily Clarissa, daughter of Rev. Theron Baldwin (Yale 1827) and Caroline (Wilder) Baldwin, and sister of Theron Baldwin (Yale 1861) and Henry Baldwin (Yale 1871). A son and a daughter are living. The latter married the Rev. Frank I. Paradise (Yale 1888). Mrs. Fellowes died in 1901.

1857

HENRY POWERS, son of Samuel Powers and Elizabeth (Warner) Powers, was born in Hadley, Mass., on December 28, 1833. Owing to ill health he left college near the end of Sophomore year, and sailed for Europe, spending about a year and a half in Germany, mostly in Dresden, and in the spring of 1857 journeying to Turkey and Asia Minor. He returned to the United States in the fall of that year, and entered the Theological Institute of Connecticut at East Windsor (now Hartford Theological Seminary). Upon graduation in 1860 he also received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Yale College, and was enrolled with his class.

He was licensed to preach by the Hartford Fourth Association and was installed pastor of the Congregational Church in Mittineague (West Springfield), Mass., in October, 1860, and remained there until the spring of 1863, when he became Field Agent of the U. S. Christian Commission and served in that capacity with the armies of the Cumberland, Potomac and James till the end of the Civil War. In July, 1865, he was installed over the Second Congregational Church in Danbury, Conn., but resigned in March, 1869, and was then pastor of the Elm Place Congregational Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., for about three years, when he resigned on account of a fundamental change in his theological views.

Having adopted the Unitarian belief, he was installed Pastor of the Second Congregational Unitarian Church, in New York City, known as the Church of the Messiah, on November 24, 1872, and during his pastorate of two years brought the church back to harmony and prosperity. He then accepted a call to the Unitarian Church in Manchester, N. H., and also took charge of the missionary work of the denomination in New Hampshire. He succeeded in largely increasing the strength and numbers of the churches in the State, but in 1883 a series of family misfortunes and losses compelled him to give up the ministry and go into business.

From this date until 1892 he was actively engaged as a broker in Wall street, New York City, but devoted his leisure to the study of social and political economy under American conditions. He took part in the City Municipal League campaign in 1890, lectured in the Public School Evening Courses, was employed by the Republican National Committee as a campaign speaker in 1892 and 1900, and since 1892, when he returned to Boston, had devoted all his time to writing and speaking on social, industrial, and political subjects.

Mr. Powers died of a periurethral abscess at the Massachusetts General Hospital in Boston, on December 12, 1903, having nearly completed his 70th year.

He married, on August 21, 1861, Julia Maria, only child of Colonel Samuel Tudor Wolcott, of South Windsor, Conn., and had two sons, the elder of whom was a member of the class of 1886 in Harvard University, and graduated from the Harvard Law School in 1898. Mrs. Powers died, after many years of invalidism, on October 14, 1891.

WILLIAM BOYD WILSON, son of Alexander Culbertson and Catherine (Stine) Wilson, was born at Lewistown, Mifflin County, Pa., on April 3, 1834, but entered college from Philadelphia.

After graduation he was connected with the early development of Ceredo, Wayne County, W. Va., and in the fall of 1857 started the *Ceredo Crescent*, which he edited for two years. In December, 1859, he leased the paper, but was afterward for many years occupied in the business management of the *Louisville Courier-Journal*. He also engaged in farming, and in 1864 purchased a farm of two hundred acres at Middletown, near Lexington, Ky.

His life was very active, and he uniformly enjoyed the best health. His death was due to heart failure, and occurred at his home near Louisville, Ky., on August 23, 1903, at the age of 69 years. For most of his life he was deacon, elder, or trustee of the Presbyterian church.

He married, on January 10, 1860, Sallie L., daughter of Basil and Tabitha (Mackoy) Waring, of Greenup County, Ky., who survives him with two sons and two daughters. One daughter died in 1862. One son is a graduate of the Law School of Washington and Lee University.

#### 1858

ABNER WEYMAN COLGATE, son of Robert and Cornelia Frances (Weyman) Colgate, was born in New York City on August 30, 1838.

After graduation he spent six months in travel in Europe, and then engaged in manufacturing white lead and linseed oil, at first as a clerk, but from 1861 as a partner with his father in the firm of R. Colgate & Co. in New York City, founders of the Atlantic White Lead Co., which had an extensive manufactory in Brooklyn. He retired from active business in the firm in 1878, but retained his private office until 1895.

He made many trips abroad, and on account of delicate health spent his winters for some ten years in the South and more recently in California, where he died suddenly of heart failure at Pasadena, on March 20, 1904. He was in his 66th year. Upon entering business he resided for a time in the family home at Riverdale, N. Y., then again in New York City, but since 1895 his home had been in Morristown, N. J. There he carried on astronomical study in his well-equipped observatory, and showed much skill in water-color painting and in architectural design. A



number of his works were seen at exhibitions of the American Water Color Society and Architectural League. He was a member of the American Museum of Natural History, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the American Geographical Society.

Mr. Colgate married in New York City, on November 23, 1869, Charlotte Elizabeth, daughter of Stephen M. and Elizabeth A. (Hoyt) Blake. She died in 1880, and in 1883 he married Margaret, daughter of George and Eliza P. (Kernochan) Garr, who survives him. He had no children. He was a member of Saint Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church, Morristown.

RALPH HASTINGS CUTTER, son of John Hastings and Susan (Pool) Cutter, was born in Louisville, Ky., on November 4, 1835. During the third term of Freshman year he left Yale College and took his Sophomore and part of Junior year at Harvard, but in January, 1857, he returned to New Haven and completed his course with the class.

After graduation he spent two months in the office of Hon. Rufus Choate (Dartm. 1819) in Boston, and later studied law in Burlington, Vt., but for over ten years he suffered greatly from ill health. He was at home in Hollis, N. H., for a time, and made a sea voyage to California, but for about six years his mind was seriously affected. In 1869 he fully recovered his health, and after three years of study was admitted to the bar in Nashua, N. H., in May, 1872, and practiced there until the autumn of 1877. After spending a few months in Boston, he went to Georgia, where he practiced several years in Bainbridge, and short periods in Barnesville and Gainsville. In March, 1883, he was appointed United States Circuit Court Commissioner for the Northern District of Georgia, for the trial of offenders against the revenue laws, and for a year he held an executive position in Dawson (Ga.) College. Afterward his health again failed, but life on a farm restored his vigor. Later he practiced in Boston for three or four years, and was then in Nashua, N. H., for several years. He died of paralysis, in Taunton, Mass., on February 19, 1904, at the age of 68 years. He was much interested in theology and a frequent writer for magazines.

Mr. Cutter married, in Bainbridge, Ga., on February 21, 1878, Mrs. Mildred Middleton (Dickenson) Hines, daughter of James E. and Ellen (Middleton) Dickenson. Of their children—one son and three daughters—the youngest daughter died in early childhood. The son and eldest daughter were twins.

HENRY ROYER, son of Hon. Joseph Royer, Associate Judge of the Courts of Montgomery County, and Elizabeth (Deweese) Royer, was born in Trappe, Pa., on July 9, 1837.

After graduation he took up the study of law, and in February, 1859, entered the office of Hon. Francis W. Hughes in Pottsville, Pa. He continued there over two years, and was then admitted to the bar.

On September 23, 1861, he was made First-Lieutenant of Company H, 96th Pennsylvania Infantry, and on March 4, 1862, became Captain of the same company. He resigned on January 11, 1863, but on July 6 of the same year was made Colonel of the 53d Pennsylvania Volunteer Militia. Six weeks later this regiment was mustered out of service, and he resumed his practice in Pottsville. In December, 1864, he retired from the law and engaged in the dry goods business in Pottsville as a member of the firm of Whitfield & Royer.

In 1865 he purchased a farm in Schuylkill County, Pa., and to this he devoted his exclusive attention from 1872 to 1875. He then resumed the dry goods business, and in 1890 admitted his son to partnership, the firm thereafter being H. Royer & Son. Unremitting application to work broke down his health, and in September, 1893, he went to Denver, Col., where he remained until the spring of 1897. His health seeming then to be entirely reëstablished he returned home, but in the latter part of the same year he again went to Denver, where he died suddenly of heart failure on February 12, 1903. He was in the 66th year of his age.

He married in Hagerstown, Md., on October 13, 1862, Mary M., daughter of Joseph and Ellen (Dornan) Whitfield, of Pottsville, Pa., and had one son and two daughters, of whom the elder daughter graduated from Smith College in 1895. Mrs. Royer's death preceded his own by one year. One son and two daughters survive him, also two brothers, one of whom graduated from Princeton College in 1842, and both of whom received the degree of M.D. from the University of Pennsylvania—in 1843 and 1845, respectively.

GEORGE EDWARD STREET, son of Colonel Thaddeus and Martha Davenport (Reynolds) Street, was born in Cheshire, Conn., on June 18, 1835.

After graduation he taught the High School in Stonington, Conn., two years, and then entered Andover Theological Semi-

nary, graduating therefrom in 1863. From the middle of February to the last of April of that year he was in the service of the U. S. Christian Commission, mostly at Potomac Creek and Stoneman's Switch, near Fredericksburg, Va. He was prevented from accepting the chaplaincy of the 63d Pennsylvania Infantry by an attack of diphtheria.

After preaching several months at Wiscasset, Me, he was ordained pastor of the Congregational church on April 6, 1864, and remained there until February 28, 1871. On March 30, he was installed over the Second (now Phillips) Congregational Church in Exeter, N. H., beginning a pastorate which continued most happily for twenty-eight years, when he was made pastor *emeritus* and granted the free use of the parsonage for life. He left a permanent impress upon the lives of many of the students of Phillips Academy, and was deeply interested in the higher life of the community. He did much to secure the improvement of Gilman Park, of which he was trustee, and at the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the town, in 1888, secured the erection of a monument marking the spot where Whitefield preached his last sermon. Through ecclesiastical gatherings and in other ways he exerted a wide influence in the State, and was the first President of the Piscataqua Congregational Club. In 1897 he was elected a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Dartmouth College in 1900.

He made several trips abroad, spending a year, in 1883-84, in Europe and Palestine, and in 1891 attending the International Congregational Council in London as a delegate. He frequently described his travels in letters in the local press, to which he also contributed articles on topics of special interest. He published a number of biographical sermons, among them memorial addresses on Rev. Erasmus D. Eldridge, Amos Tuck and John Phillips, D.D., also a "Commemorative Discourse on the Fifty-seventh Anniversary of the Reorganization of the Second Church, Exeter," 1889, and had completed for early publication, "Mount Desert, in History, Literature and Modern Life," having had for many years a summer home at Southwest Harbor on that island.

Dr. Street died of heart disease at the home of his son-in-law, Rev. William W. Ranney, in Hartford, Conn. on December 26, 1903, at the age of 68 years.



He married, on September 7, 1865, Mary Evarts, youngest daughter of Rev. Rufus Anderson, D.D., LL.D. (Bowdoin 1818), for nearly thirty-five years Foreign Secretary of the American Board, and Eliza (Hill) Anderson, and had one son and three daughters, of whom the son and one daughter, with their mother, survive. The son graduated from the Academical Department in 1891.

## 1859

HENRY MARTYN BOIES, son of Joseph Milton and Electa Caroline (Lafin) Boies, was born at Lee, Mass., on August 18, 1837, but entered the class from Saugerties, N. Y. He passed a portion of the first term of the previous year as a Freshman in the preceding class.

Part of the year after graduation he spent in Chicago, where he joined the Zouaves, organized by Colonel Elmer E. Ellsworth, and then returned to Saugerties. During the next four or five years he was engaged in the freighting and forwarding business in the firm of Silver & Boies. Part of this time he resided at Tivoli, on the opposite bank of the Hudson River, where he was also Postmaster. In the fall of 1865 he settled in Scranton, Pa., and entered the firm of Lafin, Boies & Turek, which, in 1869, was consolidated with the Moosic Powder Company, and of this he was President for over 30 years. In order to prevent the many fatal accidents due to careless handling of cartridges by lamplight, he invented a cartridge package which was extensively used. In 1882 he became President of the Dickson Manufacturing Company, which he reorganized, enlarging and improving its property, and four years later built the Boies Steel Car Wheel Works for the manufacture of an improved steel-tired car wheel of his own invention. He was also President of the Enterprise Powder Manufacturing Company, and a director of other leading manufacturing companies, one of the incorporators and for ten years director of the Third National Bank, and in 1887 was elected President of the Board of Trade of Scranton. He was a member of the executive committee of the Municipal League, a trustee of the Scranton Public Library, and at one time a member of the City Board of Public Instruction. In 1884 he was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in Chicago.

During the labor troubles of 1877 he organized the City Guard, of which he was chosen Commander, and when this body was mustered into the National Guard he became Major. In 1878

the independent companies were consolidated with the battalion to form the Thirteenth Regiment, and of this he was appointed Colonel. He brought the regiment to a high degree of efficiency, but at the end of five years business duties compelled him to decline a reëlection.

Colonel Boise was appointed a member of the Board of Public Charities of Pennsylvania in 1886, serving on the executive committee and committee on lunacy. He was a member of the National Prison Association, and various other philanthropic societies. As a result of thorough study of crime and pauperism he published, in 1893, "Prisoners and Paupers," and in 1901, "The Science of Penology." He wrote for *Harper's Magazine* (1880) on the National Guard, and occasionally contributed to trade periodicals.

He traveled widely and gathered many curiosities and a choice collection of orchids. With the religious interests of the city and state he was actively identified, having been President of the Trustees of the Second Presbyterian Church since 1884, Secretary and Trustee of the Lackawanna County Bible Society, Trustee of the Young Women's Christian Association, Trustee of the Young Men's Christian Association and President of the same from 1870 to 1874, and from 1888 to 1890; member for many years of the State Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association. While on his way home from a mission to Washington in behalf of the State Convention of that association which was to be held in Scranton, he was taken ill on the train and died of *angina pectoris* in Wilkes-Barré, on December 12, 1903. He was 66 years of age.

He married, on December 26, 1861, Emma G., sister of his classmate, Thomas Chalmers Brainerd, and daughter of Rev. Thomas Brainerd, D.D., and Mary (Whiting) Brainerd, of Philadelphia, by whom he had a son and daughter. After the death of his first wife, in 1870, he married Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Marvine) Dickson, of Scranton. By this marriage he had six children—three daughters and three sons. A son by the first marriage (Yale 1888), and two daughters and one son (a member of the Senior class in Yale College) by the second marriage, survive him.

BURTON NORVELL HARRISON, son of Jesse Burton Harrison, of the New Orleans bar, but formerly of Virginia, and of Frances

(Brand) Harrison, was born on July 6, 1838, in New Orleans, La., and entered Yale the second term of Freshman year from the University of Mississippi.

In the autumn after graduation, at the invitation of President Frederic A. P. Barnard, he became Assistant Professor of Physics and Tutor in Mathematics and Astronomy at the University of Mississippi. Upon the outbreak of the Civil War he resigned his position to enlist in the Confederate army, but was intercepted by a telegram from Jefferson Davis, asking him to become his Private Secretary at Richmond. He accepted, and remained with Mr. Davis to the end of the war. He was captured in April, 1865, and imprisoned for nine months. For two months he was kept in solitary confinement in the Naval Prison of the Arsenal at Washington, but in January, 1866, through the intervention of Francis P. Blair with President Johnson, he was released. A narrative of his capture, written by himself, was published in the *Century Magazine* in 1883.

Mr. Harrison had commenced the study of law in the University of Mississippi, and during the latter part of his imprisonment at Fort Delaware was able to continue it with books sent him by his classmates Eugene Schuyler and Samuel D. Page. After a journey to Europe he entered the law office of Judge Fullerton in New York City, was admitted to the bar in December, 1866, and since 1867 had practiced in that city. A brief partnership with his friend and former college mate (Charles H. Wesson, Yale 1863) was terminated by the death of the latter, after which he practiced alone. He was a wise counselor, and conspicuously successful before juries and in the higher courts. He always took an active interest in political matters and was Secretary to Mayor Wickham in 1875-76, and did effective service in the prosecution of the Tweed ring. During Mr. Cleveland's second administration he declined the appointment of Ambassador to Rome, and afterward that of First Secretary of State.

Mr. Harrison died of heart failure, at Washington, D. C., on March 30, 1904, in the 66th year of his age.

He married, on November 25, 1867, Constance, daughter of Archibald and Monimia (Fairfax) Cary, of Virginia, and had three sons, who are graduates of the Academical Department, in 1890, 1895, and 1898, respectively. Mrs. Harrison is well known as an author.



## 1860

ERASTUS CHITTENDEN BEACH, son of Charles and Fanny (Mansir) Beach, was born in the town of Barker, Broome County, N. Y., on July 24, 1834.

After graduation he devoted much of his life to teaching, first for about a year at West Chester, Pa., a short time at Coopers-town, N. Y., and then a year or more at Albion, Wisc. In September, 1864, he became Principal of the Cortland Village (N. Y.) Academy, and in July, 1866, of the Plainfield (N. J.) High School. In 1868 he taught at Whitney's Point, N. Y., and then turned his attention to fruit raising in Vineland, N. J. After an experience of a year or two in this, he resumed teaching, removing to Hanover, Pa. In 1875 he engaged in the drug business at Newport, Pa., but in 1885 moved to Cortland, N. Y., where he afterward resided, and where he died after an illness of over three years from paralysis, on May 17, 1903, in the 69th year of his age. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church from early manhood.

He married, on July 12, 1865, Mary C., daughter of Martin and Margaret (Keep) Merrick, of Cortland, N. Y., who survives him. His only child died while a senior at Cornell University in 1893.

## 1861

THERON BALDWIN, son of Rev. Theron Baldwin, D.D. (Yale 1827) and Caroline (Wilder) Baldwin, was born on March 12, 1837, in Jacksonville, Ill., where his father was at the time stationed as Agent of the American Home Missionary Society for Illinois. His father was active in procuring the charter of Illinois College, and for nearly twenty years was Corresponding Secretary of the Society for the Promotion of Collegiate and Theological Education at the West. During his Senior year in college the son was President of the Beethoven Society.

After graduation he was for nearly thirty years engaged in different lines of business in New York City, also residing there after about 1876, but previous to that date making his home in Orange, N. J. The year after graduation he was in the United States Quartermaster's office, and the next four years Deputy Collector in the Eighth Internal Revenue District. Early in 1867 he entered the printing establishment of John F. Trow, and in May of the same year formed a partnership with him in the firm of John F. Trow & Co. In the fall of 1869 he became corre-

spondent for Tiffany & Co., Union Square, remaining there until the summer of 1872, when he entered the firm of R. W. Smith & Co., bookbinders. In 1878-79 he was connected with the Chase National Bank, in 1880-81 with the New York, New England and Western Investment Company, and then became a bond and stock broker, with an office on Pine street. He afterward returned to Tiffany & Co. as chief correspondence clerk, and remained with them until about 1898, when his health began to fail, and he was subsequently unable to engage in any permanent business. After an illness of ten months from Bright's disease he died at the hospital in Bryn Mawr, Pa., on October 24, 1901, at the age of 64 years.

He married, on September 27, 1862, Mrs. Julia T. Cooley, daughter of Dr. Charles Steele Thomson (M.D. Yale 1822), of New Haven, Conn. Mrs. Baldwin died in 1898, and one daughter only survives, a younger daughter and son having died.

FRANCIS RITTER SCHMUCKER, son of Jacob and Mary Ann Schmucker, was born in the township of Oley, near Reading, Pa., on May 24, 1838. He entered college from Reading with the class of 1860, but in Junior year joined the class of 1861.

Upon graduation he at once began reading law with Charles Davis, Esq., of Reading. In the summer of 1862 he answered the call to the service of his country, and on August 15 was commissioned First Lieutenant, Company A, One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. The day before the regiment left Harrisburg he was admitted to the bar. In September he took part in the battle of Antietam. On Feb. 1, 1863, he was made Captain, and in May following was in the battle of Chancellorsville. At the expiration of his nine months' term of service he was mustered out, but when General Lee made a second invasion of Pennsylvania, he again volunteered, and was elected Captain of Company C, Forty-second Regiment, Pennsylvania Militia, but shortly afterward (on July 6, 1863) accepted the more agreeable appointment of Adjutant, with rank of First Lieutenant. On August 12 he retired from service, and for a few years afterward practiced law in Reading.

Then, his health having failed, he took up the study of medicine at the New York Homeopathic Medical College and graduated in 1873. Beginning the practice of this profession in Pittsburg, Pa., in 1874 he returned to Reading, where he continued in

practice for twenty-eight years, winning high esteem for his skill, and beloved by all with whom he came in contact. He was a frequent contributor to American and English medical journals, and at the first graduation of the Training School for Nurses connected with the Homeopathic Hospital of Reading he gave an address on Hospitals and Professional Nursing.

For nearly forty years he was a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Reading, and for many years an elder. He suffered more or less from ill health for several years, but died after an illness of four weeks from tuberculosis of the bowels, on March 2, 1902.

He married, on August 31, 1865, Emma C., daughter of William S. and Sarah A. Young, of Allentown, Pa., and had five sons and four daughters. The daughters all died at an early age, but the sons, with their mother, survive.

#### 1862

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON MURRAY, son of Dickinson and Sally (Munger) Murray, was born on April 23, 1840, in Guilford, Conn.

After graduation he entered an advanced class in the Theological Institute of Connecticut, at East Windsor (now Hartford Theological Seminary), and, after spending a year there, continued his studies under Rev. Edwin F. Hatfield, D.D., in New York City, where he also acted as the latter's assistant in the ministry for a short time. He then preached in Connecticut for five years, serving the First Congregational Church, Washington, Litchfield County, the Second Congregational Church, Greenwich, and the Second Congregational Church, Meriden, and receiving from each of these churches a call to the pastorate at the termination of his engagement. From Meriden he went to the Park Street Church, Boston, Mass., where he acquired a wide reputation as a pulpit orator. In 1874 he left the work at Park Street to take charge of the Music Hall Independent Congregational Church, and for three years drew great audiences.

He then left the ministry and for about seven years devoted himself to rest, travel, and study. During a part of this time he lived in Texas, and was engaged in various business enterprises. Afterward he returned to the old homestead in Guilford, where he had since resided. He always had an especial fondness for horses, and was a breeder of thoroughbred stock on his farm.



Mr. Murray became famous as a writer, by the publication of his "Adventures in the Wilderness" in 1868. These were first written as vacation letters for a local paper, and brought to many their earliest knowledge of the beauties of the Adirondacks. His other works include: "Music Hall Sermons," two series, 1870-73; "Park Street Pulpit," two series, 1870-71; "The Perfect Horse," 1873; "Adirondack Tales," 6 vols., 1877-97; "Daylight Land," 1888, "Mamelons" and "Ungava," two Canadian idylls, 1890; "Holiday Tales," 1897; "Appletree's Easter," 1900, and other tales. During many years he had marked success as a lecturer, and during later years very frequently read in public his story, "John Norton's Christmas."

Mr. Murray was a sufferer from kidney trouble for two years, and died at his home in Guilford, on March 3, 1904, in the 64th year of his age.

He married, August 8, 1862, Miss Issie M. Hull, of Oxford, Conn., who separated from him in 1886. He then married Miss Frances Mary Rivers, of New Brunswick, Canada, by whom he had four daughters, who, with their mother, survive him. He devoted himself with great interest to the education of his daughters, describing his methods in a volume published in 1901.

WILLIAM WALLACE SEELY, son of John Holcroft and Louisiana (Coburn) Seely, was born on August 17, 1838, at Ludlow, Morgan County, O., but entered college from Beverly, Washington County, in the same State.

He graduated from the Medical College of Ohio in March, 1864, after which he was Demonstrator of Anatomy there for about two years, meanwhile giving special study to the eye and ear, and then continuing these studies in Vienna, Berlin and Paris. In 1866 he was elected Professor of Ophthalmology and Otology in the Medical College of Ohio,—a chair which was created for him,—and in 1867 entered upon the duties for which his thorough knowledge, progressive spirit, and enthusiasm as a teacher fitted him, and which he discharged with great acceptance till his resignation in 1900. In 1881 he was made Dean of the Faculty, and so remained until 1900, four years after its absorption in the University of Cincinnati. From 1879 to 1882 he was also Lecturer on Ophthalmology, and from 1882 to 1889 Professor of the same in the Medical Department of Dartmouth College, delivering his lectures at Hanover yearly in August. He made many trips abroad for study and travel.

He was Oculist at the Cincinnati Hospital a number of years, and at the Samaritan Hospital from 1866. He was a member of the Ophthalmological and Otological Societies from their formation, and for these and for medical publications he wrote many reports and articles. He was identified with other interests outside of his profession, being a Director of the Cincinnati College of Music and the Cincinnati Museum, and he was twice President of the Yale Club of Cincinnati, in 1880-1 and in 1888-9.

Dr. Seely died of *angina pectoris* at his home in Cincinnati, O., on November 7, 1903, at the age of 65.

He married, on April 28, 1870, Helen, daughter of Michael H. and Elizabeth David (Kilham) Simpson, of Boston, Mass., who survives him with their three daughters. The eldest daughter married Arthur Espy (Yale 1890).

### 1863

ROBERT GEORGE STEPHEN MCNEILLE, son of Perry R. and Hannah (Shepherdson) McNeille, was born on April 1, 1841, at Philadelphia, Pa. During Sophomore year, in the fall of 1860, with Rev. Thomas J. Brown, D.D. (Yale 1865), he started Bethany Sunday school, in Oak street, New Haven, the conduct of which has remained largely with the students since then.

In the fall after graduation he entered the law office of George M. Wharton, Esq., in Philadelphia, and was admitted to the bar in that city in January, 1866. With Jesse Cox, Esq., of Chicago, he formed the law firm of McNeille & Cox, but in January, 1868, he retired from the bar. He then entered the Yale Theological Seminary, and received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1870. He was licensed to preach by the New Haven West Association in 1869, and on May 12, 1870, was ordained the first pastor of the East (now Humphrey Street) Congregational Church, where he remained a year and a half. From April, 1872, to November, 1877, he was pastor of the Porter (Congregational) Church in Brockton, Mass., and for fifteen years afterward of the Second Congregational Church in Bridgeport, Conn. Both churches were greatly strengthened during his pastorate. From 1882 to 1887 he was Chaplain of the Fourth Regiment, Connecticut National Guard. Upon leaving Bridgeport he resided in New Haven and at his Southern home at Pine Bluff, N. C., until 1899, when he resumed preaching at the Congregational Church in Unionville, Conn. There he continued as acting pastor until February, 1902,

when ill health obliged him to give up ministerial work. Since then he had lived at Roselle, N. J., where he died of heart trouble, on October 19, 1903, at the age of 62 years.

He married, on May 16, 1871, Ellen Louisa, daughter of Watson V. and Louisa (Bacon) Coe, of New Haven, who, with four sons and one daughter, survives him. One son graduated from Yale College in 1897.

HARLAN PAGE PARMELEE, son of Charles Rollin and Susan (Dickenson) Parmelee, was born on July 17, 1838, at Naperville, Ill., but entered college from Morris, in that State.

After graduation he spent a year teaching in Lisbon, Kendall County, Ill., and then, in October, 1864, entered the Harvard Law School. During the vacations of his law course he taught at West Dedham, Mass., and North Stonington, Conn. From Cambridge he went to Chicago, where he was in the law office of Storrs & Johnston (the latter his classmate) for a year, and then practiced by himself, until failing health caused his removal to Denver, Col. There he was elected City Clerk in 1877, and re-elected in the two following years. He then returned to Illinois, and resided in Decatur for a short time, but found it advisable to go back to Denver, where he established himself as a real estate lawyer. He died there on December 8, 1903, at the age of 65 years.

He married, on February 15, 1872, Marietta, daughter of William and Eliza Osborn, of Chicago, who survives him with two daughters, the sons having died.

WILLIAM COLLINS WHITNEY, son of General James Scolly Whitney, for many years a Democratic leader in Massachusetts, was born in Conway, in that State, on July 5, 1841, but entered college from Springfield, Mass., where his father was at the time Superintendent of the United States Armory. His mother was Laurinda (Collins) Whitney.

After graduation he took a course at the Harvard Law School, then entered the office of Hon. Abraham R. Lawrence, afterward Justice of the Supreme Court of New York. On his admission to the bar he began practice in 1865 with his classmate, Henry Farnam Dimock (who married Mr. Whitney's sister), under the firm name of Dimock & Whitney. Mr. Dimock withdrew in 1870, and the following year Mr. Whitney formed a partnership



with Frederic H. Betts, LL.D. (Yale 1864) under the name of Whitney & Betts, which continued until 1876. Among many important cases in which he was counsel was the action for libel brought by Charles Reade against the editor of *The Round Table* on account of a criticism of the novel "Griffith Gaunt." In this he successfully conducted the defense. He was early sought as counsel of life insurance companies, railroads, and other large corporations.

In 1871 he was one of the organizers of the Young Men's Democratic Club, and was active in the movement which overthrew the Tweed Ring. In 1872 and for some years following he was school trustee in one of the wards of the city. He was appointed Counsel to the Corporation of the City of New York, on August 9, 1875, and was twice reappointed, resigning the office November 6, 1882, two years before the expiration of his term, after a service of marked efficiency and great benefit to the public interest. He became a leader in the direction and policy of the County Democracy, and at the Chicago Convention in 1884 he skillfully exerted a powerful influence for Mr. Cleveland.

He continued in the practice of his profession until March, 1885, when he became Secretary of the Navy, and held the position until the close of President Cleveland's administration in 1889. Believing that in the matter of naval construction the United States should be independent of all other countries, he brought about such improvements in steel manufacture that it became possible for the first time to fully equip American war vessels with an armament produced at home. The additions to the Navy made under his direction brought the United States to a high rank among the nations as a naval power. In recognition of his services to the country he received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Yale University in 1888.

On Mr. Whitney's retirement from the Cabinet, he devoted himself to private business interests, and immediately became prominent as a financier and promoter of vast enterprises. Returning to New York, he turned his attention to the problem of urban railway transportation. Within a few years he developed from a single company, by reorganization and consolidation, the Metropolitan Street Railway, which bought out its only rival, and was in turn merged into the Interurban Street Railway Co. Although for several years he held no visible office or connection with the system, he controlled its operations and secured the re-

sults he sought through others. His judgment in selecting men to carry out his plans was unerring.

In 1902 he retired from active business, but continued to influence by his counsels most important and varied interests. He was a trustee of the Consolidated Gas Co., a director in the Metropolitan Opera and Real Estate Co., Metropolitan Steamship Co., New York Loan and Investment Co., Manufacturing Investment Co., Mergenthaler Linotype Co., the Guggenheim Exploration Co., the Cuba Co., various local banks, and other business corporations, and a member of many of the prominent political, business, and social organizations of the city.

With the great increase in his wealth he took pleasure in the purchase and development of immense estates, and for the last six years he had striven with success for a higher standard in all matters connected with the turf.

Mr. Whitney died at his home in New York of peritonitis and blood poisoning following an operation for appendicitis, on February 2, 1904. He was in the 63d year of his age.

He married, on October 13, 1869, Flora, daughter of Honorable Henry B. Payne (Hamilton 1832), U. S. Senator from Ohio, and sister of his classmate, Oliver Hazard Payne, and had two sons and three daughters, of whom one daughter died in early childhood. The sons graduated from Yale in 1894 and 1898, respectively. Mrs. Whitney died in 1892, and in 1896 Mr. Whitney married Mrs. Edith S. (May) Randolph, widow of Colonel Arthur Randolph of the British Army, and daughter of Dr. J. F. May, of Baltimore. In February, 1898, while riding at Aiken, S. C., she received injuries from striking a bridge from which she died in May, 1899.

#### 1864

DANIEL JUDSON HOLDEN, son of Horace and Catherine Plant (Judson) Holden, was born on January 15, 1844.

After graduation he entered the Columbia Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Law in May, 1866. Upon his admission to the bar the same year he began practice in the office of Mann & Parsons, was then by himself for a time, and from 1881 onward was a member of the firm of Coudert Brothers.

He married, on September 1, 1885, Katharine Veghte, daughter of Rev. John Pray Knox, D.D. (Rutgers Coll. 1830), of Newtown, Long Island, N. Y.

His death occurred at his home in New York City, on June 21, 1903. He was 59 years of age. His widow and a daughter survive him, a son having died in infancy.

At the age of 14 years he became a member of the Brick Presbyterian Church in New York City. For thirty years—and until his death—he was a member of its Board of Trustees, and a ruling Elder from 1886 until 1897. He then transferred his membership to Christ Church, an affiliated organization, where he was a ruling Elder and where he labored with unceasing interest and activity to the last day of his life.

#### 1865

RODERICK BYINGTON, son of Roderick Byington, M.D., and Caroline (Linn) Byington, was born in Belvidere, Warren County, N. J., on March 13, 1844. He entered college during the second term of Freshman year.

After graduation he studied law in his native place with Hon. David A. Depue, LL.D. (Princeton 1846), until the latter's appointment as Judge of the Supreme Court of New Jersey, and then with Richie & Emery at Trenton. He was admitted as an attorney in November, 1868, and as a counselor four years later. He practiced with Thomas H. Schaffer, Esq., a year in Rahway, N. J., and then settled in Newark, where his career was one of devotion to duty and right. In the spring of 1875 he was appointed Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas of Essex County, and Special Master in Chancery, and in the latter capacity secured the conviction of many who were leagued together for evil-doing in different parts of the State. At the time of his death he was counsel for the Lake Hopatcong Association in opposition to the proposed abandonment of the Morris Canal as a waterway, a matter of such importance as to have become a State issue.

Mr. Byington died suddenly from Bright's disease at Newark, on February 1, 1904, in the 60th year of his age.

He married, on January 22, 1896, Mrs. Emma (Nishwitz) Paul, widow of Dr. J. M. Paul, and daughter of Frederick Nishwitz and Doris Nishwitz, of Millington, N. J. She survives him without children.

ROBERT PORTER KEEP, son of Rev. John Robinson Keep (Yale 1834), was born in Farmington, Conn., on April 26, 1844, but in 1852 the family removed to Hartford, where his father was



for over twenty-five years a successful teacher in the American Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb. His mother was Rebecca, daughter of Rev. Noah Porter, D.D. (Yale 1803), and sister of President Noah Porter.

The year after graduation he continued his studies at Yale on the Berkeley and Clark Scholarships, and the following year taught the children of the U. S. Military Academy in the Post School at West Point. The next two years he was Tutor in Greek in Yale College, and in 1869 received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. The same year he was appointed U. S. Consul at Athens, but resigned this office in 1871, remaining abroad, however, until 1874. In 1872-73 he studied Sanskrit and attended lectures in the University of Berlin, and spent the next winter in Italy. From 1876 to 1885 he taught in Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass., and was then Principal of the Norwich (Conn.) Free Academy, which under his administration enjoyed a remarkable growth and wide development of its educational work. In 1903 he resigned from the Academy, and as trustee of the estate and school of his aunt, Miss Sarah Porter, he removed to Farmington.

Dr. Keep died after a brief illness from double pneumonia at his home in Farmington, on June 3, 1904, at the age of 60 years.

He married, on December 23, 1879, Margaret Vryling, daughter of Richard T. and Frances (Wilder) Haines, of Elizabeth, N. J., and had three sons and a daughter, of whom the eldest son (Yale 1903) and the daughter survive him. Mrs. Keep died in 1893, and in 1897 Dr. Keep married Elizabeth V., daughter of Robert Safford and Lovina (Stone) Hale, of Elizabethtown, N. Y., who survives him. There were no children by the latter marriage.

In 1876 Dr. Keep completed the translation of Autenrieth's "Homeric Dictionary." He was the author of "The Essential Uses of the Moods in Greek and Latin," 1882, and other textbooks, edited "Stories from Herodotus," Book I-VI, of the Iliad, and was an occasional contributor to, and reviewer for, *The Nation* and other periodicals, chiefly on Greek or educational topics.

#### 1866

WILLIAM GEORGE BUSSEY, son of George A. Bussey, a civil engineer, and Mary (Sippell) Bussey, was born on February 17, 1846, in Utica, N. Y., and joined his class at Yale in the begin-

ning of Senior year, coming from Hamilton College, where he had spent two years, entering that institution as a Sophomore from Utica Academy.

After graduation he was at first employed as a civil engineer at Fort Edward, N. Y., but in 1868 entered the Columbia Law School, and the following year was admitted to the bar in New York City, where he afterward practiced his profession, traveling much for some years in the South and West and in Cuba on law business. His home was in New York City, and since 1898 in Mount Vernon, N. Y., where he died of a hemorrhage on January 10, 1904, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, on December 3, 1875, Grace F., daughter of David B. and Martha R. Trufant, of Lynn, Mass., and had four daughters, who, with their mother, survive.

FRANK SMITH CHAPIN, son of Oliver Colton and Frances M. (Smith) Chapin, was born on April 21, 1843, at East Bloomfield, Ontario County, N. Y., and entered the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he engaged in manufacturing, also for several years in fruit growing with his father, as a member of the firm of O. C. Chapin & Son at East Bloomfield. Owing to the ill health of his wife he removed to California in June, 1872, where he taught for a time in San Francisco, then traveled northward, acting as a newspaper correspondent, but in 1874 he took up the business of fruit evaporating at Vacaville, Cal. From 1876 to 1880 he had charge of the fruit department of Rancho Chico, and of the wholesale nursery business of W. R. Strong & Co., of Sacramento, Cal. In the spring of 1881 he returned East and entered the office of R. G. Chase & Co., nurserymen, of Geneva, N. Y., but in the fall of the following year he took charge of a creamery at Mason City, Ia., removing the business in May, 1886, to Sheldon in the same State. Subsequently he traveled and wrote for the *Pacific Rural Press*, and lectured in behalf of the Grange, of which that paper was the Pacific Coast representative, residing at Tulare, and afterward in Bakersfield, Cal.

He married, on June 20, 1867, Clara Hawes, of East Bloomfield, who died in Vacaville, Cal., on December 26, 1875. Afterward, in 1882, he married, at Geneva, N. Y., Anna M. Hurlburt. By the first marriage he had two sons (who died in infancy) and two

daughters, and by the second marriage two daughters, one of whom, with her mother, survives him. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1872.

Mr. Chapin died at Los Angeles, Cal., on October 9, 1902, from injuries received on that day in a runaway accident which occurred while he was inspecting some street improvements for which he was the contractor. He was 59 years of age. Soon after his graduation he became a member of the Congregational Church at East Bloomfield, N. Y.

HENRY BURNHAM MEAD, son of Francis K. and Clara (Burnham) Mead, was born at Littleton, N. H., on January 27, 1839. Entering the class of 1865 from Hingham, Mass., at the beginning of Sophomore year, he left at the end of Junior year and taught a year in the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, and then completed his college course with the class of 1866.

Upon graduation he entered the Yale Theological Seminary, and received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1869. He supplied the Congregational Church at Falls Village, Conn., for a year, and spent a year as a Resident Licentiate at Andover Seminary, and on June 7, 1871, was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Terryville, Conn., where he remained three years. From January, 1875, to May, 1880, he was pastor of the Second Church, Westbrook (formerly Saccarappa), Me., and for over five years thereafter at Stonington, Conn. During the following three years he was pastor successively at Cornwall, Conn., Stockbridge, Mass., and Jacksonville, Fla. He then resided a year in Falls Village, Conn. From 1889 to 1893 he was pastor at Brookfield, Conn., and for the last ten years of his life at Scotland, Conn. He had been in failing health for some time, although still able to perform his pulpit duties, but toward evening, on June 13, 1903, while at work in his garden, he expired almost instantly of heart disease. He was 64 years of age.

He married, at Falls Village, Conn., on June 14, 1871, Hattie E., daughter of Cornelius Brown, who, with two of their three sons and one daughter, survives him. The second son is a student in the Yale Law School.

He published a little book called "The Wonderful Counselor," and made frequent contributions to periodicals.



1867

LUTHER HART KITCHEL, son of the Rev. Harvey Denison Kitchel, D.D. (Middlebury 1835), and Ann Smith (Sheldon) Kitchel, was born in Plymouth Hollow (now Thomaston), Conn., on November 6, 1845. The last two years of his preparation for college were spent at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. In college he was a member of a notable class crew, and was regarded as one of the best athletes as well as one of the best scholars in the class.

After graduation he was a student of medicine in the General Hospital at Buffalo, N. Y., from 1867 to 1869, and during part of this time taught in the Heathcote School in that city. In 1869 he spent some time in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, and was House Physician and Surgeon in the Buffalo General Hospital in 1869 and 1870. He practiced medicine at Warsaw, Olean and Alden, N. Y., from 1870 to 1877, then removing to Hamilton, Hamilton County, Texas, practiced there until June, 1885, when he came North and settled in Genesee County, N. Y.,—first at Pembroke for a year, and then at Corfu, where he resided until 1896. After this his home was in Alden, N. Y., where he died on April 20, 1903, from an injury of the spinal cord received in a fall on an icy sidewalk. He was 57 years of age.

He was an ardent student and enthusiastically devoted to his profession, and it was his devotion to duty and his readiness to respond to all the calls upon his attention which led to the early breaking down of his health, and disabled him from practicing during the last ten years of his life.

He married, August 7, 1873, Miss Mary H. Durkee of Alden, N. Y., who survives him with one of their four daughters.

1868

HORACE PHILLIPS, son of Jonathan Dickinson and Luciana (Greene) Phillips, and a descendant in the fourth generation of Rev. Jonathan Dickinson (Yale 1706), President of the College of New Jersey (Princeton), was born in Dayton, O., on April 9, 1847.

After graduation he built the Dayton & Southeastern Railroad, and had charge of it from 1876 to about 1886, residing at Dayton. After a year or more abroad, in 1889, he undertook the placing of all telephone wires in Chicago underground, but on account of

ill health gave up the work and moved to Seattle, Wash., and for eleven years was engaged in engineering on the coast.

He died at his home on May 7, 1904, at the age of 57 years. He had been suffering for two years from nervous prostration.

He married, at Dayton, on January 7, 1876, Nannie E., daughter of Horace and Sarah Louise (Belville) Pease, who survives him with two sons and three daughters, one son having died.

SAMUEL WATSON, son of Samuel Watson (Brown 1825) and Charlotte (Morton) Watson, and grandson of Governor Morton (Brown 1804) of Massachusetts, was born at Sycamore, near Nashville, Tenn., on July 11, 1846.

After graduation he entered the Harvard Law School, and upon graduation thence, in 1870, he at once began practice in Nashville, where he became a leader in his profession and as a citizen.

He was a member of the Tennessee Senate in 1881, serving on the Judiciary Committee, and for several years from 1884 was Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Republican party. In 1886 he was a candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, but was defeated with the rest of the Republican ticket. For many years he was a Trustee of the University of Nashville.

Mr. Watson died of locomotor ataxia at St. Louis, Mo., on October 5, 1903, at the age of 57 years. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1869.

#### 1869

WILSON SHANNON BISSELL, son of John and Isabella Jeannette (Hally) Bissell, was born on December 31, 1847, in New London, Oneida County, N. Y., but at the age of five years removed with his parents to Buffalo, N. Y., where his father was a forwarding merchant, shipping large quantities of grain eastward by the Erie Canal.

A few weeks after graduation he began the study of law in Buffalo, in the office of Laning, Cleveland & Folsom, was admitted to the bar on September 17, 1871, and remained with that firm as managing clerk until the fall of 1872, when he formed a partnership with Hon. Lyman K. Bass. In 1874 Hon. Grover Cleveland joined the firm, which then became Bass, Cleveland & Bissell. In 1879 Mr. Bass withdrew on account of ill health, and in 1881, when Mr. Cleveland became Mayor of Buffalo, a new member, George J. Sicard, Esq., was admitted, and the firm of Cleveland,

Bissell & Sicard was formed. On January 1, 1883, upon becoming Governor of New York, Mr. Cleveland withdrew from the firm, which was reorganized as Bissell, Sicard & (Charles W.) Goodyear. Further changes in the membership of the firm were made in 1897 to Bissell, Carey & Cooke, but Mr. Bissell continued at the head of the firm and devoted himself uninterruptedly to his practice, except during his service in President Cleveland's cabinet. He was distinguished as a counselor, and gave his attention especially to corporation and railroad business. He was President of the Buffalo & Southwestern R. R. from 1883 to 1895, and of the Buffalo & Geneva R. R.

He was a delegate to several Democratic State Conventions, and in 1888 was elected to the Democratic National Convention, after declining the nomination as Presidential Elector at Large. During President Cleveland's first term he declined offers of several positions in the public service, but in 1893 he accepted the office of Postmaster General, which he held for two years, retiring from the Cabinet in March, 1895.

In 1886 he was a member of the Board of Visitors to the West Point Military Academy, and in 1890 of the commission to propose amendments to the Judiciary Article of the Constitution of the State of New York. From 1879 to 1881 he was President of the Young Men's Association of Buffalo, conducting a large public library, also a trustee of the Buffalo Historical Society, and a vestryman of Trinity Church. In 1895 he was chosen Vice-Chancellor of the University of Buffalo, and Chancellor in 1902, succeeding in the latter office James Osborne Putnam (Yale 1839). In 1893 he received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Yale University.

Mr. Bissell died at his home in Buffalo after several months' illness from a complication of diseases, on October 6, 1903, in the 56th year of his age.

He married, on February 6, 1890, Louisa Fowler, daughter of Edward and Anna (Fowler) Sturges, of Geneva, N. Y., who survives him with a daughter. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1867.

EDWARD GUSTIN COY, son of Edward Gustin and Elizabeth (Brown) Coy, was born in Ithaca, N. Y., on August 23, 1844.

After graduation he taught a year at Chickering Institute, Cincinnati, and Greek and Latin two years at Williston Semi-



nary, Easthampton, Mass., where he had received his preparation for college. During the next year he was Tutor of Latin in Yale College, and in September, 1873, became Instructor in Greek and Latin in Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., where he continued with marked success for nearly twenty years. He spent the year 1883-84 in study in Berlin, Munich and Rome, and in travel and archaeological study in Greece. In 1889 he declined the position of Principal of Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H., but was Head-Master of the Hotchkiss School, in Lakeville, Conn., from its establishment in 1892.

Mr. Coy was Secretary of the Head-Master's Association of the United States, a member of the executive committee of the New England Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools, and a member of the executive committee of the Connecticut Association of Classical and High School Teachers. He was also President of the Litchfield County University Club.

He presented a number of papers on the Classics before educational associations, and one before the Boston Yale Club on "The Relation of Yale College to the Educational Progress of the Age." He published "Greek for Beginners," 1880, and "First Greek Reader," 1881, besides an edition of a part of "Xenophon's Cyropaedia" for the School Classics.

Mr. Coy died of *cystitis* at the home of his wife's mother, Mrs. Harris, in New Haven, on May 26, 1904, in the 60th year of his age. He had not been well for about two years.

He married, in New Haven, on November 25, 1873, Helen Eliza, daughter of Rev. Samuel Dexter Marsh (Yale 1844), formerly a missionary in South Africa, and Mary Sherman (Skinner) Marsh, who afterward married Rev. Samuel Harris, D.D., LL.D. (Bowdoin 1833), for nearly thirty years Professor of Systematic Theology in the Yale Divinity School. Mrs. Coy survives him with a daughter and two sons, of whom the elder son graduated from the Academical Department in 1901. A brother was a graduate in the class of 1870.

#### 1870

GEORGE EGLESTON DODGE, son of William Earl Dodge, Sr., and Melissa (Phelps) Dodge, was born in New York City, on December 1, 1849.

After graduation he spent a year in travel abroad, and then entered the lumber business in Jersey City in the firm of Dodge,

Meigs & Dodge, which later became Dodge, Meigs & Co., with offices in New York City. He was a partner in the firm for many years. He was active in philanthropic work, and was a member of the advisory board of Lincoln Hospital, formerly Secretary of the Presbyterian Hospital, and for several years a member of the State Board of Commissioners on Lunacy.

Mr. Dodge had been spending several months in London and on the Continent, and had driven his coach from London to Brighton, but soon after reaching the latter suffered from an acute weakness of the heart, which was followed by unconsciousness. From this he did not rally, but passed away, on April 14, 1904, at the age of 54 years.

He married, on February 20, 1875, May, daughter of Frederick H. and Catharine (Andrus) Cossitt, of New York, who survives him with one daughter, his other daughter having died in infancy.

GEORGE FRANCIS LINCOLN, son of George S. and Elizabeth Barnard (Packard) Lincoln, was born in Hartford, Conn., on February 16, 1850. He was prepared for college in the private school of Rev. Joseph D. Hull (Yale 1837), but before entering made a voyage to Europe on a German steamer in order to become familiar with that language. He was a member of the class of 1869 till the end of Junior year.

After graduation he spent a year and a half in Hartford engaged with his father in the Phoenix Iron Works, a year abroad, pursuing medical studies for a time in Germany, and on his return was in the actuary department of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company. He then entered the Columbia Law School, graduated in 1875, was in the office of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, and afterward in partnership with his classmate, Curran, in the firm of Curran & Lincoln, residing at New Rochelle, N. Y. When Hon. William M. Evarts was made Secretary of State, Mr. Lincoln was appointed Consul at Stettin, Germany by President Hayes, and later was connected with the consulate at Aix-la-Chapelle. He was appointed Consul at Antwerp, Belgium, by President Harrison, but during the next administration was removed from office, and upon recovering from an illness of six months in the Antwerp hospital, he returned home and was admitted to the Hartford County bar. After the election of President McKinley he was again sent as Consul to Antwerp, and was later made Consul General, holding

that office until his death. In 1894 he received from the French government the decoration of "Palmes académiques." He was an accomplished linguist and an able writer on commercial matters.

Mr. Lincoln died of quick consumption at Antwerp, on July 23, 1903, at the age of 53 years.

He married, on September 4, 1879, Mrs. Ella W. Lockwood, formerly Miss French, who survives him with a son by her earlier marriage.

EDWARD GRIFFIN SELDEN, son of Colonel Joseph and Caroline (Lord) Selden, was born on June 9, 1847, at Hadlyme, Conn., but in 1856 moved to Saybrook, Conn., and two years later to Norwich, Conn., and from there entered college.

After graduation he spent one year in the Chicago Theological Seminary and two years at Andover, completing his course in 1873. On December 16 of the same year he was ordained pastor of the First (Hanover Street) Congregational Church in Manchester, N. H., and remained there until 1885, when he was installed over the South Congregational Church in Springfield, Mass., as active pastor in association with Rev. Samuel G. Buckingham, D.D. (Yale 1833). In 1893 he was called to the pastorate of the Madison Avenue Reformed (Dutch) Church in Albany, N. Y., where he became a leader in the religious and philanthropic life of the city.

He died of heart failure at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., on June 3, 1904. He had nearly completed his 57th year. In December he suffered from pleuro-pneumonia and did not regain his strength.

He married, on June 11, 1873, Ella, daughter of William H. Jennings, of Norwich, Conn., who died in November, 1898. He afterward married Abby Spencer, daughter of Mrs. Charles B. Lansing, whose family had long been identified with the Madison Avenue Church, and who survives him. A brother graduated from Amherst College in 1878, and from Andover Seminary in 1881.

#### 1872

DANA HARMON, son of John Brown Harmon, a lawyer of Oakland, Cal., and Mary (DeNeale) Harmon, was born in New Orleans, La., on February 27, 1849.

After graduation he went at once to California, studied law for a time, and was for a year in the office of the Secretary of State.



He suffered long from an affection of the eyes, but at length recovered. For a while he was on a large sheep ranch, and from about 1885 was Principal of the Tucson, Ariz., Public School for two years. At different times he addressed the Mining students of the University of California on mining.

As a mining engineer he led a roving life from Montana to Mexico, but lived for many years in Nevada City, Cal., removing to Oakland, where he died almost instantly from *angina pectoris*, on July 10, 1903. He was 54 years of age. He was Vestryman and Treasurer of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Tucson, and later Vestryman of Trinity Church, Oakland.

Mr. Harmon married, on November 22, 1883, Mrs. Mary Ann (Harrison) Summerfield, daughter of William Henry and Sarah Virginia Harrison, and had two sons and three daughters. Mrs. Harmon, with the daughters and one son, survives him, the elder son having died in January, 1894.

CHARLES SHERWOOD, son of David Walker Sherwood, for many years a prominent resident of Bridgeport, Conn., and Laura (Nichols) Sherwood, was born in Easton, Conn., on February 4, 1848. He was prepared for college in Bridgeport, but during Freshman year his home was Fairfield.

After graduation he took the course in Columbia Law School, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in May, 1874. He at once entered the office of Morris & Billings, and soon became managing clerk, but the following spring returned to Bridgeport, where he had since practiced his profession, and was a most useful citizen. From November, 1877, to April, 1886, he was associated in business with Hon. Amos S. Treat, and afterward for about a year with Nathaniel W. Bishop, Esq. (LL.B. Yale 1890), but the remainder of the time he practiced by himself.

He was councilman of the city in 1879 and 1880, alderman in 1881, and from July, 1883 to July, 1884, city attorney for the civil business of the city. On the establishment of the Free Public Library and Reading Room he was chosen director, and served as Secretary of the board for over twenty-two years. In 1886 he became connected with the Bridgeport Hydraulic Company, a private corporation organized to furnish the city with water, and in 1888 became President and General Manager of the company. He was also Secretary of the Bridgeport and Port

Jefferson Steamboat Company, and of the Bridgeport Patent Leather Company.

Mr. Sherwood died after a lingering illness at his home in Bridgeport, on June 17, 1904, at the age of 56 years.

He married, on January 12, 1881, Miss Emma C. Patterson, of Bridgeport, who survives him with their son,—an only child.

### 1873

CHARLES LIVINGSTON HUBBARD, son of Lester Samuel Hubbard, a grain merchant and banker, and Jane Patterson (Livingston) Hubbard, was born on April 28, 1851, in Sandusky, O. He was a student in Kenyon College during Freshman year, and then entered the class of 1872 in Yale, but at the end of the second term of Junior year he joined the class of 1873.

During the autumn following graduation he was for a time Chicago general agent of a rolling mill, but on account of the financial panic returned to Sandusky. During the next autumn he attended the Yale Law School, and, continuing his studies in the office of Judge E. B. Sadler at Sandusky, was admitted to the bar March 30, 1875. Since then he had practiced his profession in his native place, except from about 1881 to 1884, when he was Secretary of the Sandusky Rolling Mill and Manufacturing Company. He took much pleasure in mathematical study, and devoted many leisure hours to helping in their Latin and Greek those who were preparing for college.

Mr. Hubbard died at Sandusky, on May 20, 1904, at the age of 53 years.

He married, on October 18, 1877, Miss Jennie M. West, who, with three of their four daughters, survives him.

### 1875

BENJAMIN WOOD DAVIS, son of Lewis and Amelia (Legrange) Davis, was born on January 15, 1853, in New York City, but entered college from Cincinnati, O.

After graduation he entered the Law School of Harvard University, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1878, was admitted to the Middlesex (Mass.) County bar, and practiced in Boston until 1889, when he retired. Since then he had resided in Cincinnati, Ohio, but was not in active business. He was a frequent contributor of verse to newspapers and magazines, and he gathered in a volume for private circulation a num-

ber of his poems under the title of "Sea Weed and Sand." At the first meeting of the Yale Alumni Association of Boston he recited a poem called "The Ivy of Yale."

Mr. Davis died suddenly of heart disease on January 24, 1904, near Pittsburg, Pa., while traveling by train from Cincinnati, O., to New York City. He was 51 years of age. He gave liberally for the advancement of musical culture in Cincinnati, and to philanthropic and educational institutions.

He married, on June 1, 1901, Miss Alice Crouch, who survives him with a daughter born May 25, 1902.

WILLIAM SUMNER HUNGERFORD, son of William E. and Ellen (Sumner) Hungerford, was born in East Haddam, Conn., on August 3, 1854.

In the autumn after graduation he went to Freiberg, Saxony, and studied mining engineering two years in the Royal Saxon School of Mines. Soon after his return to the United States he went to Lumpkin County, Ga., and for a year and a half was in charge of a gold mine, was then engaged in general mining and engineering in the iron region of upper Michigan, for a time with the Euremet Mining Co., and in September, 1880, became Superintendent of the Sunshine Mining Co., at Sherman, Col. He continued his work of expert mining engineer in Colorado and contiguous territory for two years, and then returned East. In 1884 he was with the Low Moor Mining Co., at Low Moor, Va., and afterward in other engineering work in Virginia until 1889, when he was appointed Manager of the business of W. Ames & Co., of Jersey City.

Mr. Hungerford died at Arlington, N. J., on June 17, 1904, in the 50th year of his age.

He married, on October 29, 1890, Miss Cora M. Paxton, of Lexington, Va.

### 1876

FRANK CLIFFORD LYMAN was born at Easthampton, Mass., on October 6, 1854. He was the son of Theodore Lyman, but was under the guardianship of Josephus Craft of Northampton when he entered college.

The year after graduation he returned to Yale for graduate study in political science, philosophy, and history, and then taught the classics at Peekskill (N. Y.) Academy for two years.



In October, 1879, he went to New York City, which was his residence for fourteen years. The following year he entered Columbia Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1882. During his law course he did much private tutoring. The summer of 1881 he spent in Colorado recovering from a very severe attack of typhoid fever. After some office experience, he practiced law by himself for about two years, and then passed a winter in Georgia and a year in Garden City, Long Island. For several years from 1888 he was part owner and principal of the Mount Morris School, in New York City. Failing health at length compelled him to abandon this school, and he returned to New England, where the remaining years of his life were spent principally in or near Cambridge, Mass., in the work of a private tutor. His later days were much clouded by impaired health, both physical and mental. He died at Worcester, Mass., on January 27, 1904, in the 50th year of his age. He was never married.

During his life in New York he was actively interested in social and religious matters, and arranged a service in memory of Phillips Brooks.

#### 1877

GEORGE WARD FOOTE, son of Joseph A. Foote, a hotel proprietor of New York City, and Frances J. (Foote) Foote, was born in New Marlboro, Mass., on June 9, 1850, but entered college from Colchester, Conn.

After graduation he studied law in the Albany Law School, was admitted to the Connecticut bar in 1880, and began practice in New London. About 1891 he removed to Seattle, Wash., where he resided several years, being in partnership with Daniel L. Bugbee. Later he returned to Connecticut, and made his home in New London and New Haven until shortly before his death, which was caused by paralysis, and occurred at Groton, Conn., on November 17, 1903. He was 53 years of age.

He married, in New York City, on February 8, 1890, Amelia, daughter of Lewis M. Lawrence, a merchant of Franklin, N. J., and Amanda (Carr) Lawrence. She survives him with a son and daughter.

#### 1878

FRANK BALDWIN WESSON, son of Andrew and Sarah Louise (Lewis) Wesson, was born on July 24, 1856, in Yonkers, N. Y.

After graduation he took a partial course in Columbia Law School and then went into the insurance business, in which he was thereafter engaged, being a member of the firm of Gibson & Wesson.

Mr. Wesson died at Watch Hill, R. I., on September 11, 1903, at the age of 47 years.

He married, on November 12, 1885, Elizabeth Seymour, daughter of Sherman Willard Knevals (Yale 1853) and Anna DeWolf (Hotchkiss) Knevals, who survives him.

#### 1879

HOWARD WORTLEY HAYES, son of David Abbott Hayes (Amherst 1830) and Caroline (Davis) Hayes, was born in Newark, N. J., on May 9, 1858. He passed his examination for the class of 1878, but as he was then but 16 years old he did not enter college until the following year.

After graduation he entered Columbia Law School, and receiving thence the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1882, was admitted as an attorney to the New Jersey bar immediately, and as a counselor three years later, and to the New York bar in 1901. He steadily practiced his profession in his native city, and in New York and London, where he also had offices, making a specialty of patent law. He was personal counsel for Thomas A. Edison, and general counsel for the Edison Manufacturing Company. He was also Judge of the First Criminal Court of Newark from 1891 to 1893, and Assistant United States District Attorney for New Jersey from 1888 to 1890.

Mr. Hayes died at his home from the effects of an operation for the removal of gall stones, on November 26, 1903. He was 45 years of age. He was a member of the First Presbyterian Church.

He married, on April 19, 1899, Mary, daughter of Eugene Vanderpool, President of the Howard Savings Institution. She survives him without children.

He published "Annotations on the General Insurance Act of New Jersey" and historical notes on "Home Lots of the First Settlers of Newark." He was Treasurer of the Essex Park Commission.

WILLIS EDSON STORY, son of Hiram F. and Nancy Maria (Tichenor) Story, was born at Wauwatosa, then a village five miles west of Milwaukee, Wisc., on March 13, 1857.

After graduation he studied law with the firm of Wells, Brigham & Upham in Milwaukee until 1883, and from his admission to the bar in October of that year practiced his profession in that city until the death of his father in 1887, and since then with his brother conducted a stone quarry, under the name of Story Brothers. Mr. Story died suddenly from heart disease, while sitting with his family on the evening of March 21, 1904. He was 47 years of age.

He married, on November 12, 1884, Alice Louise, daughter of Isaac P. Tichenor, a commission merchant in Milwaukee; and Mary (Love) Tichenor. Mrs. Story survives him with a son and a daughter. From childhood he was a member of the Grand Avenue Congregational Church, and a trustee of the society for many years.

He was a skillful fisherman and hunter, and the founder of several gun and rifle clubs.

LOUIS DUPONT SYLE, second son of Rev. Edward William Syle, D.D., a missionary in China and Japan, was born in Shanghai, China, on August 2, 1857. His mother was Jane Mary Winter (Davis) Syle, only sister of Hon. Henry Winter Davis, for many years Representative in Congress from Baltimore. At the age of four years he was sent to the United States, and at about the age of eleven to London, England, where he remained at school until 1872. He then joined his father in Japan, and for two years was employed in a Yokohama tea house, after which he returned to America and spent a year in Trinity College, and then entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year. He was one of the speakers at Junior Exhibition, won a Townsend premium in Senior year, and at graduation was Class Poet.

After graduation he taught for a term in St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., but in 1880 he returned to Yale, having been awarded the Clark and Larned Scholarships. He relinquished these, however, before the close of the year, but received the degree of Master of Arts upon examination in 1888. On leaving New Haven he started for Cuba and Mexico, acting as a special correspondent, but at Vera Cruz he was taken ill and during the next year suffered many misfortunes. In September, 1881, he resumed teaching, becoming instructor in the Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, but on May 22, 1882, he was appointed by President



Arthur consul at Madeira. While acting in that capacity he prepared several interesting reports on the climate, industries and resources of the islands. In February, 1884, he resigned the office, and the following June became Instructor in Rhetoric and English in the University of Pennsylvania for a year, and then Principal of the High School in Winona, Minn., but poor health made a change of climate necessary. He was then Professor of Political Economy and History in the University of Colorado for a year, but in 1890 moved to California, where he was at first Principal of the Santa Barbara High School, then Superintendent of the Grass Valley schools.

From 1892 to 1902 he was Assistant Professor of English Literature in the University of California. He had made a special study of Eighteenth Century literature, and the large classes which elected his courses found his instruction most suggestive and helpful. He took great interest in the general college life, and in addition to his regular work wrote or revised the plays which were presented for a number of years on Charter Day. These were given, under his supervision, with rare skill, dignity and finish.

From 1898 to 1900 Professor Syle was dramatic critic of the San Francisco *Examiner*, and then of the San Francisco *Call*.

He was the author of "Essays in Dramatic Criticism," 1898, several plays and translations from the French, and a romantic opera, "Villiers," and was editor of critical editions of several masterpieces of literature.

After leaving the University of California he made a trip to Europe, but returned to California in the spring of 1903. He died of pneumonia at his home in Oakland, on November 14, 1903, at the age of 46 years.

He married, on June 17, 1882, Miss Edith Clara Wilkinson, of Philadelphia, who survives him with a daughter, a son having died in infancy. A brother graduated at Yale in 1869 and died in 1890.

#### 1880

WILLIAM PALMER ALLEN, son of William and Sarah P. Allen, was born in Auburn, N. Y., on March 12, 1857. He joined the class at the beginning of Junior year, having entered college as a member of the preceding class.

After graduation he read law in Auburn, was admitted to the New York State Bar at Rochester, in October, 1882, and for the

following eighteen months was in the West in search of health, mostly in St. Paul and Denver. He began practice in St. Paul, and was in the office of the U. S. Attorney there for a short time. Returning to his native place, he practiced his profession until 1887, and since then had been engaged in literary work, but ill health prevented the accomplishment of his purposes. For a few months he edited a paper called *The Auburn*, and was afterwards for some years Secretary of the Auburn Board of Trade. He died at his home after a lingering illness, on March 20, 1904, at the age of 47 years.

He married, on February 3, 1885, Miss Mary P. Welles, who survives him with a son.

### 1881

GEORGE PARK FISHER, son of Professor George Park Fisher, D.D., LL.D., of Yale University, and Adeline Louise (Forbes) Fisher, was born in New Haven, on January 26, 1861. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven.

After graduation he resided about four years in Brooklyn, N. Y., and two years in New York City, and during part of this time was in the employ of R. W. Forbes & Son, export merchants in the latter city. After this he was employed in civil engineering, and for several years in the service of the Aetna Iron and Steel Company of Ohio, his headquarters being at Mingo Junction, near Steubenville, in that State. He was then with the Pittsburg (Pa.) Steel Company. He had been abroad several times on business and pleasure. While in Detroit, Mich., he was taken ill, and died from dropsy of the heart, on October 20, 1903. He was 42 years of age, and was never married.

### 1883

MAURICE EDWARDS DUNHAM, son of Edward R. Dunham, a contractor and builder, and Nancie (Edwards) Dunham, was born in Edgartown, Dukes County, Mass., on June 1, 1860.

After graduation he taught in a private school in Richmond, Madison County, Ky., for a time, and then pursued a course of study at home under the direction of the Yale Faculty, for which he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1886. For two or three years he was engaged in teaching, and in 1889 was appointed Instructor in Latin and Mathematics in the University of

Colorado. The following year he was elected Professor of Greek, and continued there until 1899, when he was granted leave of absence. He died of acute *nephritis* at Edgartown, on November 10, 1903, at the age of 43 years. He married Miss Jennette Bennett, of Lima, N. Y., but had no children. He was a class-leader and steward in the Methodist church.

## 1885

ERNEST RUFUS ADEE, youngest son of George Townsend Adee, a well known merchant and afterward Vice-President of the Bank of Commerce of New York City, was born in Westchester, N. Y., on October 7, 1863. His mother was Ellen Louise (Henry) Adee, daughter of Philip Henry, an old New York merchant and soldier of the War of 1812.

After graduation he entered the service of the Mercantile Trust Company, passing successively through the positions of clerk, Assistant Treasurer and Secretary to that of Vice-President, which he held during the last year. His attractive personal qualities added much to his efficiency as a business man.

Mr. Adee died of peritonitis, at his residence in Tuxedo Park, N. Y., on December 13, 1903, at the age of 40 years. He had been ill for five weeks.

He married, on November 24, 1896, Geraldine, daughter of General Louis and Gelyna (Ver Planck) Fitzgerald, who survives him with two children. Four brothers have graduated from Yale, respectively in 1867, 1873 (two, one of whom died in 1901), and 1881.

## 1890

CHARLES DUSSLER, son of George Dussler, was born in the village of Clyde, township of Galen, Wayne County, N. Y., on August 10, 1866, and finished his preparation for college at the Hopkins Grammar School, in New Haven.

After graduation he studied law from 1891 to 1893 in the office of Dr. L. Stowe in his native place, and in 1892 was elected Clerk of the village. Afterward he entered the office of Manley & Wadley at Long Island City, N. Y., and in January, 1894, was admitted to the bar of New York State, and gained a high standing among the younger members of the Queens County bar.

He married, on November 24, 1903, Miss Catherine Wheeler, of New York City. Soon after returning from his wedding trip he



was seized with pneumonia and died after a brief illness, at his home in Long Island City, on March 5, 1904, in the 38th year of his age.

## 1892

CHARLES PEABODY PIERCE, son of Rev. Charles Morgan Pierce (Williams 1857) and Elizabeth M. (Peabody) Pierce, was born on October 19, 1869, in Middlefield, Mass., where his father was at the time Congregational pastor, and was prepared for college at Worcester and Phillips Andover (Mass.) Academies.

After graduation he took a special course in chemistry at the Amherst Summer School, was then Principal of the High School, Machias, Me., for two years, and then entered the Yale Theological Seminary. After receiving license to preach in April, 1896, he supplied the pulpit of the First Congregational Church, Middletown, N. Y., during the following summer. In the summer of 1897, after graduation from the Divinity School, he preached in the Second Congregational Church, East Douglas, Mass., in September was called to the pastorate, and was ordained on November 16, 1898. In April, 1900, he also assumed the care of the First Congregational Church at Douglas. The same year he was elected to the School Board, also Treasurer and Chairman of the Purchasing Committee of the Public Library.

Mr. Pierce died of congestion of the brain caused by a carbuncle, at his home in East Douglas, on October 30, 1903, at the age of 34 years.

He married, on January 23, 1900, Mrs. Laura J. (Hill) Bowles, who survives him without children.

## 1894

PENDLETON MILLER, son of William Winlock Miller, who settled in Washington Territory about 1851, was twice mayor of Olympia, and in 1860 Superintendent of Indian Affairs of the Territory, was born in Olympia, on December 21, 1871. His mother was Mary, daughter of Hon. Obadiah B. McFadden, Chief Justice of Washington, and Delegate to Congress. After the death of his father in 1876 the family moved to Seattle. He was prepared for college in the Belmont (Cal.) School.

After graduation he returned to Seattle, where he was principally engaged in the management of his father's estate, being a member of the firm of Mary Miller & Sons, a corporation holding

valuable business property in Seattle, and farms and timber lands in other sections of the State. He had a strong physique, but became a victim of pneumonia, dying after a brief illness on April 7, 1904, in the 33d year of his age. He was unmarried. A brother graduated at Yale in the same class.

JOSEPH EARL SHEFFIELD, son of George St. John Sheffield (Yale 1863) and Mary (Stewart) Sheffield, and grandson and namesake of the great benefactor of the Sheffield Scientific School, was born in New York City, on November 16, 1871, but in 1889 Attleboro, Mass., became the family home. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School and Lawrenceville (N. J.) School.

After graduation he went into the banking business in New York with Charles Hathaway & Co., and was admitted to the firm on January 1, 1900. In 1898 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale University upon examination.

Mr. Sheffield died after an illness of three weeks from typhoid fever at his home in New York, on October 16, 1903, in the 32d year of his age. With force of character he united an unusual charm of manner and sweetness of disposition.

He married, on April 19, 1903, Louise R., daughter of Edward T. and Julia (Blatchford) Potter, of Newport, R. I., and niece of Bishop Henry Codman Potter of New York. Mrs. Sheffield survives him. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1894.

#### 1895

ARTHUR HIBBERT EGGLESTON, son of Julius Whiting and Katherine (Percy) Eggleston, was born in New London, Conn., on May 30, 1872.

For two years after graduation he was a private tutor in New York City, and the next two years an instructor in English and the Classics in the Bulkeley School in New London, at which he was prepared for college. He was then for a time in the service of the Massachusetts Mutual Insurance Co., leaving that company to become associated with his father-in-law in the real estate business. In 1900 he was elected a member of the Board of Education of New London for three years.

He was a sincere and earnest member of the Second Congregational Church of New London, and since 1899 Assistant Superin-

tendent of the Sunday school. In 1902 he was one of six Yale men who were consulted as to whether they would become members of the original band to go to North China to establish a Yale Mission.

He married, on April 6, 1898, Mary Eliza Borrodell, daughter of Peleg and Eliza (Strickland) Williams, of New London. Mrs. Eggleston died in May, 1903, two days after the death of an infant son, and the deaths of her stepmother and father occurred in January and August, 1902—the four deaths having come within eighteen months. After these sorrows he tried to take up his work, but finding himself on the verge of nervous prostration he made a trip to the White Mountains, and then to Burlington, Vt., where he determined to enter the Mary Fletcher Hospital for a few weeks' treatment. It was not known that he was subject to pulmonary trouble, but he died there suddenly from hemorrhage of the lungs, on August 20, 1903, at the age of 31 years. Two brothers graduated from the Academical Department, in 1892 and 1900, respectively.

ERVIN EDWARD OSGOOD, son of Dauphin William Osgood, M.D. (N. Y. Univ. 1869), a medical missionary in China, was born in Foochow in that empire, on April 5, 1871. His mother was Helen W., daughter of Moses and Harriet Cristy. He was prepared for college at the High School in New Britain, Conn., and entered from that city. He was the Class Statistician and compiler of the Class Book in Senior year.

After graduation he taught for three years in the Berkeley School, New York City, and was then private secretary to Mr. Norman B. Ream, of Chicago. In 1901 he became connected with the New York Export and Import Company, and in 1902 started on a business trip around the world. While in Bombay he was taken ill, and on his recovery abandoned his trip and decided to continue work for the same company in Calcutta. On May 1, 1903, he was appointed United States Vice- and Deputy-Consul General at Calcutta, and afterward made his home in that city.

His death occurred at the Calcutta General Hospital, on December 25, 1903, from a gastric ulcer. He was 32 years of age, and unmarried. He was a member of the Broadway Tabernacle, New York City. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1899.



RAYMOND SANDFORD WHITE, son of Andrew Judson White (M.D. Yale 1846; *hon.* M.A. 1894) and Eleanor (Verplanck) White, was born on July 1, 1874, in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., but lived, except for the first few years of his life, and was prepared for college in New York City. During his college course he was a member of the board of editors of the *Courant, Record* and *Yale Literary Magazine*, and it was at his suggestion that his father furnished rooms for the various college periodicals in White Hall, the dormitory which he presented to the University in 1894.

After graduation he entered the New York Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws therefrom in 1897, was admitted to the bar on June 28 of that year, and, after serving a clerkship for three years, on March 1, 1900, formed a partnership with his college roommate, Roger S. Baldwin, under the firm name of Baldwin & White. On the death of his father in 1898 important business responsibilities came to him, and to these he added others. He was a director in the Union Typewriter Company, the firm of D. O. Haynes & Co., publishers of the *New York Commercial*, the National Addograph Company, Richard Hudnut's pharmacy, and the McVickar Realty Trust Company, and showed unusual executive power and unceasing energy in the conduct of every enterprise with which he was connected.

Mr. White was injured in an automobile accident at Bay Shore, Long Island, N. Y., and died two days afterward, on December 21, 1903, at the age of 29 years.

He married, on February 17, 1898, Sadie Henrietta, daughter of Theodore Crane, who survives him with two daughters.

#### 1896

GEORGE HAYWARD SCHUYLER, son of Henry N. and Adeline (Hayward) Schuyler, was born on January 8, 1875, in Pana, Ill., of which his father was Mayor from 1874 to 1878. He entered Yale from Northwestern University.

After graduation he spent four months in European travel and a year in the banking business with his father in Pana, and then entered the Law School of Harvard University, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1900. Since then he practiced his profession in New York City, and since December, 1901, was Counsel of the Legal Aid Society. During the last two years he resided at the Yale Club. His summer vacations he passed mostly in sailing off the New England coast, but

one summer hunted in the Rocky Mountains north and east of the Yellowstone Park and journeyed through the Park.

Mr. Schuyler died in New York City after an operation following a few days' illness from appendicitis, on February 22, 1904, at the age of 29 years. He was unmarried.

MARIUS JOSEPH SPINELLO, whose name while a student was written Joseph Marius Spinello, son of Giovanni Batista Spinello, a decorator, and Maddalina Spinello, was born in St. Arsenio, in the Province of Salerno, Italy, on October 28, 1871, but came to the United States with his parents in his boyhood, and to New Haven in 1887. While employed with his brother as a barber, he was prepared for college under Rev. J. Lee Mitchell (Harvard 1884; Ph.D. Yale 1896), then pastor of the Grand Avenue Congregational Church.

After graduation he taught Latin, Greek and French for three years in St. John's Military Institute, Manlius, N. Y., in 1899 received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale University, and the following year returned to New Haven for post-graduate study. Early in the summer of 1900, with the permission of the faculty, he went abroad for farther study, at first for three months in Bonn, and then in Paris. At the close of the academic year he returned to New Haven with seriously impaired health, and spent the winter in Georgia recuperating and doing much private tutoring. In 1902 he went to the University of California, as assistant in the Romance Languages, and the following year was made Instructor in French and Italian. So great was his success in teaching that he had been promised a professorship. He translated Hawthorne's "Scarlet Letter" into Latin, and wrote frequently for the magazines.

As he was attempting to get on a moving car of an electric train at Berkeley, he was thrown under the wheels and received injuries of which he died soon afterward, on May 24, 1904. He was 32 years of age.

He married, on June 18, 1902, Alice Frederica, daughter of William Boone, of Syracuse, N. Y. Mrs. Spinello survives him without children.

EDWARD LIVINGSTON TRUDEAU, son of Edward Livingston Trudeau, M.D. (Columbia 1871; M.S. 1899), eminent as an authority on tuberculosis, and founder of the sanitarium and lab-

oratory at Saranac Lake, N. Y., for the treatment and study of that disease, was born in New York City, on May 18, 1873. His mother was Charlotte G. (Beare) Trudeau. He was prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. While in college he did excellent work in physiology, and was distinguished for his pitching on the Yale nine in Junior and Senior years.

After graduation he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1900. He won third place in the competitive examination for the house staff of the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City, where he rose to the position of House Surgeon. On the completion of his hospital service in 1903, he went to the Adirondacks and assisted his father in the medical practice of the St. Regis Lake region. At the close of the summer he went abroad for a short vacation, and on his return became the assistant of Dr. Walter B. James (Yale 1879) in New York City.

Dr. Trudeau contracted pneumonia, but was recovering from it when an attack of embolism caused his death, on May 3, 1904, about two weeks after the beginning of his illness. He had nearly completed his 31st year.

He married, on December 28, 1903, Hazel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Martin, of Chicago, Ill.

Dr. Trudeau came from many generations of distinguished medical men, and showed brilliant promise in his chosen profession, his attractive personality making him a particularly welcome visitor in the sick room. He was a man of fine Christian character, very loyal to his friends, and with a high sense of service. He was a vestryman of the Episcopal Church at Saranac. He was devoted to the Adirondacks, where most of his life was spent, and had the reputation of being one of the best sportsmen in the woods.

#### 1898

JOHN LAWRENCE THURSTON, son of Rev. John Rogers Thurston (Yale 1851) and Caroline Augusta Wells (Storey) Thurston, was born on August 4, 1874, at Whitinsville, Mass., where his father has been the Congregational pastor for over thirty years. He was prepared for college at Worcester (Mass.) Academy. During Freshman year he became identified with the Student Volunteer Movement, and throughout his course he was active in



promoting the cause of Christian missions in the college and in neighboring churches.

The year after graduation he was with the Yale Missionary Band, nearly all his own classmates, and visited the principal cities in the East and Middle West, where the young people of the churches were aroused to a new interest and enthusiastic support of foreign missions. In the fall of 1899 he entered Auburn Theological Seminary, and two years later went to Hartford Seminary for his Senior year, receiving from the latter the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1902. On September 9, 1902, he married Miss Matilda S. Calder, of Hartford, Conn., who had taught nearly two years in a mission school at Marash, Turkey. Mr. Thurston was ordained at Whitinsville on September 26, and on October 6, sailed with his wife from Vancouver for China, as the first missionary sent out by the Yale Foreign Missionary Society, in the organization of which he had been largely instrumental. It was his life ambition to give to the people of China the advantages which he had received at Yale. As neither the form of the work nor the location of the Yale Mission had been fully settled, on reaching China he devoted himself to the investigation of these questions and to the study of the language. A few months made it clear that there was no adequate opening in North China, and therefore attention was turned to the Yangtse valley. In June the Society was invited by missionaries in the newly opened province of Hunan to establish in the capital, Changsha, the Union Christian College for the entire province and for the numerous societies at work there, and in September the offer was accepted.

The year's work was scarcely completed when it was found that he had developed tuberculosis, probably through infection, and in consequence returned to America in December, 1903. He passed the winter comfortably in San Bernardino, Cal., and had recently gone to Claremont, not far distant. His health had been apparently steadily improving, and his death, which occurred at Claremont on May 11, 1904, was unexpected. He was in the 30th year of his age. Besides his widow, his parents, a brother (Yale 1895) and two sisters survive him.

#### 1899

WILLIAM HERVY ROOD, son of Harmon J. and Ann (Nichols) Rood, was born in Sutton, Mass., on October 28, 1875. While in college he supported himself largely by tutoring.

After graduation he started for California on a bicycle trip, but, being taken ill at St. Louis, he went directly to his father's home in Princeton, Ill. He was soon advised by physicians to go for his health to Colorado, where improvement began at once. After a year of out-door life he entered the Denver Law School, but soon found the work too confining, and entered the service of the Colorado Iron & Fuel Co., at Pueblo. In the summer of 1901 he was called to New York on business, and in the fall entered the Columbia Law School, from which he would have graduated in June, 1904. For special studies in Columbia University in constitutional history and economics he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1903.

Mr. Rood died of typhoid fever at St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, on November 1, 1903. He was 28 years of age, and unmarried.

EDWARD THOMAS, son of Walter A. and Sarah (Woodward) Thomas, was born at Thomaston, Conn., on August 24, 1876.

After graduation he entered the service of the Seth Thomas Clock Company, at Thomaston, and at the end of two years was made Assistant Manager of one of the departments with the most favorable auguries for a successful business career. Close attention to his work and the confinement seriously impaired his health, however, and on the advice of his physician he went to Pinehurst, N. C., but while there he contracted pneumonia, which developed into tuberculosis. He went to Maine and spent several months in Florida, but nothing could be done to check the disease. After a brave fight for many months he died at his home on February 16, 1904, in the 28th year of his age. He was unmarried.

#### 1900

HOBART MOORE, son of Hon. William Henry Moore and Ada (Small) Moore, was born on August 1, 1879, in Chicago, Ill., and was prepared for college at the Harvard School in that city.

After graduation he spent a year at the Harvard Law School, and then assumed a position in the First National Bank in New York City. Soon, however, consumption developed, and he took a cottage at Saranac Lake, where, after an illness of eighteen months, he died on March 3, 1904, at the age of 24 years. On the preceding Sunday, February 28, 1904, he married Ruth Winthrop, daughter of J. Frank Emmons, of the banking house of

H. L. Horton & Co., and President of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Company. He gained the sincere attachment of a large circle of friends.

## 1901

ROBERT LEWIS ATKINSON, son of Robert Atkinson, a general commission and shipping merchant, and Florence (Lewis) Atkinson, was born at St. Charles, Mo., on August 6, 1879, but before he came to college the family residence had been changed to St. Louis, where he took his preliminary course. In rowing and in the social life of the college he was active, and his ready sympathy and lovable qualities won for him the high regard of his classmates.

After graduation he entered the St. Louis Law School, but after a term of study symptoms of tuberculosis appeared and he went to Arizona and later to Colorado Springs, where he spent the last year and a half of his life, and died on December 28, 1903. He was 24 years of age, and unmarried.

CHARLES McLEAN, son of Captain Thomas C. McLean (U. S. Nav. Acad. 1868) and Emily Chapman (Gordon) McLean, and grandson of Alexander Blucher Gordon (Yale 1834), was born at "Oatlands," near Leesburg, Va., on July 20, 1878, and was prepared for college at the Westminster School, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

After graduation he entered the Medical School of the University of Virginia, at Charlottesville, Va., but was taken with typhoid fever, and died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md., on October 14, 1903, at the age of 25 years.

## 1902

JOHN CLUTE McDOWELL, son of George H. and Elizabeth C. (Clute) McDowell, was born on January 1, 1879, at Cohoes, N. Y., where his father was a manufacturer. He prepared for college at the Cascadilla School in Ithaca, N. Y.

Since graduation he had been studying at the Albany Law School. He died after a brief illness from a complication of diseases, at his home in Cohoes, on November 18, 1903, in the 25th year of his age. He was unmarried. A brother graduated in the same class.



1903

IRVING McDONALD, son of John Irving McDonald (Yale 1878), a manufacturer of men's furnishings, and Frank H. (Fanning) McDonald, was born in St. Joseph, Mo., on November 5, 1881, and was prepared for college at Taft's School, Watertown, Conn.

After graduation he returned to St. Joseph and engaged in street engineering and construction. On the morning of November 15, 1903, while with a group of acquaintances he became a witness of an altercation between two men whom he had met for the first time but an hour before. When one of the participants drew a revolver Mr. McDonald sprang forward to disarm him, and in the struggle which ensued received a wound which caused his death in a few hours. He was 22 years of age, and unmarried.

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1843

GEORGE WHITING BURKE, son of Joseph Chester and Jane (Whiting) Burke, was born in New Haven, Conn., on June 27, 1821, but moved at an early age to Middletown, and graduated from Wesleyan University in 1839. He then taught school in Hartford and in New York State until 1841, when he began the study of medicine with Dr. Brigham, then Superintendent of the Retreat for the Insane at Hartford.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced his profession in Palmer, Mass., until 1852, and in Middletown, Conn., until 1881. From 1867 to 1887 he was Medical Examiner of the Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford, and held the same position with several other insurance companies.

From 1859 to 1878 he was Secretary of the Middletown City Board of Education, and from 1869 to 1881 was United States Deputy Collector of Customs for the District of Middletown. He was also at different times Alderman, Assessor and Town Clerk. He was the author of a few medical papers, which were printed in the *Proceedings of the Connecticut Medical Society*.

Dr. Burke died of *enteritis* at his home in Middletown on June 4, 1904, at the age of 82 years. He had been a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church in Middletown since 1852, and for eleven years previous of the First Methodist Church in Hartford.

He married, on May 13, 1844, Ann Parish Benjamin, step-daughter of Oliver Parish, of Hartford, Conn., who died in 1853. He afterward married Jane E., daughter of Joseph and Eliza (Walkley) Tobey, of Middletown, who survives him with two sons and a daughter by the first marriage, two sons having died.

1850

RICHARD PIERCE EVANS, son of Otho Evans, M.D., and Ann (Cummings) Evans, was born in Franklin, O., on March 8, 1829, and began the study of medicine with his father and at the Ohio Medical College, and completed his course at the Yale Medical School.

Soon after graduation he returned to his native place, and built up a large practice, continuing there to the close of his life.

During the cholera epidemic in 1849 his service was most valuable, and he was always ready to minister to those who were unable to compensate him. In his early practice his visits were made on horseback.

He was a leader in every good cause in the community. He was for many years a member of the Board of Education, and for a long time President of the Board of Trustees of the Franklin Cemetery. He was a Trustee of the Presbyterian Church for more than forty years, and President of the Board during most of that period, and when the new edifice was erected he was Chairman of the Building Committee. He was also for a time a Director of the First National Bank.

Dr. Evans died at his home on May 31, 1903, at the age of 74 years. He had been in failing health for two years or more.

He married, on July 2, 1850, Elizabeth Light, daughter of David Combs Bergen, of Harrodsburg, Ky. Mrs. Evans and one son and one daughter are deceased, but a son and a daughter survive him. The son graduated from Miami Medical College, Cincinnati, in 1873, and with a grandson practices medicine in Franklin.

#### 1854

ERASTUS BRADLEY BILLS, son of Henry B. and Harriet Gordon (Bartholomew) Bills, was born in Northford, Conn., on August 16, 1828, and began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Blakesley in New Haven.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he settled in Durant, Iowa, where he continued in the practice of his profession until the close of his life. In 1862 he was Captain of the Hawkeye Guards. In 1887 he was elected as a Democrat to the State Senate, and served two terms. He was one of the first Trustees of Saint Paul's Church in Durant.

Dr. Bills died of heart failure on October 15, 1902, at the age of 74 years.

He married, on July 2, 1863, Cecelia, daughter of James M. Gillespie, of Durant, formerly a carpet dealer in New York. Mrs. Bills died in October, 1901, and their son in 1894 at the age of 25 years.

#### 1857

ASA HOPKINS CHURCHILL, son of Hiram Churchill, a shoe dealer of Litchfield, Conn., was born in that town on September



8, 1832, and before beginning his medical course studied three or four years in the Hopkins Grammar School.

Directly after graduation from the Yale Medical School he began practice in New Haven, but after two years removed to Meriden, where he practiced until 1881. Owing to the failure of his health he then gave up his profession, and thereafter was in the insurance business.

Dr. Churchill died, after an illness of seven weeks, in Meriden, on October 17, 1903, at the age of 71 years.

He married, in 1854, Miss Harriet A. Smith, who survives him. Their adopted son died in 1890.

### 1860

EDWARD PRINDLE WOODWARD, son of Asa Curtiss Woodward, M.D., and Amanda (Warner) Woodward, was born on February 5, 1837, in Litchfield, Conn., where his father was at the time a practicing physician. He first attended lectures in the Boston University School of Medicine, but completed his medical studies at the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he began practice in Cheshire, Conn., but a few years later removed to Bethany, where his father was then practicing. In the spring of 1868 he settled in Bristol, and there he gained the esteem and confidence of all classes, and for twenty-five years had a large practice.

Upon the organization of Bristol as a borough in 1893, Dr. Woodward was elected the first Warden and reelected the next year.

In the fall of 1900 he suffered a stroke of paralysis, but at length rallied sufficiently to be about the streets. He died at the home of his daughter, the wife of Dr. Benjamin B. Robbins, in Bristol, on March 19, 1904, at the age of 67 years.

Dr. Woodward was married four times. He first married Dolly Eliza Sperry, of Bethany, who died in 1864, leaving two daughters. His second wife, Miss Antoinette Bassett, died six weeks after marriage. He afterward married Mary Ann, daughter of Burr B. Atwood, of Woodbury, Conn., who left one daughter (Mrs. Robbins). His last wife was Mrs. Frances Clark Ellis, widow of William H. Ellis, of Middlebury, Vt., who, with the two daughters by the first marriage and the daughter by the third marriage, survives him. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

## 1866

CHARLES FERRIS MORGAN, son of Charles Morgan, a farmer of Wilton, Conn., was born in that town on October 6, 1845. His mother was Electa M. (Betts) Morgan.

Soon after graduation he settled in the practice of his profession in Greenville, Mich., and was Mayor of the city several times. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He married, in June, 1875, Gertrude, daughter of William H. Ellsworth, M.D., of Greenville, and died after a protracted illness at Traverse City, Mich., on April 29, 1902. He was 56 years of age. Mrs. Morgan and one daughter survive him.

## 1896

MILO HOTCHKISS JONES, son of Leander P. Jones, M.D. (N. Y. Homeop. Med. Coll. 1870), and Fanny (Hotchkiss) Jones, was born at Berlin, Conn., on February 26, 1875.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he was for two years at Bellevue Hospital, New York City, and then went to Greenwich to assist his father in his practice. He had been successful in treating many serious cases of typhoid fever, but became a victim of the disease himself, dying at Greenwich on July 27, 1903, at the age of 28 years. He was unmarried.

## 1897

ARTHUR LESLIE HOWARD, son of Edward Howard, a merchant of the West Indies and New York City, was born in St. Thomas, West Indies, on January 17, 1876, and was a student in Cooke College, Antigua, W. I.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he went to England, where he was Second Doctor at the Liverpool East Dispensary for several months. Having passed his final examinations he went for rest to Vroncysylite, Wales, where he died on May 3, 1904, at the age of 28 years. His health had been failing for some time. His mother, Mrs. C. H. Howard, survives him.

## YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1851

JOSEPH ANDREW TREAT, son of Andrew and Marietta Newton (Treat) Treat, was born on June 15, 1827, in Tallmadge, O. His parents were from Orange (then North Milford), Conn., and settled in Tallmadge in 1824. Before entering the Yale Law School he studied for a year in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he did not practice his profession but engaged in the lumber business and farming, and devoted much time to scientific problems, sometimes lecturing. He invented some useful devices.

Mr. Treat died of chronic intestinal catarrh at his home in Cleveland, O., on September 22, 1903. He was 76 years of age. His widow, Mrs. Mary E. Treat, survives him. They had no children.

1863

HORACE ATWELL BROWN, fifth son of Joseph and Mary Elizabeth (Hunt) Brown, was born on February 15, 1842, in Bridgton, Me., and was a pupil at Bridgton Academy previous to entering the Yale Law School.

After graduation he settled in Brandon, Wisc., but in 1872 was appointed an instructor in the Preparatory Department of Washington University, in St. Louis, Mo., and remained there till the summer of 1886, when on account of ill health he resigned, and removed to California. At Los Angeles he founded Belmont Hall (a school for girls) and the Eaton School (for boys), of which he continued in charge until his retirement from active business.

While spending the winter at Rock Stream, Yates County, N. Y., on account of the delicate health of his wife, he died of apoplexy, on December 28, 1903. He was in the 62d year of his age.

He married, at Brandon, Wisc., on September 6, 1866, Henrietta, daughter of John and Eunice (Taft) Coon, of Salem, Washington County, N. Y., who died at Rock Stream less than three months after him, leaving three sons. An elder brother graduated at Bowdoin College in 1854, and a younger brother at Yale College in 1867 and the Yale Divinity School in 1870.



Mr. Brown was a deacon in the First Congregational Church in St. Louis and Superintendent of its Sabbath school for many years, and up to the time of his removal to California. Afterward he was deacon in the First Congregational Church in Los Angeles until his death.

## 1877

JOHN PARKER BRONK, son of Peter Bronk and Mary (Hubbard) Bronk, and a lineal descendant of Jonas Bronk, who owned the land lying in the Bronx District of New York, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on January 24, 1855, and graduated from Wesleyan University in 1875. The next year he began the study of law in Boston University, and finished his course in the Yale Law School in 1877.

Soon after graduation he was appointed Counsel of the Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford. In 1880 he was sent by the company to Denver, Col., where he represented its legal interests for ten years. While in Hartford he was, in 1879, President of the Board of Councilmen, and while in Denver he was chosen President of the Colorado Land and Loan Company, and was identified with other financial organizations of that State. About 1890 he retired from active business and settled in New Baltimore, Greene County, N. Y. In 1897 he had an attack of typhoid fever, from the effects of which he never recovered, and from the results of which he died at Bridgeport, Conn., on January 22, 1904. He was nearly 49 years of age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, on August 24, 1878, Anna Tucker, daughter of Enoch Cornwall and Mary Ann (Wright) Roberts, of Hartford, Conn. He afterward married in Deland, Fla., Mrs. Lillie L. (Platt) Bennett, widow of George U. Bennett, of Bridgeport, and daughter of Jerome and Martha (Joyce) Platt. A son by the former marriage survives him.

## 1880

JOHN MARTIN MURDOCH, son of Thomas and Jane Murdoch, was born on August 3, 1858, in Middletown, Conn., where his father was a machinist.

After graduation from the Yale Law School he was admitted to the bar and began practice. From 1888 he was Judge of Probate of Chatham District, including the towns of Chatham and

Portland, and he was State's Attorney of Middlesex County from 1895, residing in Portland.

Judge Murdoch died suddenly of heart disease at Middletown, on January 9, 1904, in the 46th year of his age. He had been a member of the North Congregational Church in Middletown since 1878.

He married, on March 26, 1885, Ella Dorcas, daughter of Asaph and Harriette Strong, of Middletown, who survives him. They had no children.

## 1886

FREDERICK ADRIANCE OSBORN, son of John Joel Osborn, for many years a carriage manufacturer in New Haven, Conn., was born in that city on February 28, 1860. His mother was Charlotte, daughter of Ezekiel Gilbert, of New Haven. He entered the Sheffield Scientific School in 1877, but left during Senior year. He was a traveling salesman for the Amesbury (Mass.) Carriage Co. for about two years, and then entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation he practiced his profession in New Haven for about four years, then went to Anniston, Ala., where he continued the practice of law and engaged in the real estate business for several years, but for the last ten years had been in the service of the Equitable Life Insurance Company in New Haven, Springfield, Mass., and New York City. While on a business trip for the company in Boston, Mass., he died suddenly of congestion of the brain, on September 8, 1903. He was 43 years of age and unmarried. One of his brothers graduated from the Academical Department in 1877, and another from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1888.

## 1889

ALBERT JACOB WISE, son of Jacob Wise, a merchant of Lima, Ohio, and Helen (Lichtenstader) Wise, was born in that place, on September 24, 1869.

After graduation from the Law School he entered the office of L. S. Quackenbush, Esq., of New York City, and later formed a partnership with him under the name of Quackenbush & Wise, making a specialty of real estate law. He was also President of the Bunnell Electrical and Telegraphic Co., operating factories in New York and Milford, Conn.

Mr. Wise died in New York City on December 10, 1903, at the age of 34 years.

He married, on April 8, 1896, Gertrude Van Duzer, daughter of Jesse H. Bunnell, a manufacturer of electrical supplies and an inventor. Mrs. Wise survives him without children.

#### 1901

JOHN HILLARD, son of Rev. Elias Brewster Hillard (Yale 1848), who was for twenty years pastor of the Congregational Church at Plymouth, Conn., was born in that town on August 13, 1877. His mother was Julia, daughter of Judge Frederick Whittlesey (Yale 1822), of Cleveland, O. He had resided for a number of years in Waterbury, Conn., but entered the Yale Law School from Farmington.

After graduation with high honor he entered the law office of White, Daggett & Tilson in New Haven, and during two years' practice had shown unusual promise in his profession, but in August, 1903, he was taken down with typhoid fever, of which he died at the Hartford Hospital on September 27, at the age of 26 years. He was unmarried. A brother graduated from the Yale Law School in 1887.



## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1875

HENRY MARTIN LADD, son of Rev. Daniel Ladd (Middlebury 1832), thirty years a missionary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions in Turkey, was born in Broosa in that country, on November 10, 1849. His mother was Charlotte Holley (Kitchel) Ladd, sister of Rev. Harvey Denison Kitchel (Middlebury 1835, *hon.* M.A. Yale 1865), who was President of Middlebury College from 1866 to 1873. His home for about fifteen years was in Smyrna, after which he spent a year in Robert College, Constantinople. In the summer of 1867 he came to the United States, and, after a year of preparatory study, took the course in Middlebury College, graduating as Valedictorian in 1872.

In the autumn after graduation from the Yale Divinity School, October 6, 1875, he was ordained Pastor of the First Congregational Church of Walton, N. Y., and performed most acceptable service until February, 1881, when he became Foreign Superintendent of the American Missionary Association, and started upon a tour of inspection of the west coast of Africa. After an absence of four months he returned, and was commissioned to make explorations in Central Africa with a view to establishing a mission in the basin of the Upper Nile. At the head of a party of about twenty-five he reached Khartoum, and then penetrated six hundred miles into the heart of Africa, up the Sobat River and beyond, until he was stopped by the insurrection of Mohammed Achmet, by whom he was twice waylaid, and nearly lost his life. After nine months of hazardous experiences he made his way back to Alexandria. The Association, however, transferred its foreign work to another society about this time, and on account of the unsettled state of the country, the Arthington mission which he planned to establish on the Upper Nile had to be given up. He wrote many articles on Egypt and the Soudan, on which he was a recognized authority. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Middlebury College in 1882.

Soon after his return to the United States he was called to the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church, in Cleveland, O. He was installed there on May 29, 1883, and during his pastorate of fourteen years the church became thoroughly united, largely increased

its membership and benevolence, erected a fine edifice, and developed a strong missionary work in the eastern part of the city. He was afterward acting pastor of the First Congregational Church at Ravenna, O., and for two years was also General Agent of the New York Life Insurance Co., and later President of the Ohio Color Photo Co.

Dr. Ladd died of heart failure at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Fred N. Hogen, in Cleveland, on February 12, 1904, at the age of 54 years. He had been ill nearly a month with bronchial pneumonia.

He married on June 16, 1875, Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of James and Mary (Rice) Harvey, of Danbury, Conn., who survives him with three daughters and two sons.

#### 1880

HENRY TARRANT, son of William and Mary Tarrant, was born at Easterton, Wilts County, England, on November 15, 1846, and graduated from Owens College, at Manchester, in 1873. He came to the United States in 1878.

After graduation from the Yale Divinity School he was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Williams in 1880 and Priest in 1881, and after service at Hamden, East Haven and Stratford, Conn., he was rector from 1883 to 1885 in Huntington and a year in Highland, N. Y., and in 1887-88 was assistant at Saint George's Church, in Newburgh, N. Y. He was then at Rock Spring, Md., and two years assistant to Bishop Paret in Baltimore. During 1892 and 1893 he was rector of Saint Mark's Church, Pittsburg, Pa., then in Westfield, Mass., and in 1899 he went to Saint John's Church, Pine Meadow, Conn. There he continued until his death, on December 6, 1903, after an illness of four months. He was 57 years of age. He was filled with the missionary spirit and was especially attentive in the care of the poor.

He married on November 16, 1881, Avis Sophia, daughter of Birdseye N. Boothe, who survives him with a son and daughter.

#### 1883

HENRY LEWIS RICHARDSON, son of Lewis and Caroline Richardson, was born on December 1, 1854, in Marion, Waupaca County, Wisc., and spent his youth at Berlin, some forty miles south, in Green Lake County. He received the degree of

Bachelor of Arts from the University of Wisconsin in 1880, was a student in Oberlin Seminary for a year, and entered Yale Divinity School in Middle year.

After finishing his Divinity course he returned to Wisconsin, and was ordained on May 31, 1883, at DePere, Wisc., where he continued until the close of 1886. After this he was acting pastor at Ripon, in the same State, for eleven years, also from 1888 to 1891 Superintendent of Schools there. From December, 1899 to June, 1901, he was pastor in Racine, Wisc. Since the summer of 1901 he had been taking post-graduate studies in the University of Chicago, from which he expected to receive the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in June. Meanwhile he was preaching at Whiting, Ind., where under his leadership the church had just cleared itself of debt.

Mr. Richardson was a victim of the Iroquois Theatre fire in Chicago, on December 30, 1903. He was 49 years of age.

He married on October 4, 1883, Lizzie, daughter of Richard Smith. She died in Philadelphia, in 1895, but a son survives him.

#### 1888

JOHN CHURCHWOOD WILSON, son of Thomas and Ruth Anna (Coy) Wilson, was born on May 9, 1852, in Philadelphia, Pa., and graduated from Amherst College in 1885.

Immediately after graduation from the Yale Theological Seminary he was ordained, on May 23, 1888, pastor of the First Congregational Church in Stonington, Conn., where he continued four years. He then served the Centre Church in Meriden until January, 1896, when he accepted a call to the Puritan Congregational Church in Brooklyn, N. Y., but after five years of effective work there, on account of ill health, he felt impelled to take a position of less responsibility, and since June, 1901, he had been associate pastor with Rev. A. J. Lyman, D.D., of the South Congregational Church in Brooklyn.

Mr. Wilson died at his home in Brooklyn, on July 9, 1903, from accidental gas poisoning resulting from a defective connection in a small gas stove. He was 41 years of age.

He married on April 25, 1888, Lilian Avis, daughter of Thomas Maitland Barton, M.D., and Caroline Lucile (Canfield) of Brooklyn. Mrs. Wilson survives him with one daughter.

Mr. Wilson received the degree of Master of Arts from Amherst College in 1888, and in 1902-1903 was President of the Alumni Association of Yale Divinity School.



1890

**CHARLES DOW CRAWFORD**, son of Charles W. and Sallie M. (Jernigan) Crawford, was born at Keetsville, afterward called Washburn, Barrie County, in southwestern Missouri, on May 6, 1860, but shortly afterward moved with his parents to Springfield, Mo., where he resided until he graduated from Drury College in 1887.

After finishing his course in the Yale Divinity School, he continued his studies in the Seminary the next year, and had since then been especially interested in historical study. In December, 1892, he took up the work in Crested Butte, Col., and was ordained to the ministry on May 25, 1893, continuing in charge of the church until October, 1895. From December 7, 1895, until February, 1897, he was pastor of Plymouth Congregational Church, Kansas City, Mo., and from September, 1898, to October, 1902, pastor at Little Compton, R. I. In 1903 he was called to Meadville, Pa.

He was spending a few weeks in New York City, intending soon to visit his former home in Missouri, but was taken with pneumonia and died after an illness of six days at Bellevue Hospital, on May 7, 1904, at the age of 44 years. He had never married.

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1871

RUSSELL WHEELER DAVENPORT, son of Rev. James Radcliffe Davenport, D.D. (Yale 1830), and Mehitable W. (Newell) Davenport, and grandson of John Alfred Davenport (Yale 1802), was born in Albany, N. Y., on November 26, 1849.

The year after graduation he was Instructor in Chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School, and then went to Germany, where he made a special study of metallurgy and blast metal processes in Berlin. In 1874 he entered the service of the Midvale Steel Works at Nicetown, in the suburbs of Philadelphia, as chemist, and in 1882 became Superintendent. In 1888 he was appointed Assistant Superintendent, in 1893 Vice-President, and in 1898 Superintendent of Manufacture of the Bethlehem (Pa.) Iron Works, where he successfully introduced the "open hearth" process for the manufacture of steel armor. In 1899 he was made General Superintendent of the Bethlehem Steel Works, and in October, 1903, became General Manager and Director of William Cramp & Son's Ship and Engine Building Company in Philadelphia. For his acquirements as a metallurgist, and his services to the public in the work of building up the U. S. Navy and in gun work for the Army, he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Harvard University in 1894, and the same degree from Yale in 1898.

He lectured at Lehigh University in 1896 on Ship Armor Making, contributed to the *American Journal of Science*, and wrote valuable pamphlets on Iron and Steel Manufacture.

Mr. Davenport died of pneumonia at his home in Philadelphia, on March 2, 1904, at the age of 54 years.

He married, on June 1, 1897, Cornelia Whipple, daughter of Charles and Elizabeth (Whipple) Farnum, and granddaughter of Bishop Whipple. Mrs. Davenport survives him with a son. An elder brother (Yale 1861) died in 1890.

1872

JAMES P. BOGART, son of John and Henrietta M. (Candee) Bogart, was born in New Haven, Conn., on February 28, 1852.

For three years after graduation he was occupied in surveying and engineering for the city of Bridgeport, and then had charge

of a party in the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey about New Haven. In May, 1891, he was appointed Engineer of the Connecticut Shell Fishery Commission and served in that capacity until 1892. He was the first engineer chosen by the Commission after its organization, and completed an extensive system of triangulation of the coast from Guilford to the State line at Greenwich. In 1887 he also surveyed the boundary line between Connecticut and Rhode Island for the Inter-State Commission. Since 1892 he had been employed in private professional work. In 1895 he was elected a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

From his youth he was a member of the First Methodist Church, an officer of the Sunday school, and for some time a member of the Official Board, but during later years he attended Saint Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Bogart died of pneumonia at his home in New Haven, on December 24, 1903, in the 52d year of his age.

He married, on April 18, 1888, at Bridgeport, Conn., Helen, daughter of Warren H. and Eliza H. Day, who survives him with two daughters.

#### 1876

HERMON BEARDSLEY BUTLER, son of Cyrus and Marrion Webb (Beardsley) Butler, was born in New York City, on August 4, 1856. He left the Sheffield Scientific School the first term of Senior year, but by vote of the Corporation received his degree in 1889 and was enrolled with his class.

Upon leaving New Haven he returned to New York City, where he was for several years a metal broker, but in 1884 removed to Chicago, Ill., and entered the iron business with his classmate, Edward L. Ryerson. Later he was chosen Vice-President and Treasurer of the corporation of Joseph T. Ryerson & Son, and was instrumental in building up a very large jobbing business in heavy iron.

Mr. Butler was one of the founders, and in 1900-01 President, of the Merchants Club, an effective agency for the improvement of the city, also an officer of many charitable boards, and greatly beloved by all classes of people. He was a warden of St. Peter's (P. E.) Church.

His death occurred at his home in Chicago from pneumonia, on February 10, 1904. He was in the 48th year of his age.



Mr. Butler married, on June 10, 1886, Harriet Jessie, daughter of Francis Bolles Peabody (Trinity Coll. 1848) and Harriet Cutter (Ten Broeck) Peabody, of Chicago, who survives him with three sons and a daughter.

## 1877

FERRIER JOHN MARTIN, son of Reune Martin, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on July 20, 1857. His father died before he came to the Sheffield Scientific School, which he entered from Orange, N. J.

Until his retirement from business in 1901, he was connected with the Hartford Carpet Co., with his office on Union Square, New York City. He died in that city on January 5, 1903, at the age of 45 years, and left a widow and two children. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1898.

FRANCIS COOPER LAWRENCE, son of Francis Cooper and Frances Adelaide (Garner) Lawrence, was born in New York City, on August 11, 1858.

After graduation he took the course in Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1880, but never practiced his profession. He afterward studied in Stuttgart, Germany.

Mr. Lawrence died of a sudden attack of Bright's disease at Pau, in southern France, on March 18, 1904, at the age of 45 years.

He married Sarah Eggleston, eldest daughter of Charles and Sarah (Eggleston) Lanier, who died in the spring of 1893. He afterward married Susan Wridgeway, daughter of Edward S. Willing, of Philadelphia, who survives him with his son and two daughters. The son is an undergraduate in the Academical Department.

In memory of his brother, Thomas Garner Lawrence (Yale 1884), who died before graduation, Lawrence Hall was erected in 1885-86 through the gift of his mother.

## 1881

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN KOONS, son of Abraham and Jane (Mills) Koons, was born on September 8, 1844, at Sulphur Springs, Crawford County, O. In 1862, he enlisted in the United States Army, being the youngest member of Company H, 123d Ohio Volunteer Infantry, of which he became Sergeant. During a service of three

years he was engaged in seventeen battles, including those of Winchester, Cedar Creek and Appomattox. After the war he supported himself during his course through Oberlin College, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1874, and then taught school two years in Chattanooga, Tenn., and about a year each in Mobile, Ala., and Savannah, Ga. During several years following he was in the service of the United States Fish Commission, being stationed during much of the time at Woods Hole, Mass. He then studied two years in the Graduate Department of the Sheffield Scientific School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1881.

He was at once appointed Professor of Biology, Geology and Zoology in the Storrs Agricultural School, at Mansfield, Conn. Two years later he was made Principal of the institution, and in 1893 President of the newly-named Storrs Agricultural College. On the reorganization of the college as the Connecticut Agricultural College, in 1898, he continued as Professor of Natural History and Curator of the Museum until the close of his life. He issued several Bulletins on natural history.

In 1892 he visited the Yellowstone Park, and in 1898 Alaska, embodying the results of his geological studies of those regions in lectures which he delivered in many parts of the State.

Professor Koons died at Storrs, Conn., on December 17, 1903, at the age of 59 years. He was a deacon in the Second Congregational Church.

He married on December 25, 1882, Jennie H., daughter of Thomas and Judith (Hover) Stevenson, who survives him with a son and daughter. His first daughter died in infancy. A brother and sister graduated from Oberlin College, the former having received also the degree of Doctor of Medicine from Jefferson Medical College in 1883.

#### 1884

RUSSELL SARGENT, son of Hon. Joseph Bradford Sargent, formerly Mayor of New Haven, and Elizabeth Collier (Lewis) Sargent, was born in New Haven on August 31, 1864, and took his preparatory course at the Hillhouse High School.

Soon after graduation he entered the hardware manufactory of Sargent & Co., where he continued during the rest of his life, rising to the position of Assistant Treasurer of the company, and winning unusual esteem from those under him. His life was

full of quiet and unselfish service to others, and those who knew him best enjoyed his keen wit, which he never used unkindly. Since graduation he had been Secretary of his class.

Mr. Sargent went to Boston, Mass., on a brief visit, and was apparently in perfect health, but while there was suddenly taken with cerebro-spinal meningitis, of which he died in less than a week, on April 16, 1904. He was in the 40th year of his age.

He married on April 19, 1894, Margaret Berrien, daughter of Ellis Loring and Annie Louise (Lobdell) Motte, of Boston. Mrs. Sargent survives him with a son and daughter.

Mr. Sargent's death was the first among eleven children who lived to maturity. His five brothers were all students in the Sheffield Scientific School, and four of them graduates, respectively in 1871, 1880, 1881 and 1894.

#### 1885

DANIEL TUTHILL PRATT, son of Daniel R. Pratt, a banker, and Isabella Graham (Murdoch) Pratt, was born at Elmira, N. Y., on December 14, 1862, and took his preparatory course at the Elmira Free Academy and at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduation he was for several years in the wholesale hardware house of Pratt & Co., but in 1890 was made Manager of the Elmira Building Co., and in 1893 became agent for the Phoenix Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn. He was at one time elected alderman by the Republicans of Elmira.

Mr. Pratt died of hemorrhage of the kidney at Elmira, on June 26, 1901, at the age of 38 years. He married on December 7, 1887, Gertrude, daughter of Henry Loring, a wholesale grocer of that city, and had a son and a daughter, who with Mrs. Pratt survive him. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1883.

#### 1889

LOUIS COERT DuBois, son of Samuel Thorn DuBois, a retired merchant, and Celia (Judson) DuBois, was born in Hudson, N. Y., on August 22, 1868.

After graduation he was for a time a member of the engineering corps of the Southern Pacific Railway in California, and was then interested in an orange ranch at Riverside in that State. Later he took a course in assaying and mining engineering in San Francisco, and in 1895 became manager of the cyanide



department of the Delamar (Nev.) Mill, where he remained two years. In 1897 he went to Colorado to live and attend to mining interests, and died there of pneumonia at Salida, on December 25, 1903. He was 35 years of age.

He married, on July 7, 1900, Helen Peake, daughter of Joseph S. and Helen Peake Farrand, who survives him with a son.

## 1891

ROBERT GIBSON HILTON, son of John and Anna L. Hilton, was born in Newburgh, N. Y., on June 26, 1869, and took his preparatory course at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H.

After graduation he was engaged as a civil engineer, and since 1902 had been in the office of the United States Engineer at Savannah, Ga. While suffering from intermittent fever he jumped from a balcony of the hospital in Savannah where he had gone for treatment, and was killed instantly, on May 19, 1903. He was in the 34th year of his age, and unmarried.

GEORGE WYLIE MERCER, son of Samuel David Mercer (M.D. Berks. Med. Coll. 1886), and Lizzie Covert (Hulst) Mercer, of Omaha, Nebr., was born in that city on August 13, 1871, and took his preparatory studies in the Peekskill (N. Y.) Military Academy.

After graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School he traveled in Mexico, Central and South America, and was then engaged with his father in the Mercer Chemical Company until the sale of the business several years ago. He was a member of the City Council for a term.

Mr. Mercer died after an illness of a few hours, at his home in Omaha, on April 16, 1904, in the 33d year of his age.

## 1896

FRANKLIN WELLS ALLIS, son of Wells Allis, a builder, and Lucy (Tomlinson) Allis, was born in Stamford, Conn., on November 25, 1874, but entered the class from Wallingford, where he obtained his preparation in the High School.

After graduation he entered the service of the Columbus Telephone Company, of New York, and had risen to the position of general manager. At the time of the Spanish-American War he enlisted in Battery C, First Connecticut Heavy Artillery, but did not go to the front, spending the summer in camp at Niantic and being discharged in the fall.

Mr. Allis died of pleuro-pneumonia after an illness of about two weeks at the Presbyterian Hospital, New York City, on October 23, 1903. He had undergone an operation for the removal of abscesses. He was in the 29th year of his age, and unmarried.

JOHN METCALFE POLK, younger son of William Mecklenburg Polk, M.D., LL.D., Dean of Cornell University Medical College, and Ida (Lyon) Polk, and grandson of the Rt. Rev. Leonidas Polk, D.D., LL.D., first Bishop of Louisiana, and one of the founders of the University of the South, was born at Demopolis, Ala., on May 6, 1875. While in the Sheffield Scientific School he was Vice-President of the University Club, and a member of the Class Committee at graduation.

After graduation he took a course in the Cornell University Medical School, in New York City, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1899. He then entered Bellevue Hospital as interne on the Medical Side and served two years. He spent 1902 mainly in Vienna, studying pathology and medical diagnosis. In January, 1903, he entered upon his duties as Instructor in Medicine and Physical Diagnosis in Cornell Medical College. In this connection, he was appointed Adjunct Assistant Visiting Physician to Bellevue Hospital.

While studying in Europe, Dr. Polk became specially interested in the blood changes produced by infectious diseases, particularly influenza, and the pneumonias associated with influenza. Continuing his studies in this direction, he had succeeded, at the time of his death, in making observations of much value, his paper upon the subject being included in the original articles published annually by the Pathological Department of the Medical School. He had already shown himself to be an instructor of great efficiency.

While making an autopsy he became chilled, acute pneumonia developed in a few hours, and from this he died, on March 29, 1904, in the 29th year of his age.

#### 1899

WILLIAM WALKER, son of James H. and Grace (Rogers) Walker, was born at High Bridge, N. J., on February 6, 1878. His grandfather, Rev. Ebenezer Platt Rogers, D.D. (Yale 1837), was for the last twenty years of his life pastor of the South

Reformed Church in New York City. His father died during his boyhood and the family moved to Montclair, N. J., where he took his preparatory studies at the High School.

He chose the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and won a prize for excellence in all studies, also in physics in Freshman year, and German in Junior year. In Senior year he was business manager of the *Scientific Monthly*, and was a member of various class committees.

After graduation he entered the New York Law School, but on account of absences which he was unable to make up he did not receive his degree. He passed both Law School and Bar examinations, however, and began practice in the office of Dexter, Osborn & Gillespie. He was making a specialty of bankruptcy proceedings and had shown unusual ability in the analysis of complicated cases.

Mr. Walker died of typhoid fever in Westminster Hospital, London, England, on July 27, 1903. He was 25 years of age, and unmarried. He was a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Montclair, N. J.



## GRADUATE SCHOOL.

1874

AUGUST HJALMAR EDGREN, son of A. H. and J. H. (Berger) Edgren, was born at Ostanå, Wermland, Sweden, on October 18, 1840. He graduated from the Lyceum of Stockholm in 1858, entered the Swedish army the same year, and graduated from the Royal Military School of Sweden in 1861. On the outbreak of the Civil War he came to the United States and joined the Union army, enlisting in the 99th Regiment, New York Volunteers, and was in many engagements with the Army of the Potomac. He was promoted to the office of Second Lieutenant in 1862, and, for meritorious conduct, to that of First Lieutenant in 1863, and served as engineer of the fortifications at Yorktown. While stationed at Hampton Roads he witnessed the fight between the *Monitor* and *Merrimac*. At the close of the war he returned and entered the 22d Regiment of the regular Swedish army as Second Lieutenant. In 1867-68 he obtained leave of absence for study in France and Germany. On his return to Sweden he was advanced to the rank of First Adjutant, but not desiring the life of a soldier longer, he resigned from the army, and coming back to America entered Cornell University, then just opened, for work in science, and received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy there in 1871. The following year he taught science in the Military Academy at Riverview-on-the-Hudson, and then entered the Graduate Department of Yale for philological study under Professor Whitney, receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1874.

From 1873 to 1880 he was Instructor in French in the Sheffield Scientific School, and during the absence of Professor Whitney abroad in 1878-79 taught his classes in Sanskrit and Philology. In 1880 he was *privat-docent* in the University of Lund, and then studied in Berlin. In 1885 he accepted the chair of Modern Languages in the University of Nebraska, and during the summers of 1886 and 1888 lectured at Chautauqua. In 1891 he was again called back to his native land as Professor of Germanic Languages in the University of Gothenburg, where he was also elected Rector the same year, but afterward returned to the University of Nebraska as Professor of Romance Languages. Later he took charge of the instruction in Sanskrit and Compara-

tive Philology, and in 1896 was made Dean of the Graduate School. His whole service at the University of Nebraska covered fourteen years, and his enthusiasm and sympathy with his students made him most successful as a teacher. He continued there until 1900, when he accepted the high honor of membership in the Nobel Institute of the Swedish Academy. This necessitated his return to Sweden.

From 1874 to 1877 Dr. Edgren was the able and efficient assistant of Professor Whitney in the preparation of his German Dictionary, and in 1878 made a most important contribution to philology, "On the Verbal Roots of the Sanskrit Language and the Sanskrit Grammarians," which was published in the *Journal of the American Oriental Society*. He was the author of Sanskrit, German, French, Italian and Spanish Grammars, and editor of masterpieces of literature and text-books in several languages. He wrote many poems in his native tongue, and his versions in Swedish of Longfellow's *Evangeline*, Kalidasa's *Hindoo Drama Shakuntala*, and selections from Tennyson and other poets possess much literary merit. He also contributed many valuable papers to scientific and educational periodicals.

Dr. Edgren died very suddenly of heart disease at his home at Djursholm, near Stockholm, Sweden, on December 9, 1903, at the age of 63 years.

He married Miss Steendorf, who survives him with a son and two daughters.

#### 1889

CHARLES EMERSON BEECHER, son of Moses and Emily E. (Downer) Beecher, was born on October 9, 1856, in Dunkirk, N. Y., prepared for college in the High School in Warren, Pa., and graduated from the University of Michigan with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1878. For ten years following he was an assistant to Professor James Hall of the Geological Survey of New York, and his success as a collector and his ingenuity and skill in preparing and mounting invertebrate fossils were early shown in the many specimens now in the State Museum at Albany.

In 1888 he came to New Haven to take charge of the collections of invertebrate fossils in the Peabody Museum, and for three years was Assistant in Paleontology. The next year he was Instructor in Paleontology, and during the illness of Professor James D. Dana, conducted his classes in geology for him. From 1892 to 1897 he

was Assistant Professor of Historical Geology in the Sheffield Scientific School, and was then appointed Professor of Historical Geology and a member of the Governing Board of the Sheffield Scientific School. In 1902 his title was changed to that of University Professor of Paleontology. In 1899 he succeeded Professor Marsh as Curator of the Geological Collections, and as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Peabody Museum. Later he was chosen Secretary of the Board of Trustees and a member of the Executive Committee. In the same year he was elected a member of the National Academy of Sciences, a corresponding member of the Geological Society of London, and a fellow of the Geological Society of America. In 1900 he was chosen President of the Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences, and filled this office for two years. For a number of years he was assistant editor of the *American Geologist*.

He devoted many of his summer vacations mainly to the increase of the collections of the Museum, and gathered treasures of great scientific interest. In 1889, soon after he became connected with the University, he personally obtained, in Converse County, Wy., one of the large Triceratops skulls now in the Museum. In 1903, the last summer of his life, he made important collections in Canada. One summer he studied the collections in the British Museum, and in other years visited the Yellowstone Park and the Grand Canyon of the Colorado. In 1899 he presented his entire collection of fossils, containing over one hundred thousand specimens, to the Peabody Museum.

Professor Beecher contributed "Studies in Evolution" to the Yale Bicentennial series of publications, and assisted in the translation of Zittel's "Text-book of Paleontology." His first paper on fossil forms was published by the Geological Survey of Pennsylvania in 1884, and was a study of a rare class of Crustacea called *Phyllocarida*, based principally on specimens which he found about Warren in that State. He afterward returned to the same subject, and in 1902, in a paper published by the Geological Society of London, included all that is known of the Upper Devonian *Phyllocarida* of Pennsylvania. He gained high rank among biologists and paleontologists, and was especially distinguished by his work on Brachiopoda and Trilobita. Of eleven papers on the former the most important was the "Development of the Brachiopoda." Of perhaps even greater scientific value were his studies and classification of Trilobita resulting from discoveries



in the Lower Silurian shale deposits near Rome, N. Y., of specimens preserving antennae, legs and other organs. These studies were embodied in thirteen papers on *Triarthrus* and *Trinucleus*. He planned a thorough treatment of this subject later. A philosophical paper of special worth was entitled "The Origin and Significance of Spines ; a Study in Evolution." In all, his scientific papers number about sixty-five.

Professor Beecher died very suddenly of heart disease at his home, on February 14, 1904, at the age of 47 years.

He married, on September 12, 1894, Mary Salome, daughter of Salome and Lawrence (Deming) Galligan. Mrs. Beecher survives him with two young daughters.

# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1831	Thomas M. Clark, 91	Middletown, R. I.	Sept. 7, '03
1832	Cassius M. Clay, 92	Whitehall, Ky.	July 22, '03
1836	Frederick L. Durand, 86	Rochester, N. Y.	Aug. 9, '03
1837	Elisha W. Cook, 87	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 4, '04
1839	Hamilton L. Smith, 84	New London, Conn.	Aug. 1, '03
1840	John C. Hollister, 85	New Haven, Conn.	Aug. 29, '03
1841	Joseph F. Barnard, 80	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	Jan. 6, '04
1841	Luther F. Beecher, 90	Brookline, Mass.	Nov. 5, '03
1841	John C. Downer, 92	De Soto, Mo.	Feb. 23, '04
1841	William H. Moore, 82	Hartford, Conn.	Aug. 22, '03
1841	William G. Woolfolk, 81	Columbus, Ga.	Oct. 2, '03
1842	Albert Mathews, 83	Lake Mohonk, N. Y.	Sept. 9, '03
1842	John A. Peters, 81	Bangor, Me.	April 2, '04
1842	Samuel W. Skinner, 83	Toledo, O.	Aug. 16, '03
1844	Virgil M. D. Marcy, 81	Cape May City, N. J.	Jan. 21, '04
1845	William E. Downes, 79	Deland, Fla.	Feb. 1, '04
1846	David Hawley, 83	Yonkers, N. Y.	Nov. 25, '03
1846	Stephen W. Kellogg, 81	Waterbury, Conn.	Jan. 27, '04
1847	Robert P. Farris, 76	St. Louis, Mo.	Aug. 28, '03
1847	James Fitch, 82	Cleveland, O.	Feb. 16, '04
1848	Samuel C. Perkins, 74	Philadelphia, Pa.	July 14, '03
1849	William D. Bishop, 76	Bridgeport, Conn.	Feb. 4, '04
1849	Thomas S. Hubbard, 76	Urbana, Ill.	May 26, '02
1850	Henry Chase, 76	Calais, Me.	Feb. 12, '04
1850	Robert Coit, 74	New London, Conn.	June 19, '04
1850	Martin Kellogg, 75	San Francisco, Cal.	Aug. 26, '03
1851	Asa French, 73	Braintree, Mass.	June 23, '03
1851	Erastus R. Green, 73	Chicago, Ill.	Feb. 5, '04
1851	William D. Manice, 73	Tuxedo Park, N. Y.	Sept. 6, '03
1851	Enos N. Taft, 77	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Dec. 19, '03
1851	Roger Welles, 75	Newington, Conn.	May 15, '04
1852	Jacob Cooper, 73	New Brunswick, N. J.	Jan. 31, '04
1852	Vincent Marmaduke, 72	Marshall, Mo.	March 25, '04
1852	William B. Ross, 72	New York City	Jan. 14, '04
1853	Henry T. Hoyt, 72	Danbury, Conn.	April 15, '04
1853	Charlton T. Lewis, 70	Morristown, N. J.	May 26, '04
1854	Bennet J. Bristol, 70	Webster Groves, Mo.	Nov. 28, '03
1855	Frederick Alvord, 75	Newton Centre, Mass.	Dec. 27, '03
1855	Lyman D. Brewster, 71	Danbury, Conn.	Feb. 14, '04

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1855	Edmund W. Brown, 70	San Francisco, Cal.	May 29, '02
1855	Hart Gibson, 68	St. Paul, Minn.	Jan. 3, '04
1855	Granville T. Pierce, 69	Somerville, Mass.	April 10, '04
1855	Alfred P. Rockwell, 69	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 25, '03
1856	Charles E. Fellowes, 69	Derby, Conn.	Feb. 29, '04
1857	Henry Powers, 69	Boston, Mass.	Dec. 12, '03
1857	William B. Wilson, 69	Louisville, Ky.	Aug. 23, '03
1858	Abner W. Colgate, 65	Pasadena, Cal.	March 20, '04
1858	Ralph H. Cutter, 68	Taunton, Mass.	Feb. 19, '04
1858	Henry Royer, 65	Denver, Col.	Feb. 12, '03
1858	George E. Street, 68	Hartford, Conn.	Dec. 26, '03
1859	Henry M. Boies, 66	Wilkes-Barré, Pa.	Dec. 12, '03
1859	Burton N. Harrison, 65	Washington, D. C.	March 30, '04
1860	Erastus C. Beach, 68	Cortland, N. Y.	May 17, '03
1861	Theron Baldwin, 64	Bryn Mawr, Pa.	Oct. 24, '01
1861	Francis R. Schmucker, 63	Reading, Pa.	March 2, '02
1862	William H. H. Murray, 63	Guilford, Conn.	March 3, '04
1862	William W. Seely, 65	Cincinnati, O.	Nov. 7, '03
1863	Robert G. S. McNeille, 62	Roselle, N. J.	Oct. 19, '03
1863	Harlan P. Parmelee, 65	Denver, Col.	Dec. 8, '03
1863	William C. Whitney, 62	New York City	Feb. 2, '04
1864	Daniel J. Holden, 59	New York City	June 21, '03
1865	Roderick Byington, 59	Newark, N. J.	Feb. 1, '04
1865	Robert P. Keep, 60	Farmington, Conn.	June 3, '04
1866	William G. Bussey, 57	Mt. Vernon, N. Y.	Jan. 10, '04
1866	Frank S. Chapin, 59	Los Angeles, Cal.	Oct. 9, '02
1866	Henry B. Mead, 64	Scotland, Conn.	June 13, '03
1867	Luther H. Kitchell, 52	Alden, N. Y.	April 20, '03
1868	Horace Phillips, 57	Seattle, Wash.	May 7, '04
1868	Samuel Watson, 57	St. Louis, Mo.	Oct. 5, '03
1869	Wilson S. Bissell, 55	Buffalo, N. Y.	Oct. 6, '03
1869	Edward G. Coy, 59	New Haven, Conn.	May 26, '04
1870	George E. Dodge, 54	Brighton, England	April 14, '04
1870	George F. Lincoln, 53	Antwerp, Belgium	July 23, '03
1870	Edward G. Selden, 56	Saratoga Springs, N. Y.	June 3, '04
1872	Dana Harmon, 54	Oakland, Cal.	July 10, '03
1872	Charles Sherwood, 56	Bridgeport, Conn.	June 17, '04
1873	Charles L. Hubbard, 53	Sandusky, O.	May 20, '04
1875	Benjamin W. Davis, 51	near Pittsburg, Pa.	Jan. 24, '04
1875	William S. Hungerford, 49	Arlington, N. J.	June 19, '04
1876	Frank C. Lyman, 49	Worcester, Mass.	Jan. 27, '04
1877	George W. Foote, 53	Groton, Conn.	Nov. 17, '03
1878	Frank B. Wesson, 47	Watch Hill, R. I.	Sept. 11, '03
1879	Howard W. Hayes, 45	Newark, N. J.	Nov. 26, '03
1879	Willis E. Story, 47	Wauwatosa, Wis.	March 21, '04
1879	Louis D. Syle, 46	Oakland, Cal.	Nov. 14, '03
1880	William P. Allen, 47	Auburn, N. Y.	March 20, '04
1881	George P. Fisher, 42	Detroit, Mich.	Oct. 20, '03



Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1883	Maurice E. Dunham, 43	Edgartown, Mass.	Nov. 10, '03
1885	Ernest R. Adee, 40	Tuxedo Park, N. Y.	Dec. 13, '03
1890	Charles Dussler, 37	Long Island City, N. Y.	March 5, '04
1892	Charles P. Pierce, 34	East Douglas, Mass.	Oct. 30, '03
1894	Pendleton Miller, 32	Seattle, Wash.	April 7, '04
1894	Joseph E. Sheffield, 31	New York City	Oct. 16, '03
1895	Arthur H. Eggleston, 31	Burlington, Vt.	Aug. 20, '03
1895	Ervin E. Osgood, 32	Calcutta, India	Dec. 25, '03
1895	Raymond S. White, 29	Bay Shore, L. I., N. Y.	Dec. 21, '03
1896	George H. Schuyler, 29	New York City	Feb. 22, '04
1896	Marius J. Spinello, 32	Berkeley, Cal.	May 24, '04
1896	Edward L. Trudeau, 30	New York City	May 3, '04
1898	J. Lawrence Thurston, 29	Claremont, Cal.	May 11, '04
1899	William H. Rood, 28	New York City	Nov. 1, '03
1899	Edward Thomas, 27	Thomaston, Conn.	Feb. 16, '04
1900	Hobart Moore, 24	Saranac Lake, N. Y.	March 3, '04
1901	Robert L. Atkinson, 24	Colorado Springs, Col.	Dec. 28, '03
1901	Charles McLean, 25	Baltimore, Md.	Oct. 14, '03
1902	John C. McDowell, 24	Cohoes, N. Y.	Nov. 16, '03
1903	Irving McDonald, 22	St. Joseph, Mo.	Nov. 15, '03

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1843	George W. Burke, 82	Middletown, Conn.	June 4, '04
1850	Richard P. Evans, 74	Franklin, O.	May 31, '03
1854	Erastus B. Bills, 74	Durant, Ia.	Oct. 15, '02
1857	Asa H. Churchill, 71	Meriden, Conn.	Oct. 17, '03
1860	Edward P. Woodward, 67	Bristol, Conn.	March 19, '04
1866	Charles F. Morgan, 56	Traverse City, Mich.	April 29, '02
1896	Milo H. Jones, 28	Greenwich, Conn.	July 27, '03
1897	Arthur L. Howard, 28	Vroncysylite, Wales	May 3, '04

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1851	Joseph A. Treat, 76	Cleveland, O.	Sept. 22, '03
1863	Horace A. Brown, 61	Rock Stream, N. Y.	Dec. 28, '03
1877	John P. Bronk, 48	Bridgeport, Conn.	Jan. 22, '04
1880	John M. Murdoch, 45	Middletown, Conn.	Jan. 9, '04
1886	Frederic A. Osborn, 43	Boston, Mass.	Sept. 8, '03
1889	Albert J. Wise, 34	New York City	Dec. 10, '03
1901	John Hillard, 26	Hartford, Conn.	Sept. 27, '03

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1875	Henry M. Ladd, 54	Cleveland, O.	Feb. 12, '04
1880	Henry Tarrant, 57	Pine Meadow, Conn.	Dec. 6, '03
1883	Henry L. Richardson, 49	Chicago, Ill.	Dec. 30, '03
1888	John C. Wilson, 41	Brooklyn, N. Y.	July 9, '03
1890	Charles D. Crawford, 44	New York City	May 7, '04

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1871	Russell W. Davenport, 54	Philadelphia, Pa.	March 2, '04
1872	James P. Bogart, 51	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 24, '03
1876	Hermon B. Butler, 47	Chicago, Ill.	Feb. 10, '04
1877	Ferrier J. Martin, 45	New York City	Jan. 5, '03
1877	Francis C. Lawrance, 45	Pau, France	March 18, '04
1881	Benjamin F. Koons, 59	Storrs, Conn.	Dec. 17, '03
1884	Russell Sargent, 39	Boston, Mass.	April 16, '04
1885	Daniel T. Pratt, 38	Elmira, N. Y.	June 26, '01
1889	Louis C. DuBois, 35	Salida, Col.	Dec. 25, '03
1891	Robert G. Hilton, 33	Savannah, Ga.	May 19, '03
1891	George W. Mercer, 33	Omaha, Nebr.	April 16, '04
1896	Franklin W. Allis, 28	New York City	Oct. 23, '03
1896	John M. Polk, 29	Demopolis, Ala.	March 29, '04
1899	William Walker, 25	London, England	July 27, '03

## GRADUATE SCHOOL

1874	August H. Edgren, 63	Djursholm, Sweden	Dec. 9, '03
1889	Charles E. Beecher, 47	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 14, '04

The number of deaths recorded this year is 143, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is nearly 61 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is:

Class of 1831, Rev. JOSEPH S. LORD, of Laingsburg, Mich., born April 26, 1808.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is:

Class of 1837, GURDON W. RUSSELL, born April 10, 1815.

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Members of the *Divinity, Law, Medical, Scientific* and *Graduate Schools* are indicated by the letters *d, l, m, s, and dp*, respectively.

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1885	Adee, Ernest R.	370	1847	Farris, Robert P.	310
1880	Allen, William P.	368	1856	Fellowes, Charles E.	335
1896 <i>s</i>	Allis, Franklin W.	398	1881	Fisher, George P.	369
1855	Alvord, Frederick	328	1847	Fitch, James	311
1901	Atkinson, Robert L.	379	1877	Foote, George W.	365
			1851	French, Asa	316
1861	Baldwin, Theron	344			
1841	Barnard, Joseph F.	298	1855	Gibson, Hart	331
1860	Beach, Erastus C.	344	1851	Green, Erastus R.	317
1889 <i>dp</i>	Beecher, Charles E.	402			
1841	Beecher, Luther F.	299	1872	Harmon, Dana	361
1854 <i>m</i>	Bills, Erastus B.	382	1859	Harrison, Burton N.	342
1849	Bishop, William D.	312	1846	Hawley, David	308
1869	Bissell, Wilson S.	357	1879	Hayes, Howard W.	366
1872 <i>s</i>	Bogart, James P.	393	1901 <i>l</i>	Hillard, John	388
1859	Boies, Henry M.	341	1891 <i>s</i>	Hilton, Robert G.	398
1855	Brewster, Lyman D.	329	1864	Holden, Daniel J.	351
1854	Bristol, Bennet J.	327	1840	Hollister, John C.	298
1877 <i>l</i>	Bronk, John P.	386	1897 <i>l</i>	Howard, Arthur L.	384
1855	Brown, E. Woodward	330	1853	Hoyt, Henry T.	324
1863 <i>l</i>	Brown, Horace A.	385	1873	Hubbard, Charles L.	363
1843 <i>m</i>	Burke, George W.	381	1849	Hubbard, Thomas S.	313
1866	Bussey, William G.	353	1875	Hungerford, William S.	364
1876 <i>s</i>	Butler, Hermon B.	394			
1865	Byington, Roderick	352	1896 <i>m</i>	Jones, Milo H.	384
1866	Chapin, Frank S.	354	1865	Keep, Robert P.	352
1850	Chase, Henry	314	1850	Kellogg, Martin	315
1857 <i>m</i>	Churchill, Asa H.	382	1846	Kellogg, Stephen W.	309
1831	Clark, Thomas M.	291	1867	Kitchell, Luther H.	356
1832	Clay, Cassius M.	293	1881 <i>s</i>	Koons, Benjamin F.	395
1850	Coit, Robert	314			
1858	Colgate, Abner W.	337	1875 <i>d</i>	Ladd, Henry M.	389
1837	Cook, Elisha W.	295	1877 <i>s</i>	Lawrance, Francis C.	395
1852	Cooper, Jacob	321	1853	Lewis, Charlton T.	324
1869	Coy, Edward G.	358	1870	Lincoln, George F.	360
1890 <i>d</i>	Crawford, Charles D.	392	1876	Lyman, Frank C.	364
1858	Cutter, Ralph H.	338			
			1903	McDonald, Irving	380
1871 <i>s</i>	Davenport, Russell W.	393	1902	McDowell, John C.	379
1875	Davis, Benjamin W.	363	1901	McLean, Charles	379
1870	Dodge, George E.	359	1863	McNeille, Robert G. S.	348
1841	Downer, John C.	300	1851	Manice, William D.	318
1845	Downes, William E.	307	1844	Marcy, Virgil M. D.	306
1889 <i>s</i>	DuBois, Louis C.	397	1852	Marmaduke, Vincent	322
1883	Dunham, Maurice E.	369	1871 <i>s</i>	Martin, Ferrier J.	395
1836	Durand, Frederick L.	295	1842	Mathews, Albert	303
1890	Dussler, Charles	370	1866	Mead, Henry B.	355
			1891 <i>s</i>	Mercer, George W.	398
1874 <i>dp</i>	Edgren, August H.	401	1894	Miller, Pendleton	371
1895	Eggleston, Arthur H.	372	1900	Moore, Hobart	378
1850 <i>m</i>	Evans, Richard P.	381	1841	Moore, William H.	301



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1880 <i>l</i>	Murdoch, John M.	386	1872	Sherwood, Charles	362
1862	Murray, William H. H.	346	1842	Skinner, Samuel W.	305
			1839	Smith, Hamilton L.	296
1886 <i>l</i>	Osborn, Frederick A.	387	1896	Spinello, Marius J.	375
1895	Osgood, Ervin E.	373	1879	Story, Willis E.	366
			1858	Street, George E.	339
1863	Parmelee, Harlan P.	349	1879	Syle, Louis D.	367
1848	Perkins, Samuel C.	311			
1842	Peters, John A.	304	1851	Taft, Enos N.	318
1868	Phillips, Horace	356	1880 <i>d</i>	Tarrant, Henry	390
1892	Pierce, Charles P.	371	1899	Thomas, Edward	378
1855	Pierce, Granville T.	332	1898	Thurston, J. Lawrence	376
1896 <i>s</i>	Polk, John M.	399	1851 <i>l</i>	Treat, Joseph A.	385
1857	Powers, Henry	335	1896	Trudeau, Edward L.	375
1885 <i>s</i>	Pratt, Daniel T.	397			
			1899 <i>s</i>	Walker, William	399
1883 <i>d</i>	Richardson, Henry L.	390	1868	Watson, Samuel	357
1855	Rockwell, Alfred P.	333	1851	Welles, Roger	319
1899	Rood, William H.	377	1878	Wesson, Frank B.	365
1852	Ross, William B.	323	1895	White, Raymond S.	374
1858	Royer, Henry	339	1863	Whitney, William C.	349
			1888 <i>d</i>	Wilson, John C.	391
1884 <i>s</i>	Sargent, Russell	396	1857	Wilson, William B.	337
1861	Schmucker, Francis R.	345	1889 <i>l</i>	Wise, Albert J.	387
1896	Schuyler, George H.	374	1860 <i>m</i>	Woodward, Edward P.	383
1862	Seely, William W.	347	1841	Woolfolk, William G.	303
1870	Selden, Edward G.	361			

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

***JUNE, 1905,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 27th, 1905]

[No. 5 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 64 of the whole Record]

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THEORY OF THE EARTH

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# OBITUARY RECORD

OF

## GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

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[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 27TH, 1905]

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### YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1836

NEWTON BARRETT, son of Simon and Lydia (Mascraft) Barrett was born at Washingtonville (then called Richland), Oswego County, N. Y., September 28, 1812, but during his early years his parents removed to Woodstock, Conn., and from there he entered college.

After graduation he visited his parents in their new home in Michigan (Territory), intending to return to New Haven and enter Yale Theological Seminary in the autumn; but financial necessity changed his plans, and he taught a select school at Middlebury (afterward East Akron), O., a year, spent the following year in theological study at Hudson, O., and while continuing his studies taught a year in Euclid Academy, eight miles south of Cleveland, and in the Preparatory Department of Western Reserve College, then at Hudson. He was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Portage in September, 1840, and began preaching at Brecksville, a few miles northwest of Hudson, and at Atwater in the adjoining county of Portage. From 1841 to 1848 he was settled in Brecksville, and then accepted a call to Milan, O., where he remained until the spring of 1852. He supplied the Congregational Church at Hudson from 1853 to 1856, and at Mendota,

Ill., the following year. In the latter place he organized a New School Presbyterian Church, to which he ministered till 1861, a part of the time also preaching at Paw Paw Grove. He then became pastor of the New School Presbyterian Church at Knoxville, Ill., and remained there two and a half years, going thence to Dunton (afterward Arlington Heights), Cook County, Ill., where he was pastor nine years. He continued to reside there until 1881, and then for two years was pastor of the Congregational Church at Elkhorn in the neighborhood, which during this time erected a new house of worship.

Mr. Barrett died of acute gastritis at the home of his son in Chicago, Ill., August 9, 1904, in the 92d year of his age.

He married, September 14, 1840, Emily, daughter of Asa and Theodora (Curtiss) Bugbee, and had three sons and two daughters. One daughter died in infancy, and the eldest son (Knox Coll. 1866) and youngest son (Beloit 1871), both clergymen, are also deceased. Mrs. Barrett died in Elkhorn, Wisc., November 5, 1889.

#### 1837

JAMES COWLES, one of the eleven children and youngest son of Deacon Samuel and Olive (Phelps) Cowles, was born in Colebrook, Conn., February 18, 1815.

After graduation he was a student in the Yale Theological Seminary in 1837-38 and 1841-42, in the interval holding the office of Tutor for two years in Oberlin college (where his brothers, Rev. Henry Cowles, D.D., and Rev. John Phelps Cowles, both Yale 1826, were professors for many years), and in 1840 teaching in Elyria, O. He did not complete his theological course, but in 1842 took a position in the Canton (O.) Boys' School, where he taught three years, and the same length of time in Painesville, O. From 1848 to 1857 he was occupied in teaching music in Akron. He then spent a year in Topeka, Kans., using his influence while there against slavery. The following two years he was Superintendent of Schools in Springfield, O., the next year in charge of a public school in Farmington, and four years Principal of the Academy in Farm Ridge, the two latter places in Illinois. He was in New Jersey, at Tuckahoe, from 1866 to 1868, and Cedarville, in 1868-69, at Mariner's Harbor, Staten Island, N. Y., a year, and in Rye, N. Y., three years. In 1873 he returned to Connecticut and was Principal of Winchester Institute four years,

and then spent six years in his native town. After this he returned to Akron, O., and since then had been well known as a teacher of music.

He was a life-long Republican and suffered much for his abolition principles during the Civil War.

Mr. Cowles died from exhaustion at his home in Akron, July 20, 1904, at the age of 89 years. He was a member and deacon of the Congregational church.

He married, September 7, 1842, Rhoda, daughter of Eli S. and Mary (Root) Barnum, a farmer of Florence, Erie County, O. Mrs. Cowles survives him with two sons, one of them a graduate of the United States Naval Academy in 1875. Their only daughter died in 1895.

#### 1841

SHERMAN MILLER BOOTH, son of Selah and Orra (Fuller) Booth, was born September 25, 1812, in Davenport, Delaware County, N. Y., and worked on his father's farm till he was 21 years of age. Having determined to gain an education, he then studied in Jefferson Academy, Jefferson, Schoharie County, N. Y., afterward assisting in teaching there, and then teaching several winters elsewhere. In 1837 he lectured as an agent of the New York State Temperance Society in the Hudson River towns between Albany and New York, and for his services for four months received what was then the large sum of \$400. He completed the Freshman studies by himself, and entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year, supporting himself by teaching and by managing two students' clubs. During the summer and fall of 1840 he helped organize the Liberty party in New Haven, and in February, 1841, called a State Convention at Hartford, at which a Liberty party State ticket was nominated. He was appointed chairman of the State Central Committee, and the following month attended an Anti-Slavery Convention for Eastern Connecticut, which held its exciting sessions at Willimantic. In Senior year he taught the *Amistad* African captives daily at Westville, and after they were declared free, at Farmington, where he continued with them until the following October. Soon after this they were sent home to Africa.

After graduation he devoted his time until 1848 to organizing the Liberty party and making a great number of speeches in its



behalf, and at the same time was associate editor of the *Christian Freeman* at Hartford, the title of which was soon changed to *The Republican*. In May, 1848, Mr. Booth removed to Milwaukee, Wisc., to take charge of the *American Freeman*, an anti-slavery newspaper. Of this he soon became proprietor, and after the organization of the Free Soil party changed its name to *Free Democrat*. During the early years of the Civil War he established the *Daily Life*, which was subsequently merged in the *Evening Wisconsin*.

He was secretary of the Buffalo Convention which nominated Martin Van Buren and Charles Francis Adams for President and Vice-President, and secretary of the National Convention at Pittsburg which nominated John P. Hale for President. He was an able and convincing speaker, and fearlessly and ceaselessly advocated the abolition of slavery until the Emancipation Proclamation ended the call for his activity.

He disclaimed all part in the forcible rescue of Joshua Glover from prison in 1854, but his course in the case and his opposition to the Fugitive Slave Act attracted national attention, and involved him in nineteen trials extending through thirteen years, three imprisonments, and heavy financial loss.

In 1868 he went to Chicago to represent the Chicago Newspaper Union, which, with the *Chicago Tribune*, he also represented at the Centennial Exposition. He resided in Philadelphia from 1876 to August, 1879, and during the latter year worked successfully for the defeat of the Riot Bill, designed to levy the cost of property destroyed upon the State instead of the County in which the loss occurred. Several buildings which he owned in Chicago remained untouched during the great fire of 1871.

In 1879 he returned to Chicago, and lived there for the remainder of his life. He contributed to the *Chicago Tribune*, was Superintendent of House Removals for two years from May, 1887, and in April, 1890, was appointed United States Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue at Chicago for the First District of Illinois.

In 1897 he delivered the Memorial Day address in Milwaukee, and in 1903 spoke before the Wisconsin Editorial Association. For a number of years he was busy preparing a history of his life and times, but did not complete the work.

He died at his home August 10, 1904, in the 92d year of his age.

He married, May 19, 1842, Miss Margaret Tufts, of New Haven, who died in 1849. His second wife was Miss Mary Humphrey Corss, of Hartford, a writer of poems and translator. She died in 1865, and in November, 1867, he married Miss Augusta A. Smith, of Burnett, Wisc., who survives him with a son and four daughters, also a daughter by the second marriage. Five children are deceased.

WILLIAM HINMAN GILBERT was born in that part of Weston, Conn., which is now Easton, February 12, 1817, and was the son of Ezra and Rebecca (Minor) Gilbert. He soon removed to Colebrook, Conn., and from there entered college.

He received his theological training at Andover and Yale Seminaries, and was ordained at Westminster, Vt., in 1846. Resigning this charge in 1851, pastorates of five years at Ashfield, Mass., and eight years at Granby, Conn., followed, after which he was for several months in the joint service of the American Bible Society and the Christian Commission, being Superintendent of Bible Distribution in the Army of the Potomac and having his headquarters successively at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Md., and Richmond, Va.

From the fall of 1865 to January, 1869, he was in charge of the work of the American Bible Society in Vermont. He was then Superintendent of the work of that Society in New England eight years, and Secretary of the Connecticut Bible Society over twenty years, taking up the latter office in April, 1878, and continuing to do faithful and effective work until his retirement, April 3, 1900, shortly before his removal to the Pacific coast. His home for nearly twenty years at different periods was in Hartford and New Haven, and for twelve years in South Norwalk, Conn.

In the fall of 1900 he settled in the fruit belt of Sacramento County, California, joining the colony at Fair Oaks, where he found pleasant surroundings and an agreeable climate, which lengthened his life. He died there after a fortnight of great suffering, April 28, 1905, at the age of 88 years.

Mr. Gilbert married, December 29, 1845, Elizabeth, daughter of James Moseley, of Westfield, Mass. She died the following year, leaving a son who died in 1899. In 1849, he married Mary, daughter of Joseph and Roxana (Edwards) Goodridge, of Westminster, Vt., who died in 1895. By his second marriage he

had twin sons (Yale 1878), one of whom died in 1879 and the other in 1881, and two daughters who survive him.

WILLIAM LAW LEARNED, son of Ebenezer Learned (Yale 1798) by his second wife Lydia (Coit) Learned, and grandson of Amasa Learned (Yale 1772), member of Congress from 1791 to 1795, was born in New London, Conn., July 24, 1821. During his college course he took special interest in classical literature, and at graduation was Salutatorian of his class.

He declined a nomination as Tutor, and the year after graduation studied law at New London with William F. Brainard, Esq. (Yale 1802), continuing his studies for two years following with George Gould, Esq. (Yale 1827), at Troy, N. Y. He was admitted to the bar at Rochester, N. Y., in the fall of 1844, and the following winter removed to Albany, where he formed a partnership with Gilbert L. Wilson, Esq. (Union 1842). After the retirement of Mr. Wilson, Mr. James C. Cook (Union 1853) was a partner for a few years; but after the latter's withdrawal in 1867 Mr. Learned continued his practice alone until 1870, when he was appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court. He was elected to the same office in the fall of that year for fourteen years, the first justice elected under the change of the Constitution which lengthened the term. He was appointed in 1875, by Governor Tilden, Presiding Justice of the Supreme Court; was reelected Justice of that court in the fall of 1884, and by Governor (afterwards President) Cleveland was reappointed Presiding Justice the same year. He was retired from office under the Constitutional restriction, by reason of age, December 31, 1891. After his retirement from the bench, he resumed the active practice of his profession.

Judge Learned was closely identified with the educational interests of the city. For many years he was Professor of Equity Jurisprudence, the Civil Law, and the Trial of Causes in the Albany Law School, and for ten years President of its Board of Trustees and of its Faculty. He was a Governor of the Albany Medical College, President of the Board of Trustees of the Albany Female Academy, President of the Board of Trustees of the Albany Academy, President of the Board of Public Instruction of Albany until the adoption of the new charter, and President of the "Albany Institute and Historical and Art Society." He was also a member of the Board of Governors of the Albany Hospital, and of the Albany Cemetery Association.



He presided at the annual meeting of the Alumni of Yale College in 1876, and received the degree of Doctor of Laws at the Yale Commencement of 1878. He was the first President of the Yale Alumni Association of Northeastern New York and served from the time of its organization in 1880 for about twenty years.

Judge Learned edited "Madam Knight's Journal" and "Earle's Microcosmography," and compiled "The Learned Genealogy" (second edition 1898), in part from the manuscripts of Joseph G. E. Larned (Yale 1839). He also contributed to law and other periodicals.

Judge Learned died of heart failure at his law office in Albany, September 20, 1904, at the age of 83 years.

He married, May 29, 1855, Phebe Rowland, daughter of Alexander and Mary E. (Pepoon) Marvin, of Albany. She died in 1864, and he afterward married Katharine, daughter of Clinton DeWitt, a distinguished lawyer of New York City, and of Elsie (VanDyck) DeWitt, who survives him. Of the three daughters by the first marriage but one is now living, the wife of General John H. Patterson, of Albany, N. Y. One daughter was the wife of John DeWitt Peltz (Rutgers 1873), and mother of William Law Learned Peltz (Yale 1904), Judge Learned's only surviving grandson.

#### 1842

SAMUEL WITT EATON, son of Eben Eaton, for over half a century deacon of the Congregational church in Framingham, Mass., was born on the ancestral farm in that town December 25, 1820. His mother was Sally Chadwick (Spofford) Eaton, who was educated at Bradford (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he studied theology one year in Union Seminary, two years in Yale Seminary, and one year in Andover Seminary. He was licensed to preach in September, 1844, and while at Andover was stated supply in Montgomery, Mass. Having determined to devote his life to work in the new West then opening up in the Mississippi valley, he settled at Lancaster, the county seat of Grant County, Wisc., a fertile region abounding in lead mines. He was ordained as an evangelist January 28, 1848. After several years of arduous pioneer work the failure of his health compelled him to return East for rest, and he spent most of the year 1857 in European travel. Returning to Lancaster, his work was again interrupted in the second year of the Civil War by his acceptance of the chaplaincy of the Seventh

Wisconsin Volunteers, one of the regiments of the "Iron Brigade." In this service he continued to the close of the war and gained the devoted friendship of soldiers and officers. He was on duty at the battles of South Mountain, Antietam, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, before Petersburg, and at Appomattox Court House on the surrender of General Lee. After resuming his pastorate the church was enlarged, and then replaced by a new structure, but at the end of twenty years' further service, and forty from the beginning of his pastorate, the church yielded to his request for release, and in 1886 he accepted the call of the Congregational church at Roscoe, Ill. His service there was also notable in character and results and continued for sixteen years. In 1902 he resigned from the pastorate, but at the desire of his people continued in the parsonage several months. In the autumn of 1903 he removed to Beloit, Wisc., the home of his son, President Eaton.

Since 1866 he had been a Trustee of Beloit College, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1883. From 1881 to 1899 he was a Corporate Member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and was recognized as a wise leader in church councils. Two of his sermons—one at the ordination of his eldest son in 1873—were published.

Dr. Eaton died after six months of extreme weakness, at the residence of his son, Dr. Samuel L. Eaton (Yale 1877), in Newton Highlands, Mass., February 9, 1905, at the age of 84 years.

He married, May 20, 1847, Catharine Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. James and Mary (Schoonmaker) Demarest, of Napanoch, Ulster County, N. Y. Their golden wedding was an occasion of unusual interest. They had four sons—all living—of whom the eldest, Rev. James D. Eaton, D.D. (Beloit 1869), has been for over twenty years a missionary in Mexico, the second, Rev. Edward D. Eaton, D.D., LL.D. (Beloit 1872, B.D. Yale 1875), has been President of Beloit College since 1886, and the two younger are physicians. Mrs. Eaton died in February, 1904.

WILLIAM ELLIS, son of William and Thankful (Dickinson) Ellis, was born February 4, 1821, at New Britain, Conn.

After graduation he studied medicine two years in New York City, receiving his degree in 1846. After teaching a short time in Jackson, Miss., he practiced his profession in Wisconsin, at Washington Harbor a few years, then at Green Bay until the

He then acquired a large tract of farming land in Kansas, and settled near Mound City, Linn County, but a succession of crop failures and other misfortunes decided him to remove to the Pacific country. After a journey of two weeks with his family he reached Astoria, Or., at the end of September, 1875, and spent six months at Westport, thirty miles above Astoria on the Columbia River, and a year at Oregon City. He then settled in the Willapa Valley, in the present State of Washington, making his home for the remainder of his life near Willapa, Pacific County, where he died January 23, 1905, in the 84th year of his age.

Mr. Ellis married February 29, 1852, Phebe Jane, daughter of Adam and Mary (Weaver) Boyce, of Canton, Onondaga County, N. Y., and had three sons and five daughters, all of whom except one daughter survive him. Mrs. Ellis is also living.

LEWIS GROUT, eldest of the eight sons and nine children of Deacon John and Azubah (Dunklee) Grout, was born January 28, 1815, in Newfane, Vt., but in 1836 removed to West Brattleboro, and after studying and teaching three years entered college.

After graduation he taught two years in Professor Kinsley's Classical and Mathematical School at West Point, N. Y., then spent two years at Yale Seminary, and completed his theological course at Andover in 1846. October 8 of that year he was ordained as a missionary at Springfield, Vt., and at the same time married Miss Lydia Bates of that place. Two days later, under appointment from the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, Mr. and Mrs. Grout sailed from Boston to join the Zulu Mission. Reaching Natal in February, 1847, he opened a new station at Umsunduze, and for fifteen years devoted himself to pioneer work. He made an exhaustive study of the Zulu and other languages, and in 1859 issued "The Isizulu; a Grammar of the Zulu Language," for which the Natal Government furnished the publication funds, and of which a revised edition was issued in 1893. While in Natal he prepared "Zululand" (Philadelphia, 1864), also a "Sketch" of the history of the native tribes, and many papers for the *Journal of the American Oriental Society*. Of this Society he was elected a corresponding member in 1849.



On account of impaired health he returned to America in 1862, and after resting for a time served as pastor of the Congregational church at Saxton's River, Vt., a year and at Feeding Hills, Mass., two years. In 1865 he became Secretary and Agent for New Hampshire and Vermont of the American Missionary Association, continuing in this service until 1884 and residing in West Brattleboro. The following year he spent collecting funds for Atlanta University. For three years he was pastor at Sudbury, Vt., but retired on account of infirmities in 1888, and since then had continued his activity in the discussion of historical, philological, and ethnological questions.

He was a member of the advisory council of the Auxiliary on African Ethnology of the World's Congress of the Columbian Exposition, for which he wrote "An Essay on the Place and Power of each Family of African Languages as Factors in the Development of Africa." He contributed many articles to the "Encyclopædia of Missions," N. Y., 1890, and besides able papers on the Christian ministry, and missionary and other addresses, in 1876 and 1894 prepared two valuable discourses on the History of the Congregational Church of West Brattleboro, covering its first fifty years, also a monograph on "The Olden Times of Brattleboro," 1899. His publications numbered in all over ninety.

Mr. Grout died of paralysis at his home in West Brattleboro, Vt., March 12, 1905, at the age of 90 years. Mrs. Grout died in 1897. Their only son died at an early age in Natal, and their only daughter, who was for many years a useful teacher at Atlanta University, Ga., and elsewhere, died in 1901. A brother survives him.

NATHANIEL SHAW PERKINS, son of Nathaniel Shaw Perkins (Yale 1812; hon. M.D. 1829), a highly esteemed physician of New London, Conn., was born in that city April 19, 1822. His mother was Ellen (Richards) Perkins.

For about fifteen years after graduation he was engaged in the whaling business in New London, as a member of the firm of Perkins & Smith. In 1850 he spent several months in California, having at the time extensive whaling interests in the North Pacific Ocean. From 1856 to 1863 he was in the business of furnishing ship supplies in Chili, South America, and in the summer of 1877 he went again to South America, returning in 1881.

During the intervening years he was in business in his native place. He was greatly interested in the affairs of his city, and served at one time as alderman. At the time of his death he was President of the Board of Trustees of the Bulkeley School.

Mr. Perkins died at the Shaw mansion, which had been in possession of his family for a century and a half, in New London, February 8, 1905, in the 83d year of his age. He was the last but one of fourteen children, a sister alone surviving him. He was never married.

## 1843

DAVID JUDSON ELY, son of David and Priscilla (Sturges) Ely, was born in Fairfield, Conn., May 29, 1820, but entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year from Rochester, N. Y.

Ever since graduation he had been an invalid, and never engaged in active business. He lived in Rochester until his death, which occurred at the home of his nephew, February 18, 1905. He was in the 85th year of his age, and had never married. A brother graduated in the same class, and an older brother, with whom he lived many years, graduated from the Medical Department in 1834.

## 1846

RENSSELAER RUSSELL NELSON, son of Hon. Samuel Nelson, LL.D. (Middlebury 1813), Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States from 1845 to 1872, and of Catherine Ann (Russell) Nelson, was born in Cooperstown, N. Y., May 12, 1826.

After graduation he studied law with James R. Whiting, sometime District Attorney of New York, and with Hon. George A. Starkweather in Cooperstown. He was admitted to practice in 1849, and the same year went to Buffalo, N. Y., intending to settle there, but the following year went to St. Paul, Minn., then a town of six hundred people. In 1854 he moved to Superior, Wisc., and in 1854-55 was District Attorney of Douglas County, in that State. He then returned to St. Paul, and in April, 1857, was appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Minnesota, and on the admission of Minnesota as a State in 1858 he was appointed by the President, Judge of the United States District Court, and held the office until his retirement from age limit in 1896.

For a year his health had been poor, but at length his illness assumed so serious a form that he was removed to St. Luke's

Hospital in St. Paul, where he died ten days later, October 15, 1904. He was 78 years of age. He was for eleven years President of the Church Club of Minnesota.

Judge Nelson married, November 3, 1858, Mrs. Emma F. Wright, daughter of Washington T. and Sarah A. (Fuller) Beebe, and had two daughters, of whom the younger is deceased. Mrs. Nelson died in 1886.

JOHN BUTLER TALCOTT, brother of George Talcott (Yale 1855), and son of Seth and Charlotte Stout (Butler) Talcott, was born September 14, 1824, in Enfield, Conn., but at four years of age removed with his parents to West Hartford.

At graduation he was Salutatorian of the class. He then began the study of law in the office of Francis Fellows, Esq., defraying his expenses by teaching in the Hartford Female Seminary, and serving as clerk in the Probate Court. The following year he was Tutor in Middlebury College, and from 1848 to 1851 Tutor in Greek in Yale College. He was admitted to the Connecticut bar in the winter of 1848, after which he continued his studies with the expectation of practicing that profession, but circumstances induced him to enter active business.

In 1851 he went to New Britain and became an important factor in the development of that city. He engaged in the manufacture of knit goods with Mr. Seth J. North. The latter's interests were afterwards consolidated with the New Britain Knitting Company, of which Mr. Talcott was manager for fourteen years. In 1868 he organized the American Hosiery Company, of which he was Secretary and Treasurer and then President to the close of his life. He was actively interested in many other business corporations, being President of the Mechanics' National Bank of New Britain, and director of the New Britain Savings Bank, the Connecticut General Life Insurance Co., and the P. & F. Corbin Hardware Co.

As a citizen he was honored with many offices. In 1876 he was a member of the Common Council, from 1877 to 1879 of the Board of Alderman, and for two terms was Mayor, his administration being considered one of the best in the history of the city. He was one of the original incorporators of the New Britain Institute, of which he was for many years President, and to which he also gave the "Talcott Art Fund." He was the first President of the New Britain Club. In many ways his



public spirit and high ideals were shown. He was for several years Vice-President of the Young Men's Christian Association, and from 1884 to the time of his death Deacon of the South Congregational Church. As a recreation from business he daily read Plato, Horace, or other favorite Greek or Latin author.

Mr. Talcott died after many months of illness at his home in New Britain, February 21, 1905, in the 81st year of his age.

He married, September 13, 1848, Miss Jane Croswell Goodwin, of West Hartford, who died in 1878. Of three sons and a daughter by this marriage, one son (Yale 1891) only is living. In 1880 Mr. Talcott married Miss Fannie Hall Hazen, who with two daughters survives him.

## 1847

JOHN CARPENTER ANGELL, son of Amasa and Mary (Ward) Angell, was born in Pleasant Valley, Dutchess County, N. Y., November 10, 1818, but entered college with his class from Clyde, Wayne County, N. Y.

After graduation he spent a year in traveling in the interests of the *American Journal of Science* for Professor Silliman, later prepared statistical and other matter for *Hunt's Merchant's Magazine*, and was for a time an assistant editor of the *New York Whig Review*.

In January, 1849, in company with Mark Hopkins, Dr. J. B. Stillman and others, he sailed by way of Cape Horn from New York to San Francisco, reaching there in August, after a voyage of one hundred and ninety-four days. He prospered as a merchant, but returned East after the fire of 1852. For the next twenty years he was in business in New York City. He was President of the Bell & Heath Coal Mining Co., and Trustee of the Clifton Iron Works and Clifton Steel Co., but met reverses and in 1876 returned to California. For a number of years he was General Manager for the Pacific Coast of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York. In 1885 and 1890 he was a Commissioner to the Presbyterian General Assembly. He was also influential in religious matters, being a Director of the Young Men's Christian Association of San Francisco, Trustee of the California Bible Society, and for nearly fifteen years conducting a large Bible class. He was a Ruling Elder in the Calvary Presbyterian Church, San Francisco, Cal.

Mr. Angell died without disease or suffering at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., October 5, 1904, in the 86th year of his age. Several winters previous he had spent in Washington, D. C., and crossed the continent twelve times.

He married, October 19, 1854, Elizabeth Leonard, daughter of Stephen West Hyde, a merchant and farmer of Palmyra, N. Y., and granddaughter of Rev. Alvan Hyde, D.D. (Dartmouth 1788), of Lee, Mass., Vice-President of Williams College. She died in 1863 leaving two sons and a daughter, who survive. In December, 1868, he married Amelia, daughter of Lewis Ludington, of Carmel, Putnam County, N. Y., who died in 1870 leaving no issue.

SYLVANUS PRATT MARVIN, son of John and Lydia Hull (Pratt) Marvin, was born March 17, 1822, at Lyme, Conn., but at the age of 14 years moved with his father's family to Deep River, in Saybrook, on the opposite bank of the Connecticut River, and from that place entered college.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Divinity School, at the same time teaching in the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General William H. Russell (Yale 1833). June 25, 1851, he was ordained pastor of the First Congregational Church, Jamestown, N. Y., and remained there six years. Although declining settlement at Franklin, N. Y., he labored there three years, and at one time sixty persons united with the church. During his stay there he was instrumental in bringing the Congregational churches of the vicinity together into the Delaware Association. He was then at Torrington, Conn., for about four years, and February 22, 1865, was installed over the Congregational Church in Woodbridge, Conn., where he continued as pastor nearly forty years. In promoting the higher life of the community he was always an efficient helper, and he was especially loved as a pastor and friend.

His sermons on the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Woodbridge Congregational Church and on the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of his Pastorate there, also his Funeral Oration on Rev. James L. Willard of Westville, Conn., were printed.

Mr. Marvin died after a brief illness at the parsonage in Woodbridge, November 24, 1904, at the age of 82 years.

He married May 27, 1851, Sylvina, daughter of Miles and Lucinda (Plumb) Buell, of Clinton, Conn. Mrs. Marvin died in Woodbridge January 20, 1902, but one of their two sons survives.

## 1848

GEORGE LANGDON, son of Edward and Emeline (Gates) Langdon, was born August 4, 1826, at Plymouth, Conn.

The year after graduation he went into business with Mr. L. P. Porter in Colchester, Conn., and in 1854 with four others started the Novelty Rubber Company, of which he was Secretary and a director, and which in 1855 located in New Brunswick, N. J. After residing in the latter place two years he returned to Plymouth. In 1869 he was one of the incorporators of the Plymouth Woolen Company, and Secretary, Treasurer, and a director. He was also a founder and director of the Thomaston Knife Company.

While living in Colchester he was elected one of the Board of School Visitors, and in 1853 a member of the Legislature, and after his return to Plymouth he was Acting School Visitor eight years, Selectman ten years, also Town Treasurer, and served the town in other offices. He was Deacon and Clerk of the Congregational Church, and Superintendent of the Sunday School.

For many years he was occupied with various forms of service to the State. During the Civil War he was appointed by Governor Buckingham a commissioner to secure the enlistment of colored men in Connecticut regiments. In 1872 and 1873 he was a trustee of the Reform School at Meriden. Having joined the Connecticut Sunday School Association upon its organization in 1859, for over forty years he was an efficient worker in the Association, assisting in starting many Sunday Schools and at numerous conventions. He was County Secretary, Chairman of the Executive Committee, and during his later years an honorary life member of the Executive Committee.

Mr. Langdon died of chronic gastritis at his home in Plymouth May 28, 1905, in the 79th year of his age.

He married, September 3, 1851, Elizabeth A., daughter of Russell and Anna (Stevens) Carrington, of Colchester, who survives him with two of their five sons and one daughter. The eldest son graduated from Yale University in 1877.



THOMAS RUGGLES GOLD PECK, son of John Peck, a merchant of New York City, and Mary S. Peck, residing in Brooklyn, N. Y., was born at the home of his grandfather, Hon. Thomas Ruggles Gold (Yale 1786) in Whitesboro, N. Y., February 28, 1827.

After graduation he studied at Princeton Theological Seminary over a year and at Union Seminary two years, and then spent a year abroad. He was ordained by the Reformed (Dutch) Classis of New York on April 18, 1854, and for five years thereafter was pastor of the Reformed (Dutch) Church in Richmond, Staten Island, N. Y., and then for about the same length of time of the Huguenot Church, Charleston, S. C. During the last year of the War he ran the blockade, and coming North, was for seventeen years pastor at Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y. Closing his work there in 1882, he was for ten years pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Waterville, Oneida County, N. Y. After this he supplied the pulpit of the Memorial Presbyterian Church in St. Augustine, Fla., for a time, and since 1894 had been pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Port Jefferson, N. Y.

Mr. Peck had crossed the Atlantic Ocean about forty times, and lived for several months in Palestine, Egypt and Greece, and visited Iceland, Morocco, and the Sandwich Islands. He wrote descriptions of his journeys for newspapers, and in his earlier life contributed to *Harper's Magazine*, *Frank Leslie's* and *The Independent*, and was Associate Editor of the *New York Observer* for a time.

He died after an illness of five weeks at the Methodist Episcopal (Seney) Hospital in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 18, 1905, in the 78th year of his age.

He married September 8, 1859, Susan J., daughter of Barnet and Susan (Conklin) Egbert, of Richmond, Staten Island, N. Y., and had three sons, who with Mrs. Peck survive him.

THOMAS CICERO PINCKARD, son of William and Sarah Spratlin (Calloway) Pinckard, was born in Forsyth, Ga., August 23, 1826, and entered the Junior class from Trinity College, Chapel Hill, N. C.

After graduation he resided in Tuskegee, Ala., until 1868, except for about two years from 1860 to 1862, when he was in Montgomery. In 1868 he removed to Greenville, Ala.

He studied law with Hon. William P. Chilton, was admitted to the bar in October, 1848, and practiced until the end of 1854. He then opened a private school for boys, which he conducted for twenty years. Since 1873 his home had been in Opelika, Ala., where he served for eight years as a member of the Board of Education, and four years as Mayor. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church about thirty years.

Mr. Pinckard died at Opelika October 16, 1904, at the age of 78 years.

He married, June 22, 1852, Mary Ellen, daughter of Edward F. and Catherine (Irby) Comegys, of Montgomery, and had four sons and three daughters, of whom two sons and one daughter are living.

During the Civil War Mr. Pinckard served in the Fourteenth Alabama Regiment, and one son (Univ. Ala. 1886) was Major of the Second Regiment, United States Volunteer Engineers, in the Spanish-American War in 1898.

#### 1849

AUGUSTUS BRANDEGEE, son of John and Mary Ann (Deshon) Brandegee, and brother of Rev. John Jacob Brandegee, D.D. (Yale 1843), was born at New London, Conn., June 15, 1828.

After graduation he spent a year in the law office of Hon. Andrew C. Lippitt (Amherst 1837) in New London, studied in the Yale Law School for a year, and then practiced in partnership with Mr. Lippitt until 1854. In 1887, his son (Yale 1885) became his partner, and in 1892 he formed the law firm of Brandegee, Noyes & Brandegee.

Mr. Brandegee held many important political positions. In 1854 he was elected a Representative in the Connecticut Legislature, of which he continued a member until 1857. After two years of service as Judge of the City Court of New London, he was again a member of the House of Representatives till 1861, in the latter year being Speaker of that body.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he was active in raising troops, and was an effective speaker at patriotic gatherings. From 1863 to 1867 he was a member of the National House of Representatives at Washington. In 1871 and 1872 he was Mayor of New London, and in 1886 was City Attorney. In 1860 he was a State Presidential Elector, in 1864, 1880, and 1884 a del-

egate to the Republican National Conventions, at the two latter being Chairman of the Connecticut Delegation.

Mr. Brandegee died after an illness of several months, at his home in New London, November 10, 1904, at the age of 76 years.

He married, in September, 1854, Miss Nancie Christina Bosworth, of Lee, Mass., and had two sons and two daughters. Mrs. Brandegee died March 27, 1881, and one son and one daughter are also deceased. The surviving son was formerly Speaker of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and has been elected Senator in the Congress of the United States.

## 1850

THOMAS DYER CONYNGHAM, son of Hon. John Nesbitt Conyngham, LL.D. (Univ. Pa. 1817), President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Luzerne County, Pa., from 1850 to 1871, was born at Wilkes-Barré, the capital of that county, December 11, 1831.

For two years after graduation he was a civil engineer on the Pennsylvania (Central) Railroad, and for four years in the same capacity on the Northern Pennsylvania Railroad, residing successively at Coopersburg, Helentown and Easton. For many years from 1857 he was engaged in the coal business, and was a member of the firm of Broderick & Co., who were large operators in coal and iron in Pennsylvania, Virginia and New Jersey. During a portion of this time his home was at Wilkes-Barré. In later years he was in business in New York City, living at New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y., where he died November 7, 1904, in the 73d year of his age.

He married, June 5, 1856, Harriet McKee, daughter of Peter S. Michler, of Easton, Pa., and had two sons and two daughters, of whom one son died in infancy. Mrs. Conyngham died at New Brighton, S. I., November 11, 1899. A brother graduated from Yale College in the class of 1846.

## 1851

HENRY DYER WHITE, eldest of the seven sons of Henry White (Yale 1821) and Martha (Sherman) White, was born September 24, 1830, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his father, and of General Dennis Kimberly (Yale 1812) and John S. Beach



LL.D. (Yale 1839), and a year in the Yale Law School. He was admitted to the bar in 1854, and since then had practiced his profession in New Haven, for many years in partnership with three of his brothers, continuing the system of abstracts of land titles started by his father and regarded as authoritative upon the ownership of land in New Haven. He was the friend and trusted counselor of many, and was especially occupied with the settlement of estates and the care of trust funds. Mr. White was a trustee of the New Haven Savings Bank for fifty years and its attorney, also a director of the New Haven County National Bank. He was Class Secretary from graduation.

Although in ill health for three years past, he was able to attend to his business until a few days before his death, which occurred from heart disease at the home of his daughter, May 4, 1905, in the 75th year of his age.

Mr. White married, June 4, 1863, Julia Flewwelling, daughter of John Parker and Eliza (Tallmadge) White, of Philadelphia, who died August 16, 1875. One of their two daughters, with whom he spent two years in Colorado, died there in 1891. The other daughter survives him. Five brothers, all graduates of Yale College, in 1854, 1859, 1860, 1864, and 1866, respectively, are also living.

#### 1852

DAVID SKINNER BIGELOW, son of Jonathan Gates and Hope (Skinner) Bigelow, was a lifelong resident of Colchester, Conn., and was born in that part of the town called Westchester, April 3, 1829.

After graduation he returned to Colchester, where he had since carried on an extensive grazing farm. In 1863 he represented the town in the State Legislature. He served the town as Selectman, and as school visitor from the year after graduation for forty years, and was also chairman of the board of trustees of Bacon Academy. He was a trustee of the Colchester Savings Bank and a director of the National Bank of New England at East Haddam. In 1863 he united with the Westchester Congregational Church, was clerk of the society thirty years, and superintendent of the Sunday School nineteen years.

Mr. Bigelow died, May 8, 1905, at the age of 76 years, from the effects of an injury received about twenty-five years previously while riding.

He married, November 9, 1852, Abby Mandana, daughter of Revilo Cone and Mandana (Robbins) Usher, and had four sons, of whom three with Mrs. Bigelow survive him. The eldest son is the Class Boy of 1852.

CYRUS LYMAN HALL, son of Daniel and Philena (Lyman) Hall, was born in Perry, Wyoming County, N. Y., September 17, 1824. He prepared himself for college while teaching school, and entered at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught at Woodbury, Conn., and Fordham, N. Y., at the same time studying law, and was admitted to the bar at Brooklyn, N. Y., October 1, 1854. He began the practice of his profession in Batavia, N. Y., but in 1856 removed to Hudson, St. Croix County, Wisc. In 1858-59 he was District Attorney for that county, and from 1862 to 1870 County Judge. On his return to practice he gave special attention to real estate matters. In 1892 he entered the United States Bureau of Pensions at Washington, D. C., engaging in work for which his experience as judge and lawyer had especially fitted him. He continued his labors in the midst of congenial surroundings until August, 1904, when he left Washington for a visit to the home of his son in Owen, Clark County, Wisc., where he died the following month, September 22, 1904, at the age of 80 years.

He married, May 1, 1854, Josephine Bacon, daughter of Theodore Walter Walker, of Woodbury, Conn., and had two sons,—of whom the elder died in infancy,—and one daughter. Mrs. Hall died December 4, 1897, after many years of invalidism.

MOSES SMITH was born in Hebron, Conn., August 16, 1830, the youngest of the five children of Deacon Nathan and Jerusha (Ashley) Smith.

After graduation he taught in Westfield (Mass.) Academy, where he had received part of his preparation for college, and in Chester, Conn., for three years, and then entered Andover Theological Seminary. He spent a year in the Yale Theological Seminary under Dr. Nathaniel W. Taylor, after which he returned to Andover and graduated in 1859. He was licensed to preach in May, 1857, and during the revivals of that year and the following labored with much success at Ansonia and Farmington, Conn. At the latter he declined the associate pastorate with Rev. Dr. Noah Porter (Yale 1803), and began the study of

medicine with a view to missionary work in Africa, but his health proved inadequate for that. On September 22, 1859, he was ordained and installed pastor of the Congregational church in Plainville, Conn. Feeling it his duty to enter the army in defence of the Union, he was given leave of absence by the church, and in August, 1863, was enrolled in Company A, 8th Connecticut Volunteer Infantry. He declined the offer of a lieutenancy, and enlisted as a private, but in December was unanimously elected Chaplain. In this position he served two years, always accompanying his regiment on the march or in the field. He was in front of Richmond in 1864, and entered that city with the first troops in April, 1865, and he shared in the battles of Bermuda Hundred, Drury's Bluff, Cold Harbor, and Fort Harrison. In the summer of 1865 he was on detached service under the Freedman's Bureau, and then returned to Plainville, where he continued as pastor until March 31, 1869.

He was installed as the first pastor of the Leavitt Street Congregational Church, Chicago, Ill., on May 3 of that year, and remained until the close of 1873, the membership of the church greatly increasing during that time. During two years of this pastorate he was Secretary of the Western Education Society. In the "Great Fire" of October, 1871, all the members of the church except two were burned out. Mr. Smith took an active part in the relief work of the city.

He declined a unanimous call to the Tabernacle Church in Chicago, and on January 1, 1874, became pastor of the First Congregational Church, Jackson, Mich. After five years of service there, he was settled over the Woodward Avenue Church, in Detroit, where he remained nearly nine years, and for the years following was at Glencoe, a suburb of Chicago, leaving to the great regret of all only after he had entirely lost his sight. He subsequently served as pastor at Garden Prairie, Ill., about eighteen months. He was an active temperance worker, and in his churches and in the army organized temperance societies. He was a Trustee of Olivet College from 1876 to 1878, and of Chicago Theological Seminary from 1885 to 1891, and a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions since 1876.

He was Moderator of the State Association of Michigan in 1882, three times a delegate to the National Council of Congregational Churches, and a delegate from the Chicago churches to



the unveiling of the memorial tablet to Rev. John Robinson, in Leyden, Holland.

He was the author of the volumes "A Voice in the Great Conflict," Hartford, 1863, and "Questions of the Ages," Chicago, 1888, but besides these only two or three sermons and addresses were printed.

Mr. Smith died at his home, which he had built in Chicago, November 30, 1904, at the age of 74 years.

He married, June 12, 1860, Emily Austin, daughter of Deacon Marcus White, a merchant of Marengo, McHenry County, Ill., who survives him. She is a trustee of Mount Holyoke College. Their only child, a son, died in infancy in 1875, but they brought up three orphan children.

### 1853

CHARLES FERDINAND DOWD, son of Wyllys Wedworth and Rebecca (Graves) Dowd, was born in Madison, Conn., April 25, 1825. His father's business failure in 1842 delayed his preparation for college, and with the exception of two winters of district school teaching he worked for his father at the trade of shoe-making until he became of age, after which he studied under Rev. William W. Woodworth, D.D. (Yale 1838), then pastor in Berlin, Conn. He entered the class of 1852, but at the close of the first term his resources failed, and he did not return to college until the following year, then joining the next class. His course was much interrupted by teaching during the winters, but he received the degree of Master of Arts and enrollment with his class in 1856.

In the fall of 1853 he became Principal of the Preparatory Department of Newton University, Baltimore, Md., and later Professor of Mathematics in his Collegiate Department. From 1855 to 1857 he was Superintendent of the city Schools in Waterbury, Conn., and Principal of the High School. The next year he was Associate Principal of the State Normal School in New Britain, and then returned for another year as Superintendent in Waterbury. From 1860 to 1868 he was Principal of the North Granville (N. Y.) Ladies' Seminary, and since then President, and until his retirement also Principal, of Temple Grove Seminary, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

While engaged in teaching he pursued theological studies and in February, 1863, was licensed to preach by the Troy (N. Y.)

Presbytery, and just two years later was ordained by the same Presbytery as an evangelist; but with teaching he found no time for a pastorate. He received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from New York University in 1888, and the same year was made a Fellow of the Society of Science, Letters and Arts of London.

In the fall of 1869 he presented the subject of Standard Time to a convention of railway officials in New York City, and afterwards to other similar conventions in Boston, Atlanta and elsewhere, and by characteristic persistency succeeded in having the system as originated and worked out by him adopted by the railroads in 1883. He wrote several works on the subject.

Dr. Dowd was instantly killed by a railway train at a street crossing in Saratoga Springs, November 12, 1904. He was in the 80th year of his age. He united with the Congregational Church in Madison, Conn., at the age of 12 years.

He married, October 6, 1852, Harriet Miriam, daughter of Edmund and Maria (Wilcox) North, of Berlin, Conn., and a graduate of Mount Holyoke Seminary in 1851. Their golden wedding was celebrated in 1902. Mrs. Dowd survives him, also four sons and two daughters.

One son graduated from Williams College in 1879, and another in 1885, and a grandson from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1900. A daughter is the widow of Lewis A. James (Williams 1885), the other daughter the wife of Colonel James W. Lester (Union 1899).

In his memory a bronze tablet has been placed on the interior wall of the Second Presbyterian Church of Saratoga Springs by the Temple Grove Association.

WILLIAM THACHER GILBERT, son of Luther and Mary Ann (Thacher) Gilbert, was born May 16, 1829, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation he studied theology three years in the Yale Divinity School, and then entered the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1857 he was admitted to the New York East Conference, and the same year began his service at West Granby, Conn. After a year he was stationed at East Granby, and then successively at Wilton, South Britain, and Burlington, Conn. During 1864 and 1865 he was engaged in missionary and educational work at New Orleans, La. For the next twenty years he was pastor at Cheshire, Warren, Naugatuck, Southbury,

Nichols' Farm, Cornwall Bridge and New Milford, Conn., and Pound Ridge, N. Y. From 1886 to 1889 he was at Stepney, Conn., 1889 to 1891 at Pleasant Valley and Colebrook River, 1891 to 1893 at Stamford, and 1893 to 1895 at Newtown, Conn. In 1895 he retired from active work in the ministry, and had since resided with his daughter at New Milford. In 1902 he preached the semi-centennial sermon in the Methodist Church there. During his later years he was treasurer of the church, and occasionally rendered pastoral service. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives from Southbury in 1868, and in 1868-69 was Town Clerk of that town.

Mr. Gilbert died of apoplexy at his home in New Milford October 1, 1904, at the age of 75 years.

He married, March 6, 1856, Harriet L., daughter of Elias and Lavinia (Newman) Gilbert, of Ridgefield, Conn., and had four daughters, all of whom survive him. Mrs. Gilbert died in 1894.

JOSEPH OLDS, son of Hon. Edson Baldwin Olds, Speaker of the Ohio Senate in 1848, and Representative in Congress from 1849 to 1855, and of Anna Maria (Carolus) Olds, was born April 15, 1832, in Circleville, O.

After graduation he studied law a year in Circleville, then entered the Harvard Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1856. He began practice in Circleville, and resided there until May, 1873, during the last five years of that time being Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Fifth Judicial District. On retiring from office he removed to Columbus, O., and practiced there until his death, January 31, 1905, in the 73d year of his age.

He married, December 30, 1858, Miss Eliza P. Scott, of Portsmouth, O., who died the following summer, leaving no children.

In 1866 he married Mary, daughter of William Marshall and Eliza (McAuthor) Anderson, of Chillicothe, who died in 1897.

Their two sons and four daughters are all living.

HENRY PUTNAM STEARNS, son of Asa and Mary (Putnam) Stearns, was born April 18, 1828, in Sutton, Mass.

After graduation he studied a year each in the Harvard and Yale Medical Schools, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the latter in 1855. He spent a year in further study in Paris and Edinburgh, becoming House Surgeon at the Royal



Infirmary in the latter city. In the autumn of 1857 he began practice in Marlboro, Mass., and in 1860 removed to Hartford, Conn.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he was appointed Surgeon of the First Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, and was at the first battle of Bull Run. After the expiration of the three months' service he was appointed Brigade Surgeon of Volunteers in the Department of the West. He was Medical Director on the staff of General Grant during the winter of 1861-62, and the following spring became Medical Director of the right wing of the Army of the Tennessee. He was with General Grant at the battles of Belmont, Fort Henry, Fort Donelson and Shiloh. He was afterward on detached duty as Inspector of United States Hospitals at St. Louis, and then Medical Director at Paducah, Ky. He built and equipped a hospital at Jeffersonville, Ind., and was then made Medical Director of the north wing of the Army of the Tennessee at Nashville, where he had an average of 10,000 patients under his charge. At the end of the war he was mustered out of service with the rank of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel. He declined a permanent position in the medical department of the United States Army, and in January, 1866, returned to Hartford and resumed a general practice, which constantly increased during the next eight years.

In January, 1874, he was appointed Physician and Superintendent of the Retreat for the Insane, and in the performance of his exacting duties showed conscientiousness, wisdom, energy, and a progressive spirit. After a service of over thirty-one years he retired on account of age, March 31, 1905, but continued as a director of the Retreat. He held a leading place among the specialists of the country on mental diseases, and appeared as an expert in many medico-legal cases. He was Lecturer on Insanity in the Yale Medical School from 1876 to 1897.

Dr. Stearns was the author of the two volumes, "Insanity; its Causes and Prevention" and "Mental Diseases," a pamphlet entitled "Expert Testimony in the Case of the United States against Guiteau," portions of the "Medical and Surgical History of the War of the Rebellion," and monographs on a variety of topics. He compiled most of the records of the Increase Stearns family.

He was President of the Connecticut Medical Society, of the Hartford Medical Society, and of the American Medico-

Psychological Association, an honorary member of the British Medico-Psychological Association, and President of the Yale Medical Alumni Association. He was a Director of the Connecticut Fire Insurance Co., the Travellers Insurance Co., the Hartford Electric Light Co., and the Connecticut Humane Society, and Trustee of the Hartford Trust Co. and the Connecticut Institute for the Blind. For thirty years past he had been a Deacon of the Center Church, and was also a member of the prudential committee.

Dr. Stearns died after several months of failing health at his home in Hartford, May 27, 1905, at the age of 77 years.

He married, September 29, 1857, Annie Elizabeth, daughter of Captain James and Elizabeth Storer, of Dumfries, Scotland, and had two sons and a daughter, of whom the latter died in childhood. The elder son was graduated from Williams College in 1881 and from the Yale Law School in 1884.

#### 1854

EDWARD PAYSON BUFFETT, son of Judge William Platt Buffett (Yale 1812) and Nancy (Rogers) Buffett, was born at Smithtown, Long Island, N. Y., November 7, 1833.

After graduation from Yale he took the course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, and received therefrom the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1857. The following year he settled in Bergen, N. J., which later became a part of Jersey City, and had since continued in practice there. For over fifteen years he was visiting physician and surgeon of the Hudson County (now Christ) Hospital, and for nearly twenty years visiting surgeon of the City Hospital of Jersey City. He was a member of the Bergen and Jersey City Boards of Education for a number of years, and an Elder in the Reformed (Dutch) Church.

Dr. Buffett died of heart disease at his home in Jersey City, September 9, 1904, in the 71st year of his age.

He married, April 26, 1864, Catherine Lewis, daughter of Walter M. Smith, of New York City, but her death occurred less than six months later. In June, 1872, he married Alletta, daughter of Cornelius C. Van Reypen, of Jersey City Heights. She died in 1873, leaving a son, who graduated from Stevens Institute of Technology in 1894, and from the New York Law School in 1897.

Dr. Buffett was the author of one book, a work of fiction, and of occasional magazine articles on professional and other topics.

EDWARD CORNELIUS DuBois, son of Cornelius and Julia A. (Moore) DuBois, was born in Poughkeepsie, Dutchess County, N. Y., February 2, 1831.

After graduation he was a Civil Engineer on the Great Western Railroad of Canada for the first two years, and then on the Detroit & Milwaukee Railroad. In the fall of 1857 he went to Chili, where he was engaged in engineering work for eight years. After a short stay in the United States he was employed on public works in Mexico, but owing to disturbed conditions in that country he was obliged to spend the first year in the City of Mexico. In 1868 he again returned home, and after remaining two years went to Panama, where he was occupied in bridge estimates for the Panama Railroad, and was later Superintendent. After another visit to the United States he spent the remainder of his life in Peru, where he devoted himself most successfully to railroad building and management, and built a stately residence in Lima. He retired from active work as an engineer some ten years ago, but continued to reside in Lima until his death, May 25, 1903, at the age of 72 years. He was buried in Lima. He was a Roman Catholic for many years.

Mr. DuBois married, August 2, 1873, Manuela Emilia Gonzales y Orbegaso, daughter of Vincente Gonzales Pinellos, and had five daughters and a son, who with their mother survive him. The four elder daughters and son received their education in the United States.

EDWARD WILBERFORCE LAMBERT, son of William Gage and Sarah (Perley) Lambert, was born in Boston, Mass., February 15, 1831. When fifteen years of age he entered a store in Boston, but after three years of experience in business went to Northampton, Mass., where he was prepared for college in the classical school of Lewis J. Dudley (Yale 1838), and joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year. During Senior year his father removed to New York City.

After graduation he at once began the study of medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now a department of Columbia University). In 1856 he spent six months in European travel, and received his medical diploma in the spring of 1857. During the succeeding fifteen months he served as assistant and House Physician in Bellevue Hospital. On September 1, 1858, he began the general practice of medicine in New York City, and acquired



a high reputation as a physician. For some years he was an attending physician at St. Luke's Hospital and the Nursery and Child's Hospital, and was President of the Medical Board and one of the governors of the Society of the Lying-in Hospital of New York City. His home for over thirty years was at 2 East 37th street, but in 1902 he removed to 126 East 39th street. During most of this time he had also a summer residence at New Canaan, Conn.

Upon the organization of the Equitable Life Assurance Society in 1859, he was appointed Medical Examiner, and had since continued at the head of that department of the company. For a time he was also examining physician for other insurance companies, but later he was made Medical Director of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, with supervision of all examiners at home and abroad, and gave his entire time to the work.

Dr. Lambert died after a week's illness from heart disease, at his home in New York City, July 17, 1904, at the age of 73 years. He was a member of the Broadway Tabernacle.

He married at Dorchester, Mass., September 9, 1858, Martha Melcher, daughter of Samuel W. Waldron, and had four sons and six daughters, of whom the sons and four of the daughters are living. The sons graduated from Yale College, respectively, in 1880, 1884, 1886 and 1893, and three of them are practicing physicians in New York City. One daughter married Dickinson W. Richards (Yale 1880). Another married William Ransom Barbour (Yale 1880), and a third married Knight Dexter Cheney (Yale 1892).

ADRIAN VAN SINDEREN, son of William Henry and Lydia Matilda (Howard) Van Sinderen, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., April 13, 1833.

After graduation he studied law in New York City, was admitted to the bar in February, 1857, and for nearly thirty-five years practiced his profession in that city, and was for many years an honored citizen of Brooklyn. He was for twenty-five years Director of the Brooklyn Library and for eight years President of the Board, also for three years a member of the Board of Education of that city. Since 1891 he had lived abroad. He died of pneumonia in Berlin, Germany, February 7, 1905, in the 72d year of his age.

He married, January 22, 1856, Laura Boorman, daughter of George Leslie and Martha J. (Watson) Sampson of Brooklyn. She died in February, 1872, after a long period of failing health, during which Mr. Van Sinderen spent nearly three years in Europe with her without permanent benefit to her condition. Two sons survive, the younger being a graduate of the Columbia School of Mines in 1881 and of the Columbia Law School in 1883.

## 1855

JOHN ANKETELL, son of John Anketell and Augusta Abigail (Mills) Anketell, was born on the present site of the Yale Law School in New Haven, Conn., March 8, 1835.

After graduation he studied over a year in Yale Theological Seminary and was licensed to preach March 4, 1857, and then spent a year in Germany at the University of Halle. After a year at Andover Theological Seminary and further research he entered Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn., and was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Williams December 29, 1859, and Priest December 22, 1860. From that time until 1868 he was rector of St. Luke's, Darien, Conn., St. Paul's, Windham, Conn., St. James's, Winsted, Conn., and St. Paul's, Havana, New York. While rector at Havana he was also Professor of Languages in the Masonic College in that place.

In 1868 he revisited Germany, and was the founder and first rector of St. John's (American) Church, at Dresden, Saxony.

On his return to the United States he was for some time in charge of the Church of the Advent in Boston, was rector of St. Peter's Church, Oxford, Conn., and for two years assistant rector of St. Thomas's Church, New York City, resigning the latter charge to become Professor of Hebrew and Greek Exegesis in Seabury Divinity School, Faribault, Minn. From 1878 to 1880 he was rector of Christ Church, Austin, Minn., from 1880 to 1882 of St. Mark's Church, Newcastle, Mt. Kisco, New York, from 1884 to 1886 Chaplain at St. Barnabas' Church, New York City, and in 1886-87 at Bellevue Hospital. He continued to reside in New York City until 1891, when he became rector of St. Luke's Church, Fair Haven, Vt., resigning to accept a call to St. Andrew's Church, Walden, New York. In 1903 he was appointed rector of Christ Church, West Burlington, New York.

Mr. Anketell was known as a hymnologist, linguist and poet. His hymns and translations were first published largely in the *Church Standard* of Philadelphia, *The Living Church*, Milwaukee, and the *Church Eclectic* of New York, and his translations into English of the hymns for the Moravian Church in *The Moravian* of Bethlehem, Pa. He published "Gospel and Epistle Hymns for the Christian Year" in 1890 and "Student Life in Germany" in 1894. His prize essay on "Marriage and its Impediments" was published in the *Church Eclectic* in 1886. He was the author of the Centennial Poem for the celebration of the capture of Major André at Tarrytown, N. Y., in 1880, of the "Inauguration Hymn" of President Cleveland in 1885, and of many articles and poems in magazines and papers.

For the last fifteen years of his life he was associate editor of the Christian Year Calendar, and his translations from the Greek for the Calendar of the Liturgy of St. John Chrysostom and the Liturgy of St. James were highly commended by able scholars. He was regarded as an authority on the subject of liturgies. Mr. Anketell died of pneumonia at West Burlington, Otsego County, N. Y., March 9, 1905, the day after his birthday anniversary, at the age of 70 years.

He married at St. Thomas's Church, New Haven, Conn., April 24, 1860, Marie Louise, daughter of Joseph D. and Susan M. (Sutton) Butterfield, of Montrose, Pa. Mrs. Anketell died one week after the death of her husband. They had two sons (of whom the elder died in infancy), and one daughter. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1864.

HENRY ANDERSON DICKINSON, son of Henry Anderson and Julia (Ferry) Dickinson, was born at Granby, Mass., June 27, 1833.

After graduation he taught a year each in West Hartford, Conn., New York City, and Binghamton, N. Y., and then entered Andover Theological Seminary. Graduating thence in 1861, he was for over a year acting pastor at Wellesley, Mass., and from the spring of 1863 to 1865 at Vermilionville, Ill. He was ordained at Tonica, Ill., October 16, 1863. In 1867 he was installed pastor of the Congregational Church at Chester Center, Mass., where he continued for ten years, and during the five years following was acting pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Huntington. Ill health then forced him to give up



preaching for two or three years, but he continued to reside in Huntington, and was afterward able to preach, temporarily supplying the pulpits of several different churches in neighboring towns. He was always active in all the higher interests of the community.

Mr. Dickinson died of heart disease at his home in Huntington July 14, 1904, at the age of 71 years.

He married, December 12, 1865, at Vermilionville, Ill., Sarah A., daughter of James S. Bullock, M.D., and Nancy (Barrows) Bullock, and had four sons, all of whom survive him. Mrs. Dickinson died June 1, 1902.

JARVIS KING MASON, son of John and Achsah (Terry) Mason, was born at Enfield, Conn., November 8, 1831.

After graduation he taught a year and a half in Buffalo, N. Y., Bucyrus, O., and Richmond, Tex., during the vacations traveling extensively in the West and Southwest, and then spent two years in charge of the Male Academy in Carthage, Miss., and also began the study of medicine.

On returning North he continued his medical studies with Dr. Clarke, of Whitinsville, Mass., and Dr. William Warren Greene (M.D. Univ. Mich. 1855) of Portland, Me., and meanwhile also attended two courses of lectures in the Medical Department of Harvard University, from which he received his medical degree in March, 1861. Two months later he began the practice of medicine and surgery in Suffield, Conn., which he continued there for forty-three years.

He was appointed Medical Examiner of the town under the statute of 1883 and so remained to the close of his life, was health officer for ten years from 1893 and town physician for several years from 1895. He was also Medical Examiner for a number of leading insurance companies. He was President of the Hartford County Health Officers' Association in 1897 and 1898, and President of the Hartford County Medical Association in 1897, Fellow of the Connecticut Medical Association, and a delegate from Hartford County to the American Medical Association. He was a frequent contributor to medical journals.

He was active in forwarding public improvements, and had been a director of the Kent Library Association from its foundation in 1884. He was a member of the First Congregational Church.

Dr. Mason married, at Monson, Mass., June 23, 1863, Mrs. Mrya R. Reynolds, widow of James L. Reynolds, Jr., and daughter of Jonathan and Caroline (King) Homer, who died the following spring. In September, 1873, he married Clara K., daughter of Edward and Clarissa (Kendall) Halliday, of Suffield, Conn. She died in 1876, and in October, 1877, he married Mary L., daughter of Rev. Lucius R. Eastman (Amherst 1833) and Sarah (Belden) Eastman, of Amherst, Mass., who survives him. By the second marriage he had two daughters, one of whom is living, and by his last marriage two daughters and a son, all living, the son having graduated from Trinity College in 1901.

Dr. Mason died of paralysis at his home in Suffield, April 8, 1905, at the age of 73 years.

## 1856

DAVID PLUNKET RICHARDSON, son of William Plunket Richardson, M.D. (Union 1811) and Mary (Porter) Richardson, was born in Macedon, Wayne County, N. Y., May 28, 1833, and entered the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught in Angelica, Allegany County, N. Y., till April, 1859, and then entered the law office of Rawson & Stebbins, in Rochester, N. Y., where he was admitted to the bar in December of the same year and practiced for nearly two years. He then enlisted in the Union Army, was made First Lieutenant of the Sixth New York Cavalry, and during the last two years of the Civil War was a member of the staff of the Corps Commander. In this position he took part in most of the battles of the Army of the Potomac under Generals Stoneman, Pleasanton, and Gregg, and received the thanks of each for his skill, energy and bravery.

After the war he practiced law in Cincinnati, O., as a member of the firm of Richardson & Lloyd, but in 1866 removed to Angelica, Allegany County, N. Y., and was for many years the acknowledged leader of the bar of that county. He was a member of the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh National Congresses, in the former serving on the Civil Service Reform Committee, and in the latter on the Committees on Indian Affairs and on Rivers and Harbors.

Mr. Richardson was an attractive and forcible speaker, with a rich, melodious voice, and delivered many able addresses on Memorial days and other occasions.

He died of heart disease in Angelica, June 21, 1904, at the age of 71 years.

He married, September 30, 1863, at Angelica, Julia Starr, daughter of Honorable Ransom Lloyd, for many years Presiding Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and Julia (Starr) Lloyd, and had three sons, who with Mrs. Richardson survive him. The sons are Law School graduates, respectively of Cornell, Columbian (now George Washington), and Buffalo Universities.

#### 1857

WILLIAM EDWARD HULBERT, elder son of William Edward Hulbert (Yale 1824) and Mary Gray (Huntington) Hulbert, was born in Middletown, Conn., May 19, 1834. He entered college with the class of 1856, but was obliged to leave at the close of the second term of Sophomore year. He reëntered college in May of the next year, and completed his course with the class of 1857.

After graduation he taught in the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General William H. Russell (Yale 1833) in New Haven four years, and then in a private school in Middletown till the spring of 1869. For ten years following he was Secretary and Treasurer of the J. & E. Stevens Manufacturing Company of Cromwell, Conn., and then was for five years engaged in manufacturing in Middletown. From 1884 to 1887 he was Superintendent of Public Schools in Middletown, and afterwards Secretary of the Silver-Plated Ware Association, with office at Cromwell.

Mr. Hulbert died of paralysis at his home in Cromwell, November 12, 1904, at the age of 70 years.

He married, June 3, 1869, Jessie, daughter of Dr. Robert Mathison (Wesleyan 1841) and Rebecca (Disbrow) Mathison, who survives him without children. Two nephews graduated from the University in 1898, one from the Sheffield Scientific School and the other from the Medical Department.

#### 1858

LEAVITT HOWE, son of Fisher and Elizabeth (Leavitt) Howe, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., November 24, 1836.

After graduation he spent several months studying agriculture in West Cornwall, Conn., and April 1, 1859, began farming on a tract of one hundred and forty acres near Princeton, N. J., which he improved with rare skill and taste. This continued to be his home. In January, 1885, he was chosen Vice-President of the



Princeton Bank. He was a trustee of the First Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Howe died of heart failure, July 19, 1904, at the age of 67 years.

He married, April 11, 1866, Rosalie, daughter of Colonel Alexander McWhorter and Emily (Hornblower) Cumming, and granddaughter of Chief Justice Joseph C. Hornblower of New Jersey, who survives him. Of their two sons and two daughters, one son and one daughter are deceased.

### 1860

WILLIAM EDWARD BRADLEY, son of Edson and Sarah Frances (Scribner) Bradley, was born at New Canaan, Conn., May 27, 1840.

During the year after graduation he taught school in Southport, but in the fall of 1861, upon his enlistment in the United States army, he was appointed First Lieutenant of Company B of the Thirteenth Connecticut Volunteers, in October, 1863, was promoted to the rank of Captain, and after four years of service was honorably discharged, August 24, 1865. He was on duty at Ship Island, New Orleans and Port Hudson, accompanied Banks's ill-fated expedition up the Red River, was transferred to the Shenandoah Valley, then in turn to Savannah, Newburn and Augusta, Ga., where he resigned.

During the winter after the war he made a business trip to Louisiana and Texas for his father, with whom he was engaged for several years afterward in the sale of foreign and domestic woolens in New York City. Soon after 1870 he removed to Frankfort, Ky., and became General Manager of the W. A. Gaines Co. Corporation, doing a wholesale whiskey business, and continued with the company and its successors till the close of his life. He was also Assistant Treasurer of the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse Company from the time of its formation in 1899. He devised improvements in distilling which have been generally adopted in the business.

Mr. Bradley died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Frankfort, February 16, 1905, in the 65th year of his age.

He married, in 1872, Miss Tedesco Hall, of Perth Amboy, N. J., who died in 1889, leaving no children. He afterward married Mary L., daughter of Thomas Theodore and Mary (Weir) Hawkins of Frankfort, who survives him with two sons.

JOHN HOWARD, son of Davis Howard, of West Bridgewater, Mass., and Martha (Southworth) Howard, was born in Boston, Mass., February 22, 1838. He was the seventh of nine children, five of whom died in childhood. His father died when he was eight years of age.

After graduation he taught music in Bath, Me., and Woodstock, Vt., and then served for about six months in the Union army, as a private in the Twelfth Massachusetts Regiment. He spent part of the years 1867 and 1868 in Germany, studying music in Leipsic, and on his return was organist of the First Presbyterian Church, Utica, N. Y., and then resided for a number of years in the West, part of the time in Kansas City, Mo., and about 1870 in Fort Wayne, Ind., and then for a number of years in Boston, where he taught in a conservatory. After a tour through the southern states he settled in New York City, teaching music and also using a system of correspondence lessons. Under the guidance of his classmate, Dr. Francis Delafield, he made a thorough study of anatomy as bearing on voice production, and as a result of his investigations read before the Music Teachers' National Association in 1879 and 1882 papers on "The Vocal Process" and "Respiratory Control." He published in 1886 his "Physiology of Artistic Singing," and just before his death had corrected the last chapters of a new volume, "Expression in Singing." He also wrote a few songs, and for a number of years was a critic for the *Musical Courier*.

While crossing 60th street, near Broadway, New York City, Mr. Howard was knocked down by a truck, receiving a compound fracture of the skull from which he died at Roosevelt Hospital, October 3, 1904, at the age of 66 years.

He married, April 23, 1867, in Leipsic, Germany, Anna Bonom, daughter of John and Jane (Bonom) Hawood, of London, Eng. She died in Joppa Village, Elmwood, Mass., in February, 1868, and their infant daughter a few months later. In 1880 he married Miss Cicily C. Carbaniss, of Williamson County, Tex., who died in 1889, leaving three daughters and a son, who survive him.

A brother graduated from the Harvard Medical School in 1873 and died in 1878, and a sister was the wife of his classmate, Dr. Richard Baxter Brown.

WILLIAM HENRY HURLBUT, son of Henry Augustus Hurlbut, founder of the Hurlbut Scholarship in Yale College, and Susan

Rebecca (Kennedy) Hurlbut, was born June 17, 1840, in New York City. He joined the class in the second term of Freshman year.

After graduation he was at first a broker in the firm of Brown & Hurlbut, but in 1863 entered the firm of Dickinson & Hurlbut, manufacturers and wholesale dealers in hats, and continued in that business until 1892. He was afterward engaged in looking after important private interests. From 1895 to 1897 he was a member of the New York City Board of Education, and active in measures for the maintenance and improvement of the schools. During the Civil War, as a member of the Seventh Regiment of New York, he went twice to the defense of Washington. For several years past he had been in ill health and lived a retired life, but died quite suddenly of pneumonia at St. Augustine, Fla., February 18, 1905, in the 65th year of his age.

He married, December 2, 1863, Margaret H., daughter of Theodore and Margaret Crane, who survives him with two daughters.

In his memory Mrs. Hurlbut has made a generous gift to the University to be used as a fund for the Infirmary. A room in this building is to be named in memory of Mr. Hurlbut.

GEORGE RICE, son of Martin and Betsey (Gibbs) Rice, was born September 28, 1837, at Natick, Mass., and entered the class during the second term of Junior year, after about two years of study in the Medical Department. At the same time he continued his medical studies and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Yale Medical School in 1861.

He then began practice as a physician at Framingham, Mass., but in October, 1864, he enlisted in the United States Army and was appointed Hospital Steward and assigned to duty in the Surgeon General's office, Bureau of Surgical Records, at Washington, where he was engaged on the Medical and Surgical History of the War of the Rebellion. He was later appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon, and received an honorable discharge in July, 1869.

In 1872 he opened a pharmacy in South Framingham, which he conducted till his retirement in August, 1900. He was an earnest worker, a frequent contributor to the local press, and for some time past had been writing the history of the Framingham volunteers, in the Civil War, but this he had to give up on account of ill health. He was a member of Grace Congregational Church,



and active in the Sunday School, of which he was Superintendent for some time.

Mr. Rice died of apoplexy at South Framingham, April 18, 1905, in the 68th year of his age.

He married June 14, 1871, Almira Emily, daughter of William M. and Ann (Belfield) Appleton, of Bentonsport, Iowa, who survives him with one son.

## 1861

EBENEZER BUCKINGHAM CONVERS, son of Charles Cleveland Buckingham, Justice of the Supreme Court of Ohio, and Catharine (Buckingham) Convers, was born in Zanesville, O., September 14, 1840. His mother was a descendant of Rev. Thomas Buckingham, one of the founders of Yale College.

For three or four years after graduation he was in business in New York City, but then studied law, was admitted to the bar in May, 1865, and a year later received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from Columbia University, delivering the Valedictory address. Soon after his return from a visit to Europe he formed a law partnership with his classmate Samuel Hinckley Lyman, under the name of Convers & Lyman, which continued until 1878, when Mr. Lyman was appointed Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. Mr. Convers then made a specialty of admiralty cases, practicing alone, until 1889, when he formed a partnership with Mr. J. Parker Kirlin, under the name of Convers & Kirlin, which continued until the death of Mr. Convers.

Since 1872 he had resided at Englewood, N. J., where he was one of the incorporators of the Citizens' National Bank and a director since its organization, a member of the Englewood Hospital Association and a generous contributor from its beginning in 1888, also a member of its Board of Governors since 1893. His public spirit and constant devotion to the welfare of others were felt by all, and he held the confidence and esteem of the whole community. For about thirty years he was a vestryman of St. Paul's Church in Englewood. He was a member of the Executive Committee of the New York Law Institute, and of the American Seaman's Friend Society.

He died of cerebro-spinal meningitis, March 10, 1905, in the 65th year of his age.

He married at Columbus, O., October 8, 1868, Jane Gwynne, daughter of Honorable John Whiting Andrews (Yale 1830) and Lavinia (Gwynne) Andrews, who survives him without children.

JOHN DRESSER TUCKER, son of Erastus Tucker, by his second wife, Emma Augusta (Dresser) Tucker, was born in Scotland, Windham County, Conn., December 19, 1838. He was prepared for college at the Hartford High School, and entered the class the second term of Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught school for a short time in his native town and about a year in Ellington, Conn., and in 1863 began the study of law in the office of Welch & Shipman in Hartford. He was admitted to the bar in 1865, and practiced his profession for four years, but since then had been in the wholesale paper and twine business, at first with a brother and since the latter's death, in 1879, continuing with the old firm name E. Tucker's Sons. For a number of years he was clerk of the school district in which he resided, and for two years a councilman.

Mr. Tucker died of apoplexy at his home in Hartford, December 3, 1904, in the 66th year of his age. He was a vestryman of Christ Church for sixteen years.

He married, in Hartford, June 3, 1869, Sarah Louise, daughter of James and Sarah (Bancroft) Ingraham, of Vergennes, Vt. She died March 8, 1872, leaving an infant daughter who died in September, 1874. October 8, 1879, Mr. Tucker married Miss Katharine Abbott Fox, of Brooklyn, N. Y., daughter of Nathaniel Breed and Arathusa (Ingalls) Fox. She survives him without children.

#### 1863

JOSEPH FITCH GAYLORD, son of Anson and Almeda (Fitch) Gaylord, was born at Norfolk, Conn., November 4, 1836.

After graduation he entered Union Theological Seminary, finishing his course in May, 1866. He was ordained as a minister of the Gospel November 7, 1867, and preached for two years in the Congregational Church at Torrington, Conn. He was then for three years pastor at Worthington, Mass., and five years pastor of the First Congregational Church in Manistee, Mich., resigning from the latter in 1878. The following year he accepted a call to the Congregational Church in Barre, Mass., where he

served the church with acceptance for twenty-one years, and enjoyed the high esteem of the whole community.

In August, 1900, he retired from active pastoral work and removed to Worcester, Mass., where he died after an illness of several months, April 10, 1905, in the 69th year of his age.

He married, January 7, 1873, Lorea Standish, daughter of John and Mary Ann (Bryant) Adams, of Worthington, Mass., who died in 1885. He afterward married Helen Irene, eldest daughter of Harding Woods, of Barre, who survives him with a son and a daughter, also two sons by the first marriage, one of whom graduated from Amherst College in 1896 and from Hartford Theological Seminary in 1899.

GEORGE EDWARD LOUNSBURY, son of Nathan and Delia (Scofield) Lounsbury, was born in Poundridge, Westchester County, N. Y., May 7, 1838, but during the first year of his life his parents removed to the neighboring town of Ridgefield, Conn. He entered college with the class of 1862, but after finishing the first half of the course was out of college two years. He then reëntered as a Senior in the class of 1863, and graduated with a Philosophical Oration.

After graduation he was an instructor in New Brighton (Pa.) Episcopal Academy for a year, began theological study by himself, and then entered the Senior class in Berkeley Divinity School, at Middletown, Conn. On completing his studies in 1866 he was ordained Deacon by Bishop Williams, and for several months officiated in the Protestant Episcopal Church, Thompsonville, Conn., but on account of protracted throat trouble declined ordination as Priest. In 1886 he was transferred from the Diocese of Connecticut to Nebraska, where he continuously provided for the salary of a clergyman as his substitute.

In 1867, with his brother Honorable Phineas C. Lounsbury (Governor of Connecticut in 1887-88), he established a manufactory of shoes in New Haven, Conn., removing it to South Norwalk, Conn., in 1869, the firm from 1884 being Lounsbury, Mathewson & Co. He was also President of the First National Bank of Ridgefield from its organization to his death.

In 1894 he was elected State Senator and reëlected two years later by unprecedented majorities, serving as Chairman of the Committee on Finance in 1895, and of that on Humane Institutions in 1897. In 1898 he was elected Governor of Connecticut,



filling the office during the years 1900 and 1901. Wesleyan University conferred on him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws in 1900.

Since his retirement from the Governorship he had devoted himself to his varied business interests, including the management of his large farm at Farmingville, in Ridgefield, where he died August 16, 1904, at age of 66 years.

He married, November 29, 1894, Mrs. Frances Josephine Whedon, daughter of Joseph J. Potwin, of Amherst, Mass., who survives him.

GEORGE WILSON OSBORN, son of Walter and Mary Jane (Remer) Osborn, was born June 17, 1839, at Guilford, Conn.

After graduation he spent two years in the study of law, part of this time in the Yale Law School, was admitted to the State bar, and for a few years devoted himself entirely to the practice of his profession in New Haven. In October, 1868, he formed a partnership under the firm name of Barnum & Osborn, for the transaction of a real estate business, which he continued until January, 1884, when he made a voyage to California by way of Cape Horn for the benefit of his health. He resided in San Francisco in improved health for over eight years, principally engaged in the real estate business, after which he returned to New Haven and continued the same business.

Mr. Osborn died of *sarcoma* at his home in New Haven, July 31, 1904, at the age of 65 years.

He married, June 8, 1870, his cousin, Kate Gilbert, daughter of Minott Augur and Catharine Sophia (Gilbert) Osborn, and had one son, Lt. Allan M. Osborn, who died in 1898 of typhoid fever contracted in camp service during the Spanish war. His widow survives him.

#### 1864

CHARLES DENNIS INGERSOLL, son of Hon. Charles Anthony Ingersoll (M.A. Yale 1827), Judge of the United States District Court of Connecticut, and Henrietta (Sidell) Ingersoll, was born in New Haven, Conn., January 15, 1843. He was grandson of Hon. Jonathan Ingersoll, LL.D. (Yale 1766), Judge of the Supreme Court and Lieutenant-Governor of Connecticut, also *ex officio* Fellow of Yale College, and great-grandson of Rev. Jonathan Ingersoll (Yale 1736), of Ridgefield, Conn. Two

brothers graduated from Yale College, respectively in 1865 and 1868.

He entered college with the class of 1863 but left at the end of the second term of Sophomore year, returning the following fall and completing his course with the class of 1864.

In the autumn after graduation he spent two months in the Yale Law School, and then became a member of the Albany Law School, receiving the degree of LL.B. from there in November, 1866. The same month he was admitted to the New York bar, and entered the office of Owen, Gray & Owen. Since then he had continued the practice of law in the firm of Owen & Ingersoll, later with his brother (Yale 1865) as C. D. & T. C. Ingersoll, and then alone. In 1875, 1883 and 1894 he was appointed United States Loan Commissioner for the City and County of New York, his term in the last case continuing until 1904. In 1879 he was appointed Civil Justice of the Seventh District Court of New York City, for an unexpired term.

He was one of the early members of the University Club of New York City, and one of the founders of the Bar Association of the City of New York in 1869. He was for several years Vice-President of the Young Men's Democratic Club.

Mr. Ingersoll died at his home in New York City, January 8, 1905, in the 62d year of his age.

He married, June 2, 1885, Katharine Corse, daughter of Edward Angell and Eliza L. Saunders, and had one son and two daughters, who with Mrs. Ingersoll survive him.

LEWIS FREDERICK WHITIN, son of Charles Pinckney and Sarah Jane (Halliday) Whitin, was born at Whitinsville, Mass., January 20, 1844.

On his twenty-first birthday he was appointed Acting Assistant Paymaster of the United States Navy, being stationed at Hampton roads, and served from January to November. In January, 1866, he began his life work as a dry-goods commission merchant, at first as a member of the firm of Collins, Atwater & Whitin, which was succeeded by Collins, Whitin & Co., and later Whitin & Collins, first in Franklin street and then at 112 Worth street. In June, 1902, he was suddenly attacked by a severe illness, which necessitated complete rest from business. For over twenty years his home was at West New Brighton, on Staten Island, but more recently within a few doors of his classmates Borden and Owen

of New York City. He was at one time President of the Merchants Club of New York, and for several years he was Class Agent of the Yale Alumni Fund Association.

Mr. Whitin died of Bright's disease in New York City, September 29, 1904, at the age of 60 years. He united with the Congregational Church in Whitinsville in 1859, and in 1867 transferred his relationship to the Madison Square Presbyterian Church, New York City.

He married, in New York City, April 16, 1872, Lucy A., daughter of Isaiah Morgan of Selma, Ala., and had two daughters who with their mother survive, and two sons, both deceased, the younger, a member of the Academical class of 1897, dying in September, 1894, just before the beginning of his Sophomore year.

#### 1865

THOMAS JEFFERSON BROWN, the son of English parents, Thomas Burgess and Hannah (Bains) Brown, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., July 23, 1840.

After graduation he took the course in Union Theological Seminary, and on its completion became pastor of the Logan Square Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia, where he was ordained June 9, 1868, and ministered three years. He then succeeded Samuel Ware Fisher, D.D., LL.D. (Yale 1835), as pastor of the Westminster Church in Utica, N. Y., and continued there during the remainder of his life, his service extending through thirty-three years. During this pastorate fifteen hundred members were added to the church, and two branches grew to be strong churches. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Hamilton College in 1880.

Dr. Brown died of quinsy at his home in Utica, July 31, 1904, at the age of 64 years.

He married, in Philadelphia, June 1, 1870, Dora Isabella, daughter of Rev. John M. and Isabella (McClelland) Davis. She survives him with his elder son and a daughter. The younger son died after a long illness in 1895.

JAMES CHARNLEY, son of William Slater Charnley, a broker and manufacturer, and Elizabeth Badger (Atwater) Charnley, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., April 15, 1844.

The year after graduation he spent in the iron business in Derby, Conn., and then engaged in the lumber business in



Chicago, Ill., the firm being successively Bradner, Charnley & Co., Charnley Brothers, and James Charnley & Co. He also owned valuable property in the Messaba iron district, and from about 1895 until his retirement from active business devoted his entire time to his steel wire interests.

Mr. Charnley had suffered for some years from Bright's disease. He died at Camden, S. C., February 11, 1905, in his 61st year.

He married, at Chicago, October 24, 1872, Miss Helen Douglass, and had one son (Yale 1896). One brother was a classmate and another was a graduate of the class of 1871.

**WILLIS LONG REEVES**, son of Willis Long Reeves, a farmer and for a number of years Clerk of the Circuit and County Court of Todd County, Ky., was born at Elkton in that county, September 6, 1841. His mother's name was Caroline (Wilson) Reeves. He was prepared for college at Green River Academy, Elkton, but did not join the class until the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation he returned to his native place, and since then had lived on a six hundred acre farm near there. He was also part proprietor of the flouring mill of Reeves & Bradshaw. He was a democratic member of the State Legislature for two terms (1871 to 1873), Attorney of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad for many years following, Master Commissioner of Todd County Circuit Court from 1880 to 1886, Circuit Judge of the Fifth Judicial District of Kentucky from September of the latter year to January, 1893, and held the same office in the Seventh Judicial District for five years thereafter. He was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, and Treasurer of the General Assembly of this church for a number of years.

Judge Reeves died at Dawson Springs, Hopkins County, Ky., May 25, 1904, in the 63d year of his age.

He married, March 1, 1877, Elizabeth Christine, daughter of Thornton Weathers, a farmer residing near Cox's Creek, Nelson County, Ky., and had two daughters, the younger of whom graduated at Oxford College, O., in 1903. Mrs. Reeves died in August, 1903.

**CORYDON GILES STOWELL**, son of Rev. Noah Stowell, a Methodist minister, and Eliza (Potter) Stowell, was born at Tully,

Onondaga County, N. Y., July 27, 1839, but entered his class from Utica, N. Y. He volunteered for service in the Union Army in 1861, but was rejected on account of poor health.

After graduation he taught mathematics and natural science three years in General Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven, and in 1869 removed to Chicago, where for two years he was Agent and Assistant Actuary of the Northwestern Department of the Asbury Life Insurance Company of New York, and thereafter Principal of public schools in that city, having been since 1871 Principal of the Newberry School. At the time of the great fire he had charge of housing two hundred families in the school building. He was the editor of Bryant & Stratton's Business Arithmetic, N. Y. 1872, and subsequently revised and assisted in editing other school text books. He read many essays and papers at educational institutes in Chicago and elsewhere.

Mr. Stowell died after a brief illness at his home in Chicago, March 1, 1905, in the 66th year of his age. In his earlier life he was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, but sometime after removing to Chicago he joined the (Presbyterian) Church of the Covenant, of which he had been an elder since 1892.

He married at Chicago, July 24, 1872, Bertha Julia, daughter of Louis and Sophia (Fiedler) Coss, and had three sons and three daughters, who with Mrs. Stowell survive him. The eldest son graduated as a Bachelor of Science from the University of Chicago in 1898, and the youngest daughter is a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts at Lake Forest University in 1905.

HENRY ELLSWORTH TAINTOR, son of Henry G. Taintor, at one time State Treasurer of Connecticut, and Delia Williams (Ellsworth) Taintor, and great-grandson of Chief Justice Oliver Ellsworth (LL.D. Yale 1790), was born in Hampton, Conn., August 29, 1844. He left college in January, 1864, during Junior year to enlist in the Union army, on the 14th of that month joined the First Connecticut Heavy Artillery and served with that regiment till his discharge, September 25, 1865, having risen during that time to the rank of Second Lieutenant. He aided in the defence of Washington and was afterward in the sieges of Richmond and Petersburg.

The winter and spring after his discharge he spent in the dry goods house of Harding, Converse, Gray & Co., in Boston, and

in 1866, without further examination was enrolled with his class. In July of that year he began to read law in the office of Chamberlin & Hall in Hartford. He was Clerk in the office of the State Treasurer for a year, after which, in 1868, he was admitted to the Hartford County bar. He was appointed Assistant Judge of the Hartford City Court, April 1, 1872, and in 1878 was Clerk of that court. From 1889 to 1893 he was Assistant Judge of the Hartford City Police Court. In 1891 he was also Coroner of Hartford County. In 1871, 1872 and from 1877 to 1880 he was a member of the Common Council, and President of that body in 1879 and 1880, and in 1881 and 1882 he was a member of the Board of Aldermen.

At the time of his death he was Vice-President of the Security Co., trustee and attorney of the State Savings Bank, attorney for the Society for Savings, and director of the Connecticut General Life Insurance Co. For thirty-five years he was a member of the First Congregational Church, at different times a deacon, and at his decease treasurer of the society.

Judge Taintor died of heart disease at his home in Hartford, August 31, 1904, at the age of 60 years.

He married, May 13, 1869, Jane G., daughter of Lyman and Almeria (Greene) Bennett, of Amsterdam, N. Y. Mrs. Taintor survives him, their only son (Yale 1892) having died in 1893.

#### 1866

JOHN MANNING HALL, son of Horace Hall, owner of a large thread manufactory and principal trial justice in criminal cases in Willimantic, Conn., also State Representative, was born in that city October 16, 1841. His mother was Elizabeth Jane (Manning) Hall.

After graduation he studied law in Columbia Law School and in an office in New York City, was admitted to the bar of the State of New York in 1868, and of Connecticut in 1869, and at once began the practice of law in Willimantic, continuing it for twenty years, until appointed Judge of the Superior Court in 1889. During this time he was school visitor many years, was chairman of the committee which inaugurated the sewer system, a member of the committee which drafted the city charter, and helped effectively in securing to Willimantic the county seat and normal school. He was elected to the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1870, 1871, 1872, 1881 and 1882, in the last



year being Speaker of the House. During his service he was at different times chairman of the judiciary, railroad and election committees. In 1889 he was elected to the State Senate, and was President *pro tempore*.

In October, 1893, he resigned his commission on the bench to accept the office of Vice-President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, and in 1899 became President of the same. His was the great task of uniting harmoniously the railroads of southern New England then being acquired. During his administration freight traffic was especially developed, and the equipment of the road was largely augmented. His devotion and constant endeavor to promote the interests of the company were appreciated by all who came in touch with him. He was naturally reserved and conservative, but in his relations to his subordinates sought to be just. The strain of his duties during these years impaired his health, and in September, 1903, he resigned the Presidency, but for a time held the office of General Counsel. He continued as Director of the railroad and its subsidiary companies to the close of his life, and was also Director of the Second National Bank of New Haven, the Equitable Trust Co., and Windsor Trust Co., of New York City.

Judge Hall died of *oedema* of the lungs at his home in New Haven, January 28, 1905, in the 64th year of his age.

He married, September 17, 1870, Julia White, daughter of Silas F. Loomer, President of the Willimantic Savings Institute. She survives him with a son (Yale 1894) and two daughters.

#### 1868

EDWIN LEE ALLEN, son of Edwin Lee and Lydia W. (Smith) Allen, was born in Providence, R. I., February 29, 1848. In 1857 his parents removed to New York and he entered college as a resident of Brooklyn.

The year after graduation he taught in the Columbia Grammar School in New York City and then went into business, becoming a member of the firm of William L. Allen & Co., produce merchants in New York City, and with his brothers, also graduates of the Academical Department in 1880, 1882 and 1886, respectively, continued the business with success.

He died at his home in Brooklyn after a short illness from intestinal trouble, December 19, 1904, at the age of 56 years. He was a member of the Central Congregational Church.

He married, February 9, 1876, Mary Tudor, daughter of John M. and Mary (Tudor) Pratt, of Brooklyn, who survives him with three sons and a daughter.

FREDERIC WESSON, son of David Wesson, formerly a merchant of New York City, and Alice Goddard (Howland) Wesson, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., August 27, 1845. He was a member of the class of 1867 for one term, and remained with the class of 1868 only through Sophomore year, but received the degree of Master of Arts with enrollment in his class in 1888.

After leaving college he studied in the Columbia Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1870, but after the death of his brother (Yale 1863) in 1873 he withdrew from law practice and, in 1875, entered the firm of Hoadley & Co., bankers and commission merchants, who were largely interested in South American trade. About 1889 he purchased for a company of which he was President a government railway in Jamaica, which he extended the length of the island. He retired from the firm in 1893, and from 1890 to 1898 spent about six months of each year in Jamaica and the remainder of the time in London and France. During these years he acquired a thorough knowledge of Spanish and French and a familiarity with the literature of both languages. He wrote a few articles on free trade and other topics of commercial interest.

Mr. Wesson died in his sleep of heart failure at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., November 30, 1904, at the age of 59 years.

He married, at the Royal Chapel, Savoy, London, August 13, 1878, Mrs. Lillian Jenny Mills, eldest daughter of the Right Rev. Abraham N. Littlejohn, D.D., Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Long Island. She survives him with one daughter.

#### 1869

DAVID MANNING, son of David and Lucy B. (Grosvenor) Manning, was born August 29, 1846, in Paxton, Worcester County, Mass., and was prepared for college in the High School in the neighboring city of Worcester.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his brother-in-law, Joseph A. Titus, Esq., in Worcester a year, and then entered the Harvard Law School. The next year he resumed his law studies in Worcester in the office of Mr. Titus, was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1872, and about July, 1873, entered the

office of Rice & Blackmer, with whom he remained about six years. After an extended tour in Europe he returned with health restored, and for a year practiced his profession in partnership with Burton W. Potter, Esq., but during the rest of his life practiced alone. He was an able advocate and formidable opponent.

He was frequently a speaker on the political platform, and was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1888 and 1900, and of the State Senate in 1901. In 1902 he was a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congressman from his district, but was defeated by his classmate John R. Thayer.

Mr. Manning died at his home in Worcester January 5, 1905, at the age of 58 years. He was a leading member of the Church of the Unity.

He married, July 16, 1878, Lizzie E., daughter of Alexander and Adeline (Stockwell) Bigelow, of Worcester. Mrs. Manning and one son survive.

#### 1871

WARNER BRADLEY RIGGS, son of Miles Bradley and Martha (Warner) Riggs, was born at Macedon, Wayne County, N. Y., November 26, 1849, but entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year from the neighboring town of Palmyra. He united with the Western Presbyterian Church in the latter place in June, 1864.

After graduation he taught in the Canandaigua (N. Y.) Academy, and in 1873 entered Auburn Theological Seminary, where he completed his course in 1876. With three classmates he went to Texas, and organized the First Presbyterian Church in Brenham. In October, 1876, he was ordained by the Presbytery of Austin, and went at once as a commissioner to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Pittsburg, Pa. In November of the same year he was installed at Brenham, and remained there until 1888. He then became pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church at Dallas, where he continued till the close of his life. As Moderator and Clerk of the Presbytery he rendered valuable service to the denomination.

Mr. Riggs died after an illness of about three months at Austin, Tex., March 2, 1905, at the age of 55 years. He was Vice-President of the Texas Yale Association.



He married, May 14, 1878, Miss Lilla Graham, of Austin, Tex., who died in 1879, followed soon afterward by her infant child. In 1884 Mr. Riggs married Miss Carrie J. Winne, of Houston, who survives him with two daughters.

GEORGE POTTER WILSHIRE, son of George and Clara (Clemons) Wilshire, was born at Covington, Ky., May 17, 1850, and was a member of the class of 1870 till the close of Sophomore year.

After graduation he went at once into the commission business with Wilshire, Dubois & Co., of Cincinnati, and later was at the head of the firm of G. P. Wilshire & Co. in the same business. From 1879 to 1885 he was Secretary and Treasurer of the Cincinnati and Newport Iron & Pipe Co., and from 1885 to 1889 Vice-President of the Addyston Pipe and Steel Co., when he resigned to act as executor of his father's estate. In January, 1897, he was appointed receiver of the First National Bank of Kentucky and continued in that position until November, 1899. Since then he had made his home mostly in New Haven, and kept in close touch with college interests.

Mr. Wilshire died at Greenwich, Conn., where he was living for the winter, January 24, 1905, in the 55th year of his age.

He married at Newport, Ky., June 15, 1881, Anna M. Marshall, daughter of John J. and Lucie (Barry) Marshall, and had two daughters and a son, who with their mother survive him. The son is an undergraduate in the Academical Department.

#### 1872

WILLIAM HOLT AVERELL, son of William J. and Mary L. (Williamson) Averell, was born August 1, 1849, in Morristown, N. J., but during his college course his home was in Ogdensburg, N. Y.

The year following graduation he spent in Europe, and then became Secretary of the Ontario Iron Co. in Rochester, N. Y. In June, 1878, he went to Ogdensburg, N. Y., as Cashier of the Ogdensburg Bank, but in January, 1880, returned to Rochester and took the office of Secretary and Treasurer of the Furnaceville Iron Co., and also became a partner in the wholesale grocery business of George C. Buell & Co.

Mr. Averell died of apoplexy at Rochester, October 13, 1904, at the age of 55 years. He was for years a vestryman of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, June 13, 1878, Mary Blossom, daughter of George C. and Elizabeth (Bloss) Buell, of Rochester, and had a son (Yale 1900) and two daughters, who with their mother survive him.

## 1873

CHARLES HENRY THOMAS, son of Dr. Charles Frederick Thomas, a prominent surgeon of Covington, Ky., and of Hannah (Train) Thomas, was born in Pomeroy, Meigs County, O., January 6, 1851, but the family removed to Covington before he entered college.

After graduation he studied medicine a year at the Miami Medical College in Cincinnati, and a year at Bellevue Hospital Medical College (now a department of New York University), where he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1875. After serving a year and a half on the house staff of Bellevue Hospital he returned to Covington, where he began practice with his father, but after the latter's death succeeded to his position at the head of his profession in that city. He gave himself unreservedly to the service of his patients, but after fifteen years of uninterrupted work his health failed. He then gave up practice, and went to New Orleans.

He married, September 28, 1893, at St. Thomas's Church, New York City, Georgine, daughter of D. H. and Eliza Maria (Kerrison) Holmes.

Upon the death of his father-in-law in 1898 he took the entire management of a large mercantile house in New Orleans, residing there for six years, and conducting the business with great energy and success.

Dr. Thomas never recovered his health, and died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore, October 29, 1904, at the age of 53 years. He was thought to be recovering from an operation for the removal of gall stones three weeks before, when an obstruction in the heart suddenly ended his life.

## 1874

THOMAS GRIER EVANS, son of James Sidney and Mary (DeWitt) Evans, was born in Kingston, N. Y., October 22, 1852. In Freshman year he was president of his class baseball club, and later in his course received many social honors.

After graduation he entered the Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in May, 1876, and then

studied in the office of Hon. Clarence A. Seward. In September of that year he began the practice of his profession and steadily continued the same until the year of his death, making a specialty of real estate law.

Mr. Evans was an extensive collector of valuable books and manuscripts, principally on historical and literary subjects, and was Secretary of the Grolier Club. He became greatly interested in genealogical matters, and since 1884 had been a member of the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society, of which he was President for the last five years of his life. He was editor of the *Record* of the Society for many years, and subsequently on the publication committee. He wrote a history of the DeWitt Family of Ulster County, which was printed in the *Record*. Since 1899 he had resided in New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y., where he was a trustee and Treasurer of the Staten Island Academy and Latin School, and trustee of the Staten Island Club.

Mr. Evans died of *endocarditis* at his home, March 28, 1905, in the 53d year of his age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, June 6, 1899, Mrs. Elida Woodhull Van Hoevenberg, widow of James Dumond Van Hoevenberg, and daughter of Joseph Miller and Adeline Anna (Hallock) Woodhull, who survives him.

### 1875

WILLIAM WOTKYNs SEYMOUR, son of William Pierce Seymour (Williams 1845) and Helen Hughes (Wotkyns) Seymour, was born in Troy, N. Y., July 29, 1853.

On completing his academical course he entered the Harvard Medical School, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1878. He served six months as Medical Externe and a year as House Surgeon of the Boston City Hospital, and spent the following year in study in Göttingen, Vienna and London. On his return he began practice in his native city, where his abilities and unusual acquirements were soon recognized. From 1891 to 1897 he was Professor of the Surgical Diseases of Women in the University of Vermont. He was a trustee of the Samaritan Hospital in Troy from its establishment in 1896, and one of the attending surgeons.

He translated from the German Kehr's "Diagnosis of Gallstone Disease," 1901, and contributed several articles to the *American*



*Obstetrical Journal*, and the *Transactions of the New York State Medical Association*, and other medical publications.

His death occurred quite suddenly from heart failure following several weeks of illness at his home, October 18, 1904, at the age of 51 years.

Dr. Seymour married, January 23, 1883, Frances, daughter of Lloyd Minturn, of Shoreham, Vt., who with their two daughters survives him.

## 1876

JOSEPH CHARLESS LeBOURGEOIS, son of Louis S. and Elizabeth (Charless) LeBourgeois, was born in St. Louis, Mo., October 27, 1855, and reared on his father's sugar plantation at Belmont, St. James Parish, La. He was for a year a student in Washington University, St. Louis, a year under a private tutor, and a year in the University of Virginia, and then entered Yale College at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he took the course in the St. Louis Law School, at its close standing second in his class and delivering the Salutatory address. He practiced his profession two or three years at St. Louis, but from 1880 until his retirement from business in 1904 resided in Louisiana, engaged in agricultural pursuits. Until 1892 he was at Belmont Plantation, then in New Orleans until 1899, and for the next five years at Louisa Plantation. During the last year of his life his home was in New Orleans, where he died May 14, 1905, in the 50th year of his age.

Mr. LeBourgeois married, October 1, 1878, Lucretia S., daughter of Honorable Henry T. Blow of St. Louis. She died in 1885 leaving two sons and two daughters, of whom the younger son is a student in the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, and the elder daughter is deceased. In 1899 he married Alys Duer, daughter of Stephen Zochorie Relf of New Orleans, who survives him.

GEORGE WILLIAM ROLLINS, second of the seven children of Richard Taylor and Elizabeth Jane (Boswell) Rollins, was born at Geneva, N. Y., February 19, 1854, but during his boyhood lived successively at Adrian, Mich., Hampton, N. H., and Hyde Park, Mass., where he was fitted for college in the High School. In Junior year he won the Scott Prize in German.

Ever since graduation he had devoted himself to the profession of teaching, for the first year and a half in a private school in Rhinebeck, N. Y., going thence in February, 1878, to the High School in Syracuse, N. Y., where he remained as instructor until September, 1881, and then began his eminent service of nearly twenty-four years in the Boston Latin School. During later years his teaching had been mainly in the modern languages.

He edited for the use of schools an annotated edition of Erckmann-Chatrian's "Madame Thérèse" in 1891, published a "Preparatory French Reader," in 1894, and with Professor Thomas B. Lindsay, Ph.D. (Wesl. Univ. 1874) of Boston University, published "Easy Latin Lessons."

As a citizen his ideal was high, and his growing power of dealing helpfully with public problems was shown in much good work accomplished. His home was in West Roxbury, Mass., where he was a vestryman of Emmanuel Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Rollins died after an illness of less than a week from angina pectoris, at West Roxbury, March 13, 1905, at the age of 51 years.

He married on August 17, 1878, Belinda Adella, daughter of Albert Frederick and Catherine Caroline Traver, of Rhinebeck, N. Y. She survives him with a son.

CHARLES MILLER STABLER, son of Francis and Cornelia (Miller) Stabler, was born June 16, 1853, in Alexandria, Va. He entered Yale from Haverford College, and was with the class of 1875 till the close of Freshman year, but completed his course with the class of 1876.

After graduation he spent three busy years teaching in the Friends' Elementary and High School of Baltimore, and in 1879 went to New York City, where, after teaching a few months in the Hasbrouck Institute in Jersey City, and tutoring, he entered the law department of New York University. He graduated from there in May, 1880, and was at once admitted to the bar. Before finishing his law study he began teaching in the preparatory department of Stevens Institute of Technology, at Hoboken, N. J., and continued there until the summer of 1882. A short engagement as instructor in Charlier Institute, New York City, followed, and in the fall of 1882 he began law practice by himself. In the spring of 1886 he formed a partnership with Frank E. Hipple under the firm name of Stabler & Hipple. With the

exception of the winter of 1884-85, spent in teaching in the family of a planter in South Carolina in hope of benefit to his health, he continued practice in New York until 1891.

His residence during these twelve years was in Brooklyn and New York City, and while living in the former city he was for two years Secretary of the Young Men's Democratic Club. In September, 1891 he returned to educational work and became Principal of the Sherwood Friends' School at Sandy Spring, Montgomery County, Md., about eighteen miles north of Washington, D. C. Two years later he went to the George School, Newtown, Bucks County, Pa., where he continued teaching until June, 1902.

Mr. Stabler died March 30, 1903, at Aiken, S. C., where he had gone in a vain search for health. He was in the 50th year of his age. He was a member of the Hicksite branch of the Society of Friends, and a lay preacher. .

He married, August 7, 1895, Ida, daughter of Dr. Edward L. and Ella P. Palmer, of West Chester, Pa., who survives him with one son and three daughters.

#### 1877

CHARLES CLARK CAMP, son of Alfred Erastus and Adeline (Johnson) Camp, was born in Meriden, Conn., December 4, 1855. He was a member of the University Football Eleven which defeated Harvard in 1876, and also excelled in scholarship, graduating as Valedictorian of the class.

After graduation he taught a year in a private family in St. James's Parish, La., and two years in the Shattuck School, Fari-bault, Minn. In 1880 he returned to Yale as Tutor in Greek, and remained two years, at the same time also taking special studies in the Yale Divinity School. He then entered the Berkeley Divinity School at Middletown, Conn., and graduated thence in 1884. He was ordained Deacon on June 4, of that year, at Middletown, by Bishop Williams. From 1884 to 1887 he was assistant minister at St. Paul's Church, New Haven, associated with Rev. Edwin S. Lines, D.D. (Yale 1872, now Bishop of Newark, N. J.), and was there ordained to the priesthood by Bishop Niles on June 2, 1885. In May, 1886, he also took charge of St. James's Church, Westville, and in May, 1887, added to the latter the care of All Saints' Mission, New Haven. In 1889 he became Rector of Christ Church, Joliet, Ill., but on January 1, 1893, accepted the Professorship of New Testament Exegesis



and Literature at Seabury Divinity School, Faribault, Minn., later becoming Acting Warden of the School. His knowledge was wide and accurate and his teaching an inspiration, while his sincerity, modesty, friendliness and capacity for drawing out the best that was in his students and all with whom he associated gave to his work a far-reaching and abiding influence. In addition to his School work he frequently preached in neighboring churches, and since 1900 also served as Rector of St. James's Church, St. Paul. He was an intelligent worker for missions, and aroused the enthusiasm of others in the cause.

During his European visits in 1894 and 1897 he attended lectures at Cambridge University, England, and in 1895 at Chicago University. His last trip abroad, in 1903, was in company with Bishop Lines.

Mr. Camp died after a brief illness from diabetes, at Faribault, December 30, 1904, at the age of 49 years. He was never married.

**JOSHUA MONTGOMERY SEARS**, son of Joshua Sears, a successful East India merchant, ship owner and capitalist, and Phoebe (Snow) Sears, was born December 25, 1854, at Yarmouth Port, Cape Cod, Mass. His mother died soon after his birth, and his father in 1857.

After graduation he studied in Berlin and Stuttgart, and then devoted himself to the management of the estate inherited from his father, which had largely increased under the able management of trustees during his minority. Mr. Sears was a hard worker, and possessed his father's shrewdness and business ability. His office was in the Sears Building, and he owned much valuable real estate in Boston.

His winter residence was in Boston, but he took special pleasure in his farm of about fifteen hundred acres at Southboro, Mass., a considerable part of which is maintained in a high state of cultivation, but includes extensive wood lands and a valuable stock farm. He had passed the summers recently abroad, but had a cottage at Bar Harbor, Me., where he spent much time yachting, in which he was greatly interested.

He established and endowed the West End Workingmen's Club of Boston, and with the late Phillips Brooks was instrumental in starting the Poplar Street Club, a temperance organization. He erected the church for Holy Trinity Parish, in

Marlboro, in 1887, and the music of this church and of the Church of the Advent in Boston owed much to his deep interest. His benefactions, however, were largely private and personal. He paid the expenses through college of a number of promising young men, and assisted many men and women of talent in obtaining an education in art and music.

Upon the death of Ernst Curtius, of Berlin, Germany, in 1896, Mr. Sears purchased for the Yale University Library his valuable historical and archæological library, numbering about 3500 volumes and an equal number of pamphlets.

Mr. Sears had a taste for the best in art and literature, and was on terms of intimate friendship with many famous artists and authors. His own library included the whole of the private library of the German poet Ferdinand Freiligrath. He owned a rare collection of violins, and many masterpieces of painting.

He was a director of the Old Colony Railroad, and of the Second National Bank of Boston, Treasurer of the Children's Hospital of Boston, and a member of the Royal Agricultural Society of London.

Mr. Sears died at Southboro, Mass., June 2, 1905, at the age of 50 years.

He married, at Cambridge, Mass., September 18, 1877, Sarah Carlile, daughter of Charles Francis Choate (Harv. 1849), for years President of the Old Colony Railroad, and Elizabeth (Carlile) Choate, and niece of Honorable Joseph H. Choate (LL.D. Yale 1901). She survives him with a son (Harv. 1900) and a daughter.

### 1878

HENRY BRUCE MCCARROLL, son of Thomas McCarroll, a retired manufacturer, and Laura P. (James) McCarroll, was born in Morristown, N. J., October 7, 1856.

After graduation he took the medical course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now included in Columbia University), and after receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881 was for two years on the House Staff of the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City, and then four years Instructor at the New York Post Graduate Medical School. In 1897 he removed to Morristown, his native place, where he had since practiced his profession, and had performed some notable cures. He was Attending Physician at All Souls' Hospital and the Morristown

Memorial Hospital for about seven years, and at the time of his death was Police Surgeon.

Dr. McCarroll died of pneumonia, brought on by overwork, August 17, 1904, in the 48th year of his age.

He married, April 25, 1900, Edwina S., daughter of the late Rear Admiral J. Blakeley Creighton of the United States Navy. She survives him with no children.

WALTER LEE MERWIN, son of Miles Talcott and Ellen Agnes (Foote) Merwin, was born at Durham, Conn., March 23, 1854. He was a direct descendant in the seventh generation of Rev. Samuel Russell, of Branford, Conn., in whose house the ten ministers met and donated the books "for the founding of a Collegiate School," afterward called Yale College.

After graduation he was Professor of Mathematics and Greek in New Windsor (Md.) College for three years, and then removed to Lock Haven, Pa., where he read law with Hon. Charles S. McCormick, was admitted to the bar in 1883, and for six years practiced his profession in that place. In the summer of 1889 he removed to Pittsburg, Pa., where he continued his practice. He was closely connected with several railway companies, being President of the Meadow Lands & Zediker Railroad Co., also President of the Chartiers Valley Railway Co., and Director of the Washington & Cannonsburg Street Railway Co.

Mr. Merwin died at Pittsburg, February 7, 1905, in the 51st year of his age.

He married, December 24, 1885, Maria Louise, daughter of Colonel William Henderson and Margaret Stuart (Walters) Moore, of Lock Haven, and had two sons and a daughter, who with Mrs. Merwin survive him.

PHILIP WASHBURN MOEN, son of Philip Louis and Maria Sloan (Grant) Moen, was born at Worcester, Mass., April 28, 1857.

Soon after graduation he went to Sweden to study the working of iron-ore mines, spending a year working in iron mills, and about ten months studying metallurgy and chemistry at the Royal School of Mines in Stockholm. He then traveled for nearly a year in Norway, Germany, France, and Italy, returning home in May, 1881, and then entered the works of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Co., in Worcester. He was made



a director of the corporation in 1887, Assistant Treasurer the following year, and then Treasurer and General Manager. The company became a part of the American Steel and Wire Co., and of the latter he was Fourth Vice-President until the spring of 1902, and then Second Vice-President until his resignation in December, 1904. He was highly esteemed by the army of men in the employ of the company, most of whom he could call by name.

He was influential in many other financial corporations, being a director of the Worcester Trust Co. and Worcester Consolidated Street Railway Co., trustee of the People's Savings Bank of Worcester, the Worcester Electric Light Co., the Boston and Worcester Electric Companies, and the Massachusetts Lighting Companies.

In 1899 he bought a farm in Shrewsbury, Mass., a few miles from Worcester, and built a home, where he spent eight months of the year. He was greatly interested in his fine large herd of Jersey cattle. In May, 1900, he went to Scotland, and took a house on Loch Long, which he occupied for four months.

Mr. Moen died of apoplexy at his home in Shrewsbury, September 12, 1904, at the age of 47 years. He was a member of the Union Congregational Church in Worcester, and chairman of the Board of Trustees of that society. He was also helpful in organizing churches among the Swedes and Armenians who were largely employed in the mills. He was a generous supporter of many charitable organizations, a charter member and for four years President of the City Missionary Society.

He married, in Edinburgh, Scotland, June 5, 1890, Margaret Brown, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Leishman) Struthers, and had three daughters, who with Mrs. Moen survive him.

**WARREN AARON RANSOM**, son of Aaron Price Ransom, a merchant of New York City, was born there October 22, 1855. His mother was Mary Marguerite (Mumford) Ransom. While in college he was especially interested in rowing, in each of the first three years rowing single scull races, and in Senior year joining one of his class crews.

For three years after graduation he was in various kinds of business in New York City and Las Vegas, N. M., and was then with the New York exporting firm of Dutton & Townsend. In September, 1889, he engaged in business in Knoxville, Tenn., but

two years later returned to New York City and went into manufacturing as a member of the firm of Blondel & Ransom, and was at the same time in the note brokerage business of McNulty & Ransom. In June, 1897, he transferred the latter line of business to Knoxville. Returning again to New York, he was Vice-President of the St. Lawrence Power Co., and Treasurer of the By-Products Paper Co.

Mr. Ransom died at Englewood, N. J., which had been his home for two years previous, May 19, 1903, in the 48th year of his age. He was a member of the Reformed (Dutch) Church.

He married, April 22, 1889, Harriott W., daughter of Frank and Harriott D. McNulty, of New York City. She survives him with two sons and a daughter, a son and daughter having died.

WILLIAM HOWARD TAYLOR, son of William Hart and Lucy Antoinette (Duncan) Taylor, was born October 12, 1848, in Chicago, Ill., where his father was a retail shoe dealer. Before entering college he was engaged in the shoe business for himself.

After graduation he studied theology two years in Union Theological Seminary and taught in New York City. He then took a ranch near Fort Collins, Col. In June, 1889, he removed to Denver; and for a little over a year was engaged in the manufacture and sale of tents and awnings, then for about three years and a half was bookkeeper in the People's National Bank in that city, and for a year and a half in the office of the Auditor of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf Railway Co. July 1, 1895, he was appointed Clerk of the Denver Board of Public Works, and November 15, 1896, Secretary of the Board, continuing in the latter office about three years. From October, 1900, to April, 1902, he was bookkeeper for the *Denver Republican*.

Owing to impaired health he removed to Los Angeles, Cal., in September, 1902, and died there of heart disease, October 25, 1904, at the age of 56 years.

He married, at Denver, Col., February 22, 1887, Nellie Stickney, daughter of Charles Henry and Elizabeth (Dodge) Capen, who survives him with a daughter and son.

THOMAS COOKE WORDIN, son of Nathaniel Sherwood and Fanny Augusta (Leavenworth) Wordin, and brother of Dr. Nathaniel Eugene Wordin (Yale 1870), was born in Bridgeport, Conn., October 15, 1853. He was descended in the fifth generation from

Rev. Samuel Cooke (Yale 1705), Rector of Hopkins Grammar School from 1707 to 1715, and a member of the Yale Corporation from 1732 to 1746.

After graduation he read law with Daniel Davenport (Yale 1873), Corporation Counsel of his native city, but never practiced. On completing his studies he resided two years at St. Joseph, Mo., and about the same length of time at Indianapolis, Ind. Returning East in 1884, for the following seven years he was Secretary of the Fairfield Rubber Co. From 1892 to 1897 he was in the banking and brokerage business in New York City and Bridgeport, and since July 30 of the latter year had been Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise for the District of New York.

Mr. Wordin died of intussusception of the bowels at his home in Bridgeport, April 6, 1905, in the 52d year of his age. He became a member of the First Congregational Church in 1876, and had been Clerk since 1895.

He married at Indianapolis, Ind., October 28, 1884, Mrs. Francis E. Johnston, daughter of Rev. Frederick Patterson Cummings, pastor of St. John's Presbyterian Church, Crawfordsville, Ind. She survives him without children.

With the coöperation of his wife Mr. Wordin founded in 1894 the Contemporary Club of Bridgeport, a literary and social club which attained a membership of one hundred and twenty-five and exerted an unusually beneficent influence in the community. He was President of the club for three years, and secured for it addresses from many men of eminence.

#### 1879

HUGH COPELAND MCCORD, son of John and Jane (Copeland) McCord, was born in Bridgeport, Conn., February 21, 1856, and was prepared for college at home and under the tuition of Rev. James K. Lombard, then Rector of St. Paul's Church in the adjoining town of Fairfield.

After graduation he took the course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, receiving his degree in 1882, and for about four years practiced his profession in Tacoma, Wash., then in New York City. After a long illness he took up practice in Connecticut, at first in Bridgeport, then in Seymour, and during the past few years in New Haven.

During his college course he was organist of the South Congregational Church in Bridgeport, and later of St. John's and



Christ Protestant Episcopal Churches in the same city. While in Tacoma he played in St. Luke's Church, and afterward in Grace (M. E.) Church and the Church of the Ascension in New Haven, withdrawing from the last after a service of fifteen months on account of difficulty with his eyes.

Dr. McCord died from cerebral hemorrhage at the New Haven Hospital, August 27, 1904, at the age of 48 years.

He married, in 1888, Miss Jane Lydia McKee, of Washington, D. C., who died in New York City. In 1894 he married Rose, daughter of George W. Dayton, of New Haven, who survives him without children.

JAMES DUNCAN TORREYSON, son of William D. and Statira C. Torreyson, was born February 14, 1854, at Wellsburg (then in Brooke County, Va.), in the valley of the Ohio River, about sixteen miles above Wheeling, W. Va., but at the age of nine years went with his parents to Nevada, where the family settled in Carson City.

After graduation he returned to Nevada, studied law, was admitted to the bar in January, 1882, and the following autumn was elected District Attorney of Ormsby County, being also *ex officio* City Attorney. After holding these offices four terms to the satisfaction of all, he was chosen Attorney-General of the State in 1890, and during a term of four years won general esteem for the ability and judicial temper shown in a difficult and often arduous position. He then retired to private practice, and, although he had been several times mentioned for a Congressional nomination, and in the fall of 1904 was strongly urged to become the candidate of the Republican party for the Supreme Court, he declined further public office, but continued to exert a wholesome and widespread influence.

Mr. Torreyson died of heart failure following rheumatism at his home in Carson City, October 27, 1904, at the age of 50 years.

He married, August 12, 1891, Miss Vallie E. French, who survives him with a daughter and son.

#### 1880

REMSSEN VARICK MESSLER, son of Thomas Doremus Messler, a Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Maria Remsen (Varick) Messler, was born March 8, 1858, in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., but in 1859 removed with his parents to Pittsburg, Pa.

The year after graduation he read law in the office of Hon. George Shiras, LL.D. (Yale 1853), in Pittsburg, then spent a year in the Yale Law School. He was admitted to the bar in Pittsburg in October, 1882, to practice in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania three years later, also to the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the western districts of Pennsylvania in December, 1885.

Mr. Messler died of typhoid pneumonia at Pittsburg, February 2, 1905, in the 47th year of his age.

He married, December 12, 1883, Agnes, daughter of James and Mary (Hanna) Caldwell, of Pittsburg, who survives him with no children.

### 1882

GEORGE PARKER RICHARDSON, third of the four children of George Leland Richardson (Bowdoin 1849) and Anna McLellan Richardson, was born in Boston, Mass., July 14, 1859.

Since graduation he had lived in Boston, where he was for eight years Chief Clerk of Passenger Accounts of the Boston and Maine Railroad, and subsequently was connected with the Atlas National Bank, in which he rose to the position of Paying Teller.

He was one of the leaders of all meetings of Yale men in his city, and a member of the executive committee of the Yale Club of Boston since 1902, and for several years previous on the same committee of the Alumni Association.

Mr. Richardson died suddenly, it is supposed from heart disease, early in the morning of December 9, 1904, at the age of 45 years.

He married at Boston, September 16, 1896, Mrs. Elizabeth (Whittaker) Decker. She died June 29, 1899, leaving one child by her former marriage.

FRANK HIRAM SNELL, son of Dr. Hiram Mortimer Snell, a surgeon in the Civil War, and Amanda (Sibley) Snell, was born at Armada, about thirty-five miles northeast of Detroit, Mich., March 4, 1861. His father died in 1863, and his mother afterward married Edward Clark Dean. He spent his youth in Washington, D. C., and entered college from the Emerson Institute of that city.

After graduation he was in the employ and afterward partner in the firm of Albright & Co., Western sales agents of the

Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co., in Buffalo, N. Y. In 1891 he retired from the firm and resided for a time in Washington, where he completed his law studies, begun in the office of Hon. William S. Bissell (Yale 1869) in Buffalo, in Columbian (now George Washington) University, graduating in 1900. He was admitted to the bar, but did not practice. In 1892 he removed to New Haven, Conn., where he was General Manager and since 1901 President of the Hygienic Ice Co.

Mr. Snell died of heart disease at the home of his mother in Washington, D. C., November 8, 1904, at the age of 43 years.

He married in New Haven, October 16, 1900, Isabelle, daughter of Samuel Cromwell, a Maine farmer and soldier in the Civil War, and Hannah (Colby) Cromwell. She survives him without children.

### 1883

THOMAS D. HUSTED, son of General James William Husted (Yale 1854), who was for twenty-three years a member of the New York State Assembly and six times its Speaker, was born September 18, 1860, at Peekskill, N. Y. His mother was Helen M., daughter of Thomas C. Southard, of Peekskill.

After graduation he studied law a year at the Albany Law School, continued his study at Port Henry, N. Y., till January, 1885, and then in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar on May 15. After a period of general practice he gave his attention chiefly to corporation law and to real estate enterprises. He was a fluent speaker and a natural leader, with a marked talent for organization.

Just before the reunion of his class in 1903 he received an injury while on shipboard, resulting in blood poisoning and a long illness from which he never fully recovered. He died of pneumonia at his home in New York City January 11, 1905, at the age of 44 years.

He married, June 3, 1886, Carrie Louise, daughter of Morris E. Clinton, of Peekskill, who is also deceased. A daughter survives them. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1892.

AUSTIN ROE PRESTON, son of George H. and Rebecca (Roe) Preston, was born September 25, 1860, at Red Creek, Wolcott township, Wayne County, N. Y. At the age of six years he moved to Buffalo, N. Y., where he was prepared for college at the State Normal School.



After graduation he spent two years at Columbia Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws and was admitted to the bar in 1885, and then practiced his profession in his native city, where his clear insight and wise judgment gave to his counsel high worth in important litigations. For two years he was with the firm of Lewis & Moot. During recent years his business had taken him to New York with increasing frequency, and early in 1905 he accepted a congenial position in the legal department of the Transit Finance Co. In this he was associated with his classmate, Dudley Phelps, chief counsel of the company.

Mr. Preston died suddenly of heart disease in New York City, May 27, 1905, in the 45th year of his age. He was for many years a member and trustee of the Delaware Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church in Buffalo.

He married, June 1, 1886, Elizabeth, daughter of Honorable Loran L. Lewis, at one time Justice of the Supreme Court of New York, and had three daughters and a son, who with Mrs. Preston survive him.

#### 1885

CARRINGTON RIVERIUS STILES was born in East Bloomfield, Ontario County, N. Y., November 10, 1850, and was the son of Riverius Carrington and Persis (Graves) Stiles, both of whom died before he entered college. He graduated from the Albany Normal School and Claverack College before coming to Yale.

The first two years after graduation he was Principal of the Branford (Conn.) High School, the next two years taught in the Germantown (Pa.) Academy, and the two years following was Principal of Bryant Hall School in Elmira, N. Y. He spent two summers in study at Clark University, and the summer of 1889 in Germany. From Elmira he went to Painted Post, N. Y., where he had charge of the Union School for two years, and in 1893 became Principal of the Union School at Greenport, L. I. During three years of excellent service at Goshen, N. Y., he developed the union graded school into a high school, and was then called to do the same work at North Tarrytown, N. Y. Since the fall of 1902 he had been Principal of the Susquehanna Collegiate Institute at Towanda, Pa.

Mr. Stiles died after a week's illness from the nervous exhaustion following a stroke of apoplexy at Towanda, May 18, 1905,

at the age of 54 years. Quiet and retiring, he never sought office. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married, August 20, 1889, Harriet Burchard, daughter of Richard and Clarissa (Lyon) Clarke, of Norwalk, Conn. She survives him with one son.

## 1887

ALBERT GAY HUNT, son of Alexander Everett and Frances Elizabeth Hunt, was born in Scranton, Pa., September 7, 1863.

After graduation he entered the house of Hunt & Connell, wholesale dealers in hardware and mine supplies, of which he became Secretary and purchasing agent. In 1890 he was appointed manager of the Technical Supply Co., a corporation closely connected with the International Textbook Co., and in this position he had continued with marked success. He was singularly unselfish in character and was a recognized leader in social life. He was Vice-President of the Scranton Yale Alumni Association.

Mr. Hunt died at his home in Scranton of kidney disease, May 21, 1905, in the 42d year of his age. He was not married. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1896.

## 1891

GEORGE PICKARD HAWKES, son of Charles Morrill and Susan Annette (Whitney) Hawkes, was born in Portland, Me., November 1, 1868, but in 1875 removed to New Haven, Conn.

After graduation from the Academical Department he entered the Law School but was out a year during the course and in the meantime was admitted to the bar. He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1894 and then practiced successively in Buffalo, N. Y., New York City, and Denver, Col., but since 1898 had courageously struggled against disease, visiting nearly every state in the search for favoring climatic conditions. He died at West Nutley, N. J., February 14, 1905, at the age of 36 years. He was unmarried. His mother, one sister, a graduate of Wellesley College in 1889, and three brothers, graduates of the Academical Department in 1879, 1882 and 1883 respectively, survive him. He was a member of Center Church, New Haven.

## 1892

JAMES ALBERT MOORE, son of David Moore, a farmer, and Mary Moore, was born at Oxford, Chenango County, N. Y.,

July 9, 1866, but entered college from the neighboring town of Norwich.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Medical School, receiving therefrom the Degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894. From 1895 to 1897 he was Assistant in Clinical Medicine in the Medical School, and since February, 1898, had been Police Surgeon of the city.

Dr. Moore died after an illness of three days from cerebro-spinal meningitis, March 9, 1905, at the age of 38 years. He was a member of St. Francis Roman Catholic Church.

He married, December 30, 1902, Julia I., daughter of Edward Dillon, Superintendent of the New Haven Water Company. She survives him with a son.

### 1893

FREDERICK MERWIN LLOYD, only son of Samuel Lloyd, for many years Cashier of the City Bank, New Haven, Conn., and Josephine (Merwin) Lloyd, was born in that city March 23, 1871. After finishing his course in the Hillhouse High School he was for a year with Stoddard, Kimberly & Co., before entering college.

A few months after graduation, in January, 1894, he entered the office of the Security Insurance Co. of New Haven as clerk, later was made special agent for New England, and since January, 1904, had been Assistant Secretary of the Company. He was regarded as one of the most promising of the younger business men, and his high sense of honor and justice was felt by all with whom he came into business relations. With an uncommonly attractive personality and a thoughtful interest in others, he drew about him a large company of warm personal friends.

Mr. Lloyd died after a long and painful illness at his home in New Haven, May 13, 1905, at the age of 34 years. In November, 1885, he united with the College Street (now Plymouth) Congregational Church. He was Superintendent of its Sunday School in 1895 and 1896, and a member of the Society's Committee in 1904.

He married, June 6, 1901, Bertha Frances Herrick (Smith 1896), daughter of Dwight S. and Frances S. Herrick, of Peekskill, N. Y., who survives him without children. His sister is the wife of Dr. Charles A. Tuttle, of New Haven, who graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1888.



## 1894

LOUIS PACKARD GILLESPIE, son of Louis C. and Josephine L. (Packard) Gillespie, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 2, 1872.

After graduation he studied economics a year at Harvard University, from which he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1895. He then turned his attention to a business life, and in July of that year entered the employ of his father, an importer of varnish gums, shellacs, etc. January 1, 1901, he was admitted to partnership in the business.

In October, 1897, he enlisted as a member of Squadron A, National Guard of New York, the following May went with Troop A, United States Volunteer Cavalry, to Camp Black, Camp Alger, and Porto Rico, and was mustered out of service with the troop in September, 1898.

While traveling abroad he was taken with pneumonia, and died in Rome, Italy, March 31, 1905, at the age of 33 years. He was unmarried and resided with his father at Morristown, N. J., where he was a member of the Methodist Church. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1894.

## 1895

THOMAS CARLISLE MOORE, son of Robert C. Moore (Western Univ. Pa. 1867), a banker, and Ellen (Carlisle) Moore, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., March 2, 1873, and took part of his college course in Washington and Jefferson college and the Western University of Pennsylvania, entering Yale from the latter in Junior year.

After graduation he studied law in Pittsburg and was admitted to the Allegheny County bar in 1897. He was a partner in the firm of Langfitt & McIntosh, later became attorney in Allegheny County for the Pure Food Co. and also Borough Solicitor for Edgewood, Pa.

Mr. Moore died at his home in Edgewood, a suburb of Pittsburg, November 13, 1904, at the age of 31 years.

He married, October 7, 1903, Arianna, daughter of George D. and Elizabeth D. Riddle, of Allegheny, Pa., who survives him.

## 1896

SAMUEL EDWARD DAMON, son of Samuel Mills Damon, a banker of Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, was born in that city

June 1, 1873. His mother was Harriet Melinda (Baldwin) Damon. His grandfather, Rev. Dwight Baldwin, M.D. (Yale 1821), was for thirty-four years a missionary of the American Board at Lahaina, on the island of Maui, in the Hawaiian Islands.

After graduation he spent two years in an accountant's office in Glasgow, Scotland, then returned to Honolulu by way of Asia, and engaged in the banking business, in which he met unusual success. He was a member of the firm of Bishop & Co. He was Treasurer of Oahu County, and his public and private services in the community had won high esteem from all.

While driving in the evening from his boathouse to his home at Moanalua he was fatally stabbed by a Porto Rican, and died before reaching the hospital at Honolulu, September 27, 1904. He was 31 years of age.

Mr. Damon married, in Glasgow, Scotland, January 17, 1899, Gertrude, daughter of Charles MacKinnon, who survives him with two daughters and two sons. A brother is an undergraduate in the Academical Department.

EMORY HAWES, son of Hon. Granville Parker Hawes (Bowdoin 1860), Lieutenant of the 128th New York Volunteers in the Civil War, and afterward Judge of the City Court of New York, was born in that city January 31, 1875. His mother was Euphemia Anderson (Vose) Hawes.

During his college course he was offered positions on the editorial boards of the *Yale Courant* and *Yale Literary Magazine*, and was one of the Junior Exhibition speakers.

After graduation he studied in the New York Law School for a time. He was admitted to the bar in 1898, and then entered the office of Butler, Notman, Joline & Mynderse, and afterwards of Curtis, Mallet-Prévost & Colt. He was associated with Hon. Theron G. Strong for a year when a severe illness which left him with a weakened heart necessitated his abandoning law practice. He spent his time thereafter chiefly in travel, but did some literary work. During the Spanish-American War he served in Squadron A of New York. He was a member of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Hawes died of heart trouble in New York City, November 14, 1904, in the 30th year of his age. He was unmarried. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1894.

JAMES COGGSWELL CONVERSE, son of James Blanchard Converse (Amherst 1867) and Louise K. (Dunshee) Converse, was born September 6, 1875, in McKeesport, Pa.

The summer after graduation he spent traveling in Europe with several classmates, in the fall entered the New York Law School, and received his degree from there in 1899. In June of that year he was admitted to the bar of New York State, and the following autumn entered the law office of Sullivan & Cromwell in New York City. After practicing law a short time, he became a broker and purchased a seat in the New York Stock Exchange.

Mr. Converse died of pneumonia at his home in New York City, December 15, 1904, at the age of 29 years.

He married, November 12, 1902, Lita Isabel, daughter of Jacob and Isabelle D. Berry, of New York City. Mrs. Converse survives him with no children.

WILLIAM THORNE COWDREY, son of Francis Hull Cowdrey (LL.B. Columbia 1867) and Josephine (Thorne) Cowdrey, was born March 28, 1875, in New York City, and was prepared for college at the Morgan School, Clinton, Conn.

Since graduation he had been with Barber & Co., steamship agents, with office in the Produce Exchange, New York City. During most of his life his home was in New Rochelle, N. Y., where he died September 5, 1904, at the age of 29 years. He was unmarried.

ARTHUR WENDELL DAVIS, only son of Gustavus Pierrepont Davis, M.D. (Yale 1866), and Elise L. (Mitchell) Davis, was born in Hartford, Conn., May 8, 1874.

After graduation he studied medicine a year in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, and then entered the Johns Hopkins Medical School, where he had finished his third year.

Mr. Davis died after a few days' illness of acute cerebral congestion at his father's cottage at Watch Hill, R. I., July 21, 1904. He was 30 years of age and unmarried. Three sisters survive him. He was a member of Trinity (P. E.) Church in Hartford.



**JOHN CROUSE ENTREKIN**, son of General John Clay Entrekina (Ohio Wesl. Univ. 1867), attorney-at-law, and Mary Frances (Bethauser) Entrekina, was born at Chillicothe, O., January 27, 1878, and took his preparatory course at the Lawrenceville (N. J.) School.

After graduation he became Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue for the Eleventh District of Ohio under his father, at Chillicothe, and continued in that position until his death from the accidental discharge of a revolver, December 27, 1904. He was 26 years of age and unmarried.

## 1900

**ALLAN MACLEAN**, son of Rev. Allen McLean (Yale 1865) and Fanny M. (Coit) McLean, and great-grandson of Rev. Allen McLean (Yale 1805), was born July 14, 1879, in Litchfield, Conn., where his father was at the time pastor of the Congregational Church, and was prepared for college at the Hotchkiss School in Lakeville, Conn.

After graduation he went into business in New York City, and afterward in Philadelphia, Pa. He had been in ill health for several months and went abroad in March, 1905. He died of blood poisoning, in Florence, Italy, June 15, in the 26th year of his age. The burial was in Florence.

## 1901

**LUTHER LAFLIN KELLOGG**, son of Luther Laflin Kellogg (Rutgers 1870) and Bessie Stout (McIntosh) Kellogg, was born October 6, 1878, in New Brunswick, N. J., but moved in early life to New York City, and from there entered college.

After graduation he studied law nearly two years in the New York Law School, and then with Professor Charles F. Bostwick. He was admitted to the bar of New York State February 16, 1904, and at once became associated with his father's firm of Kellogg & Rose in the practice of municipal law.

He died at home after an illness of eight months from cerebrospinal meningitis, February 15, 1905, in the 27th year of his age. He was unmarried. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1899.

During his law course in the endeavor to find relief from nervous troubles, he devoted himself assiduously to the game of golf in which he became very skillful, winning more than thirty valuable cups besides medals and other prizes in various tournaments throughout the country.

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1844

AUSTIN LORD, son of Gardner and Eunice Amelia (Everett) Lord, was born in Marlborough, Hartford County, Conn., January 28, 1821.

After graduation from the Medical School he practiced his profession five years in his native place, and then for nearly fifty-five years in North Haven, where he died, October 11, 1904, in the 84th year of his age. He joined the Congregational Church there by letter in 1853, but later in life became a member of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, August 22, 1850, Frances, daughter of Russel Bigelow, and had a son who died in 1899, and a daughter who survives him and is the wife of Henry W. Painter (M.D. Yale 1856). Mrs. Lord died February 28, 1868.

1845

EDWARD McEWEN BEARDSLEY, son of Samuel Birdseye Beardsley (Yale 1815), who was for many years a teacher of a select school in Monroe, Conn., was born in Danbury, Conn., March 5, 1823. His mother was Abigail (McEwen) Beardsley. His early education was obtained from his father, whom he assisted in teaching before entering the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he was in the drug business in New Haven about two years, and then combined teaching in his father's school and the practice of medicine until 1861, after which he devoted himself entirely to his profession until he suffered a paralytic shock, in May, 1903. His services were frequently sought from distant towns. In 1879 and 1880 he was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, in which he served on the committee on foreign relations.

Dr. Beardsley died of paralysis at his home in Monroe, March 11, 1905, at the age of 82 years.

He married, April 22, 1855, Elizabeth A., daughter of David O. and Lucinda (Adams) Gray, of Monroe. She survives him with four sons and three daughters.

1851

ORLANDO BROWN, son of Benjamin and Mary (Middleton) Brown, was born at Groton, Conn., April 13, 1827. He studied

with physicians in his native place and at New York University before entering the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he began practice in Warren, Conn., but in 1855 settled in Wrentham, Mass.

In July, 1861, he enlisted in the U. S. Army and was commissioned Assistant Surgeon of the 18th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, being stationed in and around Washington. In December following he was appointed Surgeon of the 29th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, and was in service at Newport News, the capture of Norfolk and Suffolk, and in the seven days' battle at Richmond. Owing to chronic illness brought on in this campaign, he was honorably discharged July 22, 1862, but soon afterward became Acting Assistant Surgeon, and aided in establishing the General Hospital at Newport News, of which he was appointed Superintendent. As the place was soon needed for other military uses he removed the hospital and the large contraband camp which he had collected around it to Craney Island. October 20, 1863, he was made Assistant Quartermaster of Volunteers, and placed in charge of the land and water hospital transportation of the Army of the James. In June, 1865, he was appointed Colonel of the 24th Regiment, U. S. Colored Infantry, and January 6, 1866, was brevetted Brigadier-General for meritorious services, was ordered to Washington to aid Generals Howard, Thomas, and Fisk in organizing the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, and was subsequently made Assistant Commissioner of this Bureau in Virginia, holding the position until his discharge, August 28, 1868. After this he was appointed Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, on the staff of General John M. Schofield, and continued in service with him until the special work in the Freedmen's Bureau of which he had charge was completed.

After resigning his commission in 1869 he returned to Connecticut and to the practice of his profession in Washington and the surrounding district. He was President of the Connecticut Medical Society in 1889, and for years a member of the United States Pension Board.

Dr. Brown married, July 1, 1852, Fanny, daughter of George P. Tallmadge, a farmer of Warren, Conn. She lived but a short time, and in 1855 he married Martha Pomeroy, daughter of David Chester and Mary (Cogswell) Whittlesey, of New Preston, Conn. By the first marriage he had one son, a physician, who died in



1903, and by the second marriage two daughters and a son, the latter a graduate of the Yale Medical School in 1884.

Dr. Brown died at his home in Washington, August 3, 1904, at the age of 77 years. His widow and three children survive.

## 1852

SAMUEL ALLEN WILSON, son of Samuel and Julia (Chapman) Wilson, was born September 9, 1828, in Windsor, Conn., and was a resident of that town during his whole life.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced his profession in his native town until his retirement in 1884 on account of ill health. He united with the church in 1852, and was for many years church clerk, chorister and treasurer.

Dr. Wilson died of apoplexy at his home in Windsor, October 9, 1904, at the age of 76 years.

He married, May 25, 1856, Frances Benton, by whom he had two daughters. She died in 1873, and in 1875 he married Mrs. Louise (Lovell) Morgan, by whom he had one daughter (Wellesley 1903). One of the daughters by the first marriage, with her husband, went to China as a missionary, but died in 1891.

## 1867

THEODORE RICHARDS NOYES, son of John Humphrey Noyes (Dartmouth 1830), founder and for over thirty years manager of the Oneida Community, and Harriet Ann (Holton) Noyes, was born July 26, 1841, in Putney, Vt., but entered the Medical School from Wallingford, Conn., where his father was then conducting a branch Community.

After graduation Dr. Noyes practiced his profession at Kenwood, N. Y., but from 1895 to 1903 was President of the Oneida Community, Limited, residing in New York City and at Kenwood, Madison County, N. Y.

He died at Kenwood, June 1, 1903, in the 62d year of his age.

He married, in 1879, Miss Marion A. Burnham, by whom he had a son. In 1902 he married Miss Margaret A. Haynes. An uncle graduated from Yale in 1835.

## 1868

JOHN HENRY GRANNISS, younger son of William and Sally (Gray) Granniss, was born at Ridgefield, Conn., April 16, 1844. At the age of seventeen years he entered the United States

Army, enlisting with Company C, Seventeenth Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. After several months in the ranks he was detailed to hospital service, and was in the army two years and in the navy one year. While serving in the ranks he was present at the battle of Gettysburg, and was the first Union soldier to enter that town.

He was a student in Madison University, Hamilton, N. Y., but the war broke in upon his studies so that at its close he began the study of medicine. He entered the office of Dr. Robert Hubbard of Bridgeport, Conn., with whom he had been associated in the hospital corps, and then the Yale Medical School.

After his graduation he settled in 1868 in Old Saybrook, Conn., where he practiced nearly thirty-seven years and gained the highest respect and affection of his townsmen, and where he died of the grip February 17, 1905, in the 61st year of his age. He was President of the Connecticut Medical Society in 1901 and Commissioner of Pharmacy for six years from 1889. He was a member of the Baptist Church.

Dr. Granniss married, October 17, 1871, Mary Witter, daughter of Rufus C. and Mary A. (Bushnell) Shepard, of Old Saybrook, and had two daughters, who with Mrs. Granniss survive him.

#### 1875

CHARLES DEARBORN WIGGIN, son of John Mead Wiggin, a carpenter, and Polly Fox (Wadleigh) Wiggin, was born December 7, 1840, at Meredith, N. H., received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Brown University in 1868, and then engaged in farming in Nebraska for five years, after which he returned East and studied medicine with his brother, Oliver C. Wiggin (M.D. Harv. 1866), and completed his course in the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he practiced his profession in Providence, R. I., twelve years, and then went with his brother Oliver to Nebraska, where he engaged in dairy farming for three years. In 1890 he resumed his medical practice and settled in Mystic, Conn. He was an able physician, and in every way was active in promoting the welfare of the community. He was a member of the Union Baptist Church, and was deeply interested in missionary work.

Dr. Wiggin died of pneumonia at his home in Mystic, May 21, 1904, in the 64th year of his age.

He married, in 1870, Adelaide A., daughter of John Buckley, of Providence, R. I., who died in 1884. In 1886 he married Lucy D., daughter of Samuel S. Bucklin, of Providence. She survives him with two daughters by his first marriage. One daughter is the wife of Rev. E. B. Dolan (Brown 1893).

## 1880

LOREN TRUE DAY, son of John Lynes and Jane Ann (Lewis) Day, was born August 11, 1860, in Bridgeport, Conn. His father, who was a dry goods merchant in that city, died when the son was but four years old. For ten years he was in Waterbury, Conn., and after attending the Military Academy in Bridgeport, in 1876 began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Robert Lauder (M.D. Yale 1871) in that city, and remained with him a year and a half, then entering the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he took post-graduate studies in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), and in the winter of 1881 was Assistant to Professor Marsh in the Peabody Museum. In 1882-83 he was House Physician and Surgeon in the New Haven Hospital, and in 1883 settled in Westport, Conn., where he came to be esteemed as a physician of unusual ability and skill.

He was Secretary of the town School Committee from 1885 to 1903, and Health Officer from the establishment of that office. In 1900 he was President of the Fairfield County Medical Association. He was also Vice-President of the Saugatuck Historical Society. He was at one time vestryman in the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Dr. Day died of tuberculosis at his home in Westport, April 1, 1905, in the 45th year of his age.

He married, May 31, 1883, Frances D., daughter of Robert and Adelia A. (Young) Stevens, of New Haven, Conn. Mrs. Day survives him with one daughter.

## 1898

CHARLES LANCELOT PROCTOR SMITH, son of George W. and Mary E. (Porter) Smith, was born at Morris Cove, New Haven, Conn., January 22, 1876, and took his preparatory studies under a private tutor.



After graduation from the Medical School he practiced at first in New Haven, but early in 1904 settled at Cornwall Bridge, Litchfield County, Conn. While driving across the railroad track on his return from visiting patients his carriage was struck by an express train, and he was so severely injured that he died three days after the accident, on August 18, 1904. He was 28 years of age and unmarried. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and had already won the high esteem of many friends.

## YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1854

BENEZET HOUGH BILL, son of Josiah Bissell and Harriet Tracey (Hough) Bill, was born in New Milford, Susquehanna County, Pa., February 26, 1829, but at the age of six years removed with his parents to Vernon, Conn.

The year of his graduation he was admitted to the bar of Tolland County, and the following year formed a partnership with the late Honorable Dwight Loomis (LL.D. Yale 1896), under the name of Loomis & Bill, in Rockville, now a city in the town of Vernon. This continued three years. In 1869 he was appointed State's Attorney for Tolland County and held the office twenty-four years. He was Corporation Counsel of Rockville for twelve years, and Judge of the Rockville City Court for four years, but retired in 1899 owing to age limit, and was afterward Prosecuting Attorney in the same court. He was also President of the Savings Bank of Rockville at the time of his death.

Judge Bill died of paralysis at his home in Rockville, August 21, 1904, at the age of 75 years.

He married, November 2, 1859, Kate, daughter of Rev. Leverett Griggs, D.D. (Yale 1829), and Catharine (Stearns) Griggs. She died April 13, 1877, but one of their two daughters is living. In 1890 Judge Bill married Lucinda, daughter of Charles R. and Falla (Roberts) Bronson of Waterbury, Conn., who survives him. A sister of his was the first wife of Honorable Dwight Loomis.

1855

HENRY MILLS MILLER, son of Ebenezer Miller, a clock maker and later a manufacturer of cloth, was born in Litchfield, Conn., January 23, 1826. His mother was Pamelia (Hopkins) Miller, and his paternal grandfather Rev. Jonathan Miller (Yale 1781), for fifty years Congregational pastor in Burlington, Conn. About 1840 he went with his parents to Illinois, where they settled at Waverly, in Morgan County.

After graduation he opened a law office in New Haven, but after seven years removed to Springfield, Ill. The Civil War soon disturbed his plans there, and he returned to Waverly, and upon the death of his father in 1865 gradually gave up his law

practice for farming and fruit growing. He was the first Mayor of Waverly. He was an early Abolitionist, for twenty years a Republican, twice a candidate for office of the National Greenback party, and later a Democrat.

Mr. Miller died of apoplexy at his home in Waverly, July 26, 1903, at the age of 77 years. In the fall of 1842 he united with the Congregational Church in Waverly, was clerk for a time and afterward deacon of the church.

He married, in 1857, Anna M., daughter of Stephen and Charlotte (Tuttle) Rowe, of Fair Haven, Conn. He afterwards married Miss Cynthia L. Hopkins, of Northfield, a village in Litchfield, Conn., and in 1884 Miss Lizzie M. Waller, of Litchfield, Me., who survives him.

A son by the first marriage and a son by the second marriage are living, but a son and a daughter by the second marriage are deceased.

#### 1867

EDWIN PURRINGTON, son of Isaac Purrington, a farmer of Colerain, Franklin County, Mass., was born about 1839. His mother was Louisa (Shepardson) Purrington.

For many years after graduation he lived in the South, for a time in Rochelle, Ga., and during the last ten years in Atlanta, Ga., where he was run over and killed by a train backing through the station, August 19, 1904. He was about 65 years of age, and unmarried.

#### 1871

JOHN ADAMS ROBINSON, son of John Adams Robinson, a Norwich, Conn., steamboat captain, and Mary Elizabeth (Callyhan) Robinson, was born in Norwich, October 18, 1837. He received the degree of Bachelor of Science from Dartmouth College in 1855, and of Doctor of Medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City (Columbia University) in 1858. He practiced medicine in Pittston, Pa., served as Assistant Surgeon in the 11th Indiana Cavalry, and then entered the Yale Law School in 1868.

Upon graduation from the last he practiced law in New Haven, and in 1875 succeeded his brother (LL.B. Yale 1872) as Librarian of the Yale Law School. He remained in that position until 1894, when he resigned to become Assistant Professor of Law in the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., of which



his brother, Professor William C. Robinson, LL.D. (*hon.* M. A. Yale 1881), was Dean of the Department of Law, and continued in that office to the close of his life.

While spending the summer in New Haven he died from a complication of diseases, September 1, 1904, at the age of 67 years.

He married, February 14, 1861, Mrs. Emma Dimock, daughter of John Gray, and had two sons and three daughters, who survive him. Mrs. Robinson outlived her husband only a short time, dying December 13, 1904.

#### 1874

JAMES BISHOP, son of William and Charlotte (Love) Bishop, was born January 5, 1851, in Westville, Conn. After preliminary study in the Franklin school there and a course in the Stevens Business Institution in New Haven, he at first became clerk in Whittelsey's crockery store, formerly on Chapel street, but in 1872 entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation he was in partnership with Judge Hobart L. Hotchkiss (LL.B. Yale 1873) about a year, and then with Honorable Rufus S. Pickett (LL.B. Yale 1873) for over twenty-three years. In 1881 he was appointed Assistant Clerk of the City Court, and two years later succeeded Judge Julius C. Cable, also a classmate, as Clerk of the City Court, holding the latter office ten years. In 1895 he was chosen Judge of the City Court, and upon the death of Judge Cable in June, 1903, succeeded him as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. He continued in that office until his death, which occurred after a brief illness from appendicitis, May 13, 1905. He was 54 years of age. His sunny disposition and genial manner attracted to him friends in all walks of life, who valued his high character and faithful service. He was a member of Trinity M. E. Church.

He married, November 20, 1879, Carrie C., daughter of Orrin C. and Fanny (Barnes) Andrews of Wallingford, who, with their three daughters, survives him.

#### 1877

ALBERT MARION TALLMADGE was born in Fairfield, Conn., February 22, 1854, and was the son of Albert G. Tallmadge, a prominent architect, and Mary (Cable) Tallmadge. He received

the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Wesleyan University in 1874, spent two years in European travel and study in the University of Leipsic, and a year in the Yale Law School.

After graduation from the latter and admission to the bar in June, 1877, he entered upon the practice of his profession in Bridgeport, Conn., in association with the late Curtis Thompson (M. A. Yale 1871). From 1879 to 1881 he was Deputy Judge of the City Court, in 1884 was Democratic Representative in the State Legislature, in 1888 Town Attorney, and from 1893 to 1899 Judge of Probate of the District of Bridgeport. He was most companionable, and held the confidence of all in his high character as a judge and a man.

He died after an illness of about two years, February 13, 1905, in the 51st year of his age. He was unmarried.

#### 1878

HAYDN CLARK KELLY, son of Elijah and Jennette M. (Smith) Kelly, was born July 25, 1855, in New Brunswick, N. J., and graduated from Rutgers College in 1876.

During his course in the Law School he won the prize in Civil Law; and upon receiving his degree practiced his profession, being located at different times in New York City, Jersey City, and New Brunswick, N. J.

He died in New York City, February 16, 1904, at the age of 48 years. He was not married.

JOHN CARLOS TALCOTT was born March 8, 1857, in Jefferson, Ashtabula County, O., the eldest of the five sons of Henry Talcott, a pioneer settler of that place, hardware dealer and stock farmer. His mother was Cordelia Jane (Pritchard) Talcott. He graduated from Mount Union College in 1876, two years later with honor from the Yale Law School, and in 1881 received from Yale the degree of Master of Laws.

He practiced his profession in Jefferson until 1891, but since then had an extensive practice in Cleveland, O., where he was senior partner in the firm of Talcott Brothers.

Mr. Talcott died of apoplexy at Cleveland, December 17, 1904, at the age of 47 years. He had been in poor health for two years previous. His mother and four brothers survive him. Two brothers are graduates of the Yale Law School, respectively in 1880 and 1884.

## 1889

HENRY MAURICE DANNEEL, son of Hermann and Marie Louise (Grace) Danneel, was born January 18, 1869, in New Orleans, La.

After graduation he returned to his native city, where he continuously practiced his profession until his death, May 26, 1905, at the age of 36 years. He was unmarried.

## 1890

WILFRED ADAMS CLARK was born August 20, 1869, and was the son of Honorable Thomas Clark, a woolen manufacturer of North Stonington, Conn., President of the Norwich & New York Transportation Co., and State Comptroller from 1887 to 1889. His mother was Sarah E. (Wheeler) Clark. His preparatory course was taken at the Westerly (R. I.) High School.

After graduating from the Law School Mr. Clark was in the brokerage business in New York City, where he died June 11, 1904, in the 35th year of his age. He was a member of the First Congregational Church in North Stonington.

He married at North Adams, Mass., April 17, 1895, Minna Minton, daughter of Elijah A. Dyke, a merchant of that city. She survives him without children.

## 1893

REDFORD BRIAN TUNSTALL SHARPE, son of William Redford Longstreet Sharpe, Surgeon of the 15th New Jersey Infantry Volunteers from 1862 to 1865, and afterward Contract Surgeon till his death in 1873, was born in San Antonio, Texas, September 23, 1872. His mother was Florida Hall (Tunstall) Sharpe. He entered the Yale Law School from the San Antonio Academy.

After graduation he began the practice of his profession in his native city, but was soon chosen by Justice Brewer (Yale 1856) his Secretary for the Venezuelan Boundary Commission Tribunal. In this service Mr. Sharpe spent several months in Washington and in Paris, and was then appointed Assistant United States District Attorney for the Western District of Texas. Upon the division of that district he was appointed to the same position in the Southern District, and continued in that office until his death, which was due to pneumonia and occurred at Laredo, one hundred and sixty miles from San Antonio, November 27, 1904. He was 32 years of age, and was unmarried.

He was a leader among the younger lawyers, and was a delegate to several Republican State conventions.



1897

JOHN JOSEPH FEELY, son of John B. Feely, a farmer and stockman of Wilmington, Will County, Ill., was born in that place August 1, 1875. His mother was Winifred (Lennon) Feely. He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Niagara University in 1895, and the following autumn entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation from the latter he was admitted to the Connecticut bar, practiced a year in New Haven, and then went to Chicago to reside. He was admitted to the Illinois bar in 1898, and two years later was elected a member of the National House of Representatives. Upon the completion of his term of office he resumed practice in Chicago as a member of the firm of Blake & Feely.

Mr. Feely died of gastritis at his home in Chicago, February 15, 1905, in the 30th year of his age. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

1900

WALTER LEGRAND BEVINS, son of LeGrand and Jane Lois (Stiles) Bevins, was born August 4, 1879, at Meriden, Conn. After graduation from the High School in that city he was for more than a year Editor of the *Winsted* (Conn.) *Citizen*.

During his course in the Yale Law School the Spanish War broke out, and July 9, 1898, he enlisted in Company L, First Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. His company went as far south as Camp Alger, at Falls Church, Va., and desired to continue in service, but returned to Niantic, Conn., where, after an illness from typhoid malaria, he was mustered out of service October 21. He then resumed his studies and received his degree with the class. In Senior year he was editor of the Class Book known as "The Yale Shingle."

In October following graduation he opened a law office in Meriden, and had become closely identified with the best interests of the city. He was President of the Young Men's Christian Association, and had just been chosen Deacon of the Center Congregational Church. He was Councilman and Alderman, and at the last election had been Democratic candidate for State Representative.

Mr. Bevins died of pneumonia,—a week after the death of his father from the same cause,—January 18, 1905, in the 29th year of his age. He was unmarried.

1902

ARTHUR HENDERSON, son of John Henderson, a manufacturer of Waterbury, Conn., was born in Waterbury, Conn., June 24, 1877. His mother was Margaret, daughter of Gilbert Murray, a farmer of Salem, Conn., and Representative in the State Legislature from 1871 to 1873. After taking a course in the Waterbury High School he spent some time in mechanical work, and then prepared himself for entrance to the Yale Law School.

After graduation he gave promise of success in his profession, but in a short time severe physical suffering caused him to give up the law and he employed himself in the office of his father.

He died at home after two years of illness from diabetes, November 27, 1904, at the age of 27 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Third Congregational Church. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1899.

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1875

SEDGWICK PORTER WILDER, son of John and Sarah (Kidder) Wilder, was born at Newfane, Vt., May 28, 1847, spent his boyhood at Gill, Mass., and at the age of seventeen years moved with his parents to Eau Claire, Wisc. In the spring of 1865 he enlisted in the Fifty-first Wisconsin Regiment and served his country until mustered out of service the following August. The next year he finished his college preparation, in 1871 graduated from Beloit College, and the following year was engaged in teaching at Black River Falls, Wisc.

On completing his course in the Yale Divinity School he was ordained as an evangelist May 28, 1875, at Springfield, Mass., where for a year he was acting pastor of Faith Chapel, a mission of the South Congregational Church. In October, 1876, he was called to Brandon, Vt., and after a pastorate of three and a half years there to North Brookfield, Mass., where he remained seven years. From June, 1887, to March, 1896, he was pastor at Janesville, Wisc., for two years following of the First Presbyterian Church of Pueblo, Col., and since March, 1898, of the Congregational Church of Delavan, Wisc.

Although never of robust health, during the thirty years of his ministry, with one brief exception preceding his final illness, he filled his own or some other pulpit continuously. He was twice a delegate to the National Congregational Council. He was the inspiring counselor of churches and colleges, and was held in affectionate regard throughout the state. His varied powers were wholly consecrated to the work of uplifting mankind. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Beloit College in 1899.

Dr. Wilder died after an illness of about three months at Delavan, April 4, 1905, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, October 13, 1875, Jennie A., daughter of Aaron and Esther (Munger) Watson, of Beloit, Wisc. She survives him with a son and daughter, both members of the graduating class of Beloit College.

1877

HENRY LEVI SLACK, son of John Spafford, and Elvira (Lake) Slack, was born in Plymouth, Vt., August 30, 1847. Before pre-



paring for college he was for a time in business with his father. He graduated from Dartmouth College in 1873, was for two years Principal of the High School in Springfield, Vt., spent a year in Harvard Divinity School, and then entered the Middle class in the Yale Divinity School.

The autumn after graduation from the latter he was ordained and installed at Chester, Vt., and remained there as pastor until the spring of 1883, with an absence of six months abroad. During the remainder of his life—for twenty-two years—he was pastor of the First Congregational Church at Bethel, Conn. From 1884 to 1889 he was Registrar of the Fairfield East Consociation of Congregational Churches, in 1893, and again in 1902, delegate to the National Congregational Council, in 1896 Chairman of the Ministers' Association of Fairfield County. Since 1884 he had been Chairman of the town School Board, and in all the higher life of the community exerted a helpful influence. Several of his addresses were published, and he contributed many articles to the religious press.

Mr. Slack died of enlargement of the heart at Bethel, March 25, 1905, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, May 21, 1879, Fannie, daughter of William Underhill and Lophelia Cady (Leach) Phelps, who survives him with one son and three daughters. The son is a student in Dartmouth College, the eldest daughter in Wellesley College, and the second daughter is soon to enter Wellesley.

#### 1882

EDWARD HAUGHTON ASHMUN, son of William and Sarah (Fenn) Ashmun, was born at Tallmadge, O., March 12, 1853, but about 1870 moved with his parents to Weeping Water, Nebr. He graduated from Tabor College in 1878, and spent the next year in teaching.

After finishing his course in Yale Divinity School he was ordained October 5, 1882, at Syracuse, Nebr., and remained there as pastor four years, being then stationed at Beatrice in the same State two years and at Denver, Col., five years. From 1893 to 1899 he was Superintendent of the Congregational Home Missionary Society for New Mexico and Arizona, and for Arizona alone until 1901. He then took the pastorate of the Congregational Church in Weiser, Ida., for two years, resigning in 1903 to gain

rest and health in the open air. He was a close student of nature, and made a special study of conchology, and gathered a very large collection of land shells, including specimens which the Smithsonian Institution has named for him. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Tabor College.

Mr. Ashmun died after a long illness from nervous exhaustion, ending in paralysis, at Burke, Cal., December 21, 1904, at the age of 51 years. His life was filled with service for others.

He married, June 4, 1890, Anna Louise Lyman, daughter of Rev. Addison Lyman and Catherine Ann (Porter) Lyman, who survives him with a son.

### 1892

KEVORK HAROOTUNE KAZANJIAN, son of Harootune Kazanjian, a coppersmith, and Helen (Doghlian) Kazanjian, was born in Aintab, Turkey, March 15, 1850.

Previous to entering Yale Seminary he graduated from the Central Turkey College at Aintab, and from the Theological Seminary of Marash, Turkey, and after ordination as a Congregational minister preached in the Turkish cities of Marash, Aleppo, Antioch and Adana.

After finishing his course of study in New Haven he went back to Turkey, where for over two years he was acting pastor of the First Congregational Church in Aintab. He was also the local Representative of the Protestant community in the Turkish government in his city.

He then returned to New Haven, and in January, 1897, took charge of the Armenian church work of the city, which he continued for several years. He was a member of the Dwight Place Congregational Church,

Mr. Kazanjian died in New Haven, August 27, 1904, at the age of 54 years.

He married, July 4, 1872, Mary, daughter of Mardiros Chilingirian, a locksmith of Marash, Turkey. She survives him with four daughters and two sons.

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1854

GEORGE BOWEN PIERSON, son of Henry Louis and Helen Maria Pierson, was born in New York City, November 26, 1832. His father was an iron merchant and partner in the house of Josiah G. Pierson & Brothers, founded in New York City in 1790, which established, in 1795, on the Ramapo River, N. Y., the "Ramapo Works," afterwards distinguished among pioneer industries for inventions and manufactures.

After graduation Mr. Pierson spent several years in the real estate business in Chicago and on "Castle Farm," a tract of eight hundred acres of land in Broome County, N. Y., and then returned to the "Homestead" at Ramapo, Rockland County, N. Y., where he lived quietly, after the death of his father in 1893 being much occupied with the care of the latter's estate and devoting his leisure to the study of German. He died, December 7, 1904, at the age of 72 years. He was never married.

1856

GEORGE FRANKLIN FULLER was born in Brighton, Mass. (now within the limits of Boston), February 15, 1834, the son of Granville Fuller, a builder and lumber merchant, and Rebecca B. Fuller.

After graduation he engaged in engineering in Illinois for about two years and then became an architect. He began his work in this line in Iowa, but in 1859 returned to Massachusetts, and at first was successively associated with Mr. C. K. Kirby and Mr. N. J. Bradlee, architects in Boston, but afterward carried on a successful business by himself. He was obliged to give up his work about ten years ago owing to ill health, but continued to have the care of much real estate. Since 1861 his home had been in West Newton, Mass., where he died, July 14, 1904, at the age of 70 years.

He married, September 20, 1859, Annie E., daughter of Ashley Moore, of Worcester, Mass. She survives him without children.

1864

BEVERLY SCOTT BURTON, son of Selden M. Burton (B.A. Wash. and Lee Univ. 1833, M.D. Univ. Pa. 1836) and Phebe (Stillé) Burton, was born at Norristown, Pa., June 5, 1846.



For four years after graduation he was Assistant in Chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School, and from 1873 to 1877 Professor of General Agricultural Chemistry in the University of Tennessee. After this his residence was in Munich, Germany. He received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the University of Würzburg in 1881, and was a member of the Royal Academies of Berlin and Paris.

He married in Philadelphia, December 10, 1901, Miss Pollock of Cincinnati, O., and died in Munich, January 6, 1904, in the 58th year of his age. He had no children.

## 1870

EDWARD VANBUREN HOES, son of John VanAlen Hoes, a lawyer, formerly of Kinderhook, N. Y., and Fannie (Reynolds) Hoes, was born in Ottawa, LaSalle County, Ill., February 16, 1849.

After graduation he was a banker in Lake City, Col., until about 1870, then in Chicago, Ill., and afterwards in Kingston, N. Mex., for some years in Hermosilla, Mex., and for the last three years of his life engaged as General Manager of the Pacific Coal Co. of Sonora, Mex., with general offices in Philadelphia, Pa., and in New York City. He died at Asbury Park, N. J., August 4, 1904, at the age of 54 years.

Mr. Hoes married, February 16, 1885, Harriette, daughter of John and Mary (Morgan) Haynes, who survives him with no children.

## 1871

JAMES CLARK BUSH, only son and eldest child of William Henry and Eliza Ann (Clark) Bush of New Haven, Conn., was born in Waterbury, Conn., October 31, 1850. His father was for many years deacon in the First Congregational Church in Waterbury. His mother was a daughter of John Clark (Yale 1806) of that city. He had five ancestors who served in the Revolutionary War, one great-grandfather having gone through the entire war and received a pension.

His boyhood days were spent in Waterbury and New London, Conn., in Scranton, Penn., and in New Haven, Conn. In the last city he received most of his early education, at Mr. Fabrique's school and at General Russell's Commercial and Collegiate Institute. Owing to the financial reverses of his father, he left the Sheffield Scientific School during Junior year,

but subsequently received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy, and was enrolled with his class in 1890. For a time he was assistant to the City Surveyor, and later for about a year served on the engineer staff of the Air Line Railroad then in process of construction. Upon competitive examination he was then appointed from Connecticut to the United States Military Academy at West Point, entering as a cadet July 1, 1871; and was graduated June 16, 1875, when he was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Fifth Regiment of Artillery. He was also graduated from the United States School of Application for Artillery Officers at Fort Monroe, Va., in 1880, and from the United States School of Application for Torpedo Training at Willet's Point, N. Y., in 1882. His appointment as First Lieutenant in the Fifth Artillery bears the date November 1, 1882, and he received his commission as Captain in the Seventh Regiment of Artillery March 8, 1898.

During his connection with the United States Army he was at West Point until 1875; at Fort Trumbull, New London, Conn., in 1875; Key West Barracks and Fort Brooke, Tampa, Fla., until 1877; Fort Monroe, Va., in 1880; Fort Brooke again, 1880-81; Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., 1881, and Willet's Point, N. Y., 1882. He was stationed at Fort Schuyler, N. Y., in 1882-83; was professor of military science at General Russell's school, New Haven, Conn., 1883-84; was at Fort Omaha, Nebr., in 1884; Fort Douglas, Salt Lake City, Utah, from 1884-87; at Fort Columbus, Governor's Island, New York Harbor, from 1887-98. During the Spanish War he was in service at Tampa, Fla., and in the autumn of 1898 was stationed at Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., where he remained until ordered to the Philippines in 1901. He reached Manila in the spring of 1902, and was first stationed at Fort Santiago, but later was transferred to a post about four miles away. He was commissioned Major in the Artillery Corps, U. S. A., February 21, 1903; and early in 1904 he was placed in command of the Cuartel de España and of the Artillery, District of Manila. His health becoming somewhat impaired, he was granted leave of absence for several months, which he spent in travel in Japan. Shortly after his return to Manila he suffered an attack of fever from which he never fully recovered. He was ordered home in June, 1904, and reached this country in July, proceeding at once to Fort Warren, Boston Harbor, Mass., where he was in command until his last illness.

While at Governor's Island, he was Post Commissary. In 1888, he was elected Assistant Secretary and Treasurer of the Military Service Institution; also Assistant Editor of the *Journal* of the Institution, having charge of the reprints and foreign reviews, a department which he inaugurated. It was likewise through his efforts that a change from a quarterly to a bi-monthly issue was effected. The magazine thus become better known and so valuable to officers as to increase the membership in the Institution and largely augment its funds, which he wisely invested. In 1894 he became sole Editor of the *Journal*, his services for it ending when he took command of his company during the Spanish-American War, in June, 1898. He wrote various articles for this *Journal*, besides numerous translations from the French.

His more important writings are: "Development of Submarine Mines and Torpedoes," 1890; "Strategy, Tactics, and Policy," 1891; "Comment on the Three Battalion Organization," 1893; "A short history of the Fifth Regiment of Artillery," 1895; "Historical Sketch concerning the Walls of Manila," 1904, which was published in the Annual Report of the Commanding General of the Philippines Division.

By his kindness and consideration Major Bush won the affectionate esteem of the men in the ranks as well as the regard of the officers under him. Each soldier felt that he was his friend, and their confidence in him was especially shown when he left Fort Adams for the Philippines.

His health was seriously undermined during his Philippine tour, and after his return to this country he suffered much from illness. Although urged to seek needed rest, he kept bravely on at his command at Fort Warren, where he was stricken with apoplexy May 17, 1905, a second attack proving fatal on June 11. He was 54 years of age. He was buried with military honors at West Point. He was a member of the Church of the Ascension, Boston.

Major Bush married, January 8, 1880, Eleanor Adams, elder daughter of Hon. Edwin M. Stanton (LL.D. Yale 1867), Attorney-General in the Cabinet of President Buchanan, Secretary of War in the Cabinets of Presidents Lincoln and Johnson, and Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. He made his only European trip shortly after his marriage. Mrs. Bush and one daughter survive him. He also leaves three sisters residing in New Haven, Conn., one of whom received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale University in 1901.



## 1872

GEORGE NOYES MILLER, son of John Ransom and Charlotte Augusta (Noyes) Miller, was born in Putney, Vt., September 13, 1845. In Freshman and Senior years his residence was Wallingford, Conn., and in Junior year Lenox, Madison County, N. Y. He was a nephew of John Humphrey Noyes (Dartmouth 1830), founder of the Oneida and Wallingford Communities, and was actively connected with their work during a large part of his life, residing since 1880 at Niagara Falls, N. Y., New York City, and Short Beach, Conn.

He married, at Oneida, N. Y., August 14, 1870, Annie Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel M. and Lavinia E. (Chapman) Kelly, and had a son and daughter.

Mr. Miller died at Short Beach, Conn., July 11, 1904, at the age of 58 years.

## 1874

LORENZO MEDICI JOHNSON, fourth of the six sons of Rev. Alonzo Dow and Mary (Burges) Johnson, was born January 22, 1843, in New York City, but worked on the farm of his father at Rochester Center, Plymouth County, Mass., until 1860, when he was appointed an assistant in the United States Coast Survey. He was engaged in the surveys of Mobile harbor and the projected canal across the base of Cape Cod, but in September, 1861, was assigned to duty in the Pay Department of the United States Army, and was with the Army of the Potomac at the capture of Yorktown, during the 'Seven Days' Battles in the Peninsular campaign, and at the capture of Vicksburg. At the close of 1863 he was ordered to the Pacific Coast by way of the Isthmus of Panama, and traveled over Oregon, Washington, and Idaho. After an examination at the State Department, under a law intended to create a permanent consular and diplomatic service, on September 12, 1867, he was appointed one of the thirteen Consular Pupils, and assigned to duty in Syria, where his elder brother, Jeremiah Augustus Johnson, was then Consul General, and where he served as Vice-Consul at Beirut, Jaffa, Jerusalem and Damascus. In July, 1870, he was made Consul-General at Beirut, but the following year he resigned, and, returning to America, entered the Sheffield Scientific School.

In Junior year he was one of the editors of the *Yale Record* and a member of the executive committee of the Sheffield

Debating Club, and in Junior and Senior years President of his class. He received the degree of Civil Engineer from Yale University in 1875.

In September following graduation he entered the service of the Keokuk & Des Moines Railway Co., rising from the position of Engineer to that of Assistant General Superintendent, and in December, 1877, became General Manager of the Cairo & St. Louis Railroad, continuing in the latter capacity until January, 1881, when he was elected Vice-President. At the same time he was appointed Assistant to the President of the Pullman Palace Car Co., and had especial charge of the construction of the town of Pullman. Both of these offices he held until December 1, 1883, when he accepted the appointment of General Manager of the Mexican International Railroad Co., and established his headquarters at what is now called Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, on the Rio Grande, opposite Eagle Pass, Tex. During the period of over nineteen years while he was in charge he directed the construction of over eight hundred and fifty miles of railway track, and at the same time managed large coal-mining and cattle-raising interests of the company in Mexico. On January 1, 1903, after the purchase of the Mexican International by the Mexican National interests his connection with the road ceased, and he became Manager of the railroad and fuel department of the American Smelting & Refining Co., with headquarters in the City of Mexico. In August, 1904, he accepted the Presidency of the Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern Railroad, a line extending through Western New York State and Northern Pennsylvania, with general offices in New York and St. Mary's, Pa., between which his time was divided.

While residing in Mexico and since he also maintained a home at Winnetka, on the shore of Lake Michigan, near Chicago. He was a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, and of the Western Society of Civil Engineers, and of several social clubs. He was a member of the Second Presbyterian Church of Chicago from about 1880 until his death. His good influence over the large bodies of men under him was marked in many ways. In 1898, at the time of the Spanish war, he offered to raise a regiment from among the Americans in Northern Mexico whose specialty should be rapid railroad construction or destruction.

Mr. Johnson died after a brief illness at St. Mary's, Pa., of Bright's disease, November 28, 1904, at the age of 61 years.

He married, April 22, 1878, Helen Wolcott, daughter of the late General Hart L. and Hannah Blair (McKibbin) Stewart, of Chicago, and had one son and three daughters, who with their mother survive him. The son graduated from Yale College in 1902.

## 1875

WILLIAM ARTHUR PRATT, son of Dennis C. and Louise M. (Conkling) Pratt, was born in Greenport, Suffolk County, N. Y., August 23, 1854, but came to New Haven when eight years of age.

After graduation he was Deputy United States Mineral Surveyor in Colorado until February 1877, and the following summer became a special aid in the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey upon a resurvey of the water front of Philadelphia. On January 1, 1880, he entered the office of the Chief Engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, serving as Draughtsman and Assistant Engineer until 1885, when he was promoted to the position of Engineer of Bridges. He continued in that office until appointed Assistant to the Chief Engineer, March 1, 1902.

Mr. Pratt died from rheumatism at his home in Philadelphia, September 19, 1904, at the age of 50 years.

In early life he joined the Howe Street Congregational Church in New Haven, and was afterward a member of its successor, the Dwight Place Church, from its organization in 1872 till his death.

He married, April 25, 1882, Jennie G., daughter of John and Mary J. Thompson, who survives him.

THOMAS ALFRED VERNON, son of Thomas Vernon, a native of Devonshire, England, but afterward engaged in the manufacture and sale of paper in New York City, was born February 28, 1856, in Brooklyn, N. Y., and before coming to the Sheffield Scientific School was a student in the Adelphi Academy in that city. His mother was Ianthé (Steele) Vernon.

After graduation he entered his father's firm, which afterward became Vernon Brothers & Co. In 1897 he was a delegate to the New York Republican State Convention. He was a trustee of Adelphi College, also of the Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital.

Mr. Vernon died at his home on Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, June 23, 1904, at the age of 48 years. Two brothers graduated from the Academical Department, respectively in 1883 and 1889.



during these years, sometimes alone and sometimes with others, from early spring until late in the fall or early winter he explored a wide area in Nebraska, the Dakotas, Montana, Utah, Wyoming and Colorado. During the winter months and early spring he collected in Maryland and North Carolina. The scientific treasures which he unearthed greatly enriched the collections of the United States Geological Survey and of the Peabody Museum. For the year 1891-92 his name appears in the Yale catalogues as Assistant in Geology.

In 1893 he became Curator of Vertebrate Paleontology and the following year also Assistant in Geology in Princeton University. While at Princeton he continued his Western explorations with success, but in 1896, 1897 and 1898 he made three important expeditions to Patagonia, in which he secured a very large collection of vertebrate fossils, besides extensive collections in recent zoology and botany. The scientific results of these expeditions have been published in the first volume of the "Reports of the Princeton University Expeditions to Patagonia," issued upon the J. Pierpont Morgan Publication Fund of that university. Geographical discoveries of great importance were also made in the interior of Patagonia, and one of the mountains near the boundary between Chili and Argentina bears his name.

On February 1, 1900, Mr. Hatcher became Curator of Paleontology and Osteology in the Museum of the Carnegie Institute in Pittsburg, Pa. During his summer field work in 1903 he was able to prove the correctness of his observations and conclusions of many years earlier regarding the relative position and geological age of the Judith River beds of Montana.

In addition to his volume in the Reports of the Princeton University Expeditions, Mr. Hatcher contributed a number of papers to the *Annals and Memoirs of the Carnegie Museum*, and numerous articles to the *American Journal of Science* and *American Naturalist*. In 1902 he undertook for the United States Geological Survey the completion of the Monograph of the *Ceratopsia* begun by Professor Marsh, and left the manuscript nearly finished. The bibliography of his works numbers nearly fifty publications.

During the last year and a half he occupied much of his time in reproducing the skeleton of a *Diplodocus* for the British Museum of Natural History, and just completed the restoration before his death. He never fully recovered from the illness and

exposure which he had undergone in Patagonia, and during the last year of his life there was hardly any time when he was free from pain, often most intense. He died at his home in Pittsburg July 3, 1904, at the age of 42 years.

He married, October 10, 1887, Anna Matilda, daughter of Peter Isaacson and Christine Brita (Christopherson) Isaacson, and sister of Olof August Peterson, of the Carnegie Museum at Pittsburg, Pa., who was his assistant in two of his expeditions to Patagonia. Mrs. Hatcher survives him with four of their seven children.

#### 1885

FRANK JEROME STEVENS, son of Edward and Celestia (Jerome) Stevens, was born in Liverpool, England, May 13, 1863, but when about two years of age came with his parents to New Haven, where his father had accepted the office of Secretary of the New Haven Clock Company. He was a grandson of Chauncey Jerome, who came from Bristol, Conn., to New Haven in 1842 and was engaged in the making of clocks for many years. In the Sheffield Scientific School Mr. Stevens took the course in dynamic engineering.

After graduation he was connected with the New Haven Clock Co., at first at the manufactory in New Haven, and a few years later in the New York office. From January, 1892, to October, 1893, he was Secretary of the Company and in 1895 went to England, where he took charge of the London office of Jerome & Co. of Liverpool, who had long been the selling agents of the New Haven Clock Co., and continued there ten years.

In February, 1903, he again became Secretary of the New Haven Clock Co. He had just settled up the business of Jerome & Co., following its absorption by the New Haven Clock Co., and was enjoying a short vacation before returning to New Haven to reside. While making the trip by automobile from Cannes to Monte Carlo he was so severely injured by a collision that after two days of unconsciousness he died at Eze, France, April 4, 1905. He was in the 42d year of his age, and unmarried.

Although successful in business, he was also widely interested in other things, and in the life and welfare of those with whom he came in contact, among whom were many devoted friends. He was a member of the Davenport Congregational Church in New Haven. A brother and sister survive him.

1887

WILLIAM THOMAS RAINEY, son of William James Rainey, a coal and coke dealer, and Eleanor B. (Mitchell) Rainey, was born October 16, 1864, at Cleveland, O., and after graduation resided in that city about ten years, carrying on the business interests of his father, then in Philadelphia, Pa., until his removal to New York City about three years before his death. He was President of the Century Bank and a director of the Astor National Bank of New York, also a director of the Mercantile National Bank of Cleveland.

Mr. Rainey died, after an illness of several weeks, August 13, 1904, in New York City, in the 40th year of his age. He was unmarried.

NATHANIEL P. WASHBURN, son of Hosea and Elizabeth Rhoda (Locke) Washburn, was born March 14, 1867, at Bridgewater, Mass. In 1883-84 he studied at Storrs Agricultural School (now Connecticut Agricultural College), at Storrs, Conn., then took the course in biology in the Sheffield Scientific School, and after graduation returned to Storrs and taught for a year.

The following year he entered Bellevue Hospital and Medical School (New York University), from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891, ranking third in his class. After a term of service as Interne in Bellevue Hospital, he established a successful practice in Stamford, Conn., but owing to the failure of his health went to Saranac, N. Y., in 1896 or 1897, and in 1898 to New Mexico. There he so far recovered his strength that in 1900 he went to Colorado and opened an office in Boulder, and was meeting with success, when he overtaxed himself, and in 1903 journeyed to Mexico in search of health. On his way home he died of tuberculosis at San Antonio, Tex., June 19, 1903. He was 36 years of age and unmarried.

1888

FREDERICK RUPERT HAMLIN, son of John Austin Hamlin, proprietor of the Grand Opera House in Chicago, Ill., was born in Oberlin, O., December 4, 1863. His mother was Mary Eleanor (Hart) Hamlin. He took his preparatory studies in Phillips (Exeter) Academy and Williston Seminary, and also spent some time in business before entering the Sheffield Scientific School. He was in the Select course.



After graduating he was for a year in the wholesale drug business with his father, and since then was associated with his elder brother in the business management of the Grand Opera House in Chicago, until a short time before his death, when his own business interests required his removal to New York City. Among several successful dramatic productions under his auspices "The Wizard of Oz" and "Babes in Toyland" were especially notable, and have delighted great numbers of children.

He died from an unusual form of cancer in New York City November 27, 1904, in the 41st year of his age. He married, the preceding April, Mrs. Mary Cozzens Cadow, who survives him. Three of his brothers graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School, respectively in 1887, 1892, and 1895. The last mentioned died in 1901.

#### 1889

JOHN KENNETH MACKENZIE, son of Colonel John Mackenzie of the English Army and a native of England, was born on the Island of Jersey, one of the Channel Islands of England, June 21, 1862. His mother was Harriet Louise (Littan) Mackenzie.

At the age of seventeen he went to the Sandwich Islands and was successful in contract raising of sugar for the Spreckels Brothers. He returned to England for a time, and then with one of his brothers came to the United States, and took a ranch near Garden City, Kans.

In 1887 he entered the Sheffield Scientific School as a special student in chemistry, leaving in 1889, but in 1899 he received his degree with enrollment in his class.

After leaving Yale he was in the employ of the Illinois Steel Co. of Chicago, now one of the constituent companies of the United States Steel Co., until April, 1893, when he formed a partnership with Mr. R. N. Dickman. Later Mr. W. C. Potter entered the firm, which then became Dickman, Mackenzie & Potter, and was engaged in mining, metallurgy, and mining engineering.

While on his way to examine some silver mines in the remote mountainous district of Sonora, in northwestern Mexico, he was killed by Yaqui Indians, near Torres, January 19, 1905. He was in the 43d year of his age.

He married, October 1, 1891, Fanny Locke, daughter of Rev. Clinton and Adele G. D. Locke, who survives him with two sons. Two brothers and five sisters are living in London, England.

1896

ERNEST KEMPTON ADAMS, son of Edward Dean Adams (M.S. Norwich Univ., Vt., 1864), banker of New York City, and Frances Amelia (Gutterson) Adams, was born in Boston, Mass., December 17, 1873, and took his preparatory studies in the Lawrenceville (N. J.) School. Early in life he showed a deep interest in mechanics and electricity, and while in the Sheffield Scientific School was in the course in electrical engineering. He was an editor of the Yale *Scientific Monthly* and Marshal of his class at graduation.

After graduation he continued his studies at Columbia University, receiving thence the degree of Electrical Engineer in 1897, and of Master of Arts in 1898. He was a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, a life member of the American Museum of Natural History, and a fellow of the Metropolitan Museum of Art of New York City. He was a member of St. Thomas's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Adams died of nephritis at Watkins, N. Y., July 21, 1904, in the 31st year of his age.

He married Miss Margarethe Seefeld, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Friedrich Seefeld, Commander of the military district of the Grand Duchy of Baden. She survives him with two sons.

He was an occasional contributor to scientific publications; the most important articles being those in the *Electrical World and Engineer* entitled "Station Indicators for Railway Systems," July 11, 1903, and "Foucault Pendulum Systems," January 30, 1904, and June 25, 1904.

Since the death of Mr. Adams two large quarto volumes bearing the title "Mechanical and Electrical Inventions" have been issued for private distribution. These volumes, the first of more than five hundred, and the second of more than eight hundred pages, constitute a rare monument to his extraordinary intellectual activity and fertility. He had the satisfaction of seeing this work, with its wealth of exquisite drawings, practically completed before his death.

SAMUEL LEES QUINBY, son of Joseph Ridge and Mary (Lees) Quinby, was born November 17, 1875, at Elizabeth, N. J., and took his preparatory course at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H. In Senior year he was Captain of the University Baseball Nine. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American War he was mustered into the United States service with Troop A, New York Volun-

teer Cavalry, at Camp Black, Hempstead, L. I., and served on the body guard of General Miles in Porto Rico. He was mustered out of service November 28, 1898.

After the war he was with Hartley & Graham, agents of the Remington Arms Co. and Union Metallic Cartridge Co. until 1901, and then in the firm of Slidell, Montalvo & Quinby, operating a sugar plantation in Cuba, at Colonia La Fé, near Cienfuegos, where he died suddenly June 12, 1905, in the 30th year of his age. He was managing partner of the plantation at the time of his death. He was not married. He was a member of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, New York City.

#### 1897

JOHN WALTER BEST, son of John Best (N. Y. Coll. of Pharm. 1865) and Margaret (King) Best, was born in Central City, Col., April 13, 1875. In 1887 the family removed to Denver, and he took his preparatory course in the East Denver High School, and then spent a year in the Colorado State School of Mines at Golden. Entering the Sheffield Scientific School, in Freshman year he won a prize in chemistry and received Honorable Mention for excellence in all studies. In Junior year he was chosen Chairman of the Editorial Board of the *Scientific Monthly*, and in Senior year was elected President of the Class, and Vice-President of the Berkeley Association.

For about two years after graduation he was associated with his father in the management of the Saratoga Mine at Central City, and then in ore examination at Cripple Creek and Telluride. Early in 1900 he became connected with the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co., for which he made several geological trips into New Mexico and Arizona. The hardships endured brought on a severe attack of typhoid fever that autumn, but he completely recovered and the following summer was able to take up the duties of Assistant Geologist of the company, examining various mining properties in British Columbia. In 1902 he was made Treasurer of the Northern Coal & Coke Co. of Denver, later adding the office of General Manager.

In October, 1903, he was again stricken with typhoid fever, and although he recovered sufficiently to visit Florida in February, the climate did not restore him. He returned in May to Denver, where he died, August 20, 1904, at the age of 29 years.

His ready sympathy and tact brought him closely in touch with all sorts of men, and his high aims and strength of purpose made his life a real power for good.



Mr. Best married, April 16, 1902, Florence M., youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Kountze of Denver. She survives him without children.

## 1901

EDWARD RANDALL SAXTON, son of William Henry and Emily (Sherwood) Saxton, was born September 13, 1879, at Saugatuck, in the town of Westport, Conn., and after preparation at "The Gunnery," Washington, Conn., took the course in sanitary engineering.

After graduation he was with the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Co., with the city sewerage department of New Britain, Conn., and with the United States Engineering Corps, River and Harbor Improvement section at New Haven, Conn.

He died of pneumonia at Saugatuck, November 18, 1904, at the age of 25 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Saugatuck Congregational Church.

## 1903

CYRUS HAMILTON KENDALL, son of John Calvin Kendall, M.D. (Yale 1870), and Marie (Hartig) Kendall, was born December 22, 1882, in Norwalk, Conn., but came to New Haven as a resident of Norfolk, Conn., from the Robbins School. He took the course in electrical engineering, and received General Honors for excellence in the studies of Junior and Senior years.

After graduation he was employed in the testing department of the General Electric Company in Schenectady, N. Y. He was on night duty in charge of a test on a synchronous motor generator, and while readjusting some wires, in a way not exactly known he received the voltage of 2300 from a current. He died soon after the accident, in the early morning of November 26, 1904, in the 22d year of his age. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Congregational Church of Norfolk.

## 1904

ALBERT COOPER WARD, son of George Gray Ward, Vice-President of the Commercial Cable Co., and Mary Ann (Smith) Ward, was born December 18, 1881, at Brooklyn, N. Y., and took his preparatory studies in the Cutler School, New York City, and the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he became a member of the firm of Keen & Ward, stock brokers in New York City, and so continued until his sudden death from pneumonia, December 9, 1904. He was in the 23d year of his age and unmarried.

## GRADUATE SCHOOL.

1891

GEORGE STEPHEN GOODSPEED, son of Rev. Edgar Johnson Goodspeed, D.D. (Univ. Roch. 1853) and Caroline (Raymond) Goodspeed, was born January 14, 1860, at Janesville, Wisc., where his father was at the time pastor. He graduated as Bachelor of Arts from Brown University in 1880, and as Bachelor of Divinity in 1883 from the Baptist Union Theological Seminary at Morgan Park, Ill., (now known as the Divinity School of the University of Chicago). At Morgan Park he became the pupil of President (then Professor) William R. Harper (Ph.D. Yale 1875) and after finishing his course continued for another year the companionship in Bible studies which had been formed. He was ordained at Morgan Park in July, 1884, and for two years was pastor in Sonora, Cal., and then became the first pastor of the Highland Baptist Church in Springfield, Mass., resigning two years later to enter the Graduate Department of Yale University. From 1889 to 1891 he was also Assistant to Professor Harper in Semitic Languages, and was intimately connected with him as a teacher of New Testament Greek in the correspondence course of the American Institute of Sacred Literature.

After receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy he spent the year 1891-92 in study in the University of Freiburg in Baden, and then in 1892 became a member of the first corps of instructors of the University of Chicago, as Associate Professor of Comparative Religion and Ancient History, in 1898 receiving the appointment as Professor of the same. From 1895 to 1901 he was also University Recorder. During 1897-98 he pursued further studies abroad, mostly at Geneva and Lausanne.

His work in ancient and Biblical history is regarded as of permanent value. He was one of the editors of *The Biblical World* and the *American Journal of Theology*, and a frequent contributor to them. Besides writing with President Harper one of the earliest volumes of the "Inductive Series," entitled "The Gospel of John," 1888-89, he also published individually "Israel's Messianic Hope" in 1900, "A History of the Babylonians and Assyrians" in 1902, and "A History of the Ancient World" in 1904. In his later years he made a special study of comparative religions.

Professor Goodspeed died of pneumonia at his home in Chicago, February 17, 1905, at the age of 45 years.

He married, August 7, 1884, Florence Duffy, daughter of James Duffy and Sarah Elizabeth (Ten Broeke) Mills, who survives him with a son.

## 1896

DANIEL FLOYD CULLER, son of Rev. Martin Luther Culler (Pa. Coll. 1862), a Lutheran clergyman of Bedford, Pa., was born at Martinsburg, W. Va., July 21, 1869. He was a student at Mercersburg College and then graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Pennsylvania College in 1893.

After a course of graduate study at Yale he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1896. He made a special study of modern languages, and taught them at Flushing Institute, Long Island, N. Y., at Elizabeth College, Charlotte, N. C., and St. John's Military Academy, Syracuse, N. Y. He had entered upon his third year as instructor in Spanish in the Saint Louis (Mo.) Normal and High School, when he was taken with appendicitis, and died at the Evangelical Deaconess Hospital, October 29, 1903. He was 34 years of age.

He married, August 20, 1902, Julia Louise, daughter of William Abbott of Strasburg, Va. She survives him without children.

## 1898

ALICE HOPKINS ALBRO (Mrs. Charles Albert Barker), daughter of Samuel H. and Rhoda Hopkins (Place) Albro, was born in Southington, Conn., October 27, 1868, and graduated from Bryn Mawr College with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890. She taught in Dunkirk, N. Y., and Brooklyn, N. Y., and in 1895 entered the Graduate Department from Mansfield, Pa., making a special study of physiological chemistry.

After receiving the Doctorate of Philosophy she was married, at Fredonia, N. Y., April 17, 1901, to Charles Albert Barker, and resided in Washington, D. C., where she died, October 25, 1904, in the 36th year of her age. She left a son.



# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1836	Newton Barrett, 91	Chicago, Ill.	Aug. 9, '04
1837	James Cowles, 89	Akron, O.	July 20, '04
1841	Sherman M. Booth, 91	Chicago, Ill.	Aug. 10, '04
1841	William H. Gilbert, 88	Fair Oaks, Cal.	April 28, '05
1841	William L. Learned, 83	Albany, N. Y.	Sept. 20, '04
1842	Samuel W. Eaton, 84	Newton Highlands, Mass.	Feb. 9, '05
1842	William Ellis, 83	Willapa, Wash.	Jan. 23, '05
1842	Lewis Grout, 90	West Brattleboro, Vt.	March 12, '05
1842	Nathaniel S. Perkins, 82	New London, Conn.	Feb. 8, '05
1843	David J. Ely, 84	Rochester, N. Y.	Feb. 18, '05
1846	Rensselaer R. Nelson, 78	St. Paul, Minn.	Oct. 15, '04
1846	John B. Talcott, 80	New Britain, Conn.	Feb. 21, '05
1847	John C. Angell, 85	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	Oct. 5, '04
1847	Sylvanus P. Marvin, 82	Woodbridge, Conn.	Nov. 24, '04
1848	George Langdon, 78	Plymouth, Conn.	May 28, '05
1848	Thomas R. G. Peck, 77	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 18, '05
1848	Thomas C. Pinckard, 78	Opelika, Ala.	Oct. 16, '04
1849	Augustus Brandegee, 76	New London, Conn.	Nov. 10, '04
1850	Thomas D. Conyngham, 72	New Brighton, N. Y.	Nov. 7, '04
1851	Henry D. White, 74	New Haven, Conn.	May 4, '05
1852	David S. Bigelow, 76	Colchester, Conn.	May 8, '05
1852	Cyrus L. Hall, 80	Owen, Wisc.	Sept. 22, '04
1852	Moses Smith, 74	Chicago, Ill.	Nov. 30, '04
1853	Charles F. Dowd, 79	Saratoga Springs, N. Y.	Nov. 12, '04
1853	William T. Gilbert, 75	New Milford, Conn.	Oct. 1, '04
1853	Joseph Olds, 72	Columbus, O.	Jan. 31, '05
1853	Henry P. Stearns, 77	Hartford, Conn.	May 27, '05
1854	Edward P. Buffett, 70	Jersey City, N. J.	Sept. 9, '04
1854	Edward C. Du Bois, 72	Lima, Peru	May 25, '03
1854	Edward W. Lambert, 73	New York City	July 17, '04
1854	Adrian Van Sinderen, 71	Berlin, Germany	Feb. 7, '05
1855	John Anketell, 70	West Burlington, N. Y.	March 9, '05
1855	Henry A. Dickinson, 71	Huntington, Mass.	July 14, '04
1855	Jarvis K. Mason, 73	Suffield, Conn.	April 8, '05
1856	David P. Richardson, 71	Angelica, N. Y.	June 21, '04
1857	William E. Hulbert, 70	Cromwell, Conn.	Nov. 12, '04
1858	Leavitt Howe, 67	Princeton, N. J.	July 19, '04
1860	William E. Bradley, 64	Frankfort, Ky.	Feb. 16, '05
1860	John Howard, 66	New York City	Oct. 3, '04

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1860	William H. Hurlbut, 64	St. Augustine, Fla.	Feb. 18, '05
1860	George Rice, 67	South Framingham, Mass.	April 18, '05
1861	Ebenezer B. Convers, 64	Englewood, N. J.	March 10, '05
1861	John D. Tucker, 65	Hartford, Conn.	Dec. 3, '04
1863	Joseph F. Gaylord, 68	Worcester, Mass.	April 10, '05
1863	George E. Lounsbury, 66	Ridgefield, Conn.	Aug. 16, '04
1863	George W. Osborn, 65	New Haven, Conn.	July 31, '04
1864	Charles D. Ingersoll, 61	New York City	Jan. 8, '05
1864	Lewis F. Whitin, 60	New York City	Sept. 29, '04
1865	Thomas J. Brown, 64	Utica, N. Y.	July 31, '04
1865	James Charnley, 60	Camden, S. C.	Feb. 11, '05
1865	Willis L. Reeves, 62	Dawson Springs, Ky.	May 25, '04
1865	Corydon G. Stowell, 65	Chicago, Ill.	March 1, '05
1865	Henry E. Taintor, 60	Hartford, Conn.	Aug. 31, '04
1866	John M. Hall, 63	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 28, '05
1868	Edwin L. Allen, 56	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Dec. 19, '04
1868	Frederic Wesson, 59	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Nov. 30, '04
1869	David Manning, 58	Worcester, Mass.	Jan. 5, '05
1871	Warner B. Riggs, 55	Austin, Tex.	March 2, '05
1871	George P. Wilshire, 54	Greenwich, Conn.	Jan. 24, '05
1872	William H. Averell, 55	Rochester, N. Y.	Oct. 13, '04
1873	Charles H. Thomas, 53	Baltimore, Md.	Oct. 29, '04
1874	Thomas G. Evans, 52	New Brighton, N. Y.	March 28, '05
1875	William W. Seymour, 51	Troy, N. Y.	Oct. 18, '04
1876	Joseph C. Le Bourgeois, 49	New Orleans, La.	May 14, '05
1876	George W. Rollins, 51	West Roxbury, Mass.	March 13, '05
1876	Charles M. Stabler, 49	Aiken, S. C.	March 30, '03
1877	Charles C. Camp, 49	Faribault, Minn.	Dec. 30, '04
1877	J. Montgomery Sears, 50	Marlboro, Mass.	June 2, '05
1878	Henry B. McCarroll, 47	Morristown, N. J.	Aug. 17, '04
1878	Walter L. Merwin, 50	Pittsburg, Pa.	Feb. 7, '05
1878	Philip W. Moen, 47	Shrewsbury, Mass.	Sept. 12, '04
1878	Warren A. Ransom, 46	Englewood, N. J.	May 19, '03
1878	William Howard Taylor, 56	Los Angeles, Cal.	Oct. 25, '04
1878	Thomas C. Wordin, 51	Bridgeport, Conn.	April 6, '05
1879	Hugh C. McCord, 48	New Haven, Conn.	Aug. 27, '04
1879	James D. Torreyson, 50	Carson City, Nev.	Oct. 27, '04
1880	Remsen V. Messler, 46	Pittsburg, Pa.	Feb. 2, '05
1882	George P. Richardson, 45	Boston, Mass.	Dec. 9, '04
1882	Frank H. Snell, 43	Washington, D. C.	Nov. 8, '04
1883	Thomas D. Husted, 44	New York City	Jan. 11, '05
1883	Austin R. Preston, 44	New York City	May 27, '05
1885	Carrington R. Stiles, 54	Towanda, Pa.	May 18, '05
1887	Albert G. Hunt, 41	Scranton, Pa.	May 21, '05
1891	George P. Hawkes, 36	West Nutley, N. J.	Feb. 14, '05
1892	James A. Moore, 38	New Haven, Conn.	March 9, '05
1893	Frederick M. Lloyd, 34	New Haven, Conn.	May 13, '05

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1894	Louis P. Gillespie, 33	Rome, Italy	March 31, '05
1895	Thomas C. Moore, 31	Edgewood, Pa.	Nov. 13, '04
1896	Samuel E. Damon, 31	Honolulu, H. I.	Sept. 27, '04
1896	Emory Hawes, 29	New York City	Nov. 14, '04
1897	James C. Converse, 29	New York City	Dec. 15, '04
1897	William T. Cowdrey, 29	New Rochelle, N. Y.	Sept. 5, '04
1899	Arthur W. Davis, 30	Watch Hill, R. I.	July 21, '04
1899	John C. Entrekin, 26	Chillicothe, O.	Dec. 27, '04
1900	Allan MacLean, 25	Florence, Italy	June 15, '05
1901	Luther L. Kellogg, 26	New York City	Feb. 15, '05

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1844	Austin Lord, 83	North Haven, Conn.	Oct. 11, '04
1845	Edward M. Beardsley, 82	Monroe, Conn.	March 11, '05
1851	Orlando Brown, 77	Washington, Conn.	Aug. 3, '04
1852	Samuel A. Wilson, 76	Windsor, Conn.	Oct. 9, '04
1867	Theodore R. Noyes, 61	Kenwood, N. Y.	June 1, '03
1868	John H. Granniss, 60	Old Saybrook, Conn.	Feb. 17, '05
1875	Charles D. Wiggin, 63	Mystic, Conn.	May 21, '04
1880	Loren T. Day, 44	Westport, Conn.	April 1, '05
1898	Charles L. P. Smith, 28	Cornwall Bridge, Conn.	Aug. 18, '04

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1854	Benezet H. Bill, 75	Rockville, Conn.	Aug. 21, '04
1855	Henry M. Miller, 77	Waverly, Ill.	July 26, '03
1867	Edwin Purrington, 65	Atlanta, Ga.	Aug. 19, '04
1871	John A. Robinson, 66	New Haven, Conn.	Sept. 1, '04
1874	James Bishop, 54	New Haven, Conn.	May 13, '05
1877	Albert M. Tallmadge, 50	Bridgeport, Conn.	Feb. 13, '05
1878	Haydn C. Kelly, 48	New York City	Feb. 16, '04
1878	John C. Talcott, 47	Cleveland, O.	Dec. 17, '04
1889	Henry M. Danneel, 36	New Orleans, La.	May 26, '05
1890	Wilfred A. Clark, 34	New York City	June 11, '04
1893	Redford B. T. Sharpe, 32	Laredo, Tex.	Nov. 27, '04
1897	John J. Feely, 29	Chicago, Ill.	Feb. 15, '05
1900	Walter L. Bevins, 28	Meriden, Conn.	Jan. 18, '05
1902	Arthur Henderson, 27	Waterbury, Conn.	Nov. 27, '04

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1875	Sedgwick P. Wilder, 57	Delavan, Wisc.	April 4, '05
1877	Henry L. Slack, 57	Bethel, Conn.	March 25, '05
1882	Edward H. Ashmun, 51	Burke, Cal.	Dec. 21, '04
1892	Kevork H. Kazanjian, 54	New Haven, Conn.	Aug. 27, '04



## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1854	George B. Pierson, 72	Ramapo, N. Y.	Dec. 7, '04
1856	George F. Fuller, 70	West Newton, Mass.	July 14, '04
1864	Beverly S. Burton, 57	Munich, Germany	Jan. 6, '04
1870	Edward V. Hoes, 54	Asbury Park, N. J.	Aug. 4, '04
1871	James C. Bush, 54	Fort Warren, Mass.	June 11, '05
1872	George N. Miller, 58	Short Beach, Conn.	July 11, '04
1874	Lorenzo M. Johnson, 61	St. Mary's, Pa.	Nov. 28, '04
1875	William A. Pratt, 50	Philadelphia, Pa.	Sept. 19, '04
1875	Thomas A. Vernon, 48	Brooklyn, N. Y.	June 23, '04
1875	Alonzo E. Wemple, 49	New York City	May 17, '04
1878	Lucien L. Burrows, 48	Decatur, Ill.	May 8, '05
1879	Alfred D. Lewis, 48	Bridgeport, Conn.	Oct. 5, '04
1881	Charles M. Downs, 44	Chicago, Ill.	Nov. 24, '04
1883	Frederic R. Bartlett, 43	Chicago, Ill.	Aug. 12, '04
1884	John B. Hatcher, 42	Pittsburg, Pa.	July 3, '04
1885	Frank J. Stevens, 41	Eze, France	April 4, '05
1887	William T. Rainey, 39	New York City	Aug. 13, '04
1887	Nathaniel P. Washburn, 36	San Antonio, Texas	June 19, '03
1888	Frederick R. Hamlin, 40	New York City	Nov. 27, '04
1889	John K. Mackenzie, 42	near Torres, Mex.	Jan. 19, '05
1896	Ernest K. Adams, 30	Watkins, N. Y.	July 21, '04
1896	Samuel L. Quinby, 29	near Cienfuegos, Cuba	June 12, '05
1897	John W. Best, 29	Denver, Col.	Aug. 20, '04
1901	Edward R. Saxton, 25	Saugatuck, Conn.	Nov. 18, '04
1903	Cyrus H. Kendall, 21	Schenectady, N. Y.	Nov. 26, '04
1904	Albert C. Ward, 22	New York City	Dec. 9, '04

## GRADUATE SCHOOL

1891	George S. Goodspeed, 45	Chicago, Ill.	Feb. 17, '05
1896	Daniel F. Culler, 34	St. Louis, Mo.	Oct. 29, '03
1898	Alice H. Albro, 35	Washington, D. C.	Oct. 25, '04
	(Mrs. Charles A. Barker)		

The number of deaths recorded this year is 152, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is about 61 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is:

Class of 1831, Rev. JOSEPH S. LORD, of Laingsburg, Mich., born April 26, 1808.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is:

Class of 1837, GURDON W. RUSSELL, born April 10, 1815.

# I N D E X

Members of the *Divinity, Law, Medical, Scientific and Graduate Schools* are indicated by the letters *d, l, m, s,* and *dp* or *a,* respectively.

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

***JUNE, 1906,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 26, 1906]

[No. 6 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 65 of the whole Record]

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### YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1831

JOSEPH SELDEN LORD, since the death of Professor Samuel Porter of the Class of 1829, in September, 1901, the oldest living graduate of Yale University, and since the death of Bishop Clark in September, 1903, the last survivor of his class, was born in Lyme, Conn., April 26, 1808. His parents were Joseph Lord, who carried on a coasting trade near Lyme, and Phoebe (Burnham) Lord. He united with the Congregational church in his native place when 16 years old, and soon began his college preparation in the Academy of Monson, Mass., with the ministry in view.

Commencement then occurred in September, and after his graduation from Yale College, he taught two years in an academy at Bristol, Conn. He then entered the Yale Divinity School, was licensed to preach by the Middlesex Congregational Association of Connecticut in 1835, and completed his theological studies in 1836. After supplying



the Congregational church in Plymouth, Chenango County, N. Y., a year, he was ordained by the Presbytery of Cayuga at Borodino, Onondaga County, N. Y., April 21, 1840, and remained there till October, 1844. He was then pastor in Cortland County, at Harford, six years, and Scott, four years. In December, 1854, he removed from New York State, and the remainder of his ministry was pioneer work in the West,—three years in Illinois, at Hebron, ten years in Wisconsin, at Barton and Hustisford, and from February, 1867, in Michigan, six years in the missionary fields of Spring Lake, Nunica, Springfield and Independence, and from 1873 until his retirement in 1886 at Laingsburg. He died at the home of his daughter in Laingsburg, November 20, 1905, at the age of 97 years and nearly 7 months.

Mr. Lord married, May 17, 1836, Harriet Newhall, daughter of Captain Newhall Taintor of Colchester, Conn., for sixteen years a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and of Ruth (Smith) Taintor of Haddam, Conn., who died at Harford, N. Y., in 1845. Of their three sons and four daughters, two sons only survive. Mr. Lord afterward married Rhoda L., daughter of Seymour Clark of Dryden, N. Y. She died June 13, 1893, and of the three daughters by this marriage, but one is living.

### 1833

GEORGE EDWARD DAY, elder son of Gad and Roxanna (Rice) Day, and brother of Horace Day (Yale 1836), was a descendant of Robert Day, who came from Ipswich, England, to Boston, Mass., in the bark *Elizabeth* in April, 1634, and was one of the original proprietors of Hartford, Conn., having probably journeyed thither through the wilderness with Rev. Thomas Hooker in 1636. Through his mother he was descended from Thomas Yale, uncle of Elihu Yale, in whose honor Yale College received its name. He was born March 19, 1815, in Pittsfield, Mass., but in 1822 removed with his parents to New Haven, Conn.

After graduation from Yale College in 1833, he taught two years in the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb in New York City. In the education of this class he was deeply interested and, while a student in the Yale Theological Seminary, wrote on the subject for the *American Journal of Science* in 1836. The results of his investigations, made by request during subsequent visits abroad, were published in a "Report on Institutions for the Deaf and Dumb in Europe, especially Germany," in 1845, and a similar Report for Holland and Paris, in 1861. On completing his theological course in 1838, before entering the active ministry, he was Instructor in Sacred Literature in the Yale Divinity School for two years.

He was ordained pastor of the Union (Congregational) Church in Marlboro, Mass., December 2, 1840, continued there seven years, and then from January, 1848, to May, 1851, filled the pastorate of the Edwards Church, Northampton, Mass.

Following ten years of pastoral work, he was for fifteen years Professor of Biblical Literature in the Lane Theological Seminary at Cincinnati, O. In 1863 he established the *Theological Eclectic*, which he edited through seven volumes, when it was merged with the *Bibliotheca Sacra*. While abroad in the summer of 1865 he purchased in Great Britain and on the Continent large additions for the Library of Lane Seminary.

In April, 1866, he returned to New Haven as Professor of the Hebrew Language and Literature and Biblical Theology in the Yale Divinity School, and maintained his official connection with the School to the close of his long life. The value of his services in the erection of the present buildings was gratefully acknowledged by his associates, and his self-sacrificing devotion to his work, both in instruction and outside of the class-room, was manifest. In 1888 he became Dean of the Divinity School, and for three or four years thereafter shared the duties of his professorship

with Professor Harper, late President of Chicago University. Upon his retirement from the Office of Dean in 1895, he was made Professor *Emeritus*. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Marietta College in 1856.

Professor Day compiled "A Genealogical Register of the Descendants in the Male Line of Robert Day, of Hartford, Conn., who died in 1648"; 1st edition, New Haven, 1840; 2d edition, 1848. He was Secretary of his college class from 1866 to the close of his life, and in 1870 and 1879 issued Records of the Class.

Professor Day retained his enthusiasm for linguistic study, acquiring new languages even in his later years. He translated from the Dutch Van Oosterzee's "Biblical Theology of the New Testament" in 1871, and edited an American edition of Oehler's "Biblical Theology of the Old Testament" in 1883. By taste and experience he was well fitted for his share in the revision of the English version of the Bible, and served as Secretary of the American Revision Committee and a member of the Old Testament Company from its formation in 1871.

He was thoroughly familiar with the history and present condition of the great missionary work of the church, and at his own expense collected and catalogued an exceedingly valuable missionary library, now numbering about seven thousand five hundred volumes. This he gave to the Yale Divinity School, and also provided funds for its maintenance and increase, and ultimately a new fire-proof building for the same. He was active in efforts which resulted in the erection of a monument to Rev. John Robinson, the "Pilgrim" pastor, in Leyden, Holland.

Professor Day died July 2, 1905, in his 91st year. Injuries resulting from a fall had confined him to his house for fifteen months previous, but he bore his helplessness with wonderful resignation. He married, in 1843, Amelia H., daughter of Henry and Mary Oaks. She died in 1875, and he afterward married Olivia Clarke Hotchkiss, who



survives him. The latter was the daughter of Lewis and Hannah (Trowbridge) Hotchkiss of New Haven. There were no children by either marriage.

He was a member of the Royal Asiatic Society of Japan, and a Corresponding Member of the New England Historic-Genealogical Society from 1847, and of the American Oriental Society from 1848.

JOHN MCCLELLAN, the last survivor but one of his class, and son of John McClellan (Yale 1785) and Faith (Williams) McClellan, was a life-long resident of Woodstock, Conn., where he was born August 31, 1812. His father was at his death in 1858 the oldest living graduate of Yale College, and his mother was the daughter of William Williams, signer of the Declaration of Independence, and granddaughter of Governor Jonathan Trumbull (LL.D. Yale 1779).

After graduation he studied medicine in Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa., with his cousins, Dr. George McClellan (Yale 1816), a distinguished surgeon of that city, and Professor Samuel McClellan (M.D. Yale 1823), founders of that institution. He received his degree therefrom in March, 1836, but never practiced his profession, engaging in farming and residing in the old homestead to the close of his long life.

He died at Woodstock, December 19, 1905, at the age of 93 years.

Dr. McClellan married, February 16, 1859, Olive Anna, daughter of Elisha and Lora (Davison) Child, who survives him with a daughter and two sons, one being Dr. George Eldredge McClellan (Ph.B. Yale 1891). A son and daughter died in early childhood.

### 1835

AMOS SHEFFIELD CHESEBROUGH, son of Enoch Stanton and Sally (Sheffield) Chesebrough, was born August 22,

1813, at Stonington, Conn., where his ancestor William Chesebrough was the first permanent white settler in the summer of 1649. His father's grandmother was the granddaughter of Rev. James Noyes, the first pastor of the first church in Stonington, and one of the founders of Yale College, his name heading the list of its Fellows. From 1875 to 1884 he was himself a member of the Yale Corporation.

He was prepared to enter college when 14 years old, but then turned aside to study medicine with Dr. William Hyde, the village physician, spending a year meantime in a drug store in New York City, and in the fall of 1832 joined the Sophomore class.

After graduation he was Principal of Hopkins' Academy, Hadley, Mass., and of Westfield (Mass.) Academy, a year each, and then entered the Yale Divinity School, completing his course there in 1840. During this time by personal effort he was successful in adding about \$10,000 to the beneficiary funds of the Academical Department.

From May, 1841, to January, 1853, he was pastor of the Congregational Church in Chester, Conn. After this, owing to a severe illness, he was able to preach but little for several years. He spent some time assisting his father in his mercantile business, and after bringing this business to a close, early in 1857 embarked in a packet ship for London, made a long pedestrian tour in Europe, and returned at the end of the year fully restored in health.

From July, 1858, to November, 1868, he was pastor of the Congregational Church of Glastonbury, and from 1871 to 1876 supplied the pulpit at Vernon, and for five years from the latter date at Durham, Conn. In 1882 he removed to his wife's ancestral home at Saybrook, and retired from the active ministry. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale University in 1885.

During the early part of his ministry he was greatly interested in the theological controversy regarding Rev. Dr.

Horace Bushnell, and wrote for the *Religious Herald* a series of articles on the points in dispute, which were reprinted in pamphlet form with the signature "Criticus Criticorum." While residing in Glastonbury he wrote a volume on Home Evangelization, which was published by the American Tract Society in 1865, and widely circulated. Besides these he prepared a Biographical Sketch of his ancestor William Chesebrough, which was reprinted in the Genealogy of the Descendants of the latter, 1903, "Historical Sketch of the Congregational Church of Chester, Conn.," 1892, "Address at the One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of the Congregational Church at Hadlyme, Conn.," 1895, and a "Historical Address at the Two Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of the First Church of Christ in Saybrook, Conn.," 1896. A sermon on "Christian Politics," an address at the Dedication of the Monument to the First Settlers of Stonington, Conn., in 1899, a few papers which he prepared for ecclesiastical gatherings were also printed, and several articles in the *New Englander*. He was Moderator of the General Association of Connecticut in 1866 and 1872.

Dr. Chesebrough died of exhaustion August 28, 1905, in New Hartford, Conn., the home of his daughter, where he had resided since 1898. He was a few days over 92 years of age. The burial was in Saybrook.

He married, November 16, 1841, Harriet, eldest daughter of George H. and Lucia (Tully) Chapman, of Saybrook, Conn., and had two daughters and a son. Their second daughter died in 1870, and Mrs. Chesebrough in 1897. A grandson, H. Roger Jones, graduates this year from Cornell Law School, and another grandson, Charles Chesebrough Jones, is a member of the Freshman class in Yale College.



1837

THOMAS MILLS DAY, son of Hon. Thomas Day, LL.D. (Yale 1797), and nephew of President Jeremiah Day of Yale College, was born in Hartford, Conn., November 21, 1817. His father was Secretary of the State of Connecticut from 1810 to 1835, Chief Judge of the County Court of Hartford from 1825 to 1833, and Reporter of the Connecticut Supreme Court of Errors from 1805 to 1853. His mother was Sarah (Coit) Day.

The year after graduation he began a two years' course of law study in Hartford, but after a brief term of practice he gave up professional work on account of deafness. In 1840 he published a Digest of Connecticut Law Reports prepared by his father. He engaged in mercantile and editorial pursuits until 1850, when he went abroad for eighteen months. January 1, 1855, he became proprietor and editor of the *Hartford Courant*, which he conducted until after the Civil War, disposing of his interest in 1866. Since then he had not been in business.

Mr. Day died at the home on Farmington Avenue, Hartford, where he had lived over fifty years, October 17, 1905, in the 88th year of his age. He had been ill about a month with bronchitis. He was the last survivor but one of his class.

He married, December 3, 1851, Ann Jones, daughter of James Cutler and Sophia (Payne) Dunn, and had a son who died in childhood and a daughter, who married Hon. Charles Joseph Bonaparte, LL.D. (Harvard 1871), Secretary of the United States Navy and a member of the Board of Overseers of Harvard University. Mr. Day married, December 2, 1862, Ellen Cornelia, daughter of Eleazer and Elizabeth Mary (Jones) Pomeroy, and had three sons and a daughter, who with their mother survive him. The sons graduated from Yale College respectively in 1886, 1890, and 1892, the youngest being Assistant Professor of Economic History in Yale University. A sister

was the wife of Nathan Perkins Seymour, LL.D. (Yale 1834), and they were the parents of Professor Thomas Day Seymour, LL.D.

## 1838

THEODORE SEDGWICK GOLD, son of Samuel Wadsworth Gold, M.D. (Williams 1814), and Phebe (Cleveland) Gold, was born March 2, 1818, in Madison, N. Y. He was a great-grandson of Rev. Hezekiah Gold (Yale 1751), whose wife was sister of Hon. Theodore Sedgwick, LL.D. (Yale 1765), United States Senator and Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts. The year of his birth his parents returned to the ancestral farm at West Cornwall, Conn. In 1824 Dr. Gold removed to the adjoining town of Goshen, but after fifteen years of practice there returned to West Cornwall.

After graduation the son studied medicine, botany and mineralogy in New Haven, taught in the Goshen and Waterbury Academies, in the former of which he was prepared for college, and in 1842 began his life work of farming, giving special attention to fruit growing, on the Cream Hill Farm of four hundred acres in West Cornwall. Three years later he assisted his father in establishing there the Cream Hill Agricultural School, which they successfully carried on until 1869.

Mr. Gold devoted a large part of his life with great energy and ability to advancing the agricultural interests of the state. Upon taking up farming he at once started a Farmers' Club—the first one in Connecticut—and was its Secretary. In 1850 he started the movement which resulted two years later in the formation of the Connecticut Agricultural Society, with the control of which he was officially connected from the beginning until death. In 1866 the Connecticut Board of Agriculture was established, of which he was Secretary until his resignation in 1901.

He was a member of the Board of Control and of the Executive Committee of the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station continuously from its formation in 1877, and a Trustee of the Storrs Agricultural School (now Connecticut Agricultural College) from 1881 to 1901. He was a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and a member of many agricultural and allied societies.

In 1864 he was instrumental in obtaining a charter for the Connecticut Soldiers' Orphan Home at Mansfield, and during the ten years in which the institution was maintained was Secretary of the Corporation. He was one of the editors of *The Homestead*, an agricultural paper published in Hartford in 1850. He was a member of the Connecticut Historical Society from 1890 and Vice-President in 1897. He was a student of the early history of his state, and in 1878 published "Historical Records of the Town of Cornwall, Conn.," a revised edition of which was issued in 1904.

He was a deacon of the Second Congregational Church in Cornwall thirty-four years.

Mr. Gold died after an illness of three months at his home in West Cornwall, March 20, 1906, at the age of 88 years.

He married, at Bridgeport, Conn., September 13, 1843, Caroline E., daughter of Charles and Eunice Lockwood. She died in 1857, and in 1859 he married Mrs. Emma (Tracy) Baldwin, daughter of Andrew Williams Tracy of Rockville, Conn. By the first marriage he had five daughters, of whom three are living. The eldest married Charles Henry Hubbard (Ph.B. Yale 1867). By his second marriage he had two daughters and two sons, of whom the eldest daughter graduated from Wellesley College in 1883, and the sons from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1883 and 1888, respectively.



1841

EDMUND PENDLETON GAINES, son of Major-General Edmund Pendleton Gaines, a valiant officer in the siege of Fort Erie and other engagements of the War of 1812, was born at Moultrieville, S. C., October 14, 1820. His mother was Barbara G. (Blount) Gaines, daughter of Gov. William Blount of Tennessee. After her death, his father married Mrs. Myra (Clark) Whitney, whose wishes in regard to the possession of her estate by her stepson were later thwarted by a prolonged contest in the courts.

Mr. Gaines was one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, but ill health obliged him to leave college at the end of the first term of Senior year. On receiving the degree of Master of Arts in 1844 he was enrolled with his class. For several years the state of his health prevented much continuous application, and he was afflicted with cataracts on both eyes. During this time he was a resident of Washington, D. C., and afterward of Memphis, Tenn., and Philadelphia, Pa. From 1853 to 1863 he was clerk in the Post Office Department at Washington, and for about thirteen years thereafter in the Treasury Department, holding substantially the position later designated as Principal Clerk, Internal Revenue Division, Office of the Secretary of the Treasury. On leaving the Treasury Department in 1876 he became a Business and Claim Agent in Washington, but a few years later the failure of his eyesight compelled him to give up business. Since about 1890 he had resided principally in Hogansburgh, Franklin County, N. Y., where he died after an illness of over six months, December 10, 1904, at the age of 84 years.

Mr. Gaines married, October 30, 1866, Miss Frances Hogan, of Washington, D. C., who died in 1899. He afterward married Miss Abbie Combs, of Hogansburgh, who survives him. He had no children by either marriage.

GEORGE WASHINGTON LAY was born in Batavia, N. Y., September 1, 1823, and was the son of Hon. George Washington Lay (Hamilton 1817, M.A. Yale 1835) and Olive (Foote) Lay, and grandson of John Lay (Yale 1780). His father was Representative in Congress and from 1842 to 1845 Charge d'Affaires at the Court of Sweden. After study with a private tutor the son entered college with his elder brother John at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied law at Batavia, was admitted to the bar, in 1847 began practice in Chicago, Ill., where he was for many years partner with Hon. I. H. Arnold. Owing to inflammatory rheumatism he gave up the practice of his profession in 1863, and had since then resided in Batavia, spending the winters in Philadelphia, Pa. From 1872 to 1875 he traveled in Europe.

Mr. Lay died in Philadelphia April 5, 1904, in the 81st year of his age.

He married, December 16, 1856, Miss Harriet Morgan, daughter of an English gentleman residing near Chicago, and had two daughters and three sons, of whom one son died in early childhood. Mrs. Lay survives him, and of the two sons who are living the elder graduated from Williams College in 1887, and the younger, having completed a course in Drexel Institute, is a graduate student in the University of Pennsylvania.

## 1842

BURDETT HART, elder son of Deacon Norman and Minerva (Lee) Hart, was born November 16, 1821, in New Britain, Conn.

After graduation he at once began his theological course, studying one year in the Theological Seminary at Andover and two years in that at New Haven. He was ordained pastor of the First Congregational Church in Fair Haven (now the Grand Avenue Congregational Church within

the city of New Haven), October 1, 1846, and declining several other calls, continued with the church fourteen years. His work during the latter part of this time was much interrupted by a serious throat affection. In the summer of 1857 he went abroad for several months with benefit to his health, and the following spring made a tour in the West, and then spent a year in Minnesota. In Saint Paul in that state he organized Plymouth Church, to which he ministered six months. After this he returned to Fair Haven, but in the autumn of 1860 he resigned his charge, and removed to Philadelphia, Pa., where he engaged with his brother as a wholesale hardware merchant. In that city he was foremost in establishing the Central and Plymouth Congregational Churches.

In the spring of 1873, finding his health reestablished, he was recalled to his former parish in Fair Haven and after officiating seven years as acting pastor, accepted an invitation to resettlement. The second pastorate was marked by large additions to the membership of the church, and continued sixteen years, when after an entire service of thirty years he retired from active duties and was appointed Pastor *Emeritus* for the remainder of his life.

From 1876 he was a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, from 1885 to 1900 was a Fellow of the Yale Corporation, in July, 1891, was a delegate to the International Congregational Council in London, and was engaged in many other fields of service. In 1887 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Ripon College.

Dr. Hart was the author of "The New Northwest," 1871, "Aspects of Christ; Studies of the Model Life," 1892, "Always Upward," 1895, written for the spiritual advancement of members of the Christian Endeavor Society, "Aspects of Heaven," 1896, "Biblical Epochs," 1896, and "The Crown Lost and Restored," a volume of sermons. He also published a number of doctrinal and biographical



sermons, and other pamphlets, and contributed to the *New Englander*.

He married, August 21, 1849, Rebecca Wheelock, daughter of Deacon David and Laura (Severance) Fiske of Shelburne Falls, Mass. She died November 25, 1892. Their first-born son died in infancy, the second son, Arthur Burdett, died November 14, 1905, but their two daughters, Mrs. Abraham R. Perkins of Germantown, Philadelphia, and Mrs. Samuel Hemingway of New Haven, survive. A grandson, Samuel Burdett Hemingway, graduated from the Academical Department in 1904, and another grandson, Louis Lee Hemingway, is an undergraduate in the same department.

Dr. Hart died at the home of his elder daughter, in Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa., May 24, 1906, at the age of 84 years. He was buried in the Fair Haven Union Cemetery, adjoining the church of which he was pastor.

### 1843

GEORGE HENRY CLARK, son of Thomas March and Rebecca (Wheelwright) Clark, and brother of the Rt. Rev. Thomas M. Clark, D.D., LL.D. (Yale 1831), Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Rhode Island, also of the Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D.D. (Yale 1838), was born in Newburyport, Mass, November 7, 1819.

After graduation he took the course in the Episcopal Theological Seminary near Alexandria, Va., and was ordained Deacon in 1846 and Priest in 1847 by Bishop Eastman. He became Rector of All Saints' Church, Worcester, Mass., but owing to the failing health of his wife resigned this charge in 1849, and took up his residence in Darien, Ga. In 1854 he began a rectorship of seven years of St. John's Church, Savannah, Ga., which was closed by events incident to the outbreak of the Civil War. His property was confiscated and he never saw Savannah

again. From 1861 to 1867 he was Rector of Christ Church, Hartford, Conn. Since retiring from the latter he continued to reside in Hartford, devoting himself to general work for the church, to the interests of Trinity College, of which he was trustee from 1861 to the close of his life, and to literature. He wrote a "Life of Oliver Cromwell," 1893, and a Fast Day Sermon, preached in Savannah, November 28, 1860, was printed at the request of friends. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Trinity College in 1863.

Dr. Clark died, after ten years of ill health, at his home in Hartford, March 31, 1906, at the age of 86 years.

He married, December 6, 1849, Miss Lucia Blake Washburn, of Worcester, Mass., who died in Savannah, Ga. In 1867 he married Mrs. Henry S. Perkins, of Hartford, who is also deceased. Two sons, graduates of the Academical Department in 1875 and 1880, respectively, survive him.

#### 1844

DELOS WHITE BEADLE, only son and eldest of the four children of Dr. Chauncey Beadle, a physician who removed from Cherry Valley, N. Y., to St. Catharine's in the province of Ontario (then Upper Canada), Canada, in 1821, and of Orinda (Converse) Beadle, daughter of Colonel Israel Converse, who was one of the earliest settlers of Randolph, Vt., was born at St. Catharine's, October 17, 1823, and was named for his father's intimate friend, Delos White.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Strachan & Cameron in Toronto and in the University of Toronto, from which he also received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1846. He completed his law studies in Harvard Law School and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1847. In the autumn of 1848 he entered the law office

of William C. Noyes, Esq., in New York City, and after a short period of general practice, confined himself to real estate law. In 1852 he compiled "The American Lawyer and Business Man's Form Book," which was published in English and German.

Shortly before the decease of his father he returned to St. Catharine's for a visit, but was persuaded to take care of the latter's more active business of florist and nurseryman, and in this he continued many years. As the result of his experience and observation he published in 1872 "The Canadian Fruit, Flower and Kitchen Garden." He was at one time Editor of the *Canadian Horticulturist*.

In the community he rendered many useful services, being Chairman of the Public School Board a number of years, Water Works Commissioner, and Elder in the Presbyterian Church. He declined a Conservative nomination to Parliament.

Mr. Beadle died in Toronto, Canada, August 30, 1905, in the 82d year of his age.

He married, October 7, 1852, his cousin, Harriet Converse, daughter of Jason Steele, a lawyer of Randolph, Vt., and had two sons and three daughters. The elder son and second daughter died before reaching the age of 10 years. The younger son took a partial course in Cornell University and is in charge of the head office of Mr. George Vanderbilt's estate at Biltmore, N. C.

#### 1845

SILAS RICHARDS SELDEN, second son of David and Gertrude Elizabeth (Richards) Selden, was born December 26, 1822, at the home of his mother's father, Abraham Richards, in Park Place, New York City. His grandfather, Rev. David Selden (Yale 1782), was the Congregational minister at Middle Haddam, Conn., about forty years, that being his sole pastorate, and his great-grand-



father, Rev. Eleazar May (Yale 1752), was pastor of the Congregational Church in Haddam, Conn., forty-seven years. Before he was a year old his mother took him and his brother Edward (Yale 1844) to join their father in Liverpool, England, where the latter was at the time a merchant. His early education was under the careful supervision of his mother. In 1836 he visited with his family some of the most important places in England, Wales and France, but soon after reaching Paris was placed in the Institution Chastaigner for two years, and then entered University College, London. Early in the fall of the next year he returned to the United States, spent two years in the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, and then entered Yale College. From about this time his father's residence was in New Haven, although his business was in New York City.

After graduation he was a resident graduate student for three years, and while thus engaged devoted six months to reading and revising the proof sheets of the Index of the First Series of *Silliman's Journal* (*American Journal of Science*), which formed the 50th volume of that periodical. He then spent about a year superintending the erection and operation of smelting works for reducing zinc and lead ores from mines in a section in which his father was interested in Sullivan County, N. Y., and a year and a half assisting in his father's business in New York City. From September to December, 1850, he was prospecting, mining and farming in Orange County, Va., and then for two years or more farming exclusively. With health thoroughly established, after a few months more with his father in business in New York City, in the spring of 1855 he entered the Pacific Bank in that city, in which he served as an official faithfully and efficiently for more than fifty years, devising a successful method of procedure when the bank was changed from a National to a State Bank, and at another time saving the bank from a serious loss.

Business conditions part of the time during the Civil War made it possible for him to take a partial course in Union Theological Seminary, and he derived great pleasure and benefit from the opportunity and graduated with his class.

Mr. Selden died of heart failure at Summitville, Sullivan County, N. Y., where he had large landed estates, July 24, 1905, in the 83d year of his age. He was never married. Two brothers (Yale 1844 and 1848) survive him. He united with the Center Church, New Haven, in 1848, and since about 1859 had been a member of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York City. His remains were buried in Brandon, Vt.

JAMES CAMP TAPPAN, son of Benjamin S. and Margaret Bell (Camp) Tappan, was born September 9, 1825, in Franklin, Williamson County, Tenn. In 1840 the family removed to Vicksburg, Miss., and he completed his preparation for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H.

After graduation he returned to Vicksburg, and read law with George Yerger, Esq., and was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1846. The following year he was engaged in teaching, and after practicing several months in Coahoma County, Miss., in 1849 removed to Helena, Ark., where he soon formed a partnership with Judge Adams and resided to the close of his life. He was Representative in the Arkansas Legislature in the session of 1850-51 and Speaker of the same in 1871 and also at a later period, Receiver of the United States Land Office at Helena from 1852 to 1859, and for some time thereafter Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial District of Arkansas.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he entered the Confederate service, raising a company of which he was elected Captain, and upon the organization of the Thirteenth Arkansas Regiment was appointed Colonel, and was at the battles of Belmont and Shiloh. November 5, 1862,

he was promoted to the office of Brigadier General and transferred to the Trans-Mississippi Department, where he continued in service until his command surrendered at Shreveport, La., in June, 1865. He was in the battles of Pleasant Hill and Saline River with his brigade, his classmate Richard Taylor being Major General in command. Four other classmates, James Noaille Brickell, Lemuel Parker Conner, William Gustine Conner, and Isaac Munroe St. John were also active defenders of the Confederacy.

In August, 1865, he returned to Helena, and practiced his profession as head of the firm of Tappan & Hornor. He afterward engaged extensively in farming, and became a large property owner.

General Tappan died of hemorrhage of the stomach at his home in Helena, Ark., March 19, 1906, in the 81st year of his age. He was a vestryman in the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, June 26, 1854, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Judge Samuel and Elizabeth (Burrus) Anderson of Rutherford County, Tenn., who is deceased, but a daughter survives him.

## 1846

NATHANIEL PURDY BAILEY, son of Nicholas and Winifred (Purdy) Bailey, was born May 18, 1817, in Marlborough, Ulster County, N. Y., and was for several years in business in New York City before entering college.

After his Academical graduation and a term of teaching in Holden, Mass., he studied theology a year in Andover Seminary and two years in Yale Seminary. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church, Akron, O., November 7, 1849, and served until June, 1856. A few months later he was installed over the Independent Presbyterian (later Congregational) Church in Painesville, O., and closed a successful pastorate there in May, 1864. Dur-



ing a year of this time, from the autumn of 1858, he was unable to preach owing to the failure of his voice.

He was Editor of the Painesville *Telegraph* from February, 1867, to April, 1870, then resuming preaching, was settled over the First Presbyterian Church at Warren, O., nine years, and over the Presbyterian Church at Massillon, O., fifteen years. He then retired from the ministry, and resided with a daughter in Sabina, O., where he died January 20, 1906, in the 89th year of his age. He was buried at Painesville, O. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Blackburn University in 1872.

Dr. Bailey married, in Hartford, Conn., July 11, 1849, Mary Ledyard, daughter of Dr. John Lee Comstock, who was a native of Lyme, Conn., and editor of many textbooks in science and history. They had three sons and four daughters, of whom a son and a daughter are deceased. The youngest daughter graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science from Lake Erie College in 1900, and the wife of the youngest son with the same degree from Western Reserve University in 1884.

MORRIS WAKEMAN LYON, son of Burr and Abigail (Burr) Lyon, was born in Fairfield, Conn., September 6, 1826, and entered college from the Fairfield Academy in Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught in Easton, Danbury, and Fairfield, Conn., respectively one year, two and a half years, and six and a half years. In 1855 he established the Collegiate Institute in New York City, which he conducted most successfully for thirty-nine years. During the years 1869-1872 he founded the Lyon Scholarship Fund in Yale College for the benefit of four worthy and needy Academical students annually appointed.

Mr. Lyon died of paralysis in the home in which he was born, in Fairfield, whither he had retired from teaching, April 21, 1906, in the 80th year of his age. While a resi-

dent of New York City he was a member of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, and in his native town was deeply interested in every measure for its welfare. In 1876 he founded the Fairfield Memorial Library.

He married, October 3, 1853, Isabella B., daughter of William B. and Elizabeth (Beard) Wildman, who assisted him in teaching many years, and who survives him. They had no children.

CHARLES HOOPER TRASK, son of Captain Richard and Abby (Hooper) Trask, was born at Manchester, Mass., September 4, 1824, and entered Amherst College with the class of 1845, but on account of serious throat trouble was obliged to leave at the end of Sophomore year. After spending a year abroad he joined the class of 1846 at Yale in Junior year.

After graduation he studied two years in Andover Theological Seminary, but a return of his throat trouble obliged him to give up his hope of service in the ministry. He spent two years in Europe, the West Indies and Georgia, and then began mercantile life in New York. In 1853 he established there a branch of W. Ropes & Co., shipping merchants of Boston and St. Petersburg. In 1865 he removed to the neighborhood of Boston, devoting, however, a portion of his time to his New York business, but some years later returned to the latter city and resided in the vicinity while he continued in active business. Since then he had lived in Concord and later Lincoln, Mass., where he died December 11, 1905, at the age of 81 years.

Mr. Trask was a trustee of the Children's Aid Society of New York from 1861 to 1866, a manager of the American Bible Society, President of the American Seaman's Friend Society from 1891 to 1896, one of the original members and Deacons and for many years, and until his death, an Elder of the Madison Square Presbyterian Church of New York City, also a director in several business and charitable insti-

tutions, and a member of the American Geographical Society. He was a frequent contributor to the religious press.

He married, October 9, 1849, Martha Reed, daughter of William Ropes of Boston, who died in 1888 and by whom he had four daughters and four sons. Two daughters and three sons are living, of whom one son graduated from Harvard University in 1885. In 1890 Mr. Trask married in Christiania, Norway, Miss Ellen Gillibrand Ropes, a niece of his first wife and daughter of William Hooper Ropes, who survives him.

DANIEL MEIGS WEBB, son of Dr. Reynold Webb (M.D. Yale 1819) and Deborah Hopson (Meigs) Webb, was born April 6, 1822, in East Guilford, now Madison, Conn. He was a nephew of Isaac Webb (Yale 1822), Tutor from 1825 to 1827, and afterward a lawyer in Middletown, Conn.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Medical School, then began the practice of his profession with his father, and after the latter's death in 1856, was for many years the only physician in his native place. He was highly esteemed for his character and his professional skill. He died at his home in Madison after a long illness, January 1, 1906, in his 84th year. He was a Fellow of the Connecticut Medical Society in 1863 and Senior Warden of the Holy Advent (P.E.) Church from 1875.

Dr. Webb married, April 29, 1849, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Buckminster Brintnall Elderkin of Clinton, Conn. She survives him. They had no children.

#### 1847

LUTHER HART CONE, son of Rev. Jonathan Cone (Yale 1808) and Abigail Cleveland (Usher) Cone, was born February 19, 1824, in Bristol, Conn., where his father was then pastor of the Congregational church. When he was



about four years old his parents removed to Durham, Greene County, N. Y., and there he spent his boyhood among the Catskill Mountains. He entered college at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation, in order to pay college debts and secure means for a theological course, he taught four years in Richmond, Va., having as a colleague Dr. J. G. Holland and later his college friend, Rev. Henry Martyn Parsons, D.D. (Yale 1848). Entering Union Theological Seminary in 1851, he graduated in 1854. He was ordained by the Third Presbytery of New York, April 5, 1855, and at once began laboring with great energy in building up the Congregational church at Indian Orchard, then under the Congregational Home Missionary Society. A year of service broke down his health, but after a short respite spent in travel, he accepted a call to the Third Congregational Church in Chicopee, Mass., remaining there until 1867. He then went at once to the Olivet (Congregational) Church, Springfield, Mass., where for thirty-one years he continued a vigorous and faithful pastor, and by his ministrations greatly endeared himself to the community. In 1898 he retired from the active ministry, and resided in New Haven, Conn., until his death from pneumonia, March 10, 1906, at the age of 82 years. He was never married. A sister is the only surviving member of his family.

Besides publishing a few sermons, including one on the occasion of the Semi-Centennial of Olivet Church, Mr. Cone compiled a complete record of the births, marriages and deaths of the members of the three churches to which he had ministered. Outside of his church work he found time for three years of service on the Springfield school committee, and took a special interest in the work of the Home for Friendless Women and Children in that city.

The fifty-fifth anniversary of his class was held in 1902 at his home in New Haven, where five of the members were present.

GEORGE WASHINGTON HART, son of John and Mary (Horner) Hart, was born April 18, 1823, in Hartsville, Bucks County, Pa.

After graduation he taught school for about a year, in 1850 went to California by way of Cape Horn, and afterwards to Australia, returning by way of Cape Horn. He was otherwise an extensive traveler, having crossed the Atlantic Ocean many times, and made separate voyages to the different islands of the West Indies. In 1854 he settled in Philadelphia, where he was engaged in business.

Mr. Hart died of apoplexy, April 5, 1906, at Wayne, Delaware County, Pa., which had been his home for some years.

He married, November 17, 1858, Louisa Rodman, daughter of Isaac S. Webb, of Burlington, N. J., who survives him with one daughter, four children having died.

#### 1849

WILLIAM BARKER CLARKE, twin son and one of the ten children of George Asahel Clarke, until 1822 a merchant in New York City and thereafter a shipping merchant and sugar planter at Gibara, Cuba, was born in the latter place December 27, 1829. His mother was Mary Ann (Jesup) Clarke, daughter of Dr. Ebenezer Jesup of Westport, Conn.

The year after graduation he was without special occupation, but in 1850 entered the Yale Divinity School, finished his course three years later, and the following year was a resident licentiate at Andover Theological Seminary. He was ordained and installed pastor of the Congregational Church in North Cornwall, Conn., May 5, 1855, and remained there four years. He then spent fourteen months in travel in Europe and the East, and after his return preached in Great Barrington, Mass., and other places until July, 1863, when he accepted a call to the Chittenden Pro-

fessorship of Divinity in the University, thus becoming also College preacher and pastor. He held the office three years, and was then pastor of the Congregational Church in Litchfield, Conn., three years. From 1871 to 1873 he preached in the Village Church in Dorchester, Mass., then seven years in Griswold, Conn., and two years in Central Village, Conn. From 1883 to 1891 his home was in Norwich Town, Conn., and during much of this time he was regularly preaching, but without settled pastoral charge. In the spring of 1891 he removed to Durham, Conn., where he was pastor nearly eleven years, until December, 1901. He published in 1904 the volume "A More Excellent Way."

Mr. Clarke was Class Secretary from 1887 to 1894.

After a protracted period of declining health, which it is thought may have begun as the result of a slight attack of paralysis, Mr. Clarke died in Durham, September 18, 1905, in the 76th year of his age.

He married, April 18, 1866, Sarah Jane, daughter of Rev. Hiram Phelps Arms, D.D. (Yale 1824), and sister of Rev. William Frederick Arms (Yale 1853). She died November 9, 1898. They had three children, two daughters and one son. The son died March 10, 1881, at the age of two years. The elder daughter graduated at Wellesley College in 1890, and the younger pursued studies for two or three years in Germany. Both of them are teachers in the city of New York.

ELIAL FOOTE HALL, son of James and Mary (Cheney) Hall, was born at Carroll, Chautauqua County, N. Y., July 26, 1827.

After graduation he continued his studies in the Graduate Department of Yale a year, and then traveled in Europe three years. On his return from abroad he was a student in the Albany Law School six months, was ill several months, and then finished his course in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar in April, 1855. The next



twelve months he was connected with the editorial department of the New York *Evening Post*, but from April, 1856, until May 1, 1892, he practiced his profession in New York City. For years he was a member of the firm of Salomon, Hall & Dulon. In 1862-63 he was associate counsel with Honorable William M. Evarts (Yale 1837) in the Cheever Church litigation. Afterward, for many years, his practice was chiefly among the Germans, and he was in partnership with Mr. Stallknecht for several years.

He was an efficient worker in many Republican campaigns, but never held political office, although he was candidate for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in 1869. He was a member of the Executive Committee of the New York Civil Service Reform Association from its formation in 1877.

He devoted considerable attention to geographical researches, and in 1872 became a member of the Council of the American Geographical Society, and in 1876 its Recording Secretary. In 1878 he read before the Society a paper on the Life and Works of Mercator.

Since his retirement from business his home had been at Camden, Ala. He was expecting to return South for the winter, but was taken with pneumonia in New York City, and died there October 12, 1905, at the age of 78 years.

He married, August 21, 1862, Evelyn M., daughter of Samuel A. Barrett, of Jamestown, N. Y. She died May 8, 1880. They had no children. One sister, the widow of George Starr Tuckerman (Yale 1851), survives him. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1839 and died in 1902.

### 1850

ROBERT BLISS, son of Rev. Seth Bliss (hon. M.A. Yale 1830), for twenty-five years Secretary of the New England Branch of the American Tract Society at Boston, and of

Jennette Frances (Root) Bliss, was born December 3, 1828, in Jewett City, Conn. He entered college as a resident of Boston, Mass., where he was prepared for Yale in the public schools.

The year following graduation he taught in St. Timothy's Hall, Baltimore, Md.; the next year he was employed in the Metropolitan Bank of New York City. In July, 1852, he engaged in the dry goods commission business and was associated successively in the firms of Lawrence, Stone & Co.; Stone, Bowman & Bliss; Stone, Bliss, Fay & Allen; and Bliss & Allen, in New York City. After retiring from this business he was chosen Vice-President of the Bank of New York.

Mr. Bliss died of heart failure in New York City, September 12, 1905, in the 77th year of his age.

He married, November 13, 1861, Susan Maria, second daughter of Parker Handy, a banker of New York City, and Marian (Sloan) Handy. Of their eight sons and three daughters, all but one son are living. A son, Lawrence, graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1893. A brother, William Root Bliss, who was his classmate, survived him only a few months.

WILLIAM ROOT BLISS, brother and classmate of Robert Bliss (above), and son of Rev. Seth and Jennette Frances (Root) Bliss, was born in Jewett City, Conn., October 20, 1825.

For many years after graduation he was in business in New York City, at first connected with the American Bank Note Co., and afterwards for thirty years with the Equitable Life Assurance Society.

His leisure he devoted to literature. He traveled extensively, and on his return from the Sandwich Islands in 1872 he wrote a volume entitled "Paradise in the Pacific." He subsequently wrote several other books, chiefly on the colonial history of eastern Massachusetts, including "Colo-

nial Times on Buzzard's Bay," 1888, second edition 1889; "The Old Colony Town and other Sketches," 1893; "Side Glimpses from the Colonial Meeting-House," 1894; "Quaint Nantucket," 1896; and "September Days on Nantucket," 1902; also a few poems. He was a constant contributor to the New York papers of short stories and articles on a great variety of subjects, and was particularly well-informed as a writer on foreign topics.

He was a trustee of the Home of Industry and Refuge for Discharged Convicts in New York, and a member of the American Historical Association.

Mr. Bliss died of pneumonia at his home in Short Hills, N. J., April 8, 1906, at the age of 80 years. He was a member of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York City.

He married, in Boston in 1853, Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew C. Fearing, of Boston, Mass., who survives him. Their elder son, Frederick William, was born in 1854 and died in 1876, unmarried. After studying in France, he finished his education at the University of Heidelberg, and was a young man of great promise. The younger son, Sidney, was born in 1858, and died in 1860.

JAMES LEWIS BLODGET, son of Lewis and Betsey (Cravath) Blodget, was born September 29, 1822, at Hermitage, Wyoming County, N. Y., and entered college from the town of Wethersfield in that county.

For a time after graduation he was occupied principally in his father's mill and in agriculture, but soon became a private banker. He acquired very large holdings in real estate in Wethersfield, and owned many farms in neighboring towns and throughout the county. He was never known to foreclose a mortgage unless absolutely necessary. He mingled with others only as business necessitated, and lived alone in the hamlet of Hermitage, in the eastern part of the town of Wethersfield, thirteen miles southwest of



Warsaw. He was burned to death in his dwelling in a fire starting from an overheated stove, on the night of December 6, 1905. He was 83 years old and was never married.

CHARLES EDWARD BROWNELL, son of Edward Packer and Anstis (Cole) Brownell, was born at East Haddam, Conn., October 26, 1827.

With the exception of three months of teaching in Westchester, a village in Colchester, Conn., his life after graduation was devoted to manufacturing. He entered the cotton manufacturing establishment of his father, was admitted to partnership in 1852, and upon the decease of his father in 1875 became the sole owner, operating and personally superintending two mills in the village of Moodus.

He was largely instrumental in developing the manufacturing interests of Moodus, helping to secure the incorporation of the Moodus Reservoir Company in 1872, and for years serving as President of the Moodus Savings Bank. He was also Vice-President of the East Haddam Public Library Association, and in 1869 Democratic Representative in the Connecticut Legislature.

Although not well for some time, Mr. Brownell had attended to business till a few days before his death, which occurred at his home in Moodus, January 25, 1906. He was 78 years of age.

He married, November 25, 1852, Abigail Foote, daughter of Alfred L. and Abigail (Foote) Loomis of Westchester, Conn. She died December 30, 1864, and he afterward married Sarah E., daughter of Wilson Isham of Watertown, N. Y., who, with a daughter and son by the latter marriage, also the three sons by the first marriage, survive him. The eldest son graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1875.

## 1851

DAVID FREDERICK HOLLISTER, son of Gideon and Harriet (Jackson) Hollister, a prosperous farmer and mill owner, was born in Washington, Conn., March 31, 1826, but when he was sixteen years of age the family removed to the adjoining town of Woodbury. After several years of life on the farm there he determined to gain a college education, and although hastily and imperfectly prepared, succeeded.

Previous to entering college he studied law for a time, and after graduation was in the office of his brother, Gideon Hiram Hollister (Yale 1840), until December, 1851, when he was admitted to the bar of Litchfield County, and at once began the practice of law in Salisbury. In 1854 he removed to Bridgeport, Conn., where he became a successful lawyer, a faithful public official, and a useful citizen. From 1869 to 1876 he was in partnership with his brother Gideon, and since 1883 senior partner with William Hoyt Kelsey (Yale 1877) in the firm of Hollister & Kelsey. In 1866 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale.

He was Judge of Probate of the District of Bridgeport in 1858-59, and Collector of Internal Revenue from 1862 to 1883. During this time he held the office of receiver and disburser of public funds for the government, and was also receiver of commutation money during the war. In 1859 he obtained a charter for the City Savings Bank, and of this he was President from 1894 until his death.

Although unable to serve on the field during the Civil War owing to an injury to his foot before entering college from which he never fully recovered, he furnished two substitutes at the front, and in the handling of large sums of money for the national government and in other ways rendered important service at home.

He united with the College Church in Senior year, and during his long residence in Bridgeport was for over forty years an elder in the Presbyterian church, and an earnest worker in every church interest, serving as chairman of the

building committee of the church, chapel, Sunday School hall and parsonage.

Judge Hollister died of heart failure in Bridgeport, May 4, 1906, at the age of 80 years.

He married, September 23, 1852, Mary Esther, daughter of Samuel and Mary Esther (Bennett) Jackson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., a graduate of Packer Institute, whose death occurred in 1896. One of their two daughters is living, but the other died in 1882.

## 1852

CHARLES MILLER BLISS, son of Charles and Lucia (Coe) Bliss, was born January 1, 1827, in Hartford, Conn. His father died when he was nine years old, and during his school days he lived with his grandfather.

After graduation at Yale he spent several months in study in Hartford, and over a year abroad, and upon his return took up farming and lumbering in Woodford, Vt.

At the beginning of the Civil War he enlisted in the service of his country as Sergeant of the Second Vermont Infantry, and a few months later became Second Lieutenant. He was in the first battle of Bull Run and in most of the battles of McClellan's Peninsular Campaign.

He was later engaged in the work of the United States Sanitary Commission. In 1870 he removed to Bennington, Vt., and from August of that year to November, 1871, he was editor and proprietor of the *Bennington Free Press*, a paper which successfully opposed a political faction in the state. He afterward continued to discuss agricultural, educational, and political topics in various periodicals. From April, 1872, to January, 1875, business interests brought him to Rutland for a large part of the time.

He was the Secretary and the most active worker of the association which erected the monument in commemoration of the battle of Bennington. His work in this connection



filled nearly a dozen years of his life, and involved long controversies and litigation and a large expenditure of money on his part without the reimbursement expected. During his later years he continued to reside in Bennington, where he died December 21, 1905, in the 79th year of his age.

He married, February 15, 1870, Sarah Adele, daughter of Samuel L. and Ruth B. Godfrey, of Bennington. She died many years ago. They had no children.

JOHN ELDERKIN, son of George Washington and Esther (Latham) Elderkin, was born June 2, 1825, in Lebanon, Conn. After preparatory study in Bacon Academy, Colchester, Conn., he entered the class of 1851, but joined the next class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied three years in the Yale Divinity School, teaching a part of the time, then preached a few months at Sherman, Conn., but on account of throat trouble devoted himself to teaching for two years at Bloomfield, N. J., meantime, however, frequently preaching in the vicinity. In the winter of 1859 he attended lectures at Dr. Trall's Hydropathic College, New York City, and the three following winters at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now Columbia University).

Early in 1862 he assisted the U. S. surgeons in their duties on the James River and the Peninsula, after which he returned to New York and in October, 1863, received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from Columbia University. He was soon afterward appointed Assistant Surgeon of the Tenth Regiment United States Colored Troops, and was with the army in Virginia most of the year 1864, having charge of a ward in the Eighteenth Army Corps Base Hospital, at Point of Rocks, Va., part of that time. He was discharged on account of illness, and for a while supplied the pulpit of Colchester, Conn., for the pastor, who was serving in the war, then taught three years in a

public school in Orange, N. J. He declined the principalship of the school in order to continue serving the smaller parishes.

After leaving Orange Mr. Elderkin taught a year at Berkshire Institute, New Marlboro, Mass. In October, 1870, he began a three years' service with the Congregational church in the town of Salem, adjoining Colchester, being ordained there as an evangelist June 25, 1872. This was followed by three years each at Westfield, a parish in Middletown, and West Suffield, and fifteen years over the Church of Voluntown and Sterling, at Ekonk, on the border line between the towns. In the spring of 1897 he closed his work there and removed to Eastern Point in Groton, but after the death of his wife in June, 1904, he lived with his son in New London, at whose home he died October 15, 1905, at the age of 80 years.

He married, March 27, 1866, Marianna, daughter of Thomas Browning of Hope Valley, R. I., and had a son and daughter, of whom the latter is deceased.

JONATHAN LOVEJOY NOYES, son of James and Abigail R. (Lovejoy) Noyes, was born June 13, 1827, in Windham, N. H. After a year of study in Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., he was thrown on his own resources, and after finishing his preparatory course taught a year in the school before entering college.

After graduation he arranged to teach a year in the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb at Philadelphia, but found the work so useful and congenial that he continued there six years, going thence to the School for the Deaf at Baton Rouge, La., for a year and a half, and the American School for the Deaf in Hartford, Conn., six years. In the summer of 1866 he became Superintendent of the Minnesota Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind at Faribault, Minn., and remained in charge for thirty years, accomplishing a notable work for

the Northwest. In 1889 he received the degree of Doctor of Humane Letters from the National College for the Deaf in Washington, D. C. In 1867 he became a Trustee of Carleton College, Northfield, Minn., and from 1874 to 1899 was President of its Board of Trustees. He was Deacon of the Congregational Church in Faribault many years.

Owing to failing health he resigned his office of Superintendent in 1896, but continued to reside in Faribault, where he died of heart disease, October 2, 1905, at the age of 78 years.

He married, July 21, 1862, Eliza Hall, daughter of Oliver and Rosanna (Isham) Wadsworth, for several years previous to that time a teacher in the American School in Hartford. Mrs. Noyes survives him with a daughter.

ADRIAN TERRY, one of the eleven children of Alfred Terry (Yale 1821), for many years Town Clerk of New Haven, and Clarissa (Howe) Terry, was born at Hartford, Conn., September 12, 1831. He was a nephew of Professor Adrian Russell Terry (M.D. Yale 1831) of Bristol College, Pa., and a brother of General Alfred Howe Terry (hon. M.A. Yale 1865).

After graduation he studied civil engineering two years in the Sheffield Scientific School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1854. He remained in New Haven until the spring of 1856 engaged in preparing an index to the Land Records of the Town, and then went to Knoxville, Tenn., to reside. In December, 1860, he left there for a visit in the North, which was prolonged on account of the Civil War.

In September, 1861, he entered the Federal Army as First Lieutenant of the 7th Connecticut Volunteers. The following year he was commissioned Captain and subsequently Major in the Adjutant-General's Department. He served first with the expeditionary force sent to the coast of South Carolina and Georgia, and took part in the siege of



Forts Pulaski, Ga., and Wagner and Sumter, S. C. In the spring of 1864, when the 10th Army Corps was organized from the troops in the Department of the South and transferred to Virginia, he was made Assistant Adjutant-General of the First Division of the Corps, and was present in several severe engagements in front of Richmond. In January, 1865, he went to North Carolina as Adjutant-General of the troops commanded by his brother, General Alfred H. Terry, and aided in the capture of Fort Fisher. Reinforced by General Sherman's army, the 10th Army Corps engaged in the pursuit of General Joseph E. Johnson's army until the surrender of the latter. He then served at the headquarters of the Department of Virginia, holding the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel and the brevet of Colonel of United States Volunteers.

In the spring of 1866 he resigned from the army, and became Chief Engineer of the Knoxville and Kentucky Railroad, his home since then being in Knoxville. Resigning from the railroad in 1869, he was afterward in the lumber business until 1893. In 1890 he was appointed associate member of the Board of Public Works. He was a director of the East Tennessee National Bank, President of the Board of Trade, President, and later Secretary, of the Lawson-McGhee Library Association.

Colonel Terry died in sleep of heart failure at his home in Knoxville, April 7, 1906, in the 75th year of his age.

He married, January 8, 1861, Isadore Lee, daughter of Dr. Alfred and Frances (Cowles) Wright, of Canaan, Conn., who survives him with a son (Yale 1898) and a daughter (Smith 1896), two sons and two daughters having died.

### 1853

WILLIAM FREDERICK ARMS, son of Rev. Hiram Phelps Arms, D.D. (Yale 1824), Fellow of Yale University from 1866 to 1882, and Lucy Ann (Wadhams) Arms, was born

February 24, 1831, in Hebron, Conn., but entered college from Norwich, Conn., where his father was at the time and for many years after pastor of the First Congregational Church.

After graduation he was occupied as a printer the first year or two, and as Editor of the Montreal (Canada) *Pilot* in 1855-56, until he entered Andover Theological Seminary. He finished his three years' course in 1859, married January 3, 1860, Miss Emily Meekins, daughter of Truman Meekins, of Greenfield, Mass., was ordained as a foreign missionary January 26, and February 13 sailed for Turkey. His wife died there at Eski Saghra, March 31, 1861, leaving an infant daughter, with whom he returned to the United States in 1862.

In April of the following year Mr. Arms was installed pastor of the Newtown (Conn.) Congregational Church, but in 1864 he removed to Greenwich, Conn. After two years of service with the First Congregational Church there, he was settled over the Presbyterian church in Nicholson, Wyoming County, Pa., where he remained seven years, and was then pastor of the Presbyterian church, Beemerville, in Wantage, Sussex Co., N. J., two years. In 1875 he returned to New England and served the Congregational church in Sunderland, Mass., twelve years; in Terryville, Conn., five years, and Essex, Conn., ten years. The closing of his work at Essex in 1903 was keenly regretted, and his farewell reception was a notable event.

Since his retirement he had supplied vacant pulpits in Middlesex County, Conn., mostly in the vicinity of Essex. He died of *angina pectoris* in the railroad station at Hartford, Conn., while waiting for a train to take him to his home at Terryville, November 20, 1905. He was in his 75th year. The burial was in Wilbraham, Mass. The two Sundays preceding his death he preached in the Congregational church in Chester.

Mr. Arms married for his second wife, March 23, 1863,

Miss Sarah Asenath Phelps, of Wilbraham, Mass., who survives him with two daughters residing in Terryville, their two sons having died in early childhood. His daughter by his first marriage is the wife of Rev. Enoch H. Burt (Amherst 1882, B.D. Yale 1885), pastor of the Congregational church in Ivoryton, Conn. A half-brother (Yale 1863) died in 1901.

THOMAS FREDERICK DAVIES, son of Rev. Thomas Frederick Davies, for several years editor of the *Christian Spectator*, and pastor of the Congregational church in Green's Farms, in the town of Westport, Conn., from 1829 to 1839, was born in the adjoining town of Fairfield, August 31, 1831. His mother was Julia (Sanford) Davies.

Having been awarded the Berkeley Scholarship in Senior year, he spent two years in graduate study on this foundation, then a year in Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn. After graduation from the latter he was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, May 18, 1856, by Bishop Williams, and Priest a year later. So thorough was his mastery of ancient languages that he was appointed Professor of Hebrew in the Berkeley Divinity School, where he continued until 1862, at the same time doing missionary work in neighboring towns, in addition to taking charge of St. John's Church, Essex.

On resigning his professorship he devoted nearly thirty years to parish work, serving as Rector of St. John's Church, Portsmouth, N. H., until 1868, and then of St. Peter's Church, Philadelphia, Pa., twenty-one years. Two missions of the latter founded by him became strong churches. He was for a number of years a member of the Standing Committee of the Diocese of Pennsylvania and of the National Board of Missions, and frequently a delegate to the General Convention. He was also a manager of the Episcopal Hospital of Philadelphia.

At the Diocesan Convention of Pennsylvania in 1886 he



received an equal number of votes for Bishop-Coadjutor with the late Phillips Brooks, but both withdrew from the candidacy. Three years later he accepted the Bishopric of Michigan, and was consecrated October 18, 1889. Under his impartial and tactful administration, a rare harmony prevailed throughout the diocese. His work in the thinly settled northern counties was often arduous.

Bishop Davies received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Trinity College in 1860, of Doctor of Divinity from the University of Pennsylvania in 1871, and from Yale in 1891, also that of Doctor of Laws from Hobart College in 1889. To the close of his life he continued his scholarly habit of daily reading at least two chapters of the Old Testament and two of the New in the original tongues, and two hundred lines of Homer. His publications were confined to occasional sermons.

Bishop Davies died of pneumonia at his home in Detroit, Mich., November 9, 1905, at the age of 74 years.

He married, April 29, 1862, Mary Lang, daughter of William G. and Anna (Garr) Hackstaff, of Middletown, Conn., who survives him with two daughters and a son. His son and namesake graduated from Yale College in 1894, and from the General Theological Seminary of New York City in 1897. A brother (Yale 1843), a former Mayor and Judge of Probate of Waterbury, Conn., died in 1897.

AUSTIN HART, son of Simeon and Pamela Pettibone (Wetmore) Hart, was born April 17, 1824, in Burlington, Conn. He was a member of the class of 1852 until Junior year, when he left college on account of ill health, but returned the following year and completed his course with the class of 1853.

After graduation he was in charge of a boarding school in Farmington, Conn., a year, and was a private tutor in Philadelphia, Pa., two years. After a course of legal study in that city, he was admitted to the bar, and began the prac-

tice of his profession in Hartford, Conn., but in 1864 removed to the neighboring city of New Britain, where he continued in practice for over thirty years. In 1875 he was the Democratic candidate for Mayor of New Britain, but was not elected. He removed in 1898 or early in 1899 to Farmington, where he resided two years and a half, and then spent the remainder of his life in Hartford. He lost all of his property through unfortunate investments in land, and had been cared for the last two years by his classmates in the Old People's Home.

Mr. Hart died suddenly from heart disease on the street in Hartford, April 20, 1906, at the age of 82 years.

He married, October 8, 1867, Susan Augusta, daughter of Samuel and Catharine (Lewis) Deming, of Farmington, who died December 5, 1895. They had no children.

## 1854

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS MELOY, eldest son of Frederick William Meloy, of New Haven, Conn., and Martha Emilia (Willard) Meloy, of Stafford Springs, Conn., was born August 26, 1832, at Chenango Forks, Broome County, N. Y.

After graduation he studied law under Judge Chester Howe at Ellicottville, Cattaraugus County, was admitted to the bar September 8, 1856, and practiced his profession in partnership with Honorable William Pitt Angell in the western counties of the state with office at Ellicottville. In 1856 he was appointed District Attorney of Cattaraugus County, but in 1864 removed to Washington, D. C., and April 9 of that year was admitted as attorney and counselor in the Supreme Court of the United States. He earnestly desired to enter the Union army, but was twice rejected on account of physical disability. He soon became Washington correspondent of several New York journals. In May, 1864, he was appointed to a clerkship in the War Department, but a month later was transferred to the Treasury Department, where he continued four years, having charge of the correspondence relating to government loans.

On his retirement from the Treasury Department he opened a law office in Washington, becoming associated with Honorable Albert G. Riddle and Francis Miller, Esq. In 1873 he was appointed Assistant United States Attorney for the District of Columbia and held that office a year. In 1879 he formed a partnership with Honorable George W. Julian, which continued until the appointment of the latter as United States Surveyor General of New Mexico in 1885. In 1882 Mr. Meloy was commissioned Assistant Attorney General for the State of Indiana, representing that State at Washington until 1889, and in 1905 was recommissioned to the same office.

Since 1869 he had resided in Prince George County, Md., and in 1889 was elected Republican member of the Maryland House of Delegates, and during the succeeding session prepared no less than twenty-four bills, which were passed by both houses of the Legislature.

He was one of the organizers of the Yale Alumni Association of Washington in 1874, Secretary over ten years and Vice-President three years.

He was Vestryman and Warden of Trinity (P. E.) Church, Washington, over twenty years, and a regular delegate of the parish to church conventions many years. He was considered one of the best authorities on diocesan law.

Mr. Meloy died at his country home, "Longview," Lanham, Prince George County, Md., September 20, 1905, at the age of 73 years.

He married, December 16, 1868, Emily J., eldest daughter of William and Isabella Lucretia (Bond) Nourse, of Washington, D. C., and widow of Captain Alexander S. Stuart, who was killed in Texas in 1865. Mrs. Meloy survives him with three sons and two of their three daughters. Their eldest son graduated from the Law Department of George Washington University in 1896. By her first marriage Mrs. Meloy had two sons and a daughter, who are also living.



1855

GEORGE LAMPSON, second son of William Lampson, a merchant and ship builder and well-known resident of the city of Quebec, Canada, was born in that city January 23, 1833. His mother was Elizabeth (Dunscomb) Lampson.

After graduation he returned to Quebec, studied law in the office of Stuart & Vannovous, and was admitted to the bar in 1860. He practiced his profession for about twelve or thirteen years, but afterward retired from general practice and gave his attention to special cases. Until a short time before his death he was a member of the Board of Examiners of the Bar for the District of Quebec. He was also a member of the Board of School Commissioners of the city.

In earlier life Mr. Lampson attended the Presbyterian church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, but in 1873 joined the Church of England, being a member of St. Matthew's Church. He was Honorary Counsel of the Church Society of the Diocese.

For a year or more his health had been failing, but he died after a week's acute illness from Bright's disease at his home in Quebec, January 29, 1906, at the age of 73 years. He was never married. A brother and two sisters survive him.

GEORGE THOMAS McGEHEE, son of Judge Edward and Mary H. (Burruss) McGehee, was born near Woodville, Wilkinson County, Miss., September 25, 1833, and joined the class in Sophomore year.

After graduation he was engaged in cultivating his home plantation, also traveling part of the time until the Civil War. In May, 1861, he entered the Confederate army, Company D, Twenty-first Mississippi Regiment, and served till the surrender of General Lee, being then Assistant Division Quartermaster, with the rank of Captain, on the staff of Major General Kershaw.

After the close of the war he returned home and was extensively engaged in cotton planting until the end of his life. From 1878 to 1882 he was a member of the State Legislature, later President of the County Board of Supervisors, and member of the Constitutional Convention in 1890.

He was for over thirty years a steward of the Methodist church in Woodville and Superintendent of the Sunday School.

Captain McGehee died of the grip at "Glen-Burnie," his home near Woodville, February 5, 1906, in the 73d year of his age.

He married, August 11, 1874, Elizabeth B., daughter of Robert and Margaret (Mercer) McNair, of New Orleans, La., who died February 21, 1892. They had no children of their own, but adopted twin daughters of General John B. Hood of the Confederate army, who survive them.

LEANDER TALLMADGE, son of George W. and Rhoda (Crane) Tallmadge, was a life-long resident of New Jersey, and was born October 31, 1832, at Parsippany, Morris County, but entered college from Newark.

His life after graduation was devoted almost entirely to preparing boys for college—first in Mount Retirement Seminary, Deckertown, seven years, in Elizabeth from 1864 to 1866 and from 1871 to 1878, with four intervening years, 1867 to 1871, in Hasbrouck Institute, Jersey City. He planned when leaving college to enter the ministry, and spent the years 1859 to 1861 studying in Union Theological Seminary, finishing his course in 1867. But the work of teaching continued to have attractions for him superior to preaching, and after each period of theological study he returned to his life work with new zeal.

In 1878 he removed to Morristown, where for over twenty-five years he maintained a successful small school

for boys, excelling as a teacher of Greek and Latin. He had a thorough knowledge of the Bible, and for many years conducted a Bible class in the South Street Church. Ill health compelled him to give up his school in 1904, but he accepted the charge of three grandsons of Hon. Wayne MacVeagh (Yale 1853) and started with them for California, where he hoped to regain his strength. While resting a day in Chicago, he died suddenly from organic heart trouble, November 17, 1905, at the age of 73 years. He was never married. A sister survives him.

STANLEY [TROTT] WOODWARD, eldest son and one of the nine children of Honorable George Washington Woodward, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and Member of Congress, and of Sarah Elizabeth (Trott) Woodward, was born in Wilkes-Barré, Pa., August 29, 1833.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his cousin, Honorable Warren J. Woodward, afterward Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, also edited the *Luzerne Union* from August, 1855, to January, 1856, was admitted to the bar of Luzerne County, August 4, 1856, and upon the appointment of his cousin as President Judge of the District, at once succeeded to a large legal practice, having the relation of counsel to several important railroads, and quickly winning the esteem of all classes for ability, wide sympathy and unfailing consideration of others.

During the Civil War he served in two campaigns with the Pennsylvania militia, in the fall of 1862 in the Cumberland Valley as Captain of Company H, Third Pennsylvania Militia, and in the summer of 1863 at Williamsport as Captain of Company H, Forty-first Pennsylvania Militia.

He took a deep interest in the life of the community, being for about twenty years at the head of the efficient fire department, which during this time was organized as a paid department, from 1860 to 1863 a member of the Council



of the Borough, and many years trustee of the Home for Friendless Children. He was one of the founders of the Wyoming Valley Historical and Geographical Society, and during the last eleven years its President. In 1878 he was a member of the Executive Committee of the Wyoming Valley Centennial Celebration.

In 1879 he was appointed Judge of Luzerne County, and by election in 1880 and reelection in 1890 continued in that office until 1900, having been commissioned in 1895 President Judge of the district. The sound reasoning and impartial justice of his decisions, notably in a trial in 1898 arising from labor difficulties, extended his high reputation far beyond local limits.

He was President of the Wyoming Valley Yale Alumni Association for many years, and his happy sayings were a delightful feature of the annual gatherings.

Judge Woodward died of *uræmia* at his home in Wilkes-Barré March 29, 1906, in the 73d year of his age.

He married, June 3, 1857, Sarah Richards, daughter of Colonel John Lord and Cornelia (Richards) Butler, who survives him with two sons (Yale 1883 and 1887, respectively). The only daughter died in childhood.

## 1856

JOHN MINOT FISKE, son of Colonel John Minot Fiske (Harvard 1815) and Eliza Maria (Winn) Fiske, was born August 17, 1834, in Boston, Mass., but entered college from Chelmsford, Mass.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Rowe & Bartlett, Bangor, Me., a year and in the Harvard Law School the next year. He was admitted to the bar in June, 1858, and after spending the following winter in the office of Seth J. Thomas, Esq., in Boston, practiced law in that city until 1863. He was a member of the Common Council in 1862-63 and 1863-64.

In May, 1863, he was appointed Deputy Naval Officer in the United States Custom House at Boston, but in November of the same year he was commissioned Deputy Collector of Customs, and this position with slight difference in title he continued to hold under many collectors through life. In 1887 he was Acting Collector, and later declined the office of General Appraiser. He became an expert in customs laws and their application, and among business men in all sections of the country his authority in the interpretation of the tariff was accepted as the highest. No political considerations ever modified his action as a public official. During the administration of President Arthur he was Chairman of the Board of Civil Service Examiners of Boston.

Mr. Fiske died of heart disease at the home of Mr. French, Secretary of the class, in New Haven, April 21, 1906, in the 72d year of his age. He had come on from Boston to arrange for the Fiftieth Anniversary Reunion at Commencement.

Mr. Fiske married, June 1, 1864, Isabella Landon, daughter of Hon. John Zachias Goodrich of Stockbridge, Mass., Collector of Customs in Boston at the time he was first appointed Deputy. Mrs. Fiske survives him with a son and daughter.

## 1857

DAVID GUSTAVUS PORTER, seventh child of Deacon Timothy Porter, a local Baptist preacher, farmer and business man of Waterbury, Conn., was born there March 8, 1833. His mother was Polly Ann, daughter of Hezekiah Todd. He took a high stand in his studies, but on account of ill health was obliged to leave college during Junior year. He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1863.

After graduation he was for a year Professor of Latin in Rochester University, but during his later life, although

much interested in scientific agriculture, his main occupation was that of a scholar. He was a student of theological and educational questions, and contributed many discussions to the *Christian Quarterly*, and other periodicals of the Disciples of Christ, having a strong sympathy with the views of that denomination. Several addresses appear in the *Journal* of the American Social Science Association, of which he was a member. He was an advocate of church union, and at the second meeting of the American Congress of Churches in Cleveland, O., in 1886, he read a paper on "A True Church; its Essentials and Characteristics." In 1893 he published the "Columbian Lunar Annual," probably as a scientific pastime, advocating the revival of the lunar calendar for literary purposes, and recently brought out a "History of the Baptist Church of Waterbury." In 1881-82 he assisted in establishing the *Christian Commonwealth* in London, a paper for which he continued to write. While abroad he also made a study of the English and French drama.

Mr. Porter died suddenly of heart failure at his home on the Cheshire road, Waterbury, October 7, 1905, at the age of 72 years. He never married. Of his four brothers, one graduated from Yale in 1848 and died in 1901.

WARREN KELLOGG SOUTHWICK, son of Daniel and Frances (Paine) Southwick, was born in Troy, N. Y., June 15, 1835.

He enlisted in the 25th Regiment of New York Volunteers June 3, 1862, and after serving three months reënlisted in the 45th New York Regiment, with which he was in the Newbern expedition as Corporal.

On his return from the Civil War he was in the steam fitting and plumbing business with his brother in Troy from the summer of 1863 to 1870, after which he traveled extensively in Europe and made his home principally in Paris until 1897.



Mr. Southwick died of pneumonia at his home in Troy, N. Y., December 14, 1905, at the age of 70 years.

He married, August 9, 1899, Mary Frances, daughter of Edward and Delia (Coyne) Quinn, who survives him. They had no children.

## 1858

WILLIAM NEVINS ARMSTRONG, son of Rev. Richard Armstrong, D.D. (Dickinson 1827), missionary in the Hawaiian Islands, was born in Honolulu, March 10, 1835, but received his early education in Phillips (Andover) Academy. His mother was Clarissa (Chapman) Armstrong.

After graduation he studied law in Springfield, Mass., under his uncle, Chief Justice Chapman, was admitted to the bar in New York in May, 1859, and for six years and a half practiced there as a member of the firm of Wheeler & Armstrong. After this he engaged in a number of manufacturing and other enterprises until October, 1880, when he accepted the invitation of his former playmate, King Kalakaua, to become Attorney-General of the Hawaiian Islands. Shortly after reaching there he accompanied the king as "Minister of State" in his ten months trip around the world, meeting emperors, kings, and other rulers, and having many unique experiences. As a result of this trip he published in 1904 the volume, "Around the world with a King."

Upon his return to the Hawaiian Islands, he added to his duties as Attorney-General that of Minister of the Interior, and in filling the two offices met novel questions and puzzling situations. After six months he resigned, but in 1893 returned to Honolulu for his health, and in 1894 became editor of the *Commercial Advertiser and Hawaiian Gazette*. He was also chairman of the Hawaiian Government Labor Commission, and in the interest of the com-

mission visited Japan in the summer of 1895. He took part in the formation of the Republic and usually attended the Cabinet meetings, as "the adviser of the government." He was a member of the Order of the Rising Sun of Japan, conferred upon him by the Emperor of Japan and entitling him to an audience with the Emperor once a year and to a military funeral. He also received orders commensurate with his rank from Siam, Portugal, and the Kingdom of Hawaii.

Since 1903 he had resided in Washington, D. C., where he died of catarrh of the liver at the Garfield Hospital, October 15, 1905, at the age of 70 years. He was buried in the Island of Hawaii.

He married in New York City, April 10, 1867, Mary Frances, daughter of Captain Elisha Ely Morgan. She was also a sister of his classmate, William Dare Morgan, and of Charles Leslie Morgan (Yale 1867). They had three sons, of whom the second and third sons were graduates of the Sheffield Scientific School in 1895 and 1901 respectively, and a daughter. Mr. Armstrong was a brother of General Samuel Chapman Armstrong (Williams 1862), founder of Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute.

## 1859

EDWARD ROCKWELL BEARDSLEY, son of Honorable Elliot Beardsley, President of the Winsted (Conn.) Bank and State Senator, was born January 10, 1839, in West Winsted, and from there he entered college.

After graduation he was Treasurer of the Beardsley Scythe Company until 1874, then engaged in the banking business, but in 1877 was appointed Secretary of the Connecticut Western (now Central New England) Railway. This position he held for twenty-nine years, since 1881 residing in Hartford, Conn. He was for twenty-five years a member of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church.

Mr. Beardsley died of jaundice at his home in Hartford, May 19, 1906. at the age of 67 years. He was buried at Winsted, Conn. He was Secretary and Treasurer of the Beardsley Library in Winsted, founded by his mother in memory of his father, and opened to the public in 1874.

He married, January 10, 1867, his birthday anniversary, Emma Adelaide, daughter of Deacon Thomas and Emeline Watson of Winsted, and had twin sons and a daughter, who with Mrs. Beardsley survive him.

CHARLES NORTHROP LYMAN, second of the five children of Diodate Brockway and Eliza (Vibbert) Lyman, was born May 14, 1835, in Hartford, Conn., but came to college from the neighboring town of Manchester. He was a member of the class of 1858 during the first half of his course, then, to gain means to finish his studies, taught in South Coventry, and joined the class of 1859 at the beginning of its Junior year.

After graduation he taught a boarding school for boys in Ellington, Conn., a few months, and in 1860 entered the Yale Theological Seminary. In February, 1862, he began preaching in Canton Center, Conn., and on October 9 following was ordained pastor of the Congregational church there. In September, 1864, his congregation granted him a year's leave of absence for service in the Civil War, and he enlisted as a private in the Thirteenth Connecticut Infantry. He was soon commissioned Chaplain of the Twentieth Connecticut Volunteer Infantry, but, being unable to reach Sherman's Army as ordered, was detached to the Twentieth Army Corps, and took part in Thomas' campaign against Hood at Nashville and below. He was then with his regiment in Sherman's campaign from Georgia to North Carolina, seeing hard service in field and hospital, and was at the battles of Silver Run, Averysboro, and Bentonville. He was honorably discharged June 13, 1865, and resumed his pastorate at Canton Center, continuing there until September, 1868.



He then removed to Iowa and engaged in pioneer missionary work. From 1869 to January, 1871, he was pastor at Dunlap, then for nearly twenty years at Onawa, both in the western section of that state, and eleven years at Alden, Hardin County, preaching there until his retirement in 1902. Under his care these churches became self-sustaining and prosperous. He was also an earnest supporter of the educational interests of the region, being President of the Alden Public School Board six years, and, while at Onawa, County Superintendent of Schools three terms.

Mr. Lyman died at Alden, after an illness of two weeks, July 4, 1905, at the age of 70 years. He married at New Haven, Conn., October 13, 1863, Eveline, daughter of Russell and Adeline (Tuttle) Upson, and had four sons, three of whom survive him. Mrs. Lyman died February 8, 1903. The second son graduated from Iowa College in 1891.

ROBERT [AUGUSTUS] STILES, son of Rev. Joseph Clay Stiles, D.D., LL.D. (Yale 1814), by his second wife, Caroline Clifford (Nephew) Stiles, was born June 27, 1836, in Woodford County, Ky., but spent his youth in New Haven, Conn., and entered college from the Hopkins Grammar School.

After graduation he studied law until the attack upon Fort Sumpter, when he hastened to Richmond, and entered the Confederate army as a private, serving two years under General Robert E. Lee, most of the time as a member of the Richmond Howitzers, and gaining in 1864 the rank of Major of Artillery. He was captured at Sailor's Creek, Va., in April, 1865, and was imprisoned at Johnson's Island near Sandusky, O., and at Fort Lafayette, in New York harbor, but after six months of imprisonment was released. Soon afterward his uncle sent him the proceeds of the fortunate investment in cotton of the DeForest gold medal which he had won in Senior year, and with this money he was enabled to complete his law course in the University

of Virginia. In January, 1867, he settled in successful practice in Richmond, since the entry of his son into practice, being senior member of the firm of Stiles, Powers & Stiles. In 1902, under the title "Four Years under Marse Robert," he published a volume of reminiscences of the war of great interest.

Major Stiles had been in seriously impaired health for years, but died suddenly of heart failure at Bonair, his home near Richmond, October 5, 1905, in the 70th year of his age.

He married, June 24, 1874, Leila, daughter of Hon. Allen T. Caperton (Yale 1832), the first Confederate Senator elected to the United States Senate, and had a son and two daughters. Mrs. Stiles died in Richmond January 6, 1889, and one of the daughters is also deceased. The eldest sister of Major Stiles married Professor Hubert A. Newton (Yale 1850).

#### 1860

HENRY ELMER HART, son of Ruel and Rosanna (Barnes) Hart, was born June 1, 1834, in Southington, Conn. He was a member of the class of 1859 for a short time, but owing to ill health left college and reëntered the next fall with the class of 1860.

After graduation he studied theology at East Windsor (now Hartford) Seminary, completing his preparation for the ministry in 1863. His pastorates were all in his native state. He began preaching in Bridgewater and after three years of service there was ordained and installed pastor of the Union Congregational Church in East Hampton, September 19, 1866. He remained there five years and was then successively at Durham nearly four years, and at Wapping (in the town of South Windsor) and Hadlyme (in the town of Lyme) three years each. In June, 1881, he was settled over the Congregational Church in Franklin, and continued there as pastor nineteen years. Closing

his active work in the ministry in June, 1900, he removed to West Hartford, where his comforting visits to the sick and afflicted endeared him to all the people.

He died at his home in West Hartford, September 9, 1905, after an illness of several months. He was 71 years of age.

He married, October 6, 1864, Josephine G., daughter of William and Elizabeth (Ellsworth) Perry, and had a son and two daughters, who, with Mrs. Hart, survive him.

MASON YOUNG, son of Henry and Anne (Mason) Young, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 6, 1838, and entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year. He was prepared to take his entrance examinations at the age of fourteen, but spent the next four years in travel abroad, and in special study in Berlin, Rome and Madrid, developing his unusual talent for languages and becoming an accomplished linguist. While in Berlin he formed the acquaintances of President Noah Porter and Honorable Andrew D. White, with whom he retained a life-long friendship. In November, 1855, he was appointed Attaché of the American Legation in Madrid, and during the following winter was the bearer of messages to other capitals.

After graduation he studied law in Columbia Law School and in the office of Judge Benjamin W. Bonney (Dartmouth 1824), and was admitted to the New York Bar in 1862. He formed a partnership with Mr. Thatcher M. Adams (Yale 1858), and later with Mr. Henry H. Anderson (Williams 1848) became head of the firm known as Anderson, Adams & Young. On the withdrawal of Mr. Adams the firm was for many years Anderson & Young, except for a time when Mr. Eugene Smith (Yale 1859) was a member. About 1887 Mr. Young retired from active practice, and was succeeded in the firm by Judge Howland (Yale 1854). For many years afterward he gave his attention to the administration of estates and the care of railroad interests in the South.



In 1875 he removed from New York City to New London, Conn., where in many ways he identified himself with the life and interests of that city. While in New York City he was a vestryman of St. George's Church and in New London was made a warden of St. James's Church. During his later years he lived for a considerable time at St. Augustine, Fla., but after the failure of his health removed to Morristown, N. J., and later returned to New York City, where he died March 29, 1906, in the 68th year of his age.

He married, December 10, 1862, Louise M., daughter of George and Sarah Louise (Lewis) Hurlbut of Brooklyn, N. Y. Mrs. Young survives him with four daughters and three sons. The two elder sons graduated from the Academical Department, respectively in 1887 and 1892.

The many services of Mr. Young to the University were of permanent value. In 1871 he was chosen a member of the Woolsey Fund Committee, which was appointed in that year to raise a general fund for the University in honor of the retiring President. He was the executive member of this committee, and in spite of great financial losses in the country in the years immediately following, succeeded in raising a fund which has become of great benefit to the University. He was also especially active in securing and equipping the present Athletic Field. In 1873 he was elected by the alumni a member of the Yale Corporation and held the office for two terms of six years each.

He was one of the early members of the Yale Alumni Association of New York, a member of the Executive Committee in 1876-77, and Vice-President in 1882. He aided in securing the reorganization of the University Club of New York in 1879, which brought to it prosperity and a large increase in membership. He was a member of other social clubs, and a Fellow in Perpetuity of the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

1861

JAMES GARDNER CLARK, son of Samuel and Livia D. (Wellman) Clark, was born in Fayetteville, Onondaga County, N. Y., December 25, 1835.

After graduation he pursued non-professional studies in the Graduate Department on the Clark Scholarship until December, 1862. The next six months he taught at White Plains, N. Y., and for three years following was Instructor in Chemistry and Natural Philosophy at the Pennsylvania Military Academy in West Chester, Pa. In 1865 he published a Synopsis of his lectures given at the latter place.

He desired to serve his country in the Civil War, and in 1862 was appointed Chaplain of the 27th Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, but a hemorrhage and throat trouble which prevented public speaking kept him from the front.

In the summer of 1866 he resigned from teaching, returned to New Haven and went into business with his father-in-law, Mr. George W. Goodsell, a prosperous wholesale merchant and importer, with whom he remained till about 1873. During this time he studied law in the office of Charles H. Fowler, Esq., (LL.B. Yale 1861) and was admitted to the bar in 1876. While still a student he began a system of daily minutes from the public land records, which resulted after thirty years of labor in a complete and invaluable record of titles to all real estate in the city. He became adviser of corporations, trustees and others having charge of estates, and his knowledge, skill and fidelity were appreciated by a large clientage. During his practice he was associated, as the head of the firm, with a number of different lawyers, at first with Charles L. Swan (Yale 1874) and James H. Webb (LL.B. Yale 1877) in the firm of Clark, Swan & Webb. Since 1897 the title had been Clark, Hall & Peck.

For nearly twenty years he had resided in West Haven, where he was always zealous for good government, but

would accept no office but Burgess of the borough. He was largely interested in the development of Redlands, Cal.

Mr. Clark died at his home in West Haven, October 17, 1905, at the age of 69 years, and was buried in Grove Street Cemetery in New Haven. He had been unable to visit his office for a year or more, and had submitted to a serious operation the preceding December.

He married, August 24, 1864, Frances A., daughter of George W. and Abigail Andrew (Nettleton) Goodsell. Mrs. Clark survives him. They had no children.

## 1862

ISAAC BOWE, son of William S. and Harriet (Ashley) Bowe, was born in Agawam, Mass., October 4, 1838, and was a member of the class of 1861 during a part of Freshman year, but subsequently took the full course with the class of 1862.

After graduation he studied law a few months, but soon enlisted as a private in the Second Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, which he helped to organize. In the muster he was separated from his own company, and before he could secure his transfer after several months of effort back to that company, it was captured, and while confined at Andersonville sixty-seven of its members died. He thus escaped imprisonment, but continued in the army, mainly on detached service, till September, 1865.

After the war he lived in Agawam for ten years, a part of the time engaged in the manufacture of refined oils in Springfield. He then took up civil engineering, for which he was already fitted, and since about 1876 had resided in Chicago, Ill. During later years he devoted much time to developing better methods of combustion of coal, and for years conducted a successful business under the firm name of Isaac Bowe & Co., making a specialty of smoke-consuming devices.



Mr. Bowe died of paralysis at his home in Chicago, January 2, 1906, at the age of 67 years.

Mrs. Bowe, whom he married in September, 1897, survives him with a son and daughter. A cousin, Daniel Bowe, graduated from Yale in 1859.

JAMES FOLEY, son of John and Mary (Leary) Foley, was born in Northampton, Mass., June 30, 1842.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School for a time and afterward in an office in New York City, but turned aside from the law, and in May, 1864, was appointed Assistant Treasurer of the Broadbrook Manufacturing Co., at Broadbrook (East Windsor), Conn., and after holding that position two years, was connected with the Holbrook Manufacturing Co. in New York, until December, 1881. At that time, with three partners, he joined in forming the Warren Soap Manufacturing Co., and transferred his business to Boston. From 1885 to 1893 he was in the firm of Putnam & Foley, and since Mr. Putnam's death, conducted business alone under the name of James Foley & Co. While abroad in 1897 he made a thorough study of the best methods of preparation of various dyes and chemicals used in textile manufacture, and since then had made a specialty of these, together with general mill supplies.

Mr. Foley died November 17, 1905, at Newton, Mass. Hospital, after a painful illness of several months from a complication of troubles. He was 63 years of age.

He married, January 30, 1883, Grace Estella, daughter of Jefferson and (Abigail) Knowles, of Manchester, N. H. She survives him with a son, who, after passing the examinations for entrance to Yale, engaged in the business left by his father.

#### 1864

FREDERIC HENRY BETTS, son of Hon. Frederic J. Betts (Williams 1821) and Mary Ward (Scoville) Betts, was born March 8, 1843, at Newburgh, N. Y.

After graduation he studied a year in the Yale Law School, and finished his course at the Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the latter in 1866. Since his admission to the bar he practiced his profession continuously in New York City, and was an authority on patent law. He was a member of the firm of Matthews & Betts from 1867 to 1871; was with Hon. William C. Whitney (Yale 1863) in the firm of Whitney & Betts the following four years; with his brother, Charles Wyllys Betts (Yale 1867), in the firm of F. H. & C. W. Betts the next two years; was senior member of the firm of Betts, Atterbury & Betts four years; of the firm of Betts, Atterbury, Hyde & Betts from 1881 to 1894, and afterward in that of Betts, Betts, Sheffield & Betts.

He was made counsel for the New York State Insurance Department for several years from January, 1873, and was afterward counsel in famous patent cases relating to Edison's inventions in electric lighting, Tesla's power distribution, Van Der Poele's electric railroads, Westinghouse's air brake, Mergenthaler's type-setting machines, the Bell telephone, Western Union Telegraph Co., Marconi Wireless telegraph, and many similar contests. In 1879 he wrote a treatise on the "Policy of Patent Laws," and also contributed to the *Yale Law Journal* and the *Forum* on patents.

Mr. Betts was prominent in various reform movements, being a member of the Citizens Committee of Fifty of New York in 1882 and of the Citizens Committee of One Hundred the following year, member of the Republican County Committee in 1884-85, Vice-President of the City Reform Club and of the Republican Club in 1885, and a member of the People's Municipal League in 1890 and 1891.

From 1873 to 1885 he was closely associated with the Yale Law School as Lecturer on Patent Law, and in 1875 established in that department the Betts Prize for the highest stand in the examinations at the close of the first year. In 1901 he received from the University the degree of

Doctor of Laws. He was an influential member of the Yale Alumni Association of New York, of which he was Vice-President in 1890.

Mr. Betts died of peritonitis at his home in New York City, November 11, 1905, at the age of 62 years. He was eighteen years a Vestryman of St. George's Church, New York City, also Trustee of St. Andrew's-on-the-Dunes at Southampton, L. I., of which he and his brother were founders, and he was frequently a delegate to Protestant Episcopal Diocesan Conventions.

He married, October 16, 1867, Mary Louise, daughter of John F. and Mary Elizabeth Holbrook, of New York City, and had two sons and one daughter, who with Mrs. Betts survive him. The sons are graduates of the Academical Department respectively in 1891 and 1898. The elder is a member of his father's law firm.

Mr. Betts completed and edited the unfinished work of his brother, the late Charles Wyllys Betts, entitled "The Colonial History of the United States, illustrated by Medals."

ABRAHAM BEEKMAN COX, son of Abraham Beekman and Levantia White (Livingston) Cox, was born April 16, 1844, in New York City.

After graduation he entered Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, N. Y., and upon completing the course received the degree of Civil Engineer in 1867. From 1868 until 1870 he was occupied in the survey and construction of the Cherry Valley, Sharon & Albany R. R., then until the autumn of the next year he was Second Assistant in the construction of a bridge over the Hudson River at Albany, and in 1872 began the reconstruction of the upper bridge at Albany. For about two years he was designing lattice bridges, and in November, 1873, became Resident Engineer of the Leighton Bridge and Iron Works at Rochester, N. Y. Owing to the deaths of his father and



wife in quick succession, he resigned his position in 1876 and returned to Cherry Valley, Otsego County, N. Y., the home of his mother, and did no engineering afterward. He died there of a complication of diseases, February 16, 1906, in the 62d year of his age.

He was for many years Trustee of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Albany, Warden of Grace Church, Cherry Valley, also Supervisor of the latter town. He was a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Geographical Society, the Franklin Institute, and of social and other clubs.

He married, April 30, 1873, at Mount Holly, N. J., Augusta McBlair, daughter of Hon. John C. and Julia (Gadsby) Ten Eyck. She died March 28, 1876, but his son and namesake (Yale 1895) and a daughter survive him.

CHARLES WINTHROP FIFIELD, son of Rev. Winthrop Fifield, pastor of several Congregational churches in New Hampshire, by his second wife, Sarah Ann Olivia (Piper) Fifield, was born February 19, 1843, at Epsom, N. H., and joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

From the fall after graduation until the following summer he was a private in the Eighteenth New Hampshire Regiment, after which he was agent of the Phoenix Nursery at Bloomington, Ill., eight months, then in the life insurance business and agent of the Young Men's Christian Association in St. Louis.

In the fall of 1868 he entered the Yale Theological Seminary and three years later received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity. He supplied the Congregational church at Heath, Mass., about a year, in 1874 went to Petersham, where, October 14, he was ordained as an evangelist. In April, 1875, he began preaching at the First Congregational Church in Huntington, Mass., and remained there two years. The next year he labored under Home Missionary auspices at Crary's Mills, St. Lawrence

County, N. Y., and was then pastor at Champion, Jefferson County, until 1884. After three years of service at Harrisville and a year at Reeds Corners in adjoining counties, he accepted a call to Sandbank (now Altmar), Oswego County, in March, 1888, where he continued to reside until his death, October 22, 1905. He was 62 years of age.

He married, July 31, 1884, at Champion, N. Y., Florence E., daughter of Alphonso and Sarah (Shew) Babcock, who survives him. A son and daughter are deceased.

ROBERT SHOEMAKER IVES, son of Dr. Levi Ives (M.D. Yale 1838) and Caroline (Shoemaker) Ives, was born in New Haven, Conn., April 27, 1842. He was grandson of Dr. Eli Ives (Yale 1799), one of the originators of the Medical Institution of Yale College and one of the first five professors.

After graduation he studied medicine in the Yale Medical School and the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1866. He practiced his profession with success in New Haven until his withdrawal a few years ago on account of ill health. In 1866 he was appointed one of the attending physicians of the New Haven Hospital, and on resigning that position was one of the consulting physicians.

Dr. Ives died of appendicitis at his home in New Haven, June 9, 1906, at the age of 64 years. He was a member of the United (Congregational) Church.

He married, at Philadelphia, October 16, 1866, Maria, daughter of Alfred Stillé, M.D., LL.D. (Yale 1832), Professor in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and Caroline (Barnett) Stillé, and had a daughter, who married Ferree Brinton (Yale 1882), and two sons, the elder of whom took a partial college course in Yale and Dartmouth, and the younger died in infancy. Mrs. Ives died in 1895.

## 1865

JAMES WAITE CLARKE, son of Rev. Elbert Willett Clarke and Louise (Steele) Clarke, was born June 8, 1843, in Sardinia, Erie County, N. Y., where his father was at the time pastor of the Baptist Church. The first three years of his college course he took at Oberlin College, and entered Yale at the beginning of Senior year. He was afterward also enrolled in the class of 1865 of Oberlin College.

During the Civil War he was appointed Captain of a company of Ohio Militia, and was then for several years in the wholesale and retail book and stationery business in Cleveland, O., under the name of Holden & Clarke, but in April, 1871, became a partner in the firm of Ingham, Clarke & Co., publishers and general booksellers, making a specialty of law and medical works. In 1883 he removed to Bismarck, N. Dak., and was engaged in the same business there, but in 1887 he transferred his business to Ashland, Wisc., where he continued to reside till a month before his death. He died of cancer of the liver in Chicago, June 19, 1905, at the age of 62 years. He was for many years an elder in the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Clarke married, September 5, 1866, at Oberlin, O., Sarah Elizabeth Viets (Oberlin 1865), daughter of Henry and Sarah (Boise) Viets, and had five daughters and one son, of whom only two daughters, with their mother, survive. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1867 and died in 1882.

## 1866

MAURICE DWIGHT COLLIER was born in St. Louis, Mo., May 6, 1846, and was the son of George Collier, a banker, who was interested in the general development of the city, and became, during his life, one of the wealthiest citizens of the time. His mother was Sarah Dwight (Bell) Collier.

After graduation he took the course in the Law Department of Washington University, St. Louis, completing it



in May, 1869. In December of that year he was appointed by the Yale Corporation a member of the Board of Councillors of the Sheffield Scientific School, and so continued until 1881. After spending two years abroad, visiting Europe, India, China, and Japan, in 1872 he began the practice of his profession in St. Louis, and in 1876 was appointed one of a committee of thirteen freeholders to frame a charter for the city. He was one of the original Trustees of the Missouri Botanical Gardens, also a Director of Washington University, and of Lindenwood Female College.

On account of ill health in 1880 he went abroad for a year or more, and on his return took up his residence and practice in New York City. From 1888 to 1893 he was Lecturer in the Yale Law School on Attachments, Judgments and Executions. During the last three years of his life he was chairman of the high school, supplies and finance committees of the New York Board of Education.

He died after a brief illness at his home in New York City, January 10, 1906, in the 60th year of his age. He was a member of Grace Church.

He married, June 6, 1872, Clarissa Townsend, daughter of George Townsend Adee, a banker of Westchester, N. Y. She survives him with a daughter. Five of her brothers have graduated from Yale. An elder sister of Mr. Collier married the late Henry Hitchcock (Yale 1848) of St. Louis.

CHARLES ATWOOD EDWARDS, son of Walter Edwards (Yale 1820), for forty years a lawyer in New York City, was born in that city May 22, 1844. His mother was Sarah (deForest) Edwards. He was a grandson of Jonathan Walter Edwards (Yale 1789), Tutor in Yale College, and a direct descendant of President Jonathan Edwards (Yale 1720).

He prepared for college at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass. After his graduation he spent a year in Europe, and then entered upon mercantile and manufac-

turing business in New York City. He was connected with the Passaic Chemical Company, refiners of sulphur, Newark, N. J., and was for many years the General Manager of that company. When this company was merged in the General Chemical Company, in 1900, he accepted an official position in the latter corporation, which he retained until the time of his death. For a time he resided in Bloomfield, N. J., but for many years his home was in New York City, where he was a member of the (P. E.) Church of the Heavenly Rest. He died very suddenly in New Haven, Conn., January 3, 1906, in the 62d year of his age.

He married, June 10, 1874, Sarah Katharine Hiller, of New Haven, Conn., daughter of Jonathan and Abigail M. (Allen) Hiller. She survives him with two of their four daughters, two daughters having died in childhood. A brother, Wheeler deForest Edwards, graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1872, and another brother, Walter Edwards (Williams 1855), was for a time a student in the Yale Law School and received from Yale the honorary degree of Master of Arts in 1890.

### 1868

WILLIAM TURNER BACON, son of Leonard Holmes Bacon, a California pioneer of 1849, and Elizabeth Chester (Turner) Bacon, and grandson of Dr. Leonard Bacon, a distinguished physician, was born in Hartford, Conn., August 27, 1846. His mother's father was Rev. William Wolcott Turner, Ph.D. (Yale 1819), who was for thirty years a teacher and ten years Principal of the American Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb in Hartford. He was a member of the class of 1867 until the close of Sophomore year, and joined the succeeding class in May, 1866.

After graduation he was a student of medicine in Columbia and New York Universities, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the latter in 1871. In 1871-72 he

was on the House Staff of the Charity Hospital on Blackwell's Island, N. Y., and in 1872-73 on that of Roosevelt Hospital. In 1873 he was appointed Tutor and Assistant in Physiology and Histology in the Medical Department of New York University, and held the position three years, and at the same time and for the same period was Curator at the Charity Hospital. At this time he was also Assistant Surgeon of the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. He was Attending Physician at the Bureau of Out-door Relief from 1872 to 1876.

In October, 1876, he settled in practice in his native city, making a specialty of the eye and ear, holding also, from 1879, the position of Ophthalmic and Aural Surgeon to the Hartford Hospital. He was thoroughly devoted to his profession, a close student of medical progress, and highly esteemed by his colleagues. A number of his papers on medical subjects were published in the *Transactions* of the Connecticut Medical Society.

Dr. Bacon died of a complication of heart and kidney trouble at his home in Hartford March 16, 1906, in the 60th year of his age. He was a member of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church.

He married, June 10, 1875, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Coit, an enterprising builder, who did much to develop the western section of Hartford, and of Mary (Gladding) Coit. She survives him without children.

He left a generous bequest to the Hartford Medical Society, of which he was formerly President, and a residuary bequest to Yale University.

JOHN HOWARD WILSON, son of Deacon John Overing Wilson, President of the Natick (Mass.) Savings Bank, and of Mary (Morse) Wilson, was born in Natick, March 9, 1847.

After graduation he taught in Easton, Conn., and then began the study of law in Norwalk, Conn., with his uncle,



Joseph Warren Wilson (Yale 1854). Removing to Flushing, N. Y., he resumed teaching, and continued his law studies with Henry A. Bogert, Esq. (Columbia 1846), with whom he became permanently associated in New York City, having charge of the court practice. After removing from Flushing, he resided three years in Brooklyn, then in New York City, but in 1877 he built a house in Montclair, N. J., which was afterward his permanent home.

In the presidential campaign of 1888 he made a vigorous canvass for Harrison, and he was an alternate delegate to the Republican National Convention of 1892 at Minneapolis. He was Vice-President of the Town Republican Club, and Chairman of the Montclair branch of the County Republican Committee. Since 1889 he had been Chairman of the Township Committee, and devoted his time and energies without stint to public improvements of every character, giving his professional services freely to secure the best results. He was also active in the best social organizations of the town. He was a member of the First Congregational Church.

Mr. Wilson died of paralysis, after a long illness, at the home of his father in Natick, Mass., February 2, 1906, in the 59th year of his age.

He married, in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 22, 1877, Carolyn Ives, daughter of William Holt and Martha (Wilmot) Dawson of Westville, Conn., who survives him.

### 1869

RICHARD KNOWLSON SHELDON, son of Charles and Janet (Reid) Sheldon, was born in New York City, February 20, 1849, but after fitting at Castleton, Vt., entered college from Rutland, Vt.

After graduation he spent a few months in travel and in preparation for business at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and for five years, from May, 1870, was a wholesale dealer in

Vermont marble in Charlestown, Mass. In October, 1875, he removed to Philadelphia, and formed a partnership with Mr. Andrew Adams for furnishing building marble from Vermont quarries, under the firm name of Sheldon & Adams. In 1881 he became Treasurer and Business Manager of the Davidson Steam Pump Co. in New York City, and later was Treasurer of the American Steam Boiler Insurance Co., and at the same time of the American Casualty Co. In the spring of 1895 he went to Leesburg, Idaho, where he was Vice-President and Managing Director of the Leesburg Gold Mining and Milling Co., and three or four years later went to Denver, Colo., and made investments in the mines of Cripple Creek.

While residing in New York he was a member of the Council of the University Club from 1882 to 1888, and was a member of the House Committee four years. In Denver he was President of the Colorado Yale Alumni Association.

He married, in Boston, Mass., November 8, 1875, Miss Minnie E. Twombly, who died only a month later.

Mr. Sheldon had not been well for a long time, but died after a fortnight's critical illness in Denver, Colo., May 16, 1906, at the age of 57 years. A brother, George Preston Sheldon, graduated from Yale College in 1867.

CHARLES HENRY SMITH, son of Henry Harrison and Nancy Chapman (Smith) Smith, was born in Lynn, Mass., September 30, 1848, but spent most of his life in Newmarket, N. H., and was fitted for college at Phillips (Exeter) Academy.

After graduation, with the exception of three months of study in the Harvard Law School, he was prepared for the bar in the office of Honorable William B. Small (M.A. Dartmouth 1865) in Newmarket, where he afterward practiced his profession, but had practiced very little since 1895. He was Representative in the New Hampshire Legislature

in 1872 and 1873, and Clerk of the House of Representatives in 1874. He spent the later years of his life in travel abroad, having visited nearly every country on the globe.

He died in Boston, Mass., of Bright's disease, November 8, 1905, at the age of 57 years. He was unmarried.

### 1871

HENRY RUTHERFORD ELLIOT, son of Rev. Samuel Hayes Elliot (Union 1841) and Marcia Lauretta (Harvey) Elliot, was born April 21, 1849, in Woodbridge, Conn., where his father was then pastor of the Congregational Church. While a student in college he entered with zest into almost every form of undergraduate activity. He was Manager of the University Baseball Nine, one of the editors of the *Yale Courant* and a Class Day historian. He won many prizes in debates and other literary contests.

After graduation he was engaged in journalism most of his life, although he found scope for his versatility and adventurous spirit in other occupations. The first year he was Night Editor of the New Haven *Palladium*, in the winter of 1873-74, Editor of the Winsted, Conn., *Herald*, and later assisted General Francis A. Walker in a statistical atlas of the United States, at the same time teaching English literature in the Hopkins Grammar School. In the spring of 1874 he went to England and spent three months in studying the life of London. The next year he served for a time as Paymaster's Clerk on the flagship *Tennessee* of the United States Navy, visiting many countries, but on reaching Japan resigned, and was for two years Instructor in English literature at the Imperial College in Tokyo. During his residence in Japan, his visit to China and later travels, he was correspondent of the New York *Evening Post* and other American newspapers. Upon his return to the United States in 1878 he was for a brief time Editor of the New Haven *Journal and Courier*, and then the Wash-



ington, D. C., correspondent of the *New York Evening Post* six years. Subsequently he held editorial positions on the *New York Commercial Advertiser* and *New York Sun*.

He was Secretary of the Textile Publishing Co of New York, Editor of the *Dry Goods Economist* several years, Publisher of *The* (New York) *Evangelist*, and in recent years Editor and Publisher of the *Church Economist*, and President of the Church Economist Publishing Co. He was successful in developing the religious publication department of the Century Company, and active in securing the present international copyright law, being Assistant Secretary of the American Copyright League.

He was the author of two works of fiction, "The Bassett Claim," 1887, and "The Common Chord," 1888, and of many articles published in the *Century* and other magazines.

Mr. Elliot died at his home in New York City of typhoid pneumonia April 18, 1906, at the age of nearly 57 years, and was buried in Glenwood Cemetery, Washington, D. C. He was an elder of the West End Presbyterian Church, New York City, and a helpful assistant in all its activities. In early life, before entering college, he became a member of the College Street (Congregational) Church, in New Haven, but changed to the Presbyterian communion in 1887.

In politics he was a Republican, and he frequently took an active part in the New York City anti-Tammany campaigns, but never sought or held any public office.

He married, April 20, 1887, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas J. Johnston, a lawyer, and Isabella (Walker) Johnston, of Washington, D. C., who survives him with a daughter. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1867.

JAMES MACNAUGHTON, son of James MacNaughton, M.D. (Edinburgh 1816), who was for over thirty years Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in Albany (N. Y.) Medical College, and afterwards Dean of

the same, and of Caroline (McIntyre) MacNaughton, was born January 6, 1851, in Albany, N. Y.

After graduation he entered the Albany Medical College, the next year accompanied the expedition of Professor Marsh to Kansas, Colorado and Wyoming, then studied two years in Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, N. Y. In 1875 he joined the engineering corps of the Croton Aqueduct of New York City, the next year was made Assistant Engineer, and during the long drought of 1877 showed tact and skill in the management of men at a time of unusual excitement among the farmers and laborers in whose neighborhood the surplus reservoirs were located. Resigning from this position in November, 1877, he was occupied until January, 1879, as Superintending Engineer in the building of the Hotel Kenmore in Albany. After this he went abroad, and was for a few months a student in the *École des Ponts et Chaussées*, with full opportunity to study models of the important public works of France, and every facility for inspecting those of Paris. After a tour on the Continent and a visit among his father's relatives in Scotland, he was then Resident Engineer of the New York, West Shore & Buffalo Railway, at that time in process of construction, but in 1882 he began the manufacture of steam dredges at Albany, the following year becoming Vice-President of the Osgood Dredge Co. In 1885 he was assistant on the Canadian Geological Expedition, sent out to make a survey of Hudson's Strait and Bay, but afterward practiced engineering until 1894, when he became President of the McIntyre Iron Co.

He was a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers from 1880, and a Trustee of Albany Medical College for several years, a member of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation, and Vice-President of the Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks. He was an advocate of scientific forestry, having been a student of the Yale Summer School of Forestry at Milford, Pa.

During his later years in association with Mr. Auguste Rossi he was engaged in investigations of methods of working titaniferous ores, and patented the ferro-titanium alloy.

Mr. MacNaughton died of pneumonia at his home in New York City, December 29, 1905. He was 54 years of age. He was not married.

BENJAMIN SHELDON RICHARDS, son of Benjamin and Christina Pierepont (Sheldon) Richards, was born in Charleston, S. C., April 24, 1849, took his preparatory course at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass., and entered college as a resident of Canandaigua, N. Y., whither the family had removed before the Civil War.

After graduation he was principal of the seminary at Canandaigua three years, was then a lumber merchant in Saginaw, Mich., two years, spent the following year in travel, and since 1877 had lived in Florida, first at Ocala and afterward at Gainesville, where he was largely interested in the orange business and where, in 1891-92, he was an instructor in East Florida Seminary, and since 1893 had been Cashier of the banking house of H. F. Dutton & Co. His fine orange grove of forty acres at Arredondo, about six miles from Gainesville, which was destroyed by frost, he replaced with choice varieties of pecan trees. While inspecting this grove he was stricken with paralysis, of which he died a few days later at his home in Gainesville, May 24, 1906. He was 57 years of age.

Mrs. Richards survives him with a son and daughter.

## 1872

EDMUND WALES HOLMES, son of Consul Gideon Scull Holmes, a shipping merchant, and Elizabeth (Barr) Holmes, was born October 24, 1852, in Cape Town, South Africa, where his father was at the time United States Consul, and was fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.



After graduation he engaged in a shipping and commission business in Boston under the name of Leman & Holmes, but having long cherished a desire to study medicine, he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania and graduated in 1880, after which he took graduate courses at the Philadelphia Lying-in Charity, the Philadelphia Polyclinic, and the Pennsylvania Hospital. He was Assistant Physician at the first two of these and Resident Physician, and later Attending Surgeon at the Dispensary of the University Hospital, Consulting Surgeon at the Northern Dispensary, Philadelphia, and for nineteen years Demonstrator of Anatomy and Lecturer on Surgical Anatomy at the University of Pennsylvania. He was also Lecturer on Surgery at the Woman's Medical College. In 1901 and 1902 he was Professor of Surgery and Clinical Surgery in Temple Medical College in Philadelphia. He was also Surgeon to the Methodist Episcopal Hospital and to the Samaritan Hospital, Philadelphia, and Consulting Surgeon to the State Asylum at Norristown, Pa.

He was a member of the County, Northern, State and American Medical Societies, and the American Anatomical Association, and was a frequent writer on medical and surgical subjects. His "Outlines of Anatomy" is used as a text-book, and he had nearly finished a "Complete Surgery." He also delivered several lectures on travel and historical subjects.

Dr. Holmes died of heart disease in a trolley car on his way home from a professional visit, August 28, 1905, in the 53d year of his age. He left a memorial bequest to the Yale University Library for the purchase of Bibles in various languages and works upon Biblical literature.

He married, August 27, 1874, Anna Keen, daughter of Jacob B. and Helen Coates, who survives him with their daughter (B.L. Swarthmore College 1899), the wife of Professor John Edwin Wells, of Hiram College, O. (B.L. Swarthmore 1896). One son and one daughter died in infancy.

HENRY WARD BEECHER HOWARD was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 14, 1849, next to the youngest of nine children of John Tasker Howard, a shipping merchant of New York City, and commemorated as "the founder of Plymouth Church," Brooklyn, on a tablet in the vestibule of that edifice. His mother was Susan Taylor (Raymond) Howard. In college he was Editor of *The Courant* and a member of the Glee Club.

After graduation he entered the publishing house of Fords, Howard & Hulbert, in which his brother, John R. Howard, was a partner, and there gained experience in the paper business and in editing books, while, later, he found congenial newspaper work on the New York *Herald* and *Tribune*. In 1882 he accepted the invitation of Judge A. W. Tourgée to become Business Manager and Art Editor of *The Continent*, a weekly magazine, to which he also made editorial and other contributions. Internal dissensions and law suits among the stockholders led to its suspension in 1884. He was then for a time associated with his father in business, and spent a year in London, England, conducting the latter's interests. On his return he edited *The American Bookseller*, and in 1888 entered the J. Dewing Publishing Co., of San Francisco and New York, of which he became Secretary. In 1895 he was one of the organizers of the Ellery-Howard Company, afterwards the Aluminum Plate and Press Company, which changed the prevailing method of lithographic printing and increased the production; and in 1896 became Secretary and Treasurer of the Cornwall Printing Press Co. For nearly six years he filled the office of Bursar of the Polytechnic and Collegiate Institute of Brooklyn, but resigned in February, 1906, to become Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer of the American Institute of Mining Engineers.

Mr. Howard edited or assisted in the preparation of several volumes of much interest. While with Fords, Howard & Hulbert he compiled an Index of Quotations for Bryant's

"Library of Poetry and Song"; in 1887, together with Mr. W. Hamilton Gibson, edited "The Master of the Gunnery," a volume in memory of F. W. Gunn, whose school at Washington, Conn., he, with many other Yale men, had attended; in 1890, under the auspices of the Brooklyn *Eagle*, was associate editor of a "History of Brooklyn"; and with others in 1897 compiled "Abraham Howard, of Marblehead, Mass., and his Descendants," a privately printed genealogy.

He was a member of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, and was active in its interests, being for years the Chairman of the Music Committee, and for eighteen years Treasurer of the Church Work Committee. To philanthropic measures he devoted much time, having been Treasurer of the Cuban Industrial Relief Fund and Chairman of the Texas Industrial Relief Committee.

Mr. Howard died at his home in Brooklyn, April 16, 1906, of Bright's disease, in the 57th year of his age.

He married, June 8, 1892, Katharine Gold, daughter of Charles Benjamin and Emeline (Steele) Vaill, who survives him with a daughter. His younger brother, Frank Ward Howard, died in 1872, the year before graduation from the Academical Department, and two of his nephews graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School—George Merriam Howard in 1895, and Carrington Howard in 1906. A sister married Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Horatio Collins King (Dickinson 1858), a trustee of Dickinson College, and a lawyer of Brooklyn.

CHARLES BENJAMIN RAMSDELL, son of Captain Henry W. Ramsdell, of Nantucket, Mass., and Charlotte (Burnett) Ramsdell, was born June 12, 1843, in New York City, and was prepared for college in Washington, D. C. In 1857 he went to Indiana and the following year with his uncle, General Ward B. Burnett, Surveyor-General of Kansas and Nebraska, to Nebraska [Territory], where he spent three years in United States government surveys. From 1861 to



1865 he was Chief Clerk to General Ingalls, Quartermaster of the Army of the Potomac at Perryville, Md., and to General Ekin in Washington, and from 1866 to 1868 was in charge of the United States Marine Hospital service.

After graduation he studied one year in Princeton Theological Seminary and two years in Union Theological Seminary, completing his course in the latter in 1875. December 13, 1875, he was ordained by the Presbytery of Washington City and installed pastor of the North Presbyterian Church, where he continued to the close of his life. He aided in the development of other churches in Washington and elsewhere. He was closely connected with educational institutions, being especially helpful in securing an enlarged equipment for the Presbyterian Theological Seminary at Omaha, Nebr., and for three years Acting President of New Windsor College, Md., which he reorganized. From the latter he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1895. For many years he made a special study of psychology and ethics, and had in preparation a work on these subjects for schools.

He was twice a delegate to the Presbyterian General Assembly, was for years Secretary, and recently Chairman of the Presbyterian Alliance of Washington, and was Vice-President for the District of Columbia of the American Sabbath Union.

Dr. Ramsdell died suddenly of apoplexy, June 4, 1906, just after finishing an earnest address at a meeting of the Presbytery of Washington in the Eastern Presbyterian Church. He was in the 63d year of his age.

He married, December 3, 1879, Annie May, daughter of Albert Irving Brooks, a lawyer of Petersburg, Ill., and Ann A. Brooks. She survives him with two sons.

### 1873

JAMES IRVIN CHAMBERLIN, son of Moses and Jane Hammond (Watson) Chamberlin, was born November 13, 1848,

in Milton, Pa., where his father was for many years in the lumber business. He entered the class of 1872, but an attack of typhoid fever compelled him to leave college during Sophomore year, and he completed the course with the class of 1873.

After graduation he read law in the office of Honorable Wayne MacVeagh (Yale 1853) in Harrisburg, Pa., and since his admission to the bar, April 25, 1875, had practiced his profession in that city. While a student of law he was clerk of the State Constitutional Revision Commission, and in 1882-83 was President of the Harrisburg School Board. He was also President of the Jackson Manufacturing Co., makers of wheelbarrows.

Mr. Chamberlin died of pneumonia at his home in Harrisburg June 1, 1906, at the age of 57 years.

He married, at Harrisburg, June 21, 1877, Miss Eliza Jacobs Haldeman, a cousin of the wife of his classmate Barber. She died June 22, 1881, leaving a daughter. December 5, 1895, he married at Carlisle, Pa., Jean, daughter of James Bosler, who survives him with a daughter. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1876.

## 1875

MORTON GRINNELL, son of George Blake and Helen Alvord (Lansing) Grinnell, was born in New York City January 3, 1855.

After graduation he spent a year and a half in a broker's office in New York City, about six months in European travel, and in the summer of 1878 went to Southern California with the purpose of engaging in fruit-culture. He, however, returned to New York to study medicine, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from Bellevue Hospital Medical College (New York University) in 1881. After a term as House Surgeon of the Third Surgical Division of Bellevue Hospital, he continued his studies

abroad at Vienna and Göttingen. Upon his return to the United States he became Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy at Bellevue Hospital Medical College. From 1887 to 1892 he was surgeon to the New York Police Department. He also had charge of classes of private students from three medical colleges, whom he prepared for examinations.

On account of his wife's ill health he gave up active practice and resigned his professional positions in 1892, spending the winters in warm climates. Beaver Brook Farm, Milford, Conn., was his home, and he gave considerable time to literary work, publishing "An Eclipse of Memory" in 1899, and "Neighbors of Field, Wood and Stream" in 1901.

Dr. Grinnell died of pneumonia at his home in Milford, Conn., December 13, 1905. He was 50 years of age.

He married, May 13, 1886, Natalie A., daughter of Nathan A. and Maria L. (Whitney) Baldwin, of Milford, Conn. She died in 1895, and October 5, 1897, he married, in San Francisco, Miss Jane Stanford Catherwood, who survives him. He had no children by either marriage. One brother (deceased in 1875) was a classmate, and another brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1870.

## 1876

THOMAS NOYES BIRNIE, son of William and Martha Noyes (Perkins) Birnie, was born September 19, 1854, in Springfield, Mass., which was his home during life.

After graduation he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881. On account of ill health he did not practice his profession, but went into business with his father in the firm of Goodhue & Birnie, contractors for the organization and construction of water-works, and prospered until 1889, when he suffered a stroke of paralysis, from which he never fully recovered,



and was an invalid for the rest of his life. In accordance with advice of his physician, he spent the year 1890 abroad, and was somewhat benefited by the treatment. The last few years he has been in the habit of going south to avoid the cold of the northern winter.

Mr. Birnie died suddenly of Bright's disease February 26, 1906, at Orlando, Fla. He was 51 years of age. He was not married. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1878.

### 1878

WILLIAM ALLEN VAN BUREN was born August 24, 1854, in Watertown, N. Y., and was the son of James Saurin and Harriet Adelia (Stebbins) Van Buren. He was prepared for college at the Hughes and Woodward High School in Cincinnati, O., his father being a hardware merchant in that city.

After graduation he taught a year in the DeGarmo Institute at Rhinebeck, N. Y., then entered the Central Law School of Indiana in Indianapolis, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1880, and then practiced his profession in Indianapolis until the failure of his health in 1898. He was appointed United States Commissioner in 1884, and served as Special Master in Chancery in several railroad receiverships. He was for a number of years Chief Supervisor of Elections for Indiana, and was instrumental in bringing prominent violators of the election laws to justice in 1886 and 1887.

Mr. Van Buren was for eight years an invalid in consequence of an aneurism of the aorta, and died at his country home on the banks of White River, near Indianapolis, Ind., April 14, 1906, at the age of 51 years. His characteristic humor attracted people to him, and cheered his friends during his long illness.

He married, November 8, 1888, Margaret Cooke, daughter of Joseph Cooke and Henrietta (Churchman) Meeter,

of Camden, N. J., who survives him with two daughters. He was for many years a vestryman in Christ Church, Indianapolis. A brother, Rt. Rev. James H. Van Buren, D.D., Missionary Bishop of Porto Rico, graduated from the Academical Department in 1873.

## 1879

GEORGE SIGMUND LINDE, son of Jacob and Joanna (Engel) Linde, was born October 20, 1856, in Liegnitz, province of Silesia, Germany, but when about seven years old came with his parents to New Haven, Conn. Before entering college he took the full five-year course in the Hopkins Grammar School.

After graduation he studied chemistry a year in the Sheffield Scientific School, and at the same time was assistant in his father's drug store. He was afterward associated with his father in the business under the title of Jacob Linde & Son, and since his father's death in 1896 the firm name had been continued.

Mr. Linde had been in declining health for two years. He died at New Haven January 6, 1906, in the 50th year of his age.

He married, December 12, 1883, Mary, daughter of Simon and Henriette Bretzfelder, of New Haven, who survives him with one son, a student in the Yale Medical School, one son having died in infancy.

[JOHN] GEORGE CHRISTOPHER SONN was born in Newark, N. J., January 1, 1859, and was the son of John Christopher and Ernestine (Mueller) Sonn. Besides other prizes during his college course, in Junior year he won the Second Winthrop Prize for excellence in Greek and Latin poetry, and in Senior year was awarded both the Clark and Larned Scholarships for graduate study in New Haven.

After holding these scholarships a year he resigned both, but was afterward for some time a student of political economy and physics in New York University.

After leaving New Haven he was Vice-Principal of a Newark grammar school a year, and since then had been instructor in the Newark High School, having organized the department of physical sciences of which he was the head. In addition to his school duties he had many private pupils, and was for fifteen years the voluntary observer of the United States Weather Bureau at Newark. He was especially interested in the study of electrical science, and had equipped a room with every variety of electrical appliance. He made many trips abroad for study and recreation.

He was an efficient church worker, a member of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, and Superintendent of the Sunday School for fifteen years.

Mr. Sonn died suddenly of apoplexy May 11, 1906, at the age of 47 years.

He married, April 9, 1884, Ada Dusenberry, daughter of Benjamin Fritz and Elizabeth Honness of Newark, who survives him with a daughter and a son, their second daughter having died in infancy.

### 1880

WILLIAM EMERY DECROW, son of Anson Walter and Rachel (Stevens) Decrow, was born December 26, 1853, in Bangor, Me., and soon after leaving the high school in that city joined the staff of the newly established *Daily Commercial* as clerk and reporter. In 1874 he was made City Editor, and at the same time became a special correspondent of the *Boston Herald*. But having determined on a college education, he was in part prepared by Yale graduates then studying in Bangor Theological Seminary, and entered his class at the beginning of Junior year. During his college course he was connected with the city daily papers in various capacities, was Financial Editor of the *Yale Record*, and in Senior year Treasurer of the University Baseball Club.

Soon after graduation he took up the work of introducing



the text-books of Ginn, Heath & Co. in schools and colleges, but in January, 1881, became a reporter on the *Boston Daily Globe*. The next year he was advanced to the position of Political Editor, and in 1884 to that of Chief Editorial Writer. While connected with the *Globe* he published "Yale and the City of Elms," Boston, 1882, intended chiefly as a guide for strangers visiting the University.

In 1887 he took a position with the Gamewell Fire-Alarm Telegraph Co., a few years later becoming General Manager for New England. This office he held to the close of his life. He was granted a number of patents for electrical signaling devices. By a special course of study of American history he earned the degree of Master of Arts from Yale University in 1901.

In the work of procuring funds for various University objects Mr. Decrow accomplished a service of permanent value. In 1882 he raised a large amount of money toward the purchase of the Yale Field, later toward the erection of the Gymnasium, and he was a liberal contributor to the Bicentennial Fund, and one of the most active and efficient members of the Bicentennial Committee. He was also for many years a member of the Executive Committee of the Yale Alumni Association of Boston, and one of the Committee of Organization of the Boston Yale Club. At the dinner of the latter in 1902, in token of appreciation of his devotion to Yale interests, a loving cup of great beauty was presented to him as "The model Yale alumnus."

Mr. Decrow died suddenly of heart failure in Boston while watching a bulletin of the Harvard-Yale football game November 25, 1905. He was in the 52d year of his age. He was very actively interested in All Souls Unitarian Church, Roxbury, Mass., and for a number of years served on important committees.

He married, January 7, 1875, Lottie Ann, daughter of John Elwell and Hannah (Mead) Emery, of Lovell, Me., who survives him with a son (Yale 1900) and a daughter, the latter being the wife of Luther Dana (Bowdoin 1902).

WALTER BIXBY FERGUSON, son of Benjamin G. and Caroline (Wright) Ferguson, was born in Dixmont, Me., March 29, 1856, and took the first two years of his college course at Bates College, entering Yale at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation he was Principal of the High School in Putnam, Conn., nearly six years. In 1886 he was called to the High School in Marlboro, Mass., and two years later became Principal of the High School and Superintendent of the Public Schools of Middletown, Conn. During the nineteen years which he devoted to the interests of the schools there he greatly advanced their efficiency. His unusual ability as an instructor and officer, his broad-mindedness, sincerity and kindness secured the high regard of teachers, pupils and citizens. In 1905 he was appointed Superintendent of Middlesex County Schools.

Mr. Ferguson died of pneumonia following an operation for gall stones at the Hartford (Conn.) Hospital, March 31, 1906, at the age of 50 years. He was a member of the North Congregational Church in Middletown.

At the time of his death he was President of the Connecticut State Teachers' Association, and had been President of the Eastern Connecticut Teachers' Association and of the Connecticut Council of Education. He was chairman of the legislative committee of this Council, which, among many services to the state, was instrumental in securing the temperance education act. He was also a member of the Executive Committee of the New England Association of School Superintendents, of the American Institute of Instruction, and of the Connecticut Classical and High School Teachers' Association, and a member of numerous other educational committees. He was a contributor to various educational publications.

Mr. Ferguson married, December, 1882, Myra A., daughter of Sewall A. Allen, M.D., and Lovisa (Additon) Allen, of Oakland (formerly West Waterville), Me., who survives him with a son (Wesleyan 1905) and a daughter, the latter a student at Smith College.

1881

EDWARD LEWIS SIMONDS, son of Lewis Edward and Marie Josephine (de la Strade) Simonds, was born August 2, 1859, at New Orleans, La., but spent his boyhood in Toronto, Canada, entering Yale from Upper Canada College.

The summer after graduation he spent in Canada, and the succeeding winter as a tutor on a plantation in Louisiana. He then studied law in the University of Louisiana (now Tulane University), receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws therefrom in 1883, and taking a further course in the University of Virginia. After practicing law a short time alone, he became in succession a member of the firms of Farrar & Simonds and Bemiss & Simonds, then again practiced alone until 1891, when he removed to Birmingham, Ala., and during the next three years was President of the Alabama Trust & Savings Co. of that city. In 1894 he returned to New Orleans, where he afterward remained, his summer home being at Tangipahoa. Of the latter place he was at one time mayor. In addition to a general law practice he was attorney for the Illinois Central Railroad Co., succeeding his father in the office at the latter's death in 1884.

He was active in improving methods of recreation, in establishing through legislative act a Juvenile Court and remedial measures for the oppressed, and was one of the organizers of the Charity Organization Society and the Prison Reform Association, of the former of which he was Treasurer and of the latter President at the time of his death. He was a vigorous worker in behalf of the Louisiana Yale Alumni Association, of which he had been President since its formation in 1904.

Mr. Simonds had not been well since his return from a European trip, but a cold which he afterward contracted suddenly developed complications leading to a stroke of apoplexy. He died at New Orleans October 21, 1905, at the



age of 46 years. He married at Thomasville, Ga., April 15, 1890, Elizabeth Loughlin Rea, of Pittsburgh, Pa., daughter of John Rea, M.D., and Hannah Bailey (Loughlin) Rea. She survives him without children.

## 1882

WAYLAND IRVING BRUCE, son of Alfred and Mary Emily (MacAlpine) Bruce, was born at Hillsdale, Columbia County, N. Y., May 12, 1858. His father died in 1876 and he entered college under the guardianship of his elder brother, Honorable Wallace Bruce (Yale 1867).

The year after graduation he was connected with the Bryant Literary Union of New York City, and then spent a year in study in Germany and in European travel. On his return from abroad he taught in the Albany Academy, at Albany, N. Y., and since then had been for twenty-one years Instructor in Modern Languages in Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass. He was beloved by a great number who were students in his classes in successive years, and was much esteemed by the townspeople. He was for a number of years warden of St. Philip's Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Bruce had not been in good health for several years, but died of appendicitis at his home in Easthampton, June 2, 1906, at the age of 48 years.

He married at New Haven, Conn., April 3, 1883, Mary Emily, daughter of Franklin and Eliza (Perry) Skinner, who survives him with a son, the latter a member of the class graduating this year from Yale College. Mr. Bruce obtained the degree of Master of Arts from the University for advanced work in 1888.

## 1883

HENRY WARNER CALHOUN, son of John Clark Calhoun, a successful merchant of New York City, and of Sarah (Warner) Calhoun, was born in that city April 4, 1862.

After graduation he spent a year in travel abroad, then took the course in Columbia Law School, and, after receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws two years later, practiced his profession in New York City.

He was winning distinction in railroad law, when an attack of tuberculosis laid him aside from his work, and he sought a cure in the Adirondacks and elsewhere. After several months spent in the Presbyterian hospital in New York City following a surgical operation, he died at the Hotel Gotham March 4, 1906. He was in the 44th year of his age and unmarried. He was a member of the Collegiate Reformed Church at 48th Street and 5th Avenue. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School as a member of the class of 1883.

CHARLES MARTIN KENDALL, son of Zebidee Alden and Chloe Kendall, was born February 28, 1860, in Angelica, Allegany County, N. Y. His father died in 1868, and he was fitted for college at Genesee Wesleyan Seminary, at Lima, N. Y.

After graduation he at once went to Denver, Colo., where he studied law in the office of Teller & Orahood, and after admission to practice three years later, was with that firm until 1890. Since then he had practiced alone.

He died of dropsy at his home in Denver, January 22, 1906, in the 46th year of his age.

He married, July 6, 1887, Emma, daughter of Col. Robert and Belle (Gano) Reily, of Cincinnati, who survives him with two daughters.

WONG KAI KAH, whose father was a scholar and at one time interpreter in the Shanghai Foreign Customs, was born in Shanghai, China, March 13, 1860. He was sent to the United States in 1872, and was in Mrs. F. P. Bartlett's family school in Hartford, Conn., then passed through the high school in Hartford, Conn., and from there

entered college under the guardianship of Hon. Yung Wing, LL.D. (Yale 1854). He was recalled by the Chinese Government in 1881, but on account of his attainments as a scholar and diplomatist was by vote of the Corporation enrolled with his class in 1904.

After his return to China he engaged in study, travel and diplomatic and other government service. He became a Metropolitan Officer of the Fourth Grade, Secretary of the Imperial Railway Administration, and Commissioner on the Hankow and Canton Railway. He was Secretary of the Embassy to the coronation of Edward VII as King of England, accompanying the Emperor's cousin. At various times he was decorated by the Emperor of China, the Mikado of Japan, and by European royalty with many emblems of honor and exalted rank. He was Vice-Commissioner to the St. Louis Exposition in 1904, and the active manager of the Chinese exhibit there. He was also deputed to this country to look after Chinese interests at the Peace Conference at Portsmouth, N. H., in 1905, and had been Imperial Trade Commissioner.

Mr. Wong was overcome by the fumes from a charcoal brazier which was in temporary use in his home at Nagasaki, Japan, and, falling upon the live coals, was so severely burned that he died the following day, January 25, 1906. He was 45 years of age.

He was strongly attached to Yale and to America, but was a representative of the best Chinese life, and well fitted to deal with international questions in a broad and enlightened spirit. He hoped to secure for his country the advantages of Western improvements while retaining the best of Chinese civilization. At the time of his death he was President of the Yale Alumni Association of China. He wrote an article on the Banking of China, and an address on the Chinese Exclusion Act.

He married Miss Li, of Shanghai, China. She survives him with two sons and two daughters, who have all received part of their education in America.



1886

THEOPHILUS RANSOM CARTER, son of Theophilus Ransom Carter, a druggist and owner of several industries, and Miranda (Vosburgh) Carter, was born November 14, 1861, in Erie, Pa. His father died the year of his birth, and he was fitted for college at Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven.

After graduation he took the course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine from Columbia University in 1890. Three years later he began the practice of his profession in New York City, but in 1892 moved to Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

The last ten years of his life he suffered from progressive muscular atrophy, and in 1902 was obliged to give up his practice. A period of travel and treatment by many specialists did not afford relief, but with high courage he endured suffering, being confined to his bed for three years. He died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Leila C. Blake, in Mount Vernon, January 23, 1906. He was 44 years of age and unmarried.

JOHN KING GRIFFITH, son of William King and Margaret (Kerfoot) Griffith, was born February 22, 1863, at Cynthiana, Ky., but was fitted for college at Chickering Institute, Cincinnati. Prior to this he attended Smith's Classical School in Cynthiana.

After graduation he entered the Cincinnati Law School, finished his course there in 1888, and was admitted to the bar in Ohio and Kentucky. Early in 1889 he went to Kansas City, Mo., where he was at first with Scarritt & Scarritt, but in 1895 became a member of the firm of Scarritt, Griffith & Jones.

Mr. Griffith died at his home in Kansas City, January 6, 1906, after a three weeks' illness from typhoid fever. He was in the 43d year of his age.

He married, June 21, 1893, Georgia, daughter of William F. and Emma Moore, of Kansas City, who survives him with a son and daughter.

## 1887

WILLIAM SINCLAIR BRIGHAM, son of Henry and Mary Brigham, was born in Savannah, Ga., May 1, 1864, was prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and was a member of the class of 1886 until December, 1884, but finished his course with the class of 1887.

After graduation he was in the office of the A. S. Barnes Publishing House in New York City a year, and was then a grain broker in his native city of Savannah a year or more. Later he became a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and was subsequently a member of the firm of Adams, McNeill & Brigham, bankers and brokers, four or five years. He was afterward in the service of the Consolidated Exchange and Home Life Insurance Company.

He resided for some time at East Orange, N. J., but then removed to Murray Hill, N. J. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Brigham died after an operation for appendicitis at the Dudley Memorial Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., May 23, 1906, at the age of 42 years.

He married, April 26, 1894, Heda Forster, daughter of Carl H. and Louise Schultz, who survives him with two daughters. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1888 and died in 1897, and another brother graduated in 1897.

ALLEN WARDNER JOHNSON, youngest of the eight children of Alexander George Johnson (Dartmouth 1837), a lawyer and journalist of Troy, N. Y., was born in that city December 13, 1866. His father died when he was twelve years old, and he entered college from the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute. His mother was Charlotte (Wardner) Johnson, sister of the wife of Hon. William M. Evarts, LL.D. (Yale 1837).

After graduation he spent a year as a private tutor, chiefly in California, and after returning East by way of the Isthmus of Panama, was with the Waterbury Clock Co. for nearly a year. For some time, from May, 1889, he was Private Secretary of United States Senator William M. Evarts and Clerk of the Joint Commission of Congress on the Library of Congress, and while in Washington, D. C., also began the study of law in the Columbian (now George Washington) University. In December, 1891, he entered the law office of Sherman Evarts (Yale 1881) in New York City, and continued his studies in Columbia Law School. He was admitted to the bar December 5, 1892, and was for some years in the office of Anderson, Howland & Murray and its successors, after which he practiced alone. He was candidate for City Judge in New York in 1901.

Failing health forced him to give up practice, and in the spring of 1904 he again went to California, where he died very suddenly of nephritis with cerebral hemorrhage at Nordhoff, June 9, 1905, at the age of 38 years. He was unmarried.

LOUIS HARMAN PEET, son of John Henry and Caroline (Northrup) Peet, was born August 16, 1863, in Brooklyn, N. Y.

After graduation he was on the staff of the New York *Times* until 1892, but since then had been connected with the American Book Co. In 1901 he published "Who's the Author?", and his volumes on the Trees and Shrubs of Central and Prospect Parks have awakened a widespread interest in the natural beauties of these parks. He also wrote a popular series of articles on the trees of Central Park for the New York *Evening Post*. He was a member of the Executive Committee of the Botanical Section of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences.

Mr. Peet died suddenly at his home in Flatbush, Brooklyn, October 18, 1905, at the age of 42 years.



He married, October 14, 1897, Nellie Marvin, daughter of Edwin Gansevoort and Cynthia Geneva (Sabin) Perkins, of Brooklyn, who survives him.

In fulfillment of his wishes, Mrs. Peet will continue the publication of his books, both those already published and others which have been left in manuscript.

## 1888

WINTHROP TURNEY, son of Pascal Warren Turney, a lawyer in New York and resident of Astoria (L. I.), N. Y., and Annie (Gray) Whitney Turney, was born in Astoria, December 12, 1864.

After graduation he entered the Yale Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Arts therefrom in the summer of 1890, spent the following year in the office of Stone, Gannon & Pettit in Syracuse, N. Y., was then with Varnum & Harrison, of New York City, and in January, 1892, began the practice of his profession alone. During the next three years he pursued a graduate course in the New York Law School.

He was Civil Service Commissioner of Long Island City for three years, then Trustee of the Public Library of that city for three years following, and was reelected to that position for five years. He was also a member of the executive committee of the Citizen's Municipal League.

In 1897 he retired from practice and during most of the next three years lived on a farm in Colebrook, Conn., occupied largely in the study of mining and of the Spanish language. Early in 1901 he went to Mexico, where he was part owner of a productive silver mine in Sonora near Tarachi.

Mr. Turney was much out of health and had gone to Colebrook, Conn., to recuperate. While in a field he died instantly from a self-inflicted bullet wound, July 5, 1905, at the age of 40 years. He was unmarried.

1889

DONALD McLEAN BARSTOW, son of Dr. Josiah Whitney Barstow (Dartmouth, 1846) and Flora (McDonald) Barstow, was born December 22, 1867, in Flushing (L. I.) N. Y. During his college course he was elected one of the editors of the *Yale Record* in Freshman year, later was Secretary and Treasurer of the University Banjo Club, and at graduation was one of the Class Historians.

After graduation he studied medicine at Columbia University and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892. From January 1, 1893, to July 1, 1894 he served on the staff of the New York Hospital, the last six months being House Physician. He was then for three months Assistant Physician at Sandford Hall, Flushing, where his father was Resident Physician, and since then had been engaged in the practice of his profession in New York City, living a life of marked usefulness and great promise. In 1896 he was appointed Clinical Assistant in General Medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), and served two terms as Summer Sanitary Inspector to the New York Health Department, and also was medical Inspector of Schools under the same department. From April 1898, he was Assistant Surgeon to the New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital. He afterwards held the same office in the ear department of St. Bartholomew's Clinic and was Assistant Aural Surgeon to the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary. He wrote several articles for medical publications.

Dr. Barstow died suddenly at the Eye and Ear Infirmary in Portland, Me., June 9, 1906, in the 39th year of his age.

He married, July 30, 1904, Miss Clara Arabella Gerrish of Portland, Me., who survives him.

LEVERETT LORD HULL, son of Leverett Russell and Florence (Dodge) Hull, was born July 1, 1867, in Cincinnati, O. His father removed from Watertown, N. Y., to Ohio in 1844, and was an iron commission merchant in Cincinnati

for twenty years. His mother died when he was three years old, his father when he was ten, and he entered college under the guardianship of his grandmother, Mrs. Israel S. Dodge, widow of Dr. Dodge, who was for forty years a physician in Cincinnati.

After graduation he entered the coal and iron business, being for two years in Cincinnati, and a year in Boston with the firm of Rogers, Brown & Co. Then becoming a member of the firm of Hull & Co., dealers in coke, he spent a year in St. Louis, and a year in Louisville, but in 1895 settled in Chicago, when the headquarters of his firm were removed to that city.

Mr. Hull died of Bright's disease in Chicago, July 8, 1905, at the age of 38 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Avondale Presbyterian church of Cincinnati.

### 1891

SAMUEL WYLIE BLACK MOORHEAD, son of William J. Moorhead, an iron manufacturer, and Emily (Black) Moorhead, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., January 16, 1870.

The four years following graduation he taught Latin at the Shady Side Academy, Pittsburg, and while there made a special study of astronomy, contributing many articles on the subject to magazines and newspapers. This led him into newspaper work, and from July 1, 1895, he was on the Pittsburg *Dispatch*, serving as reporter and in various editorial capacities. He gave special attention to financial questions, and in January, 1898, became Financial Editor of that paper. In 1902 he resigned this position and organized the Moorhead Publishing Co., owning various financial papers.

Mr. Moorhead died of pneumonia in New York City, March 15, 1906, at the age of 36 years.

He married, January 12, 1901, Katharine W., daughter of Albert Wyatt and Mary Aiken, of Washington,



Pa., formerly of New York City. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1902. Mr. Moorhead was long a member of Shady Side Presbyterian Church.

RICHARD BARTHOLOMEW MORIARTY, son of Michael and Emma (Seaton) Moriarty, was born December 29, 1867, in Putnam, Conn. He was a member of the class of 1890 until the end of Sophomore year, and after teaching a year in Greenwich, Conn., returned to Yale and finished his course with the class of 1891.

After graduation he was in charge of public schools at Mine Hill, and Hibernia, Morris County, N. J., a year each, and the next two years was a law student in the office of Hon. Mahlon Pitney (Princeton 1879) and in the New York Evening Law School. He was admitted to the bar of New Jersey in June, 1895, was associated with Judge Pitney in the practice of law until 1901, and since then had practiced by himself in Morristown.

Mr. Moriarty died of heart trouble as the result of rheumatism at his home in Morristown, November 26, 1905, in his 38th year.

He married, December 15, 1898, Mary Anne, daughter of Joshua Mandeville Todd (Union 1847) and Eliza (Blake) Todd, of New York City. She survives him without children.

## 1892

WILLIAM MESSICK, son of Major William Messick, a lawyer of Memphis, Tenn., and Agnes (White) Messick, was born in Memphis, May 1, 1872, and spent his early life on his father's plantation.

After graduation he studied law in Memphis and then practiced his profession in that city until January, 1905, when, owing to ill health, he removed to New Orleans, La., where he died suddenly of heart failure February 6, 1906, in the 34th year of his age.

He married, November 22, 1894, Mary, daughter of Andrew Stewart, a cotton merchant of New Orleans, and Josephine (Pharr) Stewart of New Orleans. She survives him with a son and daughter. He was a member of the Presbyterian church.

## 1893

THEODORE WOOLSEY HEERMANCE, son of Rev. Edgar Laing Heermance (Yale 1858) and Agnes (Woolsey) Heermance, and grandson of President Theodore Dwight Woolsey (Yale 1820), was born in New Haven, Conn., March 22, 1872.

His rank in scholarship steadily advanced during his college course, and this development continued through his life. The year after graduation he spent in New Haven in graduate study, and the two years following in Greece as the holder of the Soldiers' Memorial Fellowship. In 1896 he returned to New Haven and served three years as Tutor in Greek, meantime receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale University in 1898. In 1899 he was appointed Instructor in Classical Archæology for three years, but the year 1900-1901 he was abroad on leave of absence, most of the time engaged in research in Germany and Italy. In 1902 he was chosen for a year as Secretary of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens, and the following year he succeeded Professor Rufus B. Richardson (Yale 1869) as Director of that Institution. In this position he showed admirable administrative ability as well as thorough and accurate scholarship. His friends looked forward to his return within a few years as Professor of Archæology in Yale University.

To gain skill and facility in conducting archæological excavation and exploration he made himself a competent surveyor and draughtsman. He also studied architecture, and gathered extensive material on this subject, although

not in shape for printing, except the Historical Introduction and Descriptions to accompany the publication of the drawings of the Erechtheum made by the architect of the school.

He was chosen a member of the Archæological Society of Athens in 1904, of the Imperial Archæological Institute of Berlin in 1905, also in the latter year of the Austrian Archæological Institute.

Dr. Heermance died of typhoid fever at Athens, Greece, September 29, 1905. His remains were brought home to New Haven. He was 33 years of age and unmarried. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1897. He was a member of the Yale College church.

WILLIAM HENRY MURPHY, son of James D. and Mary (O'Brien) Murphy, was born in Southville, in the town of Southboro, Mass., October 11, 1869. During his college course he was a member of the University Baseball Nine three years and Captain in Junior year.

.The year after graduation he played on the New York League baseball team, and in 1894 he entered Bellevue Hospital and Medical College (New York University), receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897. The next two years he lived in Philadelphia, where he practiced his profession and also acted as coach of the University of Pennsylvania Baseball Nine. He was then coach of the Leland Stanford Junior University, and practiced medicine a year in Palo Alto, Cal. In 1903-04 he was coach of the Yale University Nine, and the following year acted in the same capacity for the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis.

Dr. Murphy died of tuberculosis at his home in Westboro, Mass., February 15, 1906, at the age of 36 years. In January he went to Saranac Lake, N. Y., for treatment for a recently developed lung trouble, but without success. He was unmarried.



RICHARD CHARLES WELLS WADSWORTH, son of Strong Wadsworth (Yale 1851) and Maria C. (Phelps) Wadsworth, was born September 25, 1870, in Delavan, Wisc., but soon removed to Staten Island, New York, his father being for many years a member of the New York Stock Exchange. While in college, in Junior year, he was chosen Editor and Business Manager of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

After graduation he was at first a reporter on the New York *Evening Post*, subsequently Assistant Financial Editor, and from 1900 to 1902 Assistant City Editor of that paper. He was New York correspondent of the Boston *Commercial Bulletin* for four years, and a contributor on general subjects to various publications.

In 1902 Mr. Wadsworth became Secretary to Dr. Ernst J. Lederle (Ph.B. Columbia 1886), Health Commissioner of New York City, and was an enthusiastic advocate of every measure which would add to the efficiency and helpfulness of the department, and an uncompromising opponent of questionable methods in public and private business. Upon Dr. Lederle's retirement from office January 1, 1904, he was made Secretary and Treasurer of the Lederle Laboratories. He was absorbed in this work when he was taken with typhoid fever (which he was studying how to combat), and died from the disease at Roosevelt Hospital August 2, 1905. He was in his 35th year. He united with the First Presbyterian Church of Edgewater, Staten Island, in boyhood, and on his removal to Greystone Park, Yonkers, N. Y., in 1902, took a letter to the First Presbyterian Church of that city.

He married, November 21, 1903, Alice Gertrude, daughter of James Benedict, Esq., a retired merchant of New York City, who survives him. They had no children.

1895

EDWARD CLINTON JONES, son of Edward Lewis and Charlotte (Corey) Jones, was born in New Haven, Conn., May 5, 1870, and was fitted for college in the Hillhouse High School.

After graduation he was enrolled as a student in philosophy in the Graduate Department for four years, but ill health prevented his completing his thesis. He had recently been in business with his father.

For several months he had not been well, but he died suddenly of heart failure at his home in New Haven, February 16, 1906. He was in his 36th year and unmarried. He was a vestryman of St. Paul's church. A brother, Rev. Albert Corey Jones, graduated from the Academical Department in 1896.

RICHARD TASKER LOWNDES, second son of Governor Lloyd Lowndes (Allegheny College 1865) of Maryland and Elizabeth Tasker (Lowndes) Lowndes, was born at Cumberland, Md., November 29, 1871, and was prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

After graduation he went into the banking and mercantile business at Clarksburg, W. Va., where he was associated with his uncle, Richard T. Lowndes.

He died suddenly at Clarksburg, June 29, 1905, from the effects of chloroform administered preparatory to an operation upon an injured hand. He was in his 34th year.

He married, October 22, 1896, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel and Martha (McElroy) McDowell, of Danville, Ky., who survives him with their only child, Richard Tasker Lowndes, 3d, the class boy. He was the twin-brother and a classmate of Lloyd Lowndes, Jr.

1896

ALFRED HORATIO BELO, son of Colonel Alfred Horatio Belo of the 55th North Carolina Regiment in the Civil War,

and afterward publisher of the Galveston (Texas) *News* and Dallas *News*, was born in Galveston, Texas, August 4, 1873, and was prepared for college at the Hill School in Pottstown, Pa. His mother was Jeannette (Ennis) Belo.

The first year after graduation ill health prevented steady occupation, but the next two years he acted as his father's private secretary in New York City and the Adirondacks. In 1899 he began active work upon the influential dailies above mentioned, serving in all departments and gaining a thorough knowledge of details. Upon the death of his father in 1901 he became President of A. H. Belo & Co., Publishers, and taking charge of these papers, conducted them most successfully, and secured the respect and confidence of his fellow workers and of the public.

Mr. Belo died of cerebro-meningitis following an attack of the grip, in Dallas, Texas, February 27, 1906. He was in the 33d year of his age. He was a vestryman of St. Matthew's Protestant Episcopal Cathedral, and Trustee of the Dallas Public Library.

He married at Denton, Texas, June 12, 1900, Helen daughter of William A. Ponder, who survives him with two daughters.

CHARLES LOUIS FINCKE, son of Colonel Charles Louis Fincke of the Twenty-third Regiment of New York, a broker, and Clara (Hutchinson) Fincke, was born March 29, 1873, in Brooklyn, N. Y., and was fitted for college at the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa.

In the fall after graduation he entered the Long Island College Hospital, from which he graduated as Valedictorian three years later. He served with credit as Interne at the Brooklyn Hospital, and in June 1901 began practice. He was chosen Clinical Assistant and subsequently Associate Physician and Assistant Pathologist in the Brooklyn Hospital. He had also been appointed upon the teaching staff of the Long Island College. He held the chair of



medicine (diseases of the chest) in the Dispensary of the Polhemus Memorial Clinic. Besides these activities he had already become known for his careful original investigations. He published "The Principles of Medicine," 1905. He was secretary of the Brooklyn Pathological Society, and active in other medical societies of that city.

Dr. Fincke died at his home March 19, 1906, after an illness of two weeks from blood poisoning due to a wound received in professional duties. He was nearly 33 years of age.

He married April 25, 1901, Mattie Ireson, daughter of Joseph E. and Lavinia (Ireson) Brown, who survives him with a son and daughter. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1897.

### 1898

DANA LEE EDDY, second son of George Alfred and Margaret Louise (Norton) Eddy, was born at Leavenworth, Kans., August 8, 1875, and was prepared for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy. During his college course he was active in Christian work, becoming a Student Volunteer in his Freshman year and making it his purpose to be a medical missionary. Accordingly after graduation he entered the Johns Hopkins Medical School, but at the end of three years ill health compelled him to spend several months camping in Mexico. He returned, however, to Baltimore, and in 1903 received the degree of Doctor of Medicine, but nervous trouble did not permit him to engage in the practice of his profession, and he took up farming near Lansing, five miles south of Leavenworth.

After spending a large part of the preceding night caring for a relative who was ill, Dr. Eddy died suddenly of heart failure at the home of his father-in-law in Leavenworth September 21, 1905. He was 30 years of age.

He married, June 18, 1902, Katharyne, daughter of Frederick and Julia Willard, who survives him. One brother

graduated from the Academical Department in the same class, and another brother from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1891.

## 1900

EDWIN CONGDON, son of Edwin and Emma (Smith) Congdon, was born in Clarendon, Vt., April 7, 1874.

After graduation he was engaged in hotel work, but for the past four years had suffered from consumption. He spent a year at Saranac Lake, N. Y., and lived in a tent at home the last three years. For a year and a half he was employed as a mail carrier, and in this outdoor occupation seemed to grow stronger. There was some hope of ultimate recovery from the disease, but about a week before his death he was taken with tubercular meningitis, of which he died without recovering consciousness, May 16, 1906. He was 32 years of age and unmarried. He united with the Congregational church about ten years ago.

## 1901

HENRY HALL CHRISTIAN, son of George Henry and Leonora (Hall) Christian, was born at Minneapolis, Minn., May 2, 1878, and was prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. He was a member of the Board of Editors of the *Yale Record* three years, and Chairman in Junior year.

He left college in March of Senior year, but graduated with his class in June. Evidence of tuberculosis having appeared, he went to Flagstaff, Ariz., where he died July 8, 1905, at the age of 27 years. He was buried at Lakewood Cemetery, Minneapolis. He was a member of St. Mark's (P. E.) Church.

He married, at Cleveland, O., November 3, 1903, Florence, daughter of Martyn and Sarah (Arms) Bonnell, who survives him with a son.

## 1902

CHARLES SEISER BAER, son of Charles Rine Baer, a bookseller and publisher of Lancaster, Pa., was born in that city August 18, 1881, and entered college from the Lawrenceville (N. J.) School.

After graduation he became a member of the firm of John Baer's Sons, booksellers and publishers. While looking over some work at his place of business he died suddenly of heart disease during the night of May 6, or early morning of May 7, 1906, in the 25th year of his age. He was not married. A brother entered college with him but left at the end of Freshman year.

PERCY GARDINER WHITE, son of Henry Gardiner White (Bowdoin 1874) and Alice (Bradstreet) White, was born September 16, 1878, in Gardiner, Me., and was fitted for college at Groton (Mass.) School.

He was elected a Class Deacon in Sophomore year, and after graduation traveled throughout the country in successful efforts to interest college men in the work of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

Mr. White died February 22, 1906, at Jamaica Plain, Mass., from seepage of the heart which brought on convulsions, although he had never fully recovered from an attack of typhoid fever the previous spring. He was 27 years of age and unmarried.

He was a member of the vestry of Christ Church, Gardiner, Me.

## 1903

DAVID UZAL CORY, son of David Uzal and Mary Punnett (Wickes) Cory, lived during his whole life in Englewood, N. J., where he was born June 5, 1883. While in college he won distinction in scholarship and was an earnest worker in the religious life.



From the summer of graduation to the close of his life he was associated in business with B. H. Howell, Son & Co., wholesale sugar merchants in New York City.

Mr. Cory died of appendicitis at Englewood, August 28, 1905. He was 22 years of age, and unmarried. His personal magnetism attracted all classes of people and those nearest him treasure the memory of his unselfish and steadfast friendship. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1902.

WALTER SULLIVAN, son of Daniel Sullivan, a banker of San Antonio, Texas, and Annie (Cotter) Sullivan, was born in Indianola, Calhoun County, Texas, October 15, 1881.

He first attended St. Mary's College at San Antonio, Texas; pursued his studies at Rock Hill College, Ellicott City, Md., near Baltimore; spent a short time successively in Harvard College and Georgetown University at Washington, D. C.; then entered the class in Yale University at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduating he was engaged in his father's banking firm, D. Sullivan & Co., in which he rose to the position of Assistant Cashier.

While on his way from San Francisco to the Philippine Islands to visit his sister, the wife of Col. J. L. Clem, U. S. A., at Manila, he was, when near Honolulu, lost overboard from the Steamship Manchuria, on the night of July 14, 1905.

He was in his 24th year and unmarried. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

## 1904

FRED CHAMBERS BALDWIN, son of Henry Perine and Emily (Alexander) Baldwin, was born in Makawao, Maui, Hawaiian Islands, August 9, 1881, but was fitted for college in the Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Conn. Both his grand-

fathers, Rev. Dwight Baldwin, M.D. (Yale 1821), and Rev. William Patterson Alexander, spent their lives as missionaries and teachers in the Hawaiian Islands. His mother's brother, William DeWitt Alexander, LL.D. (Yale 1855), was from 1864 to 1871 President of Oahu College, and subsequently Surveyor-General of the Hawaiian Islands.

After graduation Mr. Baldwin returned to the island of Maui, where he was associated with his father in the raising and sale of sugar. While in New York City on a visit he died after a short illness of appendicitis October 11, 1905, at the age of 24 years. He was unmarried. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1898, another brother was for a time a member of Sheffield Scientific School, class of 1899, and another brother is a member of the Freshman class.

FRED MAURICE MAXWELL, son of William and Esther Louise (Williams) Maxwell, was born in Ruralgrove, Montgomery County, N. Y., April 5, 1879, but in 1884 removed with his parents to Gloversville, in the adjoining county, where he was fitted for college at the Gloversville High School. In Senior year he was awarded the Daniel Lord Scholarship, and at graduation attained the rank of High Oration.

After graduation his health would not permit him to teach as arranged and he went to Colorado without finding relief. He died of consumption at Byers, in that state, September 20, 1905, at the age of 26 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Baptist church.

### 1905

WILLIAM KNICKERBOCKER VAN REYPEN, son of Rear-Admiral William Knickerbocker Van Reypen (New York University 1858), U. S. N. retired, and Chairman of the Central Committee of the American National Red Cross

Society, and of Nellie Constance (Wells) Van Reypen, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 7, 1883, and was prepared for college at the Western High School, Washington, D. C., and the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa. In Junior year he was chosen an editor of the Yale *Literary Magazine* and Business Manager of the Yale *Daily News*, and in Senior year was a member of the Class Day Committee.

In the autumn after graduation he entered Columbia Law School, and had already won the esteem of his new associates for his high qualities. While suffering from an attack of melancholia brought on by overwork, he shot himself and died in his apartment in New York City January 27, 1906. He was in the 23d year of his age and unmarried.



## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1844

EDWIN CURTIS BIDWELL, son of Barnabas and Betsey (Curtis) Bidwell, was born in South Tyringham, now Monterey, Berkshire County, Mass., February 20, 1821, and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Williams College in 1841, and of Bachelor of Medicine from the Yale Medical School three years later.

After his graduation at New Haven he practiced his profession for a time in Otis, Mass., adjoining his native place, in the neighboring town of Middlefield, and in Salisbury, Conn. He was then in Keene, O., and Quasqueton, Buchanan County, Ia., about ten miles southeast of Independence, till the outbreak of the Civil War, when he entered the U. S. Army as Surgeon of the 31st Massachusetts Volunteers, and continued in the Department of the Gulf till the close of hostilities. April 29, 1862, he was appointed Major.

In 1866 he settled in Vineland, N. J., where he had since practiced his profession. He was deeply interested in fruit culture, and was the discoverer in 1880 of the fungus causing black rot in grapes which was later named for him by Professor J. B. Ellis, *Læstidia Bidwellii*. In 1849 he wrote an article on the Portability of Cholera Infection, which was regarded at the time as an important contribution to medical knowledge.

Mr. Bidwell died at his home in Vineland, November 14, 1905, in the 85th year of his age. He was a Trustee of the State University of Iowa from 1856 to 1858, Corresponding Member of the New York Historical Society, and President of the Vineland Historical and Antiquarian Society.

He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Ward. She died January 25, 1850, and he later married Eveline R. Farwell, who died in 1855. In 1856 he married Isabella Calder, daughter of Hugh Gibson, who died in 1888. A son survives him.

1852

CHARLES AUGUSTUS LINDSLEY, son of John and Eliza L. (Condit) Lindsley, was born August 19, 1826, in Orange, N. J. He entered the University of Vermont as a Freshman, but the death of his father soon afterward compelled a change of his plans, and he subsequently joined the Junior Class in Trinity College, from which he graduated in 1849. He was assistant in the Episcopal Academy in Cheshire, Conn., in 1849 and 1850 and the same year began the study of medicine with Asa J. Driggs (M.D. Yale 1826), and completed his course in the Columbia and Yale Medical Schools.

For a year and a half after his graduation at Yale he was associated in practice with David A. Tyler (M.D. Yale 1844). In 1860 he was appointed Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics and filled that office twenty-three years. During the greater part of the Civil War he was Acting Assistant Surgeon at Knight Hospital (now New Haven Hospital), and Lincoln Hospital, Washington. From 1883 he was Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine, becoming Professor *Emeritus* of the same in 1897. From 1863 to 1885 he was Dean of the Medical School, and since 1899 he had been Lecturer on Sanitary Science.

He was Attending Physician of the Connecticut State Hospital from 1864 to 1876, and Consulting Physician since then, also Secretary of the General Hospital Society from 1865 to 1877. In the latter year he was President of the New Haven Medical Society, in 1891-92 President of the American Medical Society, in 1892 President of the Connecticut Medical Society, and in 1894-95 President of the State and Provincial Boards of Health of North America. He was an honorary member of the New Jersey Medical Association.

Dr. Lindsley rendered admirable service in promoting the

interests of public hygiene and was particularly distinguished in tracing the obscure source of typhoid fever epidemics. He was one of the originators of the New Haven Dispensary, Vice-President and later President of the same; Health Officer of New Haven from 1874 to 1888, and editor of the Annual Reports of the New Haven Board of Health; one of the founders of the State Board of Health in 1878, its Secretary, executive officer, and editor of the Annual Reports of the Society, continuing this work until his death. His Reports as well as papers in other publications were valuable contributions to medical and sanitary science. He was President of the National Conference of State Boards of Health from 1893 to 1895, also Vice-President in 1877 and President in 1898 of the American Public Health Association.

Dr. Lindsley died at his home in New Haven of heart trouble March 9, 1906, in the 80th year of his age.

He married, April 13, 1852, Lydia L., daughter of Major Aaron B. and Caroline (Jones) Harrison, of Orange, N. J. Mrs. Lindsley survives him with a son, Charles Purdy Lindsley (Yale 1875 s.), Demonstrator of Anatomy from 1883 to 1886 in the Yale Medical School, and a daughter Caroline, who married Calvin S. McChesney (Yale 1881). An elder son, Harrison Wheeler Lindsley (Yale 1872 s.), Instructor in Architecture in the Yale Art School, died in 1893. He was Vestryman and Junior Warden of St. John's (P. E.) Church, New Haven, in its early history and up to 1878 when he transferred his relationship to St. Thomas' Church and was a Vestryman there till his death.

### 1857

SAMUEL RUSSELL WOOSTER, son of Russell and Avis (Burr) Wooster, and younger brother of Colonel William Burr Wooster (LL.B. Yale 1846), was born in Oxford, New Haven County, Conn., April 22, 1830, and received his early education in the common schools.



Upon graduation from the Yale Medical School he at once went to Grand Rapids, Mich., where he established a good practice during the next four years.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted, and was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the Eighth Michigan Volunteer Infantry, known as "The Wandering Regiment of Michigan" from its service in many different sections of the South. February 26, 1863, he was promoted to the position of Surgeon of the First Michigan Cavalry, with the rank of Major, and was with the regiment at Gettysburg, the second battle of Bull Run, and many other important engagements, serving on the staffs of General Custer and General Stevens until mustered out, October 18, 1864. He was then appointed Acting Staff Surgeon, and continued in service until discharged in June, 1865.

After the close of the war he resumed general practice, the first six years in Muskegon, Mich., and since 1871 again in Grand Rapids.

Dr. Wooster was continuously engaged in some form of public service. For forty years, from 1865, he was examining surgeon for pensions, and from 1877 to 1887 President of the Board of Examining Surgeons. From 1872 to 1889 he was County Physician for Kent County, at one time County Coroner, and in 1880 City Physician and Health Officer of Grand Rapids. He had been a member of the medical staff of the Butterworth Hospital since its organization. He was a charter member of the Grand Rapids Academy of Medicine, and had been twice President of that body.

Dr. Wooster died at the Butterworth Hospital in Grand Rapids from a chronic trouble, February 6, 1906, at the age of 75 years. He was a member of All Souls Unitarian Church.

He married, June 1, 1858, Josephine, daughter of Richard Godfroy, a merchant of Grand Rapids. She survives him with a daughter.

1860

EVELYN LYMAN BISSELL, son of Major Lyman Bissell, U. S. A., and Theresa Maria (Skeele) Bissell, was born September 10, 1836, in Milton, Litchfield Co., Conn., and gained his early education in the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General William H. Russell (Yale 1833) in New Haven. Relinquishing his hope of going through the United States Military Academy at West Point, he entered the Yale Medical School.

On graduation he became surgeon of a Liverpool packet ship, but the outbreak of the Civil War revived his military enthusiasm, and May 8, 1862, he was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the Fifth Connecticut Volunteer Infantry, and at once went to the Valley of the Shenandoah. He was captured at Winchester, Va., May 25, but was released on parole in July, and ordered back to his regiment by General Banks. While attending the wounded on the field at Cedar Mountain he was recaptured and placed in solitary confinement in Richmond, and afterward transferred to Libby Prison. An agreement concerning his own and similar cases was at length made by officials at Washington and Richmond, and he was finally released. He rejoined his regiment at Fredericksburg, and took part in the battles of Chancellorsville and Gettysburg, his services at the latter being especially mentioned in the report of the Adjutant-General. At the battle of Kenesaw Mountain his bravery in removing two hundred wounded soldiers in the face of a deadly fire from a masked Confederate battery attracted the attention of General Hooker, and he was detailed to service on his medical staff. He was also on the surgeon's staff of General Thomas eight months. During the last part of the war he was at Nashville, Tenn., until mustered out of service, July 10, 1865.

Dr. Bissell then returned to New Haven, where he practiced his profession to the close of his life, and served the community in many public ways. He was Registrar of

Vital Statistics, member of the Board of Health from 1900, also President of that body two years, and member of the Board of Police Commissioners. He was for many years examining surgeon for the United States Pension Department. From 1868 to 1872, from 1875 to 1883, and again from 1884 he was Surgeon of the Second Regiment, Connecticut National Guard. In 1883 he was appointed Surgeon-General on the staff of Governor Thomas M. Waller (hon. M.A. 1883).

From 1871 to 1875 he was in Lima, Peru, having been placed by the Peruvian Government in medical charge of the men employed on the public works of that city, and had charge of the hospital connected with the Oroya Railroad.

Dr. Bissell died at his home on Crown Street, New Haven, of acute indigestion, followed by heart failure, December 9, 1905, at the age of 69 years.

He married, November 23, 1865, Sarah Malinda, daughter of Hezekiah and Malinda (Bliss) Noyes, of Woodbury, Conn. She died July 19, 1883, but their daughter survives.

## 1897

THEODORE EDWARD BEARD, son of Theodore Edward Beard, a lumber dealer, and Julia Ann (Wheeler) Beard, was born February 7, 1866, in Huntington, Conn., and took his preparatory course at Staples Institute in the neighboring town of Easton.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he settled in successful practice in New Haven, where he died of tuberculosis, January 1, 1906, in the 40th year of his age.

He married, May 15, 1893, Mary, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Cook) Carroll, of Northampton, Mass., who survives him. He was a member of St. Paul's Church, New Haven.



## YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1860

(HART) LYNDE HARRISON, son of James Harrison, for many years a merchant and banker in Augusta, Ga., and Charlotte (Lynde )Harrison, and grandson of John Hart Lynde (Yale 1796), was born December 15, 1837, in New Haven, Conn. He was a descendant of Rev. John Hart, the first actual student in Yale College who was advanced to a bachelor's degree, Tutor from 1703 to 1705, and the first minister of East Guilford, now Madison, Conn. His early education was in the Hopkins Grammar School and the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General William H. Russell (Yale 1833), after which he taught school two or three years in the academy in Branford, Conn.

After graduation from the Yale Law School he at first practiced his profession in Branford, but in December, 1863, opened an office in New Haven, where for many years he was a leading lawyer, judge, and a prominent political counselor, a skillful and efficient legislator, and advocate of measures of wide public interest. He was in partnership with Judge Edmund Zacher (Yale 1874) in the firm of Harrison & Zacher.

In 1862-63 he was Clerk of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and in 1864 of the State Senate, and the following two years State Senator. From 1871 to 1874 he was Judge of the City Court of New Haven. Having taken up his residence in Guilford he was elected to the Connecticut House of Representatives from 1874 to 1877, and in 1877 was chosen Speaker of the House. After four years as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, he was again elected to the House of Representatives, and was Chairman of the Judiciary. For three years he was Chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments and during this time secured the adoption of eleven amendments, including the bill for Biennial Sessions of the Legislature, the State

Election Law, and Specific Appropriation Bill. He aided in securing legislation allowing the Shore Line Railroad to bridge the Connecticut River at Saybrook and was afterward leading counsel of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad. In 1885 he was a member of the State Commission on better organization of minor courts.

He was Chairman of the State Central Committee in 1875-76 and 1884-86, in his second term of service aiding in the election of his cousin, Honorable Henry Baldwin Harrison, LL.D. (Yale 1846), to the Governorship. He was a delegate to the Republican National Conventions in 1876 and 1880. His views on tariff and the currency not according with the Republican party he was a delegate at large to the Democratic National Convention in 1896. He afterward, however, repudiated the platform adopted.

During the past twenty years he was occupied largely with corporation and estate litigation. He was an executor and trustee of the Henry B. Plant estate, and general counsel of the Plant Investment Co., the Southern Express Co., and the Consolidated Lake Superior Co. He was a director of the National Tradesmens Bank of New Haven.

Judge Harrison was keenly interested in Connecticut history and antiquities, and was President of the New Haven Colony Historical Society from 1898 to 1900. While State Senator he was *ex-officio* Fellow of Yale University.

He died of apoplexy at the New Haven House June 8, 1906, at the age of 68 years. The evening before he had spoken at a Republican ward meeting, and a few days previous he had returned from the International Arbitration Convention at Lake Mohonk, N. Y., to which he was a delegate, after making an address. On both occasions he appeared to be in excellent health. For many years he had spent the winter season in Thomasville, Ga.

He married, May 2, 1867, Sarah, daughter of Samuel O. Plant of Branford, Conn., and sister of the late Henry B. Plant. She died in 1879, and in 1886 Judge Harrison

married Harriet, daughter of Luther Chapin and Jane Amelia (Moses) White of Waterbury, Conn., who survives him with a daughter. Two sons and a daughter by the first marriage are also living. Of the latter the younger son graduated from the Yale Law School in 1896, and the daughter is the wife of Edmund Quincy Trowbridge (Yale 1899).

### 1865

FLORIMOND DERANCE FYLER, son of Harlow and Sibyl (Tolles) Fyler, was born December 11, 1834, at Newfield, a district of Torrington, Litchfield County, Conn. After work on the Illinois State Scientific Survey in 1859 and a preparatory course in Wesleyan Academy at Wilbraham, Mass., he began his legal studies in the office of Judge Gideon Hall, of Winchester, but in the spring of 1864 entered the Yale Law School, and the same year was admitted to the bar in Litchfield.

After graduation he began practice in Winchester in September, 1865, was a Representative in the Connecticut Legislature in 1872, and from 1877 to 1881 was Judge of the District Court of Litchfield County. In the winter of 1888 he was thrown from a sleigh and severely injured in the head, which led to his retirement from practice, but he was afterward extensively engaged in the poultry business.

He died at his home in Newfield, August 22, 1905, in the 71st year of his age.

He married, November 28, 1860, Abbie Antoinett, daughter of William Spencer and Caroline (Jones) Steele, of Torrington, who survives him with an adopted daughter. He was an Adventist in religious belief. •

### 1866

CHARLES SWIFT JOSLYN, son of Levi and Eunice Young (Swift) Joslyn, was born in Cambridge, Vt., October 21, 1832. After preliminary study at the academy in the neigh-



boring town of Bakersfield, he planned to enter West Point, but finally decided to join the Oneida Community, which he did in 1849, and was soon followed by his parents. He was intimately connected with the development of the Community during the thirty years of its existence, and was sent by it to the Yale and Columbia Law Schools, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws from both, from the latter in 1867.

He never engaged in much active practice outside of looking after the legal interests of the Community. Soon after its dissolution and incorporation as a joint stock company in 1880, he was for a number of years in charge of the office in New York City. Retiring from active business in 1894, he spent the greater part of the following eleven years in travel, going twice entirely around the world and visiting many places in South America, Mexico, and South and East Africa.

He was strong and vigorous until the winter of 1904, when he had a severe attack of the grip, after which heart trouble developed. He died at Kenwood, Madison County, N. Y., January 1, 1906, in the 74th year of his age.

Mr. Joslyn married, August 20, 1854, Harriet Eliza, daughter of Henry Allen, of Wallingford, Conn., who survives him. Their only daughter is deceased.

#### 1874

FREDERICK STANLEY ROOT, son of Lafayette F. and Elizabeth (Benham) Root, and nephew of Frederick Stanley Root, a lawyer of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., was born in New Haven, Conn., May 7, 1853.

After graduation from the Law School he continued his studies, but two years later entered the Yale Divinity School, where he completed the course in 1879. He was ordained over the Congregational Church at Seymour, Conn., January 5, 1881, where he continued as pastor until November, 1884, after which he spent a year in the Graduate Department

of Harvard University. From 1886 to October, 1891, he served the High Street Congregational Church in Auburn, Me., and the next three years the Park Congregational Church in Hartford, Conn. While at Auburn he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Bowdoin College in 1890.

Owing to a change in his mode of thought and to a devotion to the cause of social justice he then left the ministry, and thereafter resided in New York and New Haven. He became General Secretary of the American Social Science Association, and for six years edited the *Social Science Journal*. He contributed frequently to the *New York Tribune*, *Evening Post*, and other journals, and besides one or two stories, he published in 1900 "What is the Matter with the Church?", a volume which aroused much comment, and he was writing further on social problems. He was a forceful writer, but his lovable personality attracted even those who differed from him.

Mr. Root died suddenly of heart disease at his study in the Yale Divinity School, January 18, 1906, at the age of 52 years. He lived much in the open air, and was an enthusiastic advocate of athletics.

He married Henrietta Frances, daughter of Edwin B. Bowditch, a leading furniture dealer of New Haven, who survives him. They had no children.

## 1876

BRYAN JOHN SMITH, son of Bryan and Ellen (Donahue) Smith, was born in Waterbury, Conn., July 4, 1852.

After graduation from the Yale Law School he practiced law in Waterbury, but about 1899 went to New Mexico, where he was in the real estate business.

He died at Los Vegas, N. M., March 20, 1906, at the age of 53 years.

He married Annie, daughter of John and Mary Kane, who survives him with a daughter.

## 1882

HENRY CHARLES GUSSMAN, son of Frederick and Mary (Blume) Gussman, was born January 28, 1857, in New Britain, Conn., where his father was a well-known musician and leader of Gussman's Band. He finished his secondary education at the private school of David N. Camp (hon. M.A. 1853), and a year later entered the Yale Law School. He earned a large part of the means for his course.

After graduation he was in the office of Hon. Henry C. Robinson (Yale 1853) in Hartford, Conn., a year, and then began legal practice in New Britain. He was Assistant City Attorney two years, City Attorney, Clerk of the City and Police Court two years, and during the last ten years Prosecuting Attorney. He was active in local Republican politics all his lifetime.

Although suffering from dropsy for nearly three years he determined not to yield to the disease. He died at his home after a brief illness from pneumonia, March 31, 1906, at the age of 49 years.

He married, September 25, 1884, Lizzie Boardman, daughter of Albert R. and Ellen (Morgan) Boardman of Meriden, Conn. She survives him with one daughter.

## 1890

JAMES PATRICK BREE, son of Patrick and Mary (Hart) Bree, was born in New Haven, December 16, 1864. After finishing his course in the New Haven High School, he learned the printer's trade, wrote for several Roman Catholic publications and also taught school before entering the Yale Law School.

After graduation from the latter he soon won an honorable position in his profession. The same year he was elected to the New Haven Board of Councilmen, and was Auditor of Accounts for the town until the consolidation of the town and city governments several years later.



In 1899 he was elected to the Connecticut House of Representatives, and two years afterward to the State Senate. He was also State Auditor from 1902 until his resignation April 2, 1906. While in the Legislature he was an advocate of many measures for the public good which have been adopted, including one for half fare for school children, and a bill appropriating money for the State Hospital for Consumptives.

He was an effective worker in church, temperance and fraternal interests, and was a director of St. Francis Orphan Asylum, and of the Organized Charities Association, also President of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of Connecticut two terms. He was an incorporator and director of the New Haven County Anti-Tuberculosis Society.

Mr. Bree died at his home in New Haven, June 2, 1906, after a long decline, during which he had sojourned in the Adirondack Mountains and in Colorado without permanent benefit. He was 41 years of age.

He married, in 1890, Miss Nelly A. Leddy, who died in March, 1894. In December, 1898, he married Miss Annie E. Gray of Forestville, Conn., who survives him with a son and a daughter, also a son by the earlier marriage. A brother is an undergraduate student in the Yale Law School.

## 1894

HENRY EDGAR FERRIS, son of Samuel H. and Julia (Knapp) Ferris, was born in South Norwalk, Conn., October 16, 1868. For a time he was a student in the New York Law School, but completed his course in the Yale Law School.

After graduation he practiced his profession in his native place until his decease, which occurred December 20, 1905. He was in the 37th year of his age and was unmarried.

1899

WILLIAM MERVIN CRAFT, son of Simon and Nancy A. (Borland) Craft, was born September 16, 1869, at Brookville, Jefferson County, Pa., and graduated as a Bachelor of Science from Washington and Jefferson College in 1896. He then engaged in the study of law in his native place for two years, and was admitted to the bar of Jefferson County August 8, 1898, after which he entered the Yale Law School at the beginning of Senior year.

After graduation at New Haven he was admitted as an attorney of Washington County, Pa., December 20, 1899, settled at Washington, the county seat, and was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of the State, Western District, October 15, 1900. He was entering on a promising career, and had already built up a considerable practice, when a hemorrhage of the lungs terminated his active career. His death is thought to have been hastened by a journey in inclement weather which he made from a sense of duty upon the death of his brother in Colorado. After a few months' struggle he died at Denver, September 9, 1904, in the 35th year of his age. During his residence in Washington he was a member of the First Presbyterian Church, to which he was admitted by letter from the Presbyterian Church of Brookville.

Mr. Craft married, at Washington, Pa., December 12, 1902, Rachel M., daughter of Matthew Taylor, who survives him.

## MASTER OF LAWS.

1880

EDWIN BURRITT SMITH was born in Spartansburg, Crawford County, Pa., January 10, 1854, son of Henry J. and Emily (Kinney) Smith, both of whom died before he was five years old. He was adopted by an uncle, with whom

he went to central Illinois in 1860, but who died in 1864. He then worked for various farmers near Cerrogordo until his eighteenth year, taught school and attended Oberlin College, Ohio, during the next two years, and then returned to his native place in Pennsylvania, where he became Principal of the Spartansburg School.

Although unable to complete his college course, he received a thorough legal training, in 1878 entering the Union College of Law in Chicago (now Northwestern University), from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1879, and after a year of graduate study in the Yale Law School, being awarded the degree of Master of Laws. From 1894 to 1902 he was Professor of Real Estate Law in Northwestern University.

Mr. Smith began the practice of his profession in Chicago in 1881 with the firm of Stanford & Kohlsaat, and was one of the editors of the New York Reports, edition of 1883. In 1883-85 he edited several volumes of United States Supreme Court Reports. In May, 1888, he became junior member of the firm of Dent & Smith, but from 1891 until 1893 he practiced alone, and represented important interests, especially in real estate and corporation law. At the time of his death he was one of the firm of Peckham, Smith, Packard & Ap Madoc.

He served on the American Bar Association Committee for Illinois on Uniform State Laws, and in the National and Chicago Civil Service Reform Associations. For many years he was prominently connected with the traction litigation of the city of Chicago, being associated with Corporation Counsel Tolman. Their contention was sustained by decision of the United States Supreme Court in 1905. He was the unpaid legal adviser of Hull House from its beginning, a member of the Board of Managers of the Chicago Commons, and a director of the Young Men's Christian Association. He took special pleasure in the meetings of the Chicago Literary Club, of which he was at one time President.



In political matters he occupied an independent position, and was a member of the Executive Committee of the Illinois' Tariff Reform League since its organization. In 1892 he was defeated for Congress on the Democratic nomination. He was a close friend of the late Carl Schurz, and was in charge of the latter's speaking tour during the presidential campaign of 1896.

In April, 1905, he went to California without apparent beneficial result, and the following year his trouble developed as tuberculosis, of which he died at his home in Chicago, May 9, 1906, at the age of 52 years.

He married, November 8, 1883, Emma J., daughter of John and Jane (Marshall) Dauman, of Downingtown, Pa., who survives him with two sons and a daughter.

Mr. Smith rendered important service to the cause of good government as Vice-President of the Municipal Voters' League from its formation in 1896, and during its earlier years gave constant attention to its management. The history and success of the movement he described in suggestive papers in the *Atlantic Monthly* in 1900 and 1902. The same magazine, in January, 1904, contained his history of "Street Railway Legislation in Illinois."

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1885

DAVID WILLIAM MORGAN, son of Daniel and Mary (Davis) Morgan, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., August 15, 1851, graduated from Marietta College in 1882, and after a year in Chicago Theological Seminary entered the Yale Divinity School in Middle year.

In the autumn after completing his theological course, September 14, he was ordained at Detroit, Minn., where he continued as pastor of the Congregational church until April, 1889. From October of the same year he was acting pastor at Kingston, N. H., four years, and the next four years at Mason, in that state. In 1897 he removed to California, where he was in charge of the Congregational Church at Buena Park, Orange County, about four years. In 1901 he returned to New Hampshire, faithfully ministering in East Barrington until failing health caused his retirement from pastoral work. For nearly two years he lived in Exeter, greatly helping in the local churches, and preaching in neighboring towns. He died of pernicious anæmia at Clifton Springs, N. Y., April 30, 1906, in the 55th year of his age.

Mr. Morgan married September 29, 1887, Mrs. Rosalie F. Robbins, daughter of Daniel M. Harris of Salem, Mass., who survives him. They had no children.

1888

CHARLES NICHOLS SEVERANCE, son of Anthony and Frances (Rathbone) Severance, was born in New Haven, Oswego County, N. Y., October 24, 1858, and was a member of the class of 1885 in Hamilton College three years and received thence the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1898. After leaving college he spent a year as principal of the

Academy at Southold, Long Island, N. Y., and was a local preacher of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Then, after three years of study in Yale Theological Seminary, he was ordained as an evangelist at New Haven, Conn., August 23, 1888, went to Hutchinson, Kans., and organized the People's Church, of which he was pastor five years. Following this he was State Evangelist with special work in Fairmount and Wichita. In September, 1894, he opened the Western Seminary at Maize, Kans., which he conducted for three years. In October, 1897, he became pastor of the newly organized Union Church, of Garden City, Kans., and continued there a fruitful work to the close of his life, also worthily serving the public interests of the place. Under his leadership and effective preaching at Burlington, Ia., in January, 1905, a wide-spread spiritual awakening transformed the religious life of that city. In consequence of overstrain he was soon afterwards taken ill, and died from heart trouble at Kansas City, Kans., July 2, 1905, in the 47th year of his age.

He married, August 7, 1884, Gertrude, daughter of Jesse Wellington and Lydia Ann (Gillespie) Calkins, of Pulaski, N. Y., who survives him with two daughters, two sons having died. Two brothers are clergymen of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and one a practicing physician, one of them having graduated from Hamilton College in 1887.

### 1895

JOHN OWEN JONES, son of Joseph and Jane (Harris) Jones, was born at Summer's Cove, County Cork, Ireland, September 12, 1862.

After graduation from the Yale Divinity School he spent the following year in further study in the School, and in May, 1896, was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church, Bound Brook, N. J., and in April, 1902, he became pastor of the First Congregational Church at Wallingford,



Conn. Owing to ill health he resigned in January, 1906, and had since then been in New York City.

Mr. Jones died of jaundice at the home of his brother in the Bronx District, New York, April 9, 1906, at the age of 43 years.

He married, June 18, 1902, Emma, daughter of Vincent M. Julbe, a representative of the Equitable Life Assurance Society in Havana, Cuba, and Emma (Molina) Julbe, who survives him with a daughter and son.

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1873

HENRY GOODRICH WOLCOTT, son of Charles Moseley and Catharine (Rankin) Wolcott, a grandson of Frederick Wolcott (Yale 1786), *ex-officio* Fellow of Yale College, was born July 16, 1853, at Roseneath, Fishkill-on-Hudson, N. Y., where his father was a large land owner.

After graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School he returned the following year for graduate study, then took the course in Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1877. His home was at Fishkill-on-Hudson, but he practiced his profession in the neighboring village of Matteawan for several years. He was long connected with the New York Rubber Co. as Director, but for the past five or six years he had lived abroad, having gone to introduce a valuable machine, which he had patented, for an improved method of manufacture of rubber balls and toys. After meeting with exceptional success he remained in Europe for the education of his family, and for some time resided in Berlin. While traveling with his family he contracted pneumonia and died of the resultant heart failure at Genoa, Italy, April 2, 1906, at the age of 52 years. Mr. Wolcott was an intense worker and enthusiastic in his recreations, quick in perception and conclusion, and charming in social relations. He was a member of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Matteawan, N. Y., and at one time a member of the Vestry.

He married, May 22, 1879, Julia Sterling, only daughter of Honorable Waldo Hutchins (Amherst 1842), lawyer in New York City and Member of Congress, and Elizabeth (Ellsworth) Hutchins, and had six children. One son and two daughters with Mrs. Wolcott survive him.

1881

JOHN SLADE ELY, son of John Cole and Lucy (Slade) Ely, was born in New York City December 4, 1860.

The year after graduation he spent in post-graduate study in New Haven in biology, also specializing in English literature, and the year following he was a student in biology at Johns Hopkins University. With this preliminary study he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1886. The next year he was Interne in Bellevue Hospital, and the year after studied in Germany and France.

On his return to New York City Dr. Ely devoted special attention to Pathology, being Assistant in that subject in the College of Physicians and Surgeons and in Bellevue Hospital from 1888, Professor of Histology and Pathological Anatomy in the Woman's Medical College from 1890 to 1898. He was President of the New York Pathological Society in 1896-97.

In 1897 he accepted the chair of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Yale Medical School, which he filled to the highest satisfaction of faculty and students until an accident suddenly ended his work. His horse, which he was riding, was frightened by a rushing motor-cycle, and he was thrown to the pavement. Concussion of the brain resulted, from which he died early the second morning after, February 7, 1906, at the age of 45 years.

He was a skillful physician and eminent as an investigator, while the inspiration of his teaching and the rare knowledge imparted and his worth as a man filled a place in the appreciation of the student body which seemed almost impossible for another to attain.

In addition to many contributions on special topics to leading medical journals, Dr. Ely prepared papers on "The New Relations of Pathology and Practical Medicine, as bearing upon the Pathological Departments of our Hospitals," and "Dominant Influence in the Medical Progress of the Nineteenth Century," which were of general interest.



Dr. Ely married, April 29, 1893, Grace, daughter of John Taylor, of New York City, who survives him. They had no children.

## 1882

NORMAN SMITH LATHAM, son of Joseph Burden Latham, an expert machinist, was born June 5, 1859, at Phoenixville, a village in Eastford, Windham County, Conn., but received his early education in Manchester, Conn., and the Hartford High School, and took the course in Civil Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

His experience after graduation covered nearly every branch of civil engineering, but he made a specialty of railroad and bridge building. From 1882 until February, 1885, he was employed in surveying sections of the South Pennsylvania Railroad, and during the next two years as Bridge Draftsman for the late J. W. Shipman. The following year, as Assistant Engineer for Buck & McNulty, he had charge of foundation constructions of ferry terminals, coal trestles, and elevated railway columns in New York. From the fall of 1888 until the summer of 1890 he was Assistant Engineer on the Brooklyn Union Elevated Railroad, drafting and constructing a portion of the Fifth Avenue line. The next four years he was Division Engineer of the Broadway Cable Road below 17th Street, his work involving great difficulties of construction and the changing of the sub-surface pipe system, and during the two years following he constructed a short section of underground trolley road between 186th and 194th Streets.

During the latter part of 1896 he was employed by the United States Engineering Department in river and harbor work about Mt. Vernon and Diamond Reef in the East River. In March, 1897, he began the building of the Fourth Avenue Electric road south of 42d Street, and the

Second Avenue line south of 34th Street, and at the end of this work, in 1899, he became General Superintendent in building the Eighth Avenue Electric line south of 50th Street, changing the motive power of the Third Avenue surface railway from cable to underground electric power, and moving the tracks of the Boulevard line. The last was accomplished without stopping the cars and without accident. In 1903, pending the development of a certain railway project, he was in United States Government work near Albany, N. Y., and there he died, November 10, at the age of 44 years.

He married, November 1, 1888, Linda Howell, daughter of Edward T. Hackett, a New York editor. She survives him with one daughter.

#### 1884

ALBERT LUCAS, son of John and Harriet Annie (Bown) Lucas, was born in Gibbsboro, Camden County, N. J., November 22, 1863, and after preparatory studies in the Friends Central School of Philadelphia, took the Chemical course in the Sheffield Scientific School. In Junior year he was chosen an editor of the *Yale Courant*.

After graduation he continued his chemical studies for two years in Germany at the Universities of Strassburg and Berlin, was then for ten years leading chemist in the paint and color works of John Lucas & Co., after which he became General Manager of the company, with business located in Philadelphia, New York City and Gibbsboro, N. J.

His unusual interest in the higher life of his many employees was shown in the establishment of a lyceum, reading room, lectures and other provisions for their benefit. His high purposes were also shown in his hearty activity in many philanthropic and charitable movements in Philadelphia. He was a trustee and warden of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Lucas died of pneumonia complicated with other troubles at his home in Philadelphia, April 10, 1906, in the 43d year of his age.

He married, February 14, 1893, Elizabeth C., daughter of Joseph Henry and Helen Louise Oat, of Philadelphia, who survives him with one son. His younger son died a few days before his own decease.

### 1885

DEANE MILLER, son of Charles Griffin and Emily (Bryan) Miller, was born March 15, 1866, in New Rochelle, N. Y. After three years in the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, he took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

The year after graduation he spent in travel, the next three years was clerk in the banking office of Latham, Alexander & Co., New York City, from 1889 to 1895 was not in business, but in the latter year became a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and since that time had been a stock broker.

Mr. Miller died at Buffalo, July 5, 1905, in the 39th year of his age. He was unmarried. One brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1888, and another from the Academical Department in 1894.

### 1886

HENRY RUSTIN, son of C. B. and Mary (Wilkins) Rustin, was born at Omaha, Nebr., September 4, 1865, and after a preparatory course at Phillips (Andover) Academy, he took the engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Some years after graduation he was appointed Chief Engineer of the electrical equipment of the Portland Street Railway Co., in Portland, Ore., which was changing from the



cable to the trolley system. After five years of satisfactory service there, he was given charge of the power department of the Hazelton Manufacturing Co., at Hazleton, Pa.

He had charge of the lighting and electrical work of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha, in 1898, of the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo in 1901, and was Director and Chief of the Electrical Department of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis. The new system of lighting which he devised at Omaha brought him into prominence among the foremost electrical engineers, and his work accomplished at St. Louis was the highest achievement in that line.

His duties at St. Louis proved too severe a strain on his health, and after completing the designs he was obliged to take a rest, seeking the Adirondacks and the mountains of Colorado in a vain struggle for recovery. He died of lung trouble at his home at Florence, Nebr., six miles north of Omaha, February 27, 1906, at the age of 40 years. At the time of his death he was Superintendent of the Omaha Water Co.

He married at Vancouver Barracks, Wash., June 2, 1894, Dolores, daughter of William P. and Margaret W. Goodwin, who survives him with a son and daughter. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1895.

FRANCIS LEWIS SPERRY, son of Honorable Ira P. and Clarissa (Carlton) Sperry, was born October 22, 1861, in Tallmadge, Summit County, O. He took the Special course in the Sheffield Scientific School, but by vote of the Corporation was enrolled with the class in 1895.

After finishing his studies in New Haven he was chemist for the Canada Copper Co., at Sudbury, Canada, for six years, and while so employed discovered a mineral since named sperrylite. He then continued his studies in Germany, and on his return followed his profession in New York City and Buffalo, until four or five years ago, when

he went back to the home of his boyhood. He was widely known as an expert chemist and mineralogist.

He died of nervous exhaustion, after an illness of three weeks, at his home in Tallmadge, O., April 17, 1906, in the 45th year of his age.

He married, June 11, 1892, in London, England, Margaret Beaton, daughter of William and Mary Greely, of New York City. She survives him with a son and daughter.

### 1891

WILLIAM HORACE PELTON, son of William Norcott Pelton, a wholesale drygoods merchant of Hartford, Conn., was born in that city January 12, 1870. His mother was Julia Goodwin (Stillman) Pelton.

After graduation he was in the employ of the (Thomson and Houston Electric Co.), General Electric Co. at Lynn and Boston, Mass., but since 1894 had been with the Hartford Fire Insurance Co.

Mr. Pelton died of heart trouble at his home, August 28, 1905, at the age of 35 years. He was unmarried. His parents and one sister survive him. He was a member of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church.

EDWARD VAN INGEN, eldest son of Edward Hook Van Ingen, a wholesale woolen merchant, and Mary Lawrence (McLane) Van Ingen, was born August 29, 1869, in Lenox, Mass., but his winter home was in Brooklyn, N. Y., until 1889, when the family removed to New York City. After preparation at the Hill School he took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

He was heartily interested in all forms of athletics and in every phase of college life. He soon became well known throughout the University, and formed many lasting friendships among the Academical students. In the spring of 1890 he was elected an editor of the *News* and served

on that daily until his graduation. When the *Yale Alumni Weekly* was established in 1892 he was selected as one of the Advisory Board, and continued in this capacity to the close of his life.

The year after graduation he spent in the Yale Law School, then taught with much acceptance in the Hill School till the following spring, after which he completed his studies in the New York Law School and received the degree of LL.B. in 1895. On his admission to the bar in 1894 he entered the law office of Logan, Clark & Demond, from 1896 to 1902 was associated with Masten & Nichols, and since then had been senior member in the firm of Van Ingen, Siebert & Paddock.

He early gave promise of professional distinction, but was willing to devote time to public service. In 1902 Mayor Low appointed him upon the New York City Board of Education, but soon after Mr. William Williams (Yale 1884) was made Immigration Commissioner at New York by President Roosevelt, and Mr. Van Ingen was selected as his counsel. In this position he was efficient in correcting abuses from which the public and the immigrants had long suffered, but at the end of fifteen months the demands of practice compelled him to place this work in other hands. At the session of the New York Legislature in 1905, as President of the Allied Real Estate Interests, he presented effective arguments against a mortgage tax bill, which, however, became law.

He was a member of the Council of the University Club of New York City from March, 1904, and Chairman of the House Committee for three years, and to the interests concerned he gave unsparingly of his time and most careful thought.

Mr. Van Ingen died at Roosevelt Hospital, New York City, after an operation for appendicitis, October 27, 1905, at the age of 36 years. He attended St. Bartholomew's Protestant Episcopal Church.



He married in January, 1897, Mae Anderson, daughter of Edward Theodore Bell, President of the First National Bank of Paterson, N. J., and Anna D. (Anderson) Bell. She survives him with twin sons and a daughter.

A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1897 and another brother from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1893.

### 1892

FRANK EMANUEL MANDEL, son of Emanuel and Babbette (Frank) Mandel, was born February 27, 1872, in Chicago, Ill. He took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he entered the great dry goods business house of Mandel Brothers, for which he became general manager, his father being Vice-President.

In January, 1905, he was taken with pneumonia, from which he never fully recovered, and although apparently improving he died quite suddenly in Colorado Springs, Col., November 4. He was 33 years of age.

He married, November 28, 1899, Carrie, daughter of Henry and Helen Greenebaum, who survives him with two sons.

### 1894

DUDLEY PHELPS WILKINSON, son of Dudley Phelps Wilkinson, an iron merchant, and Drusilla (Dallman) Wilkinson, was born September 5, 1872, in Chicago, Ill., and after preparation at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., took the course in mechanical and electrical engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Soon after graduation he entered the bicycle department of Parkhurst & Wilkinson, remaining with them until 1898, and was then Superintendent of the cooperage plant of J. H. Winterbotham & Sons, at Kensington, Ill., nearly two

years and a half. In May, 1901, he became Inspector for the Griffin Wheel Co., and in January, 1902, salesman for the American Radiator Co., traveling in Wisconsin and Michigan for two years, and since then representing the same company in Chicago.

Mr. Wilkinson died in Chicago, July 16, 1905, at the age of 32 years. He was unmarried.

### 1895

EDWARD LAWRENCE BROWNELL, son of William and Sylvia (Post) Brownell, was born August 9, 1873, in Sandusky, O. His father died when he was only six months old and the family moved to the home of his grandparents in Sandusky. At eight years of age he went to live with his uncle, General M. D. Leggett, in Cleveland, O., where he went through the public schools, and then studied in the Pelham Manor (N. Y.) School. In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the Select course.

Since graduation he had been in business in New York City, was also President of the Phinotos Chemical Co., and had large investments in the West.

Mr. Brownell died suddenly of diabetes after many months of ill health at his home in Pelham Heights, September 28, 1905. He was 32 years of age and unmarried.

### 1896

HENRY STYER GROVE, eldest son of Henry Styer Grove, President of the William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Company, and Helen Langstroth (Peterson) Grove, was born December 24, 1876, in Philadelphia, Pa., and obtained his preparatory education in the DeLancey School in that city. In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the course in Electrical Engineering.

After graduation he was associated with his father in the linseed oil business, being the fourth generation and the fourth Henry to participate in manufacturing and the East Indian trade, but since then had been in the banking house of Drexel & Co. in Philadelphia, where he attained a leading position in the bond and securities department.

Mr. Grove was a member of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church in the Germantown section of Philadelphia, and an effective worker, exerting an especially beneficial influence among the young men and boys of the parish.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Germantown, Philadelphia, March 23, 1906, in the 30th year of his age.

### 1897

FRANK COLTON SHIPMAN, son of Henry A. and Emma E. (Colton) Shipman, was born July 29, 1875, in Ansonia, Conn. His parents died while he was very young, and he made his home subsequently in Wallingford, Conn., entering the Sheffield Scientific School from the High School there, and taking the course in civil engineering.

For two years after graduation he was in the service of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad with headquarters at Alliance, Nebr., and since then had been in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, having been recently appointed Construction Manager of a section of that system. While on the way to a wreck the engine on which he was riding jumped the track, the jar throwing him to the ground and causing his death at Rockland, Venango County, Pa., April 2, 1906. The interment was in Meriden, Conn. He was 30 years of age and unmarried. He was a member of the First Congregational Church in Wallingford, Conn.



## 1901

ELLISON GUTHRIE WAITE, son of Christopher Champlin Waite, C.E. (Renss. Polytech. Inst. 1871), and Lillian (Guthrie) Waite, and grandson of Chief Justice Morrison R. Waite (Yale 1837), was born March 8, 1880, in Zanesville, O., but his father died in 1896, and his home was afterward in Columbus, O., where he took his preparatory studies in the High School. In the Sheffield Scientific School he chose the course in Mechanical Engineering, and after graduation followed that profession, first with the Wellman-Seaver Morgan Engineering Co. of Cleveland, O., afterward with the Brown Hoisting Machinery Co. of that city, and since then with the Case Manufacturing Co. of Columbus, engineers and builders of electric hand-power cranes and hoists. For a time he was Erecting Engineer installing machinery, but for several months had been Assistant Superintendent of the Company.

Mr. Waite died suddenly of apoplexy at his home in Columbus, December 3, 1905, at the age of 25 years. He was unmarried. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1895.

## 1905

JAMES WHITNEY CLARKE, son of James P. and Alice (Whitney) Clarke, was born September 7, 1884, in Des Moines, Iowa, but in 1895 removed to Derby, Conn., where he gained his preparation in the High School. In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the Biological Course, and received General Two-Year Honors for excellence in all studies, winning also the high regard of his associates for his genuine worth. While a student he supported himself by tutoring.

The day of graduation he was taken with typhoid fever, of which he died at his home in Derby, July 31, 1905, in the 21st year of his age. He was unmarried. He had accepted a position as Assistant in Chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School.

## GRADUATE SCHOOL.

1875

WILLIAM RAINEY HARPER, son of Samuel and Ellen Elizabeth (Rainey) Harper, was born in New Concord, Muskingum County, O., July 26, 1856.

He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1870 from Muskingum College, a small denominational institution in his native place designed primarily for training those who were to enter the ministry of the United Presbyterian Church, the study of the Bible in several languages being a prominent feature of the curriculum. The following three years he acted as clerk in his father's dry-goods store and studied favorite subjects under tutors. In the fall of 1873 he entered Yale University for graduate work in philology under Professor William Dwight Whitney, and in June, 1875, received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

He then spent a year as Principal of the Masonic College at Macon, Tenn., and with this experience at the age of twenty became tutor in the Preparatory Department of Denison University at Granville, O., soon afterward being made Principal of the department which was subsequently known as Granville Academy. The formative influence of President E. Benjamin Andrews, then at the head of Denison University, was most valuable upon Dr. Harper, and their harmonious work greatly stimulated the intellectual life of the place and secured the lasting friendship of the students. While in Granville Dr. Harper united with the Baptist Church, thus coming into connection with the denomination under whose auspices great educational opportunities opened to him. In January, 1879, and before his plans at Granville Academy were developed, he was called to be Instructor in the department of Hebrew in the Baptist Union Theological Seminary at Morgan Park, Ill., near Chicago, but continued his work at Granville to

the close of the year. Soon afterward he was made Professor of Hebrew and Oriental Languages at Morgan Park, where he carried out with great enthusiasm and remarkable success the inductive method of instruction in languages. Here he enjoyed the inspiring instruction and companionship of Rev. George W. Northrup, and received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1881.

In addition to his Seminary duties he was willing to assume the responsibilities in succession of clerk, deacon, treasurer, Sunday school superintendent and other offices in the church of which he was a member, and later, while President of the University of Chicago, was superintendent of the Hyde Park Baptist Sunday School for nine years. In 1881 he opened the first of his Hebrew Summer Schools which were thereafter regularly held, and in February of the same year started the Institute of Hebrew, designed to promote the study of Hebrew and other Semitic languages by correspondence.

As an extension of Divinity School instruction to the people at large Dr. Harper gave many stimulating courses of lectures in colleges, local institutes called for the purpose, gatherings of Sunday school teachers, and elsewhere. Through lectures at Chautauqua and many other places and common aims in instruction he was soon brought into intimate relations with the Chautauqua educational movement, in 1885 became Principal of the Chautauqua College of Liberal Arts, and six years later of the entire Chautauqua system, retaining the latter office until 1898.

In 1886 Professor Harper came from Morgan Park to New Haven as University Professor of Semitic Languages in Yale, and on the establishment of the Woolsey Professorship in Biblical Literature in 1889 he was also elected to fill that chair. In addition he was Instructor in Hebrew in Yale Divinity School. After five years of inspiring service as a teacher, during which important advances in methods and courses of study were made, and a rapidly



increasing body of earnest students gathered under his leadership, he closed his work at Yale, and, July 1, 1891, entered upon his service as President of the University of Chicago, developing on new lines from the foundation an institution of wide influence. Soon after assuming the office he went abroad for a year's study of European universities. President Harper found his highest pleasure in teaching, and in spite of the pressure of executive duties continued to give instruction during the whole period of his Chicago residence, being Professor and Head of the Department of the Semitic Languages and Literatures.

In connection with a series of textbooks for the study of the Bible in colleges initiated while he was at Morgan Park, he prepared "Constructive Studies in the Priestly Element in the Old Testament," and "Constructive Studies in the Prophetic Element in the Old Testament," both in 1905, and also published part of a series of textbooks for the Sunday school. "Religion and the Higher Life" in 1904, and "The Trend in Higher Education" in 1905, presented his mature views on these subjects.

Besides the works mentioned, President Harper wrote, edited or coöperated in the production of a great number of volumes, papers and periodicals.

In order to aid in popularizing Bible study, he founded, in 1882, the *Hebrew Student*, successively known as the *Old Testament Student*, *Old and New Testament Student*, and for some years past as the *Biblical World*, the principal work on which he shared for many years with the late Professor George L. Goodspeed (Ph.D. Yale 1891). Two years later he established the more technical *Hebraica*, subsequently called the *American Journal of Semitic Languages and Literatures*. It was also at his suggestion that the *American Journal of Theology* was founded in 1897. After fourteen years of labor his "Commentary on Amos and Hosea" was completed shortly before the close of his life, and was at once recognized as an adequate and exhaust-

ive work and the ripest result of his thorough scholarship. By untiring industry under definite system and with a fixed purpose he achieved results far surpassing most men.

From 1896 to 1898 he was a member of the Chicago Board of Education, and he was at different times a member of the Civic Federation, the Art Institute, the Society for Egyptian Research, and other societies devoted to various educational interests, besides many social and literary clubs. He was a director of the Haskell Oriental Museum.

President Harper received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Colby College in 1891, and of Doctor of Laws from the University of Nebraska in 1893, from Yale University in 1901, from Johns Hopkins University in 1902, and from the University of Wisconsin and Toronto University in 1904.

He died of cancer at his home in Chicago, January 10, 1906, in the 50th year of his age. "There was no part of his life work which commanded such universal admiration as the courage with which he faced the certainty of death." A memorial Library building is to be erected in his honor by the Trustees of the University of Chicago.

He married in the summer of 1875, Ella, daughter of Rev. David Paul, President of Muskingum College, and his first teacher in Hebrew. She survives him with a daughter (B.A. Chicago 1900) and three sons, the eldest of whom received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from the University of Chicago in 1902.

### 1891

DANIEL SHEPARDSON, son of the Rev. Daniel Shepardson, D.D. (hon. M.A. Granville 1846 and Brown 1853) and Eliza (Smart) Shepardson, founders of Shepardson College, now the Woman's department of Denison University, was born at the seat of that university, Granville, O., December 1, 1868. His father was one of the trustees of Gran-

ville College, 1843-1860 and 1880-1899. He graduated from Denison University as a Bachelor of Arts in 1888, after which he was for three years a student in the Graduate Department of Yale University, during this time assisting in the work of the American Institute of Sacred Literature.

After receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, he spent two years at Morgan Park, Ill., in the Baptist Union Theological Seminary, now a department of the University of Chicago. At the same time he was acting pastor of the Memorial Baptist Church and the First Baptist Church of Chicago, a year each. In 1893 he suffered a stroke of paralysis, and since then had been obliged to use a wheeled chair. He was ordained in the First Baptist Church, Chicago, in 1895, and since 1896 had labored as an evangelist. He was the author of "The Suffering Saviour," 1899, and "Studies in the Epistles to the Hebrews," 1901.

Dr. Shepardson died of typhoid malaria at Honolulu, in the Hawaiian Islands, November 25, 1905, and was buried at Granville, Ohio. He was in his 37th year.

He married, August 27th, 1895, Mary Belle, daughter of Ross Elden and Eleanor Augusta (Stuart) Smith. She survives him without children. A brother (Denison Univ. 1882, Brown 1883) received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale in 1892, and is Associate Professor of American History in the University of Chicago, and another brother (Denison Univ. 1885; M.E. Cornell 1889) is Professor of Electrical Engineering in the University of Minnesota.

## 1898

CAROLINE LOUISA WHITE, daughter of Isaac Davis and Elizabeth Hall (Grosvenor) White, was born August 5, 1849, at Roxbury, Mass., studied under the auspices of the Society for the Collegiate Instruction of Women at Cam-



bridge, Mass., in 1883-84 and 1888-89, and graduated from Mount Holyoke Seminary in 1871, and Mount Holyoke College in 1894. Previous to her course in New Haven, Miss White taught at various places and times about sixteen years.

In the Graduate Department of Yale University she made a special study of English, the subject of her graduating thesis being "*Ælfric, a New Study of his Life and Writings*" (Yale Studies in English, No. 2). She was afterwards Professor of English at the French-American College, Springfield, Mass., from 1901 to 1903.

Miss White died at Brookline, Mass., February 23, 1905, at the age of 55 years. She was a member of the Trinitarian Congregational Church. Two sisters graduated from Smith College, respectively in 1883 and 1889.

# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1831	Joseph S. Lord, 97	Lansing, Mich.	Nov. 20, '05
1833	George E. Day, 90	New Haven, Conn.	July 2, '05
1833	John McClellan, 93	Woodstock, Conn.	Dec. 19, '05
1835	Amos S. Chesebrough, 92	New Hartford, Conn.	Aug. 27, '05
1837	Thomas M. Day, 87	Hartford, Conn.	Oct. 17, '05
1838	Theodore S. Gold, 88	Cornwall, Conn.	March 19, '06
1841	Edmund P. Gaines, 84	Hogansburgh, N. Y.	Dec. 10, '04
1841	George W. Lay, 80	Philadelphia, Pa.	April 5, '04
1842	Burdett Hart, 84	Philadelphia, Pa.	May 24, '06
1843	George H. Clark, 86	Hartford, Conn.	March 31, '06
1844	Delos W. Beadle, 81	Toronto, Can.	Aug. 30, '05
1845	Silas R. Selden, 82	Summitville, N. Y.	July 24, '05
1845	James C. Tappan, 80	Helena, Ark.	March 19, '06
1846	Nathaniel P. Bailey, 88	Sabina, O.	Jan. 20, '06
1846	Morris W. Lyon, 79	Fairfield, Conn.	April 21, '06
1846	Charles H. Trask, 81	Lincoln, Mass.	Dec. 11, '05
1846	Daniel M. Webb, 83	Madison, Conn.	Jan. 1, '06
1847	Luther H. Cone, 82	New Haven, Conn.	March 10, '06
1847	George W. Hart, 82	Wayne, Pa.	April 5, '06
1849	William B. Clarke, 75	Durham, Conn.	Sept. 18, '05
1849	Elial F. Hall, 78	New York City	Oct. 12, '05
1850	Robert Bliss, 76	New York City	Sept. 12, '05
1850	William R. Bliss, 80	Short Hills, N. J.	April 8, '06
1850	James L. Blodget, 83	Hermitage, N. Y.	Dec. 6, '05
1850	Charles E. Brownell, 78	Moodus, Conn.	Jan. 25, '06
1851	David F. Hollister, 80	Bridgeport, Conn.	May 4, '06
1852	Charles M. Bliss, 78	Bennington, Vt.	Dec. 21, '05
1852	John Elderkin, 80	New London, Conn.	Oct. 15, '05
1852	Jonathan L. Noyes, 78	Faribault, Minn.	Oct. 2, '05
1852	Adrian Terry, 74	Knoxville, Tenn.	April 7, '06
1853	William F. Arms, 74	Hartford, Conn.	Nov. 20, '05
1853	Thomas F. Davies, 74	Detroit, Mich.	Nov. 9, '05
1853	Austin Hart, 82	Hartford, Conn.	April 20, '06
1854	William A. Meloy, 73	Lanham, Md.	Sept. 20, '05
1855	George Lampson, 73	Quebec, Can.	Jan. 29, '06
1855	George T. McGehee, 72	Woodville, Miss.	Feb. 5, '06

1855	Leander A. Tallmadge, 73	Chicago, Ill.	Nov. 17, '05
1855	Stanley T. Woodward, 72	Wilkes-Barré, Pa.	March 29, '06
1856	John M. Fiske, 71	New Haven, Conn.	April 21, '06
1857	David G. Porter, 72	Waterbury, Conn.	Oct. 7, '05
1857	Warren K. Southwick, 70	Troy, N. Y.	Dec. 14, '05
1858	William N. Armstrong, 70	Washington, D. C.	Oct. 15, '05
1859	Edward R. Beardsley, 67	Hartford, Conn.	May 19, '06
1859	Charles N. Lyman, 70	Alden, Ia.	July 4, '05
1859	Robert Stiles, 69	Richmond, Va.	Oct. 5, '05
1860	Henry E. Hart, 71	West Hartford, Conn.	Sept. 9, '05
1860	Mason Young, 67	New York City	March 29, '06
1861	J. Gardner Clark, 69	West Haven, Conn.	Oct. 17, '05
1862	Isaac Bowe, 67	Chicago, Ill.	Jan. 2, '06
1862	James Foley, 63	Newton, Mass.	Nov. 17, '05
1864	Frederic H. Betts, 62	New York City	Nov. 11, '05
1864	Abraham B. Cox, 61	Cherry Valley, N. Y.	Feb. 16, '06
1864	Charles W. Fifield, 62	Altmar, N. Y.	Oct. 22, '05
1864	Robert S. Ives, 64	New Haven, Conn.	June 9, '06
1865	James Waite Clarke, 62	Chicago, Ill.	June 19, '05
1866	M. Dwight Collier, 59	New York City	Jan. 10, '06
1866	Charles A. Edwards, 61	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 3, '06
1868	William T. Bacon, 59	Hartford, Conn.	March 16, '06
1868	John H. Wilson, 58	Natick, Mass.	Feb. 2, '06
1869	Richard K. Sheldon, 57	Denver, Col.	May 16, '06
1869	Charles H. Smith, 57	Boston, Mass.	Nov. 8, '05
1871	Henry R. Elliot, 56	New York City	April 18, '06
1871	James MacNaughton, 54	New York City	Dec. 29, '05
1871	Benjamin S. Richards, 57	Gainesville, Fla.	May 24, '06
1872	Edmund W. Holmes, 52	Philadelphia, Pa.	Aug. 28, '05
1872	Henry W. B. Howard, 56	Brooklyn, N. Y.	April 16, '06
1872	Charles B. Ramsdell, 62	Washington, D. C.	June 4, '06
1873	James I. Chamberlin, 57	Harrisburg, Pa.	June 1, '06
1875	Morton Grinnell, 50	Milford, Conn.	Dec. 13, '05
1876	Thomas N. Birnie, 51	Orlando, Fla.	Feb. 26, '06
1878	William A. VanBuren, 51	Indianapolis, Ind.	April 14, '06
1879	George S. Linde, 49	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 6, '06
1879	[John] George C. Sonn, 47	Newark, N. J.	May 11, '06
1880	William E. Decrow, 51	Boston, Mass.	Nov. 25, '05
1880	Walter B. Ferguson, 50	Middletown, Conn.	March 31, '06
1881	Edward L. Simonds, 46	New Orleans, La.	Oct. 21, '05
1882	W. Irving Bruce, 48	Easthampton, Mass.	June 2, '06
1883	Henry W. Calhoun, 43	New York City	March 4, '06
1883	Charles M. Kendall, 45	Denver, Col.	Jan. 22, '06
1883	Wong Kai Kah, 45	Yokohama, Japan	Jan. 25, '06



1886	Theophilus R. Carter, 44	Mt. Vernon, N. Y.	Jan. 23, '06
1886	John K. Griffith, 42	Kansas City, Mo.	Jan. 6, '06
1887	William S. Brigham, 42	Brooklyn, N. Y.	May 23, '06
1887	Allen W. Johnson, 38	Nordhoff, Cal.	June 9, '05
1887	Louis H. Peet, 42	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Oct. 18, '05
1888	Winthrop Turney, 40	Colebrook, Conn.	July 5, '05
1889	Donald M. Barstow, 38	Portland, Me.	June 9, '06
1889	Leverett L. Hull, 38	Chicago, Ill.	July 8, '05
1891	Samuel W. B. Moorhead, 36	New York City	March 15, '06
1891	Richard B. Moriarty, 37	Morristown, N. J.	Nov. 26, '05
1892	William Messick, 33	New Orleans, La.	Feb. 6, '06
1893	T. Woolsey Heermance, 33	Athens, Greece	Sept. 29, '05
1893	William H. Murphy, 36	Westboro, Mass.	Feb. 15, '06
1893	Richard C. W. Wadsworth, 34	New York City	Aug. 2, '05
1895	Edward C. Jones, 35	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 16, '06
1895	Richard T. Lowndes, 33	Clarksburg, W. Va.	June 29, '05
1896	Alfred H. Belo, 32	Dallas, Tex.	Feb. 27, '06
1896	Charles L. Fincke, 32	Brooklyn, N. Y.	March 19, '06
1898	Dana L. Eddy, 30	Leavenworth, Kans.	Sept. 21, '05
1900	Edwin Congdon, 32	Clarendon, Vt.	May 16, '06
1901	Henry H. Christian, 25	Flagstaff, Ariz.	July 8, '05
1902	Charles S. Baer, 24	Lancaster, Pa.	May 7, '06
1902	Percy G. White, 27	Jamaica Plain, Mass.	Feb. 22, '06
1903	David U. Cory, 22	Englewood, N. J.	Aug. 28, '05
1903	Walter Sullivan, 23	near Honolulu, H. I.	July 14, '05
1904	Fred C. Baldwin, 24	New York City	Oct. 11, '05
1904	Fred M. Maxwell, 26	Byers, Col.	Sept. 20, '05
1905	William K. VanReyphen, 22	New York City	Jan. 27, '05

#### YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1844	Edwin C. Bidwell, 84	Vineland, N. J.	Nov. 14, '05
1852	Charles A. Lindsley, 79	New Haven, Conn.	March 9, '06
1857	Samuel R. Wooster, 75	Grand Rapids, Mich.	Feb. 6, '06
1860	Evelyn L. Bissell, 69	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 9, '05
1897	Theodore E. Beard, 39	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 1, '06

#### YALE LAW SCHOOL

1860	H. Lynde Harrison, 68	New Haven, Conn.	June 8, '06
1865	Florimond D. Fyler, 70	Torrington, Conn.	Aug. 22, '05
1866	Charles S. Joslyn, 73	Kenwood, N. Y.	Jan. 1, '06
1874	Frederick S. Root, 52	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 18, '06
1876	Bryan J. Smith, 53	Las Vegas, N. M.	March 20, '06
1882	Henry C. Gussman, 49	New Britain, Conn.	March 31, '06

1890	James P. Bree, 41	New Haven, Conn.	June 2, '06
1894	Henry E. Ferris, 36	South Norwalk, Conn.	Dec. 20, '05
1899	William M. Craft, 34	Denver, Col.	Sept. 9, '04

## MASTER OF LAWS

1880	Edwin B. Smith, 52	Chicago, Ill.	May 9, '06
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## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1885	David W. Morgan, 52	Clifton Springs, N. Y.	April 30, '06
1888	Charles N. Severance, 46	Kansas City, Kans.	July 2, '05
1895	J. Owen Jones, 43	New York City	April 9, '06

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1873	Henry G. Wolcott, 52	Genoa, Italy	April 3, '06
1881	John S. Ely, 45	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 7, '06
1882	Norman S. Latham, 44	Albany, N. Y.	Nov. 10, '03
1884	Albert Lucas, 42	Philadelphia, Pa.	April 10, '06
1885	Deane Miller, 38	Buffalo, N. Y.	July 5, '05
1886	Henry Rustin, 40	Florence, Nebr.	Feb. 27, '05
1886	Francis L. Sperry, 44	Tallmadge, O.	April 17, '06
1891	William H. Pelton, 35	Hartford, Conn.	Aug. 28, '05
1891	Edward VanIngen, 36	New York City	Oct. 27, '05
1892	Frank E. Mandel, 33	Colorado Springs, Col.	Nov. 4, '05
1894	Dudley P. Wilkinson, 32	Chicago, Ill.	July 16, '05
1895	Edward L. Brownell, 32	Pelham Heights, N. Y.	Sept. 28, '05
1896	Henry S. Grove, 29	Philadelphia, Pa.	March 23, '06
1897	Frank C. Shipman, 30	Rockland, Pa.	April 2, '06
1901	Ellison G. Waite, 25	Columbus, O.	Dec. 3, '05
1905	James Whitney Clarke, 20	Derby, Conn.	July 31, '05

## GRADUATE SCHOOL

1875	William R. Harper, 49	Chicago, Ill.	Jan. 10, '06
1891	Daniel Shepardson, 36	Honolulu, H. I.	Nov. 25, '05
1898	Caroline L. White, 55	Brookline, Mass.	Feb. 23, '05

The number of deaths recorded this year is 145, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is about 60 years.

George Barker Stevens, a graduate of the Yale Divinity School in 1880, and for twenty years Professor in the School, died June 22, 1906. An obituary sketch, necessarily omitted this year, will appear in the next Obituary Record.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is :

Class of 1833, JOHN HUSTIS, of Hustisford, Wisc., born October 22, 1810.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1837, GURDON W. RUSSELL, born April 10, 1815.

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Members of the *Divinity, Law, Medical, Scientific and Graduate Schools* are indicated by the letters *d, l, m, s*, and *dp* or *a*, respectively, Master of Law by *ml*.

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1853	Arms, William F.	555	1866	Edwards, Charles A.	582
1858	Armstrong, William N.	567	1852	Elderkin, John	552
			1871	Elliot, Henry R.	587
1868	Bacon, William T.	583	1881 <i>s</i>	Ely, John S.	644
1902	Baer, Charles S.	620			
1846	Bailey, Nathaniel P.	539	1880	Ferguson, Walter B.	601
1904	Baldwin, Fred C.	621	1894 <i>l</i>	Ferris, H. E.	636
1889	Barstow, Donald M.	610	1864	Fifield, Charles W.	579
1844	Beadle, Delos W.	525	1896	Fincke, Charles L.	617
1897 <i>m</i>	Beard, Theodore E.	629	1856	Fiske, John M.	564
1859	Beardsley, Edward R.	568	1862	Foley, James	576
1896	Belo, Alfred H.	616	1865 <i>l</i>	Fyler, Florimond D.	632
1864	Betts, Frederic H.	576			
1844 <i>m</i>	Bidwell, Edwin C.	624	1841	Gaines, Edmund P.	531
1876	Birnie, Thomas N.	596	1838	Gold, Theodore S.	529
1860 <i>m</i>	Bissell, Evelyn L.	628	1886	Griffith, John K.	606
1852	Bliss, Charles M.	551	1875	Grinnell, Morton	595
1850	Bliss, Robert	546	1896 <i>s</i>	Grove, Henry S.	652
1850	Bliss, William R.	547	1882 <i>l</i>	Gussman, Henry C.	635
1850	Blodget, James L.	548			
1862	Bowe, Isaac	575	1849	Hall, Elial F.	545
1890 <i>l</i>	Bree, James P.	635	1875 <i>dp</i>	Harper, William R.	655
1887	Brigham, William S.	607	1860 <i>l</i>	Harrison, H. Lynde	630
1850	Brownell, Charles E.	549	1853	Hart, Austin	558
1895 <i>s</i>	Brownell, Edward L.	652	1842	Hart, Burdett	532
1882	Bruce, W. Irving	603	1847	Hart, George W.	544
			1860	Hart, Henry E.	571
1883	Calhoun, Henry W.	603	1893	Heermance, T. Woolsey	613
1886	Carter, Theophilus R.	606	1851	Hollister, David F.	550
1873	Chamberlin, James I.	594	1872	Holmes, Edmund W.	590
1835	Chesebrough, Amos S.	525	1872	Howard, Henry W. B.	492
1901	Christian, Henry H.	619	1889	Hull, Leverett L.	610
1843	Clark, George H.	534			
1861	Clark, J. Gardner	574	1864	Ives, Robert S.	580
1865	Clarke, James Waite	581			
1905 <i>s</i>	Clarke, James Whitney	654	1887	Johnson, Allen W.	607
1849	Clarke, William B.	544	1895	Jones, Edward C.	616
1866	Collier, M. Dwight	581	1895 <i>d</i>	Jones, J. Owen	641
1847	Cone, Luther H.	542	1866 <i>l</i>	Joslyn, Charles S.	632
1900	Congdon, Edwin	619			
1903	Cory, David U.	620	1883	Kendall, Charles M.	604
1864	Cox, Abraham B.	578			
1899 <i>l</i>	Craft, William M.	637	1855	Lampson, George	561
			1882 <i>s</i>	Latham, Norman S.	645
1853	Davies, Thomas F.	557	1841	Lay, George W.	532
1833	Day, George E.	522	1879	Linde, George S.	598
1837	Day, Thomas M.	528	1852 <i>m</i>	Lindsley, Charles A.	625
1880	Decrow, William E.	599	1831	Lord, Joseph S.	521
1898	Eddy, Dana L.	618	1895	Lowndes, Richard T.	616



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1859	Lyman, Charles N.	569	1876 <i>l</i>	Smith, Bryan J.	634
1846	Lyon, Morris W.	540	1869	Smith, Charles H.	586
			1880 <i>ml</i>	Smith, Edwin B.	637
1833	McClellan, John	525	1879	Sonn, George C.	598
1855	McGehee, George T.	561	1857	Southwick, Warren K.	566
1871	MacNaughton, James	588	1886 <i>s</i>	Sperry, Francis L.	648
1892 <i>s</i>	Mandel, Frank E.	651	1859	Stiles, Robert	570
1904	Maxwell, Fred M.	622	1903	Sullivan, Walter	621
1854	Meloy, William A.	559			
1892	Messick, William	612	1855	Tallmadge, Leander A.	562
1885 <i>s</i>	Miller, Deane	647	1845	Tappan, James C.	538
1891	Moorhead, Samuel W. B.	611	1852	Terry, Adrian	554
1885 <i>d</i>	Morgan, David W.	640	1846	Trask, Charles H.	541
1891	Moriarty, Richard B.	612	1888	Turney, Winthrop	609
1893	Murphy, William H.	614			
			1878	Van Buren, William A.	597
1852	Noyes, Jonathan L.	553	1891 <i>s</i>	Van Ingen, Edward	649
			1905	Van Reypen, William K.	622
1887	Peet, Louis H.	608			
1891 <i>s</i>	Pelton, William H.	649	1893	Wadsworth, R. C. W.	615
1857	Porter, David G.	565	1901 <i>s</i>	Waite, Ellison G.	654
			1846	Webb, Daniel M.	542
1872	Ramsdell, Charles B.	593	1898 <i>dp</i>	White, Caroline L.	659
1871	Richards, Benjamin S.	590	1902	White, Percy G.	620
1874 <i>l</i>	Root, Frederick S.	633	1894 <i>s</i>	Wilkinson, Dudley P.	651
1886 <i>s</i>	Rustin, Henry	647	1868	Wilson, John H.	584
			1873 <i>s</i>	Wolcott, Henry G.	643
1845	Selden, Silas R.	536	1883	Wong Kai Kah	604
1888 <i>d</i>	Severance, Charles N.	640	1855	Woodward, Stanley T.	563
1869	Sheldon, Richard K.	585	1857 <i>m</i>	Wooster, Samuel R.	626
1891 <i>dp</i>	Shepardson, Daniel	658			
1897 <i>s</i>	Shipman, Frank C.	653	1860	Young, Mason	572

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OBITUARY RECORD  
OF  
GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

***JUNE, 1907,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 25, 1907]

[No. 7 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 66 of the whole Record]

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### YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1839

ENOCH FITCH BURR, son of Zalmon and Mary (Hanford) Burr, was born at Westport, Conn., October 21, 1818.

After graduation he spent a year in the Yale Theological Seminary and two years in scientific study in New Haven. Owing to the failure of his health he was at home for the following three years, after which he devoted himself to study of the higher mathematics and physical astronomy under Professor Lyman in New Haven for three or four years.

He was licensed to preach in 1842, and October 3, 1850, was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church of Hamburg, in the town of Lyme, Conn., where he continued in active service to the close of his long life. At length feeling the infirmities of age he resigned his pastorate in April, 1907, in the 57th year of his service, but the church voted not to accept his resignation, but to continue the relationship

of pastor as long as he lived. Outside of his parish he was widely known through his scientific lectures and his numerous volumes. From 1868 to 1876 he was Lecturer on the Scientific Evidences of Religion at Amherst College, and he also lectured at the Sheffield Scientific School, at Williams College, and in New York and Boston. The substance of his lectures before the Seniors of Amherst College was printed in his "Pater Mundi." He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Amherst College in 1868.

Of some twenty separate volumes, including sermons, verse, and fiction, his first, "The Neptunian Theory of Uranus," was published in 1848. His "Ecce Coelum, or Parish Astronomy," which was probably his best-known book, appeared in 1867, and was followed by other astronomical works.

Dr. Burr died at his home in Lyme, May 8, 1907, in the 89th year of his age.

He married, August 12, 1851, Harriet A., daughter of Peter and Mehitabel (Gillette) Lord, of Lyme, who survives him with a son and a daughter. With his wife and brother, Rev. Zalmon B. Burr, who was also his classmate, he went abroad in 1855, and spent nearly a year in travel.

#### 1840

EDWARD MOREHOUSE AVERY, son of Samuel and Lorinda (Morehouse) Avery, was born in Westport, Conn., March 25, 1819.

After graduation he studied law in Wooster, O., where his uncle, Hon. Edward Avery (Y. C. 1810), resided and was afterward Judge of the Supreme Court of Ohio, was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1843 at Cadiz, Ohio, and at once went to St. Louis, Mo., where he started a small school, but in 1844 began teaching in the public schools of that city and afterward became Principal of the Mound

School. In 1848 he was elected Superintendent of Schools and was also made Secretary, but later resigned and became Principal successively of Wyman's High School, Stoddard School, Carondelet School from 1875 to 1880, and Carroll School from 1880 until his retirement from active service in 1904. For many years he lived at Webster Groves, ten miles from the center of St. Louis.

He was long an officer in the church, being an elder in the First Presbyterian Church of St. Louis five years, in Rock Hill Church ten years, and in Webster Groves Presbyterian Church forty years.

Mr. Avery died at Webster Groves, Mo., September 21, 1906, at the age of 87 years.

He married, July 13, 1845, Sarah, daughter of Thomas Robison, a merchant of Wooster, O., and had three sons and two daughters.

JAMES MASON HOPPIN, youngest son of Colonel Benjamin and Esther Phillips (Warner) Hoppin, was born January 17, 1820, in Providence, R. I., and was fitted for college under Aaron N. Skinner (Y. C. 1823), Tutor from 1825 to 1829.

After graduation he continued his studies in many lines, acquiring deep learning and wide culture. After two years in the Harvard Law School he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1842, then spent two years at Union Theological Seminary, a year at Andover Seminary, and a year in the Theological Department of the University of Berlin under Professor Neander, whose friendship he enjoyed for many years. He then traveled extensively in Europe and the East.

On his return from abroad he was ordained to the Christian ministry March 27, 1850, and installed as pastor of the Crombie Street Congregational Church in Salem, Mass., where he remained until May, 1859, after which he spent fifteen months in Europe.



In 1861 he assumed the duties of Professor of Homiletics and the Pastoral Charge in the Yale Divinity School, for the first two years sharing with President Woolsey and Professor (afterward President) Dwight and Professor George P. Fisher the duty of filling in turn the College pulpit. From 1872 to 1875 he also lectured in the Yale Law School on forensic eloquence. In 1880 he was Instructor in Union Theological Seminary.

Professor Hoppin had been attracted all his life to art studies and in 1879 exchanged his professorship in the Divinity School for that of the History of Art in the School of the Fine Arts. This position he held twenty years, becoming Professor *Emeritus* in 1899. He was recognized as an authority in the subjects which he taught, and he was the author of a number of volumes of high repute. His earliest book was "Notes of a Theological Student," issued in 1854. In 1867 he first published "England; its Art, Scenery, and People," the 12th edition appearing in 1893. During his years of instruction in the Divinity School he prepared "The Office and Work of the Christian Ministry," 1869, which he subsequently rewrote and enlarged into the two volumes "Homiletics," 1881, 2d edition 1883 and "Pastoral Theology," 1884. He also wrote two volumes of biography: the "Life of Rear-Admiral Andrew Hull Foote," 1874, and a "Memoir of Henry Armitt Brown" (Y. C. 1865), 1880. During his later years he published "Sermons on Faith, Hope, and Love," 1891, 2d edition 1904, "The Early Renaissance," and other Essays on Art Subjects, 1892, "Greek Art on Greek Soil," 1897, "Great Epochs in Art History," 1901, and "The Reading of Shakespeare," 1905. Besides these he contributed many articles to the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, *Congregational Quarterly*, *New Englander*, *Forum*, *Boston Congregationalist*, and other periodicals.

Professor Hoppin received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale University in 1862, of Doctor of Divinity from Knox College in 1870, and of Doctor of Laws from Dartmouth College in 1902.

He was a member of the American Oriental Society, American Archæological Society, American Historical Association, American Society of Church History, American Philosophical Society, the Victoria Philosophical Institute of London, and other learned societies.

Professor Hoppin died at his home in New Haven, November 15, 1906, at the age of 86 years.

He married, June 13, 1850, Mary Deming, daughter of Charles Perkins, Esq. (Y. C. 1813) and Clarissa (Deming) Perkins, who died February 28, 1905. They had two sons, of whom the elder graduated from Yale College in 1872, and the younger from Oxford University, England, in 1880, married a daughter of Donald G. Mitchell, LL.D. (Y. C. 1841), and died in 1897. A brother, William Warner Hoppin, Governor of Rhode Island, graduated from Yale College in 1828, and died in 1890, and a nephew was a graduate here in 1856.

Professor Hoppin's summer home in Litchfield, Conn., was formerly the famous Law School in which Judge James Gould (Y. C. 1791) gave instruction.

In his will he left bequests to the Yale Foreign Missionary Society, and for the endowment of a Professorship of Architecture in the Yale School of the Fine Arts.

LEWIS BALDWIN PARSONS, son of Lewis Baldwin Parsons, founder of Parsons College, Fairfield, Ia., and Lucina (Hoar) Parsons, was born April 5, 1818, in Perry, in that part of Genesee County, N. Y., which was later called Wyoming County.

After graduation, with his classmates Smith and Colclough, he went South and taught in Mississippi eighteen months, then, in December, 1842, entered the Harvard Law School, but left the following year. By official vote in 1891 he was enrolled in the Class of 1840. He began the practice of his profession in Alton, Ill., being successively in

partnership with Newton D. Strong, Esq., and Judge Henry W. Billings, and from 1846 to 1849 City Attorney.

In 1854 he was appointed attorney of the Ohio and Mississippi R. R., now included in the Baltimore and Ohio system, and removed to St. Louis, and for over twenty years before and after the Civil War was also Treasurer, President, or director of that road.

October 31, 1861, he entered the Union Army as Captain of Volunteers, and April 4, 1862, he was made Colonel. In 1864 he was ordered to Washington and appointed chief of rail and river transportation of the armies of the United States, and in this position showed marked energy and ability. In recognition of his effective service he was promoted to the rank of Brigadier-General, May 11, 1865, by autograph order of President Lincoln, and was later made Brevet Major-General. After four and a half years of service he was mustered out April 30, 1866, and spent two years abroad in regaining his health.

On his return in 1874 he removed to his large farm at Flora, Ill., where he spent about thirty-five years of his life, and died March 16, 1907, in the 89th year of his age.

General Parsons declined a nomination to Congress, but was the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of Illinois in 1880, and was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention in 1884.

He married, in St. Louis, September 21, 1847, Miss Sarah Green Edwards, who died three years later, leaving a son (Y. C. 1872) and a daughter, both of whom are deceased. In 1852 he married Miss Julia Maria Edwards, who died in 1857, but a son and daughter by this marriage survive. In 1869 he married Miss Elizabeth Darrah of New York City, who died in 1887 leaving no children.

General Parsons published a Genealogy of his family in 1900, and included an account which he had written of Rail and River Transportation in the Civil War.



1841

WILLIAM PEARSON, son of William Bonaparte and Mary Porter (Stevens) Pearson, was born in Gloucester, Mass., June 12, 1820. His father died when he was but five years of age, and his grandparents cherished the design of educating him as a physician, but his grandmother's death changed this plan, and after graduation from college he entered his uncle's store in Boston.

In February, 1843, he started on a voyage to Smyrna and Constantinople, and returned to Boston four months later, after which he was ill with typhus fever for about ten weeks. The following year he sailed on the bark *Strabo* for Calcutta, and afterward went to Barbados, St. Thomas, Trinidad, and elsewhere in the West Indies. He continued as a clerk in Boston till 1849, but July 4 of that year sailed from New York in the schooner *Francisco*, and reached San Francisco, January 19, 1850. After a year at the gold mines without much success, he became general clerk for merchants in discharging ships, continuing in this business till 1861. The next six years he was in the U. S. Custom House, being register clerk. Afterward he was with the People's Insurance Company till the Chicago fire swept it out of existence, and subsequently, till his retirement in 1895, with the Commercial and Palatine Insurance Companies.

He was for six years a member of the San Francisco Board of Education, and President of the Board in 1860 and 1861.

Mr. Pearson died at Alameda, Cal., where his home had been for ten years past, August 16, 1906, at the age of 86 years. He is said to have been the oldest Yale graduate residing on the Pacific coast.

He married, January 6, 1862, Miss Anna Starkey, then a teacher in San Francisco, but formerly of Attleboro, Mass., who survives him. A son and a daughter died in early childhood.

ROBERT WASSON FORBES, son of William Jehiel Forbes, a merchant of New Haven, Conn., who died 1839, was born in that city March 27, 1822. His mother was Charlotte Antoinette (Root) Forbes, who was a granddaughter on her mother's side of Rev. Jeremiah Curtis (Y. C. 1724), the first minister of Southington. Mr. Forbes was a member of the Class of 1841 the first two terms of Freshman year, and then joined the Class of 1842.

After graduation he entered the Yale Medical School, and three years later received the degree of Doctor of Medicine, continued his studies in Paris, then practiced his profession a year in New Haven and four years in New York City.

In 1851 he engaged in the wholesale lumber and shipping business, at first with his brother William J. Forbes, and later with his son (Y. C. 1877). They were the first to establish a regular export trade with Australia, sending in their own sailing vessels merchandise to New South Wales and Victoria. Mr. Forbes's office was located in South William Street for forty years, but in 1894 the firm removed to the New York Produce Exchange Building. He was Commissioner for New South Wales at the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia in 1876, and Commissioner at the Paris Exposition in 1878.

Mr. Forbes continued his business activity through his life, and died at the Hotel Margaret, Brooklyn, N. Y., February 8, 1907, in the 85th year of his age.

He married, October 3, 1855, Hannah Maria, daughter of Timothy Edwards of Jersey City, N. J., and great-granddaughter of President Jonathan Edwards, and had two sons and three daughters. The elder son (Y. C. 1877) and two of the daughters are living. The younger son, R. W. Forbes, Jr., a member of the Class of 1881, left college at the end of Sophomore year, and died in August, 1880, in Colorado. A sister of Mr. Forbes married the younger Pro-

fessor Benjamin Silliman, and another sister married Professor George P. Fisher.

ANDREW RICHMOND, son of Charles and Hannah (Chapman) Richmond, was born in Westford, a district of Ashford, Windham County, Conn., November 18, 1819.

The year following graduation he helped his father in his general merchandise business, at the same time teaching one term in the High School of his native town, and in the spring of 1845 engaged with his brother Charles in the wholesale dry-goods business in New York City under the firm name of C. & A. Richmond. This partnership expired by limitation January 1, 1856, and after some time spent in settling up the business he became the leading partner in the firm of Richmond, DeBevoise & Co. In 1863 the firm of Richmond Brothers was established, which prospered until its dissolution by limitation in 1869. He then resided in Amherst, Mass., until 1873, and for about fifteen years afterward in Evanston, Ill., being cashier of a bank in Chicago, and later conducting an extensive and profitable loan and insurance business in Evanston. In December, 1887, he removed to Winter Park, Fla., of which he was a leading citizen, and Mayor in 1904. He died there August 31, 1906, in the 87th year of his age.

He married, February 24, 1851, Eliza H., daughter of Rev. Hervey Sullings, of New Bedford, Mass., and sister of his brother Charles's wife. She survives him with their younger son. He was a member of the church in Westford, Conn.

SYLVESTER WOOSTER TURNER, son of Dr. Rufus Turner (*hon.* M.D. Yale 1830) and Sarah Mills (Wooster) Turner, was born in Killingworth, Conn., March 12, 1822.

Immediately after graduation he traveled for a time, then taught successively in Norwalk, Conn., Newbern, Ala., and his native town, and then entered the Yale Medical School,



from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1846. He began the practice of his profession with his father in Killingworth, but in October, 1848, removed to the adjoining town of Chester. He represented the town in the Legislature in 1865, for twenty-eight years was Acting School Visitor and Superintendent of the Public Schools, and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Public Library until his resignation on account of increasing infirmity in 1906, and held other responsible positions. He was a life-long member of the Congregational Church.

In 1857 he was elected Clerk and Treasurer of the Middlesex County Medical Society, and filled these offices seven years; from 1873 to 1876 was a member of the Committee of Examination for the Medical Institution of Yale College, as the Yale Medical School was then termed. He was a member of the American Medical Association, and the American Academy of Medicine. He was a man of genial nature, and greatly beloved in the town where his life was spent.

Dr. Turner died at his home in Chester, December 9, 1906, in the 85th year of his age.

He married, September 14, 1848, Gertrude, daughter of Rev. Sylvester Selden (Williams 1807). Mrs. Turner died in 1890, but their son and two daughters survive.

### 1843

JAMES HAMILTON NORTH, son of Henry North, was born in New York City, June 24, 1823, but entered college from New Haven.

During his college course his duties were much interrupted by ill health, and in Junior year he had a serious fall which resulted in the paralysis of his right side, but after a struggle against a decline for five years ending with a course of treatment at Lebanon Springs, N. Y., he so far recovered as to be able to commence the study of medicine

in 1851 under Dr. David Gilbert, Professor in the Pennsylvania Medical College in Philadelphia. From 1852 to 1856 he was associated with Dr. Bedortha in a water-cure establishment at Saratoga Springs, N. Y. He then returned to Philadelphia and completed his medical studies, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Pennsylvania Medical College in 1857. In the spring of 1857 he took charge of a hydropathic establishment at Binghamton, N. Y., where he remained four years, and in 1861 joined the staff of the Clifton Springs (N. Y.) Sanitarium. There were then only four physicians, but during his connection of over forty years with the institution he was active in the great improvements and enlargements which have taken place. His death occurred at Clifton Springs, March 12, 1907, at the age of 83 years.

He married in December, 1850, Miss Sarah E. Wightman, a native of Southington, Conn., then residing in Philadelphia. One son, a physician, and two daughters survive him.

#### 1844

ISAAC ATWATER, son of Ezra and Esther (Leaming) Atwater, was born May 3, 1818, at Homer, N. Y., worked on his father's farm, later teaching winters, and with the aid of a cousin, a graduate of Union College, studying summers, until 22 years old, when he started for college, walking from Syracuse to Albany. The only financial assistance received during his course he repaid the year after graduation, while teaching a select school at Macon, Ga.

Returning to New Haven in 1846, he took the course in the Yale Law School in eighteen months, but without graduating; then entered the law office of Robert Benner (Y. C. 1842) in New York City, and was admitted to the bar in 1848. On account of symptoms of consumption, in October, 1850, he removed to St. Anthony's Falls, in the Territory of Minnesota, now included within the city of

Minneapolis. The population of the vicinity was then largely composed of Canadian French and half-breeds, most of whose legal business he secured through his facility in speaking French, which he had acquired during his residence in a French family in New York City. In 1851 he was temporarily Editor of the *St. Anthony Express*, the first Minnesota paper outside of St. Paul, and later became proprietor, but gave it up in 1857.

In March, 1852, he was appointed reporter of the Supreme Court of the Territory, but served in that capacity for but a short period. In 1857 he was elected one of the judges of the first Supreme Court of the State of Minnesota for a term ending in 1866. In 1864 he resigned his position as Judge, and resumed the practice of law in Carson City, Nevada, where he was in partnership for about three years with one of his associates on the Supreme Court of Minnesota, Hon. Charles E. Flandrau.

In the fall of 1866 he returned to Minneapolis and continued in the practice of his profession until 1886 as a member of the successive firms of Atwater & Flandrau, Atwater & Babcock, Atwater & Webster, and finally of Atwater & Atwater, his partner being his son, John B. Atwater (Y. C. 1877). He was for a number of years attorney and director of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway Company, of which he was one of the originators in 1870.

From 1868 to 1878 he was a member of the Board of Education of Minneapolis, and for eight years President of the Board. He was active in the erection of the first building of the University of Minnesota, was one of the Regents of the first Board of the University, and served as Secretary of the Board from 1851 to 1857.

In municipal matters he exerted a wholesome influence, and was for several years a member of the Board of Aldermen of Minneapolis, President of the Board of Trade from 1889 to 1891, and later President of the Municipal



Reform League. In 1893 he edited a History of Minneapolis.

In his church life he was for thirty years a Vestryman and Warden of Gethsemane (P. E.) Church, a delegate to the National Triennial Council, and for twenty successive years a member of the Standing Committee and the Committee on Legislation of the Diocese of Minnesota. He was President of St. Barnabas Hospital in the city of Minneapolis from its incorporation in 1883 until the year 1888.

Judge Atwater died at Minneapolis, December 22, 1906, at the age of eighty-eight years. He married at Homer, N. Y., August 25, 1849, Parmelia A., daughter of John and Clarissa Smith Sanborn, who died two years before him. One son, John B. Atwater (Y. C. 1877), alone survives, a daughter having died in 1894, and two children in infancy.

EDWIN ADOLPHUS BULKLEY, son of Erastus and Mary (Walbridge) Bulkley, was born January 25, 1826, at Charleston, S. C.

After graduation he studied three years in Union Theological Seminary, and after serving the Congregational Church at Geneva, N. Y., two years, was pastor of the Congregational Church, Groton, Mass., from 1849 to 1864, of the First Presbyterian Church, Plattsburgh, N. Y., from 1864 to 1878, and of the First Presbyterian Church, Rutherford, N. J., until 1898, when he was chosen pastor *emeritus*. For the last ten years he had resided on Washington Heights, New York. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from the University of Vermont in 1868.

He served the Presbyterian Church in a number of different offices—as Moderator of the Synod of Albany and of New Jersey and as Clerk *pro tempore* of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States.

He was the author of a number of printed sermons, some of which attracted wide attention.

Dr. Bulkley died at his home in New York City, March 25, 1907, at the age of 81 years.

He married, September 27, 1848, Katharine Frederica, daughter of Daniel Oakley, a merchant and leading Presbyterian layman of New York City, and Katharine Frederica (Kunze) Oakley. They had four sons and four daughters, of whom one son and two daughters, with Mrs. Bulkley, survive.

EDWARD DAVID SELDEN, eldest son of David and Gertrude Elizabeth (Richards) Selden, was born September 6, 1821, in New York City. His grandfather was Rev. David Selden (Y. C. 1782), whose only pastorate of about forty years was over the Congregational church at Middle Haddam, Conn. While he was very young his mother took him with his brother Silas (Y. C. 1845) to join their father in Liverpool, England, where the latter was at the time a merchant. His early education was under the careful supervision of his mother. In 1836 he visited with his family some of the most important places in England, Wales, and France, spending two years in school in Paris, and a year in the London University College. After returning to the United States he completed his preparation for college in the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

After graduation he was a Resident Graduate a year or more, and then Superintendent of Mines in the Adirondack Mountain region at Peru, Clinton County, N. Y., and along Lake Champlain, residing in Ticonderoga, N. Y., till 1850, when he removed to Brandon, Vt., and engaged in the marble business and afterward in lumbering. For some time he was School Commissioner of the town, and County Commissioner for five years. In 1861 and 1862 he represented that town in the State Legislature. He was for many years a deacon in the Congregational church, and a most useful

citizen. From 1877 his residence was at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., where he devoted his time chiefly to the service of others and to relieving suffering, and was esteemed by all. In 1881 he was appointed Superintendent of the Saratoga Humane Society and discharged the duties of that office most efficiently for twenty-six years, and during the last few years he had been Superintendent of the Saratoga Division of the Mohawk-Hudson Valley Humane Society. For a number of years past he had been Secretary of his college class.

Mr. Selden died at his home in Saratoga Springs, June 7, 1907, at the age of 85 years. He had been confined to his home only for two weeks with a complication of diseases, but had been ill for about nine months.

He married, February 21, 1856, in Brooklyn, N. Y., Elizabeth Mills Conant, daughter of Samuel S. and Elizabeth (Mills) Conant, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. She died June 6, 1864, and the second son (Y. C. 1880) died the year after graduation, and the other sons are also deceased. In 1877 he married Mrs. Sarah Wood Stewart, a sister of Hon. Walter A. Wood, a former member of the Congress of the United States, and after her death he married, in 1898, Miss Lucy Woodbridge, who survives him with the daughter by his first marriage. Three brothers are also living, one of them a graduate of this University in 1848.

### 1847

FRANKLIN WHEELER, son of Seth and Harriet (Woodford) Wheeler, was born May 16, 1827, at Avon, Hartford County, Conn.

After graduation he took the course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1852. The following year he taught in New Jersey, and then began



the practice of his profession in his native place, but in 1854 removed to the adjoining town of Farmington. For over forty years he was the attending physician at Miss Porter's School, and during all this time no death occurred at the school. He was especially successful in the treatment of fevers. He was a member of the Connecticut State and Hartford County Medical Societies.

Since 1891 he had been President of the Farmington Savings Bank, and previous to that date had been Vice-President.

Dr. Wheeler died of paralysis at his home in Farmington, February 10, 1907, in the 80th year of his age.

He married, October 25, 1854, Emily, daughter of William L. Cowles, who died July 22, 1889. They had no children.

### 1848

CALEB LAMSON, son of Obadiah and Fanny (Baker) Lamson, was born at Hamilton, Mass., July 16, 1818, and joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year, after a year at Dartmouth College.

After graduation he taught a year in Ipswich, Mass., studied a year in the Harvard Law School and a year in the office of N. D. Hazen in Andover, Mass. He was admitted to the bar in Newburyport, Mass., in 1852, and continued in practice in that city until 1876. Since that time he had resided in Lynn, Mass., practicing his profession until his retirement about 1903. He gave some attention to patent law. During his college course he excelled in mathematical work, and afterward assisted Mr. Benjamin Greenleaf in the preparation of his Arithmetics. In 1894 he was given the honorary degree of Master of Arts by Yale University.

Mr. Lamson died from the infirmities of age at his home in Lynn, September 23, 1906, at the age of 88 years.

At the age of 14 he became a member of the Congregational Church in Hamilton, Mass., and at the time of his

death was a member of the Central Congregational Church, Lynn, Mass.

He married, February 25, 1886, Hannah E., daughter of E. B. T. and Ruth (Estes) Grove, of Lynn, who survives him.

NATHANIEL SHIPMAN, son of Rev. Thomas Leffingwell Shipman (Y. C. 1818) and Mary Thompson (Deming) Shipman, and grandson of Judge Nathaniel Shipman of Norwich, Conn., was born August 22, 1828, at Southbury, New Haven County, Conn.

After graduation with his classmates Lowrey, Mowry and Osborne, he studied law under the instruction of Judge Thomas Burr Osborne (Y. C. 1817) at Fairfield, Conn., a year, was in the Yale Law School from October, 1847, to May, 1850, and the following summer again in Fairfield. He was admitted to the bar at Danbury, Conn., August 28, 1850, and practiced his profession in Hartford, Conn., twenty-three years, being for twenty years in partnership with Henry K. W. Welch, Esq. (Y. C. 1842). April 16, 1873, he was commissioned by President Grant United States District Judge for the District of Connecticut, and continued in that office until he was appointed by President Benjamin Harrison United States Circuit Judge for the Second Circuit, March 17, 1892. After ten years of service in this capacity, having been Judge twenty-nine years, he retired from office March 23, 1902, with universal esteem for his high legal attainments and the justice of his decisions. All through his life he was faithful to his obligations as a citizen, and in his young manhood he was active in political affairs. In 1857 he was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and while private secretary to Governor Buckingham from 1858 to 1862 also rendered important public service during the period of the Civil War. His counsel was also sought by later governors. He is said to have been the last survivor of the seven citizens

who met in Hartford in 1856 to form the Republican party in Connecticut.

He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Yale University in 1884, and was Lecturer in the Yale Law School on the Jurisdiction of and Procedure in the United States Courts from 1889 to 1901. In the city which was his home during all his mature life he was regarded as "a representative and supporter of whatever is just, wise, and good." Every one trusted him implicitly and he filled positions of trust in as many organizations as he would join. Besides being director of insurance, banking, and manufacturing companies, he was a director of the Watkinson Juvenile Asylum and Farm School, and of the American School for the Deaf, Vice-President and director of the Retreat for the Insane, Vice-President of the Wadsworth Athenæum, President of the Watkinson Library, to all of which his service as counselor was valuable. From 1881 to 1893 he was President of the American College and Education Society, and from 1882 was a director of the Missionary Society of Connecticut. He was a Corporate Member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

He was one of the founders of the Pearl Street (now Farmington Avenue) Congregational Church, to which in 1852 he brought his letter from the Church in Yale College. In 1862 he was chosen a member of the Prudential Committee, in 1872 a deacon, and from 1884 to 1891 was a member of the Society's Committee, serving forty-five years as an office bearer in the church, and thirty-three years as deacon. There were few, if any, problems of a legal nature before the Congregational churches during many years past which had not been in some form laid before him for advice. On many public occasions of note he was chosen to make the address.

Judge Shipman died at his home in Hartford, June 26, 1906, in the 78th year of his age. About five years previous



he suffered an apoplectic stroke, and although he was able to spend part of each day at his office, he did not recover his full vigor.

He married, May 25, 1859, Mary Caroline, daughter of David Franklin and Anne (Seymour) Robinson, and sister of Lucius F. Robinson (Y. C. 1843) and of Hon. Henry Cornelius Robinson (Y. C. 1853). They had four sons and one daughter, of whom one son is deceased. The surviving sons are: Rev. Frank R. Shipman (Y. C. 1885), Secretary of his class; Arthur L. Shipman (Y. C. 1886), Corporation Counsel of Hartford; and Henry R. Shipman (Y. C. 1899), Assistant Professor of History at Princeton University. Their daughter married Rev. Stephen B. L. Penrose, D.D. (B.A. Williams 1885; B.D. Yale 1890), President of Whitman College.

### 1850

LEONARD WOOLSEY BACON, son of Rev. Leonard Bacon, D.D. (Y. C. 1820), and Lucy (Johnson) Bacon, was born in New Haven, Conn., January 1, 1830. He entered college with the Class of 1849, joined the next class the third term of Sophomore and left the first term of Senior year, but in 1852 was enrolled as a graduate of 1850.

In September, 1850, he went abroad with his father and spent a year in Europe and the East, and then spent two years at Andover Theological Seminary. A further year was given to theological study in New Haven, and in 1856 he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Yale Medical School. October 16, 1856, he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Litchfield, Conn., and remained there till June, 1860. The following year he was State Missionary of the General Association of Connecticut. From 1862 to 1865 he was acting pastor of the First Congregational Church, Stamford, Conn., and the

next five years was settled over the New England Congregational Church, Brooklyn, N. Y. After two years of service with the First Congregational Church, Baltimore, Md., and sixteen years of pastoral work, he spent five years abroad, from 1874 to 1877 having charge of the American Church in Geneva, Switzerland. On his return from Europe he was pastor of the Park Congregational Church, Norwich, Conn., from 1878 to 1882, continuing to reside there until the end of 1883, when he assumed the pastorate of the Woodland Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, Pa., for three years, and then of the ancient Independent Church, Savannah, Ga., till the close of 1887. He was subsequently pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Norwich, Conn., and then of the Congregational Church, Assonet, Mass., from which he retired in 1906.

He was a strong and effective writer, ardent in controversy, and was a contributor to the *New Englander*, *Congregational Quarterly*, *Putnam's Monthly*, and many other periodicals. A sermon of his on "The Humanity of Christ" preached while pastor in Litchfield is said to have aroused a long-remembered discussion in the town, and he wrote much on polemical subjects. In 1861 he gave a historical discourse on the two-hundredth anniversary of the founding of the Hopkins Grammar School. His printed volumes include "The Life, Letters, and Speeches of Father Hyacinthe" and "The Vatican Council," 1872; "The Congregational Hymn and Tune Book," 1858; "The Hymns of Martin Luther," and "The Church Book: Hymns and Tunes," 1883; "The Simplicity that is in Christ," 1885; "The History of American Christianity," 1897; "Irenics and Polemics," 1898, and "The Congregationalists," 1904. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale University in 1879.

Dr. Bacon died at his home in Assonet, May 12, 1907, at the age of 77 years, and was interred in Grove Street Cemetery, New Haven, Conn.

He married, October 7, 1857, Susan, daughter of Nathaniel A. and Almira (Selden) Bacon, of New Haven, Conn. She died in 1887, leaving five sons and five daughters, who are all living. His second wife, who was Miss Letitia Wilson Jordan, and whom he married in 1890, also survives him with one son, a son and daughter having died in childhood. Four of the sons by the first marriage were graduates of Yale University (respectively 1879 *s*, 1881, 1883 *s*, and 1888), and six of his brothers (respectively 1847, 1853, 1853 *m*, 1856, 1872, and 1873). His brother Francis, formerly Professor, is now Lecturer in the Yale Medical School, and his son Benjamin Wisner, Professor in the Divinity School. His son Selden graduated from Carleton College in 1882.

CURTIS JUSTIN HILLYER, son of Justin and Bathsheba (Howe) Hillyer, was born May 31, 1828, in Granville, O., the seat of Denison University, and entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he was engaged in studying law and teaching in public schools in Cincinnati until March, 1852, when, owing to the failure of his health, he went to California and bought a mining claim, which he worked for four months. Having regained his health, he was admitted to the bar in 1853, and opened an office in Yankee Jims, Placer County, about fifty miles northeast of Sacramento. A year or two later he removed to Iowa City in the same county, in 1856 to Auburn, the county seat, and then to Virginia City, Nev. For many years past he had resided in Washington, D. C., being a member of the firm of Hillyer & Ralston.

Mr. Hillyer died of heart disease, August 5, 1906, in a Pullman car on board the transfer steamer *Maryland* in New York harbor. He was 78 years of age.

He married in Iowa City, Cal., in 1855, Angeline, daughter of James and Mary Ann (McKim) Alexander, and had four sons and one daughter, all of whom are deceased.



1852

BARRON CLINTON MOULTON, son of Barron and Roxanna Moulton, was born in Lyman, Grafton County, N. H., February 3, 1828, but at the time of entering college lived in the lower village of the neighboring town of Waterford, Vt.

The winter following graduation he sailed for California, and remained in San Francisco for two years. After a period of study in the Harvard Law School and with Judge Bellows in Concord, N. H., he was admitted to the bar, and practiced his profession in Boston, where he was at the head of the firm of Moulton, Loring & Greenhalge, and later of Moulton, Loring & Loring. He was an extensive traveler, and fond of walking.

Mr. Moulton died of apoplexy at his home in the Allston district of the city of Boston, Mass., October 4, 1906, at the age of 78 years. He was a member of the Unitarian church.

He married, in Boston, August 7, 1872, Kate W., daughter of Hollis and Laura W. Loring, who survives him. They had no children.

WILLIAM HAMMOND ODELL, son of Jonathan S. and Julia Odell, was born July 21, 1832, in Tarrytown, N. Y.

After graduation he was a civil engineer four years in Illinois on the Chicago & Alton Railway, and the following year in Missouri on the Missouri Pacific Railway. For several years after he was Cashier of the Illinois State Penitentiary at Joliet, and was also interested in developing a town named after him in Livingston County. About 1870 he moved to Wilmington, Ill., and was engaged in the lumber and grain business, and in coal mining in the vicinity, and was also Cashier of the Commercial National Bank of Wilmington.

Mr. Odell had been gradually failing in health for some time and died at his home in Wilmington, April 20, 1907, in the 75th year of his age.

He married at Joliet, Ill., August 6, 1856, Miss Jennie L. McGinnis, and had two sons, of whom the elder is deceased.

GEORGE GRISWOLD SILL, son of Henry Hill and Almeda (Marshall) Sill, was born October 26, 1829, at Windsor, Conn.

While in college he developed unusual skill in debate and showed, as in after years, a delightful humor.

After graduation he studied a year in the Yale Law School and the next year in the office of Hon. Richard D. Hubbard, LL.D. (Y. C. 1839), was admitted to the bar in August, 1854, and practiced his profession in Hartford for over fifty years. For several years he was counsel of the Security Company of Hartford, and he was professionally connected with other financial institutions of the city. It is said that the first company of Connecticut Volunteers for the defence of the Union was formed in his office. From 1873 to 1875 he was Recorder of the City Court.

Until 1872 he was an active Republican, and a delegate to many county and state conventions, but in 1873 was elected Lieutenant-Governor of Connecticut on the Democratic ticket, and by annual reëlection he continued in that office four years. During this period he was an *ex-officio* member of the Corporation of Yale University. In 1882 he was chosen a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and in 1888 was appointed by President Cleveland United States District Attorney for the District of Connecticut.

Mr. Sill also served the city in various capacities, being Alderman in 1864 and 1865, Councilman in 1872, member of the Board of Police Commissioners from 1879 to 1881, and of the Board of Street Commissioners in 1892 and 1893, of the last of which he was President from June, 1892 to April, 1893.

During the last few years Mr. Sill had suffered from impaired health, and his business had been principally as a

counselor, for which his kindly and charitable disposition well fitted him. He died of locomotor ataxia at his home in Hartford, May 19, 1907, at the age of 77 years. He was for many years Senior Warden of Trinity Church.

He married, December 13, 1861, Mrs. Mary J. (Preston) Peck, widow of DeWitt C. Peck of Rockville, Conn., and daughter of Esek J. Preston of Hartford. She died April 13, 1894, and one son (Ph.B. Amherst 1886) and one daughter are also deceased, but a daughter and a son survive him.

### 1853

CORNELIUS HEDGES, son of Dennis and Alvena (Noble) Hedges, was born in Westfield, Mass., October 28, 1831.

The year after graduation he taught in Easton, Conn., the following year or more studied law in Westfield and at the Harvard Law School, was admitted to the bar in January, 1856, and began practice in Independence, Ia., where he also edited a newspaper, *The Civilian*. In 1860 he returned East, and was for three years in Southington, Conn., and Westfield, his native place, after which he spent another year in Independence, but in 1864 started westward by mule team for Montana, and after mining with pick and shovel at Virginia City (then in Idaho), went a hundred miles northward to Last Chance Gulch, around which the city of Helena, Mont., has grown. There he became an active leader for law and order among the miners of that pioneer community, and was afterward at different periods City Attorney, Reporter for the Supreme Court from 1872 to 1878, and again in 1883, Republican candidate for Representative in Congress in 1874, Superintendent of Public Instruction for the Territory, for five years first Republican Probate Judge for Lewis and Clark County, and United States Attorney for the Territory. Upon the admission of the State to the Union in 1889 he was elected a State Senator in the first Legislature for a three-year term, and



was Secretary of the Montana State Board of Sheep Commissioners from its organization. He was one of the founders of the Public and Historical Libraries of Helena, and of the First Presbyterian Church, of which he was Ruling Elder nearly thirty years.

During recent years he had devoted much time to preparation of the Reports of the Montana Grand Lodge of Freemasons, of which he had been Grand Secretary for thirty-five years.

He was a member of the Washburn-Doane Expedition to the Yellowstone region in 1870, and it is generally conceded that it was due to his suggestion and subsequent effort that the region was set apart as a national park. Hedges Peak, near the Grand Cañon of the Yellowstone, was named in his honor in 1895.

Mr. Hedges died after a three weeks' illness from nephritis at his home in Helena, April 29, 1907, at the age of 75 years. He married, July 7, 1856, Edna L. Smith, daughter of Wyllys and Emily Smith of Southington, Conn., who survives him with three sons and two daughters, two sons and a daughter having died.

THEODORE JAMES HOLMES, son of Sylvanus and Elizabeth (Hoyt) Holmes, was born April 26, 1833, in Utica, N. Y., but during his college course his home was in Cleveland, O. From 1850 to 1853 he was Librarian of the Linonian Library, and in Senior year Vice-President of the Beethoven Society.

After graduation he taught three years in the American Asylum for the Deaf, in Hartford, Conn., and then took the three years' course in Union Theological Seminary, which he completed in 1859. On October 5 of that year he was ordained as an evangelist at Richmond, Vt., and continued his work there the next two years. He was installed pastor of the First Congregational Church, East Hartford, Conn., October 17, 1861, but when the call for

volunteers for the defense of his country and the suppression of slavery was urgent the church gave him an indefinite leave of absence, and he enlisted in the U. S. Army and was made Post-Chaplain of the Twenty-first Connecticut Infantry. He was soon afterward commissioned Chaplain of the First Connecticut Cavalry, and served through the war. He was severely wounded at Ashland, Va., June 1, 1864, and returned home, but in February, 1865, he became Aid on General Custer's staff. In a short time he yielded to the urgency of his people to resume parish work, and, leaving the army, continued with the East Hartford church till December, 1872. The two years following he was pastor of the Lee Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., from 1875 to 1883 of the First Congregational Church, Baltimore, Md., from 1883 to 1893 of the First Congregational Church, Newton Center, Mass., and from 1893 to 1898 of the Congregational Church, Hopkinton, Mass. In 1901 he returned to Richmond, Vt., to end his ministry with the parish where he began preaching.

In 1903 he suffered a paralytic stroke, but recovered sufficiently to renew in part his former activities. After a rapid decline in the fall of 1906, he died at the home of his daughter in Concord, N. H., December 2, 1906, at the age of 73 years.

He married, September 25, 1861, Ellen L. Goldsmith, daughter of Rev. Alfred and Sarah (Merrill) Goldsmith, of Groton, Mass., who survives him with a daughter and two sons. The elder son graduated from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1891, and the younger from Harvard University in 1894.

Soon after the war Mr. Holmes published a "Memorial of Sergeant John L. Jamison," who died at Andersonville, and on several notable anniversaries of the churches with which he was connected he delivered the historical address. From 1883 to 1903 he contributed annually to the "Monday

Club Sermons" on the International Sunday School Lessons.

JOHN GREENE THOMAS, son of John Sherrod and Mary Bryan (Neyle) Thomas, was born March 28, 1833, in Milledgeville, Ga.

After graduation he studied law two years with J. L. Petigru in Charleston, S. C., was admitted to the bar in 1855, and practiced his profession there two years. In 1858 he removed to Florida, and for two years was engaged in planting. From 1860 to the close of the Civil War he was in the Confederate army, the first year as a private, then as Inspector-General of Cavalry, and afterward Special Aid to General H. M. Thomas, his brother, in the Army of Tennessee, with the rank of Major.

After the war he returned to his Florida home, but in 1866 removed to Dooly County, Ga., and devoted his attention to raising cotton. Ten years later he returned to his birthplace, but continued his cotton planting in the lower country until three successive years of failure compelled giving it up. During the last thirty years he had lived mainly in Milledgeville, where he died after an illness of two weeks from a heart trouble of long duration, November 11, 1906, in the 74th year of his age.

He was Justice of the Peace of his district many years, and a vestryman of St. Stephen's Parish, Milledgeville to the close of his life.

Major Thomas married, November 12, 1856, Susan Agnes, daughter of William A. and Jane (Smith) Carr, of Athens, Ga. She died in 1860, and in 1864 he married Anna Maria, daughter of General Thomas F. Drayton, of Charleston, S. C., who survives him, with two sons and two daughters, also two daughters by the first marriage. Two daughters by the later marriage died in childhood. The two eldest daughters married graduates of the University of Georgia in 1875 and 1882, respectively.



SALATHIEL HARRISON TOBEY, son of Stephen and Rebekah (Fenton) Tobey, was born September 30, 1829, in Monson, Mass.

After graduation he taught school two years in Memphis, Tenn., and then in Nashville in that state. After this his residence was again in Memphis, with the exception of the years 1863-65, when he lived in Macon, Ga., being interested in the Etowah Iron Works. In 1873 he removed to New York City, and during the more than thirty years since that time he had been a broker there, for many years past being senior member of the firm of Tobey & Kirk, one of the oldest firms dealing in securities not listed at the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Tobey died after a lingering illness at Larchmont, N. Y., July 9, 1906, in the 77th year of his age.

He married, January 4, 1858, Martha Jane, daughter of Thomas and Jane (Dickinson) Allen, of Nashville, who survives him with a son. The latter was in business with his father.

ANDREW JACKSON WILLARD, son of Nehemiah Batchelder and Hannah (Emerson) Willard, was born March 19, 1832, at Harvard, Mass.

After graduation he studied three years in the Yale Divinity School, was licensed to preach by the New Haven Central Association in 1855, and after finishing his course in New Haven spent a year as a Resident Licentiate in the Andover Theological Seminary. He was ordained pastor of the First Congregational Church, Upton, Mass., April 30, 1857, where he served faithfully until August, 1865. He then removed to Burlington, Vt., and supplied the neighboring churches at Essex Center and Essex Junction, Vt., until 1872. Owing to the failure of his health he was able to preach only occasionally after this. In 1870-71 he was also Superintendent of Schools in Burlington.

With the improvement of his health he entered the Medical Department of the University of Vermont in Burlington, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1877. From 1881 to 1890 he was Instructor in Chemistry and Toxicology in the Medical School there. From July 1, 1881, to December 1, 1886, he was also Superintendent and Resident Physician of the Mary Fletcher Hospital in that city, and he founded the Training School for Nurses connected with that hospital. In December, 1886, he established the Willard Nervine Home in Burlington, which he conducted until his retirement in 1899, on account of ill health, but continued his private practice until 1904. After spending the winter of 1904-05 in North Carolina, he made his home with his son Albert in Swanton, Vt., where he died March 5, 1907, at the age of nearly 75 years.

He married, May 19, 1857, Harriet Buel Hickok, of Burlington, Vt., who survives him with their three sons and two daughters. The second and youngest sons graduated from the University of Vermont, respectively in 1888 and 1897.

### 1854

THOMAS DENNY, son of Thomas [originally Phineas S.] Denny (Harvard 1823) and Sarah Salisbury (Tappan) Denny, was born in Boston, Mass., August 22, 1833, but removed in infancy with his parents to New York City.

After graduation he entered the office of Fisher, Denny & Co., bankers and brokers in that city. Four years later, upon the retirement of Mr. Fisher, the firm of Thomas Denny & Co. was formed, of which Mr. Denny was at first junior partner with his father. His brother, John Tappan Denny, was for many years in the firm, and subsequently his nephew, Thomas Denny, Jr. (1892 s). Mr. Denny was a member of the New York Stock Exchange from 1860 until his death, and was for several terms one of the Board of Governors of the Exchange. He was

President of a number of railroads, a director of the Gallatin National Bank, and held other important financial connections. He was also a trustee of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, and treasurer and trustee of the Mercer Street and University Place Presbyterian Churches.

Mr. Denny died at his summer camp on Lake Meacham in the Adirondack Mountains, near Malone, N. Y., July 29, 1906, in the 73rd year of his age.

He married at Roseville, N. J., January 21, 1881, Lucy Worthington, daughter of Clark Wright, M.D., of New York City and Emma (Bleecker) Wright, who survives him. They had no children.

WILLIAM BUCK DWIGHT, son of Rev. Harrison Gray Otis Dwight, D.D. (Hamilton 1825), thirty years a Congregational missionary in Constantinople, was born in Therapia, near that city, May 22, 1833. His mother was Elizabeth (Barker) Dwight. His early education was obtained from his father and at Malta, and after coming to America with his brother his preparation for college was gained at the Beverly (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he studied three years in Union Theological Seminary, and was licensed to preach in April, 1857, then spent two years in the Sheffield Scientific School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1859, thus gaining a thorough equipment for missionary work. The following year with an elder brother (Y. C. 1852) he endeavored to raise funds for a collegiate institute in Constantinople, which ultimately resulted in the establishing of Robert College. In May, 1860, he opened the Englewood (N. J.) Female Institute. This he sold out in December, 1865, and engaged in mining explorations in Virginia and Missouri for two years, and then took charge of the Officers' Family School at West Point, N. Y., for two years. In 1869 he became Associate Principal and Instructor in Natural Science in the State Normal School at New Britain, Conn., and continued there till 1878, when he was



appointed Professor of Natural History and Curator of the Museum in Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. In this position he did honored service to the close of his life, and in some lines of his science was the acknowledged leader. From 1878 to 1891 he was also head of the Department of Zoölogy in the Martha's Vineyard Summer Institute.

Immediately after his removal to Poughkeepsie he began a thorough study of the rocks in the vicinity, which had hitherto been supposed to contain no fossils, but in which he discovered large numbers of them. To aid in his investigations he invented a rock-slicing machine, which has also proved of great value to others. The results of his researches and surveys appeared in a series of articles in the *American Journal of Science*, the New York State and United States Geological Reports, and in the stratigraphic map of Dutchess County for the State geological map. He also contributed to other scientific journals, and was Editor of the Geological Department of the "Standard Dictionary." During his residence in New Britain, he was Editor of the *Connecticut School Journal* from 1872 to 1875. He gave many addresses before the Vassar Brothers' Institute, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., the Brooklyn Institute, and various geological societies. In 1894 he was appointed by the New York State Board of Regents University Examiner in Geology.

Professor Dwight was one of the original Fellows of the Geological Society of America and of the Society of American Naturalists, Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, Associate Member of the National Institute of Arts, Science, and Letters, Corresponding Member of the Brooklyn Institute, Trustee of the Vassar Brothers' Institute, and a member of other scientific societies at home and abroad.

He died of apoplexy at his summer home at Cottage City, Mass., August 29, 1906, at the age of 73 years. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

He married, November 17, 1859, Eliza Howe, daughter of Rev. Benjamin Schneider, D.D., (Amherst 1830), missionary at Aintab, Turkey, and sister of his brother's wife, and had four sons and two daughters, of whom two sons and a daughter died in infancy. The younger surviving son graduated from the Academical Department in 1895, and the surviving daughter from Vassar College in 1898.

LEMUEL STOUGHTON POTWIN, son of Thomas and Sarah (Stoughton) Potwin, of East (now South) Windsor, was born February 4, 1832.

After graduation he taught at Norwalk, Conn., studied in the Theological Institute of Connecticut at East Windsor, now Hartford Theological Seminary, and was Tutor in Yale College, two years each. He was three years pastor of the Congregational Church in Bridgewater, Conn., where he remained until 1863, and was then at North Greenwich one and a half years. For about six years following he was in the publication department of the American Tract Society in Boston, the last years being Secretary and Editor, and then for a few months acted as Editor of the *Congregationalist*.

In August, 1871, he became Professor of Latin and Instructor in English Literature in Western Reserve University, (then located at Hudson, O., but in 1882 removed to Cleveland), where from 1892 he was Professor of English Literature, being appointed Professor *Emeritus* in 1906. He wrote many articles for the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, principally on the Greek Testament, and allied subjects, such as the "Teaching of the Apostles." In 1898 he published a volume entitled "Here and there in the Greek New Testament." A volume of his collected papers is in course of preparation. His health was never good, and much of his life he was able to work only a few hours a day, but his well disciplined mind made so effective use of his hours of work, that his scholarship was not only accurate but broad. By

his students he was admired and beloved. In 1886 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale University.

Professor Potwin died after a brief illness from heart failure at his home in Cleveland, O., January 9, 1907, in the 75th year of his age.

He married, September 12, 1860, Julia H., daughter of Nathaniel S. Crane of Caldwell, N. J. They had no children.

His paternal great-grandfather graduated from Yale in 1751 and his brother Thomas, who was Tutor from 1854 to 1858, graduated in 1851 and died in 1896.

JOHN CHAPIN SANDERS, son of Moses C. and Harriet Maria (Thompson) Sanders, was born July 2, 1825, at Peru, Huron County, O. He studied medicine some years with his father, graduated from the Medical Department of Western Reserve University in 1848, and practiced medicine for a year, but desiring a college education he entered Western Reserve in 1850, and the Junior Class in Yale in 1852.

After receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts at New Haven he resumed the practice of his profession in Norwalk, O., but upon the death of his father two years later removed to Cleveland, O. In 1861 he was elected Professor of Obstetrics in the Homœopathic Hospital College of Cleveland, later known as the University of Medicine and Surgery, and held the position thirty-four years, being also President of the College several years, and during the last fifteen Dean of the Faculty. Upon his resignation of these positions in May, 1895, he was made Professor *Emeritus*, but continued to give lectures.

He was for many years President and Treasurer of the Ohio State Medical Society, and President of the American Institute of Homeopathy, and Chairman of its Bureau of Obstetricy.



He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Illinois College in 1893.

Dr. Sanders died in Cleveland, December 22, 1906, from injuries received in a fall on an icy pavement. He was 81 years of age. From early manhood he was a member of the Presbyterian church.

He married Albina Gertrude, daughter of Ezra and Amy (Brownell) Smith, and had three sons and three daughters, of whom two sons and one daughter are living. Mrs. Sanders died in 1894. The surviving children are Dr. John Kent Sanders (Illinois 1879), who lives in Europe, and Franklin B. Sanders (W. Reserve 1892), residing in Cleveland.

JACOB FRIDLEY SEILER, son of Jacob and Susan (Fridley) Seiler, was born May 13, 1832, in Harrisburg, Pa., which was his home during his whole life.

After graduation he had charge of an academy at Starkville, Miss., the first year, had a private school for two years, and since then had been Principal of the Harrisburg Academy, where he was himself fitted for college, and where he prepared a large number of students for leading universities. In recognition of his educational work he was given the honorary degree of Doctor of Philosophy by Lafayette College in 1872.

In addition to his educational work, he gave devoted service to the religious and other interests of the city. He was an Elder of the Pine Street Presbyterian Church over forty years, and Superintendent of the Sunday School nearly fifty years. He was President of the Young Men's Christian Association from 1868 to 1871, Secretary of the Harrisburg Cemetery Association, and since the organization of the Alumni Association of Pennsylvania its only President.

Mr. Seiler died of nervous exhaustion at Atlantic City, N. J., where he had been spending a month, April 13, 1907, in the 75th year of his age.

He married, September 6, 1860, Mary Wilson, daughter of Edward Lawrence Orth, M.D., and Martha (Kerr) Orth, who survives him with two daughters.

## 1855

ISAAC EDWARDS CLARKE, son of Isaac and Harriet (Amsden) Clarke, was born at Deerfield, Mass., July 1, 1830.

After graduation he spent over four years abroad in business and travel, contributing a long series of letters to the *Philadelphia Enquirer*, in 1857-58 being engaged as a banker in Rome, and afterward in manufacturing in London and Paris. In December, 1859, he returned, and entering the office of Hon. James Harlan, in Frankfort, Ky., was admitted to the Kentucky bar in 1860, in July of that year removed to New York City, and in March, 1861, went to Charleston, S. C., where he witnessed the attack on Fort Sumter, of which he wrote a full account for the *New York Times*. He returned North three months later by way of Atlanta and Nashville, and practiced law in New York City in partnership with William Boies (Y. C. 1852), the following fall being appointed Law Adviser to the Surveyor's Office of the New York Custom House. In November, 1862, he was appointed United States Provisional Marshal of Louisiana, having important and unusual civil and military powers, and when with the army ranking as Colonel.

He continued at New Orleans until December, 1866, when he returned to New York City, and there was a member of the law firm of Sanford, LeBaron & Clarke. His literary ability became evident during his college course when he won the medal of the *Yale Literary Magazine* in 1853. In May, 1869, he became Editor of the *Yonkers (N. Y.) Statesman*, and a year later took the same position on the *Yale Courant*.

Feeling the need of a milder climate he went to Washington, D. C., where from 1871 he was connected with the United States Bureau of Education. Until 1884 he was Editor of the Annual Reports and occasional publications of the Bureau, and since then United States Collector and Compiler of Statistics. For many years he was engaged on a Special Report on Education in Industrial Art and the Fine Arts in the United States, in four volumes, 1885-1898, portions of which have been translated into several foreign languages. He wrote a monograph, "Art and Industrial Education," for the Paris Exposition. For his achievements he received special recognition from the Expositions at Paris and St. Louis. His "Essay and Poem," in tribute to Bayard Taylor, was published in 1879, a "Memorial of Adolphe Bailey" in 1880, "Democracy and Art" in 1886, also other poems and addresses at different times. In addition, he was a large contributor of general literary work to papers and magazines.

Colonel Clarke died of heart disease at his home in Washington, January 9, 1907, at the age of 76 years.

He married, August 7, 1855, at Springfield, Ky., Mary Louise, daughter of Rev. David Choate Proctor (Dartmouth 1818) and Frances Nantz (Venable) Proctor. Their golden wedding was celebrated in 1905. Mrs. Clarke, with a son (Y. C. 1878), who was the Class Boy of '55, and a daughter, survive him. One son and three daughters are deceased.

WILLIAM MOORE GAY, son of Willard and Electa (Guilford) Gay, and eighth in a family of ten children, was born in Pittsfield, Mass., April 22, 1830.

During the autumn following graduation he taught school in Seymour, Conn., and during the next winter and spring in the High School of Waterbury, Conn. With the exception of a few weeks of attendance at Andover Theological Seminary in the winter of 1859-60 he spent nearly four and



a half years in South Carolina, teaching in Orangeburg, Colleton, and Sumter Districts. In December, 1860, he entered Yale Theological Seminary, where he remained till August, 1862, meantime being licensed to preach by the New Haven West Association, December 3, 1861. After leaving the Yale Seminary he was acting pastor nearly two years of the Congregational church at Whitney Point, N. Y., where he was ordained as an evangelist March 31, 1863. He spent the summer of 1864 in Pittsfield, then served the Congregational church in West Avon, Conn., a year. After a winter in New Haven he was acting pastor in Winchester Center, Conn., Cummington and West Warren, Mass., and Goff's Falls, N. H., two or three years each. In October, 1877, he removed to Georgetown, Mass., and engaged in farming for three years. He was subsequently stationed over the First and Second Churches in Brookfield, Vt., nearly four years, spent a year and a half in Georgetown recuperating his health, then preached two years in the Congregational church at South Hartford, Washington Co., N. Y., and a year in the Presbyterian church at Middle Granville, N. Y. After another year spent quietly at his Georgetown home, he was pastor of the Congregational church at McIndoe's Falls, Vt., four years, and at Nepaug, in the town of New Hartford, Conn., a year. In 1898 he went to Pomona, Fla., and preached there until 1901, and since then had been without pastoral charge in Georgetown, Mass., where he died of concussion of the brain, July 10, 1906, at the age of 76 years.

He married in Georgetown, Mass., August 22, 1866, Lucy Richmond, daughter of Orin and Lavinia (Spofford) Weston, and had one son (Mass. State Agr. Coll. 1891) and three daughters. One son and one daughter with their mother survive him.

JOHN ALBERT GRANGER, son of John Albert Granger by his second wife Harriet (Jackson) Granger, was born July

13, 1833, at Canandaigua, N. Y., this place being part of the Phelps and Gorham Purchase of land in central New York which his maternal great-grandfather, Hon. Oliver Phelps, with Nathaniel Gorham, Esq., bought of the State of Massachusetts in 1788. Two of Mr. Granger's uncles, Ralph and Francis, graduated from Yale in 1810 and 1811 respectively, his grandfather, Hon. Gideon Granger, Postmaster-General under Presidents Jefferson and Madison, graduated in 1787, and his great-grandfather, 'Squire Gideon Granger, in 1760, and his cousin Gideon in 1843.

After graduation from college he studied law with Smith & Lapham in his native town, three years later was admitted to the bar, and practiced his profession there until 1869, and then gradually retired from practice, devoting himself to the cultivation of fruit at his "Lake Home" on Canandaigua Lake. From 1862 to 1868 he was Engineer of the Seventh Division of the National Guards of the State of New York, with the rank of Colonel. In 1880 he removed to New York City and engaged in real estate transactions, giving special attention to property in the South. In 1876 he published a "History of Canandaigua" as the result of researches embodied in an oration which he delivered at the centennial anniversary of the town.

Colonel Granger died at his summer home on Canandaigua Lake, October 26, 1906, at the age of 73 years.

He married, January 5, 1858, Anna J., daughter of Edwin Durfee and Mary (Jenkins) Townsend, of Palmyra, N. Y., and great-granddaughter of Jesse Townsend (Y. C. 1790), and had a daughter and four sons, who with Mrs. Granger survive him.

CHARLES HOPKINS, son of Henry and Celestia (Tyler) Hopkins, was born in Rutland, Jefferson County, N. Y., January 31, 1831. He entered college from Williston Seminary, but was obliged to leave Yale on account of ill health at the end of Sophomore year. He received the

honorary degree of Master of Arts from Colgate (then Madison) University in 1859 and from Yale in 1886, and was enrolled as a member of his class in 1904.

He was Principal of Norwich (N. Y.) Academy and teacher of languages in the same for two years, and then entered Andover Theological Seminary as a Junior, but an attack of nervous prostration interrupted his course and he remained at home for over a year. He then engaged in the book trade in Norwich, N. Y., until 1870, importing many rare volumes, and since that date was General Agent of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, with office in New York City.

Being obliged to relinquish his hope of entering the ministry, he sought every opportunity of doing Christian work as a layman. While residing in Norwich, N. Y., he was actively engaged in organizing and promoting Sunday School work in the county, later becoming Secretary of Sunday Schools for Southern New York. On removing to Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1871 he attended for three years Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage's "Lay College" for training Christian workers, and at the same time was an earnest leader in City Mission work in East New York. He was one of the founders, in 1876, of the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church and a deacon for many years.

He wrote extensively for the religious press of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and Chicago, and was for five years the New York correspondent of *The Sunday School Times*. Besides publishing occasional verses he delivered an address in New Haven, biographical and humorous in its nature, on the "Philosophy of Life Insurance," at the Second Annual Reunion of the Tyler family, of which his mother was a member.

Mr. Hopkins died of pneumonia at the home of his daughter in North Adams, Mass., December 9, 1906, in the 76th year of his age.



He married, September 9, 1868, Mahala, daughter of Thomas Love and Jane (Croney) Love, of Unadilla, N. Y., and had two daughters and a son (Amherst 1905), who with Mrs. Hopkins survive him.

HENRY WEBSTER JONES, only son of Rev. Henry Jones (Y. C. 1820) and Eliza Steele Greenleaf (Webster) Jones, and grandson of Dr. Noah Webster, the lexicographer, (Y. C. 1778), was born March 10, 1835, in Greenfield, Mass., and entered college as a Sophomore from Bridgeport, Conn., where his father resided from 1838, and for over twenty-five years successfully conducted the "Cottage School" for boys.

After graduation he studied three years in the Yale Medical School, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1858, and practiced most successfully in Chicago for twenty-five years, achieving a distinguished reputation in his profession and gaining an income which was very large for the times. In the spring of 1860 he was Lecturer on Obstetrics in Rush Medical College in that city. In 1866 he was attending physician in the Cook County Hospital, and subsequently for many years Clinical Lecturer on the Diseases of Women and Children in the same institution. For twenty-eight years he was medical examiner for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. in Chicago, and for seventeen years held a similar position with the Traveler's Life and Accident Insurance Co. He was a member of several local and national medical societies.

In July, 1883, he left Chicago for Montreal, and sailed for England, residing abroad till his death. He died in London, of apoplexy, February 16, 1907, in the 72d year of his age.

He married, June 9, 1859, Miss Ann Maria Ward, of New Haven, who survives him. Their only child, a daughter, died in infancy.

JOHN HENRY PIATT, son of Jacob Wykoff Piatt, a lawyer of Cincinnati, and Harriet (Chandler) Piatt, was born at Norwich, Conn., November 17, 1833.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his father in Cincinnati and in the Cincinnati Law School a year each, after which he was admitted to the bar, and practiced with his uncle in the firm of Piatt & Piatt in that city four years, during part of this time being United States Commissioner for the Southern District of Ohio.

In the fall of 1861 he entered the Union army as Adjutant of the First Ohio Cavalry, was promoted to the rank of Captain, July 11, 1862, and later of Brevet-Major. He was in more than a dozen battles, and served with credit through the war. Subsequently, in connection with the Freeman's Bureau, he was Captain of the Thirty-first U. S. Infantry from September, 1866, to May, 1869.

After his military service he was Inspector in the U. S. Custom House, New York City, to January 1, 1872, and then as clerk and searcher was in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York till 1880. Then, living in Carbondale, Pa., he was agent for shipping coal for the Erie Railway. In July, 1889, he removed to Elmira, N. Y., and two years later returned to New York City, where he was engaged in various occupations, for a time being in the Street Cleaning Department under Colonel Waring. Early in 1900 he was admitted to the National Soldiers' Home, at Hampton, Va., where he died January 17, 1907, at the age of 73 years.

He married at Norwich, Conn., September 14, 1859, Miss Julia C. Goddard, by whom he had two sons who died in infancy. He married in 1873 Miss Kate Watson of New York City, who died in 1875 leaving a son. He was again married, August 17, 1876, to Miss Isabella McBride of New York City, who survives him with a son.

1856

WILLIAM ALDRICH BUSHEE, son of James and Lucy (Aldrich) Bushee, was born in Smithfield, R. I., in that part which was later included in Woonsocket, January 31, 1833.

After graduation he was teaching in a private school in New Haven and studying in the Yale Divinity School three years. He then taught in a young ladies' school in Worcester, Mass., a few months, and in the Highland Military Academy in that city from 1860 to 1867, with the exception of a year when he was out of health. From November, 1867, to July, 1868, he taught in Worcester Academy, but in September following began the work of the ministry at North Brookfield, Vt., where he was ordained August 19, 1869. With the change of climate and occupation his health improved, and he remained as pastor there twelve years, during which the membership more than doubled, serving then at Morrisville, Vt., eight years, and shorter periods at Derby and Wallingford, Vt., and four years at Northwood Center, N. H. In 1900-1901 he was pastor at Dunbarton, N. H., and then closing a most useful ministry of thirty-four years resided without charge in the ancestral home, Union Village, Woonsocket, R. I., where he died from a complication of diseases following the grip, October 9, 1906, at the age of 73 years.

He married, August 14, 1862, Emily J., daughter of Levi and Laura (Drury) Clapp, who survives him with two sons, one a graduate of Williams College in 1892 and the Yale Divinity School in 1896, and the other a graduate of Dartmouth College in 1894, and a daughter (Mt. Holyoke 1891). One son died in infancy.

ARTHUR DICKINSON, son of Samuel F. and Susan W. Dickinson, was born July 15, 1835, in Hillsboro, Orange County, N. C., but entered college as a Sophomore from Macon, Ga.



After graduation he studied law in Macon, was admitted to the bar, and practiced his profession there until interrupted by the Civil War, during which he served in the Commissary Department of the Confederate Army. In 1865 he resumed practice in Richmond, Va., but later was a dealer in leaf tobacco, until about 1896, when he retired on account of ill health. He died of cancer at the Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore, Md., October 13, 1904, at the age of 69 years.

He married, August 9, 1858, Margaret, daughter of George and Mary Towns, of Macon, Ga., who survives him with a son and two daughters. One daughter died in infancy.

FREDERICK STREET HOPPIN, son of Hon. William Warner Hoppin (Y. C. 1828), Governor of Rhode Island from 1854 to 1857, and Frances Augusta Frederica (Street) Hoppin, was born in Providence, R. I., June 10, 1834.

The year after graduation he was in the banking business in his native city, then studied law and was admitted to the bar in the summer of 1861, but was not actively engaged in practice. He spent many years in travel and residence abroad, but during recent years his journeys had been limited to short distances from home. He had most attractive social qualities, and was a member of several clubs.

Mr. Hoppin died after a number of years of failing health at his home in Providence, May 29, 1907, at the age of 72 years.

He married, at St. George's Church, New York City, May 24, 1865, Clara, daughter of Charles Tracy, Esq., who survives him with a daughter and two sons, the latter being graduates of Harvard University, respectively in 1893 and 1896.

### 1857

CHARLES SEYMOUR BLACKMAN, son of Hon. Alfred Blackman (Yale 1828), and grandson of Samuel Curtis

Blackman (Yale 1793), was born in the village of Humphreysville, now Seymour, Conn., March 29, 1837. His mother was Abbie (Beers) Blackman of Newtown, Conn. His only brother graduated from Yale in 1854 and died in 1864. His parents moved to New Haven, Conn., in 1844, where his father was subsequently Mayor and Judge of the County Court and Superior Court. After graduation he moved to Montreal, Canada, and entered the firm of E. Atwater & Company, conducting a wholesale business in glass, paints, and oils, and there April 4, 1860, married Sarah Jane, the daughter of Edwin Atwater, his senior partner. He was for a number of years director in the Montreal City and District Savings Bank; also, Junior and Senior Warden in St. George's Church, Montreal.

He was deeply interested in astronomy, and for many years gave official time to the city of Montreal. In 1880 he presented the McGill University Observatory with a telescope, transit, and other astronomical instruments, and later, was especially engaged in the Grand Trunk Railway time service at McGill Observatory.

Mr. Blackman died suddenly of *la grippe* at his home in Montreal, December 20, 1906, in the 70th year of his age, and is survived by Mrs. Blackman and a son, Alfred Atwater Blackman (M.D. Denver Univ. 1902), who now reside in Colorado Springs, Colo.

CHARLES BROCKWAY DYE, son of Samuel and Sarah (Sheldon) Dye, was born November 7, 1828, at Broadalbin, Fulton County, N. Y.

After graduation he studied in Union Theological Seminary two years, the following year was pastor of the Congregational Church at Torrington, Conn., where he was ordained by the Litchfield North Association, October 26, 1859. The year 1860-61 he was a resident graduate student at Union Seminary. He then preached for the

Presbyterian Church at Romulus, N. Y., until he entered the United States Navy as a volunteer in 1863. On his return from his country's service in 1864 he resumed preaching at West Suffield, Conn., from 1866 to 1868 was at North Vineland, N. J., from 1868 to 1870 at New Fairfield, Conn., from 1871 to 1880 at Patterson, N. Y., and from 1880 to 1883 at Mayfield, N. Y. He then retired from the ministry, and during the next nine years resided in Westfield, Mass., where for three years he was Chaplain of the Hampden County House of Correction. In 1893 he removed to Springfield, Mass., and died there January 9, 1907, at the age of 78 years.

He married August 30, 1859, Anna R., daughter of Lieutenant-Governor Oliver Fisher and Jennie (Hope) Winchester, who died in 1864. He afterward married Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Timothy and Frances (Olcott) Mather of Suffield, Conn., who survives him with a son by his first marriage. Two other sons by the earlier marriage died in early life, and a daughter in 1895.

ALMON BAXTER MERWIN, son of Almon and Aletta Merwin, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 27, 1835. He entered college with the Class of 1856, but left early in October, 1853, and a year later joined the Class of 1857 as a Sophomore.

After graduation he taught for about two years, studied in Union Theological Seminary a few months, then two years in Princeton Theological Seminary, after which he returned and completed the course in Union Seminary. In 1863 he became tutor in the Deaf and Dumb Institute in New York City, but in April, 1865, became Superintendent of the American Sunday School Union work in northern Iowa. The following year he was appointed teacher in Newark, N. J., and in 1874 Professor in the Newark High School. He retired from active teaching in 1885, and since then had no stated occupation.



He died suddenly of acute bronchitis in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 22, 1907, at the age of 71 years, and was buried in Newark.

Mr. Merwin married, December 25, 1868, Kate J., daughter of John and Grace B. Bryden of Hudson City, now a part of Jersey City, N. J., who died October 4, 1880. In 1884 he married Catherine Johnson, daughter of Rev. John W. Conklin, of Madison, N. J. She died in 1889. In June, 1894, he married Helen A. Hill, daughter of Charles F. Hill, a prominent lawyer of Newark, N. J., and she died in September, 1906. He never had any children.

WILLIAM HENRY SAVARY, son of Hon. George Savary, Massachusetts State Senator, and Louisa (Balch) Savary, was born April 18, 1835, in the East Parish of Bradford (now Groveland), Mass., on land taken up by his ancestor, Robert Savary, seven generations before, he being one of the founders of Newbury and Bradford.

Shortly after graduation he entered the Harvard Divinity School, where he completed his theological studies three years later. He was ordained pastor of the First Unitarian Society of West Newton, Mass., and continued there three years. In the autumn of 1865 he went to Ellsworth, Me., where he organized the First Unitarian Society, and also founded churches of the liberal faith in Mount Desert Island and in many other places in the vicinity. He remained there until the spring of 1873, a portion of the time being also County Supervisor of Schools. While in the latter position he introduced reforms the good influence of which has since continued. After leaving Ellsworth he was for nearly twelve years in charge of a church in Canton, Mass., where he built a commodious parish house, and infused new life into the church. From 1885 to October, 1892, he was settled over Unity Chapel, in one of the poorest districts of South Boston. During the last twenty years

of his life he was much interested in fraternal insurance societies for the working people. From 1893 to 1895 he supplied the pulpit of Grace Chapel, Green Harbor, Marshfield, where he had a parish principally of fishermen and their families, and then retired to the old home built by his father at Groveland, where he died September 3, 1906, at the age of 71 years.

Numerous sermons of his were published, and a Memorial Day Address at Canton in 1877. He wrote many verses principally for family occasions, and frequently contributed to the religious and secular press.

He was a director of the Massachusetts Total Abstinence Society and the Home for Aged Women of Boston.

Mr. Savary married at Buffalo, N. Y., October 21, 1862, Anna E., daughter of Rev. George W. Hosmer, D.D., at one time President of Antioch College, and a pioneer Unitarian minister, also sister of Professor James K. Hosmer, LL.D. (Harv. 1855) of Washington University, and later Librarian of the Minneapolis, Minn., Public Library. Mrs. Savary survives him with a son (Harv. 1888) and a daughter, the latter the wife of Rev. William Ware Locke (B. S. Worc. Polyt. Inst. 1885).

## 1858

CHARLES FREDERICK PUMPELLY, second son of George James Pumpelly (Y. C. 1826), one of the organizers of the Erie Railroad and Vice-President of the New York State Agricultural Society, and of Susan Isabella Pumpelly, was born in Owego, Tioga County, N. Y., May 9, 1835. He was a member of the class of 1857 until Sophomore year, but completed his college course with the Class of 1858.

After graduating he began farming about a mile from Owego, but a dozen years later transferred his operations to a farm of three hundred acres in the northern part of the same county of Tioga. In January, 1873, he removed to

Union, Broome County, where he had bought a farm equipped for hay-pressing, and carried on that business with the buying, grinding, and shipping of hemlock bark until 1877. The next year he returned to Owego, and was employed most of the time for about eight years in the office of Mr. J. J. VanKleeck in general insurance business. Owing to an attack of writer's cramp he was then compelled to give up office work, and since then he had continued to reside in Owego, engaged in no regular occupation, and died there of pneumonia, May 10, 1907, at the age of 72 years and a day.

He married in Newark Valley, N. Y., June 19, 1870, Phebe A., daughter of Ephraim D. and Catherine Jane (Lindsay) Gould, who survives him. They had no children.

### 1859

JOSEPH HYDE ANDREWS, elder son of Hon. Ebenezer Andrews (Y. C. 1817) and Rachel (Hyde) Andrews, and a great-grandson of Ebenezer Jesup (Y. C. 1760), was born at Milan, O., November 17, 1835.

Upon graduation he became Cashier of the Milan Bank, Milan, O., the year following he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the Cincinnati Law School, and spent the next two years in the law office of Spier & Nash in New York City. In 1863 he settled in Chicago, Ill., and with his brother Ebenezer (Y. C. 1861) engaged in the real estate business, the first three years also carrying on a coal and shipping trade on the Great Lakes. After the retirement of his brother in 1876 he was identified for many years with Chicago building and commercial enterprises.

Mr. Andrews died of heart disease at the Calumet Club, Chicago, December 11, 1906, at the age of 71 years. He had resided there for many years, and was for a time Vice-President of the club. He was not married.



PITTS HARRISON BURT, son of Andrew Gano and Sarah (Green) Burt, was born May 6, 1837, in Cincinnati, O., and resided in that city during nearly all his life.

After graduation he entered the banking and brokerage business of A. G. Burt & Co., in his native city. For a few months in 1861 he was in Chicago and Springfield, Ill., but then returned to Cincinnati, became partner in the above firm and later head of the business, in which he continued to the close of his life. Through his suggestion the Cincinnati Stock Exchange was formed.

He was deeply interested in the artistic advancement of the city, being from the first a subscriber to the May Music Festivals, and in the early art exhibitions aiding by active committee work and by encouragement of the artists, but his constant pleasure was the development of the Rookwood Pottery, of which he was a director. He was widely read, an appreciative critic of literature, and himself wrote one novel "The Regret of Spring."

Mr. Burt died of heart disease at his home in Cincinnati, August 16, 1906, at the age of 69 years.

He married, September 25, 1861, Kate W., daughter of Isaac Thomson, of New Haven, Conn., and Sarah A. Thomson, who survives him with a son (Yale 1892) and two daughters, one daughter having died in early childhood.

WILLIAM KITTREDGE HALL was born in Boston, Mass., November 4, 1836, the son of David and Elizabeth (Field) Hall.

After graduation he was a student in the Yale Theological Seminary over a year and also in Berlin, Germany. October 26, 1862, he was ordained as an evangelist in New Haven, and during the following year was Chaplain of the Seventeenth Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. Upon returning from the Civil War he was acting pastor at Cromwell, Conn., and of Olivet Church, Springfield, Mass., a year each. He was installed over the Congregational

church in Stratford, Conn., in October, 1866, and continued there till June, 1872. The following February he accepted the call of the First Presbyterian Church of Newburgh, N. Y., and during over thirty-three years of his life in that city was active in promoting every worthy cause, and his bright and genial presence cheered all as they saw him. The centennial anniversary of the founding of his church was observed in 1884, and the twenty-fifth anniversary of his pastorate in 1898. In the Presbyterian Church his services were valued, and he was Moderator of the New York Synod in 1878 and again in 1903. From the beginning of its work he was officially connected with the administration of the Associated Charities Association, and was President of the Historical Society of Newburgh Bay and the Highlands, also President of the board of trustees of Washington's Headquarters in Newburgh. In 1879 he was a member of the Board of Visitors of the United States Military Academy at West Point. For several years he was Chaplain of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery of Boston. He had in preparation a History of the Seventeenth Connecticut Regiment Volunteers.

In 1874 he received the degree of Master of Arts from his own college, and in 1882 that of Doctor of Divinity from New York University.

Dr. Hall died of heart disease at his home in Newburgh, September 17, 1906, in the 70th year of his age.

He married in Boston, December 25, 1861, Miss Anna B. Bond, who survives him with two daughters and a son, the latter a graduate of the Academical Department in 1906.

#### 1860

FERDINAND BEACH, son of Dennis and Maria (Clark) Beach, was born June 19, 1838, at Milford, Conn.

In the fall after graduation he took charge of an academy in North Carolina, but upon the outbreak of hostilities

between the North and South the following year, owing to the pressure of the local authorities upon him to enter the Confederate Army, he started for the North by way of the Gulf States, Tennessee, and Kentucky, and had many exciting experiences before reaching home. The next year he was engaged in teaching and studying medicine, continued his studies in St. Louis, and completed his course in the Yale Medical School, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1864. Soon afterward he settled in New York City, and establishing himself in a large and successful general practice, continued his residence in the same locality for nearly forty years, removing in September, 1905, to Santa Barbara, Cal., where he died of angina pectoris, November 15, 1906, at the age of 68 years. He had gone there for his health about a year before his decease.

He married, October 9, 1893, Anna Gleason, daughter of John Cuthbert and Mary Elizabeth (Robinson) Short, of East Orange, N. J., who survives him with a son and three daughters.

WINFIELD SCOTT KEYES, son of Major-General Erasmus Darwin Keyes (West Point 1832) and Caroline Maria (Clark) Keyes, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., November 17, 1839.

During the year after graduation he was in business in New York City, but in the fall of 1861 he entered the Mining School at Freiburg, Saxony, where he remained three years. On his return home he engaged in mining in California and Nevada, and in 1866 and 1868 published valuable reports of the resources of those states. In November, 1870, he was elected on the Democratic ticket State Mineralogist of Nevada. He afterward acted as mining expert and engineer in all the mining states of the West and in Mexico, and published a number of monographs on mining and metallurgy, the Eureka lode, and



Leadville ore formation. He also wrote occasionally for mining and scientific journals. He was a joint inventor of the Keyes & Arents automatic tap for molten metals.

He was Vice-President of the Humboldt Bank in San Francisco, and General Manager of the Pan-American Development Company, operating mines in the State of Sinaloa, Mexico.

For sixteen years he was President of the California State Mining Bureau, and was a member of the executive committee of the California Miners' Association, a member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, the National Geographic Society, and other scientific societies.

At the Centennial Exhibition in 1876 at Philadelphia he was one of the judges, and at the Paris Exposition of 1878 he was Commissioner for Nevada. He owned vineyards in Napa County, and was successful as a viticulturist, winning high awards for his wines at the Paris Exposition of 1900, and the St. Louis Exposition in 1904.

Mr. Keyes died of apoplexy at his home in San Francisco, Cal., December 27, 1906, at the age of 67 years.

He married Miss Flora Hastings, who died in 1889. He had one child. A brother (Yale 1863) survives him.

### 1861

WILLIAM COUCH EGGLESTON, son of Thomas and Sarah J. (Stebbins) Eggleston, was born in New York City, June 30, 1839, and was a member of the Class of 1860 about two years, and then spent a year in foreign travel. On his return he joined the Class of 1861 the first term of Junior year, and completed his course with the class.

After graduation, in August, 1861, he joined the U. S. Army as First Lieutenant in the Forty-third New York Volunteers, and was in service till December following. Since then, with the exception of a few months in 1863 in business in Chicago, he was in the stock, commission, and

banking business in New York City. He was for many years a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and was well known in the financial world. He was a director of several railroads, also of the National Academy of Design, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and St. Luke's Hospital.

Mr. Egleston died at his home in New York City, March 26, 1907, at the age of 67 years. A brother (Y. C. 1854) was for over thirty years Professor of Mineralogy and Metallurgy in Columbia University.

He married, January 8, 1863, Ella L., daughter of Isaac and Adelaide Bates, of Cincinnati, O., and had two daughters who are deceased. Mrs. Egleston survives him.

By his will he left a generous bequest to the University Library.

SAMUEL HANNA FRISBEE, son of John and Harriette (Pittman) Frisbee, was born July 19, 1840, at Kinderhook, N. Y.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel in New York City, and the Columbia Law School a year, and then, as the result of long consideration, changed his previous life-plans, and joined the Roman Catholic Church. Having decided to enter the "Society of Jesus," on October 25, 1863, he joined the "Novitiate" of the Jesuits at Sault-au-Recollet, near Montreal, Canada, and remained there until August, 1865, when he went to St. Mary's College, Montreal, and spent a year in teaching and studying, and another year in Quebec studying languages and literature. In 1868 he began a three years' course in metaphysics, spending one year at Fordham, N. Y., and two years at Woodstock College, Howard County, Md. From 1871 to 1875 he was Professor of Physics and Mathematics at St. Francis Xavier's College, New York City. He then went abroad for further study, taking a two years' course in theology at Louvain, Belgium, and was ordained

to the priesthood, September 9, 1877. After spending two months in missionary effort in England and France he returned to his former work as Professor of Physics and Natural Science in St. Francis Xavier's College, and in July, 1880 was elected President of the college. Resigning this office in July, 1885, he became Professor of Physics at Georgetown University, District of Columbia. In 1888 he was transferred to Woodstock College, where he had been a student many years before, and continued his teaching there to the close of his life, having special care of the spiritual life of the young seminarians.

While at Louvain, by request of a member of the Belgian Chamber of Representatives, he prepared a paper on Higher Education in the United States, with special reference to Yale College, and while at St. Francis Xavier's College he wrote for the New York *Herald* and *Scientific American* on astronomy and physics. During his service at Woodstock College he edited the *Woodstock Letters*, a quarterly historical journal of the Order of Jesuits, and was engaged in revising, editing and, in part, retranslating the devotional works of Rev. J. N. Grou, the first volume of which was published in 1891.

He died of pneumonia at Woodstock, Md., February 19, 1907, at the age of 66 years.

STANFORD NEWEL, son of Stanford and Abby Lee (Penniman) Newel, was born June 7, 1839, in Providence, R. I., but when sixteen years of age moved with his mother to St. Anthony's Falls, Minnesota, then a territory but admitted to statehood three years later.

After graduation he devoted a year to general reading, and then entered the Harvard Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in January, 1864. He at once returned to Minnesota, and was in the office of H. R. Bigelow, Esq., in St. Paul. He was admitted to the bar the following July, and since then had practiced his



profession in St. Paul, Minn., until 1897, with the exception of two years spent abroad for the benefit of his health. For several years from about 1875 he was in partnership with Hon. George Brooks Young (Harvard 1860), but during his later years in St. Paul much of his time was spent as counselor to many against foolish litigation and in giving legal aid to those needing, but unable to pay for it.

He was a wise and far sighted political leader, Chairman of the Minnesota Republican State Committee in 1888 and a delegate to the National Convention that year, also in 1892. He was not an office-seeker, but his advice was in constant request by leading men.

He was the founder and for several years President of the Minnesota Club, and rendered services of high value to the business interests of the state. He was President of the Pioneer Press Company, and was in various ways connected with other business enterprises. For a few years as a member of the Park Board he aided in the establishment of parks and pleasure grounds in the city.

For several years he was President of the Yale Alumni Association of his city and neighborhood, and was long an inspiring personality among the graduates. It was his special pleasure to promote the happiness and welfare of his friends.

In 1897, on the nomination of President McKinley, Mr. Newel was appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Netherlands, and continued at that post eight years. In 1899 he was a delegate to the first International Peace Conference at the Hague.

Returning to St. Paul in 1905, he died there of pleurisy complicated with other troubles, April 6, 1907, in the 68th year of his age.

He married, June 24, 1880, Helen F., daughter of Ernest Fiedler of New York City, who died January 28, 1906. They had no children.

1862

JACOB SMITH BOCKEE, son of Isaac Smith and Clarissa (Rundell) Bockee, was born in Norwich, N. Y., July 9, 1840. After graduation he recruited a company which joined the 114th New York Regiment and of which he was commissioned Captain, August 11, 1862. He served in the Department of the Gulf, and under General Sheridan in the Department of the Shenandoah. For about a year he was Ordnance Officer of the 19th Corps, and for several months was Inspector-General of Dwight's Division. He was in half a dozen battles in Louisiana, and was severely wounded at the battle of Winchester, where he distinguished himself by his bravery, and for this was brevetted Major and Lieutenant-Colonel, September 19, 1864. He was mustered out of service June 8, 1865.

After the close of his military service he engaged in the wheat and lumber business in Ripon, Wisc., until the spring of 1868, and then spent several years in the wholesale lumber business in Hannibal, Mo. About 1877 he removed to Louisville, Ky., which had since then been his home, where he was in the firm of Bockee, Garth & Schroder, and later Treasurer of the Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company. He was President of the American National Bank till his decease, and of the Yale Alumni Association of Kentucky from 1901 to 1903.

Mr. Bockee died suddenly of heart failure during sleep at his home in Louisville, December 29, 1906, at the age of 66 years. He was an Elder of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

He married, November 21, 1871, Ella, daughter of David J. and Susan Garth, of New York City, who died in 1898. Of their three children—two daughters and one son—the younger daughter is deceased.

DANIEL HENRY CHAMBERLAIN was born June 23, 1835, in West Brookfield, Mass., one of nine children and of

six sons of Eli and Achsah (Forbes) Chamberlain. Two of his brothers were college graduates, Joshua at Dartmouth in 1855 and Leander at Yale in 1863.

He stood fourth in rank on the Commencement list, received the DeForest Medal, and was Class Orator. Perhaps his prominence in his class was even greater than is indicated by these facts.

From Yale he went to the Harvard Law School, where he graduated in 1864. He then entered the army, being First Lieutenant in the Fifth Massachusetts Cavalry, and served till the fall of 1865, principally on staff duty. In December, 1865, he went to Charleston, S. C., and was for a year or two engaged in planting on Wadmalaw Island. After the passage of the Reconstruction Acts in 1867, he was elected a member of the Constitutional Convention. He participated in this work; and in the election which followed in 1868 he was chosen Attorney-General. He held this office till 1872; was then out of office for two years, practicing law in Charleston and Columbia; and in 1874 was elected Governor of the State. His two years' term was largely occupied in contest on behalf of good government against members of his own (Republican) party. There seemed a possibility that the opposite party would acquiesce in his election for a second term, but this was not realized. The outcome of the South Carolina election of 1876—the dual government, the withdrawal of the U. S. troops, the submission to the Hampton government—is part of the history of the country. His life-long friend, the late Walter Allen (Y. C. 1863), published in 1887 a full account of this political struggle in a volume entitled "Governor Chamberlain's Administration in South Carolina."

In May, 1877, Governor Chamberlain began a twenty years' practice of law in New York City—for seven years with partners, afterward alone. During the first four years he was a member of the firm of Chamberlain, Carter & Eaton, one of his partners being his Yale classmate, Sher-



burne B. Eaton. In the latter part of his New York life his health had become impaired, and in 1897 he removed to the home of his childhood, *Elm Knoll Farm*, West Brookfield, Mass. Here he lived for some five or six years, and he does not seem ever to have established a permanent home elsewhere. He had much ill health and spent much time in travel and temporary residence in Europe, Egypt, and the Southern States. He died of cancer of the stomach on April 13, 1907, aged 71 years. His last months were passed at the home of William C. Chamberlain, University Station, Charlottesville, Va.

During these years he published many articles in periodicals or in separate form, entering into the political and scholastic discussions of the day, as well as dealing with less controversial themes. He addressed the Yale Law School in the Commencement week of 1875. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of South Carolina in 1873.

Mr. Chamberlain married, December 16, 1869, Alice Cornelia, daughter of the late George W. Ingersoll, Esq., of Bangor, Me. She died September 18, 1891. Of their six sons only two survived their father. The elder of these, Julian Ingersoll, graduated at Yale in 1895.

WILLIAM RUTLEDGE McCORD, son of William R. McCord, was born January 27, 1842, in Vincennes, Ind.

After graduation from college he read law in St. Louis, Mo., for a time, but was soon commissioned First Lieutenant in the Twelfth Missouri Cavalry, having when he left the service four years later the brevet rank of Captain. Part of this time he was on the staff of Governor Hall, and he was on other duty but not in field service.

For a number of years after the war he was occupied in overland transportation, for some ten years from about 1872 was an engineer and contractor in Texas, New Mexico, Chihuahua in Old Mexico, and Arizona, and for approxi-

mately fifteen years following was engaged in silver mining. In his business life reverses were more frequent than successes, and in the panic of 1893 he and his friends lost all their property. Twenty years of camp life and exposure in the early days in Colorado shattered his health, and since about 1898 he had lived at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Monte Vista, Colo., where he filled several positions of responsibility and usefulness, and where he died of heart failure August 29, 1906, at the age of 64 years.

He married Mrs. Shepardson, widow of a naval officer of the Civil War, who survives him with a son by her former marriage.

### 1863

WALTER ALLEN, son of Josiah Waite and Nancy (Hinds) Allen, was born March 21, 1840, in Boston, Mass., but removed with his parents in 1846 to Worcester, Mass., where his father was a leading contractor and builder. During his entire college course he roomed with David Brainard Perry, also from Worcester, and since 1881 President of Doane College, Nebraska.

After graduation he remained in New Haven four months associated with Professor John A. Porter, who was then conducting the Connecticut War Record, a monthly publication in the interest of the Connecticut Union soldiers. But, desiring a personal share in the war, he returned home, and enlisted before the end of the year as a recruit in the Twenty-sixth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers, then in Louisiana. After a few weeks spent in the recruiting station in Boston Harbor, he was mustered out in order to accept an appointment in January, 1864, as Acting Assistant Paymaster in the United States Navy on the monitor "Nantucket" in the South Atlantic Squadron, serving chiefly off Charleston till the close of the war. In August, 1865, on his discharge from the naval service, he returned to

Worcester, and began the study of law, but in the fall determined to go West, and reaching Cairo, Ill., was employed as "exchange" editor and editorial writer on the *Times*. In 1866 he became associated with the New York *Herald*, and in 1867 with the Cincinnati *Gazette*, and remained on the staff of the latter two years. In 1870 he accepted an invitation to be Associate Editor of the Boston *Daily Advertiser*, and continued in important positions on that journal until 1883. During this time he spent several winters in Washington as staff correspondent, and while there gained a wide acquaintance with public men, and a broad outlook on public life and affairs. For a time he was Clerk of the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs, when Hon. Henry L. Dawes (Y. C. 1839) was its Chairman, and in 1881 he was appointed by President Hayes on a Commission with General George H. Crook and General Nelson A. Miles to investigate the condition of the Ponca Indians.

During the presidential campaign of 1884, he was Editor of the Portland (Me.) *Press*, but in 1885 returned to the Boston *Daily Advertiser* as Editor-in-Chief. With a change of control he resigned from the paper, and from 1887 to 1891 he was one of the editors of Webster's "International Dictionary." On the completion of this task he continued in the service of the publishers another year, preparing an abridgment for the use of schools. In 1893-94 he was on the New York *World*, from 1894 to 1898 engaged in special work under the immediate direction of the President of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, and since 1898 on the Boston *Herald*. During his long connection with the daily press his contributions were chiefly to the editorial page. In addition to the papers on which he was regularly engaged, he wrote for the New York *Times* and *Evening Post*, and occasionally for the *Atlantic Monthly*, *New England Magazine*, and other periodicals. He wrote two volumes, "Governor Chamberlain's Administration in South Carolina," 1887, and a "Life



of General Grant," in the Riverside Biographical Series, 1901.

Governor Daniel H. Chamberlain (Y. C. 1862), whose death followed two months after Mr. Allen's, who was his closest friend in school, and whose friendship continued through life, wrote for a "Memorial Symposium" on Mr. Allen in the Boston *Herald* of March 3, 1907: "The prevailing charm and strength of the man was personal sincerity, the firmness of his attachment to principles as well as to friends, and his unselfish devotion to the highest standards of living."

Although he never held political office, he had a share in making the platforms of several Republican state conventions.

Mr. Allen died of heart disease at his home in Newton Highlands, Mass., February 7, 1907, in the 67th year of his age.

He married, in Worcester, Mass., October 9, 1866, Grace Mason, youngest daughter of John G. Weston, of New Braintree, Mass., and had seven children—five daughters and two sons—of whom two daughters are deceased. The sons, John Weston and Walter H. Allen, graduated from the Academical Department of Yale University respectively in 1893 and 1895, the younger son continuing his studies in the Scientific Department and receiving the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1896. Two of the daughters graduated from Smith College in 1891 and 1899, respectively. The eldest surviving daughter married Frederick Stearns Hollis, Ph.D. (B. S. Mass. Inst. Technol. 1890), who was Instructor in Chemistry in the Yale Medical School from 1900 to 1905.

GEORGE WASHINGTON ATHERTON, son of Hiram and Almira (Gardner) Atherton, was born at Boxford, Mass., June 20, 1837. During his boyhood his father died, and at the age of twelve years he aided in the support of his mother and

sisters by working in a cotton mill and afterward on a farm, and during his preparation and his college course he supported himself. Entering Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year from Virden, some twenty miles south of Springfield, Ill., he left in Junior year to join the Union Army with a commission as First Lieutenant of Company K, Tenth Connecticut Volunteers, and served about sixteen months. He was in command of his company at the battle of Roanoke Island and Newbern, N. C., and was soon afterward promoted to a captaincy.

On returning from the war he became Instructor in Latin in the Albany (N. Y.) Academy, where he had taught before entering college, and continued there two years, meantime making up his omitted college work, and in July, 1864, receiving his degree with enrollment in his class. He remained in Albany another year studying privately, and in June, 1866, he became Professor of Latin and Acting Vice-Principal of St. John's College at Annapolis, Md. He was there a year, then about a year as Professor of History and Social Science in Illinois University, at Champaign, and from January, 1869 to 1882 was Professor of History, Political Economy, and Social Science in Rutgers College at New Brunswick, N. J. In addition to his college duties he was admitted to the bar and practiced law, was a member of the Board of Visitors to the United States Naval Academy in 1873, a member of a commission to investigate the Red Cloud Indian Agency in 1875, Republican candidate for Congress in 1876, and one of the tax commissioners of the state in 1879.

In 1882 he assumed the Presidency of the Pennsylvania State College, which he administered most successfully during twenty-five years. Overcoming a public sentiment adverse to legislative appropriations for higher education, he obtained aid both from the State and National Governments, and witnessed a marked growth in the college, with great improvements in equipment and instruction. He was

largely instrumental in securing the act of 1887 establishing Agricultural Experiment Stations, and he was the first President of the Association of Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations. He was also chairman of the commission appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania the same year to consider the practicability of introducing manual training into the public schools. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Franklin and Marshall College in 1883.

President Atherton had been in failing health for a year, and died of bronchial trouble at his home in Bellefonte, Pa., July 24, 1906, at the age of 69 years.

He married at New Haven, Conn., December 25, 1863, Miss Fannie W. D. Washburne of Plympton, Mass., who survives him with two sons, two sons and a daughter having died.

GEORGE WILLIAM BAIRD, son of Jonah Newton and Minerva (Gunn) Baird, was born December 13, 1839, in Milford, Conn.

Before graduation he answered the call to service in the Civil War, enlisting as a private in the 1st Light Battery of Connecticut Volunteers, August 25, 1862, and the following month joined the Battery in South Carolina. In March, 1864, he passed a creditable examination for a commission and a fortnight later was made Colonel of the 32d Regiment of U. S. Colored Troops. At the College Commencement of 1864, with other classmates on the field, he received his diploma as a graduate of the Class of 1863. He was in the expedition that captured St. John's Bluff, Fla., at the battles of Honey Hill and Deveau's Neck, and Morris Island, S. C., and the Siege of Charleston, his regiment being part of the body of troops which first entered Charleston.

He was honorably dismissed from the Volunteer service September 2, 1865, then studied during the autumn and winter terms in the Sheffield Scientific School, and the



following spring became Principal of the High School in Northampton, Mass., where he remained a year. Before the close of his engagement he accepted an appointment as Second Lieutenant of the 19th Infantry, but in September was transferred to the 37th Regiment, and in March, 1867, began an experience in Indian warfare which continued till July, 1878, when he left the field wounded. He served all through the frontier from Texas to Montana. In 1871 he was made Adjutant of the 5th Infantry, and was Adjutant-General under General Miles until June, 1879. He was twice commended for gallantry in action and received the Medal of Honor for most distinguished gallantry in action against hostile Nez Percé Indians at Bear Paw Mountain, Mont., September 30, 1877, where he was twice severely wounded.

He was appointed Major in the Pay Department, June 23, 1879, and raised to the office of Lieutenant-Colonel, July 12, 1899. The same year he was designated as Chief Disbursing Officer, Paymaster-General's Office, and during the Spanish-American War had charge of very large funds for distribution. He was promoted to the rank of Brigadier-General, February 19, 1903, and the following day at his own request was placed on the retired list.

His "Sketch of General Miles's Indian Campaigns" was published in the *Century Magazine* in July, 1891, and he wrote a number of papers on military subjects for the magazines.

Since 1904 General Baird had made his home in New York City, but died at Asheville, N. C., November 28, 1906, in the 67th year of his age. He had for many years been a member of the New England Congregational Church of Chicago, Ill.

He married, at Cheshire, Conn., July 31, 1866, Julia C., daughter of Joseph Harris and Julia (Upson) Rogers, sister of Joseph Addison Rogers, C.E. (Yale s 1860), and had two daughters and a son. The elder daughter married George Day Holmes (Y. C. 1890), and the son

graduated from West Point Military Academy in 1901. A brother, Rev. John Gunn Baird (Y. C. 1852), died in 1891.

Mrs. Baird is making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Holmes in Montclair, N. J.

## 1864

FRANKLIN BARNES BRADLEY, son of Amon and Sylvia (Barnes) Bradley, was born in Southington, Conn., February 20, 1843. He was prepared for college by Mr. James M. B. Dwight (Y. C. 1846), and was first a member of the Class of 1863, but left that class during Sophomore year and joined the Class of 1864 in the fall of 1861.

After graduation he was at first in business with his father in Southington, but in September, 1869, went to Cleveland, O., where he continued two years. He then returned to Southington, and was Secretary of the Southington Eyelet Company until July, 1884, after which he was in Bridgeport, where he was Treasurer of the Bridgeport Power Company until his death. For many years he had a broker's office in Hartford.

Mr. Bradley died at a private hospital in New York City, March 4, 1907, after an operation for bladder trouble which appeared to be successful. He was 64 years of age.

He married, June 16, 1869, at New Britain, Conn., Julia Ann, daughter of Ethan and Mary A. (Thompson) Arnold, who survives him with a son.

WALTER JUDSON, son of Russell and Sophia (Lewis) Judson, and grand-nephew of Addin Lewis (Y. C. 1803), a benefactor of the college, was born at Bristol, Conn., May 1, 1839, and entered college with the Class of 1861, but at the close of the first term left on account of trouble with his eyes, and engaged in teaching in Bridgeport, Conn. He reentered with the Class of 1863, but on account of ill health withdrew again the second term of Sophomore year. After teaching in Terryville, Conn., he joined the Class of 1864

at the beginning of Junior year, and completed his course with the class with high rank.

For two years after graduation he taught Greek and Latin at the Eaglewood Military Academy, near Perth Amboy, N. J., at the same time studying French and literature. In September, 1866, he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, and at the same time the office of Dr. Gurdon Buck (M.D. Columbia 1830), but before completing his medical studies, spent a year as a private tutor in Tarrytown, N. Y., and was for two years on the medical staff of Bellevue Hospital. He received the degree of Doctor of Medicine, March 2, 1870, and the following year settled in New Haven, where he acquired a large practice, and was for years a consulting physician to the New Haven Hospital. For the last twenty years he resided on Chapel Street, west of York. He was esteemed as a high-minded physician and a worthy citizen.

Dr. Judson died of apoplexy at the home of a patient in New Haven, December 24, 1906, at the age of 67 years.

He married, December 31, 1873, Elizabeth, daughter of Dr. Mallet and Elizabeth (Turney) Mallet. Their only child, a son, died at the age of two years, and Mrs. Judson died December 24, 1899. A brother and sister survive him.

JAMES CLARK THOMAS, son of Marquis D. and Lydia Gibbs (Dodd) Thomas, was born July 13, 1844, in Brooklyn, N. Y.

After graduation he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), and three years later received the degree of Doctor of Medicine. From April, 1867, to October, 1868, he was House Physician of Bellevue Hospital, and then settled in the practice of his profession in New York City. In 1883 he was Visiting Obstetric Surgeon of the New York Infant Asylum, and in 1892-93 President of the Medical Board of the same. In 1884 he edited the *Medico-Legal Journal*. He was an active Repub-



lican, having been a member of the Board of Governors of the Republican Club of New York City from 1891 to 1898.

After an active practice of thirty years he removed to Los Angeles, Cal., but died at the Good Samaritan Hospital there of pneumonia a month later, February 20, 1907, in the 63d year of his age.

Dr. Thomas married, May 19, 1869, Miss Susie Beecher Smith. She died in 1876, leaving three daughters.

### 1865

CHARLES LATHROP OSBORN, son of James Denny and Emeline (Lathrop) Osborn, was born December 10, 1844, in Columbus, O., and entered as a Sophomore from Miami University.

Just before graduation his father died, and he soon went into business, becoming a member of the firm of Osborn, Kershaw & Co., dealers in carpets, with which he continued until 1882, when he retired, owing to ill health. In 1883 he was in Denver, Colo., but the following year he returned to Ohio, and lived on a farm with his mother for five years, and thereafter in his native city.

After his retirement from business he became an acknowledged authority on books and authors, and gave special attention to historical study.

Mr. Osborn died of sarcoma at his home in Columbus, April 11, 1907, at the age of 62 years.

He married, July 15, 1868, Mary Margeret, daughter of Hon. Samuel and Joan Galloway, and had two sons and one daughter, of whom the sons are living, but the daughter is deceased. Mrs. Osborn died in 1884.

### 1866

JAMES ULYSSES TAINTOR, son of Ralph Smith and Phoebe Higgins (Lord) Taintor, was born October 23, 1844, in Pomfret, Conn., but before he was four years old he was

taken by his parents to Colchester, and after preparation in Bacon Academy entered college from that town.

In May, 1866, shortly before graduation, he was appointed Assistant Clerk of the Connecticut House of Representatives, the following year Clerk of the same, and a year later Clerk of the State Senate. In 1867 he engaged in the live-stock insurance business in Hartford, Conn., for six months in the early part of 1869 was a partner in a fire insurance agency in Meriden, Conn., and in July of the latter year was appointed adjuster for the Phoenix Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford. In the autumn of 1881 he was called to the home office of the company, where he remained seven years. In June, 1888, he was elected Secretary of the Orient Insurance Co., and continued in this service until the sale of the business to the London & Lancashire Insurance Co. in June, 1900. For many years he was a director of the Mechanics Savings Bank and a director of the Western Automatic Screw Co., until the latter was sold to the Standard Screw Co. of Detroit. From 1888 to 1893 he was a member of the Board of Street Commissioners of Hartford, and since 1902 had been Secretary of the Hartford Board of Trade. He was known for his fidelity in business.

Mr. Taintor died of diabetes, at his home in Hartford, April 13, 1907, in the 63d year of his age.

He married, September 16, 1868, Miss Catherine Augusta Ballard of Colchester, who died in 1875. In 1878 he married Miss Isabel Spencer of Hartford, who survives him with two sons, the elder, James Spencer Taintor, a graduate of the Academical Department in 1901, and the younger, Nelson Case Taintor, now a member of the Sophomore class in the same. Two brothers of Mr. Taintor graduated from Yale College in 1860 and 1865, respectively, the former dying in 1881.

Mr. Taintor was a member of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church.

1867

ROBERT HENRY ALISON, son of Robert Alison, M.D. (Univ. Pa. 1819) and Elizabeth (Aitken) Alison, was born in Jennerville, Chester County, Pa., June 8, 1845. He was a grandson of Dr. Francis Alison, Jr. (Univ. Pa. 1770), a surgeon in the Revolutionary War, and great-grandson of Rev. Francis Alison, D.D. (*hon.* M.A. Yale 1755). His father died when he was nine years of age, and after preparatory studies at the Peekskill (N. Y.) Military Academy he entered college under the guardianship of Dr. James H. Cunningham.

After graduation he took the medical course in the University of Pennsylvania, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1869. He was Resident Physician in the Pennsylvania Hospital and Port Physician of Philadelphia about a year and a half each, immediately after which he removed to Ardmore, Pa., eight miles from Philadelphia. He practiced his profession there until his death, July 17, 1906. He was 61 years of age, and had never married.

HORATIO SEYMOUR, son of John Forman Seymour (Y. C. 1835) and Frances Antill (Tappan) Seymour, and nephew and namesake of Governor Horatio Seymour, of New York, was born at Utica, N. Y., January 8, 1844, and took the first half of his college course with the Class of 1866.

After graduation he returned to Utica and for a few months was in his father's office, but owing to the ill effect of the confinement on his health, he engaged in civil engineering. He was a Graduate student in the Sheffield Scientific School in 1870-71. His first engineering work of importance was for the Cazenovia & Canastota Railroad, and in 1871 he was Assistant Engineer on the Seneca Falls & Sodus Bay Railroad. He was also connected with the construction of the Lawrenceville & Wellsboro Railroad and



the Cowanesque Valley Railroad, and for some time was occupied with the topographical work in the Pennsylvania coal fields. In December, 1874, he was appointed Assistant Engineer of the Erie Canal. Three years later he was elected State Engineer and Surveyor of the State of New York, and in this office made a distinguished reputation. He was reelected in 1879, and after four years of notable service in this capacity, early in 1882 he went to Marquette, Mich., and became Managing Director of the Michigan Iron & Land Co., Limited, later Chairman of the same company, conducting its extensive interests with success for over twenty years, resigning in 1903 and returning to his old home in Utica.

In 1893, by request of the New York Board of Trade and Canal Transportation, he prepared a most acceptable paper on a Ship Canal. Since his return to Utica he had been Corresponding Secretary of the Oneida Historical Society, in the formation of which Governor Seymour had taken an important part.

Mr. Seymour died after a short illness, starting with a cold, at his home in Utica, February 21, 1907, at the age of 63 years.

He married, October 12, 1880, Abigail Adams, daughter of Alexander Smith Johnson (Y. C. 1835), and had a daughter and a son, who with Mrs. Seymour survive him. The son is in the Senior Class of the Sheffield Scientific School.

#### 1868

ELIHU LEACH CLARK was the son of Hon. Elihu Leach Clark, a native of Walworth, Wayne County, N. Y., who became a leading citizen of Adrian, Lenawee County, Mich., and of Isabella T. (Beane) Clark. He was born in Adrian, April 25, 1846, prepared for college at Williston Seminary, was a member of the Class of 1867 until the end

of its Junior year, and the following winter joined the Class of 1868.

After graduation he engaged in private banking with his father in Adrian and in the real estate business, and from about 1880 to 1891 lived in Detroit, Mich. For many years his health was poor, and he traveled much abroad, and resided in Cambridge, Mass., Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and Washington, D. C.

After attending Commencement exercises in New Haven he was taken suddenly ill and died of dysentery at the Hotel Davenport, June 28, 1906, at the age of 60 years.

He married at New Rochelle, N. Y., October 13, 1874, Margaret M., daughter of Morris Miller and Elizabeth S. (Stratford) Davidson, who survives him with a daughter.

JAMES COFFIN, son of Edmund and Sarah Harrison (Lambdin) Coffin, and brother of Edmund Coffin (Y. C. 1866), was born in New York City, October 13, 1847, and entered college as a resident of Irvington-on-the-Hudson. During his course he was distinguished for high scholarship as well as excellence in athletics.

Soon after graduation he went into business in New York City with Drexel, Morgan & Co. (now J. P. Morgan Co.), bankers, and was then in Providence, R. I., and Omaha, Nebr. In 1875 he went to San Francisco, Cal., and was at first in a savings bank, and later in the Nevada Bank, but in 1879 removed to Portland, Ore. After remaining there about six years he returned to San Francisco, where he dealt extensively in stocks and bonds, and was interested in various industrial enterprises, principally in connection with sugar.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Ross, Marin County, Cal., December 28, 1906, at the age of 59 years.

Mr. Coffin married in Trinity Church, San Francisco, Sarah Lucia, daughter of Lucius Hamilton Allen (West Point 1842) and Sarah deWitt Allen, and sister of John

deWitt Hamilton Allen (Y. C. 1876). Mrs. Coffin survives him with their three daughters, one of whom is the wife of John Shepard Eells (Y. C. 1901).

HORACE STEPHENS COOPER, son of Edmund Cooper, Private Secretary of President Andrew Johnson and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury under his administration, and Mary E. (Stephens) Cooper, and nephew of Hon. William Frierson Cooper (Y. C. 1838), Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Tennessee from 1878 to 1886, and Hon. Harry Cooper, United States Senator, was born April 25, 1846, near Shelbyville, Bedford County, Tenn., and was prepared for college at the Collegiate Institute, Yonkers, N. Y.

After graduation he at once began the study of law in Shelbyville, was admitted to the bar in 1870, and after practicing several years, removed to Columbia, Tenn., where he gave his attention chiefly to the management of his farm, but from 1879 to 1883 was also clerk of the Chancery Court of Maury County.

In 1889 he removed to Nashville, Tenn., where he engaged in the newspaper business, the first two years being connected with the Nashville *Evening Herald*, and then with the Nashville *Daily American*, the leading Democratic daily of the state, of which he became Managing Editor in 1893. In 1899 he returned to Shelbyville, and resumed the practice of the law, residing there till his decease from heart failure, February 10, 1907, in the 61st year of his age.

He married, at Spring Hill, Maury County, Tenn., January 13, 1881, Ella, daughter of Lucius J. Polk, the owner of a large estate in Maury County, Tenn., and a brother of Leonidas Polk, Bishop and General. She, with one son, Horace Polk Cooper, at present a Freshman at Harvard University, survives him.

EDWARD LEAVITT SPENCER, son of William and Mary J. (Dunham) Spencer, was born May 20, 1847, in Brooklyn, N. Y.



The year after graduation he spent in European travel, then studied three years in the Columbia Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1872, and, after another trip abroad, settled in the practice of his profession in New York City, where he made a specialty of real estate law. In 1883 he entered into partnership with Spencer Aldrich (Columbia 1874), son of his father's partner.

Mr. Spencer died at the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, New York, May 2, 1905, in the 58th year of his age.

He married in New York City, September 25, 1871, Katharine Angell Weeden, and had two daughters and a son, of whom the elder daughter died in infancy. The son graduated as an electrical engineer from Cornell University in 1906.

JAMES MITCHELL VARNUM, son of Hon. Joseph Bradley Varnum (Y. C. 1838), formerly Speaker of the New York State House of Representatives, and Susan M. (Graham) Varnum, was born in New York City, June 29, 1848. Until a few years ago his middle name was McCall, but he then substituted the family name of Mitchell.

The year after graduation he traveled abroad, in October, 1869, entered the Columbia Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1871, and since then had practiced his profession in his native city, at first in the firm of Varnum, Turney & Harrison, and then in that of Varnum & Harrison.

He was one of the directors of the Lawyers' Title Insurance Co. and of the Fulton Trust Co., trustee of the Real Estate Loan and Trust Co., one of the original members of the New York Real Estate Exchange and chairman of the committee on the dedication of the Exchange building, and was connected with other corporations.

He was active in political life, having been a member of the New York Assembly in 1879 and 1880, in the latter year being chairman of the Committee on Cities. He was Aide-

de-Camp, ranking as Colonel, in the New York State National Guard from 1880 to 1882, Republican candidate for Attorney-General of New York in 1889, and the following year Republican, County Democratic, and Citizens' candidate for Judge of the Superior Court, Chairman of the Republican State Convention in 1891, Paymaster-General of the State of New York and Brigadier-General of the National Guard in 1895, and Surrogate of New York County in 1899.

At the Yorktown celebration, the centennial of the evacuation of New York, the centennial of Washington's inauguration, and on other important patriotic occasions he was a leading member of the committee of arrangement, and often made the chief address. He wrote many articles for magazines and newspapers. He had been one of the Governors of the University Club, and was a member of many social clubs.

General Varnum was fatally injured in an automobile accident on Broadway, New York City, and died a few minutes later at Roosevelt Hospital, March 26, 1907, at the age of 58 years.

He married, June 14, 1899, Mary Witherspoon, daughter of Charles D. Dickey, formerly a partner in the banking house of Brown Brothers. She survives him without children.

### 1869

WILLIAM HENRY HOTCHKISS, son of Henry Oakes and Mary A. F. (Sawyer) Hotchkiss, was born in New Haven, Conn., July 22, 1847.

After graduation he was a special student in the Sheffield Scientific School and also took the course in the Yale Medical School, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1872. Afterwards he took a special course at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, and after a year or more abroad returned

to practice medicine in his native city, making a specialty of the treatment of the eye, the ear, and throat. From 1877 to 1883 he was Demonstrator of Anatomy in the Yale Medical School and was one of the attending Surgeons of the New Haven Hospital for several years. From 1889 to 1896 he traveled extensively in this country and in Europe, returning to New Haven afterwards to practice his profession.

He married, in Hamburg, Germany, December 7, 1885, Miss Elizabeth Bertha Voss. They were later divorced.

He died suddenly of apoplexy May 2, 1907, in the 60th year of his age. His friends and patients testify to his skill as a physician and his pleasing personality.

WILLARD GARDINER SPERRY, son of Henry Sperry, a builder, and Mehitabel (Preston) Sperry, was born in Cambridge, Mass., August 10, 1847, but passed most of his early life in Billerica, Mass., and joined the Congregational Church there during his boyhood.

After graduation he taught in Orange, N. J., and Mystic, Conn., a year each, and was master in the Beverly, Mass., High School about five years. In the spring of 1876 he joined the Middle class in the Yale Divinity School, but after a year and a half in New Haven finished his course at Andover Seminary in 1878. In the summer of 1877 he preached three months as a missionary in Blair, Nebr. He was ordained pastor of the South Congregational Church, Peabody, Mass., September 17, 1878. In October, 1885, he became pastor of the First Congregational Church, Manchester, N. H., where he remained until 1892, when he was chosen President of Olivet College, at Olivet, Mich.

Assuming this office February 1, 1893, he filled it for eleven and a half years. While broadening and deepening the instruction of the college, he helped largely in maintaining a strong religious life. Closing his work with the warm personal affection of students and townspeople, in 1904 he



left Olivet in the hope of regaining his health, but his desire was unfulfilled, and he died at York Beach, Me., August 30, 1906, at the age of 59 years.

He married, January 2, 1879, Henrietta, daughter of John A. and Sarah (Silvester) Learoyd, of Danvers, Mass., who survives him with a son, a graduate of Olivet College in 1903 and recipient of a Rhodes Scholarship, and two daughters, the elder a graduate of Smith College in 1906, and the younger a student in the same. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Olivet College in 1894.

### 1870

WILLIAM HENRY LEE, son of William Lewis and Deborah (Sears) Lee, was born April 22, 1848, at Rock Island, Ill. During his college course he rowed three years on the University crew.

After graduation he was at first with a business firm in Chicago, then engaged in dairy farming in Wisconsin five years, after which he entered the Law Department of Northwestern University, and was admitted to the bar in October, 1879. He built up a successful practice, being largely occupied as a railway attorney, and was a member of the firm of Lee & Hay.

Mr. Lee died of heart disease January 18, 1907, at Evanston, Ill., which had been his home for more than twenty-five years. He was 58 years of age.

He married, February 16, 1871, at South Hadley, Mass., Sarah Allen, daughter of Adam Lindsay, a paper manufacturer of Westville, Conn., and had five sons and two daughters, all of whom except the first-born son, with their mother, survive him. The eldest surviving son was the Class Boy of '70 and graduated at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1897.

WALTER SETH LOGAN, son of Seth Savage Logan, State Senator and Comptroller of Connecticut, and Serene (Hol-

lister) Logan, was born April 15, 1847, in Washington, Litchfield County, Conn.

After graduation from College, he took two years' work in the Harvard Law School in one year, and in 1890 was enrolled with the Class of 1871. He expected to take a year of graduate work in law at Harvard, but accepted an unusual opening in the office of James Coolidge Carter (Harv. 1850; LL.D. Yale 1901), and at the same time entered the Columbia Law School. He was associated with Mr. Carter and Mr. Charles O'Connor in the *Jumel* case, and he acknowledged a lasting debt to the inspiration and friendship of these leaders of the bar. His first partnership was with Hon. Alfred C. Chapin (Williams 1869), afterwards Mayor of Brooklyn and a member of Congress. He was later partner with Horace E. Deming (Harvard 1871), and then at the head of the firm of Logan, Demond & Harby. He was counsel in many notable legal cases, and the esteem with which he was regarded in his profession was shown in his election to the Presidency of the New York State Bar Association, and the Vice-Presidency of the American Bar Association. He was also chairman of the Committee on Commercial Law of the latter body.

In several reform movements in New York he was a leader, and was Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Ballot Reform Association of New York State from 1887 to 1889. He was also a member of the New York State Commission on Uniform State Laws, and a delegate to the Divorce Congress in Washington in 1906.

He read and published a number of papers on economic, historic, and patriotic subjects, and in 1901 was President of the national body of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Mr. Logan died of angina pectoris in the corridor of the Equitable Life Building in New York City, July 19, 1906, at the age of 59 years, and was buried in his native town.

He married, April 13, 1875, Eliza Preston, daughter of Pardon W. Kenyon, a banker of Brooklyn, N. Y., who survives him with two sons and a daughter. The elder son graduated from Yale College in 1900, and the younger son is an undergraduate member of the same, while the daughter was a member but not a graduate of Smith College, Class of 1905.

He was an orator of reputation and was in frequent demand on public occasions. A paper read before the Phi Beta Kappa Society at Middlebury College, Vermont, on "A More Socialistic State" and an oration delivered before the Literary Society of the Washington and Lee University on "The Mission of the Saxon Scholar" received wide attention. A paper read before the Social Science Association on the intricacies of the Latin Code, showed wide research and brought him many appreciative letters from prominent members of the bar. This paper, entitled "A Mexican Lawsuit," an article written for the *Forum* on "Saxon and Latin Courts," and an address delivered before the New York Historical Society entitled "Cuautla, the Bunker Hill of Mexico," were translated into Spanish and published in the *Quarterly Review* of Buenos Ayres, and copied in several Mexican publications.

JOSEPH EDWIN POTTER LORD, in college days and until July 10, 1896, JOSEPH EDWIN LORD, son of Dr. Benjamin Lord, was born in New York City, February 6, 1848.

After graduation he did not at once take a professional course, but in 1874 began the usual two years of study in Columbia Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1876. The same year he was admitted to practice in New York State, and the following year was Military Secretary to the Governor of New York. From the fall of 1881 to the fall of 1888 he resided in Washington, D. C., and was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court in 1885. He suffered much from ill health,



and in recent years had traveled extensively. He was a member of the New York Historical Society and of a number of patriotic societies, and was much interested in genealogical study. Since 1892 he had been a member of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Lord was overcome by gas in his room at the St. Albans Hotel, New York City, and died at Bellevue Hospital, May 1, 1907. He was 59 years of age, and had never married.

### 1871

EDWARD CRAMER, son of Eliphalet Cramer (Union 1832), President of the Milwaukee (Wisc.) National Bank, and Electa (Fay) Cramer, was born in Milwaukee, January 19, 1850, and was prepared for college at Ann Arbor, Mich.

After graduation he was a reporter for the *Evening Wisconsin*, the ownership of which had been from its foundation in the hands of his uncle William E. Cramer (Union 1838) and later his brother John. In 1872 he was a campaign correspondent of the *New York Times*, and was also in the law office of Davis & Flanders. In 1873 he purchased a half interest in the Northern Type Foundry Company. Two years later with his classmate Wilshire and other college friends, he went abroad and remained two years. Soon after his return in June, 1877, he married Annie, daughter of Moses B. and Emeline (Heath) Wildes of Boston. He was subsequently on the editorial staff of the *Evening Wisconsin*, and with his brother Frank conducted a banking house in Wisconsin, but in 1897 he was appointed United States Consul at Florence, Italy. He continued to reside abroad after the conclusion of his term of service.

Mr. Cramer died of hemorrhage of the stomach after a few hours' illness, June 24, 1906, at Paris, France. He was 56 years of age. Mrs. Cramer and a daughter survive

him. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1868.

ALBERT WAKEFIELD CURTIS, son of Benjamin Franklin and Hannah S. (Wakefield) Curtis, was born in Worcester, Mass., May 29, 1849.

After graduation he began the study of law in the office of Hoar & Nelson in Worcester and in the Harvard Law School, and was admitted to the bar in Worcester in May, 1873. The following year he moved to the neighboring town of Spencer, where for a year and a half he conducted a newspaper, and was Town Clerk for thirty years, Selectman fifteen years, and Library trustee for twenty-eight years. He was a Trustee for many years of the Spencer Savings Bank and for the last year President of the same. In 1893 he was appointed a trial justice, and in 1902 Judge of the District Court of Western Worcester County.

He died of apoplexy at Spencer, March 20, 1907, in his 58th year.

He married, February 21, 1878, Mary R., daughter of Joseph and Mary (Bemis) Morse, of Spencer.

Mrs. Curtis died in 1896, but three daughters and a son survive him. The two elder daughters graduated from Mount Holyoke College in 1905, and the son is a student in Clark College, Worcester, Mass.

AZEL FARNSWORTH HATCH, son of James C. and Charlotte D. (Kidder) Hatch, was born September 6, 1848, at Lisle, Ill., and was three years a student at Oberlin College, entering his class in Yale at the beginning of Senior year.

After graduation he was principal of the Sheboygan (Wisc.) High School a year, then studied law in the office of Shorey & Norton, Chicago, and was admitted to the bar in 1874. Entering the firm of Norton, Hulburd & Hatch,

he continued in partnership with James S. Norton (Y. C. 1865) five years, when he associated himself with Owen F. Aldis (Y. C. 1874), in the firm of Hatch & Aldis. From 1883 to 1894, he was with Thomas B. Bryan in the firm of Bryan & Hatch, and subsequently alone.

Mr. Hatch from time to time filled various offices of the Chicago Bar Association, and the Union League Club, and during his last illness was chosen to the Board of Managers of the Bar Association. In 1895 he published a compilation of the libel laws of the United States and England.

He was one of the founders of the company publishing the *Chicago Herald* and *Evening Post*, and retained his connection from 1881 to 1895. He was also for some years, and until his death, attorney for the *Chicago Daily News*. In the management of a number of other business corporations he took an active part, having organized the Equitable Trust Company and the American Hide and Leather Company.

In the development of public institutions for the higher life of the city he was an efficient aid, having been a trustee of the Chicago Public Library from 1891 to 1900, and President of the board from 1897 to 1899. He was also President of Chicago Nursery and Half-Orphan Asylum.

Mr. Hatch's interest in and love for Yale were well known to all who knew him, and are plainly indicated by the number of Yale men with whom he was at various times and in various ways associated.

He died of hemorrhage of the brain, after a month's illness, at his home in Chicago, November 28, 1906, at the age of 58 years.

Mr. Hatch married, February 5, 1880, Grace, daughter of Daniel M. and Evelyn V. (Trowbridge) Greene of Lisle, Ill., who died in 1886. In June, 1894, he married Elizabeth, daughter of Ansel and Sarah Wright, of Northampton, Mass., who survives him with one son and four daughters. One daughter graduated from Vassar College in 1906.



ROBERT PEACHY MAYNARD, son of Lieut. LaFayette and Mary Eleanor (Green) Maynard, was born in Washington, D. C., July 24, 1849. Before coming to Yale he studied in Union College, San Francisco, and a year and a half each in Oakland and Santa Clara (Cal.) Colleges, and entered his class here in December of Freshman year.

After graduation he was a special student in the Sheffield Scientific School in 1871 and 1876, and during the remainder of his time for about five years he was engaged in field work in surveying near New Haven, on Lake Champlain, on the Texas & Pacific R. R., or at Cache Creek, Idaho. In the spring of 1874 he went to Japan, and from June, 1877, to January, 1880, was Secretary to the California Commissioner of Transportation. In June, 1880, he joined the Northern Pacific Railroad engineering corps, becoming Assistant Engineer in October, 1881, and remained in this service till 1886. In that year he settled in Des Moines, Ia., becoming Secretary of the Lewis Investment Co., but in 1892 he went to Tacoma, Wash., and in 1903 removed to Seattle, Wash., where he died of heart trouble April 24, 1907, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, at Shelburne, Chenango County, N. Y., June 3, 1879, Miss Harriet L. Buell, niece of the wife of Professor Newton, for fifty years in Yale University. She died in 1886, and he married in 1903 Harriet Hutton of Des Moines, Ia., who survives him. There were no children by either marriage.

WILLIAM KNEELAND TOWNSEND, elder son of Hon. James Mulford Townsend, founder of the Townsend prize in the Yale Law School, and Maria Theresa (Clark) Townsend, was born in New Haven, Conn., June 12, 1848.

After his graduation and a year in Europe he entered the Yale Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1874, and after further study winning the degree of Master of Laws in 1878, and Doctor of Civil Law

in 1880. After his admission to the bar in 1874 he was for some years associated with Judge Simeon E. Baldwin. Later with Professor George Watrous (Y. C. 1879) he formed the firm of Townsend & Watrous. For several years he was active in the political life of the city, being elected a member of the Common Council in 1878 and of the Board of Aldermen from 1880 to 1882, and was Corporation Counsel of the city from 1889 to 1891.

In 1881 he was elected Professor of Pleading in the Yale Law School, also giving instruction in Contracts, and upon the foundation of the Edward J. Phelps Professorship of Contracts and Commercial Law in 1887 he was appointed to that chair, substituting for the subject of Pleading those of Admiralty and Sales. His thorough knowledge of the law and ready command of its resources and his consideration of the student's standpoint made him a favorite in the class room.

March 28, 1892 he was appointed Judge of the United States District Court, District of Connecticut, and in 1902 was appointed to the office of Judge of the United States Circuit Court for the Second Circuit, succeeding Judge Shipman (Y. C. 1848). After Judge Townsend's appointment to the latter office his duties obliged him to relinquish instruction in the Law School, but he retained his seat on the Governing Board, and was an active and helpful counselor in the general affairs of the institution.

He published the "New Connecticut Civil Officer" in 1881, which was adopted as a text book in the Law School, contributed to various magazines, and in 1901 wrote a "History of American Law of Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights and Admiralty," four valuable papers for the bicentennial volume of legal studies issued by the Law Faculty.

He continued his duties until a fortnight before his death, which occurred from pulmonary tuberculosis at his home, in New Haven, June 2, 1907, at the age of nearly 59 years. He was a member of the Center Church.

Judge Townsend married July 1, 1874, Mary Leavenworth, daughter of Winston John and Mary (Leavenworth) Trowbridge of New Haven. Mrs. Townsend survives him with one son, George H. Townsend, 2d, a member of the Junior class in the Academical Department. An older son died during his Freshman year in college, and in his memory Judge Townsend established the Winston Trowbridge Townsend prizes in the Freshman class. An only daughter died a short time after her marriage to Dwight Huntington Day (Y. C. 1899). His brother, James Mulford Townsend, LL.B. (Y. C. 1874), has been a Lecturer in the Law School since 1887.

Judge Townsend was universally beloved for his broad democracy, his kindly humor, his unconquerable spirit, and his devotion to the highest ideals of his profession.

## 1872

HENRY PIERCE MALLORY, son of James H. and Sara Bloom (Pierce) Mallory, was born December 2, 1850, at Albany, N. Y., but entered College from Utica, N. Y.

After graduation he was engaged in the banking business, and later in the manufacture of brick, being Treasurer of the Bay State Brick Co., of Boston, Mass. About four or five years ago he retired from business, and resided at Winthrop Highlands, Mass.

He died of apoplexy at Braintree, Mass., August 4, 1906, at the age of 55 years, and was buried in Troy, N. Y. He was unmarried.

GEORGE ATHERTON SPALDING, son of Dr. Alfred Spalding (M.D. Dartmouth 1843) and Rebecca (Seaton) Spalding, was born at Greenup Court House, Ky., January 14, 1849.

After graduation he studied a year at the Harvard Medical School, and two years at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City (now Columbia University), and received from the latter the degree of Doctor of Medicine



in 1875. During his Columbia course he was for two years assistant to the eminent physiologist, Professor John C. Dalton. After spending nearly two years on the staff of St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, he settled in practice in that city. For fifteen years he was Attending Physician at the House of Refuge, Randall's Island, and since 1896 held the same position in St. Luke's Hospital. He early established a reputation for unusual alertness and discernment, and was regarded as one of the most competent physicians of the city.

He died of heart disease at his home in New York City, October 2, 1906, at the age of 57 years. He was a member of the Presbyterian church.

Dr. Spalding married, September 4, 1878, Rebecca Atherton, daughter of the Rev. Josiah G. Davis, D.D. (Y. C. 1836), of Amherst, N. H., who, with one daughter, survives him.

DAVID [JOHNSON HALSTED] WILLCOX, son of Albert Oliver Willcox, a New York merchant, and Ann Elizabeth (Hamilton) Willcox, was born in Flatbush, Long Island, now within the limits of Greater New York, December 12, 1849, and was Valedictorian of the class.

After graduation he took the course in the Columbia Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1874, and then practiced his profession in New York City, for many years as a member of the firm of Opdyke, Willcox & Bristow, and having his offices continuously until 1903 at 20 Nassau Street. For fifteen years his home was at New Brighton, Staten Island, where he was a trustee of the village eight years and President five years—from 1880 to 1885. He was long connected with the Delaware & Hudson Railroad Co. as General Counsel, Vice-President in 1900, and since 1903 as President of the company. He was also President and director of the United Traction Company of Albany, a director and member of the executive committee

of the Southern Pacific Railway Co., and a director of the Union Pacific Railway Co.

His conscientious devotion to the service of the railroad of which he was President broke down his health. He sailed for Naples March 23, hoping to recover his health, but grew worse on the voyage and took the next steamer back to New York, having previously cabled his resignation of the presidency. While returning home on the steamer *Barbarossa* he shot and killed himself in his stateroom, April 24, 1907. He was 57 years of age, and had never married.

He was an occasional contributor of articles to *The Forum* and other periodicals on legal and national questions.

### 1873

EUGENE HOWARD LEWIS, son of Simon Ephraim and Mary Catherine (Harding) Lewis, was born February 7, 1852, in Potosi, Wisc., situated in a mining region, where his father was a lumber dealer, shipper, and general store-keeper. During his Freshman year he was a student in Beloit College, and entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation, while taking his law course in Columbia University he also tutored boys in New York and Tarrytown, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1875, was admitted to the bar in May of that year, and was then in the office of Theodore F. H. Meyer (LL.B. Columbia 1865) and practicing by himself, a year each. June 1, 1876, he became managing clerk of the firm of Carter & Eaton, which was afterward successively Chamberlain, Carter & Eaton, and Chamberlain, Carter & Hornblower. He was a member of the last named firm for three years from October, 1880, but December 1, 1884, with Sherburne Blake Eaton (Y. C. 1862), established the firm of Eaton & Lewis. In the first days of the development of electric lighting,

Mr. Eaton became the counsel of both Mr. Edison and the original group of companies formed to exploit his inventions, and the law firm of Eaton & Lewis for many years had entire charge of the law business of these great interests. After Mr. Eaton withdrew from active practice in 1899, Mr. Lewis continued to carry on the business of the firm under the same name until his death. He was a recognized authority in Corporation law, and was the legal adviser of many large companies, in several of which he was a director, the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company being among the latest.

Mr. Lewis died at his home in New York City of apoplexy, March 1, 1907, at the age of 55 years.

He married, at Rochester, N. Y., March 19, 1897, Amy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas M. Busby. Mrs. Lewis survives him, and of their four children, daughters, three also survive him.

#### 1874

HENRY BEIDLEMAN BASCOM STAPLER, son of James and Maria (Beidleman) Stapler, was born February 24, 1853, at Mobile, Ala. His parents died during his early life, and he entered college under the guardianship of Miss Sarah Stapler, an aunt, from Wilmington, Del.

The year after graduation he was classical instructor in the Hartford (Conn.) High School, and at the same time began his course in the Yale Law School, which he completed in 1876. During his college course he won several prizes in English composition, and at the end of the Second year in the Law School the Jewell Prize for the highest marks in examination. During the second year of his law course he was also instructor in history in the Hopkins Grammar School.

After a clerkship with Fowler & Taylor in New York City, he was admitted to practice in May, 1878, and the following September formed a partnership with his class-



mate, John L. Wood, which continued ten years, after which he practiced alone. From 1891 to 1893 he was Assistant District Attorney of the City and County of New York, and was then with George P. Breckenridge in the law firm of Stapler & Breckenridge.

Mr. Stapler died of pneumonia at his home in Pelham Manor, Westchester County, N. Y., December 1, 1906, at the age of 53 years. He was a vestryman of Christ Church.

He married, November 10, 1880, Helen Louisa, daughter of J. T. and Martha J. Gause, of Wilmington, Del. She survives him with a daughter and three sons.

### 1875

CHARLES WASHBURN CLARK, son of Rev. George Henry Clark, D.D. (Y. C. 1843), and Lucia Blake (Washburn) Clark, was born in Worcester, Mass., October 16, 1851, and spent several years of his boyhood in Darien and Savannah, Ga. He entered college with the Class of 1874, but left at the close of Freshman year and was a member of the Class of 1875 during the third term of Junior year. By vote of the Corporation he was enrolled with the latter class in 1883.

After engaging in journalism in Boston and Worcester, Mass., he studied law in the office of Senator Hoar (Harvard 1846) of the firm of Hoar & Wilson in the latter city, and was admitted to the bar in June, 1876. In 1879-80 he was a student in the Harvard Law School, and subsequently spent several years in study and travel abroad, being a student in Paris of l'Ecole des Sciences Politiques, from which he received the title of *Diplomate* in 1885. He was for some time resident correspondent at Paris of the *Boston Herald*, and during his long residence abroad wrote of his travels for the *Hartford Courant* and other papers. In 1886 he received the degree of Doctor of the Canon and Civil Law (J.U.D.) from Göttingen University, and in 1889 of

Bachelor-en-droit in Paris. The latter year he also won the degree of Doctor of Philosophy at Columbia University.

While in New Haven for the last Commencement, Mr. Clark was taken with pneumonia, and died of heart failure at the New Haven Hospital, July 1, 1906. He was in his 55th year and unmarried. His father's death occurred four months before his own.

By bequest he left a fund for a biennial prize in the Academical Department for the best essay on political morality.

JOHN PATTON, son of Hon. John Patton, a trustee of Dickinson College and Drew Theological Seminary, and Catherine (Ennis) Patton, was born October 30, 1850, at Curwensville, Clearfield County, Pa.

Two years after graduation from college he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from Columbia University, was admitted to the New York bar, and after a summer in Europe settled in Grand Rapids, Mich., in January, 1878. At first he was with Stuart & Sweet, and afterward with Hughes, O'Brien & Smiley, but in September, 1879, opened an office by himself, and had since continued practice.

Inheriting a taste for political matters from his father, who was a Republican member of Congress from Pennsylvania for two terms, he became prominent as an orator in state and national campaigns, was for some time a member of the Republican State Committee and as President of the State League of Republican Clubs in 1891 and 1892 made the organization more effective than before. He declined a nomination to the State Senate in 1884. On the death of Senator Stockbridge he was appointed by the Governor of Michigan to fill the vacancy until the Legislature convened, and held the office from May 5, 1894, till January 23, 1895.

He was Vice-President of the People's Savings Bank of Grand Rapids, was an officer of several social organizations,

and Secretary of the Grand Rapids Yale Alumni Association.

Mr. Patton died at his home in Grand Rapids, May 24, 1907, in the 57th year of his age. Soon after his return from a sojourn in Aiken, S. C., he suffered an attack of pneumonia, which was followed by a lingering illness.

He married, October 1, 1885, Frances Stevens, daughter of Hon. Wilder D. Foster, and had three sons, who with their mother survive him.

### 1876

FRANK SHERMAN BENSON, son of Arthur W. and Jane A. (Marks) Benson, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., September 15, 1854, and entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he took the course in Columbia Law School, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1879. For many years he had devoted his time mostly to study, and to the various organizations of which he was a member. He was a member of the Executive Committee of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, a director of the Brooklyn Hospital and of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, member of the American Numismatic and Archæological Society of New York, Fellow of the Royal Numismatic Society of London, member of the London Society for the Promotion of Hellenic Studies, the American Geographical Society, and other scientific societies, the Grolier Club, the Long Island Historical Society, and many religious organizations, and social and recreation clubs.

Mr. Benson went twice around the world and was otherwise an extensive traveler.

With the exception of the years between 1887 and 1891 when his home was in New York City, he resided continuously in Brooklyn, where he died suddenly of apoplexy, February 28, 1907, in the 53d year of his age.



He married, November 11, 1886, Elizabeth Woodbridge, daughter of Robert and Olivia (Phelps) Hoe, who died in 1889. A daughter survives him.

WILLIAM JAMES WAKEMAN, son of Henry Burr and Esther Meeker (Jennings) Wakeman, was born at Green's Farms, in the town of Westport, Conn., December 30, 1854.

After graduation he spent the first year in medical study at home, then entered the Yale Medical School in 1877 and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1879. The following six months he served in the Connecticut State Hospital, and then practiced his profession in Bridgeport, Conn., two years. In February, 1882, he entered the medical service of the United States Army, the first six months being located at Columbus Barracks, Ohio. He continued in the army to the close of his life, being advanced to the position of Major, and was stationed at many different army posts in succession. He was for a time at Fort Douglas, Utah; Fort Fred Steele and Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.; Fort Sidney, Nebr.; Fort Washakie, Wyo., 1884-March, 1887; Fort Walla Walla, Wash., till November, 1889; Fort Bidwell, in the northeastern corner of California, till 1893; and Fort Thomas, Ky., till 1895. In 1898 he was sent to Chickamauga Park, Ga., but soon after the outbreak of the Spanish War he volunteered for active service in Porto Rico, and took part in all the operations of war on that island. From 1900 to 1902 he was stationed in the Philippine Islands, and since then had been most of the time at Fort Thomas. He died at Fortress Monroe, Va., March 20, 1907, in the 53d year of his age.

He came home from Porto Rico much shattered in health as a result of severe service. His condition necessitated an operation from which the recovery was slow, and he undoubtedly reported for duty too soon. His death was

the ultimate result of severe tropical service. He was a member of the Congregational church in Green's Farms.

Major Wakeman married, July 6, 1882, Mary, daughter of Rev. Benjamin J. and Melissa (DuBois) Relyea of Green's Farms, who survives him with three sons, a daughter having died in infancy. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1887, and the eldest son from the same in 1904.

### 1877

ALPHEUS CLARK HODGES, son of Willard Hodges (Y. C. 1845) and Jane Amy (Bradley) Hodges, was born February 1, 1853, at Brighton, near Rochester, N. Y. After passing his entrance examinations he engaged in business and teaching previous to his college course. In 1876 he was elected one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, of which he was at the same time business manager.

After graduation he began his theological studies in the Yale Divinity School, but left at the end of two months on account of ill health. The following year he resumed his preparation for the ministry, and, after a full course in Hartford Seminary, graduated in 1881. He at once began preaching in Buckland, Mass., was ordained pastor of the Congregational church, November 16, 1881, and continued his service there until November, 1897. For five years he preached also at East Charlemont, a few miles distant in the adjoining town. He was deeply beloved as a pastor, but took unusual interest in denominational affairs outside of his own parish. In 1890 he began the publication of *Our Country Church*, and later *The Connecticut Valley and Berkshire Evangel*, which were effective in promoting the common welfare of the churches. He was one of the main factors in establishing the public library of the town. From December, 1897, he was for nine years pastor of the Congregational church at Canaan Four Corners, N. Y., and also

preached to the Presbyterian church of Canaan Center, N. Y.

A paper prepared by him on "Yale Graduates in Western Massachusetts" was printed in the Proceedings of the New Haven Colony Historical Society of 1887 and 1888. He was Secretary of the Connecticut Valley Congregational Club from 1889 to 1892.

Mr. Hodges died of heart disease at his home at Canaan Four Corners, December 24, 1906, in the 54th year of his age.

He married, May 4, 1893, Elinor Redfern, daughter of Rev. Edmund and Sarah Maria (Redfern) Squire, who survives him with a son and three daughters.

WILLIAM HENRY UPTON, son of Hon. William W. Upton, Chief Justice of Oregon and Comptroller of the Treasury of the United States, was born June 19, 1854, at Weaverville, Trinity County, Cal. His mother was Maria Amanda (Hollister) Upton. After spending part of his boyhood in Sacramento, where his mother died, his father removed in 1865 to Portland, Ore., and from there he entered college.

After graduation he was for nearly three years in the office of Hon. Richard W. Thompson, Secretary of the Navy, in Washington, D. C., and during this time received from Columbian (now George Washington) University the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1879, and Master of Laws in 1880. Early in the latter year he was admitted to the bar there, but in the summer he removed to Walla Walla, Wash., and began the practice of his profession in partnership with an elder brother, Charles B. Upton. He was chosen a member of the City Council in 1888, and of the Territorial Legislature the same year. In October, 1889, he was elected Judge of the Superior Court of Washington, and reelected to that office three years later. Before the



close of his second judicial term, through his attention to public duties and a change in financial conditions, his whole property was lost. Refusing a renomination, he went to Seattle and established the firm of Upton, Arthur & Wheeler, but in 1898 returned to Walla Walla and after a time was again prospered.

For many years he devoted his leisure to genealogical work, and printed the "Upton Family Records" in 1893, a portion of which, presented two years earlier as a thesis, won for him the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1891. He was also greatly interested in the antiquities, symbolism, and teachings of Freemasonry, and published the results of his study in several volumes. He drafted and aided in securing the passage of the Washington State law for free libraries, and was the founder and manager of the valuable Masonic Library of Walla Walla.

Judge Upton died at Walla Walla, November 3, 1906, at the age of 52 years.

He married in Washington, D. C., June 23, 1881, Miss Georgia Louise Bradley, who died on August 8, 1898. Their two sons survive. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1892.

## 1878

HAROLD SHEFFIELD VANBUREN, son of Thomas Broadhead VanBuren, a lawyer and Consul-General to Japan from 1873 to 1883, and Harriet (Sheffield) VanBuren, and grandson of Mr. Joseph Sheffield who endowed the Sheffield Scientific School, was born October 6, 1855, in New York City.

After graduation he was at home most of the time until March, 1880, when he went to Japan as United States Marshal of the District of Kanagawa, with headquarters at Yokohama, and continued in that position five years. In 1887 and 1888 he was a broker and member of the New

York Consolidated Exchange, and from November, 1891, to June, 1894, in the office of the Division Engineer of the Boston & Albany Railroad, at Springfield, Mass. June 11, 1897, he was appointed by President McKinley, United States Consul at Nice, France, and held that office till his decease, which occurred there February 12, 1907, at the age of 51 years.

He married, at Englewood, N. J., October 18, 1888, Anne Moore, daughter of Charles Edmonston and Rebecca Frances (Reed) Thorburn, and had three sons and a daughter, who with Mrs. VanBuren survive him. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1886.

He was buried in the English cemetery at Nice, France.

### 1879

FRANK ELDRIDGE HYDE, younger son of Alvan Pinney Hyde (Y. C. 1845), a distinguished lawyer, and Frances Elizabeth (Waldo) Hyde, and brother of Hon. William Waldo Hyde (Y. C. 1876), formerly Mayor of Hartford, was born January 21, 1858, in Tolland, Conn., but at the age of seven removed with the family to Hartford, Conn.

In college he was a leader in his class, a member of the University crew in 1877 and 1878, and of his class crew two years.

After graduation he studied a year each in the Columbia and Yale Law Schools, receiving from the latter the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1881. He at once entered his father's law office, and was admitted to partnership in the firm of Hubbard, Hyde & Gross, which after the death of Governor Hubbard in 1884 became Hyde, Gross & Hyde. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives for the two sessions of 1887 and 1889. In 1893 he was appointed United States Consul at Lyons, France,

and held that position till his resignation in January, 1897, after which he resided in Paris, associated with the American and International Law Offices about five years, and in the law firm of Valois, Griffin, Hyde & Harper in 1902-1903, and since then of Valois, Hyde & Harper.

Mr. Hyde was President of the Yale Alumni Association of Paris, and regularly presided at its annual dinners. He made several journeys across the ocean expressly to attend the reunions of his class in New Haven.

He died in Paris, December 2, 1906, from an abscess which affected the brain. He was in the 49th year of his age. He was buried at Hartford, Conn.

He married, October 20, 1881, Miss Caroline Adelaide Strong of Hartford. They had no children.

HOLLAND STRATFORD WHITING, son of Francis Holland Nichol Whiting, a manufacturer first resident in Stratford, Conn., and Amanda (Wright) Whiting, was born in New York City, July 31, 1857. He entered college in the Class of 1878, but joined the succeeding class at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation he was with Squire's Woolen Importing Co. in 1880, afterward an actuary of the Germania Fire Insurance Co., and for some years in the family firm of Whiting & Sons, manufacturers of wall paper. He was a Fellow in Perpetuity of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City. He made several trips abroad, and occasionally contributed to *Life* and *Cassell's Magazine*.

Mr. Whiting died in New York City, April 24, 1907, on the surgeon's operating table, of fatty degeneration. He was in his 50th year.

He married, June 20, 1883, Jennie, daughter of Harmon and Laura Ann (Welch) Noble, of Essex, N. Y. She survives him with two daughters and a son.



1880

GEORGE HENRY CLARK, son of Rev. George Henry Clark, D.D., (Y. C. 1843), and Lucia Blake (Washburn) Clark, was born October 14, 1856, in Savannah, Ga., where his father was Rector of St. John's Church. At the outbreak of the Civil War he came North, and resided in Elizabeth, N. J. and for many years in Hartford, Conn.

After graduation he studied law a few months, but January 1, 1881, entered the office of his cousin, John S. H. Clark, of the firm of J. S. H. Clark & Co., of Newark, N. J., dealers in lumber, and became junior partner in the firm April 1, 1882. The business was later conducted under the name of Clark & Co., of which he was Vice-President from 1891 till his decease.

Mr. Clark died of consumption at his home in Newark, N. J., January 21, 1907, in the 51st year of his age. His brother, Charles (Y. C. 1875), died but six months before him, and his father in March, 1906. He was a nephew of Bishop Clark (Y. C. 1831) of Rhode Island.

He married, January 17, 1889, Edith Hunter, daughter of W. F. and Elizabeth Ayers (Heaton) Donaldson, of Philadelphia, who survives him with a son.

1881

HENRY RUPERT EWING, son of Hon. Thomas Ewing, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and Julia Rupert (Hufnagle) Ewing, was born August 12, 1860, in Pittsburg, Pa.

After his college graduation, he studied in the Yale Law School, receiving thence the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1883, when he settled in the practice of his profession in Pittsburg, and continued there till his decease, July 16, 1905. He was in his 45th year, and was not married. He was a member of the Third Presbyterian Church. He was not in public office, but was a useful member of Republican committees.

ROBERT CLARK HINE, son of Charles Sutton and Jane (Van Norden) Hine, was born in Stamford, Conn., June 6, 1860.

After graduation he took the course in Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1883, then practiced in New York City till 1887, when he removed to St. Paul, Minn. There he resided seventeen years, for three years being a member of the firm of Hine & Graves, afterward practicing alone until 1898. From June 1, 1898, to June 1, 1906 he was municipal Judge of that city.

For several years he had sought relief from heart trouble in Florida and on the Pacific coast. He died at Charleston, S. C., November 26, 1906, at the age of 46 years, and was buried in Woodlawn Cemetery, New York City.

Judge Hine married, November 3, 1886, Miss Annie Merion Smith, of Milford, Conn., who died in May, 1887. June 18, 1891, he married, in St. Paul, Mary Evelyn, daughter of John H. Bidleman of St. Paul. She survives him with two sons.

## 1882

FRANK RUNYON GALLAHER, son of Rev. Henry M. Gallagher, LL.D. (Shurtleff Coll. 1861), and Harriet (Runyon) Gallagher, was born August 26, 1856, at Upper Alton, Ill., and entered college from New Haven, Conn., his father being then the noted pastor of the Calvary Baptist Church.

For a large part of the ten years after graduation he was with Otis Brothers & Co., manufacturers of elevators, in New York City, but during this time twice left the company, once to assume charge of a copper mine in Arizona, and later to become partner in a coal company. In 1892 he returned to his father's home in Essex, Conn., to reside. He served on the town board of Assessors for several years, was chairman of the board of Selectmen, and for a number of years was Secretary of the board of School

Visitors. He was a delegate to state and other political conventions, and in 1899 was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, where he won repute as a leader of the Democratic minority. He secured the charter of the Essex Light and Power Company, in the development of which he was active. In 1904 he was Consular Agent at Port St. Marie, Spain. During the last year he was engaged in the automobile business in New York City, where he died of heart disease, October 12, 1906, at the age of 50 years. He was unmarried. His mother and two sisters, one of them a graduate of Vassar College in 1897, survive him.

## 1884

WILLIAM CHARLES McMILLAN, son of Hon. James McMillan, U. S. Senator, and Mary L. (Wetmore) McMillan, was born in Detroit, Mich., March 1, 1861.

After graduation he went abroad and married in St. George's Church, Hanover Square, London, Eng., July 15, 1884, Marie Louise, daughter of Frank N. Thayer of Boston, Mass. In October following he took the position of Secretary of the Michigan Car Co., thoroughly mastered the business, and in 1886 became General Manager of the company. He also held important official positions in many leading manufacturing corporations. He was General Manager of the Detroit Car Wheel Co.; President and General Manager of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Co.; Treasurer and General Manager of the Detroit and Buffalo Steamboat Co.; President of the Michigan Malleable Iron Co., the Detroit Seamless Steel Tubes Co., and Monarch Steel Castings Co.; Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Michigan State Telephone Co., and Union Trust Co.; also director of banks, and officially connected with many other business interests.

Mr. McMillan died after an illness of two months from



pneumonia and heart disease at his home in Detroit, February 21, 1907, at the age of 45 years. He was a member of the Jefferson Avenue Presbyterian Church. A daughter and son, the latter the class boy and an undergraduate student in the Academical Department, with Mrs. McMillan, survive him. A brother (Y. C. 1888) died in 1902, but two other brothers (Y. C. 1894 and Yale 1897 s, respectively), are living.

Mr. McMillan was President of the Yale Alumni Association of Michigan from its formation in January, 1902 to the close of his life.

#### 1886

WILLIAM PARTRIDGE BRANDEGEE, son of Marius Brandegee, a commission broker (Y. C. 1843), and Catharine Amelia (Fountain) Brandegee, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., April 16, 1864, but previous to his college course the family removed to Elizabeth, N. J., where his father died in 1885. During his Senior year he was President of the University Glee Club.

After graduation he took his professional course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1889, and built up a successful practice in New York City. For four years from 1901 he was in partnership with Professor Edward B. Dench, M.D. (Yale 1883 s). He gave special attention to aural surgery, diseases of the throat, nose, and ears, and wrote papers on these topics, which were read before the Academy of Medicine and printed in various journals. He also invented instruments valuable to the profession. During his earlier professional life he was Assistant Surgeon of the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, and the Postgraduate Hospital in New York City, and Consulting Surgeon of the Muhlenberg Hospital at Plainfield, N. J. He was a Fellow

of the American Laryngological, Rhinological, and Otolological Society and of other medical societies.

Dr. Brandegee died of apoplexy in New York City, July 30, 1906, at the age of 42 years.

He married, December 27, 1888, Caroline, daughter of Charles O. and Rebecca (Bispham) Morris, of Elizabeth, N. J., who survives him with a daughter and two sons.

Dr. Brandegee was at his death an active member of the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas of New York City, having in his earlier life been twice Vestryman in the Episcopal church. He greatly enjoyed the association and pleasant work of the University Glee Club of New York, of which he was President in 1906.

HENRY EWING HORD, son of Oscar B. Hord, formerly Attorney-General of Indiana, and Mary Josephine (Perkins) Hord, was born August 10, 1865, in Indianapolis, Ind.

After graduation he studied law with Baker & Daniels, but repeated effort has brought little further information regarding him. During the latter part of his life he had no regular business and was in ill health. He died at St. Vincent's Hospital, Indianapolis, March 12, 1907, in the 42d year of his age. He was unmarried.

## 1887

DWIGHT ELIOT BOWERS, son of Hon. Caleb Bailey and Fanny Maria (Cutler) Bowers, was born at Claremont, N. H., March 18, 1866, but the following year the family moved to New Haven, where he lived throughout his life and was closely identified with the varied interests of the city.

For many years he had taken special interest in matters of local history, and the year of his graduation, and for a number of years after, was Librarian and Curator of the

New Haven Colony Historical Society. Since then, as one of its directors, he had devoted his time most generously to the society, giving special attention to the increase and arrangement of its library. He was also a member of the Connecticut Historical Society and the New England Historic-Genealogical Society, and at the time of his death was writing a genealogical history.

In April, 1899, he formed with his father the insurance firm of C. B. Bowers & Son, and previous to 1900 was for a number of years Secretary of the New Haven Fire Underwriters Association. He enjoyed opportunities of extensive travel in Europe and the West Indies.

Entering the Junior Class in the Yale Law School in 1891, he graduated therefrom in 1893, was admitted to the bar the same year, and had since then practiced his profession in New Haven.

By appointment of the Governor in 1899 he was a member of the Connecticut Commission of Public Records, and he prepared a considerable part of its first Report, continuing to serve until the termination of the Commission in 1903.

In 1891 he joined the Connecticut National Guard as a private in the New Haven Grays, and during sixteen years of service was many times promoted, retiring shortly before his decease from the office of Paymaster of the Second Regiment, with the rank of Captain.

Mr. Bowers died very suddenly of meningitis at his home in New Haven, April 9, 1907, at the age of 41 years. He was unmarried. His mother, a sister, and two brothers, graduates of the Academical Department in 1874 and 1879, respectively, survive him. The younger of the surviving brothers has for several years been a Lecturer in the Yale Forest School.



## 1888

HENRY WHITING BOIES, son of Henry Martyn Boies (Y. C. 1859) by his first wife, Emma G. (Brainerd) Boies, was born in Scranton, Pa., February 5, 1867.

After graduation he was engaged in business in many different places, being for ten years connected with the Moosic Powder Co., of which his father was President for over thirty years, and afterwards with the Repauno Chemical Co., in Boston.

He died of paresis after a long period of illness, June 27, 1906, at the Pennsylvania Hospital in Philadelphia. He was 39 years of age.

He married Miss Anna L. Richardson, who survives him.

## 1890

HARRIMAN WILLIS LEE, son of James H. and Lucretia M. Lee, was born in Buffalo, N. Y., March 6, 1868. In his Senior year he was President of the Yale Glee Club.

After graduation he was engaged in the lumber and other business a few years, when his physical condition compelled his retirement from a promising career, and he spent much time in travel.

He married, at Las Vegas Hot Springs, N. M., August 15, 1900, Nina Mary, daughter of Dr. David S. Perkins, and settled in Pasadena, Cal., but during the last few months of his life he was in Arizona, where he died at Phoenix, May 4, 1907, at the age of 39 years.

CHARLES FRANCIS SMALL, son of David and Sarah (English) Small, was born July 11, 1869, in Pawtucket, R. I., and graduated as Valedictorian of his class.

After graduation he studied a year in the Graduate Department, and was then in the office of the Marlin Fire Arms Co., in New Haven, until August, 1897. For nearly

two years following he was with the J. Stevens Arms and Tool Co., Chicopee, Mass., and then for a time with the Colt Patent Fire-Arms Manufacturing Co., Hartford, Conn. Since January 1, 1905, he had been connected with the Vacuum Oil Co., of New York City, for which he traveled through various countries of Europe, residing the last two years of his life in Paris, France, where he died after a short illness, April 27, 1907, at the age of 37 years.

He married, May 25, 1902, Matilde Quiñones, who survives him with an infant daughter.

### 1893

SHERWOOD BISSELL IVES, son of Brayton Ives (Y. C. 1861), and Ellen A. (Bissell) Ives, was born in New York City, December 30, 1870, and prepared for college at Groton School, Groton, Mass. During Freshman year he won a place on the University Crew, and in Senior year was Captain of the crew, rowing with an ease and power seldom combined. With an unusually independent nature he was at the same time sympathetic, and his personal qualities gave him a popularity throughout the University such as few have enjoyed.

After graduation he studied medicine three years in Columbia University, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1896. He then spent two years as an interne in the Presbyterian Hospital, taking a friendly interest in the many patients under his care, but the hard work of the summer of 1898, due to a great number of cases of sunstroke and to the overcrowding of the hospital with returning soldiers of the Spanish-American war, began to affect his health. On the completion of his term of service he commenced practice in New York City, and was at the same time on the teaching staff of Cornell Medical School and the attending staff of Lincoln Hospital. His prospects were unusually bright, but in 1900 his health failed, and

after spending a few months as Assistant to Dr. Trudeau at his Saranac Lake Sanitarium, he went to New Mexico, where he enjoyed the life of a ranch and practiced among the ranchmen and their families, in whose esteem he gained a high place.

Dr. Ives died at Datil, N. M., February 16, 1907, of peritonitis due to a wound from the accidental discharge of a revolver. He was 36 years of age.

GEORGE GREENE MARTIN, son of George Martin, a grain merchant, was born February 22, 1871, in New Orleans, La., but in early life removed to St. Louis, Mo. His mother was Lorinda Isabella (Greene) Martin. During his last year in college he was a member of the Senior Promenade Committee.

After graduation he spent a year with the National Bank of Commerce in St. Louis, and the next year was in the employ of the United States Internal Revenue Department. In 1895 he entered the service of the American Telephone and Telegraph Co., at Indianapolis, Ind., and was advanced to the position of General Manager of the long distance lines there, and later to an office of larger responsibility at St. Louis. In 1899 he was placed in charge of the Arkansas and Texas Division of the company's system, and remained in this position until ill health obliged him to give up his work in the latter part of 1906.

Mr. Martin died of tuberculosis at his home in Webster Groves, a suburb of St. Louis, February 24, 1907, at the age of 36 years.

HENRY CROSBY STETSON, son of Isaiah and Sarah (Griffin) Stetson, was born at Bangor, Me., February 1, 1869.

After graduation from college he took the course in Harvard Law School, from which he received the degree



of Bachelor of Laws in 1896, and for special studies in history he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale University in 1899.

He was admitted to the Maine bar, also to the Suffolk (Mass.) bar in 1898, and engaged in the practice of law in Boston, Mass., taking up his residence in Cambridge, where he was most efficient in the cause of good government in that city. He was a member of the committee which formed the Non-Partisan municipal party, and for the last three years had been a member of the Common Council, where his service on several committees was of special value. In 1907 he was President of the Council. With many other interests of the city he was identified, being one of the incorporators of the Cambridge Savings Bank, a director of the Young Men's Christian Association, and one of the executive committee and Treasurer of St. John's Memorial Chapel. He was Secretary of the Yale Alumni Association of Boston from 1902 to 1907, and Secretary and Treasurer of the Yale Club of Boston from 1904 to 1907.

Mr. Stetson died suddenly of apoplexy at his home in Cambridge, April 16, 1907, at the age of 38 years.

He married, July 8, 1899, Eleanor Morland, daughter of Rev. Frederick Morland Gray, of Albany, N. Y., who survives him with a son and daughter.

#### 1894

ALPHONSO BICKFORD BROWN, son of Hon. Elisha Rhodes Brown, a banker of Dover, N. H., was born in that city, January 23, 1872. His mother was Frances (Bickford) Brown, youngest daughter of Dr. Alphonso Bickford of Dover.

During two years of his college course he was Superintendent of the Yale Mission in New Haven, located first in Grand Avenue and then in East Street.

The summer after graduation he was with Dr. Frederick A. Cook's Arctic Expedition and had most interesting

experiences, although the ship *Miranda* was wrecked off the coast of Greenland and the results of the adventure were not what were hoped for.

In 1898 he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from Harvard University, and served eighteen months in the Boston City Hospital. He then settled in the practice of his profession in Newburyport, Mass., where he was also a member of the staff of the Anna Jaques Hospital and President of the Newburyport Young Men's Christian Association.

He was apparently gaining strength after an operation for appendicitis, when he died suddenly at Newburyport, October 17, 1906, at the age of 34 years. He was a member of the First Church, Dover, N. H.

He married, October 3, 1899, Edith Lawrence, daughter of the late Hon. William H. Huse, publisher of the Newburyport (Mass.) *Herald*, and of Laura (Hayes) Huse, who survives him, with a daughter.

### 1895

HENRY DOUGLAS PARMELEE, son of Andrew Yelverton and Sarah Elizabeth (Farren) Parmelee, was born in Erie, Pa., July 4, 1870, but moved with his parents to New Haven in 1871.

Two years after graduation he received the degree of Master of Arts on examination from Yale University, but his time was mainly devoted to various business enterprises. He was Editor and Manager of *Business* in 1896, Director of the Union Hat Company, Secretary of the McGall-Ives-Agar Hat Curling Machine Company, and at the head of the firm of H. D. Parmelee & Company, hat manufacturers, in New York City.

Mr. Parmelee died of typhoid fever, after an illness of about three weeks, at his home in New York City, October 25, 1906, at the age of 36 years.

He married, December 31, 1898, Gussie A., daughter of William B. and Florence (Ayer) Thom of New York City, who survives him with three daughters.

## 1896

FREDERIC HUNTINGTON MATHISON, son of Robert Lauder Mathison (Wesl. 1860) and Kate S. (Roberts) Mathison, and grandson of Robert Mathison (Wesl. 1840), was born December 5, 1873, in Bridgeport, N. Y., a village of Madison County, about twelve miles northeast of Syracuse, where his father was then stationed as the Methodist pastor, although he soon afterward entered the Protestant Episcopal ministry. The son was prepared for college at the New Haven High School.

After graduation he at once entered the Berkeley Divinity School, and while a student there as a lay reader he took up work in Shelton, holding the first service Easter Sunday, 1897. Soon after his ordination as a Priest he became Rector of the Church of The Good Shepherd in Shelton, where he devoted his energies without reserve to organizing and forwarding every form of church interest. Largely through his efforts the present stone edifice was erected, but the strain of overwork undermined his health, and, although in 1905 he spent a long vacation in the Holy Land and the Orient with benefit, he was stricken with partial paralysis early in 1906, and died at Shelton, August 24, in his 33d year. He was unmarried. A brother, also a clergyman in the Protestant Episcopal Church, graduated from Yale College in 1893.

## 1898

ARTHUR HENRY BARTLETT, son of Henry Luther and Anna J. Bartlett, was born in Plainville, Conn., June 2, 1877, and supported himself during his college course.

After graduation he devoted himself to teaching, and in



preparation for this spent a year in the study of English in the Graduate School. He was then a private tutor in Millington, N. J., a year, and Instructor in the Bethlehem (Pa.) Preparatory School two years, after which he spent two additional years in the study of English in the Graduate School in New Haven. He subsequently went to St. Paul, Minn., as a private tutor, and later to Daytona, Fla., where he continued to teach until ill health compelled him to resign. He died of tuberculosis at his home in Plainville, Conn., May 3, 1906, in the 29th year of his age. He was a member of the Plainville Congregational Church.

JOHN RILEY LIVERMORE, son of Charles Frederic and Emma (Riley) Livermore, was born in New York City, February 21, 1876.

After graduation he spent some months in the real estate business, then entered the New York Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1903. In June of that year he was admitted to the New York bar, and practiced his profession in that city until shortly before his death, which occurred from Bright's disease, May 1, 1906. His age was 30 years.

He married, December 14, 1898, Josephine Whitney, daughter of Henry Mortimer and Josephine (Higgins) Brooks, who survives him with a daughter and son.

OSCAR LOEWI, son of Valentine and Fanny (Brill) Loewi, was born in New York City, November 26, 1876. After graduation he entered the New York Law School, was admitted to the bar in 1900, and was then in the office of Lachmann & Goldsmith. About 1902 he formed a partnership with his classmate Robert H. Gay and Philip J. Ross under the name of Gay, Loewi & Ross, from which Mr. Ross retired in 1905.

Mr. Loewi was active in politics, and declined the Republican nomination to the New York Assembly offered

him in 1905. He was kindly in disposition and widely popular.

He died suddenly at the home of his brother-in-law, Dr. Alexis V. Moschowitz, August 2, 1906, in the 30th year of his age.

### 1899

JOHN BROWN ADAMS, son of William and Helen (Coolidge) Adams, was born at Scarsdale, Westchester County, N. Y., June 19, 1877. He was a grandson of Rev. William Adams, D.D., LL.D. (Y. C. 1827), Professor and President of Union Theological Seminary, and great-grandson of John Adams (Y. C. 1795), for many years Principal of Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. He was prepared for college at the Lawrenceville (N. J.) School and at the Cutler School, New York City, and while in college was an editor of the *Yale Record*, and at graduation one of the class historians.

He spent the summer after graduating and the summer of 1900 abroad. In the fall of 1899 he entered the Columbia Law School, and since receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws and being admitted to the bar in 1902 had practiced his profession in New York City. Three of his four brothers graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School, respectively in 1891, 1895, and 1901.

Mr. Adams died of pneumonia at his home in New York City, April 3, 1907, in the 30th year of his age. He was not married.

### 1900

WARNER MOODY, son of Hon. Gideon Curtis and Helen C. (Elliot) Moody, was born in Yankton, S. D., November 3, 1876. His father was a native of Cortland, N. Y., settled in Dakota in 1864, was Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory five years, United States Senator from South Dakota from 1885 to 1891, and a resident of Deadwood until his decease in 1904. The son

entered college from Deadwood, and after graduation engaged in business there, also studying law in Deadwood, in the office of his father. In April, 1905, he removed to Casper, Wyo., thence to Shoshone, Wyo., where he was Town Attorney.

Mr. Moody was shot from ambush and killed July 20, 1906, while returning from a neighbor's, it is thought by gamblers whom he had compelled to leave the town. He was in his 30th year.

He married, in June, 1905, Carrie, daughter of Fred P. Candee, who survives him. They had no children.

HARRY GRANVILLE SANDERS, son of Frank L. and Emma J. (Booth) Sanders, was born in Concord, N. H., September 15, 1877.

After graduation he taught two years in King's School, Stamford, Conn., and a year as a private tutor abroad, after which he studied law in the office of Luce & Davis in New York City, and in the New York Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1905 and being admitted to the bar the same year, and had begun a most promising professional career, making a specialty of patent law.

Mr. Sanders died at Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, October 5, 1906, after an illness of a week from blood-poisoning proceeding from a swelling in the nature of a boil. He had been on a vacation with his classmate, Dr. George H. Whipple, on Chesapeake Bay, and on his way home was taken ill. He was 29 years of age and unmarried. He was a member of the First Congregational Church of Concord, N. H.

#### 1901

JAMES LOUIS FISKE, son of William O. and Adaline (Potter) Fiske, was born December 11, 1872, at South Killingly, Conn.



After graduation he went at once to the Philippine Islands as a teacher in the Island of Leyte, and was at first at Palo. In appreciation of the excellence of his work he was made Division Superintendent of Education of the Province of Leyte in 1904, residing at Tacloban. He organized the first High School, which is attended by boys and girls from distant towns.

Mr. Fiske died of dysentery at the Military Hospital, Camp Bumpus, Tacloban, July 21, 1906, in the 34th year of his age.

He married, February 28, 1905, Ethel F., daughter of Frank W. Prince of New Haven, Conn., who survives him.

SYLVESTER DAVID POWELL, son of Charles Sherman and Mary E. (Fisher) Powell, was born March 1, 1874, at Easton, Conn., and was prepared for college at the academy in that town.

After graduating with high rank he was Instructor in Economics and History in the Pennsylvania State College a year, and since the summer of 1902 had lived most of the time at his home in Easton, teaching as long as his health permitted.

He died of tuberculosis at his home in Easton, August 4, 1906, at the age of 32 years. He was a member of the Easton Baptist Church.

GEORGE SCHLEY STILLMAN, son of Joseph Frederick Stillman, a sugar refiner, and Eliza (Schley) Stillman, was born in Brookline, Mass., December 13, 1879. He took his preparatory studies in St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and during his college course acquired wide reputation as an athlete. He was one of the finest tackles who ever played on a Yale team, and played in that position on the University Football team three years. In Freshman year he rowed on his class crew, won his "Y" in throwing

the hammer, and was held in especially high regard by his classmates as an all-round athlete. After the close of his college career he continued his strong interest in college athletics, and made a practice of coming to New Haven each fall to help in coaching and developing the Football team.

His business occupation after graduation was banking, and he was at first with Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., and afterward a member of the banking firm of Rosen, Stillman & Co.

Mr. Stillman died after a brief illness from meningitis at his home in New York City, March 15, 1907, in the 28th year of his age.

He married, April 24, 1906, Estelle, daughter of George Harrison and Katherine (Hawley) Barbour, of Detroit, Mich., who survives him.

#### 1904

LATHROP SMITH, son of William Medill Smith, was born at the family summer home in Bridgehampton, Long Island, N. Y., July 2, 1882, but was prepared for college at the Taft School, Watertown, Conn., and entered from Kansas City, Mo., where his father was a lawyer in the claim department of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad. His mother was Fannie (Lathrop) Smith, daughter of John Hiram Lathrop, LL.D. (Y. C. 1819), for many years President of the University of Missouri, and Hon. Gardiner Lathrop (Y. C. 1869) was an uncle.

After graduation he spent a year in the Kansas City Law School and in a law office, and in the fall of 1905 entered the Columbia Law School, where he was enthusiastic, thorough, and successful in his work, and as wherever known was highly esteemed by many friends for his manly character, his good fellowship, and his high ideals.

His sudden death by his own hand at the Grand Union Hotel, New York City, January 23, 1907, was attributed

to a sudden loss of mental balance due to the effects of a severe fall, while on the coast of Maine some time before. He was 24 years of age and unmarried.

## 1905

HARRY HOWARD LOUDENSLAGER, son of Henry Clay Loudenslager, for many years a member of Congress from New Jersey, and Katherine Locke (Salisbury) Loudenslager, was born at Paulsboro, Gloucester County, N. J., June 17, 1883, and fitted for college at the Lawrenceville (N. J.) School. He entered Yale with the Class of 1904, but left in Freshman year, and the following year joined the Class of 1905 at the beginning of its course. He was one of the editors of the *Yale Daily News*, and was especially interested in swimming, being Vice-President of the Swimming Association in Junior year.

After graduation he was in the employ of the Adams Express Co., but was obliged to give up work in the fall of 1906. He spent the winter in the South, but died of the grip at his home in Paulsboro, March 16, 1907, in the 24th year of his age.

## 1906

WARREN EDWARD PRICE, son of Charles W. Price, a member of the Conrad-Price Cattle Co., and Mary Blanche (Conrad) Price, was born September 7, 1884, at Fort Benton, Mont., and prepared for college at the Shattuck School, Faribault, Minn.

After graduation he planned to enter the Harvard Law School, but at Portland, Ore., underwent a surgical operation which left him very weak. He rallied sufficiently to start for his home at Los Angeles, Cal., where he died of cancer, December 13, 1906, at the age of 22 years. He was buried in that city.



RICHARD FARRAND WILLIAMS, son of Richard P. and Olive Curtis (Farrand) Williams, was born October 17, 1883, in Detroit, Mich. While in college he was deeply interested in and active in its religious life.

After graduation he entered the wholesale drug business of Farrand, Williams & Clark, of which his father was President, and was working hard, as was characteristic, when he was seized with meningitis, of which he died in less than a week, February 21, 1907. He was 23 years of age, and unmarried. In the First Presbyterian Church, of which he was a most useful member, his many attractive qualities made him a universal favorite.

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1840

FRANCIS AUGUSTUS BREWSTER, son of William Augustus Brewster (*hon.* M.D. Yale 1830) and Lucy (Chamberlin) Brewster, was born July 18, 1817, at Hampton, Windham County, Conn. He studied medicine with his father, and, previous to entering the Medical School, he married, September 27, 1838, Abby, daughter of Laban Fisher, of Killingly, Conn.

He practiced his profession in Connecticut and Massachusetts, but, owing to his health, he could not endure the hardships of a physician's life and accordingly he went South and in October, 1898, settled in Brunswick, Ga. For a considerable time he was in poor health and resided in Crescent, Ga., but did not practice there, being, however, engaged in the life insurance business for a time. He died at the home of his son in Crescent, September 16, 1906, at the age of 89 years. His three daughters are all deceased, but a son and grandson (M.D. Univ. Ga. 1900) survive. He was a member of the Presbyterian church.

1853

WILLIAM HUNTINGTON LEONARD, only child of Dexter Melancthon and Electa (Owen) Leonard, and grandson of Dr. Recompense Leonard, a successful and progressive physician of Ashford and Chaplin, Conn., and Eunice (Huntington) Leonard, was born December 2, 1825, in Mansfield, Conn. Previous to entering the Yale Medical School he studied with his preceptor, Dr. Orrin Witter, Sr., of Chaplin, Conn., and in the Medical Department of the University of New York.

After his graduation he practiced his profession two years in Orangeville, Wyoming County, N. Y., but in 1855 removed to Minneapolis, Minn.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted as Assistant Surgeon in the Fifth Minnesota Regiment, of which Archbishop Ireland was Chaplain, and after three years of service was mustered out as Surgeon with the rank of Major.

In addition to a large practice as a physician he was closely connected with the beginnings of many important institutions. With Thomas Gardner he established in May, 1860, the first wholesale and retail drug business in the city. He was the first health officer of the city, for nearly twenty-five years a member of the State Board of Health, and in connection with the latter an examining member of the Medical Faculty of the State University. He was one of the organizers of the Hennepin County Medical Society and of the Hahnemann Medical Society of that county, an original member and three times President of the Minnesota State Homœopathic Institute, a charter member of the American Institute of Homœopathy, and a member of the International Hahnemann Association. He was a member of the first State Lunacy Commission, and prominent in the establishment of the State Board of Charities.

He was one of the original members of Plymouth Congregational Church, of which he was twenty years a deacon.

In the late '70's he became interested in the doctrines of Swedenborg, attending the New Jerusalem Church there, and soon joining it. In recent years he withdrew from all church connection.

Dr. Leonard died after a year's illness from a complication of troubles at his home in Minneapolis, April 29, 1907, at the age of 81 years.

He married, October 11, 1853, Jane Augusta, daughter of Earl Clapp and Harriet (Fox) Preston, of Eastford, Conn. She died in 1885, and he afterwards married Mrs. Josephine Charlotte Kehoe, daughter of Dr. John Adams and Huldah (Stiles) Wakeman, who survives him with a daughter and a son (M.D. Hahnemann Med. Coll. 1879). A son died in infancy.



## 1856

GEORGE BERIAH BOUTON, son of Stephen and Harriette (Bradley) Bouton, was born April 27, 1828, at Troy, N. Y., but sudden necessity took him from school life, and he was in the hardware store of his uncle, Edward Bradley, in New Haven, then with Edward Corning & Co. in New York City several years.

After finishing his course in the Yale Medical School and studying in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), he was then New York Examining Surgeon and Deputy Coroner nine years. In 1865 he removed to Westport, Conn., where he practiced his profession until his retirement in 1888. He was a leader in the Democratic party of the town for several years. About 1870 he spent a year as surgeon to Gen. William Walker's expedition to Central America.

Dr. Bouton died at the Odd Fellows' Home, St. Augustine, Fla., November 6, 1905, at the age of 77 years.

He married, April 28, 1861, Mary Frances, daughter of Andrew C. Nash of Westport. They had no children.

He was for fifteen years a vestryman of Christ Church.

## 1860

JOHN WILLIAM BARKER, son of William Barker (M.D. Yale 1828) and Dency (Butler) Barker, was born in New York City, September 5, 1835, and took his preparatory course in Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced his profession in New York City, Waverly, O., and then in New Haven for about twenty-five years, and since then in Woodbridge, Conn. During the early years of his practice in New Haven he held the position of Health Officer of the Port. He retired about 1900, but continued to act as Medical Examiner of Woodbridge to the close of his life. He made a special study of malarial diseases.

Dr. Barker died at his home in Woodbridge, Conn., February 16, 1907, in the 72d year of his age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church.

He married, February 14, 1860, Rachel Prindle, daughter of Sherman Prindle Woodward, a farmer of Watertown, Conn. She survives him with two sons and four of their five daughters, one daughter having died in 1886. The younger son graduated from the Yale Law School in 1895, and one of the daughters from Colorado College in 1907. Another of the daughters married George Augustus Hulett (Princeton Univ. 1892), Assistant Professor of Physical Chemistry in Princeton University.

TIMOTHY HUGGINS BISHOP, son of Ebenezer Huggins Bishop, M.D. (Y. C. 1826), and Hannah Maria (Lewis) Bishop, and grandson of Timothy Bishop (Y. C. 1796) and Esther (Huggins) Bishop, was born in New Haven, Conn., March 8, 1837.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he continued to reside in New Haven, and for twenty-five years was Secretary of the New Haven Hospital and one of its consulting physicians, taking the same deep interest in its welfare as his father, who was President from 1872 to 1880. He was a member of the New Haven Colony Historical Society, the American Archæological Society, and of several patriotic societies and social clubs.

Dr. Bishop died of pneumonia at his home in New Haven, December 25, 1906, in the 70th year of his age.

He married, June 1, 1864, Jane Maria, daughter of Rev. Lorenzo Thompson Bennett, D.D. (Y. C. 1825), long rector of Christ Church, Guilford, Conn., and Marina B. (Smith) Bennett, who survives him with two sons and a daughter. Their sons graduated from the Academical Department in 1886 and 1890, respectively, and their daughter married John Walcott Thompson, M.L. (Dartmouth 1895; LL.B. Yale 1897). The elder son is Instructor in Pediatrics in the Yale Medical School.

1864

HENRY STUART TURRILL, last surviving of the eight children of Minor and Katharine (Stuart) Turrill, was born September 8, 1842, in New Milford, Conn. Before entering the Medical School he taught in his native town two years, and studied medicine in the office of Dr. Gamaliel St. John a year. A few months after beginning his medical course in New Haven he was appointed a Medical Cadet in the United States Volunteers, January 8, 1863, and served in the Knight General Hospital a year, continuing his studies until graduation.

Immediately afterward he was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the Seventeenth Connecticut Volunteers, and was at the siege of Fort Sumter and Charleston. While in charge of the sick and wounded in the field in Florida he was taken prisoner by the Confederates and held for seven months in Macon, Savannah, and Charleston. Upon his release in November, 1864, he returned to his regiment in Florida, where he was in several small battles. He was Health Officer of Jacksonville and in command of the General Hospital at that place until July, 1865. The next month he returned with his regiment to Connecticut and was mustered out of service at New Haven, August 25.

In 1870 he entered the regular army as Acting Assistant Surgeon, and served on the frontier nearly twenty-five years, and was engaged in eight hard Indian battles. Upon examination he was successively appointed Assistant Surgeon in 1874, Captain in 1880, and Major in 1893. From 1892 to 1896 he was in command of the School of Instruction for the Hospital Corps at Fort Riley, Kans. In October, 1898, he was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel and Chief Surgeon of Volunteers, and placed in charge of the Fourth Corps, numbering over 35,000 troops. In 1900 he was ordered to the Philippines as Chief Surgeon of the Department of the Visayas. June 28, 1902, he was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel and Deputy Surgeon General, and the



following October was placed in charge of the purchases and disbursements of the Medical Department of the Army, and of the Sanitary Department of the Canal Construction on the Isthmus of Panama, and discharged the important duties of these positions satisfactorily for four years. In March, 1906, he was appointed Brigadier-General by President Roosevelt, and placed on the retired list March 30, 1906.

Since then he had been engaged on a work relating to the Bicentennial Celebration of his native town, and while on business in connection with this matter in New York City, he died suddenly of heart disease in the offices of the Grafton Press, May 24, 1907, in the 65th year of his age.

General Turrill married, October 17, 1877, Marion Cornelia, daughter of Cornelius Hanford Schapps, M.D., who survives him with two daughters.

### 1865

GEORGE BOICE DURRIE, son of George Henry Durrie, an artist, several of whose paintings are in the Lenox Library, New York City, and formerly residing on Temple Street, New Haven, Conn., was born in that city, October 9, 1842. His mother was Sarah Amelia (Perkins) Durrie. Previous to his medical course he studied in the Hopkins Grammar School.

He entered the Medical School in 1861, but was absent nine months during the year 1862-63 with the Twenty-seventh Connecticut Regiment, and finished his course in 1865.

After graduation he practiced his profession in New York City during the remainder of his life. For varying periods he was Visiting Physician to the Metropolitan and Hahnemann Hospitals, and Examining Physician for the New York Board of Education. He inherited his father's artistic ability, and a number of his paintings are the treasured possessions of friends.

Dr. Durrie died of muscular degeneration of the heart in New York City, June 1, 1907, in the 65th year of his age.

He married in New York City, June 24, 1869, Geraldine Margaret, daughter of Dr. Alexis Léon, and had three sons and three daughters, of whom the two younger daughters are deceased.

### 1866

GEORGE RUBENS SHEPHERD, son of Professor Forrest Shepherd (Y. C. 1827) and Sophia W. (Storer) Shepherd, was born in New Haven, Conn., December 9, 1842.

During his course in the Yale Medical School he gained much surgical experience in the care of wounded soldiers in the Knight (now New Haven) Hospital.

After graduation Dr. Shepherd practiced his profession three years in New Haven, then resided in Collinsville, Conn., for ten years, acquiring an extensive practice in Canton and surrounding towns. In 1879 he went to Hartford, where he was highly esteemed as a physician, and was active in helping the welfare of the city in many important ways.

Since 1880 he had been Medical Director of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company. For varying periods he was President of the Hartford City Medical Society, of the Hartford County Medical Society, and of the Association of Life Insurance Medical Directors. He was a trustee of the Hunt Memorial Building of the Hartford City Medical Society, a consulting physician at the Hartford Hospital, and a member of the Board of Visitors to the Retreat for the Insane.

From 1900 he had been Lecturer on Life Insurance Examinations in the Yale Medical School, and was also a member of the Advisory Board of the *Yale Medical Journal*.

Dr. Shepherd was a trustee of the Hartford Theological Seminary, a deacon of the Center Church, and since the organization of the Hartford Archæological Society had

been its President. As a member of the High School Committee and the Board of School Visitors he rendered useful service.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Hartford, April 6, 1907, in the 67th year of his age.

Dr. Shepherd married, in 1868, Miss Helen Frances Peck of Philadelphia, who survives him with a son (Y. C. 1892), and a daughter. Two children died in infancy.

### 1893

FREDERIC STANLEY COWLES, son of Alvin Birnie and Virginia H. (Hallock) Cowles, was born at Rome, N. Y., September 5, 1869, and was a student in Hobart College two years, after which he read law two years in the office of McMahon & Curtin, but in October, 1890, he entered the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he practiced four years in New York City, but in 1903 settled in Essex, Conn., where he died of a complication of diseases February 12, 1907, at the age of 37 years.

He married, April 25, 1894, Flora Ray, daughter of Sylvester E. Brainard of New Haven, who survives him with a daughter and two sons. He was a member of the vestry of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, Essex.

### 1897

WILLIAM MYRON WEAVER, son of Thomas Snell Weaver, Superintendent of Schools in Hartford, and Delia (Chipman) Weaver, was born July 2, 1871, in Worcester, Mass., and took his preparatory studies in the Hartford High School.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School, he was in the Lackawanna Hospital and St. Christopher's Hospital in Philadelphia, and then practiced his profession in Hartford



for about five years. Owing to overwork his health gave way, and while suffering from nervous disorder he took his own life at Central Islip, L. I., N. Y., December 16, 1906. He was 35 years of age. He was buried in Willimantic, Conn.

Dr. Weaver married in New York City, August 25, 1903, Miss Julia Frances Bartlett, who survives him without children. He was a member of the Windsor Avenue Congregational Church in Hartford.

### 1903

JOSEPH ABRAHAM LOEB, son of Isaac and Jennie Loeb, was born December 19, 1876, in New Haven, Conn., and graduated from the Hillhouse High School in 1897.

After receiving his degree from the Department of Medicine he settled in the practice of his profession in Stamford, Conn., and died there of typhoid fever, February 24, 1907, in his 31st year.

He married, March 11, 1906, Carolyn, daughter of Sigmund Loewenbaum, of New Haven, who survives him. They had no children.

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1850

STANLEY GEORGE FOWLER, son of Remus Marcus Fowler, M.D. (*hon.* M.A. Yale 1834) and Mary (Miller) Fowler, was born in Washington, Conn., April 16, 1828.

After graduation he was engaged in journalism for many years, first on a New York daily paper, and then on the *Western Trail*, a Chicago periodical of reputation in the Middle West in the earlier days. For many years he was well-known in his profession, and was for a considerable time Editor and Proprietor of the *Western Railroad Gazette*, the *Chicago Railway Review*, and the *Denver (Col.) Mirror*. He was Managing Editor of the *Leadville (Col.) Daily Democrat*, and for some time Advertising Manager for the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, and the Seaboard Airline Railway. He also edited the *Graphic Illustrated History of the Chicago World's Fair*. He was recently employed for several years in the Post Office Department at Washington, D. C. In February, 1907, he went to Los Angeles, Cal., where he died May 15, at the age of 79 years. After cremation his ashes were laid in the cemetery at his native place.

He married in Wisconsin, in 1890, Miss Kittie Stevens. A son, now a lad, survives him.

DENNIS TUTTLE, son of Leverett and Electa (Kimberly) Tuttle, was born in Hamden, Conn., March 19, 1826, and received his early education in the Cheshire (Conn.) Academy.

After graduation from the Law School he practiced law in New Haven four or five years, and was then in Iowa and Wisconsin, in the latter state holding the office of State's Attorney of St. Croix County. At the beginning of the Civil War he enlisted in the United States Army, and

became Quartermaster of the Twentieth Regiment of Indiana Volunteers. After four years of service he returned from the war in impaired health, and finding an outdoor life imperative, he began the culture of cranberries in Madison, Conn., where most of his active life was passed. He was town Clerk there in 1871, and chairman of the Board of Education for a long term of years. He had been in poor health for many months, and died at the New Haven Hospital, June 11, 1907, at the age of 81 years.

He married, February 14, 1855, Anna Ulissa, daughter of Bennett Hotchkiss, and had two sons, of whom the elder died in infancy, but the younger, John Birney Tuttle, a member of the Class of 1891 in the Yale Law School, survives him.

### 1866

CHARLES SWIFT JOSLYN, son of Levi and Eunice Young (Swift) Joslyn, was born October 21, 1832, in Cambridge, Vermont. After a preparatory course in Bakersfield (Vt.) Academy, he contemplated entering the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, N. Y., but in 1849 joined the Oneida Community in Central New York, and was soon followed by his parents.

He was sent by the Community to the Yale and Columbia Law Schools, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws, in 1866 and 1867 respectively, was admitted to the bar and to practice in the Supreme Court, but did not engage in much active practice aside from looking after the legal interests of the Community. He was intimately connected with the development of its business during the thirty years of its existence as a Community, and after its incorporation as a joint stock company in 1880, he was for a number of years in charge of the city office in New York. He retired from business in 1894, and spent the greater part of the following ten years in travel, going



twice around the world, and visiting many places in South America, south and eastern Africa, India, China, Japan, Australia, Mexico, and all parts of this country.

He was strong and vigorous until the winter of 1904, when he had a severe attack of the grip, after which heart trouble developed, of which he died at Kenwood, N. Y., January 1, 1906. He was 73 years of age.

He married, August 20, 1854, Harriet Eliza, daughter of Henry Allen, a farmer of Wallingford, Conn. She survives him without children, their only daughter having died in 1899.

### 1871

WILLIAM STARKEY, son of William Starkey, who was in service during the entire Civil War, and Mary (Hannegan) Starkey, was born in Trenton, N. J., August 7, 1844, but removed at an early age to New Haven.

After graduation from the Law School he held a position under the U. S. Collector of Customs in New Haven four years, in 1873-74 was Clerk of the City Court in New Haven, and was prominent in political life. He afterward removed to Chicago, where he lived for some years. Having come to New York City on business, while making a short stay in Long Island City, he died there suddenly of *angina pectoris*, May 29, 1906, in the 62d year of his age.

He married in New Haven, October 6, 1873, Miss Katherine R. Callahan, who survives him. They had no children.

### 1873

OWEN PETERSON BRICKER, son of David and Lucinda Amelia (Peterson) Bricker, was born in Letitz, Lancaster County, Pa., July 10, 1847, and before entering the Yale Law School was a printer.

After graduation he was admitted to the Lancaster County bar in 1875, and practiced his profession in the city

of Lancaster, where he was United States Commissioner of the District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania for five terms. He assisted in organizing the Steelton (Pa.) National Bank, also the Northern National Bank and Northern Trust and Savings Company of Lancaster.

Mr. Bricker died at Letitz, Pa., July 16, 1905, at the age of 58 years.

He married, December 18, 1884, Emma Hoover, daughter of John Becker, a manufacturer of Marietta, Lancaster County, Pa., who survives him with a daughter and one of their two sons, the elder son having died in childhood.

#### 1884

ALBERT MORRIS THOMAS, son of Albert M. and Phoebe Thomas, was born in Charlestown, W. Va., January 7, 1853, graduated from Fisk University in 1882, was Principal of the Memphis (Tenn.) High School, and studied in a law office, then entered the Yale Law School.

After finishing his course in 1884, he was for over twenty years a lawyer in Buffalo, N. Y., with the position of expert tax and title searcher with the Abstract Guaranty Company of that city, and the last two years Record Clerk in the Municipal Court. Early in October, 1906, he became partner in the legal firm of Ayler & Thomas in New York City, but after only eight weeks of practice he died there suddenly, December 11, 1906, at the age of 53 years.

He married, at Newbern, N. C., September 4, 1884, Amy W., daughter of Rev. P. W. Cassey, a Protestant Episcopal clergyman of St. Augustine, Fla., who survives him with two sons and four daughters. The elder son entered the Freshman Class at Dartmouth College last fall.

#### 1891

RICHARD WHITE MILLER, son of Hon. William Chesney Miller (LL.B. Harv. 1865), for twelve years Judge of the

Madison County (Ky.) Court, was born September 25, 1869, in Richmond, Ky. His mother was Susan Claiborne (White) Miller.

He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from the Central University, Ky., in 1888, and the following year entered the Yale Law School.

On graduation from the latter he practiced his profession in his native city, becoming a leading member of the bar, and Vice-President of the Kentucky State Bar Association. He was Professor of Corporations and Evidence in the Law School of Central University, and Dean of the School from 1897 to 1901. He twice represented his county in the Kentucky General Assembly, and was the author of bills for reestablishing the State Geological Survey, establishing a Normal School system, and regulating insurance companies. He was a member of the Democratic State Executive Committee from his district.

He was an eloquent and accomplished orator, and delivered many public addresses. At the Kentucky Home-Coming meeting in 1906, he gave the oration on "Foster Day," honoring the memory of the author of The Old Kentucky Home.

Dean Miller died after a week's illness at Richmond, Ky., June 29, 1906, in the 37th year of his age. He was a member of the Southern Presbyterian Church.

He married, June 7, 1893, Susan Beirne, daughter of Oliver Beirne Patton, a banker of Huntsville, Ala. She survives him with a son.

## 1892

JOHN FRANCIS HOLOHAN, son of Patrick Holohan, was born in Waterbury, Conn., March 28, 1867. After graduation from the Waterbury High School and subsequent study of Latin and Greek, he entered the law office of Hon. Daniel F. Webster (Dartmouth 1874), subsequently Mayor



of that city, and while there was messenger of the District Court. About two years later he became a student in the Yale Law School, and upon receiving his degree was at once admitted to the bar. He then returned to the office of Mr. Webster and began the practice of his profession. The following year he was appointed Prosecuting Agent, and held that position for several years. He took an active interest in State and local politics, and was prominent in the councils of the Democratic party.

Mr. Holohan died of catarrhal gastritis at his home in Waterbury, March 31, 1907, at the age of forty years. He was unmarried. His parents and three sisters survive him. He was a member of the Roman Catholic church.

### 1899

JACOB BERTRAM ULLMAN, son of Morris and Mina (Fleischner) Ullman, was born January 12, 1870, in New Haven, Conn., and gained his preparatory education in the High School of the city. In the Senior year of his Law School course he won the first prize in the Wayland Prize Debate.

After graduation, he soon became recognized as an able attorney, and was Assistant Corporation Counsel of the City of New Haven from 1901 to 1905, in the latter year being appointed Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. He was also a member of the Board of Education from 1900 to his death.

Judge Ullman died of heart failure following typhoid fever, at his home in Whitneyville, just outside of the city, November 12, 1906, at the age of 36 years. He was a member of the Jewish Church.

He married, December 27, 1897, Mollie, daughter of Morris Steinert, the well-known musician and collector of musical instruments, who survives him with a daughter and son.

1900

JULIAN BYRON BOURNE, son of Dr. M. L. Bourne, was born July 1, 1879, graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Marshall College in Huntington, W. Va., in 1897, studied law in Berlin and Paris, was admitted to practice as an attorney at law in 1902, and entered the Senior Class in the Yale Law School. His mother was Virginia (Truehart) Bourne.

After receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws he practiced his profession in Lexington, Ky., for a time, and was then in Stanford, the family home in the same state. Here an attack of typhoid fever necessitated an outdoor life, and during the next three or four years he spent most of his time with a corps of engineers in California and Arizona.

He died of heart failure following pneumonia in a hospital at Prescott, Ariz., August 14, 1906. He was 27 years of age, and unmarried. He was a member of the Presbyterian church. A brother and sister survive him.

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1875

JOSEPH ALLEN FREEMAN, son of George and Katharine (Kempton) Freeman, was born in Caledonia, Nova Scotia, November 14, 1841, and obtained his college education at Dartmouth College, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1872.

After completing his course in the Yale Divinity School, he was ordained June 30, 1875, and preached continuously till his death. He was pastor in Boscawen, N. H., two years, in Broadbrook (East Windsor), Conn., three years, of the Second Congregational Church, Danbury, Conn., five years, and at Woodbury, Conn., eighteen years. Soon after resigning the last charge he was called to Deep River, Conn., but in less than six months after taking up his new work there he died suddenly of heart failure, September 15, 1906, in the 65th year of his age.

He was chairman of the school boards in Danbury and Woodbury, and was Scribe of the Naugatuck Valley Ministers' Association during his residence in that section.

He married, September 23, 1875, Harriet Jane, daughter of Henry Joseph and Harriet (Peck) Woodruff, of New Haven, Conn., who survives him with a son (Ph.B. Yale 1897) and a daughter.

1879

CHARLES EDWARD GARMAN, son of Rev. John Harper Garman, a Congregational clergyman of Maine and Massachusetts, and Elizabeth (Bullard) Garman, was born in Limington, Me., December 18, 1850. Being admitted to Amherst College in 1869, he graduated thence in 1872. The three years following he was Principal of the High School at Ware, Mass., and in 1876 entered the Yale Theological Seminary.



The year after his graduation from the Seminary he spent in further study on the Hooker Fellowship, and in the fall of 1880 began his life work of teaching in Amherst College, the first year as Instructor in Mathematics, and the next year in Philosophy. From 1882 to 1889 he was Associate Professor of Moral Philosophy and Metaphysics, from 1889 to 1892 Professor of Mental Philosophy, and since 1892 Professor of Moral Philosophy and Metaphysics. He gave his fullest service to his students, whom he inspired with the deepest interest in his subject, and in whom he developed with rare ability the desire and power of thinking for themselves.

In honor of the completion of twenty-five years as teacher of philosophy, a high tribute was paid Professor Garman by the presentation at the Amherst Commencement of 1906 of a substantial and beautiful volume of "Studies in Philosophy and Psychology," published by thirteen of his former students engaged in teaching or writing in those lines since graduation.

He wrote little for publication, but through those who had studied under him he became known as an unusually gifted teacher. He was skillful in presenting in the clearest and simplest form most profound truths, and especially apt in illustration. His physical health was frail, but he took the deepest interest in college matters and became identified with the very life of the college.

He received the degree of Master of Arts from Amherst College in 1875, and of Doctor of Divinity in 1896. He had been a trustee of Mount Holyoke College since 1888.

Professor Garman died after an illness of about a fortnight of *streptococcus septicæmia*, February 9, 1907, at the age of 56 years.

He married, August 24, 1882, Eliza N., daughter of Dr. David W. Miner, of Ware, Mass., who survives him. They had no children.

1880

GEORGE BARKER STEVENS, son of Thomas Jackson and Weltha (Barker) Stevens, was born in Spencer, Tioga County, N. Y., July 13, 1854. The first two years of his college life were spent at Cornell University, and the confidence in him of his student associates was shown in their choice of him as President of his class in Freshman year, and their appreciation of his abilities as a writer by his election in Sophomore year as an editor of the *Cornell Era*. At the beginning of Junior year he entered the University of Rochester, under the influence of whose President, Rev. Martin Brewer Anderson, LL.D., his mother's desire that he should enter the Christian ministry became his purpose, and after his graduation in 1877, he was admitted to Rochester Theological Seminary.

His growing sympathy with newer views in theology and the relative doctrinal freedom of Congregationalism led him at the beginning of his Middle Year as a theological student to enter the Yale Divinity School, where during the two years of his residence he came to be recognized as a man of unusual strength of character, mature judgment, and brilliant intellectual promise. On his graduation in May, 1880, he accepted a call to the First Congregational Church in Buffalo, N. Y., then just organized. He was ordained and installed there, September 28, and under his leadership the material and spiritual conditions of the church rapidly advanced. Denominational lines never appeared to him as serious obstacles, and in February, 1883, he was installed over the First Presbyterian Church of Watertown, N. Y. In addition to serving his people with great acceptance, he continued his studies, taking a special course in metaphysics and the philosophy of religion under the guidance of the Faculty of Syracuse University, and after presenting a thesis and passing a rigid examination, received from that University the degree of Doctor of

Philosophy in 1883. In August, 1885, he secured a year's release from his pastorate for study abroad, which he spent chiefly at Leipsic, Berlin, and Jena. Under the encouragement of friends made among the Faculty of Jena, he prepared a thesis on "The Rational Grounds of Theism," which was approved, and after an examination he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity in February, 1886. After a brief trip to Italy and France he spent the spring in further study at Berlin.

While still abroad he was offered the Buckingham Professorship of New Testament Criticism and Interpretation in the Yale Divinity School, succeeding Professor Timothy Dwight, D.D., LL.D., who was at the same time elected to the Presidency of the University. To the great regret of the Watertown church he accepted this professorship, which he held till the retirement of Professor Harris in 1895, when he was transferred to the Dwight Professorship of Systematic Theology in the Divinity School. In 1898 he declined the offer of the presidency of Oberlin College, preferring to continue his work as teacher and scholar. In the following year his Seminary duties were shared by his colleagues, giving him an opportunity for study at Berlin, Paris, Oxford, and Edinburgh. His scholastic attainments were recognized in the bestowal in 1902 of the honorary degrees of Doctor of Divinity by Illinois College and of Doctor of Laws by the University of Rochester.

During the early years of his residence in New Haven he was constantly in the service of the churches as a preacher, and for long periods he supplied the pulpits of the Church of the Redeemer in New Haven and the Congregational Church in Wallingford, Conn., with great acceptance.

At this time he was a constant contributor to the *Sunday School Times*, and a sermon on "Self-Control," preached in 1889, was printed by a friend for distribution among the students of Mount Hermon School, and widely read. The



first of his books was published in 1890, "A Short Exposition of the Epistle to the Galatians," a new edition of which was issued four years later. In 1892 "The Pauline Theology" appeared, in 1894 "The Johannine Theology," and in 1895 "Doctrine and Life." In 1896 he published the "Life of Peter Parker" (Y. C. 1831), one of the earliest American missionaries in China. In 1898 he paraphrased the Letters of Paul under the title "The Epistles of Paul in Modern English," reprinted two years later as "The Messages of Paul" and "The Messages of the Apostles." In 1899 appeared "The Theology of the New Testament," in 1901 "The Teaching of Jesus," and in 1905 "The Christian Doctrine of Salvation," the last regarded as his most valuable and ripest production. He had begun a treatise on "The Doctrine of Sin," which was left uncompleted.

The national reputation of his books brought Professor Stevens invitations to lecture in many widely separated places. In the summer of 1903 he gave a course before an Institute of Methodist Ministers in Texas, and the following summer at the "Preachers' Institute" in Missouri, later at summer schools of the University of Chicago and at Frankfort, Mich., and during Commencement week he gave the annual address before the Christian Associations of Beloit College. In March, 1905, he delivered the Mary M. McKechnie course of lectures at the Congregational College of Canada in Montreal, and in May of the same year preached the twenty-fifth anniversary sermon of the church of his first pastorate in Buffalo. During the International Student Volunteer Convention in Nashville in February and March, 1906, he gave the Phi Beta Kappa Address at Vanderbilt University, and at the Yale Divinity School Anniversary on June 6 he spoke to the graduating class on "The Scholarly Spirit in the Ministry." He was one of the preachers at Cornell University and the University of Chicago.

During his many European sojourns he formed enduring friendships with men of prominence. Abroad and at home his attractive personal qualities drew men of all stations in life to him, and the respect of the business community of his own city was shown by his election as a director of the Yale National Bank in 1905.

Professor Stevens died suddenly after an illness which was apparently not serious, June 22, 1906, in the 52d year of his age.

He married, November 23, 1880, Miss Kate Abell Mattison, of Oswego, N. Y., who survives him with two daughters.

### 1885

JOHN DAVID JONES, son of Evan and Jane (Davies) Jones, was born at Gwernogle, South Wales, September 8, 1856, and before coming to New Haven took the degree of Bachelor of Arts in London, England, and completed a four years' course in Carmarthen College, Wales, in 1882.

After graduation from the Yale Divinity School he was ordained at Neath, Pa., July 1, 1885, and was pastor of the Congregational church there until 1892, and at the same time preached at West Warren, Pa., eight miles distant. Since then he had been successively pastor of four churches in the State of Washington, at Ritzville, two years, Medical Lake and Dayton each about six years, and of Corbin Park Congregational Church, at Spokane, from March, 1906, until his death, which occurred in the city last mentioned, April 28, 1907, in his 51st year. He was buried in Spokane. All his pastorates were marked by large gains in membership and material equipment.

He married, in New York City, October 25, 1885, Mrs. Mary D. Jones, formerly Miss Mary I. Davies of Wales, who survives him with a son and two daughters.

THOMAS MARKS YUNDT, son of Thomas Yundt, a farmer, and Eliza (Marks) Yundt, was born in Whitehall township, near Allentown, Pa., February 10, 1858, and graduated from Muhlenberg College in 1882.

After graduating from the Yale Divinity School he took charge of a mission church in Kansas City, Mo., but the following spring became Superintendent of the Bethany Orphans' Home at Womelsdorf, Pa., fifteen miles from Reading, where he continued his work with success for more than eighteen years. He was ordained at Bethany Church there, September 30, 1886. Resigning the Superintendency, August 1, 1904, he was pastor of Alsace charge near Reading for about a year, but in June, 1905, he accepted a call as Superintendent of the Home Missions of the German Reformed Church, residing at Reading, Pa., where he died April 19, 1907, in the 49th year of his age.

He married, October 8, 1885, Minerva A., daughter of Simon Koons, a bookkeeper, and Belinda (Horn) Koons, of Allentown, Pa., who survives him with two daughters and two sons.

He wrote a history of Bethany Orphans' Home and numerous articles for the church papers, and made addresses at several colleges and before classes and synods of the Reformed Church in the United States.

### 1886

THOMAS VAUGHAN DAVIES, son of Daniel Davies, was born at Dowlais, a parish in Merthyr Tydfil, Wales, April 25, 1857, and before coming to America was a student in Bala Theological College.

His ministry was in Kansas and Illinois. He was ordained October 26, 1886, and preached in several places in Kansas for a year or two each, at Altoona and Village Creek, Westmoreland, and Stockton, and about five years at Salina, after which he was at Beecher, Ill., forty-five miles south of Chicago, in connection with Crete or Steger,



from 1897 till his death, with the exception of the years 1899-1900, when he was at Crete alone.

He died of cerebral abscess at Steger, Ill., August 25, 1905, at the age of 48 years.

He married at Chicago, Ill., October 3, 1887, Martha Anne, daughter of Richard and Sarah Burley (Buxton) Wilson, who survived him with eight children.

### 1888

ROBERT LUVERN MARSH, born in northwestern Pennsylvania, in Sugar Grove, Warren County, July 7, 1860, was the son of Rev. Jephtha and Jenesha (Campbell) Marsh. His college training was gained at the University of Nebraska, from which he graduated in 1884, his father then residing in Nebraska, and being a power in the early Methodism of that state.

After three years of study in the Yale Divinity School he began pastoral work in the Methodist Episcopal Church at Tekamah, Nebr., but the following year went to Olivet Congregational Church, Wichita, Kans., where he was ordained January 28, 1890, and after a pastorate of four years continued in city missionary and evangelistic work in the place two years longer. Closing this work in December, 1895, he was pastor of the First Congregational Church of Humboldt and Weaver, Ia., till 1898, and from September of that year associate pastor of the First Congregational Church of Burlington, Ia., his last work being in fruitful special services there. The few months preceding the close of his life he spent in Los Angeles, Cal., where he died of a tumor, August 31, 1906. He was 46 years of age. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Iowa College in 1903.

He married, July 5, 1886, in New York City, Frances L., daughter of Joel and Mary E. (Frisbie) Hull, who survives him with three daughters and two sons.

1889

ALBERT WELLMAN HITCHCOCK, son of Dr. Homer Owen Hitchcock (Dartmouth 1851) and Fidelia (Wellman) Hitchcock, was born at Kalamazoo, Mich., January 19, 1861, and graduated from Amherst College in 1882.

After completing his course in the Yale Divinity School, he was awarded the Hooker Fellowship, giving a year to graduate theological study in New Haven, and a year at Berlin and Oxford. At the expiration of his period of study he was ordained pastor of the Belleville Congregational Church, Newburyport, Mass., December 15, 1891, and after nine years of service there, he accepted the call of the Central Congregational Church, Worcester, Mass., where, as before, his cheery and sympathetic spirit and deep spirituality brought him into close touch with his people. Besides carrying the work of a large parish, he continued his scholarly studies, and in 1906 earned the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Clark University, presenting a thesis on *The Psychology of Jesus*. This theme he afterward elaborated into a volume. In addition he published "Questions and Answers about the Bible" and a "Christian Catechism for Young People and Children." In the city and church interests outside his parish his aid was highly prized. In the City Missionary Society and the foreign population with which it has to deal he was deeply interested, and made a church home for the Finns of the city in the chapel of his own church. He was one year President of the Worcester Congregational Club, and a member of the Massachusetts Home Missionary Society.

Dr. Hitchcock died at his home in Worcester April 9, 1907, after an operation for appendicitis. He was 46 years of age. After cremation his ashes were buried in Salem, Mass.

He married, December 17, 1891, Margarette Manton, daughter of John C. and Martha E. (Whipple) Osgood of Salem, Mass. She survives him with three daughters.

1890

JESSE LEVI BRIGHT, son of Rev. John Collins Bright, a clergyman of the United Brethren, and Ann Maria (Stoner) Bright, was born May 28, 1859, at Westerville, O., the seat of Otterbein University. His father died when he was seven years of age, and he supported himself while gaining an education, being a student in Oberlin College from 1885 to 1887 before taking his theological course.

After graduation from the Yale Divinity School, he began the work of establishing a church on the south side in Columbus, O. He was ordained pastor of the South Congregational Church there, November 24, 1890, and during his service of six years a devoted church was gathered, and a church edifice built. Owing to the failure of his health he was then obliged to retire from the ministry, but with the assistance of his wife was able to carry on a fire insurance business, although practically helpless from paralysis.

Mr. Bright died at his home in Columbus, January 12, 1907, in the 48th year of his age.

He married, July 17, 1890, Florence A., daughter of David A. Beard, a farmer of Grinnell, Ia., and had two daughters. Mrs. Bright and one daughter survive him.



## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1853

WILLIAM BATCHELDER COCHRANE, son of Gerry Whiting Cochrane, a merchant and bank director, and Mary Jane (Batchelder) Cochrane, was born in Haverhill, Mass., October 14, 1833, and after preparation in Phillips (Andover) Academy and a year's study in Brown University in 1851-52, he entered the Sheffield Scientific School from Methuen, Mass.

After graduation he practiced his profession of civil engineering, residing in Stamford, Conn., from 1883, and was City Engineer there from 1895 to 1899. At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted as a volunteer from Illinois, and after the war engaged in business with his father, who was a shoe manufacturer in Boston, Mass. He was afterward a farmer in Westboro, Mass., about two years, and then at Tallmadge Hill, New Canaan, Conn., from 1878 to 1883, when he resumed his professional work.

He was a member of the Christian Science church, and Second Reader for three years.

Mr. Cochrane died of *nephritis* at his home in Stamford, July 12, 1906, in the 73d year of his age.

He married, December 1, 1857, Amelia Benton, daughter of Edward Thomas Stanley, a merchant of New Haven, Conn. She died in 1898, and their only child, a son, died in his 18th year in 1878. April 19, 1900, Mr. Cochrane married Mrs. Mary (Langdon) Lockwood, who survives him.

DANIEL FARRAND HENRY, son of Stephen Chambers Henry (M.D. Univ. Pa. 1811), a surgeon in the War of 1812, and Charlotte Pamela (Farrand) Henry, was born May 27, 1833, in Detroit, Mich. He was for a time a

student in Brown University, but entered the Sheffield Scientific School in 1852.

Since graduation he had held important engineering positions. He was Assistant United States Engineer on the Lake Survey, Chief Engineer of the Detroit Water Works, and recently a consulting engineer. In 1868 he invented the "telegraphic current meter" used in velocity measurements, and long advocated the construction of a ship canal to connect Lake St. Clair and Lake Erie.

A paper of his on "The Flow of Water in Rivers and Canals" was first printed in the *Journal of the Franklin Institute* and later in pamphlet form. In addition he wrote several articles for papers and magazines.

Mr. Henry died at his home in Detroit, May 13, 1907, in the 74th year of his age. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Congregational church.

## 1856

GIDEON HORACE CANDEE, son of Horace Candee, a farmer of Oxford, Conn., was born there June 4, 1832. His mother was Caroline (Judson) Candee.

After graduation he was a civil engineer on the Illinois Central Railroad from 1857 to 1878, and from the latter date to 1900 a railway and investment expert in New York City. Since then he had resided in Lowell, Mass., where he died March 2, 1904, in the 72nd year of his age. He was a member of the First Congregational Church of Dubuque, Ia., and afterward a deacon of the High Street Congregational Church of Lowell, Mass.

He married, January 15, 1865, Elizabeth, daughter of Frederick Rea of Tewkesbury, Mass., and after her decease he married, January 8, 1884, Hannah M., daughter of Thomas Hunt, also of Tewkesbury, who survives him. He had no children by either marriage.

## 1866

GEORGE DOUGLAS COIT, son of Deacon Charles and Sarah Perkins (Grosvenor) Coit, was born in Norwich, Conn., January 2, 1845, and after preparation in the Norwich Free Academy took the general course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Since graduation he had been engaged in business in his native city for forty years, the first twelve years as Treasurer of the Dime Savings Bank, and the remainder of his life as Treasurer of the Chelsea Savings Bank; also as an insurance agent in the firm of Coit & Chapman, and as trustee and executor of some of the largest estates in that city.

In his church relations he was most useful and active, being Deacon, Clerk, Treasurer, and Choir Director of the Second Congregational Church, and Superintendent of its Sunday School.

Mr. Coit died at his home in Norwich, October 3, 1906, at the age of 61 years.

He married, November 3, 1870, Frances Henrietta, daughter of Professor James Dwight Dana (Yale 1833), who survives him with a son, James Dana Coit, two sons and a daughter having died in early life.

## 1868

GEORGE ANSON JACKSON, son of Jerome Bonaparte and Lydia Ann (Ward) Jackson, was born March 17, 1846, in North Adams, Mass. Before finishing his preparatory studies he spent over two years in business. As a student in the Sheffield Scientific School he took the Select Course, and at the same time studied Latin and Greek privately under the direction of instructors in the Academical Department. He graduated from Andover Theological Seminary in 1871, and received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale University in 1887.



Entering the ministry, he was pastor of the Second Congregational Church in Leavenworth, Kans., in 1872-73, and was ordained there September 26, 1872. From 1874 to 1878 he was pastor of the Evangelical Church at Globe Village, Southbridge, Mass., and for nineteen years following of the Congregational Church in Swampscott, Mass. The greater part of a year's leave of absence during this pastorate he spent in Europe, including several weeks of research in the British Museum, visited many university towns and studied one semester at Bonn University, and made a trip to North Africa. In 1897 he was elected Secretary and Librarian of the General Theological Library in Boston, which loans through public libraries the best professional books to New England clergymen irrespective of denomination.

In 1881 he initiated the movement which led to the organization of the New England Divorce Reform League, of which he was Secretary till 1883. He was an original member of the American Church History Society, which was later merged with the American Historical Association, also a member of the National Geographic Society. From 1895 to 1897 he was chairman of the Board of Park Commissioners of Swampscott which started the extensive shore improvements of the town.

Mr. Jackson edited, N. Y. 1879-83, four volumes in the series of the Church Fathers, was the author of a "New Creed Catechism" and of "The Son of a Prophet," the latter a work of fiction of unusual merit; as library trustee prepared the Catalogue of the Southbridge (Mass.) Public Library; wrote for the *Popular Science Monthly*, *Andover Review*, *Atlantic Monthly*, *New England Magazine*, and *Library Journal*, also miscellaneous papers, including the Introduction to Mr. Waldo Thompson's "Sketches of Swampscott," 1885, which he also edited. An address on "Old Bridgewater: a Classic Town," 1904, and others on historical subjects have been printed.

He died at his home in Swampscott May 9, 1907, at the age of 61 years.

He married, November 21, 1871, Belle, daughter of William Cooper Donald, who survives him with a daughter (Smith College 1895), and a son (Amherst 1897).

### 1877

SAMUEL LEWIS PENFIELD, son of George Hoyt and Ann Augusta (Cheesman) Penfield, was born in Catskill, N. Y., January 16, 1856, and after preparation in the Wilbraham (Mass.) Academy took the course in Chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School.

The first two years after graduation he was Assistant in Analytical Chemistry in the Sheffield laboratory, and to him and his classmate and fellow Assistant, Professor Horace L. Wells, was given the task of learning the chemical composition of the many new species of minerals then being described by Professors Brush and Edward S. Dana as a result of their researches at Branchville, Conn. During 1880 and 1881 he was in Strassburg, Germany, studying organic chemistry. At the close of his stay in Germany he accepted an offer to return to the Sheffield Scientific School as Instructor in Mineralogy, which he did in the fall of 1881, and from that time to the close of his life was engaged in teaching and research in this subject. For further knowledge of methods of optical and microscopical research he spent the summer of 1884 at Heidelberg.

In 1888 he was appointed Assistant Professor of Mineralogy, and five years later Professor of the same, and a member of the Governing Board of the Sheffield Scientific School. In his teaching he insisted on thoroughness, but his kindliness and interest in others, which were so apparent in the laboratory, brought good work from his students. It was his constant endeavor to improve his methods and equipment for instruction, and he derived great satisfaction

from the completion and use of the new laboratories he had planned in Kirtland Hall.

He spent two summers assisting Professor Iddings in the survey of the Yellowstone Park, and later several summers in Northern New York, North Carolina, and Colorado, collecting minerals and studying their occurrence.

Professor Penfield prepared with great care a new edition of Brush's "Manual of Determinative Mineralogy," which was issued in 1896, and published by himself or in collaboration with others more than eighty papers relating to mineralogy and crystallography, treating important problems with rare ability and technical skill, most of which appeared in the *American Journal of Science*. He established and described fourteen new species of minerals, and determined the chemical composition and mineralogical affinities of many others which had previously been described. In chemistry and crystallography he made important discoveries, and his inventive faculty and manual skill greatly aided him in the practical application of principles. He also made a study of the optical properties of minerals, and prepared a set of instruments for use in stereographic projection which saved much laborious calculation and could be used for drawing crystals. Most of his contributions to science were direct additions to knowledge, although he produced generalizations of wide importance and his work showed a clear apprehension of principles.

His services to science were recognized at home and abroad. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale University in 1896, and of Doctor of Laws from the University of Wisconsin in 1904. He was elected Associate Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences in Boston in 1893; Foreign Correspondent of the Geological Society of London in 1896; member of the National Academy of Sciences in 1900; Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, Corresponding Member of the Royal Society of Sciences at Göttingen, Germany, and



member of the Scientific Society of Christiania, Norway, in 1902; Corresponding Member of the Geological Society of Stockholm, and Foreign Member of the Mineralogical Society of Great Britain in 1903. He was also a member of the Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences, and Fellow of the Geological Society of America.

Professor Penfield had been a sufferer from serious ill health for three years, but died quite suddenly in South Woodstock, Conn., where he was spending the summer, August 12, 1906, at the age of 50 years. He was for many years a weekly visitor to the children's ward in the City Hospital.

He married, January 26, 1897, Miss Grace Chapman, of Albany, N. Y., who survives him. They had no children.

#### 1880

WILLIAM SCHOFIELD, son of Lieutenant General John McAllister and Harriet (Chambers) Schofield, was born June 18, 1860, at West Point, N. Y., where his father was at the time Assistant Professor of Natural Philosophy. From 1873 to 1875 he was at Santa Clara College, Cal., and two years later entered the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he was in business in San Francisco till the outbreak of the Spanish-American war, and then went to Manila. He was appointed Major and Additional Paymaster of Volunteers May 17, 1898, and Paymaster with the rank of Captain in the regular service May 24, 1901. He was promoted to the position of Major, March 3, 1904. In October, 1901 he returned from the Philippine Islands, and was in San Francisco until 1903, after which he spent about three years more in the Philippines. There his nerves suffered from overwork, and his physical health was shattered by disease. In January, 1906, he was sent to Japan on sick leave, but locomotor ataxia developed and he was sent to San Francisco. Discouragement over his condition led to his shooting himself, and he died in that city August 6, 1906, at the age of 46 years.

He married, October 2, 1904, at Manila, P. I., Mrs. Laura LeTourneaux, daughter of George A. and Margaret Eager of San Francisco, who survives him. They had no children.

## 1881

EDMUND PARKER LORD, son of Joseph L. and Julia K. Lord, was born in Saxonville, in the town of Framingham, Mass., June 16, 1860. He was a grandson of Rev. Nathan Lord, D.D., LL.D., President of Dartmouth College from 1828 to 1863.

After graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School he pursued a further course in the Stevens Institute of Technology, graduating in 1882, and then entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad, being stationed successively at Renova and Altoona, Pa., and Fort Wayne, Ind. At the last mentioned place he was Assistant Superintendent of Motive Power on the lines west of Pittsburg. In 1892 he was appointed Superintendent of Motive Power on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway, but since 1893 he had been with the H. K. Porter Locomotive Works in Pittsburg, at first as Superintendent but later as General Manager. He was always approachable, and his kindly and genial spirit won the sincere regard of employees and all his associates.

Mr. Lord died of apoplexy at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg, Pa., May 12, 1907, at the age of 46 years. Three weeks before, just as he was starting for a horseback ride, his horse became frightened, reared, and fell backward upon him, causing internal injuries, but the indications of recovery were most favorable. His home was in the suburb of Edgeworth, and since the incorporation of the town he had been President of the Borough Councils. He was active in church work, and was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church at Edgeworth.

He married, Sept. 10, 1896, Margary, daughter of Judge George Hilham of New Orleans, La., who survives him with

a son. Mr. Lord's body is interred in Mt. Auburn Cemetery, Cambridge, Mass.

## 1883

GEORGE VANCE HARPER, son of John and Margaret (Johnston) Harper, was born at Rock Island, Ill., April 15, 1862, but entered the Sheffield Scientific School from Denver, Col., of which his father was one of the pioneer settlers.

After graduation he engaged in civil engineering in Pennsylvania two years, but in October, 1885, went to Colorado and devoted himself exclusively to stock farming at Louisville, Boulder County, until the spring of 1892. He was then appointed Sanitary Engineer of the city of Denver, and held that office till 1895. Since then he had been connected with the DuPont Powder Co., in several cities, residing in Dubuque, Ia., in 1895, afterward in St. Louis, and in 1899 becoming General Sales Manager of the Lake Superior Company's branch in Marquette, Mich., discharging the responsible duties of his position with the utmost fidelity, and winning the unreserved confidence of all.

Mr. Harper died after an illness of several months at Chicago, Ill., July 14, 1905, at the age of 43 years. He married, November 8, 1893, Mary, daughter of E. J. and Elizabeth (Curtiss) McCune, of Shippensburg, Pa. She survives him with no children.

## 1885

PHILIP VANWYCK ANDERSON, son of General Adna Anderson, formerly Chief Engineer and Vice-President of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and Juliet Cantrell (Van Wyck) Anderson, was born in Baltimore, Md., August 27, 1866. He prepared for college at Black Hall School, Lyme, Conn., and the Mt. Pleasant Military Academy, Ossining, N. Y.



After graduation he was a civil engineer in the Construction Department of the Northern Pacific Railroad until 1894, when he was appointed receiver of the Tacoma National Bank, completing the receivership in 1897. He acted as Consulting Engineer for and was active in the promotion and construction of the Shelton Railroad in Washington, and was also interested in timber land and real estate projects in that state. He returned to the Northern Pacific in 1897 as engineer in charge of the Western Division, but gave up his position in 1899, after a severe illness at Spokane, Wash., which left him partially paralyzed.

The same year he came east and purchased a farm at Pemberton, N. J., on which he lived until his death, after a brief illness, of peritonitis, April 16, 1907. He was 40 years of age and unmarried.

### 1887

WALTER PIERREPONT BIGELOW, younger son of Hobart Baldwin Bigelow, Governor of Connecticut from 1881 to 1883, and Eleanor (Lewis) Bigelow, was born November 14, 1864, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation he at once began work with the Bigelow Company, manufacturers of steam boilers and plate iron work, of which he became Vice-President in 1904. For several years past he had resided in New York City, having charge of the company's interests there.

Mr. Bigelow died suddenly of heart failure at his home in New York City, March 7, 1907, at the age of 42 years. His amiability and uniform courtesy attracted to him a large circle of friends.

He married Julie Hélène, daughter of Louis and Aurelia (Close) Georger, who survives him. Colonel Frank Lewis Bigelow (Yale 1881 s), President of the Bigelow Company, is his brother.

## 1889

JOHN HENRY KLOCK, son of John H. Klock, for many years a druggist in the Exchange building, at the corner of Church and Chapel streets, New Haven, Conn., was born in that city, January 11, 1866. His mother was Sophronia (Harter) Klock. His preparation was gained in the New Haven High School, and in the Sheffield Scientific School he took the Chemical course.

After graduation he was among the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania until the last two years of his life, when he was in business with the Andrew B. Hendryx Co., manufacturers, of New Haven.

Mr. Klock died of diabetes at his home in New Haven, October 7, 1906, at the age of 40 years. He was a member of the United (Congregational) Church.

He married, July 5, 1898, Alys A., daughter of Andrew B. and Mary A. Hendryx, who survives him. They had no children.

## 1890

HERBERT MCBRIDE, son of John Harris McBride, of Cleveland, O., was born in that city, September 5, 1869. His mother was Elizabeth (Wright) McBride. After preparation in St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., he took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and was prominent in baseball and football.

After graduation he returned to Cleveland, and became associated with the dry-goods house of the Root & McBride Co., of which he was chosen a director and Secretary in 1895, Assistant Treasurer in 1906. He held an influential position in the business circles of the city, being a director of the Cleveland Trust Co., and of the Tod-Stambaugh Co., dealers in iron ores, and was Vice-President and Treasurer of the Bates Valve & Bag Co. He was elected a member of the Corporation of the Case School of Applied Science in 1905.

Mr. McBride died of pneumonia at his home in Cleveland, March 13, 1907, at the age of 37 years. He was a member of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church in Cleveland.

He married, January 14, 1903, Ethel, daughter of John and Sarah (Little) Tod, of Cleveland, who survives him with two daughters.

### 1891

STANLEY HAWKEN PEARCE, son of Richard Pearce, formerly British Vice-Consul of Colorado, and brother of Richard Francis Pearce (Ph.B. Yale 1892), was born in Swansea, Wales, November 20, 1870. In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the course in Civil Engineering.

After graduation he resided in Denver, but had recently been in Mexico, where he was engaged, it is supposed, in mining operations.

He died of erysipelas at Magdalena, in the state of Sonora, Mexico, July 10, 1906, in the 36th year of his age. His widow survives him with two children.

ARTHUR CHAPIN PEASE, son of Calvin P. and Sarah (Chapin) Pease, was born February 21, 1865, in Fulton, Ill., and took the course in Civil Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he was at first in the engineering department of the Chicago & Alton, and Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroads, and then for a time on the United States Geodetic Survey. He then returned to the Sheffield Scientific School for graduate study, and received the degree of Civil Engineer in 1893. He was then a designing engineer with William Wharton & Co. of Philadelphia, and since then in the gas business. In 1895 and 1896 he was Assistant Engineer of Mains for the New York and East River Gas Co. Subsequently he held other responsible positions, and during the last two years was Superintendent of the Lowell (Mass.) Gas Co.



Mr. Pease died of pneumonia at his home in Lowell, January 4, 1907, in the 42d year of his age. He was a member of the Kirk Street Congregational Church in Lowell.

## 1893

WALTER SPENCER BILLARD, son of John Leander Billard, a coal and lumber merchant, and Harriet Yale (Merriman) Billard, was born April 29, 1872, in Meriden, Conn. His grandmother was Emeline E., daughter of Captain Samuel Spencer of Saybrook, Conn. In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the course in Civil Engineering.

After graduation he entered business with his father, becoming Treasurer of the Lyon & Billard Company, and was also a director of the First National Bank and trustee of the City Savings Bank. He was active in promoting the higher life of the city, being a director of the Curtis Memorial Library, and Vice-President of the Young Men's Christian Association. He united with the First Congregational Church in November, 1887, and was loyal to every interest of the church, and faithful in the discharge of many duties.

Mr. Billard died of heart failure following kidney trouble, at his home in Meriden, October 6, 1906, at the age of 34 years. He was unmarried. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1896.

## 1894

FREDERICK MARTIN LANDÉ, son of Bernard Landé, a mining engineer, and Hester Stanhope (Myers) Landé, was born in San Francisco, Cal., August 7, 1874, and was prepared for the Sheffield Scientific School at the Mount Pleasant Military Academy, Ossining, N. Y.

After graduation he was at first for a few months with Mr. C. H. Platt, Long Island City, New York, as assistant engineer in concrete construction work. From January,

1895, to November, 1897, he was assistant to Mr. F. Hopkinson Smith, having charge of the sinking of a caisson and building the lighthouse at Smith's Point off the Virginia coast, also of the building and launching of the caisson for the New Bedford, Mass., lighthouse. During a few months of the above period—in the early part of 1896—he was Engineer for the New York and Westchester Water Co. From November, 1897, to 1904, he was associated with Mr. Walter H. Knight, as assistant engineer and later partner in the firm of Knight & Landé, and during this time constructed five sub-aqueous tunnels, including a notable one for the New York Edison Co., at Elizabethport, N. J. At this time he was also Vice-President of the United States Long Distance Automobile Co., and the Standard Motor Co. During the summer of 1904 he was in charge of the building and sinking of the caisson for the Baltimore lighthouse, and was then engineer for the Baltimore Fidelity Warehouse Co. That same year he was first Consulting Engineer and later Chief Engineer for the Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Co., of Washington, D. C., and carried the work to successful completion by March, 1906. He then went to New York and formed the Capital Engineering and Construction Company, of which he was President.

After an illness of a few weeks, Mr. Landé died of pernicious anæmia in New York City, July 3, 1906, in the 32d year of his age. He was unmarried.

### 1895

HARRY CLIFFORD HOLCOMB, son of Harry Sherman and Esther M. (Bradley) Holcomb, was born November 1, 1872, in New Haven, Conn., where his father and uncle, Hon. George F. Holcomb, formerly Mayor of the city, were well-known in the carriage trade of the country. He prepared at the Hillhouse High School, New Haven, Conn. In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the course in Electrical

Engineering, and was for two years a member of the University Crew.

After graduation he was traveling agent of the New Haven Carriage Co. a year, and was then one of a company which purchased a factory on Goffe Street and began the making of carriages and automobiles.

Mr. Holcomb died of tuberculosis, in Cheshire, Conn., December 16, 1906, at the age of 34 years. While weakened from overwork he was attacked with the disease five years previously. During this period he spent over a year at Saranac Lake, N. Y., and later two years in southern California, but the last year resided among the hills of Cheshire, about fifteen miles north of New Haven, where he had expected to engage in farming on a large scale. In anticipation of this he had devoted several years to studying the scientific methods of farming.

He married, December 14, 1898, Margaret Manson (Smith Coll. 1896), daughter of Magnus and Margaret (Mowatt) Manson, and sister of John T. Manson, President of the Yale National Bank of New Haven. She survives him with a son, a daughter having died in infancy. His sister married Samuel A. York (Y. C. 1890). He was one of the early members of the Connecticut Naval Militia.

## 1896

NATHAN MONROE FLOWER, son of John Davidson Flower, a banker of Utica, N. Y., was born in that city January 21, 1875, and took the course in Electrical Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

In May, 1898, he enlisted for service in the Spanish-American War in Troop A, New York Volunteer Cavalry, and July 16 was promoted to the rank of Captain and Assistant Quarter-Master, United States Volunteers. He was on the staff of General Miles in Porto Rico. During the war he was a victim of malarial fever and of a broken arm.



After the war he became a member of the New York Stock Exchange and Produce Exchange.

Mr. Flower died of pneumonia at his home at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., December 1, 1906, at the age of 31 years. He was a vestryman and treasurer of St. James' Protestant Episcopal Church, New York City. He was unmarried.

GEORGE HENRY HICKOX, son of Henry Park and Julia Elizabeth (Bradley) Hickox, was born October 9, 1875, in South Britain, Conn., and took the Electrical Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

The year after graduation he was employed at the Power House of the Fair Haven and Westville (Street) Railroad, and then until the following spring was engaged in electrical and railroad work at Edgemont, S. D., with his brother, Jay R. Hickox (Yale 1886 s). After this he was electrical engineer of the Deadwood and Delaware Smelter at Deadwood, S. D., and in August, 1899, entered the works of the General Electric Co., at Schenectady, N. Y., and at the time of his death was Assistant to the Chief Engineer of the Power and Mining Department.

Mr. Hickox died at Schenectady, August 27, 1905, in the 30th year of his age. He was not married.

EUGENE HAMMOND SHERMAN, son of Hon. Richard Willette Sherman, a civil engineer and Mayor of Utica, N. Y., and Julia H. (Hammond) Sherman, was born in that city, June 1, 1874, and, after preparation in the Utica Free and Phillips (Andover) Academies, took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he entered the New York Law School, and, after finishing his course, was a member of the law firm of Sherman & Wallace, of Syracuse, N. Y., and then practiced in Utica for a time, until ill health compelled him to seek an out-door employment. For the last two years he had been connected with the Troy Public Works Co. in

New York City, conducting a general contracting business, his father being President of the Company.

Mr. Sherman died at Utica of Bright's disease, December 25, 1906, at the age of 32 years.

### 1899

JAMES BULL BASSETT, son of James Bull and Martha Charnley (Atwater) Bassett, was all his life a resident of Derby, Conn., where he was born November 8, 1877. His father died September 29, 1877, and his mother afterward married Edward M. Oldham. After preparation at "The Ridge" in Washington, Conn., he took the course in Civil Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Since graduation he had been connected with the Whitcomb Metallic Bedstead Co., of Derby, of which he became Assistant Superintendent in 1902. He spent the summers of 1893 and 1900 in England, Scotland, and France.

Mr. Bassett died of pneumonia at his home in Derby, January 15, 1907, in the 30th year of his age. He was a communicant of St. James's Church.

BENJAMIN FRED TRITCH, son of the late George Tritch, a hardware dealer, bank president, and Regent of the Colorado State University, was born in Denver, Col., July 28, 1877. His mother was Eliza Jane (Seevart) Tritch.

After graduation he entered the business of the George Tritch Hardware Co., of Denver, in September, 1899, in December of the same year becoming Secretary, and practically carrying on the business with credit until his death.

Mr. Tritch died after an illness of six weeks from typhoid fever in Denver, September 6, 1906, at the age of 29 years.

He married, November 5, 1900, Helen Dent, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Lafayette Eggleston Campbell, of Denver, who survives him with one daughter.

JAMES THEODORE WALKER, son of David Davis Walker, a member of the Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co., of St. Louis, Mo., and Martha A. (Beakey) Walker, was born in that city May 31, 1877, and, after preparation in Smith Academy, he took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School. After graduation from the latter he made a tour around the world, and on his return was for a time engaged in the brokerage business.

Mr. Walker died of injuries received in an explosion of gasoline May 23, 1906, at his country home in Clarksville, Mo. He was in his 29th year.

He married, in St. Louis in 1905, Lily, daughter of A. B. Lambert, a manufacturer of that city, who survives him with a son.

#### 1900

ALEXANDER MONTGOMERY BROOKS, third son of Joseph Judson Brooks (Y. C. 1867) and Henrietta (Faber) Brooks, was born May 18, 1878, at Cleveland, O. He was prepared at Williston Seminary, and entered the Sheffield Scientific School as a resident of Pittsburg, Pa., and took the Select course.

After graduation he obtained a position with the Fidelity Title and Trust Co. in Pittsburg, a few months later being made Assistant Receiving Teller of the Banking Department. In September, 1905, he became a member of the brokerage firm of Childs & Childs, taking charge of the firm's business on the floor of the Pittsburg Stock Exchange.

Mr. Brooks died at his home at Shields Station, thirteen miles from Pittsburg, May 21, 1907, after an illness of three weeks, at the age of 29 years. He had married, February 21 preceding, Miss Mary Craig Chaplain, of Sewickley, Pa., who survives him. Two of his three brothers graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School respectively in 1893 and 1896, and the other brother is an undergraduate student in the same.



## 1902

HENRY MARTIN COFFEEN, son of Milo Lester and Martha (Martin) Coffeen, was born in Chicago, Ill., January 19, 1880, and, after preparation in St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School. He rowed with the winning crew in his Freshman year at New London.

After graduation he entered the banking and brokerage business in Chicago with Granger Farwell & Co., and in 1903 removed to New York and was General Manager of their New York office until the summer of 1905, when he was compelled by illness to retire. Under the care and advice of his physicians he tried the climate of the Adirondacks without benefit, and, in January, 1906, returned to Chicago.

Mr. Coffeen died of tuberculosis at his home in Chicago, May 15, 1906, at the age of 26 years.

JOHN CHESTER CROMWELL, son of David Cromwell and Fannie (Deuel) Cromwell, was born at Eastchester, Westchester County, N. Y., July 29, 1878. He took the course in Electrical Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School, entering from the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, his home being then in White Plains, N. Y.

After graduation he entered the service of the First National Bank in White Plains, of which his father was President, and had been promoted to the office of Assistant Cashier. He was a member of the Union Hook and Ladder Company, a volunteer fire company of White Plains, and, while fighting a fire, was struck by a falling cornice, receiving injuries from which he died February 3, 1907. He was 28 years of age, and three months before, September 15, 1906, had married Edna, daughter of Benjamin and Mary (Lane) Wild, of White Plains.

WILLARD PARKER DEAN, son of Lee Parker Dean, a lawyer of Falls Village, Conn., was born there October 2, 1879. He obtained his preparatory education in the Bridgeport (Conn.) High School, and in the Sheffield Scientific School took the course in Civil Engineering. During his last year in school and the first year of his college study, he was an assistant in the Bridgeport Public Library.

After graduation he was engaged in engineering work for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., mostly in West Virginia, for three years, and in the fall of 1905 became an assistant engineer in the construction of the East River tunnel of the Pennsylvania Railroad, where his faithfulness and enthusiasm for his work had brought him to a place of much responsibility. He united with the South Congregational Church in Bridgeport in 1895, and later with the Presbyterian Church in Grafton, W. Va., and was active and earnest in Christian service.

Mr. Dean died in New York City, October 15, 1906, after an illness of six weeks from cerebro-spinal meningitis. He was 27 years of age, and unmarried. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1896.

WILLIAM STIASTNY SIERCK, son of Carsten William Sierck, formerly a sugar merchant of the firm of Moller, Sierck & Co., of New York City, and Otilie (Stiastny) Sierck, was born in Hoboken, N. J., November 23, 1882, and after fitting at the Stevens Preparatory School, took the course in Mechanical Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he was in the brokerage business in New York City, and died at his home there October 6, 1906, in the 24th year of his age. He was unmarried. He was a useful member of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the Advent.

## GRADUATE SCHOOL

1893

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN COKELY, son of Edmund Cokely, a farmer of Vinton, Ia., and Eliza (Wagner) Cokely, was born at Harrisburg, W. Va., August 18, 1856, graduated from Western College, Toledo, Ia., in 1889, and from the Theological Seminary of the United Brethren at Dayton, O., in 1891. He then entered the Graduate Department of Yale University and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1893. While pursuing his Yale studies and during the year following he was pastor in Southbury, Conn., where he was ordained over the Congregational Church, October 25, 1893. From 1894 to 1896 he was Pastor of the East Main Street Congregational Church, Galesburg, Ill., then about three years of the First Congregational Church at Buda in the same State, and from October, 1900, to February, 1903, of the First Congregational Church of Perry, Ia.

Mr. Cokely died at Galesburg, Ill., October 17, 1904, at the age of 48 years.

He married, in 1880, Ella, daughter of John Jacob Eicke, a farmer of Independence, Ia. Mrs. Cokely survives him with a married daughter and a son.

1894

CORNELIA HEPHZIBAH BULKLEY ROGERS, daughter of Samuel Towner Rogers (Y. C. 1844), formerly Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in Washington College, Maryland, and great-granddaughter of Medad Rogers (Y. C. 1777), was born in Waterbury, Conn., January 21, 1862. Her mother was Cornelia Hephzibah, daughter of Dr. Sturges Bulkley (*hon.* M.D. Yale 1839), a physician of Waterbury, Conn. Miss Rogers received the



degree of Bachelor of Arts from Wellesley College in 1884, and in 1887-88 studied in Italy and Spain.

After receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1894 at the same time with her sister (Columbia 1889), with the first group of women to receive the degree at Yale University, she was Instructor in Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, N. Y., from 1891 to 1896, when she became Instructor in French and Italian at Vassar College. In 1902 she was appointed Associate Professor of Romance Languages and continued her work there most successfully until her death, which occurred at Poughkeepsie after an illness of several weeks from dropsy, January 23, 1907, at the age of 45 years. She published occasional translations from the Spanish, Italian, and French for the American Academy of Political and Social Science. She was a member of the American Philological Association.

SARA BULKLEY ROGERS, daughter of Samuel Towner Rogers (Y. C. 1844) and Cornelia Hephzibah (Bulkley) Rogers, and sister of Cornelia Hephzibah Bulkley Rogers (above), was born in Waterbury, Conn., April 12, 1864. Miss Rogers received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Columbia University in 1889, the Course of Collegiate Study for women there being discontinued and Barnard College incorporated that year. Two years later she received the degree of Master of Arts from Cornell University, and of Doctor of Philosophy at the same time with her sister Cornelia from Yale University in 1894.

She also spent a year at Oxford, England, where she attended the lectures of Sir Frederick Pollock and Albert V. Dicey, the personal friendship of the latter of whom she enjoyed, and lived several years on the Continent, in Germany, France, and Italy. During the last five years she was engaged in searching the Public Records of Brooklyn and New York for facts bearing especially on the "Arrears Act" of 1882.

Miss Rogers was the author of "Life's Way," 1897, and "Ezra Hardman, and other stories," 1900.

She died in Bridgeport, Conn., February 3, 1907, in the 43d year of her age, only a fortnight after her sister. Her radiant spirit and kindly humor were a constant inspiration to those who knew her.

## FOREST SCHOOL

1903

WESLEY JOHNSON GARDNER, son of Insley Boice and Anna Elizabeth (Bellis) Gardner, was born January 30, 1877, in Plainfield, N. J., and after preparation for college in the High School and under private tuition in Helena, Mont., entered Harvard University, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts with honor in 1900.

After graduation from the Yale Forest School he at once entered the Forest Service of the United States Department of Agriculture at Washington, D. C., as Assistant, and was held in high esteem in the department. He died of an abscess at the Episcopal Eye, Ear, and Throat Hospital in Washington, June 15, 1906, at the age of 29 years, and was buried in that city. He was a member of the First Congregational Church, Helena, Mont. His mother, residing at Galveston, Tex., and two sisters survive him. He was unmarried.



# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1839	Enoch F. Burr, 88	Lyme, Conn.	May 8, '07
1840	Edward M. Avery, 87	Webster Groves, Mo.	Sept. 21, '06
1840	James M. Hoppin, 86	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 15, '06
1840	Lewis B. Parsons, 88	Flora, Ill.	March 16, '07
1841	William Pearson, 86	Alameda, Cal.	Aug. 16, '06
1842	Robert W. Forbes, 84	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Feb. 8, '07
1842	Andrew Richmond, 86	Winter Park, Fla.	Aug. 31, '06
1842	Sylvester W. Turner, 84	Chester, Conn.	Dec. 9, '06
1843	James H. North, 83	Clifton Springs, N. Y.	March 12, '07
1844	Isaac Atwater, 88	Minneapolis, Minn.	Dec. 22, '06
1844	Edwin A. Bulkley, 81	New York City	March 27, '07
1844	Edward D. Selden, 85	Saratoga Springs, N. Y.	June 7, '07
1847	Franklin Wheeler, 79	Farmington, Conn.	Feb. 10, '07
1848	Caleb Lamson, 88	Lynn, Mass.	Sept. 23, '06
1848	Nathaniel Shipman, 77	Hartford, Conn.	June 26, '06
1850	Leonard W. Bacon, 77	Assonet, Mass.	May 12, '07
1850	Curtis J. Hillyer, 78	New York City	Aug. 5, '06
1852	Barron C. Moulton, 78	Allston, Mass.	Oct. 4, '06
1852	William H. Odell, 74	Wilmington, Ill.	April 20, '09
1852	George G. Sill, 77	Hartford, Conn.	May 19, '07
1853	Cornelius Hedges, 75	Helena, Mont.	May 8, '07
1853	Theodore J. Holmes, 73	Concord, N. H.	Dec. 2, '06
1853	John G. Thomas, 73	Milledgeville, Ga.	Nov. 11, '06
1853	Salathiel H. Tobey, 76	Larchmont, N. Y.	July 9, '06
1853	Andrew J. Willard, 74	Swanton, Vt.	March 5, '07
1854	Thomas Denny, 72	near Malone, N. Y.	July 29, '06
1854	William B. Dwight, 73	Cottage City, Mass.	Aug. 29, '06
1854	Lemuel S. Potwin, 74	Cleveland, O.	Jan. 9, '07
1854	John C. Sanders, 81	Cleveland, O.	Dec. 22, '06
1854	Jacob F. Seiler, 74	Atlantic City, N. J.	April 13, '07
1855	Isaac E. Clarke, 76	Washington, D. C.	Jan. 9, '07
1855	William M. Gay, 76	Georgetown, Mass.	July 10, '06
1855	John A. Granger, 73	Canandaigua Lake, N. Y.	Oct. 26, '06
1855	Charles Hopkins, 75	North Adams, Mass.	Dec. 9, '06

1855	Henry W. Jones, 71	London, England	Feb. 16, '07
1855	John H. Piatt, 73	Hampton, Va.	Jan. 17, '07
1856	William A. Bushee, 73	Woonsocket, R. I.	Oct. 9, '06
1856	Arthur Dickinson, 69	Baltimore, Md.	Oct. 13, '04
1856	Frederick S. Hoppin, 72	Providence, R. I.	May 29, '07
1857	Charles S. Blackman, 69	Montreal, Can.	Dec. 20, '06
1857	Charles B. Dye, 78	Springfield, Mass.	Jan. 9, '07
1857	Almon B. Merwin, 71	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 22, '07
1857	William H. Savary, 71	Boston, Mass.	Sept. 4, '06
1858	Charles F. Pumpelly, 72	Owego, N. Y.	May 10, '07
1859	Joseph H. Andrews, 71	Chicago, Ill.	Dec. 11, '06
1859	Pitts H. Burt, 69	Cincinnati, O.	Aug. 16, '06
1859	William K. Hall, 69	Newburgh, N. Y.	Sept. 17, '06
1860	Ferdinand Beach, 68	Santa Barbara, Cal.	Nov. 15, '06
1860	Winfield S. Keyes, 67	San Francisco, Cal.	Dec. 27, '06
1861	William C. Egleston, 67	New York City	March 26, '07
1861	Samuel H. Frisbee, 66	Woodstock, Md.	Feb. 19, '07
1861	Stanford Newel, 67	St. Paul, Minn.	April 6, '07
1862	Jacob S. Bockee, 66	Louisville, Ky.	Dec. 29, '06
1862	Daniel H. Chamberlain, 71	Charlottesville, Va.	April 13, '07
1862	William R. McCord, 64	Monte Vista, Col.	Aug. 29, '06
1863	Walter Allen, 66	Newton Highlands, Mass.	Feb. 7, '07
1863	George W. Atherton, 69	Bellefont, Pa.	July 24, '06
1863	George W. Baird, 66	Asheville, N. C.	Nov. 28, '06
1864	Franklin B. Bradley, 64	New York City	March 4, '07
1864	Walter Judson, 67	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 24, '06
1864	James C. Thomas, 62	Los Angeles, Cal.	Feb. 20, '07
1865	Charles L. Osborn, 62	Columbus, O.	April 11, '07
1866	James U. Taintor, 62	Hartford, Conn.	April 13, '07
1867	Robert H. Alison, 61	Ardmore, Pa.	July 17, '06
1867	Horatio Seymour, 63	Utica, N. Y.	Feb. 21, '07
1868	Elihu L. Clark, 60	New Haven, Conn.	June 28, '06
1868	James Coffin, 59	Ross, Cal.	Dec. 28, '06
1868	Horace S. Cooper, 60	Shelbyville, Tenn.	Feb. 10, '07
1868	Edward L. Spencer, 57	New York City	May 2, '05
1868	James M. Varnum, 58	New York City	March 26, '07
1869	William H. Hotchkiss, 59	New Haven, Conn.	May 2, '07
1869	Willard G. Sperry, 59	York Beach, Me.	Aug. 30, '06
1870	William H. Lee, 58	Evanston, Ill.	Jan. 18, '07
1870	Walter S. Logan, 59	New York City	July 19, '06
1870	Joseph E. P. Lord, 59	New York City	May 1, '07
1871	Edward Cramer, 56	Paris, France	June 24, '06
1871	Albert W. Curtis, 57	Spencer, Mass.	March 20, '07

1871	Azel F. Hatch, 58	Chicago, Ill.	Nov. 28, '06
1871	Robert P. Maynard, 57	Seattle, Wash.	April 24, '07
1871	William K. Townsend, 57	New Haven, Conn.	June 2, '07
1872	Henry P. Mallory, 55	Braintree, Mass.	Aug. 4, '06
1872	George A. Spalding, 57	New York City	Oct. 2, '06
1872	David Willcox, 57	At Sea	April 24, '07
1873	Eugene H. Lewis, 55	New York City	March 1, '07
1874	Henry B. B. Stapler, 53	Pelham Manor, N. Y.	Dec. 1, '06
1875	Charles W. Clark, 54	New Haven, Conn.	July 1, '06
1875	John Patton, 56	Grand Rapids, Mich.	May 24, '07
1876	Frank S. Benson, 52	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Feb. 28, '07
1876	William J. Wakeman, 52	Fortress Monroe, Va.	March 20, '07
1877	Alpheus C. Hodges, 53	Canaan Four Corn's, N. Y.	Dec. 24, '06
1877	William H. Upton, 52	Walla Walla, Wash.	Nov. 3, '06
1878	Harold S. VanBuren, 51	Nice, France	Feb. 12, '07
1879	Frank E. Hyde, 48	Paris, France	Dec. 2, '06
1879	Holland S. Whiting, 49	New York City	April 24, '07
1880	George H. Clark, 50	Newark, N. J.	Jan. 21, '07
1881	Henry R. Ewing, 44	Pittsburg, Pa.	July 16, '05
1881	Robert C. Hine, 46	Charleston, S. C.	Nov. 26, '06
1882	Frank R. Gallaher, 50	New York City	Oct. 12, '06
1884	William C. McMillan, 45	Detroit, Mich.	Feb. 21, '07
1886	William P. Brandegee, 42	New York City	July 30, '06
1886	Henry E. Hord, 41	Indianapolis, Ind.	March 12, '07
1887	Dwight E. Bowers, 41	New Haven, Conn.	April 9, '07
1888	Henry W. Boies, 39	Philadelphia, Pa.	June 27, '06
1890	Harriman W. Lee, 39	Phoenix, Ariz.	May 4, '07
1890	Charles F. Small, 37	Paris, France	April 27, '07
1893	Sherwood B. Ives, 36	Datil, N. M.	Feb. 16, '07
1893	George G. Martin, 36	St. Louis, Mo.	Feb. 24, '07
1893	Henry C. Stetson, 38	Cambridge, Mass.	April 16, '07
1894	Alphonso B. Brown, 34	Newburyport, Mass.	Oct. 17, '06
1895	Henry D. Parmelee, 36	New York City	Oct. 25, '06
1896	Frederic H. Mathison, 32	Shelton, Conn.	Aug. 24, '06
1898	Arthur H. Bartlett, 28	Plainville, Conn.	May 3, '06
1898	John R. Livermore, 30	New York City	May 1, '06
1898	Oscar Loewi, 29	New York City	Aug. 2, '06
1899	John B. Adams, 29	New York City	April 3, '07
1900	Warner Moody, 29	Shoshone, Wyo.	July 26, '06
1900	Harry G. Sanders, 29	Baltimore, Md.	Oct. 5, '06
1901	James L. Fiske, 33	Tacloban, P. I.	July 21, '06
1901	Sylvester D. Powell, 32	Easton, Conn.	Aug. 4, '06
1901	George S. Stillman, 27	New York City	March 15, '07



1904	Lathrop Smith, 25	New York City	Jan. 23, '07
1905	Harry H. Loudenslager, 23	Paulsboro, N. J.	March 16, '07
1906	Warren E. Price, 23	Los Angeles, Cal.	Dec. 13, '06
1906	Richard F. Williams, 23	Detroit, Mich.	Feb. 21, '07

## MEDICAL SCHOOL

1840	Francis A. Brewster, 89	Crescent, Ga.	Sept. 16, '06
1853	William H. Leonard, 81	Minneapolis, Minn.	April 29, '07
1856	George B. Bouton, 77	Westport, Conn.	Nov. 6, '05
1860	John W. Barker, 71	Woodbridge, Conn.	Feb. 16, '07
1860	Timothy H. Bishop, 69	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 25, '06
1864	Henry S. Turrill, 64	New York City	May 24, '07
1865	George B. Durrie, 64	New York City	June 1, '07
1866	George R. Shepherd, 64	Hartford, Conn.	April 6, '07
1893	Frederic S. Cowles, 37	Essex, Conn.	Feb. 12, '07
1897	William M. Weaver, 35	Central Islip, L. I., N. Y.	Dec. 16, '07
1903	Joseph A. Loeb, 30	Stamford, Conn.	Feb. 24, '07

## LAW SCHOOL

1850	Stanley G. Fowler, 79	Los Angeles, Cal.	May 9, '07
1850	Dennis Tuttle, 81	New Haven, Conn.	June 11, '07
1866	Charles S. Joslyn, 73	Kenwood, N. Y.	Jan. 1, '06
1871	William Starkey, 61	Long Island City, N. Y.	May 29, '06
1873	Owen P. Bricker, 58	Letitz, Pa.	July 16, '05
1884	Albert M. Thomas, 53	New York City	Dec. 11, '06
1891	Richard W. Miller, 35	Richmond, Ky.	June 29, '06
1892	John F. Holohan, 40	Waterbury, Conn.	March 31, '07
1899	Jacob B. Ullman, 36	Whitneyville, Conn.	Nov. 12, '06
1900	Julian B. Bourne, 27	Prescott, Ariz.	Aug. 14, '06

## DIVINITY SCHOOL

1875	Joseph A. Freeman, 64	Deep River, Conn.	Sept. 15, '06
1879	Charles E. Garman, 56	Amherst, Mass.	Feb. 9, '07
1880	George B. Stevens, 51	New Haven, Conn.	June 22, '06
1885	John D. Jones, 50	Spokane, Wash.	April 28, '07
1885	Thomas M. Yundt, 48	Reading, Pa.	April 19, '07
1886	Thomas V. Davies, 48	Steger, Ill.	Aug. 25, '05
1888	Robert L. Marsh, 46	Los Angeles, Cal.	Aug. 31, '06
1889	Albert W. Hitchcock, 46	Worcester, Mass.	April 9, '07
1890	Jesse L. Bright, 47	Columbus, O.	Jan. 12, '07

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1853	William B. Cochrane, 72	Stamford, Conn.	July 12, '06
1853	Daniel F. Henry, 73	Detroit, Mich.	May 13, '07
1856	Gideon H. Candee, 71	Lowell, Mass.	March 2, '04
1866	George D. Coit, 61	Norwich, Conn.	Oct. 3, '06
1868	George A. Jackson, 61	Swampscott, Mass.	May 9, '07
1877	Samuel L. Penfield, 50	South Woodstock, Conn.	Aug. 12, '06
1880	William Schofield, 46	San Francisco, Cal.	Aug. 6, '06
1881	Edmund P. Lord, 46	Pittsburg, Pa.	May 12, '07
1883	George V. Harper, 43	Chicago, Ill.	July 14, '05
1885	Philip V. Anderson, 40	Pemberton, N. J.	April 16, '07
1887	Walter P. Bigelow, 42	New York City	March 7, '07
1889	John H. Klock, 40	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 7, '06
1890	Herbert McBride, 37	Cleveland, O.	March 13, '07
1891	Stanley H. Pearce, 35	Magdalena, Mexico	July 10, '06
1891	Arthur C. Pease, 41	Lowell, Mass.	Jan. 4, '07
1893	Walter S. Billard, 34	Meriden, Conn.	Oct. 6, '06
1894	Frederick M. Landé, 31	New York City	July 3, '06
1895	Harry C. Holcomb, 34	Cheshire, Conn.	Dec. 16, '06
1896	Nathan M. Flower, 31	Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.	Dec. 1, '06
1896	George H. Hickox, 29	Schenectady, N. Y.	Aug. 27, '05
1896	Eugene H. Sherman, 32	Utica, N. Y.	Dec. 25, '06
1899	James B. Bassett, 29	Derby, Conn.	Jan. 15, '07
1899	Benjamin F. Tritch, 29	Denver, Col.	Sept. 6, '06
1899	James T. Walker, 28	Clarksville, Mo.	May 23, '06
1900	Alexander M. Brooks, 29	Shields Station, Pa.	May 21, '07
1902	Henry M. Coffeen, 26	Chicago, Ill.	May 15, '06
1902	John C. Cromwell, '28	White Plains, N. Y.	Feb. 3, '07
1902	Willard P. Dean, 27	New York City	Oct. 15, '06
1902	William S. Sierck, 23	New York City	Oct. 6, '06

## GRADUATE SCHOOL

1893	Benjamin F. Cokely, 48	Galesburg, Ill.	Oct. 17, '04
1894	Cornelia H. B. Rogers, 45	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	Jan. 23, '07
1894	Sara B. Rogers, 42	Bridgeport, Conn.	Feb. 3, '07

## FOREST SCHOOL

1903	Wesley J. Gardner, 29	Washington, D. C.	June 15, '06
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The number of deaths recorded this year is 187, and the average age of the 124 graduates of the Academical Department is about 60 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is:

Class of 1833, JOHN HUSTIS, of Hustisford, Wisc., born October 22, 1810.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is:

Class of 1837, GURDON W. RUSSELL, born April 10, 1815.

# INDEX

Members of the *Divinity, Law, Medical, Scientific, Graduate, and Forest Schools* are indicated by the letters *d, l, m, s, dp or a, and for.*, respectively.

Class		Page	Class		Page
1899	Adams, John B.	778	1893 <i>m</i>	Cowles, Frederick S.	791
1867	Alison, Robert H.	737	1871	Cramer, Edward	747
1863	Allen, Walter	727	1902 <i>s</i>	Cromwell, John C.	828
1885 <i>s</i>	Anderson, Philip V.	818	1871	Curtis, Albert W.	748
1859	Andrews, Joseph H.	716			
1863	Atherton, George W.	729	1886 <i>d</i>	Davies, Thomas V.	806
1844	Atwater, Isaac	679	1902 <i>s</i>	Dean, Willard P.	829
1840	Avery, Edward M.	670	1854	Denny, Thomas	697
			1856	Dickinson, Arthur	710
1850	Bacon, Leonard W.	687	1865 <i>m</i>	Durrie, George B.	789
1863	Baird, George W.	731	1854	Dwight, William B.	698
1860 <i>m</i>	Barker, John W.	786	1857	Dye, Charles B.	712
1898	Bartlett, Arthur H.	776			
1899 <i>s</i>	Bassett, James B.	826	1861	Egleston, William C.	720
1860	Beach, Ferdinand	718	1881	Ewing, Henry R.	765
1876	Benson, Frank S.	758			
1887 <i>s</i>	Bigelow, Walter P.	819	1901	Fiske, James L.	779
1893 <i>s</i>	Billard, Walter S.	822	1896 <i>s</i>	Flower, Nathan M.	824
1860 <i>m</i>	Bishop, Timothy	787	1842	Forbes, Robert W.	676
1857	Blackman, Charles S.	711	1850 <i>l</i>	Fowler, Stanley G.	793
1862	Bockee, Jacob S.	724	1875 <i>d</i>	Freeman, Joseph A.	800
1888	Boies, Henry W.	771	1861	Frisbee, Samuel H.	721
1900 <i>l</i>	Bourne, Julian B.	799			
1856 <i>m</i>	Bouton, George B.	786	1882	Gallaher, Frank R.	766
1887	Bowers, Dwight E.	769	1903 <i>for.</i>	Gardner, Wesley J.	833
1864	Bradley, Franklin B.	733	1879 <i>d</i>	Garman, Charles E.	800
1886	Brandegge, William P.	768	1855	Gay, William M.	704
1840 <i>m</i>	Brewster, Francis A.	784	1855	Granger, John A.	705
1873 <i>l</i>	Bricker, Owen P.	795			
1890 <i>d</i>	Bright, Jesse L.	809	1859	Hall, William K.	717
1900 <i>s</i>	Brooks, Alex. M.	827	1883 <i>s</i>	Harper, George V.	818
1894	Brown, Alphonso B.	774	1871	Hatch, Azel F.	748
1844	Bulkley, Edwin A.	681	1853	Hedges, Cornelius	692
1839	Burr, Enoch F.	669	1853 <i>s</i>	Henry, Daniel F.	810
1859	Burt, Pitts H.	717	1896 <i>s</i>	Hickox, George H.	825
1856	Bushee, William A.	710	1850	Hillyer, Curtis J.	689
			1881	Hine, Robert C.	766
1856 <i>s</i>	Candee, Gideon H.	811	1889 <i>d</i>	Hitchcock, Albert W.	808
1862	Chamberlain, D. H.	724	1877	Hodges, Alpheus C.	760
1875	Clark, Charles W.	756	1895 <i>s</i>	Holcomb, Harry C.	823
1868	Clark, Elihu L.	738	1853	Holmes, Theodore J.	693
1880	Clark, George H.	765	1892 <i>l</i>	Holohan, John F.	797
1855	Clarke, Isaac E.	703	1855	Hopkins, Charles	706
1853 <i>s</i>	Cochrane, William B.	810	1856	Hoppin, Frederick S.	711
1902 <i>s</i>	Coffeen, Henry M.	828	1840	Hoppin, James M.	671
1868	Coffin, James	739	1886	Hord, Henry E.	769
1866 <i>s</i>	Coit, George D.	812	1869	Hotchkiss, W. H.	742
1893 <i>a</i>	Cokely, Benjamin F.	830	1879	Hyde, Frank E.	763
1868	Cooper, Horace S.	740			



Class		Page	Class		Page
1893	Ives, Sherwood B.	772	1842	Richmond, Andrew	677
1868 <i>s</i>	Jackson, George A.	812	1894 <i>dp</i>	Rogers, Cornelia H. B.	830
1855	Jones, Henry W.	708	1894 <i>dp</i>	Rogers, Sara B.	831
1885 <i>d</i>	Jones, John D.	805	1900	Sanders, Harry G.	779
1866 <i>l</i>	Joslyn, Charles S.	794	1854	Sanders, John C.	701
1864	Judson, Walter	733	1857	Savary, William H.	714
1860	Keyes, Winfield S.	719	1880 <i>s</i>	Schofield, William	816
1889 <i>s</i>	Klock, John H.	820	1854	Seiler, Jacob F.	702
1848	Lamson, Caleb	684	1844	Selden, Edward	682
1894 <i>s</i>	Landé, Frederick M.	822	1867	Seymour, Horatio	737
1890	Lee, Harriman W.	771	1866 <i>m</i>	Shepherd, George R.	790
1870	Lee, William H.	744	1896 <i>s</i>	Sherman, Eugene H.	825
1853 <i>m</i>	Leonard, William H.	784	1848	Shipman, Nathaniel	685
1873	Lewis, Eugene H.	754	1902 <i>s</i>	Sierck, William S.	829
1898	Livermore, John R.	777	1852	Sill, George G.	691
1903 <i>m</i>	Loeb, Joseph A.	792	1890	Small, Charles F.	771
1898	Loewi, Oscar	777	1904	Smith, Lathrop	781
1870	Logan, Walter S.	744	1872	Spalding, George A.	752
1881 <i>s</i>	Lord, Edmund P.	817	1868	Spencer, Edward L.	740
1870	Lord, Joseph E. P.	746	1869	Sperry, Willard G.	743
1905	Loudenslager, H. H.	782	1874	Stapler, Henry B. B.	755
1890 <i>s</i>	McBride, Herbert	820	1871 <i>l</i>	Starkey, William	795
1862	McCord, William R.	726	1893	Stetson, Henry C.	773
1884	McMillan, William C.	767	1880 <i>d</i>	Stevens, George B.	802
1872	Mallory, Henry P.	752	1901	Stillman, George S.	780
1888 <i>d</i>	Marsh, Robert L.	807	1866	Taintor, James U.	735
1893	Martin, George G.	773	1884 <i>l</i>	Thomas, Albert M.	796
1896	Mathison, Frederic H.	776	1864	Thomas, James C.	734
1871	Maynard, Robert P.	750	1853	Thomas, John G.	695
1857	Merwin, Almon B.	713	1853	Tobey, Salathiel H.	696
1891 <i>l</i>	Miller, Richard W.	796	1871	Townsend, W. K.	750
1900	Moody, Warner	778	1899 <i>s</i>	Tritch, Benjamin F.	826
1852	Moulton, Barron C.	690	1842	Turner, Sylvester W.	677
1861	Newel, Stanford	722	1864 <i>m</i>	Turrill, Henry S.	788
1843	North, James H.	678	1850 <i>l</i>	Tuttle, Dennis	793
1852	Odell, William H.	690	1899 <i>l</i>	Ullman, Jacob B.	798
1865	Osborn, Charles L.	735	1877	Upton, William H.	761
1895	Parmelee, Henry D.	775	1878	VanBuren, Harold S.	762
1840	Parsons, Lewis B.	673	1868	Varnum, James M.	741
1875	Patton, John	757	1876	Wakeman, William J.	759
1891 <i>s</i>	Pearce, Stanley H.	821	1899 <i>s</i>	Walker, James T.	827
1841	Pearson, William	675	1897 <i>m</i>	Weaver, William M.	791
1891 <i>s</i>	Pease, Arthur C.	821	1847	Wheeler, Franklin	683
1877 <i>s</i>	Penfield, Samuel L.	814	1879	Whiting, Holland S.	764
1855	Piatt, John H.	709	1853	Willard, Andrew J.	696
1854	Potwin, Lemuel S.	700	1872	Willcox, David	753
1901	Powell, Sylvester D.	780	1906	Williams, Richard F.	783
1906	Price, Warren E.	782	1885 <i>d</i>	Yundt, Thomas M.	806
1858	Pumpelly, Charles F.	715			

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

***JUNE, 1908,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 23, 1908]

[No. 8 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 67 of the whole Record]







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### YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1833

JOHN HUSTIS, since the death of the Rev. Joseph Selden Lord, of the Class of 1831, in November, 1905, the oldest living graduate of Yale University, and since the death of Professor George E. Day in July of the same year, the last survivor of his class, was born in Phillipstown, Putnam County, N. Y., October 22, 1810. His parents were Joseph Hustis, a farmer, and Elizabeth (Knapp) Hustis. He was prepared for college at the Academy in the neighboring town of Fishkill, in Dutchess County.

After graduation he studied law a year in the Yale Law School, then in the office of Jeremiah Hine (Y. C. 1815), of Carmel, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in 1836, in company with his classmate VanSantvoord, in New York City. He began practice in the city of Albany, N. Y., but in 1837 went directly to Milwaukee, in the new Territory of Wisconsin, where he engaged in the real estate busi-

ness, and in 1840 erected the first brick block in that place. In 1851 he removed with his family to Hustisford, a village on the Rock River, about forty-five miles northwest of Milwaukee, laid out by him and bearing his name. In 1837 he had encamped there, sixteen miles from any cabin, bought a claim, and built a house. In 1846 he built a dam across the river and erected a sawmill, and five years later a flour mill. In 1868 he returned with his family to Milwaukee, but continued to spend a large part of his time in Hustisford, and later made his home entirely at the latter place. He was well read especially in literature and science. The Rev. Joseph S. Lord, mentioned above, was for several years the Presbyterian pastor in Hustisford.

Mr. Hustis enjoyed excellent health until a short time before his death, which occurred September 20, 1907, in the 97th year of his age. He received the degree of Master of Arts in course in 1836.

He married, August 29, 1839, Laura Ann, daughter of Lewis and Polly Ludington, of Carmel, N. Y., and had four daughters and one son. Two of the daughters and the son are deceased. His youngest daughter, Mrs. Van W. Anthony, resides in Hustisford, and his daughter, Josephine L., resides in Milwaukee. Mrs. Hustis died in 1899.

### 1835

JOHN VARICK DODGE, son of Colonel Henry S. and Jane Dey (Varick) Dodge, was born in New York City, October 14, 1815. When he was two years old his parents moved to the Territory of Illinois and with a few other American families lived seven years among the French and Indians in Kaskaskia, but in 1824 returned to New York, his father dying two years later. In 1829 he entered Columbia College, but his mother removed to New Haven the following year and in 1831 he entered Yale.

After graduation he took the course in Princeton Theological Seminary, and was then ordained by the Presbytery

of Vincennes, Ind., over the Presbyterian Church in Evansville. Soon afterwards the Old and New School controversy disrupted the church, but with six of its members who held the Old School views Mr. Dodge formed a new church. This church prospered and at the close of his pastorate of ten years, had reached a membership of one hundred and forty. In 1851, after preaching for a time in Terre Haute, Ind., he removed to Illinois, was pastor at Jacksonville four years, a state missionary two years, and preached at Canton two years. In 1859 he went to Wheeling, W. Va., for the sake of his wife's health, but in 1861 returned to Evansville, which was afterward his home. He served as Chaplain of the military hospital for three years, but in 1862 was thrown from a carriage, breaking both arms, and never fully recovered from the shock. Since then he had taken no regular charge. He received the degree of Master of Arts in course three years after graduation.

Mr. Dodge died at his home in Evansville, September 16, 1907, in the 92d year of his age. He was the last member of his class, and the oldest surviving graduate of the University but one. A brother graduated in 1840.

He married, June 6, 1842, Augusta Alice, daughter of B. F. Dupuy, of Evansville, formerly of Kentucky, and of French Huguenot descent. She died January 14, 1856, and he afterward married her sister, Mary Eliza, who died April 13, 1907. By the first marriage he had two sons and three daughters, of whom one daughter only, Mrs. Charles S. Ames, survives.

Until within a few months of his decease he was almost daily on the streets, and took especial pleasure in reading long passages from the Bible in the original Hebrew and Greek.

### 1836

WILLIAM DAVIS ELY, since the death of Mr. John Hustis, of the Class of 1833, in September, 1907, the oldest living graduate of the University, and since the death of Rev.



Newton Barrett in 1904, the last survivor of his class, was born in Hartford, Conn., June 16, 1815, and was the eldest son of William Ely (Y. C. 1787) and Clarissà May (Davis) Ely. His grandfather was Rev. Richard Ely (Y. C. 1754), who was for thirty years pastor of the Congregational church in Centerbrook, Conn. He was prepared for college in the old Hopkins Grammar School in Hartford, where his father, having acquired a fortune in business enterprises, settled about 1810.

After graduation he remained in New Haven as a resident student, taking courses in the Divinity and Medical Schools in 1837 and 1838. The next year he became Tutor in Natural Philosophy in the College, and also began his course in the Law School. In the spring of 1842 he resigned his tutorship and went abroad, spending much time in the study of art and antiquities, and during the winter and spring having the companionship of the sculptor, Philippe Grass. After a year in Europe he returned to Hartford and entered the law office of Governor Ellsworth. He was admitted to practice in the Connecticut courts, November 18, 1843, and March 6, 1849, to practice in the Supreme Court of the United States. In 1852, he made a second trip to Europe. After vigorous opposition from established companies he secured a charter for a railroad across Connecticut, the first section built being between Hartford and Willimantic. He was made Secretary and a director of the company. His efforts to secure a continuous line to Providence brought him in contact with the leading men of that city, to which he removed in 1856. This railroad, extended to Waterbury soon after, and finally to the Hudson River at Fishkill, opposite Newburg, N. Y., was called the Hartford, Providence & Fishkill Railroad, and now forms part of the Highland Division of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

Upon his removal to Providence, he gave up active law practice and engaged with the Allendale Company in the

manufacture of cotton. Of this company he was President and Treasurer at the time of his decease. He was a member of the Connecticut and Rhode Island Historical Societies, and of several patriotic societies.

He married in 1854, Anne Crawford, daughter of Hon. Zachariah Allen, LL.D., a graduate of Brown University in 1813 and for over fifty years a trustee of that institution. She died in 1888, and a daughter is also deceased, but his only son, William Ely (Ph.B. Brown 1878), who was a graduate student at Yale in 1878-79, survives him.

Mr. Ely died from heart failure following an illness of ten days, at his home in Providence, June 11, 1908, having nearly completed his 93d year.

In 1886 he presented a set of magnetic instruments to the Yale Observatory.

### 1837

GEORGE TILEY SPENCER, son of Deacon George and Julia (Pratt) Spencer, was born November 6, 1814, in the village of Deep River, in the town of Saybrook, Conn. His father was a soldier in the War of 1812, and afterward one of the earliest manufacturers of ivory goods in the country.

After graduation he taught a year in Belchertown, Mass., then began the study of law in the office of Governor William W. Ellsworth, LL.D. (Y. C. 1810), in Hartford, Conn., continued his studies in the office of John C. Forbes in Syracuse, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar there in 1841. Shortly afterward he settled in Corning, Steuben County, N. Y., where he was actively engaged in the practice of his profession for over fifty years, retiring in 1894. During this long period he was at different times in partnership with Col. Charles H. Thomson and Ellsworth D. Mills, the successive titles of the firms being Spencer & Thomson; Spencer, Thomson & Mills; and Spencer & Mills. He was

for many years regarded as one of the ablest lawyers in western New York.

He was one of the earliest members of the Republican party, and in 1856 was elected to the New York State Assembly. He was a member of the New York State Constitutional Convention in 1867. In November, 1871, he was elected County Judge and Surrogate of Steuben County, and held this office for the full term of six years.

Judge Spencer filled a position of large influence in his home community, and no one in its public or private life stood higher in general regard. Although unassuming in manner he was for many years a leader in shaping public opinion. He was one of the first Village Board of Trustees after the incorporation of Corning in 1849, and the following year was President of the Village.

He was a man of wide knowledge outside of the law. He learned German after he was sixty years old, and to the end of his life found pleasure in reading the Greek, Latin, French and German classics. Although his physical vigor declined and he was confined to his room during the last year his mental faculties were unimpaired. He died in Corning, March 3, 1908, at the home which he built over thirty years ago. He was 93 years of age, the oldest citizen of Corning, and the last survivor of his class.

He married, November 3, 1842, Harriet, daughter of Ira and Roxanna (Glover) Stacy, and sister of his classmate, John Stacy. They had six daughters and four sons, of whom the two eldest daughters and two sons died in infancy, and the youngest son, leaving Yale College at the close of Freshman year on account of ill health, died after a long illness in 1889. Mrs. Spencer died May 7, 1897. The surviving son graduated from the Albany Law School in 1872, one of the daughters from Elmira College in 1868, and another daughter from Wellesley College in 1883. One of his sisters married his classmate, Dr. Ambrose Pratt.



1838

RICHARD ELLIS BUTLER, son of Judge Thomas Butler, a planter of St. Francisville, West Feliciana Parish, La., was born in Natchez, Miss., December 31, 1819. His mother was before marriage Miss Ann Ellis. After attending school in Jackson and Baton Rouge, La., he entered college in Sophomore year.

Some time after graduation he went to reside in Terrebonne Parish, where he managed the estate of his uncle, also property of his mother's, and later his own property until the Civil War began. From 1862 to 1865 he lived with his mother in West Feliciana Parish; after the war he returned to his plantation in Terrebonne Parish, and remained there until 1872. Since then he had again resided near St. Francisville, where he died February 24, 1908, at the age of 88 years. He was Senior Warden of St. Matthew's Church at Houma, in Terrebonne Parish, and until a few years ago was Senior Warden of Grace Church, St. Francisville.

He married, October 18, 1849, Sarah E., daughter of Dr. John Ker, a physician of Natchez, Miss. His only son survives him.

WILLIAM THOMAS DOUBLEDAY, son of Dr. Ammi and Susan (Pierce) Doubleday, was born in Binghamton, N. Y., March 28, 1818. He was a student two years at Amherst College, joining his class at Yale in Junior year.

The year after graduation he was in poor health, but in 1839 entered Union Theological Seminary. Owing to a year of absence during the course he did not complete it until 1843. He then preached two years for the First Presbyterian Church of Bainbridge, N. Y., and was about three years at Truxton, where he was ordained by the Cortland Presbytery March 3, 1847. In 1850 he became pastor at Gilbertsville, Otsego County, where his church was largely

increased in membership, and remarkably blessed in its spiritual life. After ten years of service he resigned on account of overwork, and was then pastor at Delhi about two years and a half. In June, 1864, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Goshen, Conn., devoting himself to his people until October, 1871, when he resigned to gain entire rest and a change of climate. He then resided several years in Vineland, N. J., with beneficial results. During the autumn of 1878 he returned to Binghamton, where he had since made his home, and where for a number of years he had frequently preached. In 1890 he retired entirely from the active ministry.

Mr. Doubleday died at the home of his daughter, Miss Frances C. Doubleday, July 13, 1907, at the age of 89 years, and at his decease was probably the oldest native of Binghamton.

He married, May 14, 1844, Frances Maria, daughter of Francis Doremus, a merchant of New York City, and Eliza D. (Canfield) Doremus. She died April 5, 1882, and of their two daughters one died in infancy.

### 1839

AUGUSTUS RODNEY MACDONOUGH, son of Commodore Thomas Macdonough, Commander of the American fleet at the battle of Lake Champlain in 1814, was born in Middletown, Conn., November 20, 1820. His mother was Lucy Ann, daughter of Nathaniel Shaler, a merchant of Middletown, Conn.

After graduation he studied law in the Harvard Law School, also in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar in 1843. The following year he removed to St. Louis, Mo., and began the practice of his profession; but after the death of his wife in 1846, he returned to New York City, where he continued his legal practice, and was Secretary of the Erie Railroad from about 1877 to 1902.

During the Civil War he was active in the management of the New York Fair in aid of the Sanitary Commission, and during its continuance edited the *Spirit of the Fair*. In the early part of the war he was a writer for the New York *World*. Since then he had contributed frequently to the New York papers, and translated several operas from the German and French.

Mr. Macdonough was long prominent in social and other organizations, having joined the Century Association of New York City in 1852, and being made an honorary member in 1886. He was its Secretary for twenty-seven years, and was also President of the St. Nicholas Society two years. He was a trustee of the House of Refuge three years, and examiner under the first Civil Service regulations in New York City.

He married, June 10, 1846, Frances Brenton McVickar, daughter of Edward McVickar. She died the following December, and he never married again.

Mr. Macdonough died at his home in New York City, July 21, 1907, in the 87th year of his age.

His brother, Dr. James E. F. Macdonough, graduated from the Medical Department in 1840, and his brother Thomas was a non-graduate member of the Class of 1841 in the Academical Department.

### 1840

JOHN FRAZIER HEAD, son of George E. and Hannah (Catlin) Head, was born in Boston, Mass., January 9, 1821.

After graduation he entered the Harvard Medical School and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from there in 1843, and the same year that of Master of Arts from Yale. In August, 1846, he was commissioned Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army, five years later Captain and Assistant Surgeon, and in 1860 Major and Surgeon. He was with Scott's army in Mexico, and served through



the Civil War. He attained the rank of Colonel in June, 1882, and was retired on account of age in January, 1885. Since then he had resided in Washington, D. C. In April, 1904, he was advanced to the rank of Brigadier-General, retired.

General Head died at Nassau, in the Bahama Islands, February 5, 1908, at the age of 87 years. He was buried in the Grove Street Cemetery, New Haven. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, August 18, 1846, Katharine, daughter of Mrs. Apthorp, who for many years conducted a school of high repute for young ladies on Hillhouse Avenue, New Haven. Mrs. Head died in 1904, but a son, Frazier Davenport Head, a graduate of the Class of 1874 in the Sheffield Scientific School, survives him.

#### 1844

EDWARD HENRY AVERY, son of Rev. Charles Eldredge Avery (Middlebury 1818) and Asenath (Cheadell) Avery and a descendant of Captain James Avery, a settler of New London, Conn., was born at Columbus, Chenango County, N. Y., August 18, 1824. He was fitted for college at "The Lyceum," at Geneva, N. Y., and entered the Sophomore class in 1841.

Soon after graduation he became the tutor of four children of a planter in Georgia. Returning to central New York in 1846, he studied law at Auburn and was admitted to the bar in November, 1848. After three years of preliminary experience at Dansville and Bath, he removed to Auburn in 1851, where he speedily established an extensive and lucrative practice. Among his clients were some of the railway companies which in 1853 were consolidated into the New York Central Railroad Company, of which he was appointed one of the local attorneys and afterward counsel, continuing this relation until his retirement from the practice of the law thirty years later.

During the Civil War he acted as treasurer of a large fund contributed for the purpose of raising and equipping troops. Under a commission from the governor of the state, he visited the front and acquainted himself with the needs of the service. In 1870 he was appointed Assistant Adjutant-General, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, in the National Guard of the State of New York.

During the war he also carried to successful completion the building of the Auburn water works, the "Holly system" being introduced in the face of numerous predictions of failure. He personally bore one-tenth of the pecuniary risk involved. He was not without experience in such enterprises, having been associated with other capitalists in furnishing the city of Indianapolis with its water and power, and having been Secretary and Treasurer of the corporation formed for that undertaking.

Subsequently he was an active and often a controlling spirit in various organizations which have contributed to the growth and prosperity of Auburn. Among these were a paper mill company and a local railway company, of both of which he was President; and he was a director of the Auburn Wagon Company and the Empire State Telephone Company. For nearly forty years he was the President of the Auburn Gas Light Company.

In 1882 he assumed the presidency of the First National Bank of Auburn, relinquishing his legal practice at that time. For more than a quarter of a century he conducted the affairs of the bank with sound and conservative judgment, but with a liberal spirit. His promptness and energy, his incorruptible integrity, and his high standard of commercial honor inspired the utmost confidence. He was also a trustee of the Cayuga County Savings Bank and a member of its finance committee.

His time was not entirely absorbed in business. He was long one of the trustees of the First Presbyterian Church of Auburn, and one of the directors of the American Social

Science Association, of whose executive committee he was a member. In 1867 he visited Europe with his family, and again in 1878.

He had a constitution of remarkable vitality, which he was careful not to overwork, and his health continued nearly perfect until last November, when he was prostrated by illness. A short sojourn at Clifton Springs Sanitarium was attended with no improvement, and he gradually grew weaker until he expired May 5, 1908.

His wife, Susan S., daughter of Najah Taylor of Brooklyn, N. Y., to whom he was married May 5, 1852, died in 1890. Their first child died in infancy; twin sons, James Carrington and Charles Irving Avery (both Cornell 1883), and a daughter, Mrs. Milligan, survive.

FREDERICK DENISON AVERY, son of Henry William and Betsey (Denison) Avery, was born October 30, 1818, in Groton, Conn. When seventeen years of age he went to the home of an uncle in Sherburne, N. Y., to learn cabinet-making, but at the end of a year and a half he decided to take a college course preparatory to entering the ministry.

After graduation from the Academical Department he at once began the three years' course in the Yale Divinity School. He supplied the Congregational Church in Eden, Erie County, N. Y., a year and a half, and then, June 11, 1850, was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Columbia, Tolland County, Conn. He continued his ministry there forty-five years, November 1, 1895, becoming pastor *emeritus*. In 1896 a tablet of bronze commemorating his long service was placed in the church by Mrs. William H. Yeomans, of Columbia.

His "Address at the One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of the Columbia Congregational Church," 1866; "Historical Address at the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Tolland County Association of Congregational Ministers" in June, 1889; and "Loyalty to Christ," an essay



read at the County Conference in October, 1893, were printed.

He was one of the organizers of the Tolland County Conference of Congregational Churches, and its Registrar for a dozen years, also Registrar for about the same length of time of the Tolland (Congregational) Association. In 1880 he was Moderator of the General Association of Connecticut. For thirty-six years he was a member of the town School Committee, and during most of that time acting School Visitor, and was also chairman of the Columbia Free Library Committee. In 1885 he was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives.

Mr. Avery died February 26, 1908, after an illness of six weeks from diabetes, at his home in East Hartford, Conn., where he had resided since his retirement from the active ministry. He was 89 years of age. He was buried in the family lot at Columbia, Conn.

He married, March 12, 1849, Julia Sophia, daughter of Roswell and Phœbe (Harrison) Smith. She died in 1855, leaving a daughter who graduated from Mt. Holyoke Seminary in 1876 and died in 1904. In 1857 Mr. Avery married Charlotte, daughter of Benjamin and Barbara (DeGraffe) Manny, of Hagaman, near Amsterdam, N. Y. She survives him with a son.

SAMUEL AUGUSTUS BADGER, eldest son and third of the eight children of Samuel and Apphia Maria (Fernald) Badger, was born August 5, 1822, in Kittery, Me. His father was a noted shipbuilder, and his grandfather, William Badger, founder of the business, gave his name to Badger's Island, adjoining Kittery. When about eleven years old he began to row across the Piscataqua River daily to school in Portsmouth and continued to do so for three years. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H., and entered at the beginning of the second term of Freshman year.

After graduation he spent several months in travel and general study, followed by a year in the Harvard Medical School, and then engaged in business in Portsmouth. He was active in the presidential campaign of 1848, serving as President of the Young Men's Taylor Club, and Secretary of the Whig Vigilance Committee. In 1849 he was elected to the New Hampshire Legislature, and drew up the petition and carried through the measure making Portsmouth a city in 1850. He was chosen a member of the first City Council, and was several times on the Board of Education.

In 1852 he removed to New York City, but the next year began the manufacture of furniture by steam in Detroit, Mich. There he suffered a serious loss from fire four years later and was induced to go to Sabula, Ia., a place then attracting much attention as the proposed eastern terminus of the Iowa Central Railway. He obtained an interest in a tract of land there for an addition to the town, laid it out in building lots, built a house, was a representative man of the place, and held several official positions. His father's death occurred in September, 1857, and during his absence in the East the great panic blighted his Iowa plans. He then became commercial agent of a Boston furniture house and was greatly esteemed by the company. After a time he engaged in the manufacture and selling of furniture at wholesale on his own account, and built up a large business, which was ruined through the dishonesty of a partner and the failure of another business house. Since then he had been a wholesale commission furniture merchant, but retired in 1906.

Mr. Badger died of heart failure in Boston, September 17, 1907, at the age of 85 years.

From his Academy days he had been an active church member, and was for years a deacon of the Union Congregational Church in Boston.

He married in Portsmouth, August 30, 1847, Caroline Harriet, daughter of William and Caroline (Haley) Good-

rich, and had two sons and a daughter. She survives him with their daughter and younger son, the elder son having died two days after his father.

## 1846

FREDERICK HENRY NORTH, youngest of the four children of Major Seth Judd and Elizabeth (Stanley) North, was born in New Britain, Conn., August 10, 1824. He was prepared for college in private schools in New Britain and Fair Haven, and entered Yale in 1841, but owing to weakness of the eyes was out of college a year, and joined the Class of 1846 in its Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School, but before completing the course went into business. Shortly afterward his father died, leaving in his care important manufacturing and real estate interests, which he managed with success. He was one of the incorporators of the New Britain Gas Light Company, one of the original directors of the New Britain Institute, and a leader in the business life of the city. He spent much time abroad, and gathered a choice collection of pictures.

He married, August 28, 1850, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Henry and Lauretta (Smith) North, of New Britain, and had a son and two daughters. For the benefit of his wife's declining health he moved to St. Louis in the fall of 1876, but she died the following spring, and two years later one of his daughters died.

From the summer of 1879 to that of 1884 Mr. North was in Europe, mostly in Germany, and then resided in Chicago, Ill., with his daughter until the end of 1906, when they went to Beaver Dam, Wisc. There he died, July 20, 1907, at the home of his son, Dr. Charles F. North (M.D. Leipsic 1884). He was nearly 83 years of age. His sister was the wife of the Rev. Samuel Rockwell (Y. C. 1825), who was



the first pastor of the South Congregational Church in New Britain. Of this church Mr. North and his father were members.

## 1847

WILLIAM EDWARD BRODNAX, son of Alexander J. Brodnax, a planter, and Rebecca A. (Wilkins) Brodnax, was born January 8, 1827, in Brunswick County, near the southern border of Virginia. After studying under a private tutor and for a short time in the University of North Carolina, he entered Yale College in Sophomore year.

On graduation he returned to his native county in Virginia, and settled on a plantation near White Plains. There, with the exception of a few years in North Carolina preceding and during the Civil War, he had resided ever since, living the quiet life of a country gentleman and extending a most generous hospitality. During the war he was Captain on the staff of General Robert Ransom in North Carolina. In 1892 a tornado greatly damaged his farm and injured him, but not seriously.

He had no organic disease, but died after several weeks of increasing weakness, at his home, "The Hermitage," September 2, 1907, at the age of 80 years. Around him lived his former slaves and their children, who held him in warm affection and the highest regard. He was never married. His only near relative surviving is a niece.

ALFRED PLANT, son of Samuel and Delicia Mary (Poignaud) Plant, was born in Lancaster, now Clinton, Mass., March 2, 1821. From the age of 14 to 21 years he was clerk in a country store, after which he supported himself while preparing for college at Leicester Academy and Williston Seminary.

After graduation from Yale College he studied a year each in Union and Yale Theological Seminaries. He was

licensed to preach in 1850, and the same year went to St. Louis, where four of his brothers resided. The following year he attended the first World's Fair in London. He remained abroad two years, and was in Paris during the *coup d'état* that made Napoleon Emperor of France. Returning to St. Louis in 1853 he preached for the next three years in St. Louis, Keosauqua, Ia., and Collinsville, Ill., but was then obliged by ill health to give up continuous ministerial work, although he afterward preached frequently.

In 1856 he became associated with his brother William in the agricultural and seed business in St. Louis, and two years later became an equal partner. In 1872 he acquired the seed business of the firm, and in November organized the Plant Seed Company, of which he was President until his retirement.

In St. Louis he was a member of the First Congregational Church, and later an original member and Trustee of the Pilgrim Congregational Church. Afterward he lived in Webster Groves, ten miles from the center of St. Louis, for nearly forty years, and was an officer of the First Congregational Church there.

Mr. Plant had suffered from partial blindness and had been in feeble health for several years. He had a paralytic stroke early in the summer of 1907, and died December 28, at his home in Webster Groves, in the 87th year of his age.

He married, September 20, 1863, Mary C., daughter of Ralph and Charlotte (Waterman) Swift of Geneva, N. Y., who died in 1896 from injuries received by being thrown from a carriage. One son only survives, their second son having died in infancy.

GOUVERNEUR MORRIS WILKINS, son of Martin Wilkins, a rice planter, and Eliza Berkeley (Grimball) Wilkins, was born February 15, 1828, in Charleston, S. C., and entered college in Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied medicine in the Charleston Medical College, but his health failing he engaged in planting. During the Civil War he was in the service of the Confederacy as a private in Company K of the Fourth South Carolina Cavalry, and as a result of the war suffered the loss of his entire property. Since then he had lived quietly at Lowndes Hill, Greenville, S. C., occupied in farming.

During the last year he had been an invalid as the result of a fall, and in the spring had an attack of the grip from which he did not fully recover. He died at his home, August 19, 1907, in the 80th year of his age.

Mr. Wilkins was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, February 26, 1856, Adela, daughter of Thomas O. and Elizabeth Wragg (Smith) Lowndes, and had seven sons and two daughters, of whom three sons, with Mrs. Wilkins, survive him.

### 1848

SAMUEL EMERSON, fourth son and fifth of the nine children of Professor Ralph Emerson, D.D. (Y. C. 1811), and Eliza (Rockwell) Emerson, was born May 9, 1827, in Norfolk, Conn. His father was the Congregational pastor there until 1829, and for twenty-five years afterward Professor in Andover Theological Seminary.

After graduation from Yale he took the course in Andover Theological Seminary, graduating in 1852, and continued his studies there another year, being licensed to preach in the spring of 1851, though subsequently spending some time in teaching. In 1854 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale, and during the spring of that year he was in charge of the church at Genesee, Wisc., in 1856 was a missionary under the American Sunday School Union in Virginia, in Rockingham and neighboring counties, and then for a time edited a paper. Finding the



climate suited to his needs, he spent most of his life thereafter in Virginia, in the autumn of 1856 taking charge of the Rural Valley Seminary near the Natural Bridge, then for a year and a half of Little Levels Academy, Pocahontas County, and after that time residing in Albemarle County, engaged in preaching, teaching, and in study. For many years he had lived in Charlottesville, the seat of the University of Virginia, tutoring, and working on a mathematical treatise which he left unfinished. He died there January 18, 1908, in the 81st year of his age. He was never married. His eldest brother graduated from Western Reserve University in 1839, and two brothers from Yale in 1841 and 1844 respectively.

JOHN HOLLENBACK PUMPELLY, son of William Pumpelly, one of the pioneer settlers of Western New York and many years President of the Owego Bank, and Mary (Welles) Pumpelly, and grandson of George Welles (Y. C. 1779), was born August 16, 1826, in Owego, Tioga County, N. Y.

After graduation he was engaged in civil engineering on the Erie Railroad, then under construction; on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, upon which he did some notable work in Pennsylvania; and on the Houston & Red River Railroad in Texas. In 1852-53 he was a broker in Wall street, New York City; from May, 1856, to August, 1857, gold-mining in Fauquier County, Va.; in 1858 studying medicine; and from 1860 to 1865 studying mathematics in New York City, chiefly under Professor Boeck.

From 1870 to his retirement in 1883, except for two years abroad, he continued his engineering work on various surveys, at one time assisting in a topographical survey in the mountains of Montana under the superintendence of his brother, Professor Raphael Pumpelly.

Since 1883 he had been in no active occupation, and resided during the winter for many years in Albany, N. Y., and in summer at Dublin, N. H.

Mr. Pumpelly died of pneumonia at Waltham, Mass., December 6, 1907, at the age of 81 years, and was buried at Owego, N. Y.

He married in 1868, Mary Ann, daughter of Dr. Lyman Foote, a surgeon in the United States Army who died during the Mexican War. Mrs. Pumpelly died in 1877. They had no children.

## 1849

FRANCIS MILES FINCH, son of Miles and Tryphena (Farling) Finch, was born June 9, 1827, at Ithaca, N. Y., and entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year from Ithaca Academy. During his college course he was noted for his felicity as an impromptu speaker, and in Senior year he was one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine* and Class Poet.

After graduation he studied law at Ithaca with Judge Henry S. Walbridge and from 1851 to 1880 practiced his profession in his native place, from about 1856 to 1866 in partnership with Judge Douglass Boardman (Y. C. 1842). For a number of years he was Librarian of the Cornell Public Free Library of Ithaca. From May, 1869, to June, 1873, he was Collector of Internal Revenue for the Twenty-sixth District of the State of New York, and from May, 1880, to January, 1896, was Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals of New York State.

His far-seeing judgment and watchful zeal were of the highest value to Cornell University at its beginning. He was *ex-officio* Trustee and Secretary of the Board of Trustees from 1865 to 1875, and Trustee by election from 1877 to 1882. Upon his retirement from the bench he was Dean of the Faculty of Cornell Law School till 1903, also Director of the Law School in 1896, and from 1895 Professor of the History and Evolution of Law. In 1899 he was President of the New York State Bar Association.

His opinions upon the bench were famous not only for their legal soundness but for the clearness and grace of their literary expression. Many of his poems, especially "The Blue and the Gray," first published in the *Atlantic Monthly* in 1867, enjoyed a wide repute and his fraternity and college songs, such as "Gather ye smiles," "Linonia," and "The Smoking Song," have retained their popularity through succeeding college generations. At the centennial celebration of the Linonian Society, in July, 1853, he recited his poem containing the lyric on Nathan Hale. He also delivered the poem at the Phi Beta Kappa anniversary at Yale in July, 1854, and before the Army of the Potomac in July, 1879.

Judge Finch received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Hamilton College in 1880, and from Yale University in 1889.

He died at his home in Ithaca, July 31, 1907, at the age of 80 years.

He married, May 25, 1853, Elizabeth A., daughter of Robert May and Orra (Bridges) Brooke, of Philadelphia. Mrs. Finch died March 29, 1892, the second son died in childhood, and the elder son in 1901. His two daughters survive him.

FREDERICK ST. JOHN LOCKWOOD, son of Colonel Buckingham St. John and Polly Esther Belden (St. John) Lockwood, was born August 23, 1825, in Norwalk, Conn.

After graduation he began the study of law in the office of Chief Justice Thomas B. Butler (M.D. Yale 1828), but the sudden death of his father in 1856 left in his hands the care of large estates in Connecticut and Ohio and prevented his carrying out his original intentions. From 1859 to 1862 he was one of the State Bank Commissioners. During the Civil War he was on the staffs of Major Generals King and Russell, and at the close of the war he represented Norwalk as a Republican in the State Legislatures of 1865, 1866, and 1872. For many years he was a director of the Danbury



& Norwalk Railroad Company, and since 1882 its President. From 1868 to 1890 he was President of the Fairfield County National Bank, for more than forty years was a director of the Norwalk Savings Society, and was one of the incorporators of the Fairfield County Savings Bank. He was officially connected with many other financial and industrial corporations. He was a member of the Norwalk Congregational Church and since 1898 President of the Norwalk Historical Society. Three years after graduation he received the degree of Master of Arts.

Mr. Lockwood died after a brief illness at Norwalk, October 12, 1907, at the age of 82 years.

He married, February 23, 1866, Carrie, daughter of Frederick Seymour and Nancy (Raymond) Ayers, of West Troy, N. Y., who survives him with two daughters and a son (Y. C. 1894). One of the daughters graduated from Vassar College in 1901.

### 1850

WILLIS STRONG COLTON, son of Rev. George Colton (Y. C. 1804) and Lucy (Cowles) Colton, and great-grandson of Rev. Benjamin Colton (Y. C. 1710), was born June 25, 1828, at Royalton, Niagara County, N. Y. He was Salutatorian of his class.

After graduation he taught in the Old Saybrook (Conn.) Academy a year, then a year in Kentucky in the family of the Hon. Cassius M. Clay (Y. C. 1832), a classmate of one of his brothers, and in 1852 entered the Yale Theological Seminary. He was Tutor in the College from 1853 to 1856, at the same time continuing his theological studies. He was licensed to preach by the New Haven Central Association in 1854 and was ordained and installed pastor of the First Congregational Church in Wethersfield, Conn., September 17, 1856. After a service of ten years there he accepted the call of the First Congregational Church in Washington, Conn., where he remained nearly eleven years.

He was then at Warren, Conn., eleven years, and at Wayne, Mich., five years, resigning in 1893. After that he preached in the Presbyterian Church at Greenspring, Ohio, from April, 1895, to April, 1897, and later two years each at Alexis and West Toledo, Ohio. In 1893 he removed to Toledo, Ohio, where he afterward resided, his health remaining excellent until about six months before his decease. He died there November 26, 1907, at the age of 79 years.

He wrote the "Song of Reunion" for the twenty-fifth anniversary of his class, "The Lost Triad," "The Voyage of Life," "The Unseen City," and other poems, and contributed to various religious journals.

Mr. Colton married, May 22, 1857, Lucy Parsons, sister of Rev. Lewis W. Gibson (Y. C. 1854), and daughter of Otis L. Gibson, M.D., and Emeline Barton (Parsons) Colton of Wellsboro, Pa., and had four daughters and three sons, of whom two daughters are deceased. The eldest daughter married Edward P. Hickox (Y. C. 1878), the second died in early life, the third married William G. Brinsmade (Harv. 1881), and the youngest after graduating from the University of Michigan in 1895 died in 1896. His son, Arthur W., graduated from the Academical Department of Yale in 1890 and was Instructor in English in the College from 1893 to 1895. Four brothers were graduates of Yale, in the years 1832, 1840, 1844, and 1848, respectively. A fifth brother, Horace B., left college before graduation but was given an honorary degree in 1850.

BENJAMIN PARSONS, son of Starr and Elizabeth (Speer) Parsons, and one of nine children, was born January 6, 1826, in Bloomfield, N. J., and entered college from that place at the beginning of Sophomore year.

The year after graduation he was a private tutor in the family of Hon. Cassius M. Clay in Kentucky, preceding his

classmate Colton, who acted in the same capacity the next year, and then taught several months in Bloomfield Institute. Early in 1852 he attended lectures at the Berkshire Medical School, Pittsfield, Mass., and then took the course in the Theological Institute of Connecticut at East Windsor Hill (now Hartford Theological Seminary). He was ordained as a missionary, June 20, 1854, and the following August sailed from Boston for Smyrna on his way to Sivas in Asia Minor, where he remained as a missionary of the American Board until October, 1859, when the ill health of his family caused his return to this country. From 1860 to 1865 he was pastor of the Congregational Church at Windsor, Conn., and was then two years in Watertown, Conn. The next five years he was settled at Smyrna, Mich., and the four years following at Saline in the same state. Then he was in Ann Arbor, Mich., but in March, 1889, he reached Seattle, and had spent his life since then in ministerial work in the Puget Sound region of Washington. He was at first pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church and its successor, Bethany Church, and then labored in Centralia, Carbonado, and elsewhere, returning later to Seattle, where he continued his religious activity till his death. He was instrumental in securing a permanent Coast Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions to give his entire attention to the interests of foreign missions on the Pacific coast, and while completing the details for the missionary rally to be held early the following month in Seattle he was taken with a chill, and died at the home of his daughter in that city, February 19, 1908, at the age of 82 years.

He was an enthusiastic member of the Yale Alumni Association of Seattle, and was highly esteemed by the college men of the region. In 1854 he received the degree of Master of Arts in course.

He married, June 18, 1854, Sarah W., daughter of Samuel Powers, of Hadley, Mass., and had three sons and



a daughter, of whom the eldest son, a graduate in Pharmacy of the University of Michigan in 1876, is deceased. Mrs. Parsons died in September, 1907.

## 1851

WILLIAM FELIX ALEXANDER, son of Adam Leopold Alexander (Y. C. 1821), who was from 1849 to 1858 Trustee of the University of Georgia, was born in Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., May 7, 1832. His mother was Sarah Hillhouse (Gilbert) Alexander, daughter of Felix H., and Sarah Gilbert, and granddaughter of David and Sarah (Porter) Hillhouse of Hadley, Mass.

After graduation he read medicine for eighteen months in the office of the family physician, but then gave up the plan of entering the medical profession, and became Cashier of the branch in his native town of the State Bank of Georgia, later succeeding his father as President. After the death of his wife, early in 1855, he gave up this position, took a brief trip to Europe, and then settled on a cotton plantation which he had bought in southwestern Georgia, where he remained nearly six years.

When the Confederate Government was formed in 1861 he became Chief Clerk under Brigadier-General Robert Toombs, Secretary of State, but after the battle of Manassas he hastened into active service under General Toombs, and was on his staff nearly two years. When his brother-in-law, General A. R. Lawton, was so severely wounded at Sharpsburg as to be unfitted for field service and was made Quartermaster-General of the Confederate army, Mr. Alexander became his assistant, being stationed in Richmond, and in that position was thrown into intimate relations with those in highest authority.

With the evacuation of Richmond, all his property being lost except a small amount of cash, he went to Columbus,

Ga., as buyer for a large house dealing in cotton, but two years later began on his own account buying cotton for spinners and exporters. He continued in Columbus till 1872, and since then had lived in Augusta, Ga., where he was President of the Augusta Cotton Exchange and Board of Trade, and since his retirement from the cotton business in 1895, Secretary of these organizations. For the last twelve years he was a member of the Board of Charities of the County and its President after 1903. He was also Treasurer of the Augusta Orphan Asylum.

Major Alexander died of paralysis at Augusta, August 15, 1907, at the age of 75 years. From 1846 he was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married, April 28, 1853, Mary Louisa, daughter of Brigadier-General Robert Toombs (Union 1828), afterward for sixteen years United States Congressman and Senator. She died in March, 1855, while in Richmond. January 6, 1863, he married Lucy Gilmer, daughter of Peachy Ridgway Grattan, who was for forty years Reporter of the Court of Appeals of Virginia. Mrs. Alexander died in 1899. Of their three sons and one daughter, only the daughter, the wife of Edgeworth Bird Baxter (Princeton 1890), survives.

JAMES STELLE BROWNSON, son of Judge John and Caroline (Stelle) Brownson, was born at St. Martinville, La., June 2, 1830, but entered college from Brooklyn, N. Y.

After graduation he devoted his time to the study of French at home till the spring of 1852, when he sailed for Europe and spent six months chiefly in Paris. On his return home he devoted several months to the study of German, and then went abroad again. After traveling in Germany he studied medicine at Bonn and then at Paris, and after receiving in the latter city the degree of Doctor of Medicine, practiced his profession until his retirement.

Dr. Brownson married, in New York City, December 13, 1864, Eliza, daughter of Coleman Williams, and died there February 19, 1908, in the 78th year of his age. Mrs. Brownson survives him.

JAMES GARDINER VOSE was born March 3, 1830, in Boston, Mass., where his father, Colonel Josiah Howe Vose, an officer in the Seminole War and the War of 1812, was at the time in command of the Fourth United States Infantry. His mother was Charlotte (Cushing) Vose. In October, 1834, he left Boston with his parents, crossed the Alleghany Mountains by stage and spent the winter in Cincinnati. In the spring of 1835 the family went by steamboat down the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers to the mouth of the White River, thence to Little Rock, and then by wagons across the country to the Indian Territory, where they spent four years at Fort Towson, a military post on the Red River, which was afterward abandoned. His preparation for college was obtained at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., three classmates also being fitted there.

After graduation from college he at once entered Andover Theological Seminary, graduated there in 1854, and spent the following winter in preaching and pastoral work in Greenfield, Mass. During the middle year of his seminary course he spent six months in South Carolina on account of poor health, and in the spring of 1855 went abroad for the same reason. He studied in the University of Berlin from October to January, and regained his health while sojourning in Italy. He returned to the United States in May, 1856, and was soon invited to a Professorship of Rhetoric in Amherst College. He accepted and remained there nearly nine years.

He was ordained to the ministry October 30, 1857; after the close of his service at Amherst was acting pastor of the Second Congregational Church in Dorchester, Mass., about a year; and in January, 1866, became pastor of the



Beneficent Church, Providence, R. I. During his active pastorate of thirty-five years this church was a power for good in the community, and from it have grown other churches. He was highly esteemed for his wise zeal, prudence in council, and helpfulness as a pastor, and was honored throughout the state, where he was personally known through the wide scattering of the early members of his church as well as by his public service. He took a deep interest in many matters outside of his church, being for twelve years a member of the School Committee, and a member of the special committee about 1899 for the improvement of the schools. Since 1886 he had been a Trustee of Andover Theological Seminary and of Phillips (Andover) Academy, and was also a Trustee of Wheaton Seminary, at Norton, Mass. In 1893 he was appointed a member of the Prudential Committee of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

He made a thorough study of church history and preached often on historical subjects, especially on events since the Reformation. He contributed to the *Bibliotheca Sacra* and other reviews, and delivered many addresses, including that at Roger Williams Park in 1886 on the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of Providence. His volume of "Sketches of Congregationalism in Rhode Island" was published in 1894. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale University in 1858, and the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Brown University in 1874.

Dr. Vose was made pastor *emeritus* in 1901, but his occasional sermons since then were heartily welcomed by his people.

He died at his home in Providence, March 13, 1908, after an illness of only two days from pneumonia. He was 78 years of age. The death of Mrs. Vose occurred only two days after that of her husband.

Dr. Vose married, August 19, 1856, Charlotte Elizabeth, daughter of Franklin and Charlotte (Barrett) Ripley, of

Greenfield, Mass., and had three daughters and two sons, who survive him. The elder son graduated from Brown University in 1884, and the younger from Amherst College in 1892 and the Harvard Medical School in 1896. One of Mrs. Vose's sisters was the wife of Rev. Henry Blodget, D.D. (Y. C. 1848), who was for forty years a missionary in China.

## 1852

HENRY EDWIN DWIGHT, son of Rev. William Theodore Dwight, D.D. (Y. C. 1813), and grandson of President Timothy Dwight, the elder, was born August 2, 1832, at Portland, Me., where his father had begun his long pastorate of the Third Congregational Church. His father was a tutor in Yale College from 1817 to 1819, a member of the Board of Overseers of Bowdoin College for over twenty years, and of the Board of Visitors of Andover Theological Seminary for ten years. His mother was Eliza L., daughter of Thomas Bradford, a distinguished lawyer of Philadelphia.

After graduation he was a teacher in the Brooklyn (N. Y.) High School two years, and then entered Andover Theological Seminary, finishing his course there in 1857. After preaching at Dracut, Cambridge, Nantucket, and elsewhere in Massachusetts, he was ordained and installed pastor of the First Congregational Church in Randolph, Mass., December 29, 1859. In April, 1862, he resigned and went abroad, studying at Halle, Berlin, and Paris. On his return to America in 1863, he went to Philadelphia, and lectured in various schools in that city. Soon afterward he began the study of medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, in 1867 received the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and had since then practiced that profession in Philadelphia. During his earlier medical work he was Resident Physician of the Philadelphia Hospital, continuing as Visiting Physician for years afterward.

Dr. Dwight died from the infirmities of age at his home in Philadelphia, April 3, 1908, at the age of 75 years. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Washington and Lee University in 1882. His brother, Judge Thomas Bradford Dwight, graduated from Yale College in 1859, and his sister, Elizabeth Checkman Bradford Dwight, was the wife of Rev. Professor Egbert C. Smyth, D.D., of Andover Theological Seminary.

He married, December 21, 1865, Laure Emma, daughter of Christian Adolphe and Rose Reine Laure (Bonhôte) Lèrman, of Neuchâtel, Switzerland. She survives him with their two daughters.

Dr. Dwight compiled and edited for the Home Missionary Society of Philadelphia "Fifty Years' Work in the Spread of the Gospel, Relief of the Poor, and Care of Destitute Children," 1885; "The Life and Character of Edwin G. Booth," 1886; and wrote a "Life of Vincent L. Bradford," 1887. His address on "The Influence of Universities upon the Medical Profession" was also printed.

ALONZO NORTON LEWIS, son of Norton Newell and Beulah (Bird) Lewis, was born September 3, 1831, in New Britain, Conn., but was left an orphan when only six years old. He entered college from the adjoining town of Plainville, but left the second term of Sophomore year, and was principal of the Litchfield (Conn.) Academy three years. He then taught a year each in New Hartford and Naugatuck, Conn. While in Litchfield he began the study of law, spent the year 1856-57 in the Yale Law School, being at the same time its Librarian, was admitted to the bar in Litchfield in October, 1857, and the following year practiced law. In 1858 he went South for the benefit of his health, and was for a year in charge of the Blind Department of the Institute for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind at Raleigh, N. C. From 1860 to 1866 he was principal of the High School and Superintendent of Schools in Waterbury, Conn.



He received the degree of Master of Arts and enrollment with his class in 1866. Trinity College also gave him the degree of Master of Arts in 1872.

Having studied for the ministry while teaching in Waterbury, he was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, April 14, 1866, and Priest, March 7, 1868. From 1866 to 1870 he was Rector of Christ Church, Bethlehem, Conn., and at the same time conducted Parker Academy, a boarding school for boys in Woodbury, the next town south. In 1870 he became Rector of the Church of the Messiah at Dexter, Me., remained there two years, and was then three years at St. James's Church, Westville, Conn. From 1875 to 1889 he was Rector of Holy Trinity Church, Westport, Conn., and from 1891 to 1907 Rector of Christ Church, Montpelier, Vt.

He was deeply interested in historical matters and in fraternal and patriotic organizations. He was the founder of the Saugatuck (Conn.) Historical Society, one of the originators of the Yale Alumni Association of Fairfield County, President of the University Club of Montpelier, since 1889 Chaplain and Historian of the Society of the Cincinnati in Connecticut, and the first Secretary and afterwards President of the Sally Lewis Academy Association. At this school in Southington he received part of his preparation for college. Since 1892 he had been Secretary of his Class.

He contributed frequently to the local press, and besides several pamphlets, he published many poems, and prepared "The School Psalter."

Since his retirement from his parish in Montpelier he had resided in Westville, Conn., with his daughter, Mrs. William A. Borden, at whose home he died September 12, 1907, after suffering for several months from a complication of diseases. He was 76 years of age.

He married, November 28, 1860, Sarah Maria, youngest daughter of Hon. Charles B. and Amanda (Parker) Phelps,

of Woodbury. Their eldest child (a son) is deceased, but two daughters and a son, with Mrs. Lewis, survive him.

## 1853

JOSHUA COIT, son of Deacon Robert Coit, was born in New London, Conn., February 4, 1832. His mother was Charlotte, daughter of David Coit.

After graduation he studied three years at Andover Theological Seminary and about a year each at the Universities of Halle and Berlin, and then returned to New London for two years. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational church in Brookfield, Mass., November 13, 1860, and remained there eleven years. Trouble with his eyes obliged him to give up preaching for a time, and the next three years he was Secretary of the Massachusetts Prison Commission, living at Salem, Mass. After this, from 1874 to the close of the year 1882, he was pastor of the Lawrence Street Congregational Church in Lawrence, Mass. In January, 1883, he began his duties as Secretary of the Massachusetts Home Missionary Society, and during his service of twenty years he kept in close and sympathetic touch with the needs of the many workers and churches under his care, and was foremost in plans for reaching the foreigners of many nationalities coming into the state. In 1903 he retired from the work of Secretary, and became Treasurer of the society.

While on his way to make an address at the First Congregational Church, Winchester, Mass., of which he had been for many years a member, he was taken ill, and died soon after at his home, December 14, 1907. He was 75 years of age.

He married, October 2, 1860, Mary Lyman, daughter of George Bowen and Susan (Smith) Chandler, of Concord, N. H. She survives him, with two sons—Robert, a graduate of Harvard in 1883, and George C., of Amherst in

1890—and a daughter, who is the wife of Rev. Frederick H. Means, a graduate of Harvard in 1888, and of the Yale Divinity School in 1891. His youngest son is deceased. Two brothers graduated from Yale College in 1850 and 1856, respectively, and his brother-in-law, President Chapin of Beloit College, in 1837.

JOHN COFFEY DOUGLASS, son of Watson and Isabella (Coffey) Douglass, was born at Greenfield, Highland County, O., December 13, 1824. He graduated from Salem Academy, at South Salem, in the adjoining Ross County, paying his way by farming and afterward teaching, and when his resources allowed, in the winter of 1850-51, started on horseback for Yale, eight hundred miles away, and joined the class in May of that year as a Sophomore.

After graduation from college he taught school a year at Matagorda, Texas, and the next year was principal of the High School in the third district of New Orleans, La. While in Texas he had been admitted to the bar in Brazoria, and after teaching in New Orleans he entered the Harvard Law School in October, 1855. The following year he left Cambridge to join the Kansas free state movement, but with others of his class received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from Harvard University in 1857. In the spring of 1857 he superintended the taking of the census in Leavenworth County, Kans., and in the following autumn was elected a member of the Free State Territorial Legislature. The next year he was chosen a member of the Constitutional Convention which met at Leavenworth. In the winter of 1859-60 he was acting County Attorney and conducted the prosecution in the Charley Fisher fugitive slave case. In 1860 he was elected Territorial Superintendent of Schools, holding the office until Kansas was admitted as a state the following year, and afterward aided in framing the first school law of the state. In 1861 he was appointed United States Commissioner for Kansas, and the



same year became the first United States pension agent in the state, continuing in the latter office four years.

During the Civil War he volunteered in the Home Guards, and served in the campaign against General Price, being with the First Regiment of Kansas militia at the battle of Westport, Mo., in 1864. In November, 1865, he was severely injured in a runaway, and unable to attend to business for over a year.

Aside from his legal business he devoted much time to outdoor life, raising large quantities of fine apples in his orchards, dealing extensively in prairie lands, and having many tenants under his care.

He made a special study of the Kansas tax laws, and on that subject was considered one of the ablest authorities. He was the oldest lawyer practicing in Leavenworth, and was still actively engaged in practice with faculties unimpaired, when an attack of pneumonia closed his life after a brief illness, February 27, 1908, in the 84th year of his age. He was an original member of the First Congregational Church, and later a deacon and trustee.

He married, November 1, 1860, Ellen R., daughter of Willard and Rebecca (Richards) Robinson, of Attleboro, Mass. She died November 8, 1880, and Mr. Douglass married at Atchison, Kans., June 27, 1888, Mrs. Charlotte Barton, formerly of Lawrence, Mass., who survives him. One son (Y. C. 1887) by the first marriage is living, a son and a daughter having died.

EDMUND CLARENCE STEDMAN, son of Major Edmund Burke Stedman, a merchant, and Elizabeth Clementine (Dodge) Stedman, was born October 8, 1833, in Hartford, Conn. His father died before he was two years old, and he then became the ward of his great-uncle, James Stedman, in Norwich, Conn. His mother was the sister of the Hon. William E. Dodge, the well-known merchant and philanthropist of New York City. From early life she

was a writer, and from 1840 to 1850 a constant contributor, especially of verse, to the magazines of the time. She afterward married William B. Kinney, founder of the *Newark* (N. J.) *Daily Advertiser*, and from 1851 to 1856 United States Minister to Sardinia.

Mr. Stedman was prepared for college by his great-uncle and distinguished himself there in Greek and English composition. In 1851 he received first prize for a poem on Westminster Abbey which was published in the *Yale Literary Magazine*. He left the class in Junior year, but received the honorary degree of Master of Arts with enrollment in his class in 1871. After leaving college he continued his studies under private instruction in Northampton, Mass., but in 1852-53 became editor of the *Norwich* (Conn.) *Tribune*, and in 1854-55 of the *Winsted* (Conn.) *Herald*. In 1856 he went to New York and contributed to various periodicals. He became a reporter on the *New York Tribune* in 1859, and published in succession in that paper "The Diamond Wedding," "The Ballad of Lager Bier," and "How Old Brown took Harper's Ferry," which brought him his first reputation and were later included in his "Poems, Lyric and Idyllic," 1860. During the first two years of the Civil War he was correspondent of the *New York World* in Washington. He wrote a remarkable account of the first battle of Bull Run from notes taken on the battlefield. In 1863-64 he held a confidential position in the office of Attorney-General Bates in Washington, and then returned to New York City, where he became a banker and broker. Though he met with severe trials and reverses in his business career, more than once through the fault of others, his courage, integrity, and keen sense of honor commanded the respect and admiration of his associates and their affectionate regret when ill health in 1900 compelled him to retire.

In the hard-working leisure of his business life he produced a body of literary work of great value, while his

stimulating and appreciative criticism, his helpful counsel and sympathy, and his gift for friendship bound men to him by an uncommon affection.

He was a member of the New York Stock Exchange from 1869 to 1900. Since then he had devoted himself wholly to literary occupations. Besides the "Poems, Lyric and Idyllic," 1860 (previously mentioned), the chief works of which Mr. Stedman was the author are: "Alice of Monmouth, an Idyl of the Great War, with other Poems," 1864; "The Blameless Prince, and other Poems," 1869; "Poetical Works," 1873; "Hawthorne and other Poems," 1877; "Lyrics and Idyls, with other Poems," London, 1879; "Poems," 1884; "Commencement Ode" (set to music by Professor Parker), 1894; "Poems, Now First Collected," 1897; "Mater Coronata" (Yale Bicentennial poem), 1901; "Hymn of the West," 1904; and many other poems written for important public occasions. He was a critic of the highest rank, and in 1891 delivered a course of eight lectures on "The Nature and Elements of Poetry" which was the first on the Turnbull Foundation at Johns Hopkins University. These lectures, thought by many to be the most adequate survey of the subject ever made, were afterwards repeated at the University of Pennsylvania and at Columbia University, and were published in book form in 1892. He also wrote volumes of critical essays, entitled "Victorian Poets," 1875, and "Poets of America," 1885, introductions to many other works, and prose articles in various magazines. The works which he edited were numerous and of high value, and include: "Cameos from the Poems of Walter Savage Landor" (with T. B. Aldrich), 1874; "Poems of Austin Dobson," 1880; "A Library of American Literature" (with Ellen M. Hutchinson), 11 vols., 1888-89; "The Works of Edgar Allan Poe" (with Professor G. E. Woodberry), 10 vols., 1895; "A Victorian Anthology," 1895; "An American Anthology," 1900; "A Complete Pocket Guide to Europe"



(with Thomas L. Stedman), issued yearly, 1881 and later; "A History of the New York Stock Exchange," 1905. On the day of his death he was working upon an article since published (May, 1908) in the *Century Magazine* upon Aërial Navigation, a subject which for many years had attracted his interest.

In addition to his degree of Master of Arts from Yale Mr. Stedman received the same honorary degree from Dartmouth College in 1873, that of Doctor of Humanities from Columbia University in 1892, and of Doctor of Laws from Yale in 1894. He was elected an honorary member of the Harvard Phi Beta Kappa Society in 1877.

He was Vice-President of the American Copyright League from its foundation until 1891, when he succeeded James Russell Lowell as President. Ten years later he was chosen First Vice-President of the National Institute of Arts and Letters and President in 1904-05, and in 1902 and 1903 was President of the New England Society of New York. He was also an officer of the Authors Club and of the Century Association.

From 1896 to 1906 his home was at Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y. The last two years were passed at 2643 Broadway, New York City, where he died suddenly of heart disease, January 18, 1908, in the 75th year of his age.

He married, November 2, 1853, Laura Hyde, daughter of Asa and Elizabeth (Rogers) Woodworth, of Danielson, Conn., and had two sons, of whom the younger, Arthur, graduated from Yale College in 1881. Mrs. Stedman died in 1905, and the elder son, Frederick Stuart, in 1906, leaving one daughter, Laura.

In accordance with his will a valuable collection of editions and texts of the Greek Idyllists from his library became the property of the University Library.

RICHARD WAITE, son of Hon. Henry Matson Waite, LL.D. (Y. C. 1809), for twenty-two years a judge of the

Superior and Supreme Courts of Connecticut, and Maria (Selden) Waite, was born at Lyme, Conn., September 26, 1831.

After graduation he studied law in Toledo, O., two years, in the office of his brother, Hon. Morrison R. Waite, LL.D. (Y. C. 1837), was admitted to the bar October 20, 1855, and the following January formed a partnership with his brother which lasted until the latter's appointment as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States in 1874. Mr. Waite then continued his practice in partnership with his brother's son, Edward T. Waite (Y. C. 1869), and afterward as head of the firm of Waite & Snider. In the fall of 1902 he was elected Judge of Probate for Toledo and Lucas County and served three years.

During the Civil War he served three months as Captain of Company A, 84th Regiment, and the same length of time as Captain of Company C, 130th Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry.

Mr. Waite died at Toledo, July 12, 1907, from a blood clot. He was in his 76th year.

He married, May 21, 1857, Alice Jane, daughter of William J. Voris, of Newark, N. J., and had four sons and five daughters, of whom three sons and two daughters, with Mrs. Waite, are living. One son graduated from Rose Polytechnic Institute in 1893, and the youngest son from Yale College in 1905.

## 1854

HENRY LYNES HUBBELL, son of Deacon Wakeman and Julia A. (Lynes) Hubbell, of Wilton, Conn., was born June 24, 1830.

After graduation he spent two years teaching at Greenfield, Conn., and Auburn, N. Y., and then began his theological studies in Union Seminary, but a year later went to

Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1859. He remained at Andover as a resident licentiate a year and a half, until ordained, April 24, 1861, pastor of the First Congregational Church, Amherst, Mass., where he served four years. During the next three years he was in charge of the Congregational church at Unionville, Conn. In 1868 he went abroad and spent a year traveling in Europe, Palestine, and Egypt. Upon his return to America he was settled over the First Congregational Church, Ann Arbor, Mich., and remained there until October, 1876, when ill health compelled him to resign. He passed a winter in Kansas, the next summer and autumn in Colorado, and about two years in Amherst, Mass., after which his health was sufficiently recruited to permit him to accept the call of the First Congregational Church, Jamestown, N. Y., where he was installed in August, 1880. In March, 1886, he closed his work to take charge of Tillotson Institute, a school for colored students at Austin, Texas. In 1889 he became President of Lake Charles College, Louisiana, where he remained until 1899, and since then had resided in New York City.

From 1873 to 1879 he was a director from Michigan of the Chicago Theological Seminary. In 1882 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Galesville University in Wisconsin. In 1883 he was elected a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

Dr. Hubbell died of a disease of the kidneys and heart at his home in New York City, February 28, 1908, in the 78th year of his age, and was buried at Amherst, Mass.

He married, May 7, 1863, Harriet A., daughter of Levi Hinsdale, of Hinsdale, Berkshire County, Mass. They had no children, but adopted a niece, who graduated from Smith College in 1887. His brother James, who was pastor of the College Street Congregational Church in New Haven from 1869 to 1876, graduated from Yale in 1857.



THOMAS GARDINER RITCH, son of Wells Rossiter and Sarah Ann (Barnum) Ritch, was born at North Salem, N. Y., September 18, 1833. The family residence was then in New York City. Three years later they removed to Stamford, Conn., which had since been his home, and of which his maternal ancestor, Jonas Weed, was a settler in 1642.

After graduation he immediately began professional study, spending a year in the Yale Law School and a year and a half in the law office of Whiting & Clark in New York City. He was admitted to the bar there in March, 1857, and since then had practiced in New York City, commuting regularly for fifty-one years between that city and Stamford, his home. Since February, 1858, he had been associated in practice with his classmate, Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, LL.D., and for a number of years the late Judge William H. Arnoux was a member of the firm, then known as Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford. Later the firm was Ritch, Woodford, Bovee & Wallace, and in recent years Ritch, Woodford, Bovee & Butcher. For over twenty years their offices had been at 18 Wall street.

Mr. Ritch came into special prominence as a lawyer in his capacity as executor of the estate of Daniel B. Fayerweather, who died in 1890, and whose benefactions to many of the higher educational institutions were remarkable for their size and wise distribution. President Dwight in his report of the University for that year spoke of the gift thus coming to Yale as "larger than that of any other individual benefactor in the past, except Mr. Sheffield." Mr. Ritch drew up the will and so carefully that all its provisions were upheld on appeal to the highest court. Although the final settlement of the estate was delayed by litigation for fifteen years, it was a source of much satisfaction to its executor that, in spite of the heavy expenses of this litigation, the increase in the value of the estate under his care enabled him at length to distribute to the various colleges and universities an amount much larger than they would have received if the estate could have been at once settled.

He was the senior director of the Niagara Fire Insurance Company of New York, and a director and counsel of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; and in Stamford was a director of the First National Bank, of the Gas and Electric Company, and of the Water Company, and Treasurer of the Ferguson Library and a trustee since its foundation. His father was for many years Selectman and Treasurer of the town, and he, also, was active in public matters so far as his business in New York permitted. In addition to the requirements of an absorbing practice and its related interests, the welfare of the Church was constantly in his thought, and to it he gave a large share of his life and his labor. His father had been one of the original elders of the First Presbyterian Church in Stamford, and for twenty-six years he had himself held the same office, for many years being also Clerk of the church and session. He was long Superintendent of the Sunday school, and continued as a teacher in the school to the close of his life. He was several times delegate to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, and often to the Westchester Presbytery.

Reading was a life-long habit, and his fund of general information was remarkable. He was quiet and unostentatious in manner, methodical and accurate in work. He was quick to express sympathy in helpful ways, and his gifts to worthy objects were constant but most unobtrusively bestowed.

Mr. Ritch died at his home on Atlantic street, Stamford, October 16, 1907, after an illness of but a few hours, from cerebral thrombosis. At a public hearing a few evenings previous, in reference to the widening of the street on which he lived, he made a vigorous speech opposing the plan and it is thought over-exerted himself. He was 74 years of age. Marietta College conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at its Commencement in 1907. One of his sisters received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Vassar in 1870, and his uncle, Rev. Samuel Weed

Barnum, was for fifty years Secretary of the Class of 1841 at Yale.

He married, April 14, 1859, Maria Esther, daughter of Hiram and Maria (Fowle) Pratt of Buffalo, N. Y., and had two sons and five daughters. Of their children but two daughters survive. Mrs. Ritch died in 1897.

ALEXANDER STEVENSON TWOMBLY, son of Alexander Hamilton and Mary (Perley) Twombly, was born March 14, 1832, in Boston, Mass. Before fitting for college he spent two years in a store, and after preparation in the school of Lewis J. Dudley (Y. C. 1838) in Northampton, Mass., he joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he entered the Andover Theological Seminary and finished his course in 1858, having meantime spent part of the years 1856-57 in travel and study at Heidelberg, Germany. He was ordained February 10, 1859, and was pastor of the Presbyterian church in Cherry Valley, N. Y., three years. In 1862 he accepted a call as the first pastor of the State Street Presbyterian Church of Albany, N. Y., where he remained five years. From the spring of 1867 to 1872 he was pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Stamford, Conn., and then for nineteen years of the Winthrop (Congregational) Church, in Charlestown, Mass. (now Bunker Hill District of Boston). He remained with this church, admired and beloved, until his retirement from pastoral service in 1891, when he bought a home in Newton, Mass. He spent the year 1886-87 abroad. During four months of the winter and spring of 1894 he was the acting pastor of the Central Union Church at Honolulu. As the result of his sojourn there he wrote "Hawaii and its People" and "Kelea, the Surf Rider: a Story," both published in 1900.

He often contributed to the religious and secular press and for a time in 1891 was editorially connected with the



*Boston Traveler*. From 1896 to 1898 he was Literary Editor for the publishing house of Silver, Burdett & Co., issuing during that time "The Silver Series of English Classics," in ten volumes. Besides this work he was the author of "Merry Maple Leaves," 1872, "The Choir Boy of York Cathedral, and other Christmas Stories," 1890, "Masterpieces of Michelangelo and Milton," and "Life of Dr. John Lord," 1896.

In 1883 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale, and from 1881 to 1885 was President of the Yale Alumni Association of Boston. He was for five years Vice-President of the Associated Charities of Newton and President from 1902 to 1908.

Dr. Twombly died after a brief illness at his home in Newton, November 19, 1907, at the age of 75 years.

He married, December 23, 1858, Abby, daughter of Jacob Bancroft, of Boston, and had five sons, all of whom with Mrs. Twombly survive him. Four of the sons graduated from the Academical Department of Yale, in 1881, 1884, 1891, and 1896, respectively, and the other from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1887.

## 1855

CORNELIUS CHRISTIE, son of David and Anna (Brinkerhoff) Christie, was born December 6, 1835, at English Neighborhood, now Leonia, Bergen County, N. J.

After graduation he was occupied in general study and travel for his health until November, 1856, when he entered upon the study of law, at first in the office of Chief Justice Mercer Beasley, in Trenton, N. J., then for a year at the Harvard Law School, and afterward in Jersey City with Hon. Abraham O. Zabriskie, LL.D. (Princeton 1825). He was admitted to the bar in January, 1859, and after that practiced law, until 1871, in Jersey City. In 1867-68 he was a member of the State Legislature. From 1871 to

1877 he was editor and proprietor of the *New Jersey Citizen*, a semi-weekly newspaper published in Hackensack, but on retiring from journalism resumed his law practice. Upon the incorporation of Leonia as a borough in 1894 he was its first Mayor, and served three successive terms of two years each, after which he was counsel for the borough and for adjoining towns. He took an active interest in the development of the place and joined with others in securing restrictions upon all land sold. He was a member of the Presbyterian church there, also President of the Bergen County Bar Association in 1907, and President of the Bergen County Historical Society a year.

Mr. Christie died of paralysis at Leonia, March 7, 1908, at the age of 72 years. He never married.

JOHN EDWARDS TODD, son of Rev. John Todd, D.D. (Y. C. 1822), and Mary Skinner (Brace) Todd, was born December 6, 1833, in Northampton, Mass., where his father was pastor of the Edwards Congregational Church. The latter was the author of many widely-known books, including the "Student's Manual," was a trustee of Williams College, and from 1842 pastor of the First Congregational Church in Pittsfield, Mass., for thirty years. The son was Valedictorian of his class, two of his maternal uncles, Rev. Joab Brace and Samuel Brace, having also received the same honor in 1837 and 1841, respectively.

After graduation he spent the first year studying in Andover Theological Seminary and teaching in Phillips (Andover) Academy, the next year in engineering work on Lake Superior and in general study, and the third year in the study of law. In May, 1858, he went abroad for six months of travel. Soon after his return, in January, 1859, he was licensed to preach, and resumed theological study in Williamstown, Mass., under President Mark Hopkins.

Three years later, February 2, 1862, he was ordained and installed pastor of the Central Congregational Church,

Boston, Mass. After a pastorate of seven years he accepted a call to the Chapel Street Congregational Church, New Haven, then located at the southeast corner of Chapel and Union Streets, but which removed in 1871 to its new edifice on Orange Street, and has since been known as the Church of the Redeemer. He developed congregational singing with unusual success, often making use of brass instruments in addition to the organ and choir to lead the people, and inaugurated the special praise service, not then known in this part of the country. His sermons were able and had a distinct literary charm, his address was fluent, winning, and polished, and his personal presence most attractive. He was rarely gifted in prayer, and the Communion services were seasons rich in spiritual blessing. So deep was the mutual attachment of pastor and people that it was a sore trial to both when Mrs. Todd's declining health compelled him to resign in 1890 in order to seek a more favorable climate for her. His pastorate covered twenty-one years, and was of just the same length as that of his predecessor in office, Rev. William T. Eustis (Y. C. 1841). In 1879 Yale University conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

He edited "Laudent Omnes; Hymns and Tunes arranged for Congregational Singing," and "Great Chorals," and in 1876 edited a life of his father under the title "John Todd; the Story of his Life told mainly by Himself." Several of his sermons and other papers were printed, including "How a Child May Come to Christ," 1878, and "Drunkenness a Vice, not a Disease," 1883.

On leaving New Haven Dr. Todd settled at Riverside, Cal., and engaged in the cultivation of oranges on a large scale. He seldom preached afterward. He died of heart failure at his home in Riverside, August 3, 1907, at the age of 73 years.

He married, December 6, 1860, Elizabeth Harriet, daughter of Edward Thomas, President of the Union Bank of



Augusta, Ga., formerly of Norwich, Conn. She died in April, 1891, the year after reaching their California home. Of their three daughters the eldest is deceased.

## 1856

LUKE WILLIAM FINLAY, son of Hon. James Finlay, was born October 8, 1831, at Oak Grove, near Brandon, Miss. His mother was Miss Cady. The year before coming to New Haven he was connected as a tutor with Brandon College, from which he came to Yale and joined the Sophomore class.

The year after graduation he was Principal of the academy in Brandon, then studied law in Memphis, and was admitted to practice March 9, 1858. He taught a school there a short time, and then was Deputy Clerk and Master in Chancery. January 1, 1860, he opened a law office in Memphis and soon had a lucrative practice.

At the beginning of the Civil War he went into the Confederate Army, and was elected Lieutenant of the Fourth Tennessee Infantry, April 19, 1861. From the battle of Shiloh, where he was shot through the right shoulder, to the close of the conflict his record on the field was one of great heroism and devotion. He was laid up from May to November, 1864, from a wound in his skull. He served under many eminent generals, and took active part in many memorable encounters. In a sharp fight between his brigade and the reserve line of Federal forces, Colonel Roberts (Y. C. 1857), the commander of the latter, was killed. Colonel Finlay, in admiration for his courage, caused him to be buried with honor, not knowing until some time later that he was a Yale man.

Returning to Memphis after the war he resumed law practice with Col. Andrew J. Kellar, and, after a term of service in the General Assembly of Tennessee, formed the firm of Finlay, Peters & Greene. He continued in practice while

he lived, taking his son Percy (Y. C. 1892) into the firm of Finlay & Finlay in 1894, and later delegating to him the heavier burdens of their professional work. He returned to his fortieth and fiftieth anniversaries at New Haven, at the former representing his class at the General Alumni Meeting. During his vacations he made other visits to friends in the North, which his lovable character and delightful personal qualities made a great delight and a cherished memory. At the meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic in Boston in 1906 he was an invited and honored guest.

He had usually enjoyed the best of health and had been accustomed to walk two miles to his office. He died of pneumonia at his home in Memphis, January 26, 1908, at the age of 76 years.

He married, April 23, 1863, Cecelia, daughter of Thomas B. Carroll, of Canton, Miss., and granddaughter of Gen. William Carroll, former Governor of Tennessee. She is deceased, and a daughter died in childhood.

GUSTAVE ADOLPH LEMÉE was born at Natchitoches, La., February 20, 1835, the son of Alan Alexis and Eugenie (De Lamaler) Lemée.

After graduation he taught the first year, studied law in the University of Louisiana the succeeding winter, and was admitted to the bar in August, 1858. He practiced law in Natchitoches till April, 1861, meantime holding the offices of notary public and justice of the peace. At the beginning of the Civil War he joined the Second Louisiana Volunteers in the Confederate army, and served in Virginia till the surrender at Appomattox in 1865. Resuming his practice at Natchitoches he continued there six years, then spent seven years at Colfax, Grant Parish. From 1878 to 1881 he was in mercantile business in New Orleans, and then returned to Natchitoches Parish, residing near Chopin as a farmer, also acting as public juror and member of the school board several years. He was afterward connected with the Texas

& Pacific Railroad, living at Boyce, Rapides Parish, where he died April 25, 1908, as the result of a fall. He was 73 years of age.

He married, May 27, 1869, Miss Ernestine Lacour, and had four sons and three daughters. Mrs. Lemée survives him with six of the children.

JUSTIN MARTIN, son of Daniel Butler and Sarah R. (Fuller) Martin, was born February 7, 1834, in Chaplin, Conn.

After graduation he studied two years in the Yale Divinity School, and then taught nearly fourteen years in Public School Number 32, New York City. Meantime, having been able to complete a course of medical study, he obtained in 1869 the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now of Columbia University) and began practice, but overwork necessitated a prolonged rest from all labor. On regaining his health after two years, he abandoned the calling of a physician, and in 1875 resumed teaching. For nearly twenty years he was Vice-Principal of Grammar School No. 51, winning deserved recognition and respect. From this position he retired in 1896, and devoted his remaining years to literary work and music. He attained a high degree of proficiency in piano- and violin-playing.

Mr. Martin had for many years lived in Bayonne, N. J., where he died of heart disease and kidney trouble, December 16, 1907, in his 74th year. He was never married, but with a sister, Miss Washburn, who survives him, maintained a most attractive home.

### 1857

LESTER BRADNER, son of Lester and Fanny (Hammond) Bradner, was born November 1, 1836, in Dansville, Livingston county, New York, where his father had large farming



interests and was for thirty years President of the Bank of Dansville. He was prepared for college at a school in Elizabeth, N. J., and was the youngest of his college class.

After graduation he entered the freight department of the Illinois Central Railroad at Chicago, where he remained for nearly twenty years, during about fifteen of which he was local freight agent.

Having retired from business, from 1875 to 1883 he resided in Dansville, N. Y., and from 1883 to 1891 in New Haven, Conn., returning subsequently to Dansville, where he died from apoplexy, December 27, 1907, at the age of 71 years. During his residence in New Haven he was for some years a vestryman of Trinity Church.

He married, June 7, 1865, Lucy Atwater, daughter of William Slater Charnley, a merchant of New Haven, Conn., and vestryman of Trinity Church. Mrs. Bradner with their eldest son, Lester Bradner, Jr. (Y. C. 1889), survive, five children having died in infancy.

FRANKLIN CHAPPELL JONES, son of Rev. Elisha Cowles Jones (Y. C. 1831), Tutor and Fellow of Yale University, was born March 20, 1837, in New London, Conn., the home of his mother's family, but entered Yale from Southington, Conn., where his father was for thirty-five years the Congregational pastor.

After graduation he was Tutor for a year in Beloit College, studied for a year in Princeton Theological Seminary, and finished his theological course in Andover Seminary in 1861. He was ordained and installed pastor of the Congregational church at Franklin, Conn., February 4, 1863, and continued his ministry there until ill health caused his resignation in September, 1880. Afterward he held no long pastorate, but preached about a year each at Manitou, Colo., and Hydesville, Humboldt County, Cal., five and a half years at Vailsburg, N. J., and two and a half years in Dover, Mass.

During the last six and a half years he had lived at Norfolk, Mass., where he died of angina pectoris, December 10, 1907, at the age of 70 years.

He married at Carbondale, Pa., May 7, 1863, Harriet Lathrop, daughter of William and Lucretia Jeanette (Lathrop) Wurts, and had four sons, of whom three survive. One son is an Instructor in Lehigh University. Mrs. Jones is living in Norfolk, Mass.

His published addresses were "A Historical Discourse" printed in the History of the Congregational Church of Franklin, Conn., and "Life and Character of Samuel Nott, D.D.," in Papers of the General Conference of Connecticut, 1877.

GEORGE TUCKER, son of Daniel Robert and Frances (Fowle) Tucker, was born November 1, 1835, in the parish of Sandys in the Bermudas.

After graduation he studied theology with Bishop Feild in Newfoundland from 1858 to 1860, was ordained Deacon in 1859, was Curate of St. George's, Bermuda Islands, a year, and missionary in Moreton, Newfoundland, two years, meantime being ordained Priest in 1861. Returning again to the Bermudas, he was Chaplain of the Royal Dockyard there in 1864-65, Rector of Holy Trinity Church, Smith's parish, from 1865 to 1869, and since then of Hamilton and Smith's parishes. In 1896 he was made Archdeacon of Bermuda. He was an arduous worker in the church, and actively connected with many enterprises for good in the islands. He was the first President of the Bermuda Natural History Society. Early in the present year his health failed and he retired from public life. He died at his residence, Palmetto Grove, Smith's parish, Bermuda Islands, April 6, 1908, at the age of 72 years. He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale and from Trinity College in 1867.

He married in 1860, Theodosia, daughter of Anthony S. and Almena (Harvey) Trott, of the Bermudas. She

died in 1880 and in 1892 he married Anna Emeline, daughter of Samuel C. and Elizabeth (Booth) Outerbridge, of Hamilton. By his first marriage he had five sons and three daughters, of whom all but the eldest daughter and second son are living. By his second marriage he had three sons and one daughter, who with their mother survive him.

## 1858

GEORGE MILLS BOYNTON, son of John and Louisa (Boutelle) Boynton, was born May 13, 1837, in Brooklyn, N. Y., but entered college from Orange, N. J.

After graduation he taught two years at Clinton, N. J., but in September, 1860, entered the Union Theological Seminary, and graduated there in May, 1863. The following October he was installed pastor of the Riverdale Presbyterian Church, at Riverdale, N. Y., on the Hudson River, and continued there over four years. In May, 1868, he went to Guilford, Conn., where on June 24 he was installed pastor of the Third Congregational Church. He remained with that church about four and a half years, then accepted the call of the Belleville Avenue Congregational Church in Newark, N. J., a vigorous young church which made an excellent record during his pastorate of over seven years. In March, 1880, he was installed over the Central Congregational Church of Jamaica Plain, in the city of Boston, Mass.

In 1888 he accepted the office of Associate Secretary of the Congregational Sunday School and Publishing Society, and the following year became General Secretary, holding this position until 1905, and during part of this time being also Treasurer of the society. On account of impaired health he resigned and was succeeded by Rev. Frank L. Sanders, D.D. (Ph.D. Yale 1889), formerly Dean of the Yale Divinity School. Dr. Boynton was then Missionary Secretary until 1907, when he retired from active work. He was chosen a director of the society in 1881. His long service



was able, faithful, successful, and of high value to the Congregational denomination. By wide travel he became thoroughly acquainted with Sunday school work, and was the wise counselor and personal friend of the missionaries in the field.

While in Newark he was a member of the executive boards of the American Missionary Association and missionary societies of New York, and for three years assisted in editing *The Sunday School Times*, besides doing much other literary work. He was an annual contributor to the volume of Monday Club Sermons, edited the *Pilgrim Missionary*, and wrote several useful volumes, including "The Model Sunday School," "The Pilgrim Pastor's Manual," and "The Congregational Way."

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Middlebury College in 1888.

Dr. Boynton died of paralysis, May 17, 1908, at his home in Boston, in the 72d year of his age.

He married, in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 1, 1864, Julia H., daughter of Silvanus and Elizabeth (Hoyt) Holmes. She survives him with their four sons. The eldest son completed the Architectural Course in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1890, and the second and third sons graduated from Amherst College in 1891 and 1897, respectively.

## 1859

CHARLES HODGE BOARDMAN, son of Rev. Henry Augustus Boardman, D.D. (Y. C. 1829), long an eminent Presbyterian pastor in Philadelphia, Pa., was born in that city, May 28, 1838. His mother was Eliza Beach (Jones) Boardman, daughter of Paul Townsend and Mary Lamboll (Beach) Jones, of Charleston, S. C.

After graduation he studied medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, received his diploma there in 1862, and served three years in the United States army as Acting Assistant Surgeon.

In the winter of 1869 he settled as a physician in St. Paul, Minn., where he served in public capacities as State Commissioner in Lunacy from 1879 to 1883, member of the State Board of Medical Examiners, President of the City Board of Water Commissioners, a director of the Public Library, Secretary of the State Medical Society, Medical Director of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and from 1887 to 1890 Professor of Medical Jurisprudence in the University of Minnesota in both the Law and Medical departments. He was also a life member of the Minnesota Historical Society. In 1900 he removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., where he died of heart disease, July 16, 1907, at the age of 69 years.

Dr. Boardman married, September 20, 1865, Harriet A., daughter of Robert C. and Harriet (Stanton) Nichols, of Bridgeton, N. J., and had a daughter who survives him. May 5, 1900, he was married again, to Miss Laura Engelhardt.

### 1860

HENRY LARNED JOHNSON, son of Henry Larned and Almira D. (Browning) Johnson, was born July 11, 1837, in Jewett City, Conn.

After graduation he studied law a year in Hartford, Conn., and then enlisted in the Civil War, joining the Fifth Connecticut Volunteers as First Lieutenant and Commissary, and later being assigned to signal duty on the Potomac. In the fall of 1862 he was made Aide-de-camp on the staff of General Terry, with whom he served at Suffolk, Va., Newbern, Port Royal, and before Charleston. The following year he was promoted to the rank of Captain in the regular army and was appointed Assistant Adjutant-General by President Lincoln, with assignment as Judge Advocate of a military commission at Harrisburg, Pa. He afterward joined the Union army operating before Peters-

burg and Richmond as a member of the staff of General Birney, but later rejoined General Terry.

After the surrender of Richmond he resigned his commission and returned to Connecticut. Later he was in Nova Scotia carrying on gold-mining operations. In 1868, in company with Brayton Ives (Y. C. 1861), he established the firm of Ives & Johnson, bankers and brokers, in New York City, and later carried on business by himself. Mr. Johnson was a member of the New York Stock Exchange for thirty-three years, resigning his seat in 1902 to his son, Leeds Johnson (Y. C. 1898).

He died of paralysis, September 9, 1907, at Plainfield, N. J. He went over from his New York home to visit his niece, Mrs. W. A. Pinto, a week previous, and was taken ill soon after reaching there. He was 70 years of age.

He married December 3, 1868, Miss Carrie D. Howe, of New York City, who died in 1870. In 1873 he married Miss Carrie Frances Leeds of Staten Island, N. Y., daughter of Theodore Churchill Leeds of Dorchester, Mass.

#### 1861

FRANKLIN SEYMOUR BRADLEY, son of Seymour and Delia (Barnes) Bradley, was born May 17, 1839, in New Haven, Conn., and was a lifelong resident of this city.

After graduation he was engaged in the sale of agricultural implements and wooden ware and later for many years as a wholesale hardware merchant in the firm of F. S. Bradley & Co. In 1878 he was elected President of the Yale National Bank, held that position over ten years, and continued as a director through life. He was administrator of a number of large estates. From 1905 to 1907 he was a member of the Board of Directors of the Public Library. He was always alert in mind and body, but had recently retired from most of his business interests.



Since 1876 he had been a deacon of the Center Church, and was for a long time also Clerk and Treasurer. In his early manhood he officiated as organist in the Center, North, and College Street Churches, and his fine musical taste made him a valuable member of the music committee of his church. In connection with his church work he prepared many reports, and a paper on "The History of Religious Awakenings in Center Church" was published in the Church Manual for 1898. "The Friendship of a Theologian; Recollections of Dr. Leonard Bacon," was printed in the *Connecticut Magazine* and separately in a pamphlet.

He died after a long illness April 26, 1908, at his home which he built about thirty years ago on Chapel street. He was 68 years of age.

Mr. Bradley married on his Commencement day, July 25, 1861, Louisa Trowbridge, youngest daughter of LeGrand and Mary (Trowbridge) Cannon, of New Haven. She died in 1889, and he afterward married Ella M., daughter of Luther C. Chatham, of Seneca County, N. Y., who survives him with a daughter. Of the children by his first marriage a son and two daughters are living, the younger son having died in 1907.

GEORGE CHALMERS, son of Dr. Thomas C. Chalmers, for fifty years a practicing physician in New York City, was born in that city, September 4, 1840. His mother was Margaret (McGowan) Chalmers. He was a member of the Class of 1860 during two terms of Freshman year, when he left college and joined 1861 at the beginning of its Sophomore year.

After graduation he entered the Columbia Law School, receiving his degree in 1863. Upon his admission to the bar, he practiced his profession in New York City until 1888, but since then had lived in Bournemouth, on the south coast of England, giving his attention chiefly to the

collection of paintings and engravings and to writing on art, making only occasional brief sojourns in this country. During a visit to his brother, Dr. Thomas C. Chalmers, in New York City, he was taken ill with pneumonia and died at the New York Hospital, January 15, 1908, at the age of 67 years. He was buried at West Charlton, Saratoga County, N. Y.

He married, June 15, 1888, Sophia, daughter of James and Anna (Harper) Lawlor, and had one son. They reside in Bournemouth.

JOSEPH NELSON FLINT, son of Joseph and Susan (Philips) Flint, was born in South Dansville, Steuben County, N. Y., June 16, 1838, and entered college from Canaseraga, N. Y., in the adjoining county of Allegany. He was a member of the military company formed in his class after the fall of Fort Sumter, which drilled until graduation, but he did not enter the army at once, teaching mathematics for a year at Kingston Academy, Kingston, N. Y.

In August, 1862, he enlisted in the Union army as a private in the 130th New York Volunteer Infantry, which the next year was transferred to the cavalry service and became known as the First New York Dragoons. He remained in service through the war, attained the rank of First Lieutenant, January 1, 1865, and the following April was brevetted Captain. In 1864 he served on the staff of General Philip H. Sheridan. His regiment, of which he prepared a brief history in 1865, took part in forty-five engagements and was with General Grant in the march on Richmond.

At the close of the war Captain Flint began teaching again, and for years conducted a successful preparatory school for both sexes in Virginia City, Nevada, also occasionally contributing to the newspapers articles on education. In 1886 he removed to San Francisco, and after engaging for a time in teaching and journalism,

became a clerk in the naval office of the United States Custom House. Here he remained until the close of his life, finding his work congenial and enjoying in his leisure hours returning to the study of mathematics and the Greek and Latin poets.

He died at San Rafael, Cal., July 30, 1907, in his 69th year. He was never married.

ALEXANDER PORTER ROOT, son of John Bancroft and Mary (Porter) Root, was born June 21, 1840, at Wilmington, Del. His parents went from Westfield, Mass., and were pioneer settlers of Independence, Texas, where the son spent the first ten years of his life, until the family removed to Galveston.

Soon after graduation he joined the Southern army as a private in a cavalry regiment, and served a year till the battle of Galveston, when he was appointed Lieutenant. After another year's service in Texas and Louisiana he was made Assistant Adjutant-General with the rank of Major on the staff of General Drayton.

After the war he returned to Galveston and was associated with his father in the furniture business there until 1874, when he became Teller of the First National Bank of Houston, Texas. Two years later he was made Cashier and since 1891 had been President, succeeding his father-in-law, who was President for twenty-five years. He was also a Vice-President of the Guarantee Life Insurance Company, a director in the Houston Drug Company, and the Oriental Textile Mills, and connected with other enterprises. He was widely esteemed as a strong and able financier.

Mr. Root died of the grip at his home in Houston, February 18, 1908, at the age of 67 years.

He married, January 21, 1869, Laura Virginia, daughter of B. A. Shepherd. She survives him with a son and three daughters. Another daughter died in early childhood.



1862

ELISHA STILES LYMAN was the ninth of eleven children of William Lyman, who was a native of Conway, Mass., but for forty years a wholesale and retail druggist in Montreal, Canada. His mother was Caroline (Williams) Lyman. He was born in Montreal, Canada, August 15, 1841.

After graduation he studied law in McGill University, received the degree of Bachelor of Civil Law in 1865, and was admitted to the bar in 1866. He practiced law little, however, but for some time was a hardware merchant, senior member of the firm of Lyman & McNabb. Having meantime prepared himself to enter the ministry, he was installed pastor of the Congregational church at Newmarket, Ontario, but afterward joined the Plymouth Brethren and worked zealously in many places as a traveling missionary. In 1881-82 he was in England, in 1895-96 in Newfoundland, and in other years in various cities and smaller places in the United States, Canada, and elsewhere.

Mr. Lyman had been out of health for some time, and was taken seriously ill while in the City of Mexico, but was brought to El Paso, Texas. Later he returned to Albuquerque, N. M., where he died at the Roman Catholic Hospital, November 9, 1907, after an operation for strangulated hernia. He was 66 years of age.

1863

JOHN SAFFORD FISKE, son of Isaac Hubbard and Mary (Safford) Fiske, was born January 18, 1838, at Ashtabula, Ohio, but entered college from Watertown, N. Y.

The winter after graduation he was Deputy Clerk of the New York State Senate at Albany, and the following year was a private tutor near New York City. He was then occupied for a time in general study, occasionally contributing to monthly magazines, but in October, 1867, was

appointed United States Consul at Leith, Scotland, where he remained three years. He then spent a year in Düsseldorf, Germany, painting architectural subjects, after which he returned to America and remained three years. In May, 1874, he went back to Europe, and lived successively in Düsseldorf; Pinneberg, a few miles from Hamburg, Germany; Ecouen, near Paris, France; and in Constantinople a year. In 1882 he settled at Alassio, Italy, on the Riviera, and established a charming home which fittingly expressed his exquisite taste and love for books and flowers. He was the guide of Freeman, the historian, in his travels in Sicily, and the companion of Hon. Eugene Schuyler (Y. C. 1859) in the Grecian Archipelago and the Levant.

In 1873 he published a translation of Taine's "*Voyage aux Pyrénées*." While traveling in various countries he wrote of current events for a number of newspapers, and for many years furnished to *The Nation* occasional summaries of the progress of Italian literature showing rare charm and penetration. Numerous papers evinced his wide knowledge of art, and especially of architecture, gained by years of personal study, and he contributed several articles to the "Dictionary of Architecture and Building," edited by Russell Sturgis (M.A. *hon.* Yale 1872).

While in this country in 1893, on a visit to the Columbian Exposition, Mr. Fiske lectured before Hobart College on the Architecture of French and English Cathedrals, and afterward gave to that college his large and choice library. In 1897 Hobart College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of the Humanities.

His rare social charm, his thoughtfulness, benevolence, and sympathetic appreciation, and his quiet and cheerful endurance of the increasing invalidism of his last years, won for him the devoted friendship of people of all ranks with whom he came in contact.

He died at his home in Alassio June 12, 1907, at the age of 69 years. He was never married.

1864

HENRY PAINE BOYDEN, son of David and Martha (Paine) Boyden, was born February 12, 1842, at Machias, Me., but removed in 1849 to Worcester, Mass.

While in college he won several prizes in debating, composition and declamation, including the DeForest Gold Medal in Senior year. He was President of the Linonian Society that year, editor of the *University Quarterly* in Sophomore year, and held high rank in general scholarship.

The year after graduation he was teaching in Worcester, but in December, 1865, went to Cincinnati, Ohio, where he had since lived. In July, 1869, he became assistant editorial writer on the *Cincinnati Gazette*, and the following December managing editor. In September, 1875, he took the post of literary editor of the *Cincinnati Times*, and in February, 1879, with his classmate, Hon. Charles P. Taft, he acquired an interest in that paper and was its managing editor until 1880. After this he was a stock broker for ten years. From 1897 to 1900 he was City Auditor of Cincinnati, and later was appointed trustee in bankruptcy of a brokerage firm. During the last ten years of his life he did much literary work.

He died after a long illness at his home in Cincinnati, April 1, 1908, at the age of 66 years.

He married, April 27, 1871, Annie H., daughter of H. Thane and Frances Miller, of Cincinnati, and had one son who died in 1897, and two daughters who with Mrs. Boyden survive him.

GEORGE NICHOLAS HITCHCOCK, son of David Keyes Hitchcock, M.D., a dentist, and Abigail Hastings (Barnes) Hitchcock, was born February 24, 1843, in Boston, Mass.

After graduation he was for six months in charge of the office of the Christian Commission at City Point, Va., and then began the study of law, entering the Harvard Law



School in January, 1866, and finishing his course there in 1867. He was admitted to the Suffolk County bar and began practice in Boston, but in July, 1869, removed to San Diego, Cal., where he had since continued in the practice of his profession, giving special attention to land claims.

During many years he rendered efficient service in the educational development of his adopted state. From 1880 to 1883 he was Superintendent of Schools of San Diego County, and from 1888 to 1890 of the city of San Diego. He was Secretary of the San Diego Lyceum of Sciences for a long period, and one of the California directors of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle. He was an officer of the San Diego Humane Society and Vice-President of the San Diego Floral Association.

Mr. Hitchcock died, after a brief illness from œdema of the lungs, at his home in San Diego, November 21, 1907, at the age of 64 years. For thirty-eight years he had been connected with the First Presbyterian Church, and for nearly thirty years had taught the adult Bible class. He joined the College Church on confession of faith near the end of his Junior year.

He married, at Los Angeles, Cal., April 30, 1891, Mrs. Ellen (Monroe) Cobb, who survives him. They had no children.

## 1865

ARTHUR ARNOLD BARROWS, son of Robert Porter Barrows, a farmer, and Elizabeth (Arnold) Barrows, was born December 31, 1840, at Mansfield, Conn.

While he was in college he was Librarian, Secretary, and in 1864 President of the Beethoven Society, and after graduation was a tenor singer in several leading church choirs in New York City, precentor in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in that city twenty-five years, and later in the First Presbyterian Church in Hackensack, N. J.

His life work was teaching, and after a short experience in his native place and two years in the public schools of Bridgeport, Conn., in 1868 he began teaching in Grammar School No. 58 in New York City, and continued in the same school to the close of his life, for a number of years past having been Vice-Principal.

In 1867 he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University) and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine there in 1870, but practiced only a year or so, preferring educational work.

He was Custodian of the New York Teachers' Mutual Benefit Association, and a director of the Teachers' Building and Loan Association of New York, and in Hackensack, N. J., which had been his home since 1888, he was a director of the local Building and Loan Association, and Treasurer of the Wheelmen's Club.

While in a Broadway subway train in New York City, June 6, 1908, Mr. Barrows was taken with apoplexy and died soon after. He was buried in Hackensack Cemetery. He was 67 years of age.

He married, in the Brick Church, New York City, October 24, 1872, Edith, daughter of Lyman Odell, a commission merchant, and Mary (Niven) Odell. She survives him with a daughter.

WILLIAM BRUCE ROGERS, son of William and Catherine Eliza (Peters) Rogers, was born at Litchfield, Conn., November 20, 1842. During the first half of his college course his residence was New Haven, Conn., and then in Springfield, Mass.

After graduation he was a student in Springfield in the law office of Hon. Augustus L. Soule (Harv. 1846), afterward Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, and practiced his profession there from 1875 to 1881, when, owing to the death of his youngest brother, he went to New York to protect the interests of the estate in the Spring-

field Paper Company, and was agent of the company until the business was closed up. In 1883 he became an inspector in the New York Custom House, and continued in that position to the close of his life.

Mr. Rogers died in New York City, January 25, 1908, at the age of 65 years. He was not married. A sister is the only surviving member of his family.

### 1866

CHARLES HAVENS ROYCE, son of Origen and Frances Henrietta (Havens) Royce, was born in Harford, Cortland County, N. Y., July 16, 1845. He began his college course at Oberlin, but came to Yale during the second term of Junior year.

After graduation he was for about seven years in the hardware business in Albion, N. Y., in the grain commission business in Toledo, Ohio, from March, 1873 to January, 1880, and for two and a half years afterward a grain merchant in Chicago. In September, 1883, he was appointed Secretary and General Manager of the Harden Hand Grenade Fire Extinguisher Company, with which he continued over two years, meantime taking a six months' business trip to England in 1884. November 1, 1885, he became President and General Manager of the Buffalo Lithia Springs Company, of Virginia, with an office in New York City, but in October, 1886, severe illness forced him to give up his work for three years. He was then in street railroad and manufacturing enterprises until the summer of 1896, when he took a trip to Japan for his health and was seriously ill there. After a slow recovery he came back as far as California in December, 1898, and was under medical treatment in San Francisco for over a year. From July, 1900, to October, 1902, he was Cashier in the Bank of Winters, Cal., and then became Manager and in March, 1906, President of the Pacific Window Glass Company, at Stockton. Its busi-



ness house in San Francisco was destroyed by the earthquake and fire of April 18, 1906, but the demand for glass since that time necessitated largely increasing the capacity of the factory at Stockton.

Mr. Royce died at San Francisco, February 6, 1908, at the age of 62 years.

He married, January 12, 1870, Miss Alice C. Carpenter of Toledo, Ohio, and had two children who died in infancy. His first wife died, and he subsequently married, February 1, 1905, Mrs. Lelah Spaulding of San Francisco, who survives him.

### 1867

FREDERICK ISAAC SMALL, son of Isaac and Susan Cady (Knapp) Small, was born at Herkimer, N. Y., October 17, 1847. His father was a member of the firm of Small, Williams & Co., of New York City, wholesale grocers and importers, but retired about 1848 and removed to Little Falls, a few miles from Herkimer.

After graduation he studied in the Columbia Law School, and after receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1869, had practiced his profession at Little Falls a few years, when illness forced him to retire, and he never resumed practice. He was an active Democrat but never sought office. For years he was a trustee of the First Presbyterian Church.

He died of Bright's disease at Little Falls, October 28, 1907, at the age of 60 years. He never married.

ERNEST GORDON STEDMAN, son of Griffin Alexander and Mary App Owen (Shields) Stedman, was born at Hartford, Conn., October 30, 1845.

After two years of study at Columbia Law School he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from there in 1869, having throughout the course been also a student in the office of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel, with whom he

continued for some time after. From November, 1877 to June 30, 1879, he was associated in the practice of law with William S. Hascall (West Point 1845) and Francis Lynde Stetson (Williams 1867), the latter a classmate at the Law School, under the firm name of Hascall, Stetson & Stedman, in New York City, and on the dissolution of the firm through the decease of Mr. Hascall he practiced by himself until November, 1885, when, with Charles Edward Souther (Harvard 1865), also a classmate at the Law School, the firm of Souther & Stedman was formed, which was dissolved by mutual consent in 1891. In 1893 he joined with John Larkin (Princeton 1882) in the firm of Stedman & Larkin, which continued until 1903. Since then he had practiced alone.

He acquired much real property and organized the J. C. Lyons Building and Operating Company, of which he was one of the officers and controlling stockholders. In the financial panic in October, 1907, the company fell temporarily into the hands of receivers, but its assets were soon found to be largely in excess of its liabilities.

While still weak from a severe attack of the grip it is supposed that he was overcome by vertigo, to which he had recently been subject, and falling from the platform of the subway station at Fourteenth street, New York City, he was instantly killed by a rapidly approaching train, December 26, 1907. He was 62 years of age.

He married, January 15, 1884, Nina M., daughter of Dr. Erastus E. Marcy, of New York City and Orange, N. J. Mrs. Stedman survives him without children.

## 1868

GEORGE EASTBURN, son of Jacob and Elizabeth K. (Taylor) Eastburn, was born September 25, 1838, in Solebury Township, Bucks County, Pa., where the family had resided for over a century. Before entering college he served in the

Union army in the Eleventh Pennsylvania Volunteers. He was prepared for Yale by Dr. Joseph Thomas (M.D. and LL.D. Univ. Pa.; M.A. Yale 1853), and was a member of the Class of 1867 until the end of his Sophomore year, when he obtained leave of absence to teach. Returning a year later he completed his course with the Class of 1868. He later received the degree of Master of Arts in course from Yale, and of Doctor of Philosophy in 1890, from Princeton.

In the October following his graduation he opened an English and Classical School in Philadelphia with seven pupils. To meet the needs of increasing numbers and better equipment, the school was several times moved to new quarters. In 1870, in company with Mr. John G. Moore, he purchased the school of Mr. Caleb S. Hallowell, which he continued as the Hallowell Select High School. Mr. Moore died in 1872 and the title of the school was afterward changed to North Broad Street Select School, and in 1893, upon request of the graduates, to Eastburn Academy. Many of his pupils have been fitted for Yale and Princeton and other universities, and his school had a most successful history. In 1905 he retired, and since then had been Professor of Science at the Northeast Manual Training School of Philadelphia. He died of uremia at Philadelphia, October 13, 1907, at the age of 69 years.

Dr. Eastburn was President of the Schoolmasters' Association of Philadelphia in 1890. In 1889 he presented a paper before the association on the Metric System which was later published by the American Metrological Society. He was chosen a member of the Council of this society in 1890.

He married at Philadelphia, September 8, 1870, Miss Mary Olden Davis, who died after a long illness in 1873, leaving a son. In 1876 he married Elizabeth Manly, daughter of Jacob and Caroline Beale, and had a son and daughter, who with their mother survive him.



Dr. Eastburn was an elder in the Central Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia.

IRA COLE HALL, son of John C. and Adelia (Cole) Hall, was born in Covert, Seneca County, N. Y., October 9, 1846.

After graduation he returned to his native place and was engaged in farming and the selling of stock until 1870, when he entered the coal and grain business with his father at Interlaken, formerly called Farmer Village, three miles north of his birthplace in the town of Covert, and conducted it for nearly thirty years. He was elected to the Board of Supervisors in 1904, and served four years, being its President the last two years. For many years he was a trustee of the First Baptist Church.

Mr. Hall died at his home in Interlaken, April 27, 1908, from neuralgia of the heart. He was 61 years of age.

He married, October 6, 1869, at Covert, Caroline Frances, daughter of Milo V. and Druvilla (Hopkins) Cole. She survives him with a son and daughter, the latter being the wife of William D. Hopkins, Ph.D. (B.A. Cornell 1893).

THOMAS FENNER WENTWORTH, son of Captain John Hanson and Ann (Pottle) Wentworth, was born in South Berwick, Me., September 25, 1845. The following year his parents removed to Greenland, N. H. He was prepared for college at Phillips (Exeter) Academy, and joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

The year after graduation he taught school in Yonkers, N. Y., the next year studied in Columbia Law School. He was admitted to the New York bar in 1871 and practiced his profession almost continuously till his decease. At one period he was Secretary and General Counsel for the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railroad, and counsel for the Merchants' Retail Dry Goods Association, and represented other important corporations during his legal career.

For many years he was prominent in Republican politics in New York City. In 1884 he was Vice-President and in 1885 and 1886 President of the City Republican Club, of which he was one of the original members. In 1894 he represented his district in the Constitutional Convention. July 1, 1895, he was appointed by Mayor Strong one of the City Magistrates for a term of four years, and was President of the Board of Magistrates a year. He was one of the founders of the New York Association of Alumni of Phillips Exeter Academy, and President of the association in 1889. He was a trustee of the House of Refuge, and of the New York Dental College.

Judge Wentworth died at his home in New York City, November 11, 1907, at the age of 62 years. His illness was the result of a fall while inspecting lumber on his farm at Greenland, N. H.

He married, July 7, 1886, Eleanor B., daughter of George W. and Tamison (Higgins) Parsons, who survives him. They had no children.

### 1869

SILLIMAN BLAGDEN, son of Thomas and Emily Greene (Silliman) Blagden, was born August 3, 1846, in Washington, D. C.

After graduation he took the law course at Columbia University, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1871, and practiced five years in New York; then gave up his profession, and devoted himself to private interests in Washington. Several years later, after study in Boston, he became an evangelist, working in churches of different denominations and in many communities in New England and Canada. He wrote much for the press, also a number of pamphlets and tracts on theological subjects, and published "A Bouquet of Poems and Canticles to the Praise and Glory of God."

He had been in poor health for several years, and died November 20, 1907, at the Hotel Brunswick, Boston, where he had been living for some years past. He was 61 years of age, and was not married. He was a grandnephew of Professor Benjamin Silliman, the elder, and grandson of the latter's brother, Gold S. Silliman (Yale 1796).

## 1870

EDWARD SACKETT HUME, son of Rev. Robert Wilson and Hannah Derby (Sackett) Hume, was born in Bombay, India, June 4, 1848. His father, a graduate of Union College (1834) and of Princeton Theological Seminary (1837), was a missionary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions and connected with the Marathi Mission, Western India, from 1839 until his death, which occurred at sea in 1854. His mother then, after nine years spent in Springfield, Mass., settled in New Haven, where her home was a center of missionary influence until her death in 1903.

After graduation Mr. Hume was principal of the High School in Millbury, Mass., for two years, and then entered the Hartford Theological Seminary, graduating in 1875, and being ordained at the Center Church, New Haven, June 2, of that year. During the period of study in Hartford he also taught in Miss Catherine Beecher's school, in the High School, and as a private tutor. His success was such that he was offered two excellent positions, one in connection with the Hartford public schools, and the other a chair in the Theological Seminary, but he sailed August 11, 1875, for India with his wife, the sister of his classmate John Scudder Chandler. To the work in Bombay, in which his parents had been engaged before him, he devoted his life of fruitful service, having the satisfaction also of seeing his daughter and her husband take up the work in turn, when ill health compelled Mr. and Mrs. Hume to return to America.



Varied and arduous as were Mr. Hume's labors in the wide field in and about Bombay, his ruling purpose was the elevation of the Indian Christian community. "He was a maker and builder of Christian institutions in India." In 1877 he and his wife opened a school in order to give the children of the Indian Christians the best educational opportunities in their power. This developed into a large institution that has won the respect of all classes by the high quality of its work. This institution soon included two large boarding schools, one for boys and one for girls, into which they received over 600 children, victims of the great famines of 1897 and 1900. In these two schools various kinds of industrial work were carried on with most excellent results. The intellectual ability, business sagacity, and great faith which enabled Mr. Hume to conduct these educational enterprises, were also a great source of strength to the Bombay church, founded in 1825 by missionaries of the American Board. By his wise advice the church came to self-support in 1881, and the erection of its spacious and fine edifice, recently completed, is in large measure due to his devoted and resourceful efforts in India and in America. To its pastor he was a most intimate and helpful friend. He won to a remarkable degree the esteem and affection of the native people, Christian and non-Christian, and had an unusual hold also upon the European population of the city. The building he used for his orphanage for boys was loaned him rent free by a wealthy Parsi gentleman.

In 1900 he was appointed Fellow of Bombay University, and in 1903 he was offered the position of Vice-Consul of the United States at Bombay. He was for thirteen years Secretary of the Bombay Bible Society, was a member of the Committee for the Translation of the Marathi Bible, and, like his father, acted at times as the English editor of the Anglo-Indian paper *The Dnyanadaya* (Rise of Knowledge). He also wrote in 1892 "A Memorial of Ethan Chapin of Springfield, Mass."

Weakened many years ago by an attack of cholera, and by his unceasing work, especially in connection with the great famines, he was compelled to return to this country for rest in 1903. In 1906 he acted as the assistant pastor of Center Church in New Haven, and was appointed Instructor in Missions for the current academic year, taking the courses of Professor Harlan P. Beach (Y. C. 1878) who was abroad. He was also a lecturer in the Bible School in New York City. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1892.

He died January 10, 1908, of anæmia, in the Presbyterian Hospital in New York, after an illness of two months. He was in his 60th year.

He married, July 21, 1875, Charlotte Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. John Eddy and Charlotte (Hopkins) Chandler, missionaries of the American Board in Madura, India. Mrs. Hume and six children survive him. Of these the eldest, Edward Hicks, M.D. (Y. C. 1897) is one of the Faculty of the Yale Mission College in Changsha, Province of Hunan, China; the youngest is a member of the Class of 1908, Vassar College. One daughter, Mrs. Hunsberger, is in his old field in Bombay, and another, Mrs. Wannamaker, is the wife of an instructor in the Canton Christian College, China. His brother, Rev. Robert A. Hume, D.D. (Y. C. 1868) has been for many years a missionary in Ahmednagar, Western India. A sister is the wife of Alfred B. Miller (Y. C. 1855) of New Haven.

JOSEPH FERRIS PERRY, son of Joseph Perry, M.D., and Caroline (Wilson) Perry, was born in Fairfield, Conn., June 21, 1846.

After graduation he spent a winter teaching in Connecticut and three years in the village schools in Illinois. He was then Superintendent of Public Schools in East Joliet, Will County, Ill., three years and a half, and for the next five years Superintendent for the county, also trustee of the

township school funds for five or six years. He then engaged in business with the Joliet Manufacturing Company, makers of agricultural implements, and was for twenty-four years its efficient Secretary.

Mr. Perry died at his home in Joliet, October 25, 1907, after an illness of nearly two years from kidney disease. He was 61 years old.

He married, July 5, 1881, Elizabeth Iola, only daughter of Samuel Bond, a British soldier, and Margaret (Campbell) Bond. She survives him with three sons and a daughter, one son having died in early childhood.

MORRIS FRANKLIN TYLER, son of Hon. Morris and Mary Frisbie (Butler) Tyler, was born in New Haven, Conn., August 12, 1848. He was prepared for college in the New Haven High School. His father, a wholesale boot and shoe merchant, was Mayor of the city and Lieutenant-Governor of the state.

After graduation from the Academical Department Mr. Tyler entered the Law School. He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1873, also the same year that of Master of Arts in course; but, meantime, gave much time to journalism, first in connection with the *Hartford Evening Post* and then as associate editor of the *New Haven Palladium*. He practiced his profession first as a member of the firm of Tyler & Hubbard and then as head of the firm of Tyler, Ingersoll & Moran. He served the city and state for several years, from 1875 to 1878 being a member of the New Haven Board of Education, from 1878 to 1880 councilman from his ward, and in 1881-82 Executive Secretary to Governor Hobart B. Bigelow.

In 1878 Mr. Tyler became interested in the telephone business and took an active part in the management of the New Haven Telephone Company, then of the Connecticut Telephone Company, in which were merged the local companies of the state. The name was afterward changed



to the Southern New England Telephone Company, and of this Mr. Tyler was elected President February 20, 1883. He devoted himself with great success to its development, and had nearly completed twenty-five years of service. He recognized the public obligations of such corporations, and was among the first to issue new stock to stockholders at a price above its par value.

In addition to his other duties he was officially connected with the University for over ten years. During the Academic year 1893-94 he was Instructor in Jurisprudence in the Yale Law School, and the next five years was Professor of General Jurisprudence, succeeding the late Professor Johnston T. Platt (Harv. 1865), but resigned the chair on his appointment as Treasurer of the University in 1899. Mr. Tyler administered this important office over five years, but in order to devote his attention entirely to the interests of the Southern New England Telephone Company he presented his resignation as Treasurer in June, 1904, continuing, however, to serve until the following December. During his term of service, covering as it did a period of University expansion which involved the erection of the Bicentennial buildings and many new and perplexing problems, his administrative and legal experience and his broad culture were of great value to the University.

Mr. Tyler was a student all his life, and took great pleasure in his large and choice library, which was especially strong in French and Italian literature. Besides other gifts to the University Library he presented many volumes of early French literature and rare bibliographies. He was a member of the Grolier Club of New York. He edited the "Memoirs of Mme. Vigée Le Brun," and also prepared the Triennial Record of his College class.

He had not been in robust health for a long time, and during the last year had lost much in physical strength, but continued to direct the affairs of the telephone company, and was at his office the week before his death. He died December 4, 1907, at his home on College street. He was

59 years of age. He was a man of strong personality, independent in judgment, but catholic in his tastes.

He married in New York City, November 5, 1873, Delia Talman, daughter of Victor Gifford Audubon, the artist, and granddaughter of John James Audubon, the famous ornithologist. They had four sons and one daughter, of whom the sons are living, but the daughter died in 1902. The eldest son graduated from the Academical Department in 1898, and the third son in 1905.

For over forty years he was a member and strong supporter of the Church of the Redeemer and its predecessor, the Chapel Street Congregational Church, of which his father was a deacon and one of the original members.

### 1872

GEORGE BLISS GRIGGS, son of Joseph Maitland and Elizabeth (Bliss) Griggs, was born in West Springfield, Mass., July 6, 1850.

After graduation he took a position in Springfield in the passenger department of the Boston & Albany Railroad, a few years later was transferred to the freight department in Boston, and for a year and a half was agent of the company's grain elevator in East Boston. From 1885 to 1887 he was at Fort Meade, S. D., in partnership with the post trader, and then returned to the Boston & Albany Railroad in the ticket auditing department. His father had for many years held the office of General Ticket Agent, but retired in 1889, and the son was then appointed Ticket Auditor, continuing in this responsible position to the close of his life.

He died at his home in Newton, Mass., May 22, 1908, of apoplexy. He was in his 58th year.

He married, June 11, 1885, Nora H., daughter of Ransom Lawrence and Phebe (Mitchell) Ball, of Walpole, N. H., who survives him.

In his will he left a generous bequest which will ultimately come to the University.

WILLIAM EDWARD HART, son of Deacon Edward Lucas Hart (Y. C. 1836) and Nancy Champion (Hooker) Hart, was born June 24, 1851, in Farmington, Conn., where his father was for many years associate principal with his uncle, Simeon Hart (Y. C. 1823), in a boarding school for boys.

After graduation he at once went abroad and spent nine months teaching and studying in Dresden, seven months in business in London, and then traveled till his return in February, 1874. For a few months he was engaged in business in Marquette, Mich., but the next year he went again to Europe and remained until the summer of 1876. He then taught six years in Westerly, R. I., after which he spent much time in Germany, France, and Italy. He prepared Conversation Guide Books in French, German, and Italian, and made a special study of French history and literature and of economics.

In 1893 he went to California, where he taught two years, and then returning East taught for six years in the Ingleside School, New Milford, Conn. Increasing deafness obliged him after that to devote himself to private tutoring. During the last year he had resided in Redding Ridge, Conn., where his teaching in the Sanford School was successful and appreciated.

Mr. Hart died from gas asphyxiation in his room at a hotel in Mt. Vernon, N. Y., September 17, 1907. He was 56 years of age, and was buried in Westerly, R. I.

He married, December 27, 1876, Phebe Elizabeth, adopted daughter of James M. Pendleton of Westerly. Mrs. Hart died February 4, 1891. They had one daughter and two sons, all of whom are deceased.

FREDERICK MORTON LITTLEFIELD, son of Josiah Mendlun and Caroline Elizabeth Littlefield, was born November 27, 1849, in Kennebunk, Me.



After graduation he took the law course in Columbia University, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1874; was then admitted to the New York bar, and became managing clerk in the office of George VanNest Baldwin (Rutgers 1856). He afterward practiced his profession alone, making a specialty of real estate and corporation law and being largely interested in several corporations managing real estate. His office was at first on Cedar street and later on Broadway.

He was one of the organizers of the Colonial Club, and served as trustee, Vice-President and counselor. He was also a member of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the American Museum of Natural History, the New York Geographical Society, and many other societies and clubs.

Mr. Littlefield died of blood poisoning resulting from a malignant carbuncle and diabetes, February 18, 1906, at the age of 56 years, but his death was reported too late for earlier record. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married, April 24, 1883, Agnes Henderson, daughter of James R. Smith of New York City, who survives him with two sons and a daughter, one son having died in infancy.

## 1874

GEORGE WILLIS BENEDICT, son of George and Amanda (Benedict) Benedict, was born in South Norwalk, Conn., September 25, 1852.

After graduation he spent two years in the Yale Medical School, but finished his studies at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now included in Columbia University) and received his degree in 1878. He then established himself in practice in his native city, but in 1895 became postmaster there. Upon the expiration of his term in 1900 he resumed practice.

Dr. Benedict died August 23, 1907, at a sanitarium in Westport, Conn., where he was receiving treatment for

nervous trouble. He was in his 55th year and was unmarried. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

WILLIAM BURGER BININGER, son of Abraham Bininger, a wine importer of New York City, was born in that city June 11, 1852. His mother was Elizabeth S. (Draper) Bininger. He was fitted for college by a private tutor and was a member of the Class of 1873 from the beginning of the course until the end of the Junior year, joining the Class of 1874 for the last half of the course.

From the time of graduation until September, 1885, he was engaged with his father in the wine business, and then became a member of the staff of the *New York Star*, for which he wrote on social matters. After the death of the owner of the paper, Lieutenant-Governor William Dorsheimer, Mr. Bininger took an editorial position on the *New York Herald* in May, 1889, and was well known among newspaper men for more than twenty years. Recently he had written for *Ridgeway's Weekly* and for the *New York Times*. He had not been in good health for some time. During the last year he had been living with a sister, Miss Elizabeth D. Bininger, at "Oakwood," New Hamburg, N. Y., where he died of apoplexy, May 15, 1908, in the 56th year of his age. He had never married. Besides Miss Bininger two other sisters, Mrs. Frederick Post and Mrs. Francis R. Rives, are living, and reside in England.

GILBERT GATES MOSELEY, son of David Bingham and Mary (Webster) Moseley, was born November 28, 1853, in Hartford, Conn.

After graduation he made a journey abroad, and was for many years associated with his father and brother on *The Religious Herald* in Hartford.

He was for seventeen years an invalid, and died of Bright's disease in Middletown, Conn., February 14, 1908, at the age of 54 years. He was unmarried.

1875

HOWARD PARRY BELL, son of Hon. James Augustus Bell, who was New York State Senator for twelve years and chairman of the Senate Finance Committee during the Civil War, and Rachel Parry (Smith) Bell, was born May 21, 1851, at Dexter, Jefferson County, N. Y.

After graduation from college he entered Columbia Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from there in 1878, but gave his attention chiefly to banking, and became a member of the banking firm of Nichol, Hatch & Co. He had many other business interests, being a director in the corporation of Lord & Taylor, dry goods merchants of New York City; a director of the First National Bank of St. Cloud, Minn.; also a director of the First National Bank of Arlington, N. J., where he resided for over thirty years, and a director and Secretary of the Arlington Improvement Company. He was President of the Board of Directors of the Montclair (N. J.) Military Academy.

Mr. Bell died of lymphangitis at the home of his friend, Mr. E. P. Hatch, in New York City, May 6, 1908, in the 57th year of his age.

He married, September 21, 1881, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of William W. and Elizabeth C. (Height) Pratt. She survives him without children, their only son having died at the age of three years.

HENRY DOWNES SELLERS, son of Francis and Priscilla Carmen (Benny) Sellers, was born December 14, 1851, in Pittsburg, Pa. He entered the Class of 1872 as a Freshman but remained only a year, and afterward joined the Class of 1875 in Junior year.

After graduation he studied law, was admitted to the bar in Jackson County, Mo., in December, 1880, and practiced in Kansas City, Mo., two or three years, but since about 1883 had been in the real estate business in his native city. He



was a charter member of the University Club of Pittsburg, and for five years its Secretary. In 1882 he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Pennsylvania Military College.

Mr. Sellers died in Pittsburg, February 16, 1908, at the age of 56 years.

He married, June 4, 1883, Caroline, daughter of William and Martha (Smith) Robinson, of Detroit, Mich., and had one daughter and four sons, of whom one son is deceased.

He was a member of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church of Pittsburg.

### 1877

EDWIN RUTHVEN DILLINGHAM, son of Edwin Ruthven and Susan Simonson (Dupuy) Dillingham, was born January 29, 1855, in Brooklyn, N. Y. His ability as a writer early showed itself, and he was elected one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine* in his Junior year.

After graduation he studied law a year in the office of Martin & Smith in New York City. He did not practice, however, but devoted himself continuously to newspaper work for over twenty-five years, holding an important position in Chicago journalism. He was at first on the staff of the *Daily News* of that city. In 1884 he helped to found the *Chicago Evening Mail*, of which he was at different times city editor and commercial editor. Afterward he became commercial editor of the *Chicago Times-Herald* and of its successor, the *Record-Herald*. He attained a wide reputation as an authority on commercial matters related to his work and was a frequent contributor to trade journals. In the fall of 1904 he was obliged by ill health to resign his connection with the *Record-Herald*. After failing to regain his health by a trip abroad and several months of outdoor life on a farm which he purchased in Augusta, Mich., he spent the last two years of his life in a sanitarium in Flint,

Mich., where he died August 12, 1907, at the age of 52 years.

He married, in Springfield, Ill., March 23, 1884, Miss Annie Wilkinson, who survives him without children.

HENRY MEYER JOHNSON, son of Bradish Johnson, a sugar refiner and an extensive owner of real estate, was born at his father's country home, Bay Shore, Long Island, N. Y., May 6, 1856. His mother was Louisa A. (Lawrance) Johnson. Before entering college he was in Europe from 1864 to 1867, then two years in the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General Russell (Y. C. 1833) in New Haven, and four years under the private instruction of Josiah Clark, LL.D. (Y. C. 1833).

After graduation from college he took the course in the Columbia Law School and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1879. Then after three years in the law office of Platt & Bowers in New York City he gave his attention to the management of his father's estate.

Mr. Johnson died at Bay Shore, of heart failure, September 19, 1907, at the age of 51 years.

He married, December 4, 1890, Mrs. Sarah B. Olliffe, who died April 2, 1902. She was a daughter of Hon. Harvey Baldwin, Judge and Mayor of Syracuse, N. Y., and Ann Sarah (Dodge) Baldwin. He afterward married her sister, Mrs. Grace R. Ruggles of New York City, who survives him with his only child, a daughter by his first wife.

CLARENCE LEDOUX REID, son of Rev. Lewis Hubbard Reid, D.D. (Y. C. 1847), and Maria (Fuller) Reid, was born June 24, 1857, in Fayetteville, N. Y., where his father was pastor of the Presbyterian church. After he was four years old his home was in Syracuse, N. Y., and Chicago, Ill., until he entered college.

After graduation he taught three years in Stamford, Conn., first in the school of Mr. Hiram U. King (Dartm.

1873), at the same time reading law, and then as a private tutor while studying in the law office of Calvin G. Child (Y. C. 1855) and Hon. James H. Olmstead. In February, 1881, he was admitted to the bar, and since then had maintained an office in Stamford, and since 1885 also in New York City. The Stamford firm was Reid & Young, and the New York firm Reid, Esselstyn & Ketcham, his partners in the latter being graduates of Yale in 1883 and 1887 respectively. He was a thoroughly read, able lawyer, and was regarded as an authority on corporation law.

Mr. Reid was Deputy Judge of the Borough Court of Stamford from 1883 to 1887, but declined other public office. He was esteemed for his high personal character and was always active in any movement for the benefit of the community. In connection with the Civic League he accomplished an important service a dozen years ago in securing the enforcement of law.

He was one of the most useful and earnest members of the First Presbyterian Church, where his associates relied upon his judgment and sound sense. For the last twenty years he had been an elder, and for many years Superintendent of the Sunday school. He was President for fifteen years of the Stamford Young Men's Christian Association, and a member of the Executive Committee of the State Association. He was a trustee of the Ferguson Library, St. John's Hospital, Children's Home, Boys' Club, and other Stamford institutions, and a director in many business corporations. In his earlier vacations he visited nearly every state in the Union, but had spent his recent summers at his cottage at Randolph, in the White Mountains.

Mr. Reid died at his home in Stamford, August 7, 1907, after an illness of about a year. He was 50 years of age.

He married, April 20, 1886, Kate Sumner, daughter of Allen H. and Susan (Collins) Willard of Evanston, Ill. She survives him with a son and a daughter. The son was a member of the Sophomore class in the Academical Department at the time of his father's death, but then left college.



Three brothers graduated from the University, respectively in the classes of 1875 and 1886 in College and of 1885 in the Sheffield Scientific School.

## 1878

FREDERICK JASON BECKWITH, son of Jason and Harriet F. (Sisson) Beckwith, was born August 11, 1855, in New London, Conn.

After graduation he took the course in the Harvard Medical School, received his degree in 1882, and since then had been in the active practice of his profession in his native city. He was also Health Officer.

Dr. Beckwith died suddenly of heart disease at the home of a patient whom he had just attended in the adjoining town of Waterford, September 2, 1907, the the age of 52 years. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, October 8, 1885, at Pawtucket, R. I., Ellen H., daughter of William W. Blodgett, a lawyer, and Salome (Kinsley) Blodgett, who survives him with a daughter and a son.

TREAT CAMPBELL, son of Thomas Hayes Campbell, a lawyer, and Catherine Elizabeth (McDougall) Campbell, was born January 23, 1855, in Springfield, Ill.

After graduation he studied law in Chicago, and after his admission to the bar practiced his profession in that city until 1898, when he removed to Fairfield, Conn. He was also interested in the real estate business. In 1894 he traveled in Europe with his family.

Mr. Campbell died in New York City, February 12, 1908, and was buried in Chicago. He was 53 years of age.

He married, at Chicago, Ill., November 28, 1883, Ada Williams, daughter of Julian Sidney and Martha (Turner) Rumsey, who survives him with a son, Rumsey (Y. C. 1907).

1879

LOUIS NORMAN BOOTH, son of Louis Wheeler and Frances Eunice (Beach) Booth, was born March 4, 1859, in Bridgeport, Conn.

After graduation he spent a year in travel and private study, entered the Berkeley Divinity School in Middletown in September, 1880, graduated there in 1883, and in May of that year was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Williams. He soon afterward became the assistant minister of St. John's Church, in his native city, and about four years later, July, 1887, Rector of Trinity Church. He was an earnest churchman and devoted to the work of the parish which was his charge for twenty years. In July, 1898, he was appointed Archdeacon of Fairfield. From his college days he was known as a thorough student, and during later years he made a careful study of Dante, which resulted in a number of lectures.

Mr. Booth died of pneumonia at his home in Bridgeport, August 19, 1907, at the age of 48 years.

He married, January 6, 1886, Annie, daughter of Captain John and Anna (Scofield) McNeil, who survives him. They had no children.

1883

EDWARD GAYLORD BOURNE, son of Rev. James Russell and Isabella Graham (Staples) Bourne, was born June 24, 1860, in Strykersville, Wyoming County, N. Y., where his father was the Congregational pastor.

After graduation he remained as a student in the Graduate Department at Yale five years, holding a Foote Fellowship, being Instructor in Mediæval History from 1885 to 1887, also Lecturer on Political Science from 1886 to 1888. He was then Instructor in History in Adelbert College two years and the following five years Professor of History there. In 1892 he received the degree of Doctor of Phi-

losophy at Yale, and in 1895 returned to New Haven as Professor of History.

During the first two years of his professorship here his courses were in European History and since then mainly in American History, but the breadth and accuracy of his knowledge outside of his special field were notable, and his mastery of the sources of information remarkable. He was searching in his criticism of evidence, most suggestive as a teacher, and almost prodigal in giving his time to earnest students. He was always approachable and especially companionable to younger men.

In his student days he showed ability as a writer and contributed many reviews and short articles to the *Nation*, *Yale Review*, and other periodicals. Of the *Yale Review* he was for the last fourteen years Associate Editor.

He was also editor of many important works, including Charles Wolley's "Two Years Journal in New York," Fournier's "Napoleon," Roscher's "Spanish Colonial System," "Original Narratives of the Voyages of Columbus" and "Original Narratives of the Voyages of John Cabot," the last two together composing a large part of the first volume of the series of "Original Narratives of Early American History"; "The Voyages of Champlain," translated by Mrs. Bourne and forming two volumes of the "Trail Makers' Series"; "The Narratives of DeSoto"; and "Discovery, Conquest, and Early History of the Philippine Islands," 1907, being the introductory volume to the series of more than fifty volumes known as "Blair and Robertson's Philippine Islands."

Much of his best work was in the papers contributed to the societies with which he was connected. He was an early member of the American Historical Association and since 1901 Chairman of its Historical Manuscripts Commission, which in 1902-03 published the Diary and parts of the Correspondence of Chief Justice Chase. He was a member, and in 1901 President, of the New England History



Teachers' Association, and was one of its committee of five who prepared a book on Historical Sources for use in schools. He was a corresponding member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, a member of the American Antiquarian Society, the American Statistical Association, the New Haven Colony Historical Society, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, and in 1906 was elected an honorary member of the literary and scientific club of Havana known as the "Casino Español."

Prof. Bourne's historical volumes of most permanent value are probably the three entitled "Surplus Revenue of 1837," 1885, "Essays in Historical Criticism," 1901, and "Spain in America," 1904. The second of these was his contribution to the Bicentennial publications of the University, and includes in expanded form his paper on Marcus Whitman, which aroused much discussion.

In recent years he had made a number of able addresses. At the World's Congress held at the St. Louis Exposition in 1904 his subject was "The Relation of American History to Other Fields," at the Historical Congress of the Lewis and Clark Exposition in 1905 he spoke on "Aspects of Oregon History before 1840," and before the State Historical Society of Missouri in 1906 on "The Romance of Western History."

He had been ill nearly two years from hip-joint disease, and during the last year had leave of absence from duty. He died at his home in New Haven, February 24, 1908, in the 48th year of his age. He was buried in the Grove Street Cemetery.

He married, July 17, 1895, Annie Thomson Nettleton (Vassar 1889), sister of his classmate, Walter E. Nettleton, and daughter of William A. and Eliza Lyman (Thomson) Nettleton of Stockbridge, Mass. Mrs. Bourne survives him with four sons and one daughter. Professor Bourne's brother and classmate, Henry Eldridge Bourne, is Professor of History in the College for Women of Western Reserve University.

1885

WILFRED ERNEST EATON, son of Edwin Wales and Frances Marion (Swift) Eaton, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., November 26, 1863.

After graduation he spent the first year in the factory of the Nonotuck Silk Company, in Florence, Mass., and was then transferred to the New York office, where his advancement was steady and he became Assistant Treasurer and Manager as well as a director in the company. He was also a director of the Corticelli Silk Company of St. Louis, of the Brainerd & Armstrong Company of New London and manager of its New York office, and a governor of the Silk Association of America.

Mr. Eaton died of tuberculosis, at Liberty, N. Y., November 4, 1907, in the 44th year of his age. His home was in East Orange, N. J., where he was a trustee of Trinity Congregational Church.

He married, June 22, 1892, Flora Lee, daughter of William Edward and Caroline (Newton) Clarke. She survives him with three daughters and one son.

1886

CHARLES JARED GRIGGS, eldest of the four sons of Hon. Henry Charles Griggs, a banker, manufacturer, state representative, and trusted official of many organizations, was born at Waterbury, Conn., November 28, 1864. His mother was Mary Bassett (Foote) Griggs, and his maternal great-grandfather was Dr. Joseph Foot (Y. C. 1787), a prominent physician.

Upon graduation from college he entered the Yale Law School and on completing the course received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1888. He was then admitted to the bar of New Haven County, but continued his studies in the office of Gillette & Webster (the latter, Dartmouth 1874)

until October, 1889, when he formed a partnership with William Reuben Mattison (Amherst 1886), which continued until July, 1891. Since then he had practiced alone, and from that year to 1896 he was also Tax Collector of Waterbury, making an excellent record in that capacity. For a number of years he was a member of the Republican town committee.

Mr. Griggs died of gastritis at his home in Waterbury, May 24, 1905, at the age of 40 years. His brothers, Wilfred E. and David C., graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1887 and 1892, respectively.

He married, June 25, 1895, Elizabeth B., daughter of Frederick and Bridget (Day) Bowers, who survives him.

### 1887

WILLIAM MAITLAND ABELL, son of Ira E. and Mary Ellen (Gurley) Abell, was born March 17, 1860, at North Pepin, Wisc. He entered college from Franklin, Conn.

After graduation he spent a year in the Yale Law School, then studied in the office of Theron A. Read, Esq., in Middletown, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar at Brooklyn, N. Y., in December, 1889. He conducted a general agency for a publishing house until the autumn of 1890, and then practiced law in Middletown, N. Y., until March, 1893, when he became Vice-President and counsel of "The Associated Physicians and Surgeons" in New York City. His home was for a time in Passaic, N. J., but in 1894 he moved to Mount Vernon, N. Y., where he remained two years. He gave up the practice of his profession in 1898, and then continued his studies in New York City, but from February, 1905, until his health failed entirely, was engaged in business in Chicago, Ill., where he died January 7, 1908, at St. Luke's Hospital, after an operation for appendicitis. He was 47 years of age. He was a member of the First Congregational Church in Lebanon, Conn.



He married in 1888, Caroline A., daughter of Edwin A. Loomis, a farmer, and Mary (Saxton) Loomis of Lebanon, Conn. She survives him with two sons, the elder, Winthrop S., being the Class Boy.

Mr. Abell received the degree of Master of Laws from New York University in 1894, and of Master of Arts for graduate work in Philosophy at Yale in 1898.

JOHN MINOR GILLESPIE, son of James M. Gillespie, was born February 12, 1866, at Natchez, Miss.

After graduation from college he took the Medical course in Columbia University and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine there in 1891, but did not practice his profession. He returned to the family home, near Hard Times Landing, Tensas Parish, La., where he had since been a cotton planter.

Mr. Gillespie died at home February 20, 1908, at the age of 42 years.

### 1891

JOHN LEE BUNCE, son of Edward Merrill and Mariana (Brandt) Bunce, was born November 17, 1868, in Hartford, Conn. While in college he was Treasurer of the University Baseball Association, President of Bethany Mission, a member of the Senior Promenade Committee, and an officer of other student organizations.

After graduation he was at first with the Pope Manufacturing Company as assistant to the General Manager, and then Secretary and Treasurer of the Mather Electric Company until the outbreak of the Spanish-American War. From May to November, 1898, he served in the United States Navy as Assistant Paymaster, attached to the *Yosemite*.

At the close of the war he returned to Hartford and was appointed Assistant Superintendent of Agencies of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, of which his

father had been Secretary for many years preceding his decease in 1898. Later Mr. Bunce was appointed Superintendent of Agencies, and in 1906 added to his duties those of Assistant Secretary.

He died, after an illness of several weeks from leukemia, at his home in Hartford, October 1, 1907, in his 39th year. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, April 27, 1901, Mabel Alice Harcourt, daughter of H. Harcourt and Margaret (Davison) Horn of St. Paul, Minn. She survives him with a daughter and a son.

## 1892

FRED CLARKE GALLUP BRONSON, son of Rev. Asa Clark and Hannah Burrows (Gallup) Bronson, was born January 13, 1868, in Wallingford, Conn., where his father was a Baptist clergyman, and entered college from Norwich, Conn.

After graduation he studied theology at the University of Chicago two years and philosophy at Cornell University two years. In 1896 and later he taught in Norwich, Conn., and from 1900 to 1902 was a stenographer at the Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va. He was then clerk in connection with building operations at the University of Chicago and at Mr. John D. Rockefeller's country place near Tarrytown, N. Y., and was afterward for a short time secretary to Rev. Wallace Buttrick, D.D., of the General Education Board, until his health failed.

He died of tuberculosis at Cambridge, Mass., January 13, 1906, at the age of just 38 years. A sister survives him. His brother and classmate died January 1, 1901.

## 1893

ROBERT KERR DICKERMAN, son of Lemuel Dickerman, M.D., by his second wife, Maria (Knapp) Dickerman, was born June 29, 1870, in Foxboro, Norfolk County, Mass.

After graduation he studied two years in the Harvard Law School, was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in September, 1896, and since then had practiced his profession in Boston.

While at a sanitarium in Salem, Mass., he died September 4, 1907, at the age of 37 years.

He married, August 27, 1904, Lorita, daughter of Louis P. Hollander of Boston, Mass. She survives him.

FREDERICK ASBURY HILL, only son of Hon. Ebenezer J. Hill (M.A. *hon.* Yale 1892), Member of Congress since 1895, and Mary Ellen (Mossman) Hill, was born in Norwalk, Conn., July 4, 1869.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1895, was admitted to the Connecticut bar, and practiced his profession in his native city till the outbreak of the war with Spain. May 9, 1898, he was appointed Judge Advocate, with rank of Lieutenant-Colonel of Volunteers, and later went to Porto Rico as a member of the staff of General Wilson. He was appointed Collector of Customs at Ponce immediately on its capture. He was honorably discharged from service June 26, 1899, and since 1900 had been Secretary and Treasurer of the Norwalk Mills Company.

Mr. Hill died at Norwalk, August 31, 1907, from typhoid fever complicated with injuries received in a fall from his horse. He was 38 years of age and was not married. His three sisters graduated from Vassar College respectively in 1895, 1896, and 1906.

#### 1894

NATHANIEL NILES WILSON, son of George O. and Mary A. (Sanderson) Wilson, was born in San Francisco, Cal., December 2, 1872.



On graduation he returned to his native city and engaged in the sash and door manufacturing business under the firm name of Wilson & Brother, later The California Door Company.

For some years he was a sufferer from consumption, but died suddenly of heart failure, November 14, 1907, at Los Gatos, Cal. He was in the 35th year of his age and was unmarried.

### 1895

HENRY PECK DRIGGS, son of Theodore Ives Driggs (Trinity 1848), President of the American Pin Company, Waterbury, Conn., was born in that city December 23, 1873. His mother was Margaret Sophia, daughter of George Pritchard.

After graduation he took the course in the Harvard Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1898, and entered the office of Hornblower, Byrne, Taylor & Miller, attorneys at law, in New York City. He was then with Taylor & Seymour, and later a member of the law firm of Sawyer & Driggs.

Mr. Driggs died of heart trouble, at St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, July 10, 1907, in the 34th year of his age. He was unmarried. His father died in 1893 and his mother in 1906. A brother and two sisters survive him. He was a member of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, Waterbury.

ELWIN HAYES GLEASON, son of Joseph Hayes and Adelia (Taylor) Gleason, was born December 26, 1869, in Mexico, Oxford County, Me., but in his early years lived in Boston, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Colorado. He entered college as a resident of Colorado Springs.

After graduation he studied law with Judge Aretas Stearns, and practiced in Rumford Falls, in his native county. Since 1904 he had been in partnership with Lucian W. Blanchard, in the firm of Gleason & Blanchard.

He was a member of the Maine Legislature in 1907, a member of the School Committee of his town, and helpful in other public services. He was especially interested in the study of history, economics, and politics.

Mr. Gleason died of typhoid fever at his home in Mexico, Me., October 3, 1907, in the 38th year of his age.

He married, August 3, 1895, Mary Emma, daughter of Zenas and Hannah (Moody) Crowell. She survives him with three children—a son and two daughters.

### 1898

ISAAC NEWTON SWIFT, son of Ward W. and Helen Brown (Conklin) Swift, was born February 18, 1873, in Ypsilanti, Mich. He was prepared for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy, and while a student at Yale was prominent as an officer in the Athletic Association.

Soon after graduation he went into business, becoming Secretary and Treasurer of the Ypsilanti Gas Company and senior partner in the hardware business of the Ypsilanti Manufacturing Company. Later he went into the lumber business in northern Michigan for the benefit of his health. He was also greatly interested in dairying and farming. Finally he determined to try the climate of New Mexico, but died there at Silver City, February 24, 1908, from tuberculosis. He was not married, and was 35 years of age. He was a member and for a time a trustee of the Presbyterian church in Ypsilanti.

### 1899

ARTHUR SITGREAVES MANN, fifth of the nine children of Dr. Matthew Darbyshire Mann (Y. C. 1867) and Elizabeth (Pope) Mann, was born in New York City, August 18, 1878. From 1879 to 1880 his father was lecturer in the Yale Medical School, and since 1882 had been Professor in the Medical Department of the University of Buffalo.

In Senior year Mr. Mann received the Albert Stanburrough Cook Prize in Poetry, at graduation had a Philosophical Oration stand, and then entered the General Theological Seminary in New York, from which he graduated with honor, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in June, 1902. He was ordained Deacon in Buffalo, May 12, 1902, and Priest December 21, 1903, and after a year as assistant minister of St. Paul's Church, Rochester, N. Y., in January, 1904, sailed for China, where he had since been engaged in missionary work and teaching at Shanghai, in St. John's College, an institution under the care of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States. It was incorporated by act of Congress at Washington, D. C., in January, 1906, as St. John's University, with the privilege of granting the usual degrees of American colleges. Most of the graduates who have gone abroad for further study have come to Yale, where they have made an excellent record. He was Professor of Economics in the School of Arts and Sciences, also of New Testament Exegesis in the School of Theology in that university. It is said that St. John's was the first college in China to introduce regular athletic sports, and Mr. Mann took great interest in these activities, spending much of his spare time in training the track team. His ideal was to give to the Chinese the best that the new West had given him, and it seemed to those who knew him that he was destined to exert great influence in China both as a missionary and as an educational leader.

He lost his life July 29, 1907, after vainly repeated efforts to rescue his friend, Rev. W. B. Seabury (Y. C. 1900) of the Yale Mission, from a swollen mountain torrent near Kuling. A party of five, all Yale men engaged in educational work, were returning from a vacation day's walking trip to the ancient "White Deer College," ten miles distant, when Mr. Seabury slipped on a large rock wet from the heavy rains and was carried over a fall into a deep pool and drowned. The funeral service of both was held the next morning, Rev.



James Jackson, President of Boone College, a missionary institution at Wuchang, like St. John's under the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, taking part. Mr. Mann was nearly 29 years of age and unmarried.

He was the American Vice-President and Corresponding Secretary of the Yale Alumni Association of China. Two brothers have graduated from Yale University, one from the Academical Department in 1903 and the other from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1906. Another brother is in the present Senior class in College, and a fourth in the Junior class in the Sheffield Scientific School.

While at St. John's Mr. Mann published "Prince Ivo of Bohemia," a dramatic tragedy in blank verse in five acts (Grafton Press, N. Y.). By his will he left his personal library of over a thousand carefully selected volumes to St. John's University. In the Alumni Hall there the students have erected a brass tablet in his memory.

## 1900

HUGH TAYLOR BIRCH, son of Hugh Taylor Birch, a lawyer of Chicago, Ill., was born in that city September 16, 1878. His mother was Maria Root of Buffalo, N. Y. He was prepared for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

After graduation he studied in the Harvard Law School a year, and then entered business in Chicago, becoming Secretary and Treasurer of the Haynes & Noyes Company. He was with the company for a year, then left it and traveled extensively through Mexico, where he remained the greater part of three years. It was his intention to buy a ranch and he was about to obtain the land he desired when death suddenly came to him.

While in the city of Colima he died of apoplexy, June 15, 1907, in the 29th year of his age. He was not married. His remains were brought to Chicago and buried in Grace-land Cemetery. He was a member of the Second Presbyterian Church of Chicago.

WARREN BARTLETT SEABURY, son of Rev. Joseph Bartlett Seabury (Amherst 1869) and Martha Daniels (Mason) Seabury, was born September 17, 1877, in Lowell, Mass. He was prepared for college at the High School in Dedham, Mass., and the Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Conn. A brother is a member of the Junior class in College.

After graduation from college he entered Hartford Theological Seminary, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Divinity from the latter in 1903. He spent the following year in the study of comparative religion in the Yale Graduate School, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1904.

While a student in Hartford, November 3, 1902, he was formally called to join the Yale Mission in China, but wished further time for study before undertaking the work. He was ordained to the ministry in Hartford, June 9, 1904, and sailed for China, October 1. During the next two years he was mainly engaged in the study of the Chinese language—the first year at Hankow—and in the difficult task of negotiating for land in Changsha, in the Province of Hunan, upon which to establish the Mission College. The summer of 1906 he spent in actively superintending the repairs on the temporary quarters for the College, since named Ya-li, where simple opening exercises were conducted by Mr. Seabury, November 16, 1906. Since then he had given instruction in English branches in the College and continued the study of the native language.

Mr. Seabury lost his life by drowning July 29, 1907. A party of five, all of whom were engaged in educational work—Mann at St. John's College, Shanghai; Kemp at Boone College, Wuchang; Hume, Gage, and Seabury, at the Yale Mission—left Kuling that morning and visited "White Deer College," about ten miles distant by a mountain road through a beautiful country. On the return Mr. Seabury slipped on a large rock wet from the heavy rains which had fallen during the day, and being unable to recover his balance, slid into the stream which flowed over the lower side

of the rock, and was carried over a fall into a deep pool. On rising to the surface he took two or three strokes and then disappeared. In attempting to rescue him one of his companions, Rev. Arthur S. Mann (Y. C. 1899), was also drowned. The funeral service of both was conducted the morning after their death by Rev. James Jackson, President of Boone College, and Mr. Seabury's classmate and roommate, Rev. Gilbert Lovell, of the Presbyterian Mission at Siangtan, in the Province of Hunan.

A memorial service was held in the First Congregational Church, Wellesley Hills, Mass., September 21, 1907. Addresses regarding the character and important work of Mr. Seabury were delivered by Rev. D. Brewer Eddy, Assistant Treasurer of the Executive Committee of the Yale Foreign Missionary Society; Professor M. W. Jacobus, D.D., LL.D., of Hartford Theological Seminary; Rev. Frank K. Sanders, Ph.D., D.D., formerly Dean of the Yale Divinity School; Bishop L. H. Roots of the American Episcopal Mission, Hankow, China; and Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., M.A., Secretary of Yale University. His membership was with the Congregational church in Dedham, Mass. He was in the 30th year of his age and unmarried. A biography is in course of preparation by the deceased's father, Rev. Mr. Seabury of Wellesley Hills, Mass.

WILLIAM BIDDLE WILLIAMS, son of Charles and Hannah Nicholson (Biddle) Williams, was born at Philadelphia, Pa., October 7, 1878. He was prepared for college at DeLancey School, Philadelphia, and St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. During his college course he rowed three years on the University crew, and was an active worker in one of the Boys' Clubs conducted by undergraduates of the University.

After graduation he spent two years in the employ of the Latrobe Steel Company in Chicago, and then entered the insurance business in Philadelphia, becoming a member of the firm of Charles Williams & Son.



Mr. Williams died of anæsthesia while undergoing an operation for inflammatory rheumatism at Haverford, Pa., February 8, 1908, in the 30th year of his age. He was buried in Bryn Mawr, Pa. He was unmarried and was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

## 1901

WILLIAM JOSEPH DOWNS, son of James F. Downs, an insurance agent, and Bridget (McStay) Downs, was born February 24, 1881, in Danbury, Conn., and was prepared for college in the High School in that city.

Upon graduation he entered the Yale Law School, and, after receiving his degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1903, was in the law office of Charles H. Sherrill (Y. C. 1889), and then in that of Sage, Kerr & Gray in New York City.

Mr. Downs died of heart disease at Liberty, N. Y., November 29, 1906, at the age of 25 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

COLTON MAYNARD, son of George Colton Maynard, Curator in the Smithsonian Institution in Washington, D. C., was born in that city January 25, 1880. His mother was Lucy Julia (Warner) Maynard. He was a student in the University of Michigan in 1896-97, but completed the college course in Columbian (now George Washington) University and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts therefrom in 1900. He then entered the Senior class at Yale and received the same degree a year later.

During the year 1901-02 he was instructor in Latin, Greek, and German in the Foster School, Cornwall, Conn., and then taught in Baltimore, Md., two years, at the same time studying English and history in absence under direction of the Graduate Department. In 1904 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale, and during the next two years

continued his studies in the Graduate School, and was also Master in the Cheshire (Conn.) Academy. At the Academy he organized among the boys a branch of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. In the fall of 1906 he went to Cleveland, Ohio, where he had since taught in the University School. He was a man of brilliant mind, an accurate scholar, and a superior teacher. The John Addison Porter Memorial Fellowship, entitling him to the income of a generous fund during three years of graduate study in English and cognate subjects at Yale, was offered him but was declined.

Mr. Maynard died at Cleveland, Ohio, May 6, 1908, after an operation for appendicitis. He was 28 years of age, and was not married. His father, mother, and two brothers survive him.

### 1903

SAMUEL MASON BRERETON, son of George Brereton and Maria (Smallman) Brereton, was born in Dundalk, Ireland, May 6, 1877. Although he had previously visited this country, he came here to remain in 1895, and soon entered the Mount Hermon (Mass.) School, where he prepared for college. Until about the time of his graduation from the school he had expected to enter the University of California, but the decision of his parents to stay in the East led him to come to Yale. His residence during his college course was East Northfield, Mass., but his family later removed to New Haven. To a large extent he earned his own way, maintaining, nevertheless, an Oration stand and winning a Berkeley Premium in Freshman year and a Robinson Latin Prize when a Senior.

In 1904 he received the degree of Master of Arts at Yale for work in the classics, and in the fall of that year went to Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg, Pa., to teach Latin, Greek, and history, proving himself an efficient instructor.

He was one of the four Faculty members of the Academy Senate, and a member of the Literary Magazine Board.

In the midst of his fourth year of teaching at Mercersburg, he was taken with pneumonia, and after an illness of three weeks seemed safely on the road to recovery, when he sank suddenly and died February 12, 1908. He was in his 31st year and unmarried. His parents and a sister survive him.

Mr. Brereton was manly, sincere, faithful in every duty, a devoted Christian, and won to an unusual degree the respect and affection of those with whom he worked by his quiet strength of character, his companionableness, and his deep interest in the welfare of his students within and without the class room.

GEORGE BARNETT EVERTS, son of William Peter Everts, Secretary of the Salisbury Cutlery Handle Company and also Postmaster of Salisbury, Conn., was born in Michigamme, Mich., November 5, 1880. His mother was Sarah Jennie (Knox) Everts. He was prepared for college at the Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Conn.

Since graduation he had been employed by the Bridgeport Land and Title Company as collector of rents.

Mr. Everts died of diabetes, at Southport, Conn., December 14, 1907, at the age of 27 years. He was unmarried. Two brothers and four sisters survive him.

EDWARD HAROLD FITZGERALD, son of Rev. John Henry Fitzgerald (St. Stephen's Coll. 1870), Rector of St. Peter's Church, Hebron, Conn., was born August 29, 1881, in Milford, Conn. His mother was Helen Maria (Roberts) Fitzgerald, daughter of John Dewitt Roberts, architect, of New Haven, and Louisa (Coe) Roberts. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven.



After graduation he entered the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, Mass., from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1906. He was ordained Deacon by Bishop Brewster at Middletown, Conn., in June, 1906, and Priest at Waterbury in May, 1907. He had devoted his life to missionary work, but under medical advice deferred his departure from this country for a year, and was meanwhile in charge of Christ Church, Middle Haddam, Conn. In December, 1907, he went to China, under the auspices and as the special representative of the alumni and students of the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, to the missionary district of Hankow under Bishop Roots.

He was earnest and enthusiastic in his work, though unassuming, and gave promise of a most useful life. He died at Hankow, China, June 3, 1908, of Bright's disease. He was 26 years of age.

A brother is a member of the Class of 1908 in Yale College.

ALBERT HILEMAN, son of Albert and Rachel M. (Harnish) Hileman, was born in Frankstown, Blair County, Pa., January 18, 1879, and prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. After graduation he continued his studies in chemistry three years in the Graduate School, and received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1906. Since then he had been with Harrison Brothers & Company, manufacturing chemists in Philadelphia, until the first of the year, when his health failed. Tuberculosis was soon complicated with an acute attack of rheumatism, and he died in Gaysport, Blair County, Pa., May 6, 1908, at the age of 29 years.

He married in Pasadena, Cal., May 1, 1905, Edythe Ida, daughter of Amos Wells, formerly of Whitneyville, Conn. Mrs. Hileman died of tuberculosis a fortnight after her marriage. His mother and four brothers survive him.

## 1905

ARTHUR WHITE HILDRETH, son of James A. and Elizabeth Fordham (White) Hildreth, was born January 23, 1882, at Southampton, Long Island, N. Y., and was prepared for college at the High School in his native town.

After graduation he studied two years in the Columbia Law School, was admitted to the bar in June, 1907, then entered the law office of Judge Timothy M. Griffing (Y. C. 1864) in Southampton, and in the fall of 1907 went into the office of Francis Griffin, Esq., in New York City. Overwork and too close confinement undermined his health and no means could be found to prevent his decline. He died at the sanitarium of his uncle in Savannah, Ga., April 27, 1908, from tubercular laryngitis. He was 26 years of age and unmarried. He was buried at Southampton.

## 1906

ALLEN SCHUYLER MALCOLM, son of Richard Lawrence and Martha Anna (Crawford) Malcolm, was born June 11, 1881, in Melbourne, Australia. His father is a mining engineer, born in Oswego, N. Y., his mother a native of Melbourne. The son was prepared for college at the Worcester (Mass.) and New Haven High Schools and entered with the Class of 1905, but dropped out on account of ill health and joined the Class of 1906 at the beginning of Sophomore year. On his entrance to college he won the Hugh Chamberlain Greek Prize for the best examination in Greek, and in Freshman year he received a Berkeley Premium for excellence in Latin Composition. Throughout his course his scholarship was high, and he was an excellent private instructor both in preparatory and college studies.

On graduating he embarked on a freighter for a trip around the world. He spent four months in Australia at hard work in the open air, in the endeavor to recover from

the insomnia from which he had suffered continuously during his college course, and then continued his journey. He sailed from Valparaiso, Chili, in September, on the Italian sailing vessel *Limena*, for Marseilles, France, intending to reach America in June, but was killed November 3, 1907, by a fall from aloft to the deck of the vessel. He was 26 years old, and was not married. He had planned ultimately to take up railroad work. A brother, Herbert L., graduated from Yale College in 1907.

### 1907

FORREST LEONARD DANIELS, son of John William Daniels of the Archer-Daniels Linseed Company, of Minneapolis, Minn., and Amelia (Leonard) Daniels, was born October 19, 1884, in Piqua, Miami County, Ohio, but before taking his preparatory course at the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa., lived in Buffalo, N. Y., and St. Paul, Minn.

In college he won a Barge Mathematical Prize and a Berkeley Premium for Latin Composition, and had a high stand in general scholarship. He was also a member of the Apollo Glee Club, Secretary of the University Football Association in Junior year, and President of the University Dramatic Association in Senior year.

During Senior year ill health obliged him to go to the Adirondacks, where, after a struggle of over a year, he died of tuberculosis, at Saranac Village, N. Y., January 25, 1908, in the 24th year of his age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

WALTER WATERS HUSTED, only child of John Hunting and Mary (Hall) Husted, was born December 18, 1884, in Georgetown, Col. His father was a native of Pine Plains, Dutchess County, N. Y., and a member of the firm of George W. Hall & Co., lumber dealers, and was also engaged in mining in Denver, Col., where he died in 1895.



The son's preparatory work was at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and while there he was confirmed in the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Since graduating he had been in the service of the United States Express Company in New York City. While in Colorado on a personal business trip he was injured in an automobile accident in Denver, from the effects of which he died April 11, 1908. He was 23 years of age, and was not married.

GILBERT LITTLE STARK, son of Gilbert Montague Stark (LL.B. Univ. Mich. 1875) and Helen Louise (Little) Stark, was born April 28, 1885, in Saginaw, Mich. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H.

While a student at Yale he earned distinction in English and French literature and in dramatic work. He was President of the German Club, Vice-President of the French Club, and supervised the French play for two years. He also took leading parts in the plays of the University Dramatic Association. He was active in many other lines, and had a personality of unusual attractiveness.

After graduation, with five of his classmates, Mather, Stout, Perrin, Taft, and Dixon, he started on a tour around the world. Two of the party, Taft and Dixon, returned to America during the winter. Mr. Stark was taken ill about March 20, 1908, and died at Mangaloro, India, March 26. He was 22 years of age and unmarried. He expected ultimately to enter the law.

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1850

CHARLES CLIFFORD HOLCOMBE, son of Vincent Holcombe, M.D., and Susannah (Mills) Holcombe, was born January 30, 1830, in West Granville, Mass.

After graduation he practiced a short time in his native town, but since 1854 had practiced in Lee, Mass., where he was esteemed as a most skillful and progressive physician. He was long the Medical Examiner of the district, served occasionally on the Board of Health, and was President of the Berkshire Medical Association. He was a leader in the financial, literary, and religious interests of the town. In 1881 he was elected a director of the Lee National Bank, and was its President for nearly ten years. He was also President of the Lee Savings Bank before its separation from the National Bank, and at the time of his death was a trustee and member of the investment committee of the savings bank. He was regarded as one of the best informed men in the community, and was Vice-President of the Lee Library Association from its organization in 1874 for thirty-four years.

Dr. Holcombe died of laryngitis resulting from the grip, at his home in Lee, February 1, 1908, at the age of 78 years.

He married, June, 1858, Agnes, daughter of Lorenzo and Agnes Whiton Brown of Lee. She died in 1871, and January 28, 1879, he married Elizabeth, daughter of Nathaniel M. Freeman (M.D. Yale 1852) and Vestiana (Quackenbush) Freeman of New York City, who survives him.

1856

HENRY WHEELER PAINTER, son of Alexis Painter (Y. C. 1815) and Maria (McMahon) Painter, was born April 30, 1831, in West Haven, Conn.

After graduation from the Medical School he practiced his profession for ten or fifteen years in his native place, and was then engaged in various business enterprises. He had been an invalid for several years, but died of heart failure January 17, 1908, at the age of 76 years.

Dr. Painter married in 1856, Abbie Maria Kitching of Southbridge, Mass., but they were divorced and he subsequently married Alice F., daughter of Austin Lord (M.D. Yale 1844) and Frances (Bigelow) Lord. By the first marriage he had one daughter and three sons. The daughter, who married Frank L. Nason (Amherst 1882), died in 1906, and the eldest son in 1903. Two sons (Y. C. 1884 and Columbia Min. E. 1896) survive him.

STEPHEN FRANKLIN POMEROY, son of Stephen Barber and Sarah L. (Dimock) Pomeroy, was born May 17, 1827, in Norwich, Chenango County, N. Y., but when fifteen years of age went to Fulton County, Ill., with the family, where he taught later. His interesting journeys to and from New York State he afterward recalled with special pleasure. After subsequently teaching elsewhere, and studying in the State Normal School in Albany, N. Y., he took charge of a tannery for five years, and then began the study of medicine with his uncle, Timothy Dimock (M.D. Yale 1823), State Senator and *ex-officio* Fellow of Yale. After remaining with him for three years, he finished his medical studies in the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he established a large country practice in Staffordville, Tolland County, Conn., remaining there ten years. After a year of practice in Hebron, in the same county, he removed to Springfield, Mass., where during his first year he was in partnership with the late John Hooker, M.D. He came to be recognized as one of the leading physicians of the city, and besides having a large general practice for about thirty years, he was for twenty-five years



on the surgical staff of the Springfield Hospital, and for many years surgeon at the Home of the Friendless.

He was accustomed to spend a part of each summer in a camp in Maine, and since his retirement from practice ten years ago had lived much out of doors. He died of Bright's disease at his home in Springfield, January 11, 1908, at the age of 80 years. He was one of the original members of the State Street Baptist Church. He was a most companionable man and took a deep interest in fraternal organizations.

He married, November 27, 1855, Joanna Latimer, daughter of Henry R. and Mary (Chadwick) Watrous, of South Coventry, Conn. She died January 6, 1899. Their son (Brown 1882; M.D. Harv. 1886) was for some years associated with his father, and succeeded to his practice.

#### 1860

CHARLES HENRY HUBBARD, son of Denison Henry Hubbard (M.D. Yale 1829) and Pamela A. (Hubbard) Hubbard, was born in Bloomfield, Conn., July 31, 1836. His mother was the daughter of the Hon. David Hubbard, of Glastonbury, Conn. He was about eight years old when his father removed to Clinton, Conn., whence he entered the Medical School.

After graduation he settled in Essex, Conn., and practiced his profession there for nearly forty-eight years. He was chosen a Fellow of the Connecticut Medical Society in 1873, and held various offices of trust in the town. He was a trustee of the High School, also a trustee and clerk of the First Congregational Church, of which he was a member forty-two years.

Dr. Hubbard died of apoplexy at his home in Essex, April 10, 1908, in the 72d year of his age.

He married, September 2, 1862, Cherrilla G., daughter of George and Mary Conklin. She survives him with one son and three daughters.

1861

JOEL WILBUR HYDE, son of the Rev. William Albert Hyde (Amherst 1829) and Martha White (Sackett) Hyde, was born March 20, 1839, in Westbrook, Conn., where his father was pastor of the Congregational church until 1854. The family home during the next ten years was in Greenwich, Conn., and from there he entered the Class of 1861 in the Academical Department, but left at the close of Freshman year on account of illness, and later took the course in the Medical Department. He was a brother of the Rev. John Hyde DeForest, D.D. (Y. C. 1868).

After graduation he practiced his profession three years in North Greenwich, Conn., then entered the United States Army, being commissioned Second Lieutenant of the Twenty-ninth Connecticut Volunteers in January, 1864, and the following September, Assistant Surgeon, retaining the latter position until mustered out with his regiment, October 24, 1865. His service was chiefly in South Carolina and with the Army of the Potomac.

After the war he settled in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he attained high rank as a physician and surgeon. He was Attending Physician of the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum from 1867 to 1874; Consulting Obstetrician of the Long Island College Hospital from 1881, and for years Secretary of its Council; Obstetric Surgeon of St. Mary's Hospital from 1882 to 1900; and Consulting Gynecologist of the Bushwick Hospital from 1900. He published several important papers relating to his specialty of Gynecology. He was a Fellow of the American Association of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, and of the Brooklyn Gynecological Society, also President of the latter in 1899, and was Senior Censor for a number of years of the Kings County Medical Society. He was a member of numerous other medical associations and several patriotic and social organizations. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed Church on the Heights.

Dr. Hyde died of heart and kidney disease at his home in Brooklyn, September 22, 1907, in the 69th year of his age, and was buried in Evergreen Cemetery, New Haven, Conn.

He married, December 25, 1861, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of John and Selina Richardson of New Haven, Conn., who survives him with two sons and two daughters, a son and a daughter having died. One son graduated from the Columbia School of Mines in 1893, and the other, a physician, from Amherst College in 1891.

JOHN PITKIN, son of Osmyn and Emily (Norton) Pitkin of Hartford, Conn., was born November 22, 1826, and previous to coming to New Haven was a student two years in Buffalo (N. Y.) University.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced his profession in Palmyra, N. Y., and later in Buffalo. In 1864 he was Assistant Surgeon in the Union Army, from 1881 to 1884 Coroner of Wayne County, and from the latter date to 1900 examiner for several life insurance companies. He was a member of the Presbyterian church in Palmyra, and Superintendent of its Sunday school.

Dr. Pitkin died of senility at his home in Buffalo, July 24, 1907, at the age of 80 years.

He married, November 29, 1855, Mary E., daughter of Jonathan Townsend of Palmyra, N. Y., who died in 1873. Of their three sons the eldest and youngest graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Buffalo respectively in 1884 and 1905. The second son died while a Senior in New York University.

#### 1864

HENRY STUART TURRILL, son of Minor and Katherine (Stuart) Turrill, and descended from Roger Tyrrell, one of the founders of Milford, Conn., was born September 8, 1842, in New Milford, Conn. After teaching school for two



years in his native town and studying medicine a year with Dr. Gamaliel H. St. John (M.D. *hon.* Yale 1845) he entered the Yale Medical School.

On finishing his course in New Haven he was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the Seventeenth Connecticut Volunteers, and went at once to the seat of war at Fort Sumter and Charleston. He was in three battles in South Carolina and Florida, and, while caring for the sick and wounded in the latter state, was captured and held seven months in Confederate prisons in Macon, Savannah, and Charleston. On his exchange in October, 1864, he went back to his regiment in Florida and was in several skirmishes. He was Health Officer of Jacksonville and in command of the General Hospital there until July, 1865. A month later he returned with his regiment to Connecticut, and was mustered out of service August 3.

He entered the regular service in the United States Army in 1870, served on the frontier twenty-five years, and was engaged in eight hard battles with the Indians. He was commissioned Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon in 1875, Captain five years later, and Major and Surgeon in 1893. From 1892 to 1896 he was in command of the School of Instruction for the Hospital Corps at Fort Riley, Kans., in October, 1898, was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel of Volunteers and placed in charge of the Fourth Corps, a command of over thirty-five thousand troops. In 1900 he was ordered to the Philippines as Chief Surgeon of the Department of Visayas, having charge of twenty thousand troops. He was made Lieutenant-Colonel and Deputy Surgeon-General, United States Army, June 28, 1902, and the following October was given charge of the purchases and disbursements of the Medical Department of the Army and the Sanitary Department of the Isthmian Canal Commission, and during the four years while he held the position his transactions amounted to many million dollars. He was promoted to the rank of Brigadier-General March 29, 1906, and placed on the retired list the following day.

General Turrill died of heart disease in New York City, May 24, 1907, at the age of 64 years, and was buried in the Arlington National Cemetery, Washington, D. C. He was a member of the Congregational church in New Milford, Conn.

He married, October 17, 1877, at Brooklyn, N. Y., Marion Cornelia, daughter of Dr. Cornelius Hanford Schapps and Jane Stewart (Carpenter) Schapps, who survives him with their two daughters.

### 1898

MILTON SEE SHERWOOD, son of Abraham Garrison Sherwood, a printer, and Elizabeth (See) Sherwood, was born March 4, 1876, in New York City, but from early life his home was in Pocantico Hills, Westchester County, N. Y.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he began the practice of his profession in New York City.

He died of appendicitis at Pocantico Hills, May 14, 1907, at the age of 31 years.

He married at Tarrytown, N. Y., February 22, 1900, Bessie, daughter of George Perkins of New York City and Tarrytown. She survives him with a son.

### 1905

FRANK THOMAS GAFFNEY, son of James Gaffney, an engraver, and Mary (Logan) Gaffney, was born May 25, 1881, at Wallingford, Conn., and took his preparatory studies in the High School there.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he became House Surgeon of the Long Island City (N. Y.) Hospital, and held that position at the time of his death, which occurred from heart trouble, August 23, 1907, at his home in Wallingford. He was 26 years of age, and was unmarried. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1846

FREDERICK WILLIAM GEISSENHAINER was born March 20, 1825, at Vincent, Chester County, Pa., where his father, Rev. Frederick William Geissenhainer, was for ten years a Lutheran preacher, though later pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, in New York City for fourteen years, also organizing St. Paul's Lutheran Church. His mother was Mary (Moore) Geissenhainer. He finished his college course in New York University in 1841, and in 1844 entered the Yale Law School. He was at his decease the oldest living graduate of the Law School.

Graduating and being admitted to the bar in 1846, he practiced his profession in New York City in partnership with John Anthon, Esq. He won many notable cases, but retired from active practice in 1872, and since then had resided at Sea Cliff, Long Island.

He was Captain of the First Brigade, New York Artillery, seven years, and was active in other forms of public service, being Trustee of the New York Juvenile Asylum twelve years, Manager of the American Institute, and Actuary of the Lutheran Cemetery at Newtown, Long Island, which his father had been instrumental in establishing.

At the time President Garfield was shot, Vice-President Arthur was Mr. Geissenhainer's guest at Sea Cliff. The latter accompanied him to New York City, and was present when he took the oath of office as President of the United States.

Mr. Geissenhainer died March 3, 1906, at his home in Sea Cliff, from shock caused by burns received ten days previously. He was 81 years of age. In 1856 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale and from New York University.



He married, June 22, 1879, Lucretia, daughter of John Whitman. She is deceased and they had no children, but a brother and sister survive him.

## 1851

LYMAN EZRA MUNSON, son of Gilbert Munson, a member of the Massachusetts Legislature in 1847, and Esther (Stanton) Munson, and a direct descendant of Thomas Munson, one of the original settlers of New Haven, was born January 27, 1822, in Great Barrington, Mass. Owing to ill health he gave up his intended college course after preparation in the academies at Great Barrington and Lenox, Mass., but later went into the Law School.

He was admitted to the bar of New Haven County in 1851, was for about five years a partner of Judge Henry Dutton (Y. C. 1818), and was then associated with Hon. Joseph Sheldon (Y. C. 1851) in the firm of Munson & Sheldon. In March, 1865, he was appointed by President Lincoln Judge of the Supreme Court for the Territory of Montana. His trip from St. Louis to Fort Benton, at the head of steamboat navigation on the Missouri River, took fifty-three days, and it required several days more to reach his destination at Helena. While holding the office of judge he accomplished important service in organizing the judicial system of the Territory and making life secure. It is said that no one of his decisions as judge was overruled.

After three years he returned to New Haven and practiced his profession until 1886. For many years he lived in Springfield, Mass. He was an earnest advocate of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and his papers on the subject attracted much attention. He also published a number of articles in the *Yale Review* and *Connecticut Magazine*, and lectured before historical societies. He was a member of the United (Congregational) Church, New Haven, for over fifty years.

Judge Munson died of kidney trouble, February 13, 1908, in New Haven, at the home of his son-in-law, Professor Thomas H. Russell, M.D. (P.H.B. Yale 1872). He was 86 years of age.

He married, October 6, 1846, Lucy A. Sanford, daughter of Perit and Sibyl D. Sanford. She died March 17, 1907, but a son, Major Edward Lyman Munson (Y. C. 1890), Surgeon in the United States Army, and two daughters survive him.

FRANCIS WAYLAND ROBERT, one of nine brothers and son of James Jehu Robert, a planter, and Phœbe Miranda (McKenzie) Robert, was born June 30, 1830, near Robertville, S. C., was a student at Brown University in 1847-48, and entered the Yale Law School with his brother Alexander.

After graduation he settled in Georgia in the practice of the law, married, in 1853, Miss Sarah Frances Temple Pierce of Boston, Mass., whose mother was the daughter of Hon. Jacob Wood, a wealthy rice planter of Georgia, and had three sons.

Mr. Robert died in Monticello, Ga., June 6, 1905, in the 75th year of his age.

His brothers, Joseph T., Milton G., and Alexander J., received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Brown University in 1838, 1847 and 1849, respectively, and his brother James L., that of Doctor of Medicine from Georgia Medical College in 1853. His brother William H. was educated at South Carolina College and was President of Southwestern Female College of LaGrange, Ga.

### 1858

[HENRY] STUART BIDWELL, son of Henry M. and Julia (Maltby) Bidwell, was born in New Haven, Conn., July 31, 1837. His father was for many years Superintendent of the C. Cowles Company in New Haven.

After graduation from the Yale Law School he took a medical course in New York University, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine, but did not practice that profession. He was for thirty years in the law office of Albert D. Penney, Esq. He contributed articles to the *Atlantic* and *Eclectic Monthlies* and to scientific magazines.

Mr. Bidwell died after an illness of a month from a complication of diseases at his home in New Haven, October 19, 1907. He was 70 years of age.

He married, in 1870, Emily G., daughter of Charles Miles of New York City, who survives him without children.

### 1861

CHARLES HOLT FOWLER, son of David Sullivan and Charlotte Emily (Holt) Fowler, was born March 17, 1833, in East Haven, Conn. During his youth the family lived in Flemington, N. J., and he took his preparatory studies in the seminaries there and at Pennington, in the adjoining county.

After graduation from the Law School he was admitted to the bar, May 16, 1862, and since then had practiced his profession continuously in New Haven, being especially effective in jury cases. For six years he was in the office of Judge Henry Dutton (Y. C. 1818), who was the Senior Professor in the Law School. Mr. Fowler was Librarian of the Law School from 1862 to 1866, and during three years following Secretary of the Law Department. In his early practice he was much in Washington on cases of patent law, and was associated with Mr. Charles O'Connor in preparing a defense of Jefferson Davis, but the case never came up. He was for a time Assistant Counsel of the New York & New Haven Railroad. He was an able advocate, and was regarded as an orator of unusual eloquence. He was original in thought and a man of wide reading in French as well as English.



In public affairs and in educational matters he took a deep interest. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and was prominent in the local and state management of the Democratic party. For many years he was a vestryman of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Fowler died of a complication of heart disease and asthma at his home in New Haven, January 31, 1908, in the 75th year of his age.

He married, October 31, 1867, Susie, daughter of Theodosius Fowler Secor of New York City, and after her decease married, in Keene, N. H., May 10, 1882, Kate Carpenter, daughter of Hon. George Freeman Starkweather. By the first marriage he had a son and two daughters, who survive him. One of these daughters received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Eclectic Medical College in New York City in 1902. By the second marriage he had three daughters and a son. One of these daughters, Charlotte Starkweather, graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Michigan University in 1905, and the son, George Starkweather, graduated from the Academical Department of Yale University in 1906. Mrs. Fowler survived her husband only a few days.

### 1880

CHARLES HENRY NORTHROP, son of William Nelson and Julia (Lamberton) Northrop, was born at Newtown, Conn., November 21, 1859. His father, grandfather, and great-grandfather were also natives of the town. He entered the Freshman class of the Academical Department in 1877, but on account of ill health received an honorable dismissal and returned home before the end of the year. The next year he entered the Law School.

A few months after graduation, December, 1880, he went to Lincoln, Nebr., and for a year was a member of the

law firm of Courtney, Caldwell & Northrop, after which he returned to Newtown, which had since been his home.

In addition to building up a large legal practice he held many local offices. From 1882 to 1888 he was Secretary of the Board of School Visitors, in 1887 was chosen Town Clerk, and about the same time Treasurer of the Newtown Savings Bank. In the fall of 1887 he resigned the office of Town Clerk, but in 1891 was elected Town Treasurer, and continued in this office sixteen years. The same year he was also made agent of the town deposit fund, and he was for eight terms Justice of the Peace.

On account of the report of an investigating committee, appointed at the town meeting last year to examine his accounts, he was arrested on a charge of embezzlement of town funds, and it is supposed that his mind became affected from worry over the pending trial and ejection from the house he built, and in a moment of dementia he was led to take his life by hanging, May 26, 1908, at his home in Newtown. He was 48 years of age.

He married, December 28, 1887, Mary Grace, daughter of Daniel S. and Sophia (Blakeslee) Hammond, and had two daughters, of whom one is deceased, and a son.

#### 1884

ALFRED MICHAEL DOWNES, son of Edward and Matilda Ann Downes, was born August 22, 1862, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation from the Yale Law School and admission to the bar he practiced for a time in Buffalo, N. Y., and was also engaged in newspaper work. In 1888 he became political reporter on the *New York Times*, and continued this connection until the beginning of 1898, when he took the position of private secretary to Mayor Robert Van Wyck of New York. After holding this position four years he was on the staff of the *New York Daily News* the next two years. In 1904 he was appointed Secretary of the

Fire Department of New York, and had remained in that office since then.

Mr. Downes died after a three days' illness from kidney trouble, December 10, 1907, at his home in New York City. He was 45 years of age.

He married, February 3, 1898, Anna Margaret, daughter of Thomas Dennis Dougherty, M.D., and Margaret (Neville) Dougherty, who survives him. Their only child, Edward, died July 20, 1903.

Mr. Downes was author of "Fire Fighters and Their Pets," 1907, and of a play entitled "The Courting Campaign."

#### .1891

WILLIAM HOLLIS POND, son of Joseph Emelus and Susan (Bemis) Pond, was born November 29, 1869, in Foxboro, Norfolk County, Mass., and, after preparation in the High School of that town and in the Massachusetts Agricultural College, entered the Yale Law School from the neighboring town of North Attleboro.

After graduation he at once began the practice of law in the office of his father in North Attleboro, soon afterward forming a partnership with him under the name of Joseph E. Pond & Son, and attained prominence in his profession. He was active in town affairs, being trustee of the North Attleboro Savings Bank and of the Public Library, and at the time of his death chairman of the Republican town committee. He was a vestryman of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church and secretary of the parish.

Mr. Pond, after a few days' illness, was expecting to return to his business, but was stricken with apoplexy and died at his home March 30, 1908, at the age of 38 years.

#### 1892

LINFORD FENN ROOT, son of Samuel Root, a real estate dealer, and Vienna (Fenn) Root, was born in Waterbury,



Conn., November 22, 1868. He entered Williams College, but left after two years and came to the Yale Law School.

Upon graduation from the latter he began practice with Judge Edward Francis Cole in his native city. The following year he was elected on the Democratic ticket a representative in the Connecticut Legislature, and soon afterward was appointed Clerk of the District Court. He held this position fifteen years and conducted its increasing business most efficiently.

He was for several years an officer of the Alumni Association of Williston Seminary, where he was prepared for college.

He was fond of outdoor life and was accustomed to spend two months each year hunting and fishing in the Canadian woods.

Mr. Root died after a week's illness from pneumonia, at Watertown, Conn., October 17, 1907, in his 39th year.

He married, November 20, 1893, Jeannie Rossiter, daughter of John and Henrietta (Rossiter) Chapman of New Haven. Mrs. Root survives him. They had no children.

## 1896

PAUL WOLCOTT HARRISON, son of Hon. H. Lynde Harrison (LL.B. Yale 1860) and Sarah (Plant) Harrison, was born in Branford, Conn., April 4, 1871. His father, for many years a prominent lawyer and political leader in New Haven, died in 1906, and his mother in 1879. He was descended from John Hart Lynde (Y. C. 1796) and Rev. John Hart (Y. C. 1703). He studied at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and entered the Law School in 1893.

After his graduation and his admission to the bar, he entered the office of his father, who was in partnership with Judge Edmund Zacher (Y. C. 1874) in the firm of Harrison & Zacher. He was also for a time in the office of Henry G. Newton, Esq. (B.A. Wesleyan 1870; LL.B. Yale 1872).

For several years he had not been in good health and had given up practice. June 18, 1907, while on an East River pier in New York, waiting to be taken out to the barkentine *Curaçao*, upon which he had engaged passage for a trip to Cayenne, in French Guiana, he stumbled and fell into the water. He was quickly rescued, but lived only three hours. He was 36 years of age.

He married Miss Vera Scofield of New Haven, who survives him. His sister in the wife of Edmund Q. Trowbridge (Y. C. 1899).

## 1899

OTIS HERMAN BURNETT, son of John H. and Mary A. (Davis) Burnett, was born January 17, 1872, near Crab Orchard, Williamson County, in southern Illinois. He was graduated from the Northern Indiana Normal University at Valparaiso with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1891 and of Bachelor of Laws in 1898, and then entered the Senior class in the Yale Law School.

After graduation at New Haven he returned to his home in Marion, Ill., where he was a member of the firm of Burnett & Slater from August 1, 1899. In 1900 he was elected State Senator and reëlected in 1904, still holding the office at the time of his death, August 10, 1906. He was 34 years of age.

He married, April 16, 1895, Lizzie, daughter of James Hargon of Canton, Miss. She survives him with a son. He was a member of the Missionary Baptist Church.

## 1901

HARRY DONALDSON THOMPSON, son of Hon. Clarence Elmore Thompson, former State Senator and Representative, and Helena Rich (Smith) Thompson, was born in West Haven, Conn., December 22, 1878.

For many years he had been with his father in the banking, brokerage, and insurance business in New Haven, and since 1900 with his father and brother (Y. C. 1899) in the firm of Clarence E. Thompson & Sons, giving special attention to the legal aspects of the business.

Mr. Thompson had not been in good health for over a year, and died from the results of streptococcus infection at his home in West Haven, June 6, 1908, in the 30th year of his age. He was a member of the First Congregational Church in West Haven.

He married, August 19, 1903, Helen, daughter of John J. and Ida (Wells) Merwin of Orange, Conn., who survives him with two young daughters.

## 1902

HARRY HUBBARD JOHNSON, son of Joseph M. and Louisa (Hubbard) Johnson, was born September 26, 1878, in Carthage, Mo., but removed with his parents to Berkeley, Cal., where, after preparatory studies in the Berkeley High School, he took a partial course in the Hastings Law School of the University of California, and was admitted to the California bar as an attorney. He later entered the Senior class in the Yale Law School, and upon graduation returned to Berkeley, where he was Town Attorney two terms. He was also Attorney for Point Richmond, a few miles north of Berkeley.

While taking a trip from London, England, to Banbury by automobile, June 10, 1907, at a dangerous turn of the road he and his party were thrown out by the veering of the car, and Mr. Johnson, who was pinned underneath, was instantly killed, the others in the party being somewhat injured. He was 29 years of age. His ashes were placed in the Mountain View Columbarium, Oakland, Cal. He was a member and Treasurer of the Friends' Church in Berkeley.



He married, July 25, 1905, Hilma Hildegarde Jones (B.S. Univ. Cal. 1904), daughter of W. W. Jones of Berkeley, Cal., a wholesale fruit dealer. She survives him without children.

#### MASTERS OF LAWS

1878

GEORGE GLUYNAS MERCER, son of John Alexander and Anna (Van Arsdalen) Mercer, was born December 20, 1853, in Philadelphia, Pa., was a member of the Class of 1874 in the University of Pennsylvania in its Junior year, but graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Haverford College in 1877, and in the latter year also as a Bachelor of Laws from the University of Pennsylvania.

After a year of study in the Graduate Department of the Yale Law School he received the degree of Master of Laws, and after a second year in the same the degree of Doctor of Civil Law. He was an able lawyer, a finished speaker, and an active worker for municipal reform. He was one of the founders of the Municipal Reform League of Philadelphia, a member of the American Social Science Association, a member of the Committee of One Hundred, of the Society for Political Education, the International Arbitration and Peace Association, the Medical Jurisprudence Society of Philadelphia, the Historical Society of Philadelphia, besides social and other organizations.

Dr. Mercer died at the age of 52 years, May 28, 1906, at St. Luke's Hospital, Baltimore, after a painful illness of nearly six months. He left no near relatives.

1893

EDWIN FRANKLIN HALL, son of Samuel M. and Anna Ross Hall, was born July 14, 1859, in Portland, Me., but in his boyhood removed to Stratford, Conn. After a pre-

paratory education at the Stratford Academy, he studied law in the office of Israel M. Bullock and Hon. Robert E. DeForest (Y. C. 1867) in Bridgeport, Conn., and was admitted to the bar in 1881.

After practicing his profession eleven years he took a post-graduate course in the Yale Law School, winning the degree of Master of Laws in 1893, and receiving the honorary degree of Bachelor of Laws at the same time. Resuming practice in Bridgeport, since 1901 he had been in partnership with George E. Hill (Y. C. 1887) in the firm of Hall & Hill. At one period he was in partnership with John C. Chamberlain (Y. C. 1872). He represented Stratford in the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1889 and 1899, in the latter year being a member of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Hall died of myelitis at his home in Stratford, September 3, 1907, at the age of 48 years.

He married Jeannie P., daughter of Stephen D. and Mary C. Smith of Stratford, who survives him with a daughter and a son.

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1897

BENJAMIN MEAD WRIGHT, son of Benjamin and Abigail (Mead) Wright, was born July 17, 1861, in Greenwich, Conn., was for a time engaged in the grocery business, and then took the course in the Bangor Theological Seminary, graduating in 1886. He was pastor at Bridgton, Me., a year, being ordained there March 4, 1887. The year 1887-88 was given to study in the Yale Graduate School, and the time from 1889 to 1896 to pastoral service in Kent, Conn.

He then entered the Senior class in the Yale Divinity School, and finished the course in the spring of 1897. From there he went to the Congregational church in Orange, Conn., where he remained eleven years, doing effective work. During the years 1901-02 and 1902-03 he was again a student in the Graduate School, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1903.

Mr. Wright died, November 17, 1907, at the Eye and Ear Hospital, New York City, after an operation for nasal trouble. He was 46 years of age.

He married, September 8, 1891, Emily Judson, daughter of Solomon and Mary Elizabeth Mead of Greenwich, Conn., who survives him with three sons.

1900

[PETER] OTTO ANDERSON, son of Martin and Otelia (Brekke) Anderson, was born August 29, 1867, at Boscobel, Wisc. He took part of his college course in Northwestern University, but completed it and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from the University of Wisconsin in 1894.

From September of that year until the spring of 1897 he studied in the Garrett Biblical Institute, Evanston, Ill., in



the meantime was ordained as a Methodist minister, and had churches in Racine and Somers, Wisc., two years. In 1897 he was at Rialto and Bloomington, Cal., and was then at Sierra Madre, Cal., until he came to New Haven in 1899.

After graduation from the Yale Theological Seminary he preached at Jerome, Ariz., in 1901, Tombstone, Ariz., in 1902-03, was pastor at La Canada, Col., then assistant pastor at Pasadena, Cal., from February, 1905, until his death there from peritonitis, March 28, 1906, at the age of 38 years.

He married, June 19, 1895, Daisy, daughter of James P. and Margaret (Evans) Sawyer of Madison, Wisc. She survives him with one child.

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1858

CHARLES STEWART KITTREDGE, son of Josiah Kittredge, M.D., and Sarah Whiting (French) Kittredge, was born in Pembroke, N. H., adjoining Concord, January 6, 1833.

Before entering college he had been in business in Honolulu, and from 1852 to 1856 engaged in surveying for the chiefs on several of the islands of the Hawaiian group.

After graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School he continued at Yale as Assistant in Engineering in 1859-60, and received the degree of Civil Engineer here in 1860. He also took the degree of Doctor of Medicine at Columbia University in 1863.

Dr. Kittredge settled in practice in Oakland, Cal., where he was Secretary of the Board of Health from 1873 to 1876, and Secretary of the Alameda County Medical Society from 1872 to 1876. Later he removed to Santa Barbara, where he died of pneumonia, January 10, 1907, at the age of 74 years. He was a deacon of the Congregational church and for years clerk of the parish.

He married, October 20, 1864, Ann Maria, daughter of Samuel Chase of Haverhill, Mass., and had three sons and three daughters, among whom were two pairs of twins. Two sons are deceased. A brother graduated from the College in 1860.

1860

WALTER SCOTT SHEAFER, son of John Henry and Mary (Wenrich) Sheaffer, was born April 5, 1837, at Wiconisco, Dauphin County, Pa. He entered the Sheffield Scientific School from Pottsville, Pa., and took the Engineering Course.

On graduation he entered the office of his brother, Peter W. Sheaffer, with whom he was associated in engineering

work until the latter's death in 1891. Since 1883 he had been especially interested in the development of the Mahanoy and Shenandoah coal fields, but earlier had made professional examinations of coal properties in many sections of the United States and Mexico, as follows: in Washington (then Territory), for the Northern Pacific Railroad, in 1876; in Arkansas, for the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railway, in 1877; in Mexico, for the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railway, in 1880, also in Alabama the same year; in Wyoming, for the Uinta Coal Company, in 1882; and at Georges Creek, Md., in Virginia and Tennessee. In addition to his engineering work he was for many years a member of the insurance firm of Sheaffer & Lowrey, and President of the Steam Heat Company in Pottsville. Since 1887 he had been a member of the Board of Trade, in connection with which he was of much service to the town.

Mr. Sheaffer died at his home in Pottsville, April 20, 1908, after an illness of about fifteen months. He was 71 years of age.

He married, June 7, 1864, Jane Augusta, daughter of Gilbert Camp, a real estate dealer of New Haven. She survives him with a son (Ph.B. Yale 1889) and a daughter.

### 1871

EDWARD CLINTON TERRY, son of James Terry, who was a former member of the Connecticut Legislature and a lock manufacturer of Terryville, a village of Plymouth, Conn., was born in Terryville, December 10, 1850. His mother was Elizabeth (Hollister) Terry.

Graduating from the Civil Engineering Course he soon became Secretary of the Hartford (Conn.) Meter Company, a company formed to manufacture water meters of his invention. As the result of his studies carried on through many years he achieved a high reputation in hydraulic and mechanical engineering and originated several devices of great utility.



Having successfully applied his idea of transmitting electric power over long distances by means of wires, he founded the Farmington River Power Company for the transmission of electric power from the Farmington River to Hartford, a distance of twelve miles. This was the first long-distance power plant in the country, and of this he was Secretary and a director from its organization until his decease. He was also Construction Engineer and General Manager. About 1888 he began his studies in steam turbines, obtaining patents for those of high speed in 1893, 1899, and 1900, and in 1903, 1905, and 1908 for those of low speed. He perfected a low-speed steam turbine, organizing in 1906 for its manufacture the Terry Steam Turbine Company, of which he was President.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Hartford, April 6, 1908, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, February 28, 1872, Louisa E., daughter of Benjamin and Ellen (Osborne) Webster of Terryville, who survives him with a son, James Terry (Ph.B. Yale 1895), their other son having died.

### 1880

DANIEL SIDNEY APPLETON, son of Daniel Sidney Appleton (Y. C. 1843) and Malvina W. (Marshall) Appleton, was born April 6, 1860, in New York City, and was prepared for college at St. John's School, Sing Sing (now Ossining), N. Y.

After graduation he entered the publishing house of D. Appleton & Co., founded by his grandfather, Daniel Appleton, in New York City, and succeeded his father in the partnership. In 1901, after the incorporation of the business, he went abroad and took charge of the London branch, also becoming a publisher in England under his own name. His death occurred from heart disease at his home in London, England, March 17, 1908, in the 48th year of his age.

He married, in Atlanta, Ga., Jessica Cuyler, daughter of Judge Joel and Georgia (Cuyler) Branham, who survives him.

## 1885

WILLIAM HEATH LYON, son of William Heath Lyon, formerly a fancy goods merchant in New York City and United States Indian Commissioner, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 9, 1864. His mother was Ellen Maria Lyon.

He took the Select Course and after graduation entered the Columbia Law School. From there he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1886, and was admitted to the bar the following year. He did not practice long, however, but soon afterward started on a tour around the world, and was gone about two years. Upon his return he purchased a ranch near Peterson, Ia., and was Mayor of that town two years. He was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in Philadelphia in 1900.

It was his custom to spend much time at Virginia Beach, Va., and while there he died of apoplexy, May 1, 1908. He was 44 years of age and unmarried. His mother and two sisters survive him.

EDWIN ALEXANDER MEREDITH, son of Joseph Edmund Meredith, a dentist of Cincinnati, O., and Elizabeth (Reed) Meredith, was born in Xenia, O., May 5, 1862. He took the Civil Engineering Course.

After graduation he practiced his profession of civil engineer in the Western States, in 1903 becoming resident engineer of the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific Railway, with headquarters at Sulphur Springs, Col., and later at Denver.

Mr. Meredith died of pneumonia at Kremmling, Colo., May 5, 1907, at the age of 45 years. He was a member of the United Presbyterian church.

He married, at Xenia, O., July 19, 1905, Mary, daughter of Judge E. H. and Emily (Mather) Munger, who survives him.

## 1887

ARTHUR PEALE SUMMERS, son of George Summers, a mining engineer of Los Angeles, Cal., and Elizabeth (McArthur) Summers, was born November 22, 1867, in Philadelphia, Pa., but entered the Sheffield Scientific School from Colorado Springs, after studying in Colorado College.

After graduation at Yale he took the course in Bellevue Hospital and Medical College, now the Medical Department of New York University, received from it the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890, and for the last fourteen years had been a most faithful officer of the State Hospital for the Insane at Binghamton, N. Y., where he accomplished much in the study and care of the insane because of his unusual gentleness and kindness. He was a member of the Presbyterian church.

He died at Binghamton, December 10, 1907, after an illness of four days from cerebro-spinal meningitis. He was 40 years of age.

He married, November 14, 1899, Mary, daughter of Laurel Olmsted, a naval engineer. She survives him without children.

## 1893

JOSEPH BROOKS FAIR, son of Robert M. Fair, was born in Chicago, Ill., December 7, 1870. He took the course in Mechanical Engineering.

After graduation he occupied various positions with Marshall Field & Company in Chicago, from that of an assistant in the wholesale department to assistant manager of their retail department. He continued with them until July,



1902, after which he spent a long vacation in travel for his health. Since his recovery he had been for the last three years in charge of the retail department of Arnold, Constable & Company in New York City.

He died at the Manhattan Square Hotel, New York City, November 25, 1907, in the 37th year of his age.

### 1895

WHITMAN GUNTHER, son of Charles F. and Jennie (Burnell) Gunther, was born August 7, 1872, in Chicago, Ill., and, after preparation at the Harvard Grammar School and by private tutor, took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he returned to Chicago and became manager of his father's confectionery business. He traveled extensively in Mexico, Europe, and the Orient, and had recently returned from Arizona. His death, which was due to pneumonia, occurred at his home in Chicago, June 17, 1907. He was in the 35th year of his age, and unmarried.

### 1897

WINSOR PITCHER FRENCH, son of General Winsor Brown French (Tufts 1859) and Emma Esther (Pitcher) French, was born August 23, 1875, at Saratoga Springs, N. Y. He took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School, after preparation in the Hopkins Grammar School.

Upon the outbreak of the Spanish War he enlisted, May 1, 1898, as a private in Company L, Second Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and was sent with his regiment to Chickamauga, Ga., and thence to Tampa, Fla. June 29, 1898, he was commissioned Second Lieutenant and assigned to Company D, Two Hundred and First Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, and was

stationed with his regiment at Camp Black, Long Island, N. Y. On account of ill health, he was compelled to resign, September 14, 1898. Upon his recovery, he completed his course of study previously commenced in the Albany Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1899, and on July 6 was admitted to the New York State bar as an attorney and counselor at law. He entered into partnership with his father in the firm of Winsor B. French & Son, and became one of the best known of the younger attorneys of Saratoga Springs.

He married, August 29, 1899, Edith G., daughter of George P. Ide, a manufacturer, and Mary E. (Savage) Ide of Troy, N. Y., and had three daughters and a son. The youngest daughter died in infancy.

Mr. French died at his home in Saratoga Springs, suddenly, of meningitis, January 24, 1908, at the age of 32 years. He had been ill, and had lately returned from a trip to the South for his health. Mrs. French and three children survive him.

He was an active and prominent Republican, always taking much interest in politics, and a member of the Bethesda Episcopal Church of Saratoga Springs.

ROBERT JEFFREY GRANT, son of Alexander and Mary (Jeffrey) Grant, was born February 18, 1875, at Syracuse, N. Y., and after preparation at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he engaged in the hardware business, becoming Secretary of the firm of Alexander Grant's Sons.

After an illness of only three days from pneumonia, Mr. Grant died at the Hospital of the Good Shepherd in Syracuse, June 22, 1907, at the age of 32 years. He was unmarried.

1899

DANIEL BREWSTER WATSON, son of Theodore Ferris and Josephine (Brewster) Watson, was born June 25, 1879, in Canaan, Conn. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School, and took the Electrical Course in the Sheffield Scientific School. In Senior year he received Two-Year Honors for Excellence in All Studies.

After graduation he was engaged in the shop and testing department of the Eddy Electric Company, at Windsor, Conn., for three months; was draughtsman at Garwood, N. J., a year, and in a similar position with the General Electric Company at Schenectady, N. Y.; returned after a year in that place to Garwood, N. J., as assistant electrical engineer of the C. and C. Electrical Works; and then went to St. Louis, Mo., where he rose to an important position as electrical engineer. Each change had been a promotion. He was a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers.

During January, 1907, he was taken ill with pneumonia, and this was followed by nervous prostration. He died insane at the home of his parents in Falls Village, Conn., February 22, 1908. He was 29 years of age.

He married, July 7, 1906, Miss Elizabeth Grace Queen of New Jersey.

SAMUEL RALPH WOLF, son of William Wolf, was born in New York City, October 28, 1878, but took his preparatory studies in the New Haven High School and was a member of the Chemical Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he was chemist in the dyerrooms of the Pemberton Mills in Lawrence, Mass., but for several years had been in business in Providence, R. I., where he died, January 2, 1908, in the 30th year of his age. His widow survives him.



1900

GILMOR MEREDITH BARROLL, son of Benjamin C. and Emily (Lee) Barroll, was born September 2, 1880, in Baltimore, Md. He was prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and took the course in Electrical Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he was in the service of W. E. Baker & Co., engineers, in New York City, and in 1903 was in charge of the construction of a power house for the Sciota Valley Traction Company in Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. Barroll died of typhoid fever, at his home in Elizabeth, N. J., December 3, 1907, at the age of 27 years. He was not married. He was a member of Trinity Episcopal Church in Elizabeth.

CHARLES MASON DOW, son of Charles Mason Dow, a banker of Jamestown, N. Y., and Eleanor (Jones) Dow, was born September 25, 1878, in Randolph, Cattaraugus County, N. Y., the family removing to Jamestown about ten years later. He took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he entered the Harvard Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1903. He was for a short time with the firm of Strong & Cadwallader, lawyers in New York City. He did not practice his profession long, however, but went to Indian Territory and engaged actively and successfully in the development of the oil and gas in that region. He became interested in the Shawnee Oil & Gas Company of Tulsa, Okla., was President of the Old Trail, the Carbon, and the Midland Oil Companies, and Treasurer of the Hope Oil Company.

On one of his usual trips over the leases of the Shawnee Company, near Tulsa, Okla., December 27, 1907, he had taken his gun, as the hunting season was at its height. As he was climbing over a wire fence his gun was accidentally

discharged, killing him instantly. Besides his parents, a brother and sister survive him. He was unmarried and in his 30th year.

ROBERT BARRY SULLIVAN, son of Dennis and Sarah Jane Sullivan, was born in Central City, Col., June 29, 1878, was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and took the Chemical Course in the Sheffield Scientific School, entering from Denver, Colo.

After graduation he engaged in an active business career, in 1903 becoming Secretary and Treasurer of the Denver Gas and Electric Company. He was also a director in the same company, and a director of the Capital Life Insurance Company, the Denver Stock Yards Bank, the Holly & Swink Railroad Company, and the Portland Cement Company. He was Secretary of the Holly Sugar Company, Treasurer of the Improved Equipment Company, and Vice-President of the Leadville Gas and Electric Company. He was a director of the University and Denver Clubs in Denver.

Mr. Sullivan died of appendicitis, at his home in Denver, October 10, 1907, in the 30th year of his age.

He married, February 18, 1903, Mary L., daughter of Chester Stephen Morey and sister of his classmate John William Morey. She survives him with two daughters and a son.

#### 1901

WILLIAM ALBION BINDLEY, son of John and Emeline C. (Houston) Bindley, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., May 7, 1880, and, after being prepared at the Shady Side Academy, took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he engaged in business, being elected Secretary of the Bindley Hardware Company of Pittsburg. Later he became the first President of the Pittsburg Hardware and Home Supply Company, and a director of the Neely Nut and Bolt Company.

Mr. Bindley died of peritonitis, at the Columbia Hospital, Pittsburg, December 12, 1907, at the age of 27 years. He was not married. He was a member of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1900.

RALPH OGDEN WARRIN, son of Samuel Lord Warrin, was born in Williamsburg (now Brooklyn), N. Y., March 4, 1878. His mother was Sarah Helen (Hathaway) Warrin. After preparation in St. Mark's School, Southboro, Mass., he took the Engineering Course in the Sheffield Scientific School, entering as a resident of Cooperstown, N. Y.

After graduation he was a clerk for a few months with the Aetna Life Insurance Company, and was then in the Department of Maintenance of Ways of the New York Central Railroad until May, 1902. After that he was in the employ of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad four and a half years.

He was drowned in Francis Lake, Number 4, Lewis County, N. Y., August 7, 1907. He was in his 30th year, and was unmarried. He was buried in Lakewood Cemetery, Cooperstown, N. Y. A brother, Richard Halstead Warrin, graduated in the same class.

## 1904

HARRY ELMER CANDEE, son of Frederick Catlin and Julia Alison (Keeney) Candee, was born in Oxford, Conn., September 4, 1881, but came to New Haven in boyhood, and was prepared for college in the High School. He took the Biological Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

In 1905 he entered the Yale Medical School, but was obliged to give up his studies in March, 1906, on account of the development of tuberculosis, of which he died, July 2, 1907, in the 26th year of his age. He was unmarried. His parents, a brother, and two sisters survive him.



## 1905

SIDNEY ADLER, son of Simon and Elizabeth (Myers) Adler, was born March 22, 1885, in Memphis, Tenn., but was prepared for college in the Central High School, Philadelphia, Pa. Having won the competitive scholarship offered by the Yale Alumni Association of that city, he entered the Sheffield Scientific School in 1902, and took the course in Electrical Engineering. He excelled in his work, receiving Honorable Mention for All Studies of Freshman year, General Honors for the Electrical Course in Junior year, and in Senior year Two-Year Honors for Excellence in All Studies.

After graduation he was in the service of the Bell Telephone Company of Philadelphia until the spring of 1906, when he was taken with pleurisy. From this he never fully recovered, but a sudden and unexpected attack of meningitis lasting a week caused his death at the German Hospital, Philadelphia, April 15, 1908. He was 23 years of age.

## 1906

ABBOTT LAWSON LOWE, son of Barton Lowe, a lawyer, and Rose (Abbott) Lowe, was born in Colorado Springs, Colo., December 24, 1884, and took the course in Electrical Engineering.

After graduation he at once entered the service of the Northern Colorado Power Company, where his energy and high attainments gained appreciation, and he was made Assistant Engineer of the company. While attempting the difficult task of repairing an imperfection in a transformer which he had just installed at Greeley, Colo., he was killed by the electric current, April 10, 1908. He was 23 years old and unmarried. His father and mother survive him, an only brother, who was a soldier in the United States Army, having died four months previously.

## GRADUATE SCHOOL

1869

WILBUR OLIN ATWATER, son of William Warren and Eliza (Barnes) Atwater, was born May 3, 1844, in Johnsburg, Warren County, N. Y. His father was at the time a Methodist preacher there, but after 1870 lived in Burlington, Vt., where he was an active temperance worker and established a paper to further that cause. The son graduated from Wesleyan University as a Bachelor of Arts in 1865, in the same class with Professor William North Rice (Ph.D. Yale 1867), who was for many years his colleague at Wesleyan. The next three years he was principal successively of Colchester (Vt.) Academy, Spencer (Mass.) High School, and Westport (N. Y.) High School.

In 1868-69 he was a graduate student in the Sheffield Scientific School, and, after receiving from Yale the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, spent two years in the study of chemistry and the allied branches in the Universities of Leipsic and Berlin and elsewhere in Germany. Upon his return from abroad he became Professor of General and Agricultural Chemistry in East Tennessee University (now University of Tennessee), at Knoxville, Tenn., and remained there two years, when he took a similar position in the Maine Agricultural and Mechanical College at Orono, Me. Later in the same year, 1873, he was called to Wesleyan University as Instructor, and the following year was appointed Professor. This position he held during the remainder of his life.

From 1875 to 1877 he was the first Director of the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station, the work of which was then carried on in his laboratories at Wesleyan, and he remained a member of the Board of Control until 1905. He was also a director of the Storrs Agricultural Experiment Station from 1888 to 1902. When experiment stations

were established in all the states by act of Congress, and the Office of Experiment Stations was organized as a central bureau in connection with the United States Department of Agriculture in 1888, he was made its first Director, holding the position until 1891, being Special Agent from 1892 to 1894, and since the latter date in charge of the nutrition investigations authorized by Congress, becoming Chief in 1903.

In connection with Professor Edward B. Rosa, PH.D., of the Bureau of Standards at Washington, D. C., he invented a calorimeter for experiments on the metabolic changes in the human body. Special grants were made by the Carnegie Institution to Professor Atwater to continue dietary investigations.

He published over one hundred and fifty papers on chemistry and allied subjects in journals, transactions of learned societies, and government publications in this country and abroad. A notable paper entitled "An Experimental Inquiry regarding the Nutritive Value of Alcohol," prepared in coöperation with Francis G. Benedict, PH.D., appeared in Volume 8 of the Memoirs of the National Academy of Sciences. For his scientific achievements he received gold medals from the Franklin Institute, the Paris Exposition in 1900, and other sources. The University of Vermont conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws in 1904. He was a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and Secretary of its Chemical Section in 1895; member of the Swedish Royal Academy of Agriculture, and of many foreign and American scientific societies; corresponding member of the Russian Imperial Academy of Medicine, and of the Société Royale des Sciences Médicales et Naturelles; associate member of the Société d'Hygiène.

Professor Atwater died at his home in Middletown, September 22, 1907, from apoplexy, after an illness of two years. He was 63 years of age.



He married, August 26, 1874, Marcia, daughter of Abraham and Jane (Fuller) Woodward of Bangor, Me. She survives him with a daughter and a son, the latter a member of the Class of 1908 at Wesleyan University.

## 1871

BERNARD JAMES HARRINGTON, son of William and Laura (Seymour) Harrington, was born August 5, 1848, at St. Andrews, Province of Quebec, Canada. He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts at McGill University in 1869, and of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale in 1871, after two years of graduate work in the Sheffield Scientific School, principally in chemistry, mineralogy, and metallurgy.

Soon afterward he was selected as assistant by Sir William Dawson in investigating the economic resources of Prince Edward Island. In 1871 he was appointed Lecturer on Mining and Chemistry in McGill University, and the following year he spent several months in the principal mining and manufacturing centers abroad. On his return he was chosen Chemist and Mineralogist on the Geological Survey, as the successor of Professor T. Sterry Hunt, and held the position seven years, retiring then to give his entire attention to teaching. In 1883 he was appointed Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy in McGill University, and also lectured on Mining and Metallurgy until 1891. He was most unselfish in his devotion to his students and successful in inspiring them to the best work. He planned the chemical and mining building erected for the University by Sir William McDonald, and was its director at the time of his death.

He was the author of "A Life of Sir William Logan," 1883, "Mineralogical Chemistry and the Composition of Certain Canadian Minerals," of important reports published by the Geological Survey, and of many papers in scientific periodicals. For many years he edited *The Canadian Naturalist*, later called *The Canadian Record of Science*.

He was President of the Natural History Society of Montreal for several years, Vice-President of the Chemical Section of the British Association for the Advancement of Science in 1897, Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada and President of one of its sections several years, Fellow of the Geological Society of London and the Chemical Society of London, member of the Society of Chemical Industry, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, and the American Chemical Society.

He was a Fellow of McGill University, and received from it the honorary degree of Master of Arts in 1895, also of Doctor of Laws in 1899. He was a member of Emmanuel (Congregational) Church, a director of the Congregational College of Montreal, and esteemed both for his attainments and his worth as a man. In 1881 he was chosen a member of the Protestant Board of School Commissioners of Montreal.

He had been in poor health for a year and died of anæmia at his home in Montreal, November 29, 1907, at the age of 59 years. His summer home was at Little Metis, where his beautiful garden was the delight of many.

Professor Harrington married, June 7, 1876, Anna Lois, daughter of Sir William Dawson, Principal of McGill University from 1855 to 1893, and Margaret A. (Mercer) Dawson. She survives him with three sons and four daughters, a son and a daughter having died.

# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1833	John Hustis, 96	Hustisford, Wisc.	Sept. 20, '07
1835	John V. Dodge, 91	Evansville, Ind.	Sept. 16, '07
1836	William D. Ely, 92	Providence, R. I.	June 11, '08
1837	George T. Spencer, 93	Corning, N. Y.	March 3, '08
1838	Richard E. Butler, 88	St. Francisville, La.	Feb. 24, '08
1838	William T. Doubleday, 89	Binghamton, N. Y.	July 13, '07
1839	Augustus R. Macdonough, 86	New York City	July 21, '07
1840	John F. Head, 87	Nassau, Bahama Islands	Feb. 5, '08
1844	Edward H. Avery, 83	Clifton Springs, N. Y.	May 5, '08
1844	Frederick D. Avery, 89	East Hartford, Conn.	Feb. 26, '08
1844	Samuel A. Badger, 85	Boston, Mass.	Sept. 17, '07
1846	Frederick H. North, 82	Beaver Dam, Wisc.	July 20, '07
1847	William E. Brodnax, 80	White Plains, Va.	Sept. 2, '07
1847	Alfred Plant, 86	Webster Groves, Mo.	Dec. 28, '07
1847	Gouverneur M. Wilkins, 79	Greenville, S. C.	Aug. 19, '07
1848	Samuel Emerson, 80	Charlottesville, Va.	Jan. 18, '08
1848	John H. Pumpelly, 81	Waltham, Mass.	Dec. 6, '07
1849	Francis M. Finch, 80	Ithaca, N. Y.	July 31, '07
1849	F. St. John Lockwood, 82	Norwalk, Conn.	Oct. 12, '07
1850	Willis S. Colton, 79	Toledo, O.	Nov. 26, '07
1850	Benjamin Parsons, 82	Seattle, Wash.	Feb. 19, '08
1851	William F. Alexander, 75	Augusta, Ga.	Aug. 15, '07
1851	James S. Brownson, 77	New York City	Feb. 19, '08
1851	James G. Vose, 78	Providence, R. I.	March 13, '08
1852	Henry E. Dwight, 75	Philadelphia, Pa.	April 1, '08
1852	Alonzo N. Lewis, 76	Westville, Conn.	Sept. 12, '07
1853	Joshua Coit, 75	Winchester, Mass.	Dec. 14, '07
1853	John C. Douglass, 83	Leavenworth, Kans.	Feb. 27, '08
1853	Edmund C. Stedman, 74	New York City	Jan. 18, '08
1853	Richard Waite, 75	Toledo, O.	July 12, '07
1854	Henry L. Hubbell, 77	New York City	Feb. 28, '08
1854	Thomas G. Ritch, 74	Stamford, Conn.	Oct. 16, '07
1854	Alexander S. Twombly, 75	Newton, Mass.	Nov. 19, '07
1855	Cornelius Christie, 72	Leonia, N. J.	March 7, '08



1855	John E. Todd, 73	Riverside, Cal.	Aug. 3, '07
1856	Luke W. Finlay, 76	Memphis, Tenn.	Jan. 26, '08
1856	Gustave A. Lemée, 73	Boyce, La.	April 25, '08
1856	Justin Martin, 73	Bayonne, N. J.	Dec. 16, '07
1857	Lester Bradner, 71	Dansville, N. Y.	Dec. 27, '07
1857	Franklin C. Jones, 70	Norfolk, Mass.	Dec. 10, '07
1857	George Tucker, 72	Smith's Parish, Bermuda	April 6, '08
1858	George M. Boynton, 71	Boston, Mass.	May 17, '08
1859	Charles H. Boardman, 69	Brooklyn, N. Y.	July 16, '07
1860	Henry L. Johnson, 70	Plainfield, N. J.	Sept. 9, '07
1861	Franklin S. Bradley, 68	New Haven, Conn.	April 26, '08
1861	George Chalmers, 67	New York City	Jan. 15, '08
1861	Joseph N. Flint, 68	San Rafael, Cal.	July 30, '07
1861	Alexander P. Root, 67	Houston, Texas	Feb. 18, '08
1862	Elisha S. Lyman, 66	Albuquerque, N. M.	Nov. 9, '07
1863	John Safford Fiske, 69	Alassio, Italy	June 12, '07
1864	Henry P. Boyden, 66	Cincinnati, O.	April 1, '08
1864	George N. Hitchcock, 64	San Diego, Cal.	Nov. 21, '07
1865	Arthur A. Barrows, 67	New York City	June 6, '08
1865	William B. Rogers, 65	New York City	Jan. 25, '08
1866	Charles H. Royce, 62	San Francisco, Cal.	Feb. 6, '08
1867	Frederick I. Small, 60	Little Falls, N. Y.	Oct. 28, '07
1867	Ernest G. Stedman, 62	New York City	Dec. 26, '07
1868	George Eastburn, 69	Philadelphia, Pa.	Oct. 13, '07
1868	Ira C. Hall, 61	Interlaken, N. Y.	April 27, '08
1868	Thomas F. Wentworth, 62	New York City	Nov. 11, '07
1869	Silliman Blagden, 61	Boston, Mass.	Nov. 20, '07
1870	Edward S. Hume, 59	New York City	Jan. 10, '08
1870	Joseph F. Perry, 61	Joliet, Ill.	Oct. 25, '07
1870	Morris F. Tyler, 59	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 4, '07
1872	George B. Griggs, 57	Newton, Mass.	May 22, '08
1872	William E. Hart, 56	Mount Vernon, N. Y.	Sept. 17, '07
1872	Frederick M. Littlefield, 56	New York City	Feb. 18, '06
1874	George W. Benedict, 54	Westport, Conn.	Aug. 23, '07
1874	William B. Bininger, 55	New Hamburg, N. Y.	May 15, '08
1874	Gilbert G. Moseley, 54	Middletown, Conn.	Feb. 14, '08
1875	Howard P. Bell, 56	New York City	May 6, '08
1875	Henry D. Sellers, 56	Pittsburg, Pa.	Feb. 16, '08
1877	Edwin R. Dillingham, 52	Flint, Mich.	Aug. 12, '07
1877	Henry M. Johnson, 51	Bay Shore, L. I., N. Y.	Sept. 19, '07
1877	Clarence L. Reid, 50	Stamford, Conn.	Aug. 7, '07
1878	Frederick J. Beckwith, 52	Waterford, Conn.	Sept. 2, '07
1878	Treat Campbell, 53	New York City	Feb. 12, '08

1879	Louis N. Booth, 48	Bridgeport, Conn.	Aug. 19, '07
1883	Edward G. Bourne, 47	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 24, '08
1885	Wilfred E. Eaton, 43	Liberty, N. Y.	Nov. 4, '07
1886	Charles J. Griggs, 40	Waterbury, Conn.	May 24, '05
1887	William Maitland Abell, 47	Chicago, Ill.	Jan. 7, '08
1887	John M. Gillespie, 42	Hard Times Landing, La.	Feb. 20, '08
1891	John L. Bunce, 38	Hartford, Conn.	Oct. 1, '07
1892	Fred C. G. Bronson, 38	Cambridge, Mass.	Jan. 13, '06
1893	Robert K. Dickerman, 37	Salem, Mass.	Sept. 4, '07
1893	Frederick A. Hill, 38	Norwalk, Conn.	Aug. 31, '07
1894	Nathaniel N. Wilson, 34	Los Gatos, Cal.	Nov. 14, '07
1895	Henry P. Driggs, 33	New York City	July 10, '07
1895	Elwin H. Gleason, 37	Mexico, Me.	Oct. 3, '07
1898	Isaac Newton Swift, 35	Silver City, N. M.	Feb. 24, '08
1899	Arthur S. Mann, 28	near Kuling, China	July 29, '07
1900	Hugh T. Birch, 28	Colima, Mexico	June 15, '07
1900	Warren B. Seabury, 29	near Kuling, China	July 29, '07
1900	William B. Williams, 29	Haverford, Pa.	Feb. 8, '08
1901	William J. Downs, 25	Liberty, N. Y.	Nov. 29, '06
1901	Colton Maynard, 28	Cleveland, O.	May 6, '08
1903	Samuel M. Brereton, 30	Mercersburg, Pa.	Feb. 12, '08
1903	George B. Everts, 27	Southport, Conn.	Dec. 14, '07
1903	Edward H. Fitzgerald, 26	Hankow, China	June 3, '08
1903	Albert Hileman, 29	Gaysport, Pa.	May 6, '08
1905	Arthur W. Hildreth, 26	Savannah, Ga.	April 27, '08
1906	Allen S. Malcolm, 26	At Sea	Nov. 3, '07
1907	Forrest L. Daniels, 23	Saranac, N. Y.	Jan. 25, '08
1907	Walter W. Husted, 23	Denver, Colo.	April 11, '08
1907	Gilbert L. Stark, 22	Mangaloro, India	March 26, '08

#### YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1850	Charles C. Holcombe, 78	Lee, Mass.	Feb. 1, '08
1856	Henry W. Painter, 76	North Haven, Conn.	Jan. 17, '08
1856	Stephen F. Pomeroy, 80	Springfield, Mass.	Jan. 11, '08
1860	Charles H. Hubbard, 71	Essex, Conn.	April 10, '08
1861	Joel W. Hyde, 68	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Sept. 22, '07
1861	John Pitkin, 80	Buffalo, N. Y.	July 24, '07
1864	Henry S. Turrill, 64	New York City	May 24, '07
1898	Milton S. Sherwood, 31	Pocantico Hills, N. Y.	May 14, '07
1905	Frank T. Gaffney, 26	Wallingford, Conn.	Aug. 23, '07

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1846	Frederick W. Geissenhainer, 81	Sea Cliff, N. Y.	March 3, '06
1851	Lyman E. Munson, 86	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 13, '08
1851	Francis W. Robert, 74	Monticello, Ga.	June 6, '05
1858	[Henry] Stuart Bidwell, 70	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 19, '07
1861	Charles H. Fowler, 74	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 31, '08
1880	Charles H. Northrop, 48	Newtown, Conn.	May 26, '08
1884	Alfred M. Downes, 45	New York City	Dec. 10, '07
1891	William H. Pond, 38	No. Attleboro, Mass.	March 30, '08
1892	Linford F. Root, 38	Watertown, Conn.	Oct. 17, '07
1896	Paul W. Harrison, 36	New York City	June 18, '07
1899	Otis H. Burnett, 34	Marion, Ill.	Aug. 10, '06
1901	Harry D. Thompson, 29	West Haven, Conn.	June 6, '08
1902	Harry H. Johnson, 29	near Banbury, England	June 10, '07

## MASTERS OF LAWS

1878	George G. Mercer, 52	Baltimore, Md.	May 28, '06
1893	Edwin F. Hall, 48	Stratford, Conn.	Sept. 3, '07

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1897	Benjamin M. Wright, 46	New York City,	Nov. 17, '07
1900	[Peter] Otto Anderson, 38	Pasadena, Cal.	March 28, '06

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1858	Charles S. Kittredge, 74	Santa Barbara, Cal.	Jan. 10, '07
1860	Walter S. Sheaffer, 71	Pottsville, Pa.	April 20, '08
1871	Edward C. Terry, 57	Hartford, Conn.	April 6, '08
1880	Daniel Sidney Appleton, 47	London, England	March 17, '08
1885	William H. Lyon, 44	Virginia Beach, Va.	May 1, '08
1885	Edwin A. Meredith, 45	Kremmling, Colo.	May 5, '07
1887	Arthur P. Summers, 40	Binghamton, N. Y.	Dec. 10, '07
1893	Joseph B. Fair, 36	New York City	Nov. 25, '07
1895	Whitman Gunther, 34	Chicago, Ill.	June 17, '07
1897	Winsor P. French, 32	Saratoga Springs, N. Y.	Jan. 24, '08
1897	Robert J. Grant, 32	Syracuse, N. Y.	June 22, '07
1899	Daniel B. Watson, 29	Falls Village, Conn.	Feb. 22, '08
1899	Samuel R. Wolf, 29	Providence, R. I.	Jan. 2, '08
1900	Gilmor M. Barroll, 27	Elizabeth, N. J.	Dec. 3, '07
1900	Charles M. Dow, 29	Tulsa, Okla.	Dec. 27, '07
1900	Robert B. Sullivan, 29	Denver, Colo.	Oct. 10, '07
1901	William A. Bindley, 27	Pittsburg, Pa.	Dec. 12, '07



1901	Ralph O. Warrin, 29	Lake Francis, Lewis Co., N. Y.	Aug. 7, '07
1904	Harry E. Candee, 25	New Haven, Conn.	July 2, '07
1905	Sidney Adler, 23	Philadelphia, Pa.	April 15, '08
1906	Abbott L. Lowe, 23	Greeley, Colo.	April 10, '08

## GRADUATE SCHOOL

1869	Wilbur O. Atwater, 63	Middletown, Conn.	Sept. 22, '07
1871	Bernard J. Harrington, 59	Montreal, Canada	Nov. 29, '07

The number of deaths recorded this year is 155 and the average age of the 106 graduates of the Academical Department is about 61 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is :

Class of 1838, CHESTER DUTTON, of Concordia, Kans., born March 24, 1814.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department and of the University is :

Class of 1837, GURDON W. RUSSELL, of Hartford, Conn., born April 10, 1815.

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Members of the *Divinity, Law, Medical, Scientific, and Graduate* Schools are indicated by the letters *d, l* or *ml, m, s*, and *dp*, respectively.

Class		Page	Class		Page
1887	Abell, William M.	927	1853	Douglass, John C.	873
1905 <i>s</i>	Adler, Sidney	976	1900 <i>s</i>	Dow, Charles M.	973
1851	Alexander, William F.	865	1884 <i>l</i>	Downes, Alfred M.	956
1900 <i>d</i>	Anderson, Otto	963	1901	Downs, William J.	937
1880 <i>s</i>	Appleton, D. Sidney	967	1895	Driggs, Henry P.	931
1869 <i>dp</i>	Atwater, Wilbur O.	977	1852	Dwight, Henry E.	869
1844	Avery, Edward H.	850			
1844	Avery, Frederick D.	852	1868	Eastburn, George	905
			1885	Eaton, Wilfred E.	926
1844	Badger, Samuel A.	853	1836	Ely, William D.	843
1900 <i>s</i>	Barroll, Gilmor M.	973	1848	Emerson, Samuel	858
1865	Barrows, Arthur A.	901	1903	Everts, George B.	939
1878	Beckwith, Fred'k J.	922			
1875	Bell, Howard P.	918	1893 <i>s</i>	Fair, Joseph B.	969
1874	Benedict, George W.	916	1849	Finch, Francis M.	860
1858 <i>l</i>	Bidwell, Stuart	953	1856	Finlay, Luke W.	886
1901 <i>s</i>	Bindley, William A.	974	1863	Fiske, John Safford	898
1874	Bininger, William B.	917	1903	Fitzgerald, Edward H.	939
1900	Birch, Hugh T.	934	1861	Flint, Joseph N.	896
1869	Blagden, Silliman	908	1861 <i>l</i>	Fowler, Charles H.	954
1859	Boardman, Charles H.	892	1897 <i>s</i>	French, Winsor P.	970
1879	Booth, Louis N.	923			
1883	Bourne, Edward G.	923	1905 <i>m</i>	Gaffney, Frank T.	950
1864	Boyden, Henry P.	900	1846 <i>l</i>	Geissenhainer, F. W.	951
1858	Boynton, George M.	891	1887	Gillespie, John M.	928
1861	Bradley, Franklin S.	894	1895	Gleason, Elwin H.	931
1857	Bradner, Lester	888	1897 <i>s</i>	Grant, Robert J.	971
1903	Brereton, Samuel M.	938	1886	Griggs, Charles J.	926
1847	Brodnax, William E.	856	1872	Griggs, George B.	914
1892	Bronson, F. C. G.	929	1895 <i>s</i>	Gunther, Whitman	970
1851	Brownson, James S.	866			
1891	Bunce, John L.	928	1893 <i>ml</i>	Hall, Edwin F.	961
1899 <i>l</i>	Butnett, Otis H.	959	1868	Hall, Ira C.	907
1838	Butler, Richard E.	847	1871 <i>dp</i>	Harrington, Bernard J.	979
			1896 <i>l</i>	Harrison, Paul W.	958
1878	Campbell, Treat	922	1872	Hart, William E.	915
1904 <i>s</i>	Candee, Harry E.	975	1840	Head, John F.	849
1861	Chalmers, George	895	1905	Hildreth, Arthur W.	941
1855	Christie, Cornelius	883	1903	Hileman, Albert	940
1853	Coit, Joshua	872	1893	Hill, Frederick A.	930
1850	Colton, Willis S.	862	1864	Hitchcock, George N.	900
			1850 <i>m</i>	Holcombe, Charles C.	944
1907	Daniels, Forrest L.	942	1860 <i>m</i>	Hubbard, Charles H.	946
1893	Dickerman, Robert K.	929	1854	Hubbell, Henry L.	878
1877	Dillingham, Edwin R.	919	1870	Hume, Edward S.	909
1835	Dodge, John V.	842	1907	Husted, Walter W.	942
1838	Doubleday, William T.	847			

Class		Page	Class		Page
1833	Hustis, John	841	1877	Reid, Clarence L.	920
1861 <i>m</i>	Hyde, Joel W.	947	1854	Ritch, Thomas G.	880
			1851 <i>l</i>	Robert, Francis W.	953
1902 <i>l</i>	Johnson, Harry H.	960	1865	Rogers, William B.	902
1860	Johnson, Henry L.	893	1861	Root, Alexander P.	897
1877	Johnson, Henry M.	920	1892	Root, Linford F.	957
1857	Jones, Franklin C.	889	1866	Royce, Charles H.	903
1858 <i>s</i>	Kittredge, Charles S.	965	1900	Seabury, Warren B.	935
			1875	Sellers, Henry D.	918
1856	Lemée, Gustave A.	887	1860 <i>s</i>	Sheafer, Walter S.	965
1852	Lewis, Alonzo N.	870	1898 <i>m</i>	Sherwood, Milton S.	950
1872	Littlefield, Fred'k M.	915	1867	Small, Frederick I.	904
1849	Lockwood, F. St. John	861	1837	Spencer, George T.	845
1906 <i>s</i>	Lowe, Abbott L.	976	1907	Stark, Gilbert L.	943
1862	Lyman, Elisha S.	898	1853	Stedman, Edmund C.	874
1885 <i>s</i>	Lyon, William H.	968	1867	Stedman, Ernest G.	904
			1900 <i>s</i>	Sullivan, Robert B.	974
			1887 <i>s</i>	Summers, Arthur P.	969
1839	Macdonough, A. R.	848	1898	Swift, Isaac Newton	932
1906	Malcolm, Allen S.	941			
1899	Mann, Arthur S.	932	1871 <i>s</i>	Terry, Edward C.	966
1856	Martin, Justin	888	1901 <i>l</i>	Thompson, Harry D.	959
1901	Maynard, Colton	937	1855	Todd, John E.	884
1878 <i>ml</i>	Mercer, George G.	961	1857	Tucker, George	890
1885 <i>s</i>	Meredith, Edwin A.	968	1864 <i>m</i>	Turrill, Henry S.	948
1874	Moseley, Gilbert G.	917	1854	Twombly, A. S.	882
1851 <i>l</i>	Munson, Lyman E.	952	1870	Tyler, Morris F.	912
1846	North, Frederick H.	855	1851	Vose, James G.	867
1880 <i>l</i>	Northrop, Charles H.	955			
			1853	Waite, Richard	877
1856 <i>m</i>	Painter, Henry W.	944	1901 <i>s</i>	Warrin, Ralph O.	975
1850	Parsons, Benjamin	863	1899 <i>s</i>	Watson, Daniel B.	972
1870	Perry, Joseph F.	911	1868	Wentworth, Thos. F.	907
1861 <i>m</i>	Pitkin, John	948	1847	Wilkins, G. M.	857
1847	Plant, Alfred	856	1900	Williams, William B.	936
1856 <i>m</i>	Pomeroy, Stephen F.	945	1894	Wilson, Nathaniel N.	930
1891 <i>l</i>	Pond, William H.	957	1899 <i>s</i>	Wolf, Samuel R.	972
1848	Pumpelly, John H.	859	1897 <i>d</i>	Wright, Benjamin M.	963





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OBITUARY RECORD  
OF  
GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

***JUNE, 1909,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 29, 1909]

[No. 9 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 68 of the whole Record]



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### YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1838

WILLIAM FRIERSON COOPER, born in Franklin, Williamson County, Tenn., March 11, 1820, was the eldest son of Matthew, D. and Mary Agnes (Frierson) Cooper. His father was a merchant residing afterward in Columbia, Maury County, Tenn., and, with an interval in New Orleans, La., was later for twenty years President of the Columbia Branch of the Union Bank.

He entered college from Columbia, and with him in the class, also from Tennessee, were the youngest brother and two nephews of President Polk.

After graduation he returned home and studied medicine two years under Dr. Hayes, and then attended medical lectures at the University of Pennsylvania. Turning then to the law, he entered the office of his kinsman, Chancellor Samuel Davies Frierson, and at the age of 21 was admitted to the bar and for over three years was in partnership with

Chancellor Frierson. After spending a few months in New Orleans, he removed to Nashville, Tenn., and formed a partnership with Hon. Alfred O. P. Nicholson (University of North Carolina 1827), afterward Chief Justice of Tennessee. In 1851-52 he was editor of the *Nashville Union* and in the latter year he and Return J. Meigs, Esq., were appointed by the State Legislature commissioners to codify the laws of Tennessee. Their report, submitted in 1858, was almost without modification enacted as the code of the state. About 1851 he became a partner of Hon. Andrew Ewing and continued in this connection ten years, when he was elected one of the judges of the State Supreme Court, but during the Civil War no session of the court was held and he devoted the interval to a long-contemplated visit to Europe, where he gave much time to the study of equity jurisprudence in London. He had not approved all the radical measures preceding secession, but after the conflict came on his sympathies were wholly with the South. At the close of the war he returned to Nashville, and on the reopening of the courts resumed the practice of his profession, confining himself to chancery cases. He was in partnership for a few years with Hon. Robert L. Caruthers, and later with his brother, Hon. Henry Cooper, United States Senator. During this time he distinguished himself as one of the state's counsel in its foreclosure suit against the railroads for its bonds issued to them, a case which involved the legal standing of the bonded indebtedness of Tennessee.

In 1872 he was appointed by the Governor of the state Chancellor of the Nashville District, and in 1874 was elected to the same office. His opinions on the cases of importance which came before him, clearly and strongly presented, were printed in three volumes known as "Cooper's Chancery Cases," which were widely used by judges throughout the country. These volumes were dedicated to Alphonso Taft, LL.D. (Y. C. 1833), his Tutor while in college. He also

issued a new edition of "State Reports" from the earliest times to 1860, and edited a new edition of "Daniell's Chancery Practice." Besides this work he contributed literary articles to the *Southern Review* and articles on legal subjects to professional journals.

In August, 1878, he was elected the second time a judge of the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in this office showed great legal knowledge and unusual capacity to dispose of cases. His opinions rendered in this court appear in "Lea's Reports." Although so learned in the law he was most considerate of the young men of the bar, who held him in the warmest affection. He retired from the bench in 1886. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Yale in 1890, also the same year from the Universities of Tennessee and Nashville. Upon the organization of the American Bar Association he was chosen Vice-President.

In order to be near large libraries he removed to New York about 1890, and there spent the remainder of his life, dying of old age May 7, 1909, at the age of 89 years. He was never married. Two classmates only survive him.

### 1840

CURTIS FIELD BURNAM, second son of Thompson and Lucinda (Field) Burnam, was born May 24, 1820, at Richmond, Ky.

After graduation from college he took the law course in Transylvania University, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from there in 1842, was admitted to the bar in 1843, and practiced his profession in his native place.

Mr. Burnam gave much time to public service, state and national, and during the Civil War suffered severe personal loss in his efforts to hold the state in allegiance to the national government. He was elected to the Kentucky legislature from his home county in 1851, and successively from 1859 to 1863, in the last year being Speaker of the House of Representatives. In 1852 he was one of the



presidential electors from Kentucky, and the following year declined the candidacy for Representative in Congress, although it is said his election would have been certain. In 1860 he was a member of the Constitutional Union Convention in Baltimore. In 1863 he received the support of the Republicans in the state legislature for United States Senator, but his opponent was elected after more than thirty ballots. He was Assistant Treasurer of the United States in 1875-76, during President Grant's administration. In 1890 he was a delegate from Madison County to the Constitutional Convention of Kentucky. In 1899 and 1903 he was elected to the Kentucky state senate.

He received the degree of Master of Arts in course from Yale in 1846, of Doctor of Laws from Central University in Kentucky in 1873, and was for a time Professor of Law in the latter.

At the meeting of the Associated Western Yale Clubs in Cincinnati in 1907, Mr. Burnam was present, vigorous and alert, and his warm interest in Yale continued through life.

He died at his home in Richmond, Ky., March 19, 1909, in his 89th year.

He married, May 6, 1845, Sarah Helen, daughter of Dr. Anthony Wayne Rollins and Sallie Harris (Rhodes) Rollins, and sister of Hon. James S. Rollins, a member of Congress, of Boone County, Mo. They had five sons and three daughters, of whom four sons and two daughters survive. The eldest son, educated at the United States Military Academy at West Point, was recently Chief Justice of Kentucky. The second son was a student in 1869-70 at the University of Michigan, and the other three sons graduated from Central University at Danville, Ky., respectively was elected one of the judges of the State Supreme Court, in 1877, 1878, and 1883. One son was also a Graduate student at Yale, and his son is a member of the Class of 1909 in Yale College. The youngest daughter is the wife of Waller Bennett (Y. C. 1872).

LUCIUS WOOSTER FITCH, born in New Haven, Conn., July 25, 1820, was the son of Rev. Eleazar Thompson Fitch, D.D. (Y. C. 1810), by his first wife, Elizabeth Lucia (Wooster) Fitch, who was the only child of Joseph Lucius Wooster (Y. C. 1781). Dr. Fitch, who was a man of wide learning and remarkably varied powers, succeeded the elder President Dwight as Professor of Divinity and College Pastor in 1817, and continued in active service until 1852, and as Professor *Emeritus* until his decease in 1871.

After graduation Mr. Fitch was connected with the religious press in Boston, Mass., for a few months, and for a time studied medicine. In 1843 he received the degree of Master of Arts in course from Yale. From 1845 to 1847 he was engaged in farming in Huntington, Conn., then returned to New Haven, where he lived till 1873. Since that time his home had been in Westville, a suburb of New Haven. From 1849 to 1857 he was a bookseller, in partnership with Mr. Horace Day, in New Haven, and afterward devoted much of his time to literary work. He translated for *Barnard's Journal of Education* the first volume of Von Raumer's "Pædagogic," also the "Gaudeamus Igitur" and "Lauriger Horatius." From 1857 to 1881 he was the Assistant in the Treasurer's Office of the University and continued to have the financial supervision of the College Reading Room until 1902.

In 1848 he became a member of the North (now United) Church of New Haven, and in 1889, after his removal to Westville, he was elected a deacon of the Congregational church there.

Mr. Fitch died at his home in Westville, September 26, 1908, at the age of 88 years.

He married, March 5, 1845, Sarah Porter, daughter of Matthias R. and Matilda Tufts, and had two sons and three daughters. One daughter and a granddaughter are the only surviving members of his family. Mrs. Fitch died in 1884. Mr. Fitch left a bequest to the University for the Linonian and Brothers Library.

DANIEL MARCH, son of Samuel and Zoa (Park) March, was born July 21, 1816, at Millbury, Mass.

He entered Amherst College in 1834, but left in 1836, owing to ill health, and spent some time in recuperating in New York state. He then taught the Chester (Vt.) Academy, and after this interruption in college life of two years he came to Yale.

After graduation he was principal of the Fairfield (Conn.) Academy for three years, and then studied theology two years.

He was licensed to preach by the Fairfield West Association, May 31, 1842, and was ordained Pastor of the Congregational church in Cheshire, Conn., April 25, 1845, remaining there three years and a half. In January, 1849, he was settled over the First Congregational Church in Nashua, N. H. After eight years of service he accepted a call to the First Congregational Church in Woburn, Mass. In 1862 he resigned at Woburn, and was Pastor of the Clinton Street Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia, Pa., until 1876, when he was induced to return to the First Church in Woburn. There he labored with marked success until the close of his life, since 1895 having been Pastor *Emeritus*. In October, 1892, he delivered the historical address at the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the church. He preached for the last time in July, 1908.

He traveled extensively in foreign lands and lectured on his journeys and studies. The wealth of his knowledge and experience he shared in the most unassuming manner with any who sought it, and of the churches and ministers around about he was the special friend and counselor.

From the time of his Philadelphia pastorate he had been a constant writer of volumes on Bible themes, which gained a wide reputation at home and abroad. His first book, "Our Father's House," consisted of a series of evening lectures delivered at his Philadelphia church, and was followed by



“Night Scenes in the Bible.” The latter volume has had a very wide circulation and has been translated into many foreign languages. In preparation for “The Days of the Son of Man” he made a long sojourn in Palestine, and when over seventy years of age he made a journey around the world, chiefly for the purpose of visiting the most important mission fields. The notes of this journey were stolen on the home voyage, but he was able to reproduce them from memory in his “Morning Light in Many Lands.” He was also the author of other books and of occasional poems. His strength of mind and youthful spirit were not abated by age, and he continued his habit of daily study. He enjoyed recent books and was appreciative of new points of view. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1843, and the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from the Western University of Pennsylvania in 1864.

Dr. March died in Woburn, March 2, 1909, in the 93d year of his age, and was buried there. He was an inspiring preacher, and was widely known and loved.

He married, at Proctorsville, Vt., October 8, 1841, Miss Jane Parker Gilson, who died in 1857, and in 1859 he married Mrs. Anna LeConte, widow of Rev. Porter LeConte (Y. C. 1842), second daughter of David Brooks of Cheshire, Conn., and granddaughter of David Brooks (Y. C. 1765). She died in April, 1879. He had three sons and one daughter. The eldest son, Dr. Daniel March, Jr. (Amherst 1865), died in Winchester, Mass., in 1897, and the daughter died in Philadelphia in 1863, but two sons, Rev. Frederic W. March (Amherst 1867), a Presbyterian missionary in Syria, and Charles A. March (University of Pennsylvania 1870), in the law department of the United States Pension Bureau at Washington, D. C., survive him.

GEORGE HENRY SWIFT, son of Henry and Rebecca (Warner) Swift, was born February 8, 1820, in Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

After graduation he studied law with his father in Poughkeepsie and developed an extensive practice there, but his health failing he bought a large farm in Amenia, in the eastern part of the same county. Besides cultivating his farm he did considerable law business and was active in Christian work. He had helped organize the Republican party in the county, and at his decease he was the oldest lawyer in Dutchess County. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church and held all the offices of that denomination open to a layman.

He died at his home in Amenia, November 17, 1908, at the age of 88 years. As long as his eyesight permitted, up to the age of 86, he read Latin and Greek with the same pleasure as English. He published a family genealogy under the title of "William Swyft and Some of his Descendants."

He married, January 28, 1844, Emily Eddy, daughter of Rev. Rufus Babcock, a Baptist clergyman of Poughkeepsie. She died the same year, and in 1847 he married Pamela Forrest, daughter of Harvey and Hannah (Forrest) Paine. By his first marriage he had one child, and by the later marriage seven, but only two daughters survive, one having graduated from Vassar College in 1883, and the other being for two years a member of the Class of 1870 there.

#### 1841

DONALD GRANT MITCHELL, born April 12, 1822, at Norwich, Conn., was the second son of Rev. Alfred Mitchell (Y. C. 1809), and grandson of Hon. Stephen Mix Mitchell, LL.D. (Y. C. 1763), member of the Colonial Congress and Chief Justice of Connecticut. His mother was Lucretia Mumford (Woodbridge) Mitchell, a descendant in the sixth generation of Rev. John Woodbridge of Andover, Mass., whose son, Rev. Timothy Woodbridge (Harvard 1675) of Hartford, was one of the original Trustees of Yale College.

At the death of his father in 1831 Donald, then 9 years old, had been for a year or more in the Ellington (Conn.) School of Hon. John Hall (Y. C. 1802), where he continued—with some interruptions—until he entered college in 1837. During his Senior year he was Editor of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, and at graduation was Class Orator.

Shortly after graduation symptoms of pulmonary disease, which within the preceding three years had carried off three members of his family, compelled abandonment of all study, and led him to retire to his maternal grandfather's farm at Salem, Conn., where he spent three years and where he developed the taste for agricultural pursuits to which he later gave expression in many of his books.

In the fall of 1844 he sailed for Europe and was occupied some months in the Consular Office at Liverpool, but the cold fogs drove him southward through England to the Island of Jersey, where the delightful climate reestablished his health. He devoted two months in the following spring to a tramp on foot through England, and six weeks in the early autumn to walks in Switzerland. After a winter passed in Italy, he returned to Paris by way of Vienna, Dresden, Berlin, and Hamburg, and in the autumn of 1846 sailed for home. During much of the succeeding winter he was in Washington, D. C., and then made a trip through the Southern States. In the summer of 1847 was published "Fresh Gleanings," containing sketches of European travel, some of which had appeared previously in Colton's *American Review*.

The same year he began the study of law in the office of John O. Sargent (Harvard 1830) in New York City, but his health soon became unequal to the close confinement involved, and early in the next year he sailed again for Europe, and was in Paris during the bloody outbreak of June, 1848. Returning to New York in 1849, he commenced soon afterward the publication of the *Lorgnette*, an anonymous weekly periodical satirizing some phases of New York



social life, which continued for about six months. "Reveries of a Bachelor" (first printed in the *Southern Literary Messenger*), and "Dream Life," the two volumes by which he is universally known and with which his pen name, "Ik Marvel," was first associated, followed in the two succeeding years.

In June, 1853, he went abroad for the third time, and held for a short time the post of United States Consul at Venice. Upon his return to America in 1855, he purchased a farm two miles west of the New Haven Green, where he established his country home, "Edgewood," and where for over fifty years he lived in close touch with nature and in the midst of ideal surroundings. He loved his garden and his woods, and to the out-of-door life he attributed the almost uniform good health of himself and his family. During most of the time from 1859 to 1878 he was a vestryman of St. James' Protestant Episcopal Church in Westville.

A few books on rural topics were published by him between 1860 and 1870, of which the best known are "My Farm at Edgewood" and "Wet Days at Edgewood." Other literary work was done in connection with various magazines: "Dr. Johns," a novel, appearing first in the *Atlantic Monthly*, and "Seven Stories," some of which were contributed to *Harper's Magazine*; and in 1869 he was Editor of *Hearth and Home*. In 1877 he published "About Old Story-Tellers," a juvenile book.

Mr. Mitchell gave much time to the compilation of the "Woodbridge Record," an elaborate genealogical work, for which the material was mainly collected by his younger brother, Louis Mitchell, who died in 1881. This was privately printed in 1883, and in the same year and in the same manner appeared "Daniel Tyler, a Memorial Volume." "English Lands, Letters, and Kings," embodying the substance of lectures delivered some years before at Yale and elsewhere, was issued in four volumes in 1895-97, and was followed by "American Lands and Letters," 1897-99.

In close connection with his farm life at Edgewood he occupied himself, in a semi-professional way, with landscape gardening, often giving plans and suggestions for the treatment of public and private grounds. The New Haven Board of Park Commissioners acknowledged by special vote its indebtedness to him for his wise advice and fruitful suggestions in the development of several of the city parks, notably, of East Rock, Fort Hale, and Bay View Parks.

He was one of the judges of industrial art at the Centennial Exhibition of 1876 in Philadelphia, and went as United States Commissioner to the World's Exposition in Paris in 1878. He was a member of the Council of the Yale School of the Fine Arts from 1865 to 1898. During the academic year 1884-85 he was Lecturer on English Literature in the University. In 1891 he wrote the Preface to the Semicentennial Historical and Biographical Record of the Class of 1841.

A complete "Edgewood" edition of his works in fifteen volumes was issued in 1907. Almost his last appearance in public was at the dedication of Woodbridge Hall in 1901, when he read a sketch of that ancestral Woodbridge after whom the building is named, which seemed to those who heard it the gem of the addresses at the Bicentennial Celebration, and which was printed in the Bicentennial Book. Mr. Mitchell received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Yale in 1878, and the appreciation of his literary work by college men of the present time was shown by his election to honorary membership in the Phi Beta Kappa Society in 1907.

He married, May 31, 1853, Mary Frances, daughter of William Bull and Mary Motte (Alston) Pringle of Charleston, S. C., and great-granddaughter of Rebecca Motte of Revolutionary fame. They had seven daughters and four sons. Mrs. Mitchell died December 5, 1901. The eldest daughter died in early childhood, and two of their sons after reaching manhood. The youngest son, Walter, graduated

from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1895. One daughter married Edward L. Ryerson (Ph.B. Yale 1876), and another married Walter T. Hart (Ph.B. Yale 1878). Another daughter is the widow of James Mason Hoppin, a graduate of Oxford University, England, in 1880, and son of the late Professor Hoppin (Y. C. 1840).

Mr. Mitchell had been accustomed to take a daily walk of three or four miles until he was 80 years of age or more, but had gradually curtailed his activities. He had an acute illness in August last, but rallied from the effects of it so that he was able to walk about his home at times, until about two weeks before his death. He passed away December 15, 1908, in his 87th year. He was buried in Woodbridge, Conn. His brother, Mr. Alfred Mitchell, was for a time a member of the Class of 1854 and received the honorary degree of Master of Arts in 1880.

#### 1842

DANIEL HENSHAW, son of the Rt. Rev. John Prentiss Kewley Henshaw, D.D. (Middlebury 1808), and Mary (Gorham) Henshaw, was born December 9, 1822, in Baltimore, Md.

After graduation he studied theology two years at the Theological Seminary in Virginia, with an intervening year in Providence, R. I., under the direction of his father, who had been elected the first Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Rhode Island in 1843. He was ordained Deacon in St. John's Church, Providence, June 29, 1845, and, after eighteen months of missionary work in Rhode Island, Priest in Grace Church, Providence, December 20, 1846, his father officiating on both occasions. In 1847 he became Assistant Minister of St. Peter's Church, Baltimore, of which his father had been Rector from 1817 to 1843. Remaining there two years, in the spring of 1849 he took temporary charge of Trinity Church, Washington, D. C., during the absence of the Rector, and the following autumn became



Rector of St. Paul's Church, Wickford, R. I., where he continued four years. After officiating a short time at St. John's Church, Providence, Emmanuel Church, Manville, R. I., and at Christ Church, New Haven, Conn., in the spring of 1854 he accepted an invitation to St. Andrew's Church, Providence, and was Rector there forty-four years, becoming in 1898 Rector *Emeritus*. Under his leadership there a fine stone church was completed in 1872, and in honor of his father, who had died in 1852, the name of the church was changed to All Saints' Memorial. In 1858 he introduced a boy choir in his church—the first, it is said, in New England. The fiftieth anniversary of his coming to the parish was appropriately observed in May, 1904, and the fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the boy choir in November, 1908.

After a severe illness in 1869 he took a long leave of absence and was temporarily Rector of St. Peter's Church, Fernandina, Fla., where a strong attachment toward him grew up in the congregation.

For many years he was Secretary of the Rhode Island Missionary Convocation and Secretary of the Diocese. In 1868 he became Secretary of the Standing Committee, and from 1891 to 1901 was its President. He presented the address to Bishop Clark (Y. C. 1831) on his twenty-fifth anniversary as Bishop of Rhode Island. He was elected from the Diocese of Rhode Island to fourteen successive General Conventions, where he was long a member of the Committee on the State of the Church. At the General Convention at Richmond in 1907, his long and able service to the Church was made the occasion of a high tribute and of resolutions from the assembled delegates. He was elected a member of the Executive Committee of the Society for the Increase of the Ministry, and a trustee of the General Theological Seminary in New York City. After a long service on the Providence School Committee he declined further election.

He received the degree of Master of Arts in course from Yale in 1845, and in 1881 he was given the degree of Doctor of Divinity by Griswold College, Davenport, Ia.

Dr. Henshaw died of peritonitis at Thomasville, Ga., December 10, 1908, at the age of 86 years.

He married, in St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., October 16, 1862, Rebecca Pitman, daughter of Joseph Warren and Abby Frances (Shaw) Greene, and had two sons and three daughters, of whom one daughter is deceased. One son graduated from Brown University in 1887.

#### 1844

JAMES HENRY MCKEE, son of Aaron McKee, M.D., and Martha (Henry) McKee, was born June 19, 1823, in Arlington, Vt., was prepared for college in Brattleboro, Vt., and in the Burr and Burton Seminary in Manchester, Vt., and joined the class in Sophomore year.

After graduation from college he was engaged in mercantile business for two years in New York City, studied law there in the office of John Slosson and later under the instruction of Augustus Schell (Union 1830), and was admitted to the bar in 1848. In 1849 he went to Michigan to examine land for his father, and in 1852 settled in Grand Rapids in that state, practicing law and engaging in the real estate business. He was for many years in partnership with Hon. John Ball, and afterwards with his son, J. Langdon McKee, in the firm of J. H. McKee & Son, in the real estate and loan business. He was early recognized as an expert in the preparation of legal papers. In educational matters he long served the city as Secretary of the Board of Education, and of St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church he was a vestryman, and later, warden.

Mr. McKee died, August 31, 1908, at Grand Rapids. He was 85 years of age.

He married in 1848, but was afterward divorced, and May 14, 1856, married Hannah Powell Squier, daughter of

Seth Langdon, Jr., and Laura (Squier) Langdon, of New Haven, Vt. She died about three years ago, but their two sons survive.

ABNER RICE, son of Deacon Edward and Nancy (Bond) Rice, was born February 28, 1820, in Wayland, Mass.

After graduation he was Principal of Warren Academy, Woburn, Mass., seven or eight years, upon the establishment of the High School at Natick was Principal eleven years, and in 1863 took charge of the High School in Lee, Mass., where he remained thirty years, gaining a high reputation as a teacher and the confidence and esteem of those among whom he lived. A notable reunion of his pupils was held there July 13, 1892, in his honor, heartily participated in by all the people of the town. On his retirement from teaching in 1893 he served for a term in the Massachusetts legislature, but since then had lived a quiet life in the midst of many friends. He continued to act as a director of the Public Library, and a member of its book committee.

In 1875 he was elected a deacon of the Congregational church in Lee, and was active in establishing and maintaining the Union Chapel at East Lee.

Mr. Rice married, December 4, 1845, Nancy G. Reeves, daughter of Walter and Almira (Griffin) Reeves.

Since her death in 1903 his health and spirits had declined. He died at his home in Lee, September 11, 1908, at the age of 88 years.

Three sons and three daughters survive him, a son (Williams 1868) and a daughter having died. The second son graduated as a Doctor of Medicine from Columbia University in 1877.

#### 1845

WILLIAM BINNEY, youngest of the seven children of Hon. Horace Binney, LL.D. (Harvard 1797; for many years Harvard's oldest living graduate; died 1875), and Eliza-



beth (Cox) Binney, and grandson of Dr. Barnabas Binney (Brown 1774), was born April 14, 1825, in Philadelphia, Pa. Both his father and his grandfather were valedictorians of their respective classes. His father was for many years a director of the old United States Bank in Philadelphia, from 1833 to 1835 a member of the House of Representatives in Congress, and a distinguished lawyer whose defence of the city of Philadelphia against the heirs of Stephen Girard in their effort to break the will was especially notable.

He left college at the close of Junior year, but in 1866 received the honorary degree of Master of Arts and was enrolled with his class. In 1856 Brown University also conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts.

After a year abroad, in the autumn of 1845 he began reading law in the office of his brother Horace (Y. C. 1828), was admitted to the bar in 1848, and practiced his profession in Philadelphia until 1853, when he removed to Providence, R. I. There he was in the office of General Albert C. Greene and later with Hon. Samuel Ames (Brown 1823), but soon after the death of his wife in 1866 he abandoned the law and organized the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, of which he was President until 1881, and had since continued on the Board of Directors. He made three other journeys to Europe, at one time remaining abroad three years and a half.

He was long prominent in municipal affairs, having been a member of the Common Council continuously from 1857 to 1874, and its President from 1863 to 1871. He drafted the city charter for Providence passed by the general assembly in 1866. He was twice elected a member of the Rhode Island House of Representatives, and the general assembly selected him for Judge of the Supreme Court, but he declined to be a candidate. He was appointed to deliver the oration in Providence after the death of President Lincoln.

Since 1883 he had resided in the summer at Newport, R. I., but for many years he rarely left his homes in New-

port and Providence on account of invalidism. He, however, continued to take a keen interest in public affairs and often contributed to the press. His ripe culture and broad sympathies gave to his companionship peculiar charm. He died in Providence, April 23, 1909, from pneumonia. He was 84 years of age.

Mr. Binney married, June 14, 1848, Charlotte Hope Goddard, eldest child of William G. Goddard, LL.D. (Brown 1823), Professor, Trustee, and Secretary of Brown University, and Charlotte Rhoda (Ives) Goddard. She died in April, 1866, leaving two sons and two daughters. The elder son left Harvard University after three years, but in 1906 was enrolled with his class of 1881, and the younger son graduated there in 1883. The elder daughter married Samuel Powel, Jr. (Brown 1870), who is deceased, and the younger daughter (now deceased) was the wife of Sidney F. Tyler (Harvard 1872).

April 19, 1871, Mr. Binney married Josephine, daughter of Rev. Joseph and Elizabeth (Rotch) Angier, of Milton, Mass. She survives him.

### 1847

LEWIS BARNES, born in Southington, Conn., June 26, 1824, was one of the nine children of Julius Steele Barnes, M.D. (Y. C. 1815), and Laura (Lewis) Barnes, and grandson of Jonathan Barnes (Y. C. 1784).

After graduation he taught at Bristol, Conn., for a year, the following year was a student at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University) and at the same time taught in Brooklyn, N. Y. He then entered the office of his uncle, Dr. Josiah Barnes (Y. C. 1825), in Buffalo, N. Y., and in 1850 graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Buffalo.

He began the practice of his profession at Meriden, Conn., but in 1856 settled in Oxford, Conn., where he was in active practice for fifty years. In 1886 he was President of the

New Haven County Medical Society. He held many town offices, being Town Clerk for thirty years, Judge of Probate continuously for twenty-three years, a member of the School Board for a long period, and School Visitor for forty years.

During the last three or four years he had suffered from heart trouble, and two years ago retired from practice. He died of apoplexy at his home in Oxford, July 5, 1908, at the age of 84 years.

He married, at Meriden, Conn., June 6, 1854, Caroline, daughter of Henry William and Grace (Bradley) Saltonstall. She survives him with their three sons and one daughter, one daughter having died in August, 1897. The youngest son graduated from the Yale Medical School in 1891.

JOHN COON, son of Matthew and Albacinda (Lyon) Coon, was born July 28, 1822, at Ballston Spa, N. Y., but came to college from Cleveland, Ohio.

After his graduation he studied law in the office of Sherlock J. Andrews, John A. Foote (Y. C. 1823), and James M. Hoyt, LL.D. (Hamilton 1834), of the firm of Andrews, Foote & Hoyt, in Cleveland, and was admitted to the bar in 1848. From March of that year until July, 1850, he was confidential clerk to Hon. Thomas Ewing, Secretary of the Interior under President Zachary Taylor. As agent of the Treasury Department he superintended the completion of the United States Marine Hospital at Cleveland, and for two years was joint owner and publisher of the *Cleveland Herald*. In 1853 he formed a law partnership with Myron R. Keith, Esq., and was City Solicitor from 1855 to 1857. In 1861 he entered the Union army as Paymaster, and served as such, mainly in the Army of the Cumberland, to the end of the war. After 1883 he was chiefly occupied in the development of a large oil field in Colorado and in constructing gold smelting works at Florence in that state. He resided in Kansas City, Mo., several years, but in 1905



removed to Lyons, Mich., where he died, after a number of months of helpless invalidism, September 24, 1908, at the age of 86 years. He was a member of the First Baptist Church of Cleveland, his former home, and was buried in that city. He was a member of the unique society of the Arkites in Cleveland.

He married, May 7, 1849, Martha Ann Eliza, daughter of Henry Patch and Martha (Thurston) Howe of Millbury, Mass., and sister of his classmate Howe. She died in Dayton, Ohio, in 1891, leaving two sons, one of whom was a non-graduate member of the Class of 1874. In 1893, Mr. Coon married his cousin, Mrs. Verona Hawley, who survives him with one of his sons.

THOMAS PETER SIMPSON was born March 11, 1826, in Montgomery County, Md., the son of Joel and Angelica (Lenox) Simpson. His maternal grandfather, Peter Lenox, went to Washington in 1793, and was for over thirty years Clerk of Works there. His uncle, Hon. Walter T. Lenox (Y. C. 1837), was Mayor of Washington from 1850 to 1852.

Mr. Simpson entered Yale in Sophomore year from Washington, D. C. After graduation he studied law with his uncle, Mr. Lenox, three years, was admitted to the District of Columbia bar in 1850, and to the Baltimore bar in 1852. For the benefit of his health he then spent six years in farming, but for many years had resided in Washington. From 1866 to 1869 he was Assistant Examiner in the United States Patent Office, was then associated as a patent lawyer with Munn & Co. about fifteen years, after which he practiced with his son, Lenox W. Simpson (LL.B. George Washington University 1876), until the latter's death. He then practiced alone till his retirement in 1888.

Mr. Simpson died at his home in Washington, December 19, 1908, at the age of 82 years. He suffered a severe bronchial attack several months previously.

He married, November 1, 1855, Christiana, daughter of Lloyd and Martha J. Greene. Besides the son above mentioned they had a daughter, the latter surviving him with Mrs. Simpson.

HORATIO WILDMAN, son of Frederick S. and Julia Ann (Starr) Wildman, was born April 10, 1828, in Danbury, Conn.

After graduation he studied law a year with Hon. Charles Hawley (Y. C. 1813) in Stamford, Conn., but in 1848 removed to Sandusky, O., where he continued his law studies with Hon. F. D. Parish, and was admitted to the bar in 1849.

From 1856 to 1859 he was a member of the Board of Education, in 1859 Mayor, and from 1876 to 1879 City Solicitor.

Nearly twenty years ago his life was despaired of during a severe attack of brain fever, but he recovered, although his general health continued to be seriously affected. He died of the grip at his home in Sandusky, May 16, 1909, at the age of 81 years.

Mr. Wildman married, June 22, 1854, Miss Emma C. Smith, of Sidney, O., and had three sons. Mrs. Wildman and their youngest son only survive him.

### 1850

SAMUEL JOHNSON, son of John Johnson, was born August 13, 1823, at Ambaston, Derbyshire, England. His mother was Ann, daughter of Rev. Robert Winfield. He spent part of his youth in Canada and entered Western Reserve University from St. Clair, Mich., but after a year there came to Yale as a Sophomore from Detroit, Mich.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Divinity School and was licensed to preach by the New Haven East Association in July, 1852. Upon finishing his theological course, he continued two years as a Resident Licentiate in

New Haven, with an intermediate year of medical study in Detroit.

On June 10, 1855, he began his life work of preaching at Ashville, Chautauqua County, N. Y., and was ordained Pastor there by the Western New York Congregational Association, June 10, 1856. Resigning this charge, he held several pastorates in succession in New York state—at Cambria and Center Lisle for about two years each, and at Chenango Forks and Newark Valley for six years each; then at Groton, Rodman, Sidney Plains from 1880 to 1888, Danby, and finally at New Haven, N. Y., where after a pastorate of twenty years he closed his regular work. The fiftieth anniversary of his entrance upon the ministry was observed at New Haven, N. Y., July 20, 1902, Mr. Johnson preaching the commemorative sermon.

He wrote a history of the Susquehanna Association for the *Congregational Quarterly*, and a sermon of his on "The Death of Lincoln" was published in 1865. While abroad in the summer of 1866 he wrote a series of letters for the papers. In 1876 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Drury College, and the same degree from Yale in course in 1853.

Mr. Johnson married, October 30, 1855, Catherine C., daughter of Rev. Chester Isham (Y. C. 1820) and Diana (Comstock) Isham of Taunton, Mass. She died in 1877, and in 1880 he married Mrs. Rhoda E. (Jackson) Hall, daughter of Wesley and Eliza Jackson, who survives him with his son by the first marriage, both the daughters having died.

Mr. Johnson died, December 14, 1908, at New Haven, N. Y., where he had resided since 1888, at the age of 85 years. His sincerity and kindness endeared him to a large circle of friends.



1851

JAMES LEWIS GOULD, son of Bradley and Betsey Burr (Gould) Gould, was born November 15, 1830, in that part of the old town of Weston now within the boundary of Easton, Conn. His parents were second cousins. When he was about three years of age the family removed to Bridgeport, Conn., which was his home during most of his life. Soon after he began to attend school, when he was seven years old, he lost the sight of his right eye from an arrow discharged at short range by another boy.

During his college course and after graduation he wrote steadily for a number of literary papers and magazines. In collaboration with Mrs. Louise Chandler Moulton he edited a holiday volume called the "Waverly Garland," composed of articles written for it by contributors to the *Waverly Magazine*. In 1853 he received the degree of Master of Arts in course from Yale.

After graduation he studied in the law office of Judge Elisha L. Abernethy in Bridgeport, and after admission to the bar of Fairfield County in August, 1853, formed a partnership with General William Henry Noble (Y. C. 1832). He was remarkably successful in practice, in spite of his disability, the first year being retained in nearly two hundred cases in various courts, but a weakness of his remaining eye caused him to give up legal work. He bought a farm at Long Hill, in the town of Trumbull, north of Bridgeport, but after two years of farming returned to the practice of his profession in Bridgeport, and was Judge of Probate for the District of Bridgeport four years, also several terms a member of the City Council, and for a time Recorder of the City Court.

In 1866 Mr. Gould purchased an interest in the *Bridgeport Daily and Weekly Farmer*, and for twenty-five years was the senior partner and able Managing Editor of that Democratic paper. In February, 1890, chronic glaucoma attacked his remaining eye, compelling him to give up active

business. He sold his interest in January, 1891. Since 1892 he had been totally blind.

He held all the important Masonic offices in turn and was an authority on the philosophy, symbolism, and ritual of Freemasonry. He published a standard "Guide to the Chapter," which is still much used.

Mr. Gould was for many years a vestryman of Trinity Church, Bridgeport.

He married, December 26, 1853, Helen M., daughter of Hon. James and Ruth (Roundey) Gregory, of Marblehead, Mass.

Mr. Gould died of diabetic coma following the grip and pneumonia, January 26, 1909, at Norwich, Conn., where he had lived since 1903. He was 78 years of age. Mrs. Gould survived him but two days, dying from pneumonia, and they were buried at the same time. Their two daughters are living.

THOMAS GODDARD KENT, son and youngest of six children of John and Mary (Goddard) Kent, was born December 12, 1829, in Framingham, Mass.

In the spring of 1852 his father died, but his mother lived to the age of 87 years, dying in 1879.

After graduation he immediately began the study of law at Winchendon, Mass., with Justice Edward Mellen, of the Court of Common Pleas, was admitted to the bar in October, 1853, and began practice in Milford, Worcester County, Mass. Before 1860 he was arguing cases alone before the judges of the Supreme Court, and since then had many and some very important cases at each annual session of that court.

He rarely held political office, but in 1869 was elected a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, and served on the Judiciary Committee. In 1874 he was the Republican candidate for State Senator, but in the general party defeat he failed of election. In 1875

the Supreme Court appointed him one of the three examiners of candidates for admission to the Worcester County bar, and he held this position for sixteen years. About 1882 he was appointed by the Governor one of the Massachusetts commissioners who established the boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island, in dispute for two hundred years. In 1883 he removed to the city of Worcester, where he was in partnership with George T. Dewey till his retirement from practice in 1907. In 1886 he was again elected to the House of Representatives, being Chairman of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Kent died at the McLean Hospital in Waverly, Mass., April 16, 1909. He was in his 80th year.

He married, first, Annie E., daughter of Peter and Sarah (Freeland) Snyder of Claverack, N. Y. She died in December, 1863, and he married, August 21, 1866, Charlotte Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. James Trask Woodbury (Harvard 1823) and Augusta (Porter) Woodbury, who died in 1877. In 1888 he married Lucy A. Flagg, who survives him.

### 1852

DANIEL COIT GILMAN, son of William Charles and Eliza (Coit) Gilman, was born July 6, 1831, in Norwich, Conn. In his fourteenth year he removed with his parents to New York City, where he prepared for college under John J. Owen, D.D., LL.D. (Middlebury College 1828), who was then principal of Cornelius Institute and afterwards Professor of Latin and Greek in the College of the City of New York. He was also for a short time a clerk in his father's mercantile house. During these years, as well as during his college course, by teaching and writing he contributed substantially toward his own support. While in college he was President of the Linonian Society and one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, and enjoyed the inspiring influence of his uncle, Professor James L. Kingsley, in whose family he resided.



After graduation he continued his studies in New Haven under the direction of Professor (afterward President) Porter and engaged in private teaching and literary work, and in 1853 spent several months in graduate work at Harvard University, where his home was with Professor Arnold Guyot. In December of that year he and his friend, Andrew D. White (Y. C. 1853), afterward President of Cornell University and United States Minister to Russia and later to Germany, sailed for Europe as attachés of the American Legation at St. Petersburg. Subsequently he attended lectures at the University of Berlin on physical and political geography, and traveled in various countries studying social, educational, and physical conditions. In 1855 he was appointed commissioner from Connecticut to the Universal Exposition in Paris, and was Secretary of the Board of Associated Commissioners.

At the close of that year, after an absence of two years, he returned, and in the summer of 1856 was made Assistant Librarian and, two years later, Librarian of Yale College. The latter office he resigned in 1865. From 1856 to 1860 he was also Acting Visitor of Schools in New Haven, and from 1865 to the close of 1866 was Secretary of the State Board of Education. During these years he prepared a series of school geographies and maps, in coöperation with Professor Arnold Guyot, contributed to Appleton's American Encyclopædia, and assisted in preparing Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, edition of 1864. He was associated with Hon. Henry Barnard, LL.D. (Y. C. 1830), in the publication of the *Connecticut Common School Journal*. He also edited the Obituary Record of Yale Graduates for 1863, 1864, and 1865.

After retiring from the librarianship he devoted himself more fully to the Professorship of Physical and Political Geography in the Sheffield Scientific School. To this chair he had been appointed by the Yale Corporation in 1863. In 1870 he was appointed a member of the Council of the

School of the Fine Arts. He became also the Secretary of the Sheffield Scientific School, and was one of its six incorporators in 1871. He was later a member of the Board of Managers of the Yale Observatory.

In 1872 he left Yale to accept the Presidency of the University of California, which he had declined when it was first offered to him at the opening of the University in 1870. After three years in this office he resigned to devote himself to the organization and upbuilding of the newly-founded Johns Hopkins University of Baltimore, Md., the aim of which was to supply opportunities for more advanced professional and scientific training than could be obtained in the existing colleges and universities in this country. Having this end in view, he visited the universities of Europe in 1875 and 1877 to study their methods and organization.

With a genius for organization and administration and rare discernment in the selection of men, with high ideals, yet practical resourcefulness, appreciating both the sciences and the humanities and himself having varied intellectual interests, of wide sympathies and great tact, he was an inspiring leader, and under his wise guidance Johns Hopkins University and later its Medical School quickly came to exert a marked and lasting influence upon higher education throughout the country. In May, 1875, he began his work as President of the University, and on February 22, 1876, made his inaugural address. He was also Director of the Johns Hopkins Hospital and intimately associated with its management and progress.

While in Baltimore he took part in almost every wise movement for social betterment in the city. He was a founder of the Charity Organization Society, of the Baltimore Reform League, of the Municipal Art Society, of the New Mercantile Library; was a member of the Board of School Commissioners, of the Commission to draft a charter of Baltimore in 1897; was a trustee of the Peabody Insti-

tute, of the Enoch Pratt Free Library, and of the Samuel Ready Orphan School.

In 1895 he was chairman of the Committee of Awards at the Atlanta Exposition, and in 1896 was appointed by President Cleveland to the United States Commission to determine the boundary line between Venezuela and British Guiana. He organized the Walter Reed Memorial Association, and it was chiefly through his efforts that the fund was raised to commemorate the work of Walter Reed and his colleagues in discovering means of preventing and controlling yellow fever.

After twenty-five years at the head of Johns Hopkins University, he retired from the work in 1901, becoming President *Emeritus*, but continued his activity in many forms of public service. In 1902 he was chosen the first President of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, and remained in charge three years while its plan of work was being developed. He was also a trustee of the Russell Sage Foundation to improve social and living conditions and an incorporator of the General Education Board.

For many years he was intimately connected with the work of Southern education, being one of the original trustees of the John F. Slater Fund to educate the freedmen, and serving as Secretary and President of that Board, and as Vice-President of the Peabody Education Fund for education in the Southern States.

He was a leading official of many national organizations, from 1893 to 1905 being President of the American Oriental Society, in recent years President of the American Bible Society, of which his brother, Rev. Edward W. Gilman (Y. C. 1843), was for thirty years Secretary, and from 1901 to 1907 President of the National Civil Service Reform League, succeeding Hon. Carl Schurz. He was Vice-President of the Archæological Institute of America, for several years Vice-President of the American Social Science Association, also corresponding member of the



British Association for the Advancement of Science and of the Massachusetts Historical Society, Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, Officer of Public Instruction in France, member of the Cobden Club of London, the American Philosophical Society, the New York Academy of Science, and other learned societies.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Harvard University and St. John's College, Maryland, in 1876, from Columbia University in 1887, from Yale University and the University of North Carolina in 1889, from Princeton in 1896, from the University of Toronto in 1903, from the University of Wisconsin in 1904, from Clark University in 1905, and from William and Mary College in 1906.

In 1859 Dr. Gilman delivered the Historical Address at Norwich, Conn., commemorative of the two hundredth anniversary of the town; at the semicentennial celebration of the founding of the Sheffield Scientific School, October 27, 1897, the chief address; and at the Yale Bicentennial Anniversary an address on "The Relations of Yale to Letters and Science." He was a frequent contributor to periodicals, and prepared many reviews, reports, and educational papers, some of which were included in his "University Problems in the United States," 1898, and in "Launching of a University," 1906. He wrote two volumes of biography: "James Munroe in his Relations to the Public Service during Half a Century" (American Statesmen Series, 1883), and the "Life of James Dwight Dana," 1899; edited the works of Francis Lieber and of his brother-in-law, Dr. Joseph P. Thompson (Y. C. 1838), and a new edition of DeTocqueville's "Democracy in America." He was a contributor to "Johnson's Universal Cyclopædia," and chief editor of the "New International Encyclopædia."

Between 1853 and 1908 Dr. Gilman visited Europe ten times, extending his travels to Algiers, Egypt, and the Holy Land. He spent most of the summer of 1908 in southern

Europe and returned to America October 7. After a brief stay with relatives in Newport, R. I., he went to the home of his sister in Norwich, where he died suddenly of heart disease, October 13, at the age of 77 years. He was buried in Yantic Cemetery. He was a member of the Yale University Church.

He married, December 4, 1861, Mary, daughter of Tredwell Ketcham of New York City. She died October 25, 1869. In 1877 (June 13) he married, at Newport, R. I., Elizabeth Dwight Woolsey, daughter of John Mumford Woolsey (Y. C. 1813) of Cleveland, O., and New Haven, Conn., and niece of President Woolsey. Mrs. Gilman survives him with two daughters by his first marriage.

A service in his memory was held at Johns Hopkins University, November 8, 1908, an account of which constitutes *The Johns Hopkins University Circular* for December.

FRANCIS WILLARD HARDY, son of Jeremiah Pearson and Catherine (Wheeler) Hardy, was born February 11, 1830, at Hampden, Penobscot County, Me. He was prepared for college at the High School in the neighboring city of Bangor, and from there entered college.

After graduation he spent a year abroad and then taught in Maine and Auburndale, Mass., about a year and a half, afterward settling in Bangor, where he was a photographer for twenty-five years. He is said to have taken the earliest photographs in this country of the living human larynx. About 1880 he removed to Springfield, Mass., where he continued photography but was later employed in a manufacturing concern, and about 1903 went to Brooklyn, N. Y., where he lived a lonely but brave and cheerful life. While in college he became a member of the First Congregational Church in Bangor.

He died of pneumonia, at the Methodist Episcopal (Seney) Hospital in Brooklyn, June 14, 1908. He was in the 79th year of his age.

He married, September 23, 1858, Martha A., daughter of James Hills of Monson, Me. She died in 1865, and in 1867 he married, at Galesburg, Ill., Helen Marion, daughter of Lemuel Stilson. She died in 1876, leaving a daughter. Two daughters by the first marriage are also living. A son died in infancy, in 1860. Mr. Hardy married in 1880 Salome A. Hodgden of Bangor, who died in 1897.

WILLIAM MORRIS STEWART, son of Frederick Augustus Stewart, who served in a Vermont regiment during the War of 1812, and Miranda (Morris) Stewart, was born August 9, 1825, at Galen, near Lyons, Wayne County, N. Y. When he was seven years old the family moved to Mesopotamia Township, Trumbull County, O., and he attended the academy in the adjoining town of West Farmington, but in order to prepare for college he returned to Lyons and studied in the newly-established high school, from the age of fourteen years supporting himself by manual labor and teaching. He excelled in mathematics.

With his small savings supplemented by aid from a friend, he entered Yale, but left in December, 1849, to join in the search for gold in California. In 1865 the Yale Corporation voted him the degree of Master of Arts with enrollment in his class.

Reaching California by way of Panama in May, 1850, he spent two years in mining, prospecting, and constructing ditches. Early in 1852 he began the study of law in Nevada City, was admitted to the bar and appointed District Attorney of Nevada County in November of that year, and was elected to the same office in 1853. The next year he was appointed Attorney-General of the State. He resigned six months later and resuming private practice became a leading mining lawyer in San Francisco, but later returned to Nevada City and then to Downieville. In 1859, soon after the discovery of the Comstock lode in western Utah, now Nevada, he removed to Virginia City, and was at



once retained by the original lode claimants, ably defending their interests during four years of complicated litigation.

He assisted in organizing the Territorial government, was a member of the Territorial Legislature in 1861, and of the State Constitutional Convention in 1864. He exerted a strong influence toward keeping California and Utah loyal to the Union, and was a warm admirer of Abraham Lincoln. On the admission of Nevada as a state in December, 1864, he was elected United States Senator, and, by reëlection, continued in this office ten years, serving upon the Judiciary Committee and those on public lands, Pacific Railroad, and mines and mining. His service in securing adequate mining laws for the country was of great value. His plan of reconstruction for the South providing universal amnesty and universal suffrage was not adopted, but as a member of the Judiciary Committee he framed and introduced the draft of the Fifteenth Amendment in the form which was adopted. In 1871 he declined an appointment to the Supreme Court of the United States offered him by President Grant. He retired from the Senate in 1875 and resumed private practice, being constantly engaged in important mining, land, and railroad cases. In 1887 he was again elected to the Senate of the United States and devoted himself especially to the remonetization of silver and to irrigation. He edited *The Silver Knight*, and in 1896 published "Analysis of the Functions of Money." In the Fifty-first Congress he made two notable speeches opposing the Federal Elections Bill, the latter speech being considered the most effective of his life. He coöperated with Senator Morrill in securing the passage of the law establishing agricultural colleges in each state, and with others advocated the law for experiment stations in each of these colleges. As chairman of the Committee on Indian Affairs he had much to do with congressional action on Indian questions. He early urged the allotment of lands to the Indians in severalty. After eighteen successive years of service he

again retired from the Senate, March 4, 1905, and returned to Nevada, selecting Bullfrog, in the mining district in the southern part of the State, as his home.

In 1902 he was counsel before the Court of Arbitration authorized by The Hague Convention of 1899 in the Pious Fund case, which had been in controversy between the United States and Mexico for sixty years. It was the first case submitted to the Permanent Court of Arbitration.

Senator Stewart died at the Georgetown Hospital, Washington, D. C., April 23, 1909, at the age of 83 years. About three weeks before he had undergone an operation, and a week before his decease began to fail steadily.

He married, in California, in the spring of 1855, Annie E., daughter of his law partner, Hon. Henry Stuart Foote (Washington and Lee 1820), formerly Governor of Mississippi and United States Senator. They had three daughters. She died in 1902, and in the fall of 1903 he married, at Atlanta, Ga., Mrs. May Agnes (Atchison) Cone, the widow of Theodore Cone of Washington, who survives him.

### 1853

HIRAM BINGHAM, son of Rev. Hiram Bingham (Middlebury 1816; M.A. Yale 1819) and Sybil Mosely Bingham, pioneer missionaries to the Sandwich Islands, was born at Honolulu, August 16, 1831. When ten years of age he came with his parents to the United States, and attended Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduating from college he was Principal of the Northampton (Mass.) High School a year, and then spent six months traveling in Europe as a tutor. On his return he entered Andover Theological Seminary, but was obliged to leave on account of bronchial difficulty early in 1856 before completing the course, and spent the summer on an Illinois farm. He was ordained in New Haven, Conn., November 9, 1856, and on the 18th of the same month married,

at Northampton, Mass., Minerva Clarissa, daughter of Captain Jonathan and Clarissa (Allen) Brewster." December 2, he and his wife sailed from Boston in the first *Morning Star* as missionaries of the American Board. They went by way of Honolulu and landed at Apaiang, Gilbert Islands, November 19, 1857.

Upon this coral island he labored in the midst of great privations. He was compelled to wait a year for mail, and the first one was seized by the natives with the idea that it was a new kind of food. In the seven years spent there he reduced the native language to writing and began the translation of the New Testament, translated and composed hymns, preached, and taught, until the failure of his health compelled his return to the Hawaiian Islands, where he gradually recovered. For the further improvement of his health he visited the United States in 1865. In November, 1866, he sailed again from Boston for the Pacific in the second *Morning Star*, of which he was appointed commander, and arrived at Honolulu four months later. Continuing in command, he made a voyage to the missions of the native Hawaiian churches on the Marquesas Islands, and also made the circuit of Micronesia, returning in 1868 to Honolulu. There he took up his residence, making occasional visits of a few months to Micronesia, while continuing the translation of the Bible into the Gilbertese language. Upon completing his translation of the New Testament in the spring of 1873, he made a second attempt to live for a time in Apaiang, engaging especially in the work of training young men for the ministry. The endeavor proved nearly fatal, but he at length succeeded in getting back to Honolulu by way of Samoa, the Fiji Islands, and New Zealand, though completely prostrated. When able to resume work he devoted himself with increased zeal to providing a Christian literature for the Gilbert Islanders.

From 1877 to 1880 he was also Corresponding Secretary of the Hawaiian Board of Missions and at the invitation



of the Hawaiian Board of Immigration, was for a year, "Inspector and Protector of South Sea Immigrants," more than a thousand in number, most of whom had come from the Gilbert Islands to work on the sugar plantations.

Dr. Bingham prepared a Grammar of the Gilbertese language, compiled an enlarged Hymn and Tune Book, edited a Gilbertese Bible Dictionary and a Commentary on the Gospels and the Acts of the Apostles, finished the translation of the entire Bible into Gilbertese, and prepared a Gilbertese-English Dictionary of 11,000 words for commercial and missionary use. Besides these he published through the American Board in 1866, "The Story of the Morning Star," which has passed through many editions and been enlarged from time to time, and often contributed to the *Missionary Herald* descriptions of the Gilbert Islands and accounts of the missionary work there. Dr. and Mrs. Bingham were for many years the sole authors of the literature accessible to the thirty thousand people of the islands. In 1892 he came to the United States to superintend the printing of the Gilbertese Bible at the Bible House in New York. Nine editions of the Bible have been printed, the first in 1893.

Dr. Bingham was present at the fortieth anniversary of his class in 1893, when the class voted to place in the University Library a copy of his translation of the Bible. The same year Yale and Western Reserve Universities conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity, Oahu College conferring upon him the same degree in 1897.

The fiftieth anniversary of Dr. Bingham's work as a missionary was observed by the Gilbertese Evangelical Association by a conference and celebration at Apaiang attended by several hundred native Christian people, many of whom came from the distant islands of the group.

In connection with the publication of the Gilbertese-English Dictionary Dr. Bingham again came to the United States in 1908. He was a notable figure at Commencement when he attended his class anniversary.

In the middle of October, although scarcely recovered from pneumonia, he attended the annual meeting of the American Board in Brooklyn, N. Y., where his impressive presence and addresses were most inspiring.

Immediately afterward he went to the Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore for a long-anticipated operation. This was successful and he appeared to be recovering, when after two days his heart suddenly failed and he died, October 25, 1908, at the age of 77 years. The funeral took place in the Associate Congregational Church in Baltimore, and a memorial service was held in Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., where he had made his last address. His ashes were taken to Honolulu, where his wife, who died in November, 1903, was buried. His first son died at birth, but his surviving son, born nearly eighteen years later, Hiram Bingham, Ph.D. (Y. C. 1898), is a Lecturer on Latin American History in Yale University.

A bronze tablet in memory of Dr. Bingham and his classmate Charles Harding, over forty years a missionary in India, has been placed in the Memorial Vestibule of Woolsey Hall by the survivors of the class. Just after his death an auxiliary gasoline schooner, *The Hiram Bingham*, provided by the Sunday school children of the country, was launched at San Francisco for the use of missionaries in the Gilbert Islands. It took the place of a schooner of the same name which had been in service sixteen years, and sailed with a cargo of Bibles and other books in the Gilbertese language.

SHERMAN WILLARD KNEVALS, son of Sherman Wakefield and Lucy Mary (Miles) Knevals, was born October 29, 1832, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation he studied law under Calvin Frost (Y. C. 1842), in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., two years and was admitted to the bar July 3, 1855. With his classmate, Benjamin K. Phelps, he first formed a partnership in New York City, under the name of Phelps & Knevals. In 1871

Hon. Chester A. Arthur, afterward President of the United States, entered the firm, and in 1873 Rastus S. Ransom, the title becoming successively Arthur, Phelps & Knevals, and Arthur, Phelps, Knevals & Ransom. Mr. Phelps died in 1880 and Mr. Arthur became President in September, 1881, the firm name being further modified in consequence to Arthur, Knevals & Ransom, and Knevals & Ransom. Since then he had continued at the head of his firm, enjoying a high reputation in his profession and warmly esteemed by a very large circle of friends.

Mr. Knevals died at his home in New York City, December 4, 1908, of heart disease following an illness of about two weeks. He was 76 years of age.

He married, in New Haven, December 11, 1861, Anna DeWitt Hotchkiss, daughter of Russell and Catherine (Wadsworth) Hotchkiss. Their only son died August 5, 1887, and Mrs. Knevals, February 1, 1902, but their two daughters survive.

SAMUEL BRIGHAM SPOONER, son of Samuel Brigham and Polly Olds (Richardson) Spooner, was born November 2, 1830, in Springfield, Mass.

The year after graduation he was Principal of the Woodbury (Conn.) Academy and then taught in General Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven, Conn. After spending a year in Jackson, Mich., he returned to Springfield, where he engaged in the flour business about three years. He was elected City Clerk and Treasurer in 1862, but resigned from office to serve in the Civil War.

He joined the 46th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and was elected Captain of Company A. This regiment was made up entirely of western Massachusetts men, mostly from Hampden County and the neighboring hill towns to the west and north, and its duty during its nine months' service was almost entirely picketing near Newbern, N. C. In February, 1863, he was promoted to the rank of Major.



After being mustered out of service, in July, 1863, he returned to Springfield, and the following September was elected Register of Deeds of Hampden County. This office he held to the end of his life, and for many years the Colonel of his regiment, William L. Shurtleff, was Judge of Probate. Major Spooner was universally liked and would doubtless have succeeded to this office upon Colonel Shurtleff's death, except for deafness which had then come upon him. In 1871 he was a member of the Common Council, and in 1872-73 Mayor of the city.

Major Spooner had been troubled with a complication of diseases for about three months, but his condition had been serious for only ten days before his death, which occurred at his home in Springfield, March 29, 1909. He was 78 years of age.

He married, October 29, 1863, Jennie M., daughter of Theodore and Esther (Chaffee) Bishop. She died July 20, 1878, but a son and a daughter, also three sisters, survive him.

### 1854

JOHN THOMAS MILLER, son of Deacon Thomas A. Miller, a farmer, and Mary Coe (Hudson) Miller, was born October 28, 1832, at Torrington, in the town of Torrington, Conn., and was fitted for college at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduation he taught during the fall at Salem, Mass., the following winter and spring at Winsted, Conn., and the next two years at Richland, Mich. In June, 1857, he removed to Grand Rapids, in the same state, and began the study of law, spending the early part of 1858 at the law school in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., but finishing his studies in the office of [Judge Samuel L.] Withey & Gray, in Grand Rapids. He was admitted to the bar in March, 1859, and was in partnership with William Ashley and James B. Wilson until 1870. Since then he had practiced alone.

Mr. Miller died of organic disease of the heart, at Grand Rapids, November 27, 1908, at the age of 76 years. He was for twenty years a deacon of the South Congregational Church.

He was married by his classmate and fellow-townsmen, Rev. Joseph Morgan Smith, May 26, 1875, to Sarah Esther, daughter of John P. Wykes, of Grand Rapids, and had a daughter and a son. The son died in 1886 when only four years old, but Mrs. Miller and their daughter (University of Michigan) survive.

STARR HOYT NICHOLS, son of David P. Nichols, formerly State Treasurer of Connecticut, and Mariette (Williams) Nichols, was born November 16, 1834, at Bethel, Conn.

After graduation from college he taught several months in West Chester, Pa., in 1855 went to Europe, and from June of that year to February, 1857, was United States Vice-Consul at Bremen, Germany. After spending the several months following in travel on the Continent and in England, he returned home in November, 1857.

He then studied theology two years at Andover Theological Seminary, continued his studies in New York City, was ordained to the ministry June 28, 1860, and began pastoral work at Mansfield, O., where he remained two years. In September, 1862, he assumed the charge of the New England Church, Chicago, but resigned in June, 1865, to accept the call of the Vine Street Congregational Church in Cincinnati. On account of continued ill health he resigned from this pastorate in January, 1867. After spending a year abroad with little benefit to his health, he withdrew from the ministry and became a manufacturer of agricultural machinery in Cincinnati. At the end of two years in his new occupation his health became so much better that he determined to return to the ministry, but into that of the Protestant Episcopal Church. In December, 1870, he was ordained Deacon by Bishop Williams of Connecticut.

In April, 1871, he married Sybil E., daughter of Eli K. Price, LL.D., a lawyer of Philadelphia, Pa., and resided in that city until 1882. In spite of constant ill health while there he finished and published in 1882, through Houghton, Mifflin & Co., "Monte Rosa, the Epic of an Alp," a poem which was at once received with marked favor. A revised edition was issued in 1884. In the fall of 1908 he published a volume of sonnets, "Breath of the World." He also wrote other poems, and had nearly ready for publication a volume on the Bacon-Shakespeare controversy, in which he advocated the Baconian theory.

Mrs. Nichols died August 5, 1882, leaving no children. Mr. Nichols was for a long time in a critical condition, but he at length rallied. Removing to New York City, he was engaged in the stock brokerage business until 1890, as a partner in the firm of Denslow, Easton & Herts. For several years afterward he devoted himself to building a short line of railway, and for several months was one of the editors of the *Social Economist*.

Mr. Nichols had long suffered from insomnia, and was accustomed to inhale chloroform for relief. While stopping at the Royal Hawaiian Hotel in Honolulu, he accidentally inhaled too large a dose, and died May 30, 1909, in the 75th year of his age. His body was cremated and the ashes brought to Danbury, Conn.

DAVID COGSWELL PROCTOR, son of Rev. David Choate Proctor (Dartmouth 1818) and Francis Watkins (Nantz) Proctor, was born July 16, 1835, at Shelbyville, Ky., but entered college from Prince Edward County, Va. His mother was the daughter of Frederick Nantz of Springfield, N. H., and first married William S. Venable of Prince Edward County.

After graduation he studied law in Kentucky a year, and a year in the Harvard Law School, receiving from the latter the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1856. In October



of that year he settled in Indianola, Tex., where, except while absent during the Civil War, he practiced law until the place was destroyed by a cyclone in 1875. He then made a fresh start in Cuero, Tex., where he prospered and won a large practice, two sons being in partnership with him. He died there May 17, 1908, at the age of 72 years.

Mr. Proctor married, August 17, 1859, Anna A., daughter of Rev. Stephen F. Cocke of Calhoun County, Tex., and had six children, of whom three died in infancy, but two sons and a daughter are living. Mrs. Proctor died in 1880, and in 1884 he married Emma Bland, daughter of George W. Harrison of Victoria, Tex., who survives him.

### 1855

HENRY TREAT CHITTENDEN, son of Asahel and Harriet Herpin (Treat) Chittenden, was born December 18, 1834, in Columbus, O. His father was a native of Waterbury, Conn., and removed to Columbus in 1829. He entered college with his brother Sterne at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied law for three years in Ohio, and in August, 1858, began practice in Galena, Ill., in the firm of Leach & Chittenden. In May, 1860, he removed to Dayton, O., and in March, 1861, to Columbus, which had since been his home, and where he practiced his profession until his retirement in 1904.

He was closely connected with many interests in that city and state. He was the builder and long the owner of the Chittenden Hotel, and Vice-President of the Columbus Consolidated Street Railroad Co. During the Civil War he was Captain of Militia, and served in Kentucky and throughout southern Ohio. During the Presidential campaign of 1884 he edited the *Daily Columbus Times* for a year, and was later part owner of and occasional contributor to the *Ohio State Journal*. In 1888 he was Vice-President of the Ohio Centennial Commission.

Mr. Chittenden died of old age at his home in Columbus, May 30, 1909, in the 75th year of his age.

He married, January 18, 1872, Helen K., daughter of E. T. Mithoff, and had two daughters and a son. After her death, he married, at Leesburg, Va., in 1892, Henrietta Benedict, daughter of J. Bassell, by whom he had a son.

JOHN KING DUNN, son of Denton Dunn, a merchant of Cincinnati, O., was born in that city August 15, 1834. His mother was Lucretia (Palmer) Dunn.

After graduation he studied law at Cincinnati and Grand Rapids, Mich., for two years, and was admitted to the bar at Grand Rapids, September 17, 1857. After spending several months in further law study in Philadelphia, he opened an office in Grand Rapids in February, 1858, but the next year gave up law practice and began the study of theology in the Theological Seminary of Virginia at Alexandria, continuing later at Kenyon College. In 1860 his health failed and he devoted himself to an active outdoor life in Michigan for five years, after which he was able to take up his chosen life work. He was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, in St. Mark's Church, Grand Rapids, March 11, 1866, and was appointed Assistant Minister in St. John's Church, Detroit, Mich. The following September he was ordained Priest, and became Rector of Trinity Church, Marshall, Mich., but fifteen months later went to Trinity Church, Lawrence, Kans., where he continued as Rector until April, 1875, and while there secured the erection of a stone Gothic church, a counterpart of the one at Marshall, Mich. He was then Rector of Emmanuel Reformed Episcopal Church, Louisville, Ky., a year, and of Christ Church (Reformed Episcopal) at Cumberland, Md., five years, in February, 1881, resigning from the latter because of ill health. He returned to Lawrence, and engaged in farming and in the loan and other business, gaining recuperation from the change of pursuits. From

March, 1889, to January, 1895, he was Rector of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Kansas City, Mo., and then began his duties as Secretary of the Board of Missions for Western Missouri, also as Secretary of the Diocese of West Missouri, later called Diocese of Kansas City, and as Rector of Christ Episcopal Church, Warrensburgh, Mo., where he secured the erection of a handsome stone church.

Besides the *Journal of the Diocese of West Missouri*, he published a baccalaureate address before the Missouri State Normal School in 1895, and occasional articles.

Mr. Dunn died, after an illness of several weeks, at his home in Kansas City, August 29, 1908, at the age of 74 years. He had just completed the publication of the *Journal of his Diocese* for 1908.

He married, at Grand Rapids, Mich., March 25, 1856, Mary M., daughter of William and Daria (Quikanoff) Talman, the latter a Russian lady. Mrs. Dunn survives with two sons and a daughter, two sons and two daughters having died. One son graduated from the University of Kansas in 1887 and a daughter (deceased) in 1886, and the youngest daughter from Aurora College in 1898.

OSCAR MOSES SMITH, son of Moses and Dianthia (Sykes) Smith, was born December 20, 1827, at Java, Wyoming County, N. Y. He left college the second term of Junior year on account of the failure of his health, but in 1859 received the degree of Master of Arts and was enrolled with his class.

In 1855-56 he was engaged in farming and the next year was teaching at Bellefontaine, O. For two years following he studied in the Yale Theological Seminary, then a year at Andover Theological Seminary, graduating from the latter in 1860. Until December, 1861, he was again occupied in farming in his native town and then began a series of pastorates in Wisconsin and Minnesota, the first three years being Pastor of the Congregational church at Center, Rock



County, Wisc., where he was ordained and installed February 25, 1863. Closing his work there in November, 1864, he preached at Milton, in the same county, until 1866, and at Monticello, Minn., from 1869 to 1875. From 1866 to 1869, and again from 1875 to 1878 he was at his early home or in the vicinity. After preaching six months at Breckenridge, Minn., in 1878, he was installed Pastor of the Union Church of Hawley, Clay County, Minn., in 1879, and continued his unselfish, faithful work there for nineteen years.

Retiring with the deep love of the community, he returned to his native place, where he spent the last ten years of his life, dying there at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Jean Dickson Lyford, September 13, 1908, in his 81st year. He was ill about two weeks.

Mr. Smith married, at Janesville, Wisc., June 9, 1864, Jean, daughter of William and Annabel (Wall) Dickson. She died May 20, 1872, and their son died in 1883, but their daughter survives him.

He greatly prized the opportunity of renewing old fellowships at the fiftieth anniversary gathering of his class in 1905. This was the only reunion he had attended since graduation.

### 1856

EDWARD ORSON COWLES, son of Rev. Orson Cowles (Y. C. 1828) and Eunice Ann (Foote) Cowles, was born December 22, 1834, at Woodstock, Conn., but came to college from North Haven, Conn.

The first year after graduation he was teaching in Trumansburg, Tompkins County, N. Y., and in 1858-59 in Essex, Conn. He then studied medicine, spending two years in the Yale Medical School and an intervening year with Drs. William and John H. Welch in Norfolk, Conn., at the same time teaching there. Upon receiving his medical degree in 1862 he served in the New Haven Hospital, but in August, 1862, was commissioned First Assistant Surgeon

of the Fifteenth Connecticut Volunteer Infantry. He was in service chiefly in Virginia and North Carolina until mustered out in July, 1865.

From August, 1865, to January, 1867, he practiced in Kent, Conn., and then for thirty-four years in New York City, where he was Attending Physician to the New York Dispensary for some time from 1869. In 1876 he was elected a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine. About 1901 he retired from practice and since then had led a secluded life, with headquarters at the Soldiers' Home at Hampton, Va., and later at Dayton, O., where he died June 26, 1908, at the age of 73 years. He was skillful in his profession, generous and conscientious, of genial wit and fine character.

Dr. Cowles married, December 22, 1881, Mrs. Georgianna Middlebrook, who was formerly Miss Kilbourn of Newburyport, Mass. She died in 1905. They had no children.

THEODORE PARSONS HALL, third son of Samuel Holden Parsons and Emeline (Bulkeley) Hall, and a descendant in the seventh generation of Charles Chauncy, second President of Harvard College, was born December 15, 1835, at Rocky Hill, Conn. He was a grandson of Dr. William Brenton Hall (Y. C. 1786), and great-grandson of Major-General Samuel Holden Parsons (Harvard 1756), of the Continental Army, and great-great-grandson of Rev. Jonathan Parsons (Y. C. 1720). His great-great-grandfather, Rev. Samuel Hall (Y. C. 1716), was the first of the name to graduate from Yale, and after being Tutor in the College for two years, was for over fifty years Pastor of the church in Cheshire, Conn., then one of the largest churches in New England. When he was about two years old the family removed to Binghamton, N. Y., where he was pupil at the Binghamton Academy, but completed his college preparation in Albany, N. Y. His father was a merchant, much interested in public affairs, and twice a senator in the New York legislature.

After graduation he studied law a year in the office of his brother, Charles S. Hall (Y. C. 1848), in Binghamton, but deciding to go into the banking business, was for a time in the Central Bank of Brooklyn, N. Y. In 1857 he entered the broker's office of Thompson Brothers in New York City, but in the fall of 1859, this firm having decided to establish a system of banks in Michigan, Mr. Hall was sent to Detroit and made Cashier of the State Bank of Michigan, which afterward became the First National Bank of Detroit. During the Civil War, doubtful of the immediate future of the banking business, he became interested in the commission house of Voorhees & Co., and later engaged in the grain shipping business with Rufus W. Gillett, the firm of Gillett & Hall being most successful. He was recognized as an authority in finance and trade, and the monthly circulars written by him for his firm were esteemed for their reliability, as well as their vigor and humor.

In 1878 the family traveled extensively in Europe, and of late years spent most of the winters in Florida or on the Pacific coast. In 1880 he purchased a summer home in the old French hamlet of Grosse Pointe, Mich., on Lake St. Claire, ten miles above Detroit.

Mr. Hall married, January 11, 1860, Alexandrine Louise, youngest daughter of Hon. Pierre and Marianne Navarre (Godet de Marantette) Godfroy of Detroit, and had seven daughters and two sons.

In 1886 he published a series of "Genealogical Notes" on certain lines of the Hall family, and in 1892 the "Family Records" of himself and his wife.

He died from a complication of diseases, January 3, 1909, at his home at Grosse Pointe. He was 73 years of age. Mrs. Hall and three daughters survive him. A grandson, Brenton Hall Scott, is a member of the Academical Class of 1912.



SIDNEY EDWARDS MORSE, son of Richard Cary Morse (Y. C. 1812) and Sarah Louisa (Davis) Morse, was born in New York City, November 25, 1835.

After graduation he sailed for Hong Kong, China, arrived there after a voyage of nearly four months, and visited Canton, Macao, and other cities. He was detained at Hong Kong by disturbances among the Chinese, but on his return to New York City, after an absence of eight months, he at once took the place of his father as publisher of the *New York Observer*, which his father and uncle, Sidney E. Morse (Y. C. 1811), had founded in 1823. After devoting sixteen years to the management of that paper, he sold his interest and retired from the paper in July, 1873. In 1869 he went abroad for the health of his family and was in Europe again in 1872, 1873, and 1874. The winters of 1874-76 he spent in St. Augustine, Fla., where he was Commodore of the St. Augustine Yacht Club.

He became identified with various business activities, and in 1878, with his cousin, G. L. Morse, he erected in New York City the Morse Building, then said to be the highest brick building in the world, and successfully managed the building until he sold it in 1891. Till the end of his life he retained his office in the building, which stands on the spot where he was born. For several years he was Vice-President of the Bunnell & Eno Investment Company, which enjoyed the full confidence of the public, but was brought into deep trouble by the course of his partner. Mr. Morse was a member of the University Club of New York from its organization until a few years before his death. For twenty-five years he was chairman of the Class Committee and devoted to the interests of the class. From 1865 to 1872 he held every position in the line of promotion on the staffs of two generals of the New York National Guard.

Mr. Morse died of arterial hemorrhage, at his home in New York City, November 13, 1908, at the age of nearly 73 years. He was buried in the Grove Street Cemetery, New Haven, Conn.

He married, at New Haven, November 1, 1859, Anna Maria, daughter of John Barker and Maria Trumbull (Silliman) Church of New York City, and granddaughter of the elder Professor Benjamin Silliman. Mrs. Morse and two daughters survive him.

He was the grandson of Rev. Jedidiah Morse, D.D. (Y. C. 1783), Tutor and "Father of American Geography," and nephew of Samuel F. B. Morse, LL.D. (Y. C. 1810), the inventor of the telegraph. His three brothers also graduated from Yale College respectively in 1862, 1867, and 1868.

### 1857

EDWIN BARROWS, son of Albert Barrows, a cotton manufacturer, and Harriet (Ide) Barrows, was born January 24, 1834, in Norton, Mass.

After graduation he taught in a private school in his native town a while, and then became a clerk for the Wheaton Manufacturing Company, at Norton.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he entered the Union army as a private in Company F, Fourth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, and was appointed Quartermaster-Sergeant of the regiment. He served under General Banks near New Orleans, and was honorably discharged August 28, 1863.

On returning North he engaged as bookkeeper with the wholesale drygoods house of Taylor, Symonds & Co., in Providence, R. I., where he remained until December, 1868. He was then elected Secretary and Treasurer of the Firemen's Mutual Insurance Company and of the Union Mutual Fire Insurance Company and, in 1880, President and Treasurer of both companies, continuing in these offices until the close of his life. Of the First National Bank of Providence he was also President until its absorption by the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, and was a member of the Providence Protective Association and a trustee of various estates.

He was deeply interested in religious, educational, and philanthropic matters, being thirty-four years deacon of the Central Congregational Church, for several years Treasurer of the Rhode Island Bible Society, and for fifteen years Treasurer of the Rhode Island Missionary Society; from 1865 a trustee, and from 1892 Treasurer of the Wheaton Seminary in his native town of Norton, and a member of the corporation of Butler Hospital, of the Providence Athenæum, and the Rhode Island Historical Society, and President of the Providence Charitable Fuel Society.

He was scholarly and quiet in his tastes, particularly fond of historical studies, and had a large and varied collection of autographs and manuscripts, which he began to gather in his youth.

Mr. Barrows was in failing health for over a year, but was able to conduct his business all the time, and died after a short illness due to disease of the heart and kidneys, at his home in Providence, July 10, 1908, at the age of 74 years.

He married, August 20, 1868, Harriet Eliza, daughter of Dr. George B. Armington of Pittsford, Vt., and had two sons and two daughters, who with Mrs. Barrows survive him. The older son graduated from Brown University in 1891, and the younger son in 1898, the latter graduating also from the Harvard Medical School in 1902. The younger daughter (Smith 1897) married Dr. Walter Clark Seelye (Amherst 1895), son of President Seelye of Smith College.

STEPHEN HOLDEN, third of the five children of Joseph and Nancy Clinton (Brown) Holden, was born April 26, 1832, at South Hartwick, Otsego County, N. Y., where his father was a farmer and store and tavern keeper. His grandfather, Stephen Holden, had come to Otsego County about 1790 from Warwick, R. I., where four Randall Holdens in successive generations had lived for a century and a half,



the first of that name being prominently associated with Roger Williams in the settlement of Rhode Island.

In the winter of 1849-50 he began teaching a district school, but in 1852 entered the Delaware Literary Institute at Franklin, Delaware County, N. Y., supporting himself during his course, and entered Yale College from there in 1855, joining the class at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduating with high rank he taught at Trumansburg Academy in Tompkins County, N. Y., but the panic of 1857 soon compelled that institution to close its doors. In the fall of 1858 he began teaching Latin, Greek, and mathematics in Delaware Literary Institute, and continued there three years. He then became a clerk in the law office of Clark & Calvin in Watertown, N. Y., but about March, 1862, entered the law office of Peckham & Tremaine in Albany, and in May of that year was admitted to the bar. He then went into the office of James F. Crawford in Cohoes, N. Y., but September 13 was mustered in as a private in Company H of the 152d New York Volunteer Infantry. He rose by successive promotions, reaching the rank of Captain, February 10, 1865, besides holding two or three temporary staff appointments. He was at the battle of the Wilderness, where he was shot in the face, at the siege of Petersburg, in the series of engagements beginning at Hatcher's Run, March 29, 1865, and ending with the surrender of General Lee at Appomattox, April 9, and was also in many minor conflicts. He was mustered out with his regiment July 13. In the hope of benefiting his health his father had moved south in 1852 and bought a farm near Manassas, Va., but Mr. Holden, owing mainly to his strong feeling over the slavery question, did not follow the family, and while he was in the Union army two of his brothers were in the Confederate army. The farm was in the very center of the conflict, passing alternately from the possession of one side to that of the other.

After the war Mr. Holden returned to Otsego County, N. Y., and was in the law office of James E. Dewey at

Cherry Valley a short time, but in 1866 removed to East Worcester, N. Y., where he practiced his profession and was United States Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue. He settled permanently in Sherburne, Chenango County, in 1871, and in May of that year formed a partnership with Charles A. Fuller. In 1874 this firm was dissolved and he had since practiced alone. In 1876 he was elected Special Judge of Chenango County for four years, and he served sixteen years\* as Justice of the Peace, gaining a reputation for the fairness and impartiality of his decisions. He was President of the village, a member of the Board of Education, and for many years President of the West Hill Cemetery Association. This cemetery and the one at Earlville he had surveyed and laid out, and in connection with his legal work had done much surveying.

In October, 1895, he delivered a historical address on "New England in New York," and in April, 1898, a centennial address on "Oneida County," the first of which was printed in the "Transactions of the Oneida Historical Society." He wrote part of the notes for Barnard's "Annual Law Digest" of 1889 and 1890, also numerous articles for local newspapers on political, historical, and biographical subjects.

His death occurred at home, January 20, 1909, in his 77th year, after an illness of several months.

He married, January 19, 1876, Elizabeth, daughter of Captain Milton and Fanny (Deuel) Bentley, of Sherburne Four Corners, N. Y., and had a daughter and two sons (Colgate University 1899 and 1901, respectively), all of whom, with two grandsons, survive him.

SMITH HARRIS HYDE, son of Dr. John Alderman and Sarah (Smith) Hyde, was born September 28, 1834, at Youngstown, N. Y.

After graduation from college he took the course in Auburn Theological Seminary, was ordained and installed

Pastor of the Presbyterian church at Rock Hill, St. Louis County, Mo. Closing this work in October, 1864, he was Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Carrollton, Ill., until April, 1880, and the following two years of the First Presbyterian Church, East St. Louis, Ill. From the last charge he accepted a call to the First Presbyterian Church, Carthage, Ill., where he continued as Pastor until 1899. After a pastorate of five years in Prairie City, Ill., he retired because of failing health. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Carthage College in 1890. He was Permanent Clerk of the Synod of Illinois for twenty-eight years, Stated Clerk for four years, and was several times Commissioner to the Presbyterian General Assembly.

Dr. Hyde died in Jacksonville, Ill., October 4, 1908, at the age of 74 years.

He married at Youngstown, September 10, 1862, Lucinda Taylor Davis, daughter of Nelson R. and Lucinda (Evans) Davis, who died in 1894. They had six sons and five daughters, of whom three daughters and two sons are living. A daughter, Sarah L. (B.A. Carthage College 1886), married Professor Ernst H. Mensel, Ph.D., of Smith College, and a son, Rev. John N. Hyde (Carthage College 1887), is a missionary in India.

### 1858

MATTHEW CHALMERS, son of Dr. Thomas Clarke and Margaret (McGowan) Chalmers, was born in New York City, October 6, 1836, and was a member of the Class of 1856 during the first term of its Freshman year, but reëntered college with the Class of 1858 at the beginning of its course.

After graduation from college he studied medicine three years in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine therefrom in October, 1861. The preceding summer he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale. After



serving eight months in the Randall's Island Hospital, New York, he entered the United States Navy as Assistant Surgeon, and for six months had charge of the Navy Yard Hospital at Brooklyn, then served as Assistant Surgeon of the frigate *Colorado* off Mobile and later the monitor *Kaatskill* off Charleston. In September, 1864, he resigned from the Navy, and since then had practiced in New York City until his retirement in 1902.

Dr. Chalmers died of pneumonia following apoplexy in New York City, January 6, 1909. He was 72 years of age and had never married. He was buried at West Charlton, Saratoga County, N. Y. His brother, George Chalmers (Y. C. 1861), whose home was in Bournemouth, England, died while visiting in New York, January 15, 1908. A brother, John C. Chalmers (N. Y. University 1864) of Ann Arbor, Mich., a half-sister, Miss Julia H. Chalmers, and a half-brother, Dr. Thomas C. Chalmers, survive him.

ROBERT OGDEN DWIGHT, son of Rev. Robert Ogden (Amherst 1834) and Mary Williams (Billings) Dwight, was born October 8, 1838, in Dindigal, Southern India, where his parents were missionaries. He early came to America and was in the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Rhoda (Edwards) Dwight, who was a granddaughter of Rev. Jonathan Edwards (Y. C. 1720). Because of ill health he was obliged to leave college during his Junior year, but by vote of the Corporation was enrolled with his class in 1904. On leaving college he made a long sea voyage, visiting Java and other oriental countries, returning in 1858, when he entered the law office of Judge William Allen of Northampton, Mass. After being admitted to the bar in Massachusetts, he went to Illinois, but the outbreak of the Civil War ruined his professional prospects, and upon being rejected as a soldier he returned to Massachusetts. Soon afterward he went to New York City for further study. He was admitted to the bar there in 1862, and practiced law

till 1865, when he went to the Pennsylvania oil fields in Venango County, and was Cashier of the President Petroleum, Lumber, and Oil Company. After two years in that capacity he returned to Massachusetts, becoming paymaster of the Glasgow Mills, at South Hadley Falls. A year or so later he opened a law office in the village, but afterward removed his office to Holyoke, continuing to reside at the Falls. He was regarded as one of the best read in law of any of the attorneys of western Massachusetts.

He was Town Attorney of South Hadley for several terms, served as Selectman and on the School Board, also as a member of the Library Board of Trustees, and its President. He was an authority on the history of Hadley, and at its one hundred and fiftieth anniversary in 1903 he gave the historical address. During his later years he contributed many articles to the press on local history and other subjects.

Mr. Dwight died of Bright's disease at his home at South Hadley Falls, November 1, 1908, at the age of 70 years.

He married, October 6, 1869, Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of John Simonton and Sarah Elizabeth (Levensaler) Coburn, of Rockland, Me. She died July 2, 1908. They had no children. One sister survives him.

FREDERICK CHARLES HEWITT, son of Gurdon and Charlotte (Platt) Hewitt, was a life-long resident of Owego, N. Y., where he was born October 25, 1839.

After graduation he gave some attention to legal study and assisted his father in business. Inheriting a large fortune, he increased it by judicious investments and was connected with several strong financial institutions. Since 1883 he had been a director of the First National Bank.

He traveled in Mexico in 1888, in 1889 went to Europe for a year, and had made numerous trips to Colorado and Florida. At Melbourne, in the latter state, he spent much of the winter in recent years. He was fond of sport,

especially of fishing and shooting, a great lover of horses, and an enthusiastic collector of objects of art. He had an especially valuable collection of paintings of the Barbizon school.

He died of apoplexy at Owego, August 30, 1908, in the 69th year of his age. He was never married.

By his will he left large bequests to Yale University, the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, and the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York City.

His brother, Gurdon Hewitt, graduated from the Yale Law School in 1847, and died in 1900.

AUGUSTUS TURNER JONES, son of Augustus and Almeda (Torrey) Jones, was born in North Bridgewater (now Brockton), Mass., May 21, 1832.

After preparation at Phillips (Andover) Academy he entered Amherst College, but at the beginning of Junior year came to Yale.

On graduation he devoted himself for several years to educational work, the first year teaching in Stamford, Conn., the following year being in the office of the School Commission Agency in Boston, and from 1860 to 1863 being Principal of the High School in Hayden(s)ville, Mass.

In 1863 he purchased the *North Bridgewater Gazette*, which afterward became the *Brockton Gazette* and which he conducted as a daily and weekly newspaper from 1868, the publishing firm being A. T. Jones & Co. He disposed of his interest in 1883 and gave his attention to other matters.

Mr. Jones early began his public service, being a member of the School Committee ten years, and Postmaster, from 1874 to 1876. When Brockton became a city in 1881 he was the first President of the Common Council. In 1887 he was elected City Treasurer, but retired in March, 1894, and assisted in the organization of the People's Savings Bank, of which he was Treasurer from 1896. For the last sixteen years he had been a director of the Plymouth County



Trust Company. He was also a member of the State Board of Civil Service Examiners.

Mr. Jones died suddenly of heart failure, at his home in Brockton, March 8, 1909, in the 77th year of his age.

He married, in New Gloucester, Me., December 2, 1860, Helen, daughter of Moses and Betsey (Preble) Eveleth. She died, after a brief illness, May 9, 1875. In 1876 he married Mrs. Hattie (Drake) Pettee, daughter of Ebenezer and Lucy (Reed) Drake, who survives him with their son (Amherst 1900), also two daughters by his first marriage (Wellesley 1889 and 1891, respectively). The elder daughter married Edward D. Blodgett (Amherst 1887).

THOMAS ALBERT PERKINS, son of Dennis and Maria (Clarke) Perkins, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 17, 1839.

After graduation from college he entered Andover Theological Seminary, but on account of ill health remained there only a short time. Returning home he was for a few months with his father's firm of Dennis Perkins & Co., cotton and commission merchants, in New York City, but in March, 1859, went to South Carolina and was in Orangeburg and Aiken until June. The next six months he spent on a farm in Litchfield County, Conn., and after a few months in his father's business, returned to the farm for seven or eight months more. His health then permitting him to resume business, he was in the employ of, and from 1886 until June, 1891, in the firm of Dennis Perkins & Co.

In June, 1861, he engaged in the one hundred day service in the New York State National Guard as Sergeant of Company G, Twenty-second Regiment, at Baltimore and Harper's Ferry, and a year later served for thirty days in the same regiment in Pennsylvania.

In 1871 he became a member of the New York Cotton Exchange, and was a member of its Classification Committee from 1891 until his retirement, July 1, 1908.

Mr. Perkins was senior elder of the First Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, and just after finishing an address at a New Year's Day service in the church he was seized with apoplexy, of which he died a few minutes later, January 1, 1909, in the 70th year of his age. For forty years he was a member and for thirty years an elder of that church. Since 1886 he had resided at 39 Garden Place, Brooklyn. For twenty-nine years he was a member of the Board of Managers of the Brooklyn Bible Society, and at the time of his death Vice-President of the society.

He married, February 9, 1865, Elizabeth, daughter of John and Lucy (Lord) Slade, of New York City, and had five sons and a daughter. Mrs. Perkins died February 5, 1891, and the third son is also deceased, but four sons and his daughter survive him. The eldest son graduated from the Columbia University School of Mines in 1888.

### 1859

WILLIAM PIERCE FREEMAN, son of Silas and Nancy (Colton) Freeman, was born at Champion, Jefferson County, N. Y., December 20, 1833. He prepared himself for college and entered during Sophomore year.

At graduation he was much out of health, and to regaining that he devoted two years. He then studied law a year in the office of John Clark in Watertown, N. Y., near his home, but enlisted in the Union army, September 1, 1862, as a private in the Tenth Regiment, New York Artillery. In 1863 he was promoted to be Second Lieutenant at Fort Rickets, and the next year was made artillery instructor in the forts near Washington. After the assault on Bermuda Hundred in 1865, he was appointed First Lieutenant, and in August his regiment was discharged from service.

He did not long practice law after his return from the war, but purchased the old farm and devoted himself to its cultivation. He was an earnest advocate of civil service reform, public school progress, temperance, and ballot

reform, and wrote extensively for the press of his neighborhood on these subjects.

Mr. Freeman died, December 16, 1908, after an illness of a fortnight from paralysis, at his home in Champion. He was nearly 75 years of age.

He married, at Albany, N. Y., June 28, 1893, Lelia daughter of Robert G. and Mary Louisa (Eighmey) Miller. She survives him with a son.

### 1860

ALONZO BRAYTON BALL, son of Alonzo Spofford Ball, M.D., and Elizabeth Watson (Morton) Ball, was born February 10, 1840, in New York City.

After graduation he studied medicine in New York City nearly two years, but in May, 1862, entered the service of the United States Sanitary Commission, being so employed during the Peninsular Campaign and in the Military Hospital at Frederick, Md., until February, 1863. He then returned home and completed his medical course, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine from Columbia University in March, 1863, and delivering the valedictory address at Commencement. From July, 1863, to December, 1865, he was Senior Assistant Physician and House Physician in the New York Hospital, and then commenced medical practice in New York City. He was Professor of Materia Medica in the Women's Medical College of the New York Infirmary (now included in Cornell Medical College) from 1868 to 1870; Lecturer in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University) from 1870 to 1876, and Professor of Clinical Medicine from 1897; Physician to St. Luke's Hospital from 1881 to 1897, and Consulting Physician since then; Physician to Bellevue Hospital from 1885 to 1888, and to New York Hospital from the latter date to 1905, and since then Consulting Physician. Besides holding membership in many medical societies he was an honorary member of the Association of American Physicians.



Dr. Ball died of pneumonia in Boston, Mass., October 24, 1908, at the age of 68 years. Accompanied by his wife and son he had left New York a few days before apparently in good health.

He married, March 15, 1866, Helen Spranger, daughter of Edward and Sarah Stone of New York City, who survives him with a son, Frank Pennington Ball, a non-graduate member of the Academical Class of 1890.

### 1861

JAMES HARVEY WHITE, son of Andrew and Joanna (Ross) White, was born March 8, 1838, in Freedom Township, Adams County, Pa. He was fitted for college in the Preparatory Department of Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, Pa., and entered Yale about the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation he resided at home, studying law and farming until November, 1862, when he entered the Union army. December 15 he was commissioned Adjutant of the 165th Pennsylvania Volunteers, a nine months' regiment, and took part in the siege of Suffolk, and conflicts of the Deserted House, Carrsville, and South Anna River, all in Virginia. He was mustered out of service July 28, 1863, resumed the study of law, was admitted to the bar in 1864, and after practicing his profession in Gettysburg the next three years, removed to Pittsburg, where he continued in practice until the time of his death. From March, 1899, to October, 1907, he was in the firm of White, Childs & Scott, one of the partners being a son of his classmate, Albert H. Childs, and a member of the Class of 1891.

Mr. White died at the Hotel Schenley, Pittsburg, January 13, 1909, after a long illness, and was buried at Gettysburg. He was 70 years of age, and had never married. He was a member of the United Presbyterian Church.

RALPH OLMSTED WILLIAMS, son of George Nelson and Mary (Olmsted) Williams, was born May 12, 1838, at Palmyra, N. Y. About nine months of the years 1855 and 1856 he spent on the Isthmus of Panama, where his father was General Commercial Agent of the Panama Railroad Company. During his stay there he suffered from the isthmus fever, and felt the effects of it for many years. His preparation for college was made mostly in the year preceding his entrance.

The years 1862, 1863, and part of 1864 were spent in teaching in Great Barrington, Mass., and in Catonsville, Md. While he was visiting his classmate, Anthony Higgins, in New Castle County, Del., in July, 1864, news came of General Early's raid into Maryland, and they both hastily enlisted in a Delaware regiment, then being formed in Wilmington, and marched, traveled, and camped for thirty days, when the regiment was honorably mustered out of service.

During the winter of 1864-65 he studied in the Columbia Law School, in November, 1865, was admitted to the bar in New York State, spent the next two years in the office of Abraham R. Lawrence, and in 1867 formed a partnership with Hon. Theron R. Strong, previously Judge of the New York Supreme Court. The firm was dissolved by mutual consent after a year, and Mr. Williams decided not to accept the partnership with his classmate Kernochan, which was almost immediately offered, but retired from the law.

Early in 1869 he entered into business relations with his college friend, Henry Holt (Y. C. 1862), in the employ of Leypoldt & Holt, book publishers, and two years later was taken into the house as partner. Mr. Leypoldt soon afterward withdrawing, the firm became Holt & Williams, and was very prosperous, the partnership continuing until 1873.

The summer and part of the fall of 1873 Mr. Williams spent in San Francisco and Oakland, Cal., returning later

to Cleveland, Ohio. In the early part of 1875 he removed to California, going by way of Panama, and taught in private schools of Oakland, also devoting much time to study, and enjoying the frequent companionship of his classmate, Edward Rowland Sill, who was then Professor of English Literature in the University of California.

On his return East he was ill with typhoid fever during much of the autumn of 1880. The following year he began an engagement which lasted till 1889 as one of the revisers of "Webster's Unabridged Dictionary," the revision being known as "Webster's International Dictionary." During these eight years he visited Europe twice. In 1890-91 he worked seven or eight months on the "Standard Dictionary," and in the fall of 1891 became Instructor of the Sophomore class in Yale College in English Composition, continuing this instruction two years. Early in 1894 he resumed work on the "Standard Dictionary," and remained in that employment until the dictionary was about finished. In March, 1895, he was appointed a municipal civil service examiner in New York City, but after a short experience in this work felt that the civil service act was being defeated by fraud and official collusion, and upon his complaining of the existing conditions he was promptly dismissed without a hearing.

From July to November, 1898, he was occupied in historical research connected with the Venezuelan boundary claims for General Benjamin F. Tracy, one of the counsel for Venezuela before the Arbitration Commission in Paris.

In his later years he wrote quite a little for publication. A small volume, "Our Dictionaries and other English Language Topics," issued by Henry Holt & Co., in 1890, attracted favorable attention. A series of communications to the *Chicago Dial* and *Modern Language Notes*, chiefly upon Dr. Fitzedward Hall's judgments of English, were nearly all collected and published in a volume by Henry Holt & Co., in 1897. From February, 1900, to May, 1901, Mr.

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Williams contributed a series of unsigned reviews and notices of articles in Italian, French, and Spanish magazines to *The American Monthly Review of Reviews*. In June, 1900, he was elected Librarian and Curator of the New Haven Colony Historical Society. He retired from this position in 1905.

Mr. Williams died at Grace Hospital, New Haven, July 17, 1908, after an illness of about a month from blood poisoning. He was 70 years of age, and had never married. One brother, George N. Williams, a lawyer residing in San Francisco, survives him.

### 1862

THOMAS BURGIS KIRBY, son of John Burgis and Mary Ann Thomas (Burgis) Kirby, was born February 28, 1842, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation he at once enlisted in the Union army, was commissioned First Lieutenant of the Twentieth Connecticut Volunteers, September 8, 1862, and was several times promoted for distinguished service, in August, 1864, being appointed Major of the Forty-fourth United States Colored Infantry. He was in the battles of Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, and Nashville.

During most of the years 1866 and 1867 he was Editor of the *Chattanooga American Union*, then Assistant Editor of the *Knoxville Press and Herald* till the close of 1869, and then until June, 1875, Editor and the publisher of the *Chattanooga Times*, which he founded. He continued as Editor until the following November, when he went to Washington, D. C., where he was at first employed in the post office of the House of Representatives, but from May, 1877, to December, 1880, was Private Secretary to the Postmaster-General. For nearly ten years he was Washington correspondent of the *New York Journal of Commerce*, but when that paper was consolidated with the *Commercial Bulletin*, he went to New York City, where he was con-

nected with various papers. Since 1899 he had been on the staff of the *Wall Street Journal*, and was considered an expert in all matters connected with national finance. He devised what experts regard as the most scientific and practical method of recording the known movements of money. He was esteemed for his efficiency, his straightforwardness, and his high sense of honor.

While in the postal service in Washington he assisted in compiling the "Postal Laws and Regulations, 1879," and edited the "Daily Bulletin of Orders Affecting the Postal Service, 1880-83, and in 1897 wrote a pamphlet on "Gold Mining."

Mr. Kirby died of cerebral hemorrhage, at his home in New York City, April 13, 1909. He was 67 years of age.

He married, December 20, 1865, Caroline Augusta Copp, of Boston, Mass., but they were divorced in 1888. February 16, 1896, he married, in New York City, Mrs. Mary E. Allinder of Washington, D. C., widow of William I. Allinder and daughter of Thomas Jefferson Frazier of Canal Dover, O., and Mary (Lenhart) Frazier. She survives him. They had no children.

Mr. Kirby was a fine German scholar, and delighted in translating and adapting quaint bits of verse.

FREDERICK IRVING KNIGHT, son of Frederick and Ann (Goodwin) Knight, was born May 18, 1841, in Newburyport, Mass.

After graduation from college he took the course in the Harvard Medical School, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine there in 1866, and having held the position of Senior House Physician at the City Hospital, Boston, for the year beginning in April, 1865. He continued his medical study in New York City for about a year, but in the spring of 1867 returned to Boston to become associated in practice with Professor Henry I. Bowditch, M.D. (Harvard 1828), with whom he continued till 1879. During the earlier years

of this period he held appointments in the Boston Dispensary, the Carney Hospital and the Boston City Hospital. These he relinquished in 1872 to establish a special clinic in laryngoscopy at the Massachusetts General Hospital, after having specially prepared himself by a year of study in Europe, chiefly in Berlin and Vienna. He had been Lecturer in the Harvard Medical School, and while in Paris in 1872 was appointed Instructor in Auscultation, Percussion, and Laryngoscopy at Harvard. This position he held until 1882, when he became Assistant Professor of Laryngology, in 1888 being promoted to the position of Clinical Professor of Laryngology. In 1892 he resigned his college duties to devote himself to private practice in diseases of the throat and chest.

He was a frequent contributor on these subjects and on climatology to the medical press, and from 1880 to 1883 was Associate Editor of *Archives of Laryngology*. In 1882 he was President of the American Laryngological Association, in 1891 of the American Climatological Association, and from 1891 to 1893 of the Boston Society for Medical Improvement. He was Consulting Physician to the Massachusetts General Hospital, the Sharon Sanatorium, and the Free Home for Consumptives. He was a Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences.

Dr. Knight died at his home in Boston, February 20, 1909, from heart trouble, and was buried in Newburyport. He was in his 68th year.

He married, in Berlin, Germany, October 15, 1871, Louisa Armistead Appleton, daughter of William Stuart Appleton, formerly of Baltimore, Md. She died August 23, 1901. Their only child, a daughter, is the wife of George K. B. Wade (Y. C. 1895).

GEORGE COIT RIPLEY, son of George Burbank and Hannah Gardiner (Lathrop) Ripley, was born August 24, 1839, in Norwich, Conn.



During the fall after graduation he entered the Columbia Law School, but December 22 following joined the Fourteenth Connecticut Regiment as Second Lieutenant of Company A. In January, 1865, he was transferred to the Tenth Connecticut Regiment, Company A, as First Lieutenant, and was commissioned Aide-de-camp to General O. S. Ferry (Y. C. 1844), holding that position to the end of his term of service, August 25, 1865. On General Ferry's staff were also Brayton Ives (Y. C. 1861), and earlier in the war Henry Larned Johnson (Y. C. 1861).

After the war he was in the oil business in southeastern Kentucky a year, but returned to Norwich, where he completed his law studies, was admitted to the bar in October, 1867, and practiced until 1883. His position among the lawyers of New London County was notable, and he served his city several times as City Clerk, member of the City Council, City Attorney, and in 1882 was a Representative in the Connecticut Legislature.

In July, 1883, he removed to Minneapolis, Minn., where he was at first a member of the firm of Ripley & Mbrison, then of that of Ripley & Brennan, later in partnership with Samuel A. Booth (Y. C. 1884), and after the decease of the last in 1898, with Burt F. Lum (University of Minnesota 1890).

His home during most of the year was at Lake Minnetonka, twenty miles from Minneapolis, but he spent the winter months in the city, and there he died of pernicious anæmia, January 19, 1909, in his 70th year. He was buried in his native city. He was highly esteemed as a citizen and was a man of great personal charm.

He married, at Harrisburg, Pa., November 14, 1867, Elizabeth Cartèe, daughter of Charles Herman and Elizabeth (Righter) Mann, and had two daughters, of whom the younger is deceased.

WILLIAM CLITZ SEXTON, son of Luke and Leonora (Clitz) Sexton, was born December 26, 1832, at Plymouth, Chenango County, N. Y. His father moved to Vineland, N. J., in 1864, and in 1878 from there to Geneseo, N. Y., where he died in 1893.

After graduation from college he took the course in the Yale Divinity School, and with his classmate Kitchel, received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1867, the first year in which it was conferred by the University. He was ordained as an evangelist November 6, 1867, at Lewis, Cass County, Ia., and continued his work there until 1869. In 1870 he was a home missionary at Paterson, N. J., and the next two years at Guy's Mills and Townville, and then at Mercer and Wilmington, Pa. In 1876-77 he was Acting Pastor of Perry Center, N. Y., from 1878 to 1882 at Bangor, N. Y., and in 1883 at Ironville and Hammondville, villages in Crown Point, N. Y. After an interval he became Pastor at Wilmington, Vt., in 1887, but retired from preaching in 1889. His work was much interrupted by his own ill health and that of members of his family, but in 1893 he purchased a home near Geneseo, N. Y., where his outdoor life greatly benefited him. Since 1892 he had lived a quiet, retired life, mostly at Vineland.

He prepared sketches of the churches at Ironville and Hammondville for the "History of Essex County," and an address on Washington delivered in Wilmington, Vt., was also published. From 1893 to 1897 or 1898 he was Superintendent of the Men's Department of the Shut-In Society for the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, New Jersey, and Maryland.

Mr. Sexton had a slight shock of paralysis in 1907, but almost entirely recovered from it. He died after an illness of six days at his home in Vineland, August 19, 1908. He was 75 years of age. He had been a member of the Church of the Pilgrims (Congregational) in Vineland since 1896.

He married at Vineland, September 27, 1887, Julia

Augusta, daughter of Ezekiel Beers, a farmer of Newtown, Conn., and Sarah (Morris) Beers. She died in 1891, and in 1896 he married Delia Elizabeth, daughter of Lebbeus and Jerusha (Grey) Sweet, also of Vineland, who survives him. He had no children by either marriage.

## 1863

ERASTUS BLAKESLEE, son of Joel and Sarah Maria (Mansfield) Blakeslee, was born September 2, 1838, in Plymouth, Conn. His father's house was a refuge of many fugitive slaves.

During the spring vacation of Sophomore year, a few days after the firing on Fort Sumter, he responded to President Lincoln's first call for volunteers, believing that the war meant the abolition of slavery, but owing to the over-enlistment he was rejected at the time, and returned to college for the summer term. After the first battle of Bull Run he joined Company A, First Connecticut Cavalry, then being organized, and October 18, 1861, was commissioned Second Lieutenant of the company. He was rapidly promoted for brave conduct, and held every rank up to that of Colonel. His active service in the field began in March, 1862, in the mountains of West Virginia. He distinguished himself in the battle near Harper's Ferry, July 14, 1863, was with Sheridan's cavalry in the Army of the Potomac, in the battles of the Wilderness and Spottsylvania Court House, in the raid on Richmond, and in the fierce fight at Ashland, Va., in June, 1864. Just after receiving his commission as Colonel and while still suffering from a wound, he was present at Commencement in 1864 and was given the degree of Bachelor of Arts, with enrollment in his class. In 1866 he received the degree of Master of Arts in course.

He was mustered out of service October 26, 1864, and in March, 1865, was commissioned Brevet Brigadier-General of United States Volunteers for gallant conduct at Ashland, Va.



After leaving the army he patented several valuable inventions and engaged in business in New Haven, Conn., and Boston, Mass., until the summer of 1876.

In the fall of that year he entered Andover Theological Seminary, and graduated three years later. He continued at Andover as a resident licentiate until the following January (1880), when he began his ministerial service with the Second Congregational Church in Greenfield, Mass., and was ordained Pastor February 11. While there he helped in organizing the Connecticut Valley Congregational Club. In July, 1883, he closed his pastorate at Greenfield, to take that of the Second Congregational Church in Fair Haven, Conn. While with the Fair Haven church he helped materially in the development of the Christian Endeavor movement then just started, and was President of the first Connecticut Union. In the fall of 1887 he declined the presidency of Atlanta University, where he was desired to succeed his deceased classmate, Edmund A. Ware, but soon afterward accepted a call to the First Congregational Church in Spencer, Mass. Here as in Greenfield many were received into church membership.

In 1888, realizing the need of more systematic study of the Bible, Mr. Blakeslee prepared a series of lessons for the young people of his church in Spencer which proved so successful that the experiment attracted the attention of other churches, and in 1892 he resigned his pastorate to give his whole attention to preparing graded Sunday school lessons. Since then he had edited more than one hundred volumes of lessons, covering all parts of the Bible and adapted to all grades. The lessons are widely used by nearly all of the evangelical denominations, and portions have been translated into many languages. Besides his work as editor, he organized the Bible Study Publishing Company, of which he was President until his death, for the publishing and sale of his lesson helps. He was a member of the Society of Biblical Literature and Exegesis, of the

Council of the Religious Education Association, and of the Victoria Institute of London.

He wrote a history of his regiment for the "Record of Connecticut Volunteers," which showed that the regiment met the enemy over eighty times and rendered much important service.

Mr. Blakeslee died of pernicious anæmia July 12, 1908, at his home in Brookline, Mass., where he had resided since 1892. He was in the 70th year of his age.

He married, in New Haven, Conn., March 30, 1865, Mary Goodrich, daughter of John Goodrich and Elizabeth (Dickinson) North, and had four daughters and one son (Harvard 1905). Three daughters and the son, with Mrs. Blakeslee, survive him. The eldest daughter (Wellesley 1891) married John Clayton Tracy, C.E. (Ph.B. Yale 1890), Assistant Professor of Structural Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

GEORGE SCOVILLE HAMLIN was born in Sharon, Conn., May 12, 1838, the son of Eleazar and Mary A. (Scoville) Hamlin. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, Conn. In his Junior year in college he won the Yale Literary Medal.

After graduation he took the course in the Columbia Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from there in 1865, and since that date had practiced his profession in New York City. From 1874 to 1882 he was a member of the firm of Porter, Lowrey, Soren & Stone, and the following two years was with John R. Flanagan, under the firm name of Flanagan & Hamlin. Since the death of Mr. Flanagan in the fall of 1884 Mr. Hamlin had practiced alone, his office being at 18 Wall Street.

He died of diabetes, February 4, 1909, at Rutherford, N. J., where he had lived since 1868. His health had been failing for several months. He was 70 years of age.

Mr. Hamlin married, in New York City, June 20, 1888, Josephine B. Stafford, daughter of William J. and Sarah J.

(Woodruff) Bryan, who survives him with their two sons.

GEORGE BLISS SANFORD, son of William Earle and Margaret Louisa (Craney) Sanford, was born June 28, 1842, in New Haven, Conn. He left the Class of 1863 at the close of Freshman year, and was for a short time a member of the Class of 1864, but in 1883 was enrolled by vote of the Corporation in his original class.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted in the United States regular army, was commissioned April 26, 1861, Second Lieutenant of the First Regiment of Dragoons, and served at first in Missouri under General Nathaniel Lyon in the Wilson Creek campaign, and later with the Army of the Potomac, at Antietam, in the Wilderness, and in the Peninsular and James River campaigns, being promoted to the rank of Captain in October, 1862. In the fall of 1863 he was attached to the staff of General Wesley Merritt, and during the Shenandoah Valley campaign that of Major-General Torbert. For gallant conduct he was brevetted Major in October, 1864, and Lieutenant-Colonel in March, 1865.

At the close of the war he went with his regiment to New Orleans as escort to General Sheridan, and in December, 1865, it was ordered to California, and soon afterward to the newly established post of Fort McDowell, Ariz. When Arizona was organized as a territory he was urged to become its first Governor, but declined. During most of the time for eighteen years he was engaged in Indian warfare under Generals Crook and Miles, and spent much time in exploration in Arizona and the mountains of the Northwest and Alaska. In 1885 he was ordered to Fort Leavenworth, Kans., for duty at the School of Instruction for cavalry and infantry, and in 1888 was appointed a member of the board to devise a new system of tactics for the United States Army. In June, 1876, he was promoted to the



rank of Major, and in August, 1889, to that of Lieutenant-Colonel. In 1891 he took part in the campaign under General Miles which resulted in the final defeat and surrender of the Sioux Indians. At the close of this campaign he was placed in command of Fort Robinson, Nebr., and of the Ninth Cavalry Regiment, of which he was appointed Colonel, July 20, 1892. At his request in 1893, he was placed on the retired list, after a service of thirty-two years.

On his retirement Colonel Sanford became a resident of Litchfield, Conn., but spent much time abroad. He was a vestryman of St. Michael's Church, in Litchfield, and was prominent in military and patriotic societies.

He died at the Presbyterian Hospital, New York City, July 13, 1908, at the age of 66 years.

Colonel Sanford married, at Newport, R. I., September 15, 1874, Gertrude, daughter of Jonas and Abbie (West) Minturn, who survives him with two daughters. One of his sisters married Charles Hornblower Woodruff (Y. C. 1858), another Morris Woodruff Seymour (Y. C. 1866), formerly Lecturer in the Law School, and the third Hon. William Butler Hornblower, LL.D. (Princeton 1871).

## 1866

WILLIAM HENRY BENNETT, son of Samuel Fuller and Harriet (Spaulding) Bennett, was born June 28, 1843, at Scotland, Conn., but the family soon removed to Hampton, the adjoining town, and from there he entered college, after a preparatory course at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H.

After graduation from Yale he taught a year at Easton, Conn., then studied in the Albany (N. Y.) Law School, graduating therefrom in 1868, and soon afterward began practicing at Sterling, Whiteside County, Ill., in the firm of Sackett & Bennett. About 1874 Mr. Sackett retired from the firm, which then became Bennett & Green. While residing in Sterling Mr. Bennett was twice Mayor, first in 1873

and again in 1882, also President of the Library Board and a school trustee for many years.

In December, 1888, he removed to Minneapolis, Minn., where in 1890 he entered the firm of Koon, Whelan & Bennett. In this partnership he continued until January 1, 1908, withdrawing to become general counsel of the Minneapolis Street Railway Company. He was especially esteemed for his skill in trial cases as well as for fairness and courtesy to his opponents.

Mr. Bennett died of hardening of the valves of the heart, at his home in Minneapolis, October 14, 1908, at the age of 65 years. He was buried in Hampton, Conn. At the time of his death he was President of the Board of Trustees of the First Unitarian Church.

He married, at Elizabeth, Ill., January 1, 1873, Miss Frances Green, who died in November following. October 17, 1876, he married Kate P., daughter of George A. and Jane (Prescott) Wright, of Bridgeport, Conn., who survives him with their two daughters—the elder of these having graduated from the University of Minnesota in 1899—also a daughter (University of Minnesota 1896) by the first marriage.

JOSEPH MCKEEHAN MCCLURE, sixth of the ten children of James and Rachel Oliver (Patterson) McClure, was born December 28, 1838, at Green Park, Perry County, Pa., and was prepared for college at the Juniata County Academy.

After graduation he studied law at Chambersburg, Pa., was admitted to the bar November 5, 1867, and practiced there until the following September, when he removed to Harrisburg and continued practice. In the spring of 1869 he was appointed Assistant State Librarian, but beginning in the following autumn was Deputy Attorney-General of the State for two years, after which he resumed law practice in Harrisburg. In February, 1873, he removed to Doylestown, Pa., and for three years edited and published an English and German weekly newspaper.

From 1875 to 1879 he practiced his profession at Allentown, Pa., and since the latter date continuously in Bradford, Pa., being in partnership with Eugene Mullin from 1880 to 1892 or later, and since then with C. F. Sharpe. Since 1898 he had been Referee in Bankruptcy of McKean County. He was a member of the School Board of Bradford four years, and a member of the City Council. In 1892 he was the Democratic candidate for Presiding Judge of the district composed of McKean and Potter counties, and in 1893 candidate for Mayor of Bradford.

Mr. McClure died suddenly from heart disease, at his home in Bradford, October 20, 1908, in the 70th year of his age.

He married, at Germantown, Pa., November 27, 1867, Alice Ann, daughter of George Washington and Mary (Gumph) Hamersly. She survives him with three sons and two of their four daughters. The eldest daughter graduated from Vassar College in 1896.

FREDERICK STEPHEN SALISBURY, son of Henry Salisbury, formerly a prominent New York City merchant, was born in that city April 5, 1845, but entered college as a resident of Jersey City. His mother was Adeline Matilda (Wilmurt) Salisbury.

Since graduation he had been connected with the Whiting Manufacturing Company, New York City, for thirty years, as its Treasurer. He disposed of his interest and retired from active business in March, 1905.

Mr. Salisbury died of heart disease, June 14, 1908, while cruising on his yacht, *The Goblin*, near Larchmont, N. Y., where he was spending the summer. He was 63 years of age. He was a vestryman of St. James's Protestant Episcopal Church, New York City.

He married, April 16, 1868, L. Aletta, daughter of Rev. D. Grosvenor and Aletta (Van Brunt) Wright of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., who with their two daughters survives him.



GEORGE EDWARD WHITE, youngest of the seven sons of Henry White (Y. C. 1821) and Martha (Sherman) White, was born in New Haven, Conn., March 17, 1845. His mother was the granddaughter of Hon. Roger Sherman.

After graduation he was in the banking and brokerage business in New York City with T. L. Taylor & Cooper about six years, and with John A. Buckingham & Co. until May, 1879, when he removed to Stamford, Conn., and became connected with the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company. In January, 1881, he was elected Treasurer of the company and continued with it until October, 1898, when he retired from active business and had since resided in New York City. In 1870 he received the degree of Master of Arts in course.

Mr. White died of Bright's disease, December 19, 1908, at the age of 63 years.

He married, November 23, 1875, Augusta T., daughter of John and Eliza (Tallmadge) White of New York City. She died there March 8, 1879, but their daughter, who married George J. Siedler, survives. Five of Mr. White's brothers graduated from Yale College in 1851, 1854, 1859, 1860 and 1864, respectively. The eldest of these died in 1905, and the second in 1909.

### 1867

GEORGE AUGUSTUS ADEE, son of George Townsend Adee, a well-known dry goods merchant and afterward Vice-President of the Bank of Commerce of New York City, was born April 11, 1847, in New York City. His mother was Ellen Louise (Henry) Adee, daughter of Philip Henry, an old New York merchant and soldier of the War of 1812. He was a nephew of Dr. Augustus Alvey Adee (Y. C. 1821), for many years a Fleet Surgeon in the United States Navy.

While in college he was bow-oar of the class and University crews, Secretary of the Yale Baseball Club, pitcher

on the class nine, and a leader and winner in many athletic contests.

After graduation he took the course in the Columbia Law School, and since receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in May, 1870, had practiced his profession, devoting his attention chiefly to the care of estates. In 1871 he was given the degree of Master of Arts in course at Yale.

He maintained a lifelong interest in Yale, and served the University in many important positions. He was President of the University Athletic Club from 1892 to 1896, Vice-President of the Yale Alumni Association of New York in 1893-94, President of the same in 1897-98, Chairman of the Building Committee of the Yale Gymnasium, and Director of the Yale Alumni University Fund, 1895-97. Besides this he exerted for over twenty-five years a most helpful and far-reaching influence in the management and encouragement of Yale athletics, especially in rowing, always upholding the highest ideals of sportsmanship.

Mr. Adee died suddenly of heart disease, August 12, 1908, at the home of his brother-in-law, Colonel Charles T. Stanton, in Stonington, Conn., at the age of 61 years. For many years he had resided in Westchester, N. Y.

He married, December 6, 1871, Adelaide Palmer, daughter of Captain Charles T. and Nancy Lord (Palmer) Stanton of Stonington, and had two sons and two daughters. The elder son, George Townsend, graduated from the Academical Department in 1895. The younger son, Charles Stanton, was a non-graduate member of the Class of 1897, and died in 1901. The younger daughter married Dr. Raynham Townshend (Ph.B. Yale 1900). His brothers, Frederick W. (died 1900) and Philip H., both graduated in 1873, Edwin M. in 1881, and Ernest R. (died 1903) in 1885, all from the Academical Department.

ANSELM BYRON BROWN, son of Joseph and Mary Elizabeth (Hunt) Brown, was born April 28, 1845, at Sebago, Cumberland County, Me.

After graduation he remained in New Haven and took the course in the Divinity School, and received the degrees of Bachelor of Divinity and Master of Arts in 1870. He was licensed to preach by the New Haven West Association in 1869, and had charge of the Taylor Church in New Haven for a year or more. June 20, 1873, he was ordained Pastor of the Congregational church in Lockport, Ill., but after a year's service he resigned and went to Germany, studying in the University of Halle and residing in the family of Professor Jacobi. On his return to the United States he preached in Fort Wayne, Ind., then a year for the Washington Avenue Congregational Church in the 24th ward, New York City.

In 1877 he organized a preparatory school in Detroit, Mich., which he taught until 1882, and the next five years taught in Cincinnati, Ohio. Going to the Pacific coast, he preached a year in Salem, Ore., and then built up a new Presbyterian church at New Whatcom, Wash., but the panic of 1893 brought financial disaster to the church. He was then in Japan until the outbreak of the war with China, when he returned to this country, and taught a college preparatory school at Los Angeles, Cal., from 1893 to 1898, continuing to reside there until May, 1899, when he went to Ponce, Porto Rico, in the interest of education, under the Bureau of Education, United States War Department.

About 1896 he took the care of the Congregational church at Saulte Ste. Marie, Mich., but failing health compelled him to give up the work in 1908, and he went to the home of his nephew, William L. Brown, in Westfield, N. J., for a visit. He remained there, however, to the close of his life and died there, August 31, 1908. He was 63 years of age and unmarried. His brother Edward Flint Brown, LL.D., graduated from Yale College in 1863, two of the latter's sons in 1893 and 1899, and a third from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1896; and his brother Horace Atwell Brown graduated from the Yale Law School in 1863.



1868

WILLIAM PARSONS, son of William and Frances (Strong) Parsons, was born August 19, 1844, at Beech Creek, Clinton County, Pa., and entered college as a resident of Lock Haven, a few miles distant from his native place.

After graduation he took the course in the Albany Law School, received from there the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1869, was admitted to the bar May 20 of that year, and began practice in Lock Haven. He was Attorney for Clinton County from 1869 to 1874, and in the summer of the latter year was elected District Attorney for a term of five years. Three years later, however, upon the death of his father-in-law, Minott A. Osborn, he resigned this office to become Editor of the *New Haven Evening Register*. In this position he continued till 1883, when he helped to establish the *Hartford Telegram*. The next year he became Congressional Editor of the *Washington (D. C.) Post*.

In 1885 he was appointed by President Cleveland special Indian Agent, and in 1886 Commissioner to make a treaty with the Umatilla Indians and to open their reservation. His report of explorations in the Navajo Indian Reservation in New Mexico and on the resources of that region, and a series of articles in 1886 in the *Portland Oregonian* on the relations of the Roman Catholic Church to the Government Indian Schools, were of special value.

In March, 1888, he resigned from the Indian service and removed from Washington to Pendleton, Ore., where he practiced law with success. He was particularly influential among the Umatilla Indians, whose counsel he was for many years, having appeared in their behalf before President Harrison. After the Spanish-American War he was appointed by Governor Taft a school commissioner in the Philippines, where his son was an officer in the army. He held this position until 1907, when he was transferred to the Yakima Indian Training School at Fort Simcoe, Wash.

Mr. Parsons was a writer of force and effectiveness and a man of marked executive ability. For many years in Connecticut and Oregon he exerted a strong influence in Democratic politics. In 1880 he was a Delegate at Large from Connecticut to the Democratic National Convention at Cincinnati, O. Two years later he was a leader against the older party managers in the struggle that resulted in the nomination and later the election of Thomas M. Waller as Governor of Connecticut.

Mr. Parsons died at the hospital of the Yakima Indian Training School, Fort Simcoe, November 21, 1908, at the age of 64 years.

He married, at New Haven, Conn., November 26, 1872, Charlotte Rebecca, daughter of Minott Augur and Catherine Sophia (Gilbert) Osborn and sister of Norris Galpin Osborn (Y. C. 1880). She survives him with a son and two daughters.

### 1870

WILLIAM CURTIS GULLIVER, son of Rev. John Putnam Gulliver, D.D., LL.D. (Y. C. 1840), and Frances (Curtis) Gulliver, was born April 8, 1847, at Norwich, Conn., where his father was for twenty years the Pastor of the Broadway Congregational Church. During the latter part of this pastorate his father was a Fellow of Yale University, afterward President of Knox College, and then Professor in Andover Theological Seminary.

While in college he took the first prize in the Brothers in Unity Freshman Prize Debate, won a Townsend Premium in English composition in Senior year, and at graduation was Class Orator.

In the autumn following graduation he became Cashier with F. MacVeagh & Co., wholesale grocers in Chicago, the members of the firm being Franklin MacVeagh (Y. C. 1862), now Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and Henry C. Bannard (Y. C. 1869), and was also a

reporter and correspondent of several newspapers. In 1872 he entered the Columbia Law School (LL.B. 1874) and at the same time went into the law office of Alexander & Green. Of this firm he subsequently became a member and continued his connection with it to the close of his life. In the Income Tax cases in the United States Supreme Court, and the case of *People vs. O'Brien* in the Court of Appeals and other important cases he was prominent as an advocate, but he preferred to act as adviser, and in many leading interests, financial and legal, his counsel was decisive.

Mr. Gulliver died at his home in New York City, May 24, 1909, at the age of 62 years.

He married, March 5, 1878, Louisa, daughter of Hon. Ashbel Green (Princeton 1846), former Judge of the Circuit Court of Bergen County, N. J., and had a daughter and two sons, of whom the daughter and younger son, with Mrs. Gulliver, survive him. Their daughter married Charles Sheldon (Y. C. 1890).

## 1872

FRANK THURSTON BROWN, eldest of the three sons of Francis Gates and Harriet Kinney (Thurston) Brown, was born February 27, 1853, in Norwich, Conn.

After graduation he taught Latin, Greek, and mathematics four years in the Norwich Free Academy, in which he had been prepared for college, and at the same time studied law in the office of George Pratt, Esq. (Y. C. 1857), and later with Hovey & Thayer in Norwich. After his admission to the bar in 1876, he practiced alone for five years and then took into partnership his younger brother, Oliver Winslow Brown (Y. C. 1878). This partnership was dissolved by his brother's death in 1886.

Mr. Brown gave the city and state valuable service in several capacities. He was a Representative in the Connecticut Legislature in 1883. During most of the time since 1891 he had been Corporation Counsel of his city, and he



was one of the leaders of the State Constitutional Convention in 1902. He had been a member of the State Board of Police Commissioners from its formation in 1903, and was its President at the time of his death, and was also a member of the State Commission concerning Primaries and Corrupt Practices at Elections. Although opportunities for high political office and a position on the Superior Court bench were offered to him he declined them all. His large business had lately included important railroad litigation. In the submarine boat investigation at Washington, D. C., he was counsel for the late Governor George L. Lilley of Connecticut. Outside of his legal work he was closely associated in the management of the Hopkins and Allen Arms Company. He was a director of the Boston & Maine Railroad Company, and a trustee of the Norwich Savings Society, the Chelsea Savings Bank, and the Dime Savings Bank, also a trustee of the Norwich Free Academy.

Mr. Brown died at his home in Norwich, April 17, 1909, after a brief illness from pneumonia, at the age of 56 years.

He married, August 5, 1885, Isabel L., daughter of George William and Elizabeth (Mitchell) Geer, who survives him with two daughters.

JESSE KILGOUR DuBOIS, son of Jesse Kilgour and Adelia (Morris) DuBois, was born November 16, 1848, in Lawrenceville, Ill. He came to Yale from Shurtleff College, Upper Alton, Ill.

After graduation from college he took the course in the St. Louis Medical College, from which he received his medical degree in 1875. After being connected with the United States Marine Hospital in St. Louis for a time, he practiced five years in Springfield, Ill., becoming City Physician there, but in 1880 went to Idaho. The first two years he was Agency Physician at Fort Hall Indian Reservation, but since 1882 had practiced his profession in Boise.

Dr. DuBois died at St. Alphonsus Hospital, Boise, October 31, 1908, from cancer of the throat. Previous to the

attack of this disease he had had uniformly good health, with hardly a day's illness since he left Yale. He was in his 60th year.

He married, at Boise, Idaho, June 11, 1884, Anna, daughter of Edward Jay and Susan Stiles (Frost) Curtis, and had one daughter, who with her mother survives him. His brother and classmate, Hon. Frederic T. DuBois, formerly United States Senator, is also living.

### 1873

LESLIE CARTER, son of James Carter (Marischal College, Aberdeen, Scotland, 1837) and Helen Anderson (Leslie) Carter, was born August 28, 1851, in Galena, Ill., where his father was at the time a banker, removing, however, in 1859, to Chicago. He was fitted for college by a private tutor, Rev. David J. Burrell, D.D. (Y. C. 1867).

After graduation he studied law a year at Columbia University and the following year in the Union College of Law in Chicago. The latter was then connected with both the old Chicago University and Northwestern University, and from them he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1875. After his admission to the bar he was for a year in the law office of McCagg, Culver & Butler, then spent six months abroad, and upon his return opened an office with his classmate, Simeon L. Boyce, with whom he continued about two years. In 1878 he formed a partnership with Edwin Walker, which lasted until the summer of 1885. Since then he had practiced alone and had taken a leading part in important business enterprises.

He was President of the Chicago Chamber of Commerce from 1883 to 1887, of the Chicago Dock Company from 1887 to 1895, and then of the Calumet and Chicago Canal and Dock Company until 1908. In 1895 he was chosen Secretary of the Protective Committee of bondholders of the South Side Elevated Railroad Company, and on the reorganization of the corporation was made President in 1897. During his

ten years of service he met most successfully various difficult problems and brought the road to a strong financial position. In 1900 he was elected President of St. Luke's Hospital, and it was largely due to him that the George Smith Memorial Building was erected.

Early in November, 1907, he was accidentally poisoned by gas escaping in his sleeping room, and after eleven months of suffering died, September 25, 1908. He was 57 years of age. He was a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, at Dayton, O., May 26, 1880, Miss Caroline Louise Dudley, from whom he was divorced in 1889. His son, a former member of 1902 S., a brother (Y. C. 1879), and two sisters survive him.

JOHN MURRELL POSTON, son of Richard Poston (University of Nashville), formerly a lawyer and a life-long resident of Clarksville, Tenn., was born there October 9, 1850, but since early life had made his home at Oakland, Cal. His mother was Eugenia Cornelia (Murrell) Poston, a native of Charleston, S. C. He began his preparation for college at the Oakland College School, was also a pupil at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H., and was then for two terms of the Freshman year a student in Dartmouth College. He entered Yale at the beginning of the third term of Sophomore year, and before that had taught and engaged in various other occupations.

After graduation he had charge of a school in San Leandro, Alameda County, Cal., for a few months, and early in 1874 began the study of law in the office of Grey & Haven in San Francisco, but in order to earn means to continue became a clerk in the San Francisco Custom House for a few months, engaged in mining in Nevada, and other employments. He was admitted to the San Francisco bar in October, 1875, and began practice at once. In 1880 he was elected City Attorney of Oakland, and upon the expiration



of his term of office resumed private practice. He was at one time a member of the School Board. For the last twenty years he had been in the office, in Oakland, of John R. Glascock (University of California 1865), a life-long friend.

Mr. Poston died in Oakland, May 11, 1909, at the age of 58 years. He was never married.

### 1874

GEORGE LEWIS DICKERMAN, son of Charles and Jane (Foote) Dickerman, of an old and well-known New Haven family, was born April 12, 1852, in New Haven, Conn. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School.

After graduation from college he entered the Columbia Law School and on completing the course there received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1876. Returning to New Haven, he engaged in the practice of his profession, giving his attention mainly to the care of estates and trust funds. His office was continuously in the White Building next to that of his friends, the White Brothers. In December, 1884, he was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen, and held the office for two terms of two years each, during half of this period being also chairman of the Board of Finance, but declined further public office.

Since graduation he had been Class Secretary, and had issued for the class three Biographical Records. While busily engaged in preparing for the thirty-fifth anniversary of the class at Commencement he was stricken with apoplexy, of which he died a week later at his home, May 30, 1909. He was 57 years of age. He was in San Francisco at the time of the earthquake, and the shock and exposure incident to getting away from the city affected him nervously and, in the opinion of his friends, hastened his end.

Mr. Dickerman married, at Wilkes-Barré, Pa., October 14, 1885, Elizabeth, daughter of Lazarus Denison Shoemaker (Y. C. 1840) and Esther (Wadhams) Shoemaker,

and a sister of Dr. Levi Ives Shoemaker (Y. C. 1882). They had no children. Mrs. Dickerman and his two sisters survive him, one of the latter being the wife of Charles William Bardeen (Y. C. 1869).

LEONI MELICK, eleventh of the thirteen children of Jacob and Elizabeth (Willet) Melick, was born near the village of Light Street, Columbia County, Pa., May 5, 1851. His father was a farmer and prosperous merchant.

On completing his preparation at the State Normal School in Bloomsburg, Pa., he entered Yale in Freshman year, and after graduation traveled abroad and studied at Heidelberg. Upon his return he studied law in the office of Samuel Clarke Perkins, LL.D. (Y. C. 1848), in Philadelphia, and was admitted to the bar in 1877. Since then he had been in active practice, entering into partnership with Colonel Sheldon Potter, and afterward with Colonel Henry Taylor Dechert (University of Pennsylvania 1879), in the firm of Melick, Potter & Dechert.

Mr. Melick was President of the Yale Alumni Association of Philadelphia, Vice-President of the Art Club of Philadelphia and of the Philadelphia Bible Society, a member of the Library Committee of the Law Association of that city, and an active member of the Arch Street Methodist Episcopal Church.

He had been ill for about a month and had been at Cape May for his health. On his return to Philadelphia he died of uraemia, August 24, 1908, at the age of 57 years. The burial was at Light Street, Pa. He was unmarried. Two brothers and a sister survive him.

### 1876

CHARLES LEFFINGWELL BARTLETT, son of David Ely Bartlett (Y. C. 1828), and grandson of Rev. Shubael Bartlett (Y. C. 1800), for over fifty years Pastor in East Windsor, Conn., was born at Fishkill-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., Novem-

ber 13, 1853. His mother was Fanny Pomeroy (Hinsdale) Bartlett, daughter of Judge Theodore Hinsdale of Pittsfield, Mass.

He was prepared for college at the Hartford (Conn.) High School, and for about three years after graduation was employed in the actuarial department of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company in Hartford, and then taught about ten months in the American Asylum (now School) for the Deaf, with which his father had been most successfully connected for many years. In 1881 he removed to Utica, N. Y., where he was engaged in the brokerage business until 1887, in partnership with Edward Westcott. He then became connected with the Horsey Manufacturing Company. In 1889 he was in New York City as metropolitan manager of the Rex Wheat Company of Geneva. He then became state agent for Proctor, Gamble & Co., and in 1895 was placed in charge of that company's business in Chicago. He also organized the Orangeine Chemical Company, of which he was President, and was a director of the Hamilton National Bank. He was active in the Chicago Municipal Voter's League. He was deeply interested in the welfare of Yale, and was a director of the Yale Club of Chicago, and its President in 1906-07. He joined the Asylum Hill Congregational Church while living in Hartford, was Sunday School Superintendent and a deacon in the Reformed [Dutch] church in Utica, and on his removal to Winnetka became a member of the Congregational Church there.

Mr. Bartlett died suddenly of heart failure, March 7, 1909, at his home in Winnetka, Ill., a suburb of Chicago. He was 55 years of age.

He married, at Utica, N. Y., June 7, 1881, Clara, daughter of James and Laura M. (Beecher) Crouse of Syracuse, N. Y. She survives him with the younger son, the elder son having died in childhood.



1877

EDWARD MARTIN DUDLEY, son of Rev. Martin Dudley (Y. C. 1839) and Sarah (Rowland) Dudley, was born February 4, 1855, at Easton, Conn.

While in college he was the warbler of the University Glee Club, and in the singing at the old fence and in the other companionships of college life he gained a warm place in the hearts of his classmates. By vote of the Corporation he was granted his degree and enrolled with his class in 1897.

After his college course he was for a time in Kansas surveying certain counties for a map publishing firm. He was then engaged in business in New York City for five years, at first with the American Book Exchange and later as part owner and publisher of *The Critic*. Afterward he was in the Merchant's Bank in New York City for nearly two years, for several years was connected with the wholesale music house of W. J. Dyer & Brother in St. Paul, Minn., was then in Chicago engaged in the manufacture of cameras, and the last few years in various business enterprises in New York City. He had not married, and had lived for a long time at the Yale Club, where he was a member of the Council and Entertainment Committee. He had himself a delightful power of entertaining and a rare gift of humor.

He suffered much from ill health during the last two or three years of his life, but his last illness was brief. He died of pneumonia at the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City, March 20, 1909, and was buried in Windsor, Conn. He was 54 years of age. A sister, who is the wife of Rev. Charles H. Willcox (Y. C. 1876), and a brother (LL.B. Yale 1877) survive him.

GEORGE EDWARD LANGDON, son of Deacon George and Elizabeth (Chapman) Langdon, was born in Colchester, Conn., September 23, 1852, but entered college from Ply-

mouth, Conn., where his father. (Y. C. 1848) was for ten years selectman, school visitor, and held other local offices.

Soon after graduation he engaged in the publishing business in New York City, and was connected with the American Book Exchange and later was part owner and publisher of *The Critic*. From 1884 to 1886 he was in the United States Customs service, after which he was for five years with the printing and publishing house of J. J. Little & Co., in New York City. He afterward entered the United States Customs service again and continued there as Assistant Deputy Collector to the close of his life.

Mr. Langdon died of Bright's disease in New York City, June 9, 1908, in the 56th year of his age.

He married, February 24, 1897, in New York City, Marie Louise, daughter of John and Margaret Doris of Albany, N. Y. She died in July, 1907. A daughter survives him, a son having died in infancy.

FREDERICK SEYMOUR WINSTON, eldest son of Hon. Frederick Hampden Winston (LL.B. Harvard 1853), and grandson of Rev. Dennis Mervyn Winston (Hamilton 1825), was born October 27, 1856, in Melrose, near Frankfort, Ky. His father was a leading railroad corporation lawyer in Chicago, twelve years President of the Lincoln Park Commissioners, and United States Minister to Persia under President Cleveland in 1885. His mother was Maria G. (Dudley) Winston, daughter of General Ambrose Dudley of Frankfort, Ky.

He left college at the beginning of Senior year, but was voted his degree by the Corporation in 1878. After a year in the Columbia Law School he entered his father's office in Chicago, was admitted to the Illinois bar in June, 1878, and at once became a partner with his father in the newly organized firm of F. H. & F. S. Winston, soon taking high rank in his profession. He was Assistant Corporation Counsel in 1882-83, and was afterward Corporation Counsel

of the city for three years, until May, 1886, when he became Solicitor of the Michigan Central Railroad Company. He was influential in securing the location of the World's Fair of 1893 in Chicago, and was one of the directors of the Columbian Exposition. In February, 1904, he was appointed General Solicitor of the Chicago & Alton Railway Company. He was also general counsel of the Union Stock Yard and Transit Company of Chicago, and the Chicago Junction Railway Company.

Of the above as well as of many other business corporations he was director, including the Calumet Western Railroad Company, the Joliet and Northern Indiana Railway Company, the Stock Yards Savings Bank, and the Standard Trust Company, of New York. The title of his law firm since 1904 had been Winston, Payne, Strawn & Shaw.

Mr. Winston died of apoplexy at Pasadena, Cal., March 7, 1909, at the age of 52 years, after some months of failing health.

He married, at Philadelphia, Pa., June 26, 1876, Miss Ada Fountain, who survives him with their daughter and two sons. The elder of the sons, Garrard B., graduated from Yale College in 1904 and the younger, Frederick Hampden, left the Class of 1907 in the Sheffield Scientific School in Junior year. His brother Dudley (Y. C. 1886) died in 1898. Thomas W. Grover (Y. C. 1874) and Wirt D. Walker (Y. C. 1880) married sisters of Mr. Winston.

### 1878

WILLIAM THURSTON GILBERT, son of Hon. Jasper Willett and Catherine Augusta (Horn) Gilbert, was born July 6, 1857, in Brooklyn, N. Y. His father was a native of Rome, N. Y., and the first Corporation Counsel of Rochester, N. Y., but in 1851 removed to Brooklyn, and from 1866 to 1883 was Judge of the Supreme Court of New York.

After graduation from college he entered the Columbia Law School and two years later received from there the



degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was also a student and later an associate in the law firm of Butler, Stillman & Hubbard. For a period of eight years from February, 1886, he was in the office of the Corporation Counsel of Brooklyn in the position of First Assistant, and then practiced by himself with distinction. He was a director of the Alfred S. Campbell Art Company, and of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York.

He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and was at one time Attorney for the Diocese of Long Island. In February, 1907, his health suddenly failed, and he gave up active professional work. After a brave struggle, he died of paralysis at the Hotel Savoy, in London, England, July 2, 1908, in the 51st year of his age. He was unmarried. His body was brought home and buried in Greenwood Cemetery. A brother (Y. C. 1869) and a sister survive him.

### 1879

EDWARD STACY FOWLER, son of Rev. Stacy Fowler (Bangor Seminary 1861), for many years a Congregational minister in Maine and Massachusetts, was born November 2, 1857, in Machias, Me. His mother was Margaret (Crocker) Fowler.

After graduation he studied law two years in the office of Samuel King Hamilton (Dartmouth 1859) in Boston, Mass., then spent several years in Aroostook County, Me., looking after some lumber interests for a Boston firm. Returning to Massachusetts he took up newspaper work on the *Cambridge Tribune*, but in 1886 removed permanently from New England and settled in Columbia, Tenn., where he was admitted to the bar and practiced law for twelve years. He was successively a member of the firms of Taylor & Fowler, and Voorhies & Fowler. During the year 1896 he acted as Special Circuit Judge in Tennessee on account of the illness of the judge of the district, and his work met the approval of the legal fraternity and all others concerned.

In 1898 he offered his services in the Spanish-American war, joining the First Tennessee Infantry Regiment as First Lieutenant in Company B. He was not ordered to the front, however, and soon resigned. The same year he settled in San Francisco, Cal., in partnership with his former classmate, Donald Y. Campbell (Y. C. 1880), the firm becoming Campbell, Fitzgerald, Abbott & Fowler in 1899. He was a vestryman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Berkeley, where he resided. In the spring of 1906 he left San Francisco on account of ill health, and since then he had practiced his profession in Lewiston, Idaho, where he died of appendicitis, May 21, 1908, at the age of 50 years.

He married, November 23, 1893, Miss Frances Herrick of Nashville, Tenn., who survives him. They had no children.

### 1880

WILLIAM HAZARD SHERMAN, son of William Carder Hazard and Amelia Kimball (Taft) Sherman, was born in New York City, July 14, 1859. His father was a native of Norwich, Conn., but became a dry goods commission merchant in New York City. In 1865 the family removed to New Windsor, Orange County, N. Y., where he was fitted for college at the school of Henry W. Siglar (Y. C. 1860).

After graduation from Yale he took the medical course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University) and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1884. He served on the house staff of St. Luke's Hospital, New York, eighteen months, and was then House Physician and House Surgeon of the Presbyterian Hospital in that city, six months each. In June, 1886, he was appointed Assistant Visiting Surgeon of the Presbyterian Hospital, also took charge of a free medical clinic at the Roosevelt Hospital, and began private practice, and the following

month was chosen Attending Physician and Surgeon to St. John's Riverside Hospital, at Yonkers, to which city he removed in September, 1886. To the upbuilding of this hospital he gave largely of his time and energy, and was prominent as a physician in that city. From 1895 to 1899 he was Health Commissioner of Yonkers. He was also Consulting Physician of the hospitals at White Plains and Tarrytown, N. Y. He was a Fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine.

Dr. Sherman died at Yonkers, June 11, 1908, in the 49th year of his age, after a long illness from sarcoma, and was buried in Cedar Hill Cemetery, near Newburgh, N. Y.

He married, June 13, 1893, Bessie, daughter of Henry C. and Lavinia Taft (Kimball) Snow, who survives him with three daughters. Two brothers graduated from the College in 1877.

### 1881

LEVI ABRAHAM ELIEL, son of Louis and Minka (Danziger) Eliel, was born February 20, 1859, at La Salle, Ill., but at the age of six years moved with his parents to Chicago.

In 1875 he entered the Sheffield Scientific School, was awarded honors for excellence in all the studies of Freshman year, but on completing his second year of the course in Mechanical Engineering left the School and prepared himself for admission to the Academical Department, joining the Sophomore class in the fall of 1878.

After graduation he studied law for two years in Chicago with Robert Hervey and John N. Jewett, was admitted to the bar and formed a partnership with his classmate, Charles W. Holzheimer, which continued till the latter's death in 1888. He was subsequently a member of the firms of Page, Eliel & Rosenthal and Chase & Eliel, but then abandoned the law, and after serving a year as bookkeeper for Joseph Beifeld & Co., and a year as a fire insurance agent, he became



the Chicago representative of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of New Jersey and was doing a large business.

Mr. Eliel died suddenly of heart disease, August 7, 1908, at his home in Evanston, Ill. He was 49 years of age.

He married, at Chicago, August 29, 1900, Theresa, daughter of Benjamin and Resa (Weingarten) Grossman, who survives him with three sons.

Mr. Eliel was a man of broad culture and artistic tastes, and had gathered a large collection of valuable etchings and engravings and a choice library. He contributed weekly articles to the *Reform Advocate* of Chicago, which were read with much interest.

FREDERICK DUNCAN HELMER, son of John Davidson and Lemira (Everest) Helmer, was born March 11, 1860, at Pike, Wyoming County, N. Y. He was fitted for college in the academies there and at Arcade, and under private instruction.

After graduation he at first took up newspaper work, being employed as night editor of the *Rochester* (N. Y.) *Morning Herald* from August, 1881, to March, 1882. The next three years he was Superintendent of the Vacuum Oil Works of Rochester, of which his father was one of the incorporators, then, until January 1, 1886, Manager of that company's Canadian office in Montreal, and for the next eight years, until April 1, 1894, of the office in Chicago. The business of the company in that field being then transferred to the Standard Oil Company, he spent the next five months with the latter company. During the following year he was not actively engaged in business, but in 1895 did some work in the interest of University Extension. In November, 1895, he reëntered the oil business, traveling for Leonard & Ellis of New York and Chicago, and during the remainder of his life was connected with the Vacuum Oil Company.

In December, 1898, he was selected by the company to visit its agencies throughout the Orient. This journey occupied nearly two years, and covered Japan, Manchuria, Siberia, China, Siam, Burmah, and other Asiatic countries, with a return by the Trans-Siberian Railway as far as then completed.

A few months after reaching New York City he was sent to investigate business conditions in South Africa. He spent six months in Cape Town during the Boer war, and during that time visited nearly every point in the southern and western part of Africa where civilization had penetrated. Sailing thence to Bombay and later crossing to Calcutta, from those centers he visited every important city of India, and came back by way of China and Japan. On his return to the United States he was appointed Assistant Secretary of the company, and its foreign representative in all the countries he had visited, and just before departing for his last tour of the world was made Second Vice-President.

Soon after reaching Japan on this journey his strength failed, but he determined to continue. Arriving at Singapore a complete breakdown occurred, but after sojourning in Ceylon, Italy, the French Riviera, and other places, he was able to reach his home in Michigan in May, 1908. He died of Bright's disease at Hillsdale, June 2, at the age of 48 years. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

Mr. Helmer married at Rochester, July 30, 1885, Miss Jennie Tamlington White, but was divorced in 1897. March 5, 1898, he married Jessie C., daughter of Hon. B. E. Sheldon of Toledo, O. She survives him.

ARTHUR [GRIFFIN] STEDMAN, younger son of Edmund Clarence Stedman (Y. C. 1853), banker and poet, and Laura Hyde (Woodworth) Stedman, was born June 6, 1859, in New York City, and was prepared for college in that city and in Newark, N. J.

During the winter after graduation he was secretary to his father, whom he accompanied to Europe in the spring of 1882. For a time after his return the following summer he was connected with the *Windham County* (Conn.) *Transcript*, and continued in journalistic and literary work during the remainder of his life. From 1902 to 1905 he was the representative of the Book Lovers' Library in London, and from there wrote letters on literary matters for American papers. He prepared the "Short Biographies" of the authors included in the Stedman-Hutchinson "Library of American Literature," and in 1891 received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale for studies in literary biography. A sketch of Constance Fenimore Woolson written for the *Book Buyer* in 1889 was widely copied, and biographical articles of his appeared in Appleton's "Annual Cyclopaedia," the *Review of Reviews*, and other publications. In 1894-95 he was New York correspondent of *The Dial*, of Chicago. Among the various editions and reprints of books which he edited were Herman Melville's Works, with Introduction, 1892; Fiction, Fact, and Fancy Series, which included Walt Whitman's Prose and Poetry, 1892; and the Poems of William Sharp. In 1908 he was occupied with his father's literary matters. His poetic gift he seldom exercised, but it was clearly manifest in the ode published in the *New York Tribune* on the death of his father.

Mr. Stedman died in New York City, September 16, 1908, from Bright's disease. He was 49 years of age. He was unmarried, and had for many years lived in bachelor apartments. His father died the preceding January, his mother in 1905, and his only brother, Frederick Stuart, in 1906. The widow and daughter of the last mentioned, also three aunts, Mrs. N. S. Easton, Mrs. M. I. Kip, and Mrs. E. B. Stone, survive him.

Mr. Stedman left a fund to the University in memory of his mother.



1884

FREDERICK CONNELL, son of William P. and Alida (Hurd) Connell, was born in Scranton, Pa., June 9, 1859. He was fitted for college at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduation he studied law under Williard & Warren in Scranton, and was admitted to the bar of Lackawanna County, but since then had devoted his attention to the hardware business, and was for a number of years a member of the firm of W. P. Connell & Sons.

Mr. Connell died of pneumonia at his home in Scranton, January 1, 1909, in the 50th year of his age. He was a member of the Second Presbyterian Church.

He married, November 23, 1886, Emily A., daughter of John and Martha (Ballantine) Baxter of Philadelphia, Pa., who survives him with two sons.

HENRY CALEB HOPKINS, son of Henry and Mary Elizabeth (Cornell) Hopkins, was born January 8, 1863, in New York City, and was prepared for college at St. Paul's School, in Concord, N. H. During his college course he was prominent as a baseball player, being three years a member and in Senior year Captain of the University Nine.

The year after graduation he spent at home, and was then with the banking house of Kidder, Peabody & Co. He later entered the United States National Bank of New York City and was Cashier at the time the bank was merged with the Western National Bank in 1897. He then engaged in private banking, in the firm of Bickley & Hopkins, but in 1901 retired from active business, and leaving New York City in 1904 purchased a farm at Ridgefield, Conn.

His death, from chronic diffused nephritis, occurred at Ridgefield, September 8, 1908, at the age of 45 years. He was buried in Woodlawn Cemetery, New York City.

He married in New York City, October 24, 1903, Emilie Florence, daughter of Frederick W. and Eliza G. (Lot-

timer) Jones, who survives him. Two brothers, Samuel C. and Charles V., are graduates of the College in 1882 and 1896, respectively, and a sister is the wife of Herman Livingston (Y. C. 1879).

EDWIN LEWIS PORTER, son of Hon. George McCandless Porter (Washington and Jefferson 1855) and Sarah (Lewis) Porter, was born in New Cumberland, W. Va., January 25, 1862. He was prepared for college in the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven, Conn.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Miller & McBride in Pittsburg, Pa., and after his admission to the bar practiced successfully in that city for ten years. He was made Secretary of the Mercantile Trust Company in 1897, and was Vice-President and a director from 1899 until his resignation in November, 1903. The financial crisis of that year, which was especially severe in Pittsburg, swept away his fortune, and overwork and worry broke down his health. After spending the winter of 1903-04 in California, he returned to Pittsburg greatly improved in health, and became a most successful agent of the Equitable Life Assurance Society.

Mr. Porter was a member of the Shadyside Presbyterian Church, active in the Young Men's Christian Association, and in other charitable and philanthropic work. He was most unselfish, and was highly esteemed in all the relationships of life.

He died of pneumonia following pleurisy, at his home in Pittsburg, July 5, 1908, at the age of 46 years.

He married in Pittsburg, September 30, 1884, Fanny L., daughter of Jeremiah and Emily (Scott) Morgan. She survives him with two sons and a daughter, the elder son being a member of the Academical Class of 1909.

EDWARD WELLS, son of Edward Wells (Y. C. 1839) and Hannah Hammill (Nassau) Wells, was born November 25, 1862, in Peekskill, N. Y.

After graduation he taught the first year in the Peekskill Military Academy, where he had been fitted for college, and the next year at Dr. Callisen's school in New York City. From 1885 to 1887 he studied in the Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of Master of Arts for work in the School of Political Science in 1886. He served as clerk in the office of Hon. Roscoe Conkling and of his father, was admitted to the bar in May, 1887, and in the same month formed a partnership with his father and Hon. Hiram Barney under the name of Barney & Wells. This firm was dissolved in 1891, and Mr. Wells, Jr., and Adjutant-General Avery D. Andrews entered into partnership. Since the retirement of the latter in 1900, Mr. Wells had practiced alone in New York City, and during the last year had been Corporation Counsel of his native village. He was active in politics and was frequently called into service in Westchester County for campaign addresses. In 1907 he was nominated for District Attorney of that county on the Democratic ticket, and although the Republican candidate was elected, he carried his home town by a large majority.

He was a trustee of the Finch School and a director of the Highland Democratic Company, a newspaper publishing corporation of Peekskill, and of several business corporations.

He published a volume of sonnets and wrote a number of occasional poems, notably for the fiftieth and seventy-fifth anniversaries of the Peekskill Military Academy.

Mr. Wells died, after an operation for appendicitis, at his home in Peekskill, July 19, 1908, in the 46th year of his age.

He married, April 24, 1889, Bertha, daughter of Aaron B. Reid of Haverstraw, N. Y. A son, a brother, and a sister survive him.



## 1886

FREDERIC NORRIS SEWALL, son of Edward and Sarah E. (Scranton) Sewall, was born October 13, 1864, in Bath, Me., where his father was a ship builder and ship owner.

After graduation he was at first with the Campbell & Cutler Paint and Glass Company in Kansas City, Mo., but in 1889 with A. N. Hughes engaged in the wholesale business under the name of the Sewall & Hughes Paint and Glass Company. This was reorganized in 1895 as the Sewall Paint and Glass Company with Mr. Sewall as President. In 1907 he was President of the Yale Alumni Association of Kansas City. He was a director of the Fidelity Trust Company.

Mr. Sewall was thrown from his horse while taking a ditch in a country club hunt and so severely injured that he died two days later, December 14, 1908. He was 44 years of age.

He married, at Bath, Me., October 5, 1889, Ruby Rogers, daughter of William B. and Louise (Rogers) Fisher. Mrs. Sewall survives him with a daughter. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1880.

## 1887

HENRY EARL HARD, son of Philo and Emma (Earl) Hard, was born January 1, 1862, at Ottawa, Ill., but in 1866 the family moved to New Orleans, La., where his father held a position in the United States Custom House. Finishing the course in the High School there at the age of sixteen, he later went to Norwich, Conn., where he was prepared for college at the Free Academy. Entering college with the Class of 1886, he left at the end of Junior year, but continued his studies while teaching in Garden City, N. Y., and graduated in 1887.

His life since graduation had been devoted to teaching. The first three years he taught at St. Paul's Cathedral

School, Garden City, N. Y., and then two years at the Browning School in New York City, and six years at the Boys' High School of Brooklyn. From there he was called in 1898 to be Principal of the Public School Number 109, and then of School Number 78. He afterward organized and was Principal of Public School Number 149, the largest school at the time in Greater New York and regarded as one of the best organized in the city. While he had charge the school was enlarged from fifty-nine to ninety-eight class rooms.

During most of his active life he found pleasant and useful change of work as organist and choirmaster, serving in that capacity in St. Mark's Church, Brooklyn, three years, and in Christ Church, Bay Ridge, thirteen years.

Mr. Hard died at his home in Brooklyn, September 26, 1908, at the age of 46 years. He was not permanently relieved by a serious operation the previous April. He was unmarried. His father and mother survive him.

### 1888

JOSEPH McELROY, son of Joseph and Emma Louise (Godine) McElroy, was born July 11, 1866, in New York City, but gained his college preparation in Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

After graduation he entered the Law Department of the University of Virginia, and while there played on the University football team, and was one of the founders of the weekly paper, "College Topics." Receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws there in 1890, he practiced his profession in Tacoma, Wash., until 1893, when he returned to New York City, and was connected in practice with Hon. Charles Donohue, D.C.L., for many years Judge of the New York Supreme Court, but since October, 1905, had been private secretary to Justice Samuel Greenbaum (B.A. College of the City of New York 1872) of the New York State Supreme Court.

His death was due to overwork and the intense heat. After an excessively hot day he went to Sheepshead Bay, but not finding the desired relief he took a trolley car to return to Brooklyn and as the ride seemed to revive him he continued to New York City. He was having difficulty in respiration and extended his journey through the Bronx as far as Mount Vernon, where he felt so weak that he went to a hotel. In his room there he was found dead on the following morning, July 7, 1908, from acute dilatation of the heart. He had suffered for years from chronic heart disease, which had seriously interfered with his professional career. He was nearly 42 years of age.

He married at Americus, Ga., November 17, 1897, Emily McClintock Prince of Virginia. She survives him with two young sons.

### 1889

CHARLES SHERMAN KING, son of Thomas Wellman King, a merchant and banker, and Jane (Stitt) King, was born September 14, 1865, at Wabash, Ind. He was prepared for college at Stockbridge, Mass., and entered from Wabash College. During his Senior year he was President of the University Football Association.

After graduation he studied law in the office of McDonald, Butler & Snow in Indianapolis a year, and acted as Secretary of the Cherokee Commission the next three years. September 23, 1893, he was admitted to the bar in Wabash, and shortly afterward entered into partnership there with Alfred Plummer, in the firm of Plummer & King. He took an active part in political life, being a delegate to the Indiana Republican Convention in April, 1894, also a member of the Republican City Central Committee. In November, 1898, he was elected to the General Assembly of Indiana, and two years later was reelected, being Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means. In 1902 he was appointed agent of the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Com-



pany of Hartford, Conn., and since 1903 he had been financial agent of the Prudential Life Insurance Company of Newark, N. J., his district including northern Indiana, southern Michigan, and northern Ohio, with headquarters at Fort Wayne, Ind.

He married, at Wabash, June 29, 1892, Alma, daughter of Nelson and Annie (Hughes) Zeigler, and had two daughters.

July 18, 1908, while he was going from Fort Wayne to Lake Wawasee, his summer home, his automobile was struck at a railroad crossing half a mile west of Columbia City by a fast mail train, hidden by a freight train moving in the opposite direction, and Mr. King, his wife, two daughters, and the other two members of the party were all killed. He was in his 43d year.

### 1891

JAMES WALLACE BROATCH, son of William J. and Julia (Schneider) Broatch, was born November 9, 1869, at the Yankton Indian Agency (Greenwood), S. D., of which his father, a Captain of the U. S. Army, was in charge.

He was prepared for college at the Omaha High School, and in his Junior year at Yale he became one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

At graduation he entered the West Point Military Academy as a cadet, and actively opposed the practice of hazing. This led to a bitter feeling of other cadets towards him, and being President of his class he resigned that office. His class, however, declined to accept his resignation, and showed their good will towards him by inviting him to their class dinner a year later.

Toward the close of the first year at the Academy he resigned on account of his health, and returned to his home at Omaha, where he engaged in the hardware business with his father, but at the expiration of a year he went to California. After a year there his health had so improved

that he returned to New Haven, and in the fall of 1895 entered the Yale Graduate School, and upon the completion of three years of study received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1898. During the scholastic year 1897-98 he was Assistant in English in the Sheffield Scientific School.

He served in the National Guards of Nebraska, Connecticut, and California, and during his last year at college he commanded the Signal Corps of the Connecticut National Guard at New Haven.

Upon the outbreak of the Spanish War he enlisted in the Eighth United States Volunteer Infantry, joined his regiment at Chattanooga, and served with it in Porto Rico. The war ending, seeing no prospect of active service, he obtained his discharge.

On account of bravery and devotion to duty he was appointed a First Lieutenant in the U. S. Marine Corps. He was stationed a short time at Washington Barracks and then ordered with a battalion of marines to San Francisco and to the Island of Guam, where he remained some months, and where he contracted a disease which nearly proved fatal. He was then ordered to Cavite, P. I., and to the U. S. Marine Hospital at Yokohama. There he recovered his health, and returned to duty at Cavite and Olongopo, P. I. He served a year in command of the U. S. Legation Guard at Seoul, Korea, and with his command returned to Cavite. From there he was ordered to the United States and, after spending a year upon recruiting service in Chicago and St. Louis in 1902, served as Adjutant of the battalion of marines sent to the Isthmus of Panama at the commencement of the American occupation. He was then promoted to a captaincy and returned to the Philippine Islands.

In 1906 he was again ordered to the United States and was stationed at Washington Barracks, and in the autumn was ordered to the Marine Barracks at the Charleston Navy Yard, where he remained until the spring of 1907, when

he was stationed upon recruiting service in Chicago. On July 8 of that year he was ordered to the Philippine Islands, and in July, 1908, was in command of the fort at Cavite. On the 9th of that month he took his life. He had been ill for a long time and subject to long periods of the deepest depression from which he seemed unable to arouse himself. After his death an autopsy disclosed a badly diseased liver and appendix. He was 38 years of age and had never married.

CHARLES GIBBS CARTER, son of John Joyce Carter, an oil operator, and Emma (Gibbs) Carter, was born April 14, 1867, at Titusville, Pa.

After graduation from college he studied law in the office of Hon. Mortimer F. Elliott at Wellsboro, Pa., and at the University of Virginia, and was admitted to the bar of his native county of Crawford in November, 1892. He was then in the office of A. Leo Weill, Esq., in Pittsburg, was admitted to practice in all the courts of that city in 1893, and became the private counsel of his father, as well as of the Carter Oil Company, a large producing company of West Virginia and Ohio, and had an extensive practice in other lines.

Besides making unusual progress in his profession, Mr. Carter was active in promoting civic improvement, was a keen sportsman, and possessed of fine literary taste.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Pittsburg, May 14, 1909, at the age of 42 years.

Mr. Carter married, January 6, 1900, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of George P. and Hannah B. McBride, of Pittsburg. She survives him with a daughter.

JOSEPH ROGERS HEROD, son of William Wirt Herod, a lawyer, and Susan C. (Rogers) Herod, was born October 8, 1868, at Columbus, Ind., but removed with his father's family in 1875 to Indianapolis, where he was prepared for college in the Indianapolis Classical School.



After graduation he read law for a time, was also engaged in private tutoring, and in 1895 received from Yale the degree of Master of Arts for studies in international law and history. In December, 1892, he was appointed Second Secretary of the United States Legation at Tokyo, Japan, by President Harrison, and, after subsequently holding the position of Chargé d'Affaires at Seoul for four months, was promoted by President Cleveland to the office of First Secretary of Legation at Tokyo. He remained there until April, 1900, when he resigned and, removing to New York with the intention of practicing international law, devoted himself to the special study of that subject.

During his diplomatic service he was a frequent contributor to magazines, and after his resignation was the author of "Favored Nation Treatment," 1901, an analysis of The Most Favored Nation Clause, with commentaries on its use in treaties of commerce and navigation.

He subsequently became a broker in New York City with the firm of Raymond, Pynchon & Co., residing the greater part of the year at his country place at New Canaan, Conn., where he devoted much attention to farming.

Mr. Herod died from gastritis, August 13, 1908, while visiting his brother, William P. Herod, in Indianapolis, Ind. He was in his 40th year.

He married, at Tokyo, November 12, 1893, Miss Annette Vernor Atchison of Detroit, Mich. She survives him with a son, the namesake of his brother, who was a non-graduate member of the Class of 1886.

#### 1894

LETCHWORTH SMITH, son of Byron Clark Smith, a merchant, and Charlotte Thompson (Letchworth) Smith, was born March 28, 1870, at Auburn, N. Y. During his college course he was a member of the Junior Promenade Committee, President of the University Glee Club in Senior year, and a member of the Class Day Committee.

After graduation he took the course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University) and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1898. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war in the spring of that year he enlisted in the Third New York Volunteer Infantry and was encamped at Camps Black and Alger until July 1, joined Troop A of the New York Volunteer Cavalry, and reached Porto Rico August 2, landing at Ponce. The Troop acted as escort to General Miles. Dr. Smith was acting surgeon of Troop B, Second Cavalry, until peace was proclaimed, when he returned to the United States. On arriving in New York City, September 10, he was granted a furlough of sixty days, and mustered out of service November 28.

From February to June, 1899, he was Interne in the Hudson Street Hospital, New York City, and the following year studied in the laboratories of London, Berlin, and Vienna. On returning from abroad he was Assistant in Bacteriology in the Cornell University Medical School in New York City from October, 1900, to June, 1903, and Instructor there the following year. From November, 1901, to January, 1904, he was also connected with the bacteriological laboratories of the New York City Board of Health. Since September, 1906, he had been Director of the Pathological Laboratories of the University of Louisville. He was also City Chemist, member of the Tenement House Commission, and of the State Board of Child Labor.

Dr. Smith died at his home in Louisville, April 7, 1909, from heart disease. He was 39 years of age. He was a member of the Presbyterian church in Auburn.

He married, at Louisville, June 6, 1903, Mary Margaret Macauley (Vassar 1894), daughter of John T. and Annie (Kirlin) Macauley. She survives him with two children.

## 1896

HORACE ARTHUR LOOMIS, son of Edward Payson Loomis, a fruit merchant of New York, and Emma Keeny (Stoughton) Loomis, was born August 8, 1874, in Brooklyn, N. Y. He was prepared for college at the Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn. At Yale he was President of the Gymnastic Association, and a member of the Gymnastic Team, also chairman of the board of editors of the *Yale Courant* for 1895-96.

After graduation he lived in Brooklyn for two years and was in business with E. P. Loomis & Co. of New York and Rochester, dealers in apples. Upon the death of his father in 1899 the business came into the hands of his brother, Edward N. Loomis (Y. C. 1891) and himself, and a year later they admitted Robert P. Loomis (Y. C. 1899) to partnership. Since then he had spent six months of each year in the business of the company, residing at his country home at Brighton, a part of Rochester, and the winters in California, Italy, and the Adirondacks, constantly fighting tuberculosis, but he died of that disease at Brighton, June 30, 1908. He was in his 34th year.

He married, February 3, 1904, at the Church of the Saviour in Brooklyn, Emily, daughter of Edward R. Betts (Y. C. 1866) and Emma (Whitney) Betts. She survives him.

## 1897

WALTER JEROME LAPHAM, son of Byron and Minnie (Spencer) Lapham, was born June 22, 1872, at Glens Falls, N. Y. He was prepared for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy. He was a member of the University Glee Club, and during Senior year its President.

After graduation he returned to his home in Glens Falls and for over a year was in the employ of the Joseph Fowler Shirt & Collar Co., most of the time as Paymaster, but in 1898 removed to Schuylerville, N. Y., and became Secretary



of the Liberty Wall Paper Co., continuing this connection till illness incapacitated him for work.

Besides unusual musical gifts he had peculiarly winning personal qualities, and his classmates and friends cherished a high respect and affection for him. The Alumni Association of Northeastern New York owes much of the success of its meetings to his enthusiasm and good-fellowship.

Mr. Lapham died after nearly two years of suffering from myelitis, at Glens Falls, June 23, 1907. He was 35 years of age.

He married, April 25, 1900, at Brooklyn, N. Y., Nellie Jeannette, daughter of William T. and Annie (Peacock) Shay, who survives him with a son.

EDWARD MOVIUS SICARD, son of George James Sicard (Hamilton 1858), a prominent lawyer, was born August 12, 1875, in Buffalo, N. Y. His mother was Sarah Esther (Movius) Sicard. He was prepared for college at the Nichols School in Buffalo.

After graduation from college he took the law course in the University of Buffalo, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1899. Upon his admission to the bar in July, 1899, he became managing clerk for John A. Van Arsdale, and then practiced law in his native city. He had held the positions of District Committeeman and Supervisor of Enumeration for Erie County.

Mr. Sicard was instantly killed in an automobile accident in Buffalo, August 8, 1908. He was nearly 33 years of age and was unmarried. A brother and sister survive him.

JOHN HENRY THOMPSON, son of John Henry Thompson, M.D. (New York Medical College 1863) and Anna C. (Ludlam) Thompson, was born December 3, 1873, in New York City, and was prepared for college at Lawrenceville, N. J. While a student in Yale he won many points for the University in track athletics.

After graduation he studied two years in the New York Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws therefrom in 1899, and practiced his profession seven years in New York City, having special success in court practice. With his classmates, Frank Brookfield and Richard S. Chisolm he entered into a law partnership under the firm name of Brookfield, Chisolm & Thompson. In July, 1906, he went to Arabia, with Homer Davenport and Charles Arthur Moore, Jr. (Y. C. 1903), under special permission of the Sultan of Turkey, for the purpose of importing horses. On his return the following October he went to Old Bridge, N. J., as Superintendent of the Brookfield Glass Works, and was afterward made Secretary of the company. He strove to excel in whatever he undertook, and was an expert horseman, marksman, and sailor, and his decision to go to Old Bridge was influenced by his great love for outdoor life and animals, especially of dogs and horses, in the handling of which he acquired rare skill.

Mr. Thompson died at Old Bridge, N. J., November 14, 1908, of endocarditis following rheumatic fever. He was 34 years of age. He was buried in Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. Thompson's mother has presented to the Yale Gymnasium a collection of the cups which he won as trophies while an undergraduate.

GEORGE WHITMAN UPDIKE, son of George Whitman Updike, formerly a grain merchant of St. Louis, Mo., was born in that city, February 22, 1874. He was prepared for college at Smith Academy there. His mother was Martha Emma (Haigh) Updike.

After graduation he spent considerable time traveling about the Middle West, and entered the service of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway Co., becoming in time chief clerk in the office of the Chief Engineer at St. Joseph, Mo. Leaving railway work in 1900, he went into

the insurance business, traveling widely in the United States and South America for the Travelers Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., and a number of fire insurance companies.

Mr. Updike died of heart failure at Bay City, Texas, November 1, 1908, at the age of 34 years.

### 1898

WILLIAM STEVENS RAY, son of William and Addie Wadhams (Stevens) Ray, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 16, 1876. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation from Yale he entered the New York Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1900, was admitted to the bar the same year, and for some time practiced law with Frederic J. Swift (LL.B. Columbia 1892). He then entered his father's firm of William Ray & Co., cotton brokers, and in 1903 became an active member of the New York Cotton Exchange, being soon elected one of its Board of Managers, and later its Secretary.

Mr. Ray died suddenly at his home in Brooklyn, July 7, 1908, after an illness from typhoid pneumonia, and was taken for burial to Litchfield, Conn., the early home of his parents. He was 32 years of age, and was engaged to be married to Miss Elsie Fuller of Brooklyn. He was a member of the Central Congregational Church.

### 1899

EDWARD SEYMOUR WOODRUFF, son of Charles Hornblower Woodruff (Y. C. 1858) and Catherine G. (Sanford) Woodruff, and a nephew of Col. George B. Sanford (Y. C. 1863), was born December 23, 1876, in New York City. He was a grandson of Hon. Lewis Bartholomew Woodruff, LL.D. (Y. C. 1830), Judge of the United States Circuit Court, and great grandson of Chief Justice Joseph C. Horn-



blower of New Jersey. His preparation for college was obtained at Phillips (Andover) Academy, of whose New York Alumni Association his father was the first President.

After graduation from college he spent a year in biological study in the Graduate Department of Johns Hopkins University. Then followed a short period with an investment firm in New York City, after which he entered the Yale Forest School in 1905. In his Senior year there he was President of his class, and elected to the Sigma Xi Society, and upon graduating, was appointed a member of the Graduates Advisory Board. In the summer of 1907 he became a State Forester of New York. In this position he gave his attention chiefly to reforestation in the Adirondack Mountains. He was deeply interested in research work in botany, entomology, and ornithology, of which he gained much knowledge in the country about Litchfield, Conn. His published work was principally upon birds, and included "Summer Birds of Milford, Pike County, Pa." (in *Cassinia Bird Manual*, 1905); "A Preliminary List of the Birds of Shannon and Carter Counties, Missouri" (in *The Auk*, April, 1908); and "Scarcity of the Ruffed Grouse" (13th Annual Report of the Forest, Fish, and Game Commission of New York); also a paper (also published in this report) on "Destruction of White and Scotch Pine Seedlings by the White Grub."

Mr. Woodruff died of typhoid fever at his father's home in New York City, January 15, 1909. He was 32 years of age and not married. He was buried in Litchfield, Conn., where he had spent a large part of his life, and where he will long be held in loving remembrance. His brothers Lewis B. and Frederick S. graduated from Yale College in 1890 and 1892; respectively. The death of his brother Charles H., Jr., a former member of the Class of 1896, occurred a month after his own and from the same cause.

## 1900

SIDNEY MIXSELL WOOD, son of Joseph Simeon Wood (B.A. Coll. City of N. Y. 1861; LL.B. Columbia 1876), President of the Westchester County Bar Association, and President of the Board of Trade and Board of Education of Mount Vernon, N. Y., was born in that city July 23, 1880. He was fitted for college at the Halsey Collegiate Institute in New York City.

After graduation he took the course in the New York Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1902, and settled in the practice of his profession in Mount Vernon.

For some time he had been in poor health, never having recovered from a severe attack of pneumonia which he suffered in 1906. He later went South, and while sojourning at Asheville, N. C., died, February 2, 1909. He was 28 years of age.

He married, in 1906, Miss Clara B. Jacobs, who survives him.

## 1901

FREDERIC REYNOLDS HAIGHT, son of George E. and Mary (Williams) Haight, both deceased, was born January 29, 1880, in Hartford, Conn., but in early life came to New Haven, where he was prepared for college at the Hillhouse High School. While in college his literary ability showed itself and he was elected to the editorial board of the *Yale Record*, being business manager in Senior year. He was one of the editors of the Senior Class Book and also Class Historian. At the Triennial he presided and made the speech presenting the class cup.

After graduation he was temporarily in the office of the Probate Court, during the absence abroad of the regular clerk, and then became a member of the editorial staff of the *New Haven Evening Register*. Since 1905 he had been City Editor of that paper. His work was careful and was regarded as of exceptional merit.

While in a despondent frame of mind from a nervous breakdown, Mr. Haight took his own life, on the New Haven Green, February 17, 1909. He was 29 years of age and was unmarried. A brother survives him.

## 1902

PERCY BAYARD COCHRAN, son of Mark M. Cochran, formerly State Attorney, and Emma J. Cochran, was born October 10, 1879, at Uniontown, Pa., and was prepared for college at the High School in that place and at Redstone Academy. He graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Bethany College, W. Va., in 1900, and from there entered Yale at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation from the latter he taught English at the Summer School of Bethany College, and the following winter began the study of law at Uniontown, Pa. He was admitted to the Pennsylvania bar November 2, 1903, and since then had practiced his profession in his native place, making a specialty of corporation law.

Mr. Cochran died November 14, 1908, at the West Pennsylvania Hospital, Pittsburg, Pa., after an operation for appendicitis.

He was 29 years of age and unmarried. His father and a sister survive him.

## 1903

WILLIS ELBRIDGE GOODHUE, son of Rev. Jonathan Elbridge Goodhue (Y. C. 1852) and Esther Amelia (Hawley) Goodhue, was born December 23, 1867, at Brookfield, Conn., where his father was Rector of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church. Since 1885 the family residence had been at Newark, Wayne Co., N. Y. He was fitted for college at the State Normal School in Buffalo, N. Y., and joined his class in Yale at the beginning of Junior year, having taken the early part of his course at Brown University.



After graduation he devoted himself to teaching, being at first Principal of the Shelton (Conn.) High School, and since 1906 Principal of the Cutler School in Norwalk, Conn.

He died of gallstones at Norwalk, February 5, 1909, at the age of 41 years.

He married, July 29, 1908, Frances E., daughter of Irving and Mary (Rounds) Bradbury, who survives him with his mother and sister.

He was a member of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church, Norwalk, and Superintendent of its Sunday school.

HERBERT CASSIUS KELLY, son of Cassius William Kelly (Y. C. 1870, Ph.B. 1872) and Frances Elizabeth (Hart) Kelly, was born August 16, 1881, in New Haven, Conn. He was prepared for college in the Hillhouse High School and maintained a high stand during his college course, in Junior year being awarded the second Winthrop Prize. He wrote the Ivy Ode for Class Day.

Since graduation he had taught history and English in Smith Academy, a preparatory school for Washington University, St. Louis, Mo., where he won the respect and affection of the boys and teachers.

He came home to spend the Christmas vacation, seriously out of health, and his condition grew rapidly worse until his death from tubercular laryngitis, February 4, 1909. He was 27 years of age and unmarried.

CHARLES SEYMOUR PARSONS, son of William Cheney Parsons (Western Reserve 1863), Tutor in Western Reserve College, and for many years a manufacturer in Akron, O., now residing in New Hartford, Conn., was born February 4, 1882, at Akron, O. His mother was Sarah Day (Seymour) Parsons, daughter of Professor Nathan Perkins Seymour, LL.D. (Y. C. 1834), of Western Reserve College, and sister of the late Professor Thomas Day Seymour of Yale.

He was prepared for college at the Rectory School, New Milford, Conn. In his Sophomore year he received the Benjamin F. Barge First Prize for the solution of original mathematical problems, then awarded for the first time.

Having decided to make mechanical engineering his profession, he held positions successively in the draughting rooms of the Riter-Conley Manufacturing Co., the Colonial Steel Co., and the A. Garrison Foundry Co., all of Pittsburg. While with these companies, he gained thorough knowledge of the special business of each one. In November, 1905, he was appointed Assistant Night Instructor in mathematics in the Carnegie Technical Schools, and in February, 1906, took a position in the office of the Director of these schools as acting Purchasing Agent, becoming May 1, acting Registrar and later Engineering Assistant. He closed his connection with the faculty of that institution at the end of the spring term, 1908, to accept a position as mechanical engineer with the Pittsburg Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Parsons was drowned in the Allegheny River near Pittsburg, on the evening of May 18, 1909. He was alone in his naphtha launch and while attempting to adjust the machinery lost control of the boat, which was swept by the wave of a passing steamboat and the swift current against a coal barge and capsized in midstream.

He was 27 years of age and was not married. His brother, William Edward Parsons of Manila, Consulting Architect to the Philippine Commission, graduated from the Academical Department in 1895.

CLEVELAND ROGERS was born February 11, 1880, at Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, N. Y. He prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

After graduation he entered the Harvard Law School, but on account of illness during his course did not

complete it until 1907, and after receiving his degree in law was unable to enter active practice.

Although for years a severe sufferer at times, his brave spirit never failed. He died after a final brief illness, September 1, 1908, at the house of his grandmother in Wakefield, R. I. He was 28 years of age and unmarried.

### 1905

PERLEY BICKFORD CHANDLER, son of James and Liveria Knight (Bickford) Chandler, was born January 1, 1873, in Cambridge, Ill., but in his infancy the family removed to Ladora, Ia.

In 1904 he graduated from Coe College, Cedar Rapids, Ia., and the following autumn joined the Senior class in Yale College being then a resident of Marengo, Ia. After completing the Academical course at Yale he at once entered the Yale Medical School, and graduated from there with honor last June, winning the Keese Prize for the best thesis. He was a member of the editorial staff of the *Yale Medical Journal*, and was one of the founders of the Medical Department of the Young Men's Christian Association, and its first President.

He had supported himself while studying, and in order to pay off the last of his indebtedness had taken a temporary position as brakeman on the Duluth and Iron Range Railroad. In an accident on this railroad at Two Harbors, Minn., July 21, 1908, he was killed. He was 35 years of age and not married. His father, a farmer, was a graduate of the Chandler Scientific School of Dartmouth College in 1857, and died in March, 1909. His mother died in 1902. A brother survives him.

As the result of a competitive examination he had received an appointment as Interne in the New York City Hospital, for eighteen months, and planned to become subsequently a medical missionary.



1906

ROBERT LINCOLN CLARK, son of William Jared Clark, Manager of the General Electric Co. in New York City, and Mary (Terry) Clark, was born April 29, 1885, in Derby, Conn. He was prepared for college at the New Haven High School and Phillips (Andover) Academy.

The year after graduation from college he received the degree of Master of Arts for work in English in the Graduate School, and in June, 1908, completed the first year in the Harvard Law School. For the last nine years he had spent the summer vacation abroad and had acquired a good knowledge of several languages. He was retiring in disposition and was absorbed in reading, study, and travel.

On September 27, 1908, he went out alone in a boat from St. Gingolph, Switzerland, on the opposite side of Lake Geneva from Vevay, with the intention, it is supposed, of going in swimming, as he was an expert swimmer. The water was deep and cold, and he was not seen again after his plunge into the lake. He was 23 years of age. Two brothers (1901 S. and 1903) preceded him at the University.

WILLIAM DANIELS HARRIS was born in Dorchester District, Boston, Mass., November 26, 1884, the son of William L. Harris, President of the New England Furniture and Carpet Co., and Elizabeth Enslin (Daniels) Harris. He was prepared for college at the Shattuck School, Faribault, Minn. In college he was a member of the University Mandolin and Banjo Clubs, and in Senior year rowed on his class crew, and was a member of the victorious University four-oar Crew.

Since graduation he had been with the New England Furniture and Carpet Co. He also took up the study of mining engineering.

While spending his vacation at Cass Lake, Minn., he was drowned by the overturning of his canoe, August 30, 1908. He was 23 years of age and unmarried.

beth (Cox) Binney, and grandson of Dr. Barnabas Binney (Brown 1774), was born April 14, 1825, in Philadelphia, Pa. Both his father and his grandfather were valedictorians of their respective classes. His father was for many years a director of the old United States Bank in Philadelphia, from 1833 to 1835 a member of the House of Representatives in Congress, and a distinguished lawyer whose defence of the city of Philadelphia against the heirs of Stephen Girard in their effort to break the will was especially notable.

He left college at the close of Junior year, but in 1866 received the honorary degree of Master of Arts and was enrolled with his class. In 1856 Brown University also conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts.

After a year abroad, in the autumn of 1845 he began reading law in the office of his brother Horace (Y. C. 1828), was admitted to the bar in 1848, and practiced his profession in Philadelphia until 1853, when he removed to Providence, R. I. There he was in the office of General Albert C. Greene and later with Hon. Samuel Ames (Brown 1823), but soon after the death of his wife in 1866 he abandoned the law and organized the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, of which he was President until 1881, and had since continued on the Board of Directors. He made three other journeys to Europe, at one time remaining abroad three years and a half.

He was long prominent in municipal affairs, having been a member of the Common Council continuously from 1857 to 1874, and its President from 1863 to 1871. He drafted the city charter for Providence passed by the general assembly in 1866. He was twice elected a member of the Rhode Island House of Representatives, and the general assembly selected him for Judge of the Supreme Court, but he declined to be a candidate. He was appointed to deliver the oration in Providence after the death of President Lincoln.

Since 1883 he had resided in the summer at Newport, R. I., but for many years he rarely left his homes in New-

port and Providence on account of invalidism. He, however, continued to take a keen interest in public affairs and often contributed to the press. His ripe culture and broad sympathies gave to his companionship peculiar charm. He died in Providence, April 23, 1909, from pneumonia. He was 84 years of age.

Mr. Binney married, June 14, 1848, Charlotte Hope Goddard, eldest child of William G. Goddard, LL.D. (Brown 1823), Professor, Trustee, and Secretary of Brown University, and Charlotte Rhoda (Ives) Goddard. She died in April, 1866, leaving two sons and two daughters. The elder son left Harvard University after three years, but in 1906 was enrolled with his class of 1881, and the younger son graduated there in 1883. The elder daughter married Samuel Powel, Jr. (Brown 1870), who is deceased, and the younger daughter (now deceased) was the wife of Sidney F. Tyler (Harvard 1872).

April 19, 1871, Mr. Binney married Josephine, daughter of Rev. Joseph and Elizabeth (Rotch) Angier, of Milton, Mass. She survives him.

### 1847

LEWIS BARNES, born in Southington, Conn., June 26, 1824, was one of the nine children of Julius Steele Barnes, M.D. (Y. C. 1815), and Laura (Lewis) Barnes, and grandson of Jonathan Barnes (Y. C. 1784).

After graduation he taught at Bristol, Conn., for a year, the following year was a student at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University) and at the same time taught in Brooklyn, N. Y. He then entered the office of his uncle, Dr. Josiah Barnes (Y. C. 1825), in Buffalo, N. Y., and in 1850 graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Buffalo.

He began the practice of his profession at Meriden, Conn., but in 1856 settled in Oxford, Conn., where he was in active practice for fifty years. In 1886 he was President of the



1908

DWIGHT TORREY GRISWOLD, youngest of the six sons of Matthew and Annie Brooks (Schenck) Griswold, was born December 8, 1884, in Erie, Pa.

He was prepared for college in the Erie High School, and during his course at Yale gave special attention to rowing, being a member of class crews the first two years, stroke of the University four-oar Crew in 1907, and of the University eight-oar Crew in 1908.

In the race with Harvard in June, 1908, he suffered a nervous collapse and had to be removed from the boat. The consequent defeat of the crew greatly affected him and perhaps made him an easy victim of typhoid pneumonia, of which he died at the German Hospital in San Francisco, Cal., December 29, 1908. He was 24 years of age, and not married. He was a member of the Park Presbyterian Church in Erie.

Five brothers preceded him at Yale, graduates, respectively, of the classes of 1888 S., 1890, 1899, 1902 S., and 1904 S.

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1837

GURDON WADSWORTH RUSSELL was born April 10, 1815, in Hartford, Conn. He was the son of John Russell and Martha (Wadsworth) Russell, and grandson of Gurdon Wadsworth, a descendant of one of the first settlers of Hartford.

Since the death in June, 1908, of William Davis Ely, of the Class of 1836 in Yale College, he was the oldest living graduate of the University; since the death of Dr. Chauncey Ayers, of the Class of 1831 in the Medical School, in April, 1903, he was the oldest living graduate of the Medical School; and since 1898 was the last survivor of his class.

He graduated from Trinity (then Washington) College in 1834, and for the last twelve years had been its oldest living alumnus. Immediately after graduation he began his medical studies under Dr. Amariah Brigham in his native city, and then took the course in the Yale Medical School.

After receiving his medical degree he began practice in Wethersfield, Conn., but a year later located permanently in Hartford, where he was in active practice until seventy years of age. In 1846 he was one of the organizers of the Hartford Medical Society, which at a dinner in his honor in 1887 presented him with a loving-cup in recognition of his fifty years of medical practice. He was the first medical examiner of the Ætna Life Insurance Company and to the end of his life was medical director of the company. In 1871 he was President of the Connecticut Medical Society, and had also been Secretary and Vice-President. He was Vice-President of the American Medical Association in 1878.

For many years he had been most helpfully connected with the Hartford Retreat and Hartford Hospital. Of the

former he was Vice-President in 1885 and President from 1890 to his death, and of the latter he was President *Emeritus* and senior director, as well as chairman of its surgical and medical staff. He presented to the Retreat a chapel in 1873.

Dr. Russell had a country home on Cedar Mountain, in the care of which he found great pleasure. He was an authority on many subjects outside of his profession and a man of much public spirit. He was for over twenty-five years connected with the development of the public parks, having been a member of the Park Board from 1860 to 1865, and one of the park commissioners since 1880, and President in 1901. He had long been the oldest member of the Connecticut Historical Society, having joined the society in 1840.

He was a member of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, was appointed a vestryman in 1847, and was senior warden for a number of years. He and Mrs. Russell were associated in several valuable gifts to the church. His "Contributions to the History of Christ Church" was the result of long and careful labor.

At the centennial meeting of the Connecticut Medical Society, held in New Haven in 1892, Dr. Russell read a thoughtful paper on "Early Medicine and Early Medical Men in Connecticut," and on another occasion prepared a paper on "Physicians in Hartford in 1820 and 1837." Among other interesting reminiscences of old-time Hartford were his "Up Neck in 1825," describing the northern part of the city, and the "Charter Oak." He had nearly completed a historical and genealogical volume on the Russell Family.

He received the degree of Master of Arts in course from Trinity College in 1837, and the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from there in 1903.

Dr. Russell died from old age at his home in Hartford, February 3, 1909, in his 94th year.



He married, in Hartford, September 12, 1838, Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Tuttle, by whom he had three children, none of whom are living. After her decease he married, November 27, 1883, Mary Isabella, daughter of Dr. Samuel B. Beresford (Trinity 1834), who survives him.

## 1843

ROBERT CRANE, son of Deacon Phineas and Irene (Nichols) Crane, and next to the youngest of eleven children, was born December 27, 1820, in Bethlehem, Conn. He entered the Academical Department in 1839, but the death of his father occurred that year and he gave up his college course. He soon, however, decided to enter the medical profession, and was at first in the office of Dr. Loomis North in Bethlehem, continuing his studies in 1840 with Dr. Josiah G. Beckwith (Union 1827) in Litchfield. He then attended lectures at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now in Columbia University) and the Berkshire Medical School at Pittsfield, Mass. In 1842 he entered the Yale Medical School, and after graduation practiced his profession in Middlebury, Conn., for ten years, in the meantime holding the offices of Town Clerk, Postmaster, and in 1851 representing his town in the State Legislature.

In 1852 he was elected Secretary and Treasurer of the Union Knife Co., of Naugatuck, and the following year removed to Waterbury, where he was the first secretary of the firm of Holmes, Booth & Haydens.

In 1855-56 he was clerk in the Waterbury Bank, and then Secretary of the American Flask and Cap Co., remaining in this position until the company was merged in the American Brass Co. several years later. While in Waterbury he was in 1860 a member of the Common Council and for a time a member of the School Finance Board, also, the last year, Assistant Assessor (now called Deputy Collector) of the United States Internal Revenue.

In 1867 he removed to New Haven, where as elsewhere he took a deep interest in educational and religious matters. He was one of the original members of the Dwight Place (Congregational) Church, joining it by certificate from the Howe Street Church in December, 1872. He was a member of the Common Council in 1879-80.

In 1895 he returned to Waterbury, where he made his home with his son. About 1905 an operation for cataract restored his failing vision. His health declined slowly until his death, which occurred March 31, 1909. He was 88 years of age.

He married, February 17, 1847, Eunice Maria, daughter of Perry and Eunice Ann (Barnes) Averill of South Britain, Conn. She died in 1890, their only daughter in infancy, and the elder son in 1870 while a student in the Sheffield Scientific School, Class of 1871, but the younger son (Y. C. 1885) survives him.

### 1847

EDWIN BIDWELL, son of Martin and Betsey (Morley) Bidwell, was born February 19, 1821, in South Manchester, Conn. After preparatory work in the Academy in Westfield, Mass., he began his medical studies with Dr. Hubbard of Clinton, Conn., from there went to the Berkshire Medical School at Pittsfield, Mass., but in the spring of 1845 attended the lectures of Drs. Valentine Mott and Willard Parker in New York City, and then entered the Yale Medical School.

After graduation from the last he practiced successively in Madison, Westbrook, and Haddam, Conn., but since 1860 he had lived at Deep River, in the town of Saybrook, Conn., and devoting himself entirely to his profession built up an extensive practice in the region round about. He was the oldest physician in Middlesex County, and about 1901 retired as far as his patients would permit. He was public health officer and coroner, also for several years member of the school board.

He was confined to his bed only two days before his death, which occurred at his home December 13, 1908, in his 88th year.

Dr. Bidwell married, May 8, 1848, Maria C., daughter of Lelah and Electa Ann (Bushnell) Lee, of Madison, Conn. She died April 19, 1873, and in 1874 he married Mary Burnham, daughter of Joel and Mary Haines (Peck) Miner, of Old Lyme. By his first marriage he had two sons and a daughter, of whom the younger son graduated from Dartmouth Medical College in 1884; and by the second marriage a daughter. All his children with Mrs. Bidwell survive him.

### 1849

WILLIAM HENRY SAGE, son of Josiah and Eliza (Cone) Sage, was born March 15, 1825, in Sandisfield, Mass., and spent his early life there and in Riverton, a village near Winsted, Conn.

After graduation from the Medical School he practiced his profession many years in Unionville, Conn. In 1866 he changed from the allopathic to the homeopathic school, and in 1874 he moved to New Haven, where he became widely known as a physician. Close attention to his large practice wore on him, and retiring from active work in his profession he found enjoyment and physical benefit in farm life, at Woodbury, Conn., where he built a home in 1899. Part of his property along the Pomperaug River he laid out as a park and opened to the public.

Dr. Sage had been in excellent health until a few months before his decease, when he was thrown from his carriage. He died of apoplexy, at his home in Woodbury, March 10, 1909, at the age of nearly 84 years. He was the last survivor of his class. He was buried in Evergreen Cemetery, New Haven.

He married, at Farmington, Conn., October 1, 1854, Elizabeth V., daughter of Erastus A. and Elizabeth (Patterson)



Pinney, and had two sons. She survives him, but the elder son died in 1895. The younger son, Dr. Henry P. Sage, is a homeopathic physician in New Haven.

## 1860

DAVID CARLISLE AINEY was born May 31, 1838, in Dimock, Susquehanna County, Pa., his father being Jacob Ainey, a mechanic and collector of taxes there, of French Huguenot descent. His mother was Catherine (Kinnan) Blakeslee, a native of Goshen, N. Y., of Scotch-Irish ancestry. After his father's death in 1856 he was a student at Oberlin College in 1857, and in 1858-59 in the Medical Department of the University of Michigan.

He then entered the Yale Medical School and upon graduation from there became a practicing physician and surgeon in New Milford, Pa. He was President of the Susquehanna County Medical Society, President and Secretary of the Board of Pension Examiners, medical examiner for several life insurance companies, delegate to the American Medical Society, the Academy of Railroad Surgeons and the National Association of Railroad Surgeons. In 1869 he was burgess of New Milford, and from 1863 to 1885 postmaster.

Dr. Ainey married, at Kirkwood, N. Y., October 28, 1861, Kathleen, daughter of Hiram Blakeslee, a merchant of Dimock, Pa.

He died of heart disease, at his home in New Milford, Pa., June 7, 1908, at the age of 70 years. Two sons, with Mrs. Ainey, survive him.

SAMUEL FARNHAM CHAPIN, son of Joseph and Fannie (Farnham) Chapin, was born at Butternuts, Otsego County, N. Y., November 13, 1834. When he was ten years old his father died. After a course at Phillips Academy, Andover, he entered the Yale Medical School in 1855. Two years later, however, he went to Ann Arbor, where he

received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the University of Michigan in 1858, then returned to New Haven and received the same degree from Yale in 1860.

In 1861 he became Surgeon of the 139th Regiment, Pennsylvania Infantry, in 1862 was made chief operator of the First Brigade, in 1863 Brigade Surgeon, and in 1864 and 1865 was Division Surgeon of the Second Division, Sixth Corps. He participated in twenty-six battles, including Malvern Hill, the second battle of Bull Run, Antietam, Fredericksburg, the Wilderness, and Winchester, ending with Appomattox.

He served as burgess, and school director for twelve years in his native town, and founded and for fourteen years published a county newspaper, *The Sentinel*, and aided in establishing several manufacturing concerns.

Since 1889 he had been Surgeon of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, Pa. He was President of the Erie County Medical Society in 1898. He was also a United States pension examiner. From 1874 to 1876 and in 1878 he was a Republican member of the Pennsylvania Legislature.

Dr. Chapin died of œdema of the lungs at his home in Erie, Pa., June 12, 1908, in the 74th year of his age. He was buried at Lowville, Pa.

He married, at Erie, Pa., September 3, 1870, Emily, daughter of Rev. Bryan S. Hill, and had two sons and two daughters, of whom the younger son died in childhood. Mrs. Chapin and their other children survive him. The elder son received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Allegheny College, at Meadville, in 1899.

### 1863

THOMAS MORTON HILLS, son of Rev. Israel Hills (Amherst 1830) by his first wife, Lucinda (Morton) Hills, was born May 12, 1839, at Lovell, Me. Previous to entering the Medical School he studied nine months with Dr.

Stephen F. Pomeroy (M.D. Yale 1856) at Staffordville, Conn., and after his first course of lectures at Yale was assistant to Drs. Pliny A. Jewett (M.D. Yale 1840) and Timothy B. Townsend (M.D. Yale 1858).

In October, 1862, he joined the Union army as First Assistant Surgeon of the 27th Connecticut Volunteers and saw hard service. At the battle of Fredericksburg he was one of the operating corps of three surgeons in the hospital nearest the battlefield and was one of the last to cross the bridge over the Rappahannock before it was burned. He then returned to New Haven and after graduation soon went to Norfolk, Va., in response to a call for physicians from the mayor of that city. When General Butler moved his army up the James River, Dr. Hills closed his office in Norfolk and became surgeon to the armies operating before Richmond and later practiced about two years in that city, having charge there of the Chimborazo Hospital, which was connected with the Freedmen's Bureau. He then returned North and in March, 1866, settled in Willimantic, Conn., where he had a large general practice and gave especial attention to surgery and gynecology. Since 1870 he had been surgeon of the railroads centering in that place. He was President of the Connecticut Medical Association in 1887.

He was one of the originators of the Willimantic Historical Society, and had recently given land as an addition to Whittemore Park.

Dr. Hills died at his home in Willimantic of pneumonia, January 23, 1909, at the age of 69 years.

He married, at New Haven, Conn., June 6, 1862, Mary Ann, daughter of Rev. William and Mary B. Hill. She died at Norfolk, Va., in 1864, and he afterward married, at New Castle, Del., Miss Laura S. Heath of Anne Arundel County, Md., by whom he had two sons and two daughters. The sons are deceased but the daughters survive him. One daughter (Woman's Med. Coll. Phila. 1896) practiced medicine with her father.



1864

DURELL SHEPARD, son of Hiram and Lucretia Ann (Sherman) Shepard, was born September 19, 1831, in Newtown, Conn.

After a preparatory course in Wilbraham (Mass.) Academy he entered Yale in 1852, but was for several years in ill health and discontinued his course, supporting himself largely by work in factories and as clerk in a drug store.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he entered Company F, First Connecticut Heavy Artillery, but was soon assigned to hospital service. He was made a prisoner at Cold Harbor and imprisoned at Savage's Station, Va., a month, after which he was paroled and exchanged. He was then sent to a military hospital in Philadelphia, and in November, 1862, was honorably discharged.

He at once entered the Yale Medical School, and upon graduation practiced for a short time in Bridgeport, Conn., then reëntering the Union service as Assistant Surgeon, was located first at Fort Schuyler and afterward at Newbern, N. C., where he passed through an epidemic of yellow fever.

In July, 1865, he resigned his commission, practiced the following year at Ballston Spa, N. Y., but in 1867 removed to West Haven, Conn., where he had since resided. In 1867 he opened a drug store, and since then had conducted it in connection with his practice.

Dr. Shepard died at his home in West Haven, May 16, 1909, from the infirmities of age. He was in his 78th year.

He married in 1856, Ellen, daughter of Ruel Hart of Southington, Conn. She died in 1863, and he afterward married Eleanor M., daughter of Captain Sylvanus Tyler of Essex, Conn., who died in 1903. By his first marriage he had one child (deceased), and by his second marriage two sons and a daughter, of whom one son and the daughter survive.

1872

ELIAS BUEL HEADY, one of the six sons of Clark Lamphere and Eliza Rachel (Andrews) Heady, was born, July 28, 1846, at Norfolk, Conn., and gained his preparatory education in the public schools.

Before entering the Medical School he studied medicine three years with Dr. Henry M. Knight (M.D. Berks. Med. Coll. 1856) of Lakeville, Conn.

After graduation he practiced his profession nearly eight years in Cornwall Bridge, Conn., but in March, 1880, removed to Milford, Conn., where in addition to his practice he was medical examiner and health officer. He wrote several medical papers, and published articles on sanitation.

August 12, 1905, he was thrown from his automobile, fracturing the left femur, but after a year was able to get around his room a little on crutches. He died from nephritis and attendant complications, December 16, 1908, at the age of 62 years.

While living at Cornwall Bridge, he married, February 10, 1874, Julia Virginia, daughter of James Edward and Julia Dean (Butler) Kellogg, and had four sons, of whom the eldest and youngest are deceased. The second son graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1904. Five brothers are living.

1879

ANDREW BENNETT GORHAM, son of George Morgan Gorham, a country merchant, and Angeline (Buckley) Gorham, was born January 1, 1851, in Weston, Conn.

After graduation from the Medical School he settled in Wilton, Conn., where he practiced as a physician and surgeon and was also health officer of the town till his death, March 29, 1909, from heart disease. He was 58 years of age.

Dr. Gorham married, November 24, 1881, Deborah, daughter of Moses and Mary (Goodsell) Hill, of Redding, Conn., who survives him. They had no children.

## 1898

RUSSELL HULBERT, elder son of George Huntington and Henrietta Lee (Russell) Hulbert, was born January 24, 1874, in Middletown, Conn. His paternal grandfather was William Edward Hulbert (Y. C. 1824), and his maternal grandfather General William H. Russell (Y. C. 1833). He took his preparatory studies at the Gunnery, Washington, Conn., and later in New Haven.

After completing his medical course he settled at Stony Creek, Conn., and had gained reputation as a physician, when he was taken with pneumonia. He was removed to a private hospital in Hartford, where he died October 25, 1908, at the age of 34 years. His widow, who was before marriage Miss Minnie E. Gladwin, of Higganum, Conn., survives him without children. He was a member of the First Congregational Church of Middletown.



## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1861

WASHINGTON FREDERICK WILLCOX, son of Hervey Willcox, a farmer of Killingworth, Conn., was born in that town, August 22, 1834. His mother was Lydia (Wright) Willcox.

He entered the Academical Department in 1858, but left college in Freshman year on account of trouble with his eyes which prevented all reading for about a year. He then took the course in the Law School and, after graduation and admission to the bar, practiced his profession in Deep River, Conn., continuously, except during his membership in Congress, his ability early winning him success. From 1896 to 1898 he also had an office in Middletown.

Following his graduation he entered political life, and in 1862 was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives. In 1875 and 1876 he was in the State Senate two terms, from 1875 to 1883 was State's Attorney for Middlesex County and from 1889 to 1893 was a Democratic member of the National House of Representatives. During his first term in Congress he was a member of the Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures, and during his second term chairman of the United States Census Committee. In July, 1897, he was appointed to the State Railroad Commission, of which he was chairman until 1905. In 1907 he was named by the Connecticut Legislature a member of the Public Service Commission, which reported at the following session in favor of establishing a Public Utilities Commission. For many years he was a director and Vice-President of both the National and Savings Banks in Deep River and was elected President of the former in January, 1909.

Mr. Willcox died at his home in Chester, March 8, 1909, from heart failure following an illness of several months from a nervous breakdown. He was in the 75th year of his age.

He married, January 1, 1868, Salome Canfield, daughter of Socrates and Maria (Kirtland) Denison, of Chester, and had two daughters and two sons, all of whom with Mrs. Willcox survive him. The younger son is a special student in the Law Department of the University.

### 1864

DEWITT CLINTON SPRAGUE, son of Daniel C. and Phœbe Statira (Wilcox) Sprague, was born July 25, 1846, at Fayetteville, Onondaga County, N. Y., and gained his early education in the local schools and under private tutors.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he went with the Second Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers to Washington in May, 1861, and at the first battle of Bull Run was taken prisoner and sent to Libby Prison. Upon his release he entered the Yale Law School in 1862, but the same year returned to his country's service, and September 9 was made First Lieutenant of Company F, 27th Connecticut Volunteers. He was severely wounded at the battle of Fredericksburg, and was honorably discharged from the army, May 4, 1863. After finishing his law course he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws with the Class of 1864.

From 1864 to 1866 he was City Clerk of New Haven, being chosen to the office three times. He then opened a law office in this city, but on account of his war injuries soon relinquished practice. In 1869 President Grant appointed him United States Consul to Brunswick, Germany, and later to Brindisi, Italy. After about two years of service in the latter country he returned to New York City, where he was for a time connected with a daily paper, and then formed the law firm of Cook & Sprague. In a short time illness, however, compelled him to give up active practice, and he was then in Washington, D. C., as private secretary to General William L. Rosecrans, Register of the United States

Treasury, until the latter's retirement in 1893, and subsequently in the office of the Auditor for the War Department, at the same time being a silent partner with A. A. Lipscomb, an attorney.

At the dedication of the New York State monument at Gettysburg in 1893 he read an original poem, also at the dedications of the monument to the 27th Connecticut Regiment on the same battlefield, and of the Hancock monument in Washington in 1896. He was three times selected to read a poem on Memorial Day at Arlington Cemetery, also at other local cemeteries.

He died of pneumonia, at his home in Washington, October 11, 1908, at the age of 62 years. He was buried at Arlington.

He married, at Worcester, Mass., October 20, 1883, Florence Mary, daughter of DeWitt C. Pratt, an artist of Aurora, Ill., and Mary M. (Burdick) Pratt, and had three sons, of whom the youngest is deceased. Mrs. Sprague, two sons, also a brother and sister, survive him. The second son is a student of pharmacy in the George Washington University Medical School.

### 1868

CEPHAS WILLARD AINSWORTH, son of Stephen Bond and Isabella (Shaw) Ainsworth, was born April 9, 1840, in the town of Lisbon, near Ogdensburg, N. Y.

He attended the schools in Canton and Potsdam, N. Y., and taught in district schools and for two years at the State Reform Farm at Lancaster, O., before entering upon his law course in September, 1866.

After graduation he at once became Assistant Superintendent and an instructor in the State Reform School then being established at Jamesburg, N. J. When its work was assured he was invited to a similar position at the Iowa Reform School at Eldora. From there he went to the



Industrial Reform School at Plainfield, Ind., where he remained seven years. Owing to political changes the place was then given to another, and after an interval he was appointed Superintendent of the Industrial School at Plankinton, S. D. Retiring from this position at the end of eleven years, he closed a career of institutional work covering thirty-five years, devoted to the unfortunate classes, and removed to Oak Park, Ill., where in September, 1901, he became editor of the *Daily Reporter-Argus*.

When not otherwise occupied he had given much time to journalism, and was well known as an accurate reporter, being often employed by leading papers to report speeches and proceedings of conventions and other public gatherings.

Mr. Ainsworth died at Oak Park, Ill., February 17, 1908, in the 68th year of his age. He was an active member of the Methodist Church.

He married, in Ogdensburg, N. Y., May 6, 1869, Miss Sarah M. Morrow. She was for many years associated with him as teacher and matron and died in 1905. He afterward married Mrs. Mary Miller, who survives him.

### 1873

CHARLES RUSSEL WHEDON, son of William Nelson and Sally (Landon) Whedon, was born December 23, 1826, at Guilford, Conn.

He was at one time prominent as a Democratic politician in New Haven. Before the consolidation of the town and city governments he frequently presided at the town meetings. He was clerk of the Board of Health several years, and also coroner. Under President Cleveland he was appointed a deputy United States marshal in California, where he resided many years, returning East about four years before his death.

Mr. Whedon died of pneumonia, January 29, 1909, at the New Haven Hospital. He was in his 83d year.

He married, in New Haven, May 21, 1849, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Luther Calvin and Electa (Trowbridge) Burwell. Mrs. Whedon died September 17, 1896, but a son who bears his father's name in full, and a daughter, who is the wife of Rev. John J. Hill (Y. C. 1879), survive.

## 1875

LEVY MAYBAUM, son of Philip and Flora Maybaum, was born in Westphalia, Germany, October 3, 1853, and came to the United States when a small boy.

At his graduation from the Law School he received the Jewell Prize for the best examination. After his admission to the bar he practiced in New York City and New Jersey, and was also engaged in several mercantile undertakings. He was the originator of the commercial credit system for insurance companies, and had been for years head of the credit fund department of the Philadelphia Casualty Co. He had traveled extensively in America and abroad.

Mr. Maybaum died in Newark, N. J., March 24, 1909, at the age of 55 years.

He married, at Newark, August 9, 1876, Amalia, daughter of Edward Simon, a manufacturer. She survives him with two daughters, the elder of whom received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from New York University in 1897, and of Master of Laws in 1899.

## 1889

ANTOINE JOSEPH FERRANDINI, son of Raphael and Julia (Saminni) Ferrandini, was born August 28, 1870, in Richmond, Va.

After his admission to the Virginia bar as an attorney at law, he entered the Senior class in the Yale Law School. Following his graduation he went to South Bend, on the southwestern coast of Washington, where he became City Attorney. Removing to the Puget Sound region, he was

appointed Deputy Collector of Customs and United States Immigration Officer of the Port of Bellingham, Wash. In 1906 he was selected by the Governor of Washington as a delegate from that State to the Civic Federation Convention held in New York City.

Mr. Ferrandini died of diabetes at San Francisco, Cal., March 26, 1907, at the age of 36 years. He had just returned from a visit at his father's home in Richmond, Va., and had left his family there.

He married, at Northport, Wash., November 27, 1901, Rose Vernocia, daughter of James S. Doyle, a farmer. She survives him with a son born two months after his father's death. An older son died a few days after his father.

### 1900

WILLIAM JOHN McCONNELL, son of William J. and Annette (Cochran) McConnell, was born June 24, 1877, at Emlenton, Venango County, Pa. He was a student in Cheltenham Military Academy before entering the Law School.

After his graduation at Yale, he returned to his native county, settling in law practice in Franklin, where he was a member of the City Council for five years, and in 1906 was elected Mayor.

His health had been failing for over a year, but he died suddenly of bronchial and heart trouble, October 19, 1908. He was 31 years of age, and was not married. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

### 1907

ORRIN ARTHUR WING, son of James Arthur and Hannah Maria (Hooly) Wing, was born October 28, 1883, in Littleton, Mass., but in 1889 removed with his parents to Lowell, Mass., where he took the course in the High School.

While a student in the Law School he also worked in the insurance office of J. C. North & Co., in New Haven.



After graduation he was appointed an adjuster for the Travelers Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn., in the home office, but in November went in the same capacity to Atlanta, Ga., where he advanced rapidly and became one of the company's best adjusters. He was admitted to the Connecticut bar, and had a few court cases, which proved successful.

Mr. Wing married, June 1, 1908, Sophie, daughter of William J. and Louise (Refelt) White, of Lowell, Mass. He had been in poor health for some time, supposing that he had contracted malaria in the South, but immediately after his wedding it was found that he was suffering from typhoid fever. He was taken to the Lowell Hospital, where he died July 9, 1908, at the age of 24 years.

He was a useful member of the Kirk Street Congregational Church in Lowell, active in Sunday School work.

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1882

WILLIAM GRAFTON ROBERTS was born November 26, 1843, at Wellsburg, near Wheeling, W. Va.

He graduated from Adrian College in 1872, was ordained to the ministry September 7 of that year, and was Pastor at Marshall and Grass Lake, Mich., for several years.

In 1879 he entered the Yale Divinity School, and during the last year of his course preached in Bridgeport, Conn.

After his graduation from Yale he was Pastor at Spring Valley, Minn., in 1882-83; at Bellevue, O., from 1883 to 1885; at Rochester, Mich., in 1885-86; and at Three Rivers, Mich., from 1886 to 1888. He continued to reside at Three Rivers the following year without charge. Removing to Hudson, Mich., in 1889, he spent the remainder of his life there, during the years 1896-97 being Pastor, but after that having no pastoral charge. He died there, April 2, 1908, from neuritis. He was 64 years of age.

Mr. Roberts married, at Hudson, Mich., January 19, 1875, Florence M., daughter of Nathan and Hannah M. Rude. Mrs. Roberts and one child survive him.

1905

STEPHEN DAVIS, son of Matthew and Hannah (Seward) Davis, was born at Bentley, Hancock County, Ill., October 9, 1875, and graduated from Drake University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1903, and with the degrees of Master of Arts and Bachelor of Divinity from Christian University at Canton, Mo., in 1904.

He was then a member of the Yale Divinity School during Senior year, and on graduation engaged in evangelistic work, and later became Pastor of the Christian Church at Tazewell, Va., where he served a year and a half, until his death there February 27, 1907. He was in the 32d year of his age and unmarried. His father, three brothers, and two sisters survive him.

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1856

LEWIS WILLIAMS, son of Lewis and Susan Edwards (Dwight) Williams, was born in Brimfield, Mass., June 20, 1837. His father, a merchant, was a native of Brimfield, but resided at various times in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Mississippi, and died in Chillicothe, O., in 1852. His grandfather, Rev. Nehemiah Williams (Harvard 1769), and great-grandfather, Rev. Chester Williams (Y. C. 1735), were Massachusetts pastors at Brimfield and Hadley respectively. His mother was Susan, daughter of Hon. Josiah Dwight and Rhoda (Edwards) Dwight, and a great-granddaughter of Rev. Jonathan Edwards.

He was prepared for college at Chillicothe Academy and under private tutors, and took the course in Civil Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

He spent the remainder of his life in the railroad business, being with the Milwaukee and La Crosse Railroad (now part of the Chicago, Milwaukee, and St. Paul Railway), engaged in construction work; with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad (now included in the Baltimore, Ohio, and Southwestern) between Cincinnati and East St. Louis, at first on engineering work and then successively as baggage-master, brakeman, and conductor; with the Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroad a short time as conductor, then as Division Superintendent from 1860 until 1874, and General Manager from the latter date to 1881; and with the New York, Chicago, and St. Louis Railroad, as General Superintendent, having charge of construction, equipment, and opening of the road. Owing to ill health he retired from that office in 1893, but was from May, 1897, to 1908, Manager of the Cleveland Car Service Association.

One of the first tests made of the air brake on passenger trains was under his direct supervision, and it has been



stated that it was on his report of this test that capitalists became interested in its further development.

Mr. Williams held no public office except that of councilman of the village of Glendale, near Cincinnati.

While visiting his son at Los Angeles, Cal., Mr. Williams died of cancer, August 29, 1908, at the age of 71 years. His remains were cremated and interred at Los Angeles.

He married, at Campbellstown, O., March 10, 1868, Henrietta Albertina Nye, a native of Falmouth, Mass., daughter of Henry and Maria (Lawrence) Nye. She survives him with four sons, an only daughter having died in infancy.

### 1859

JOSEPH PORTER, son of John Porter, a piano manufacturer of Middletown, Conn., was born in that city, August 30, 1839. His mother was Fanny (Scovil) Porter. He was prepared for Yale at the Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Mass., and entering the Sheffield Scientific School in September, 1857, took the course in Civil Engineering. He did not graduate, but in 1900 received the honorary degree of Master of Arts and by vote of the Corporation was enrolled with his class.

Since 1870 Mr. Porter had been a partner in the firm of Sperry & Barnes, New Haven, which in 1904 was incorporated as The Sperry & Barnes Co., wholesale provision dealers. Of this company he was Treasurer. A few years ago he became President of The Peck Brothers Co., manufacturers of brass goods and plumbers' materials, which has been most successful since his reorganization of the business. He was also President of the Scovil Hoe Co., of Higganum, Conn. He was for years a director of the First National Bank and a trustee of the New Haven Savings Bank.

He was closely identified with the religious and charitable organizations of the city. He had been a member of the

Church of the Redeemer (Congregational) since 1866, was chairman of the managing committee of its Welcome Hall work, and long a member and chairman of the Ecclesiastical Society's Committee. He was a director of the Young Men's Christian Association, of the Organized Charities Association, and until recently of the City Missionary Association. His interest was not limited to these, but every worthy organization for good and whatever would brighten the lot or ennoble the life of his fellow men enlisted his coöperation. His sound judgment and business ability and his willingness to give generously his time as well as his means to secure these ends made his service invaluable.

He was one of the organizers of the Citizens' League, out of which has grown the Civic Federation. Himself a Jeffersonian Democrat and free-trader, he was tolerant of the opinions and appreciative of the virtues of those who differed from him, and was the consistent supporter of all public men who were loyal and honest. He was frequently mentioned for the office of Mayor, but did not encourage the movement.

He was for years an active member of the Gounod Society, the predecessor of the New Haven Oratorio Society, and in many ways was most helpful to the cause of good music in the city. He was a lover of art and literature, and of nature, and for many years had an attractive camp on Cedar Island in the Adirondack Mountains.

Mr. Porter had not been in good health for about two years, and his death, which occurred from paralysis, at his home, June 8, 1909, was not unexpected. He was in the 70th year of his age.

He married, at Cromwell, Conn., August 24, 1864, Harriet Eldredge, daughter of John Stevens, a manufacturer of that town. She survives him with three daughters and two sons. Their firstborn son died in infancy. The eldest daughter married Rev. Jay T. Stocking (B.A. Amherst 1895; B.D. Yale 1901) and the second daughter is the

wife of William Todd (Y. C. 1894). The sons graduated from Yale in 1899 and 1908, respectively.

GEORGE DALLAS SEELY, son of Colonel Richard Lewis Seely, a banker and lumberman, was born at Seely's Mills, now Seelyville, a suburb of Honesdale, Pa., May 13, 1838. His mother was Maria (Torrey) Seely, daughter of Jason Torrey, one of the pioneers of Wayne County, Pa.

He took the Chemical course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

In 1877 he entered the United States Patent Office, in Washington, D. C., and since August, 1886, had been Principal Examiner of Electrical Classes. His brother Franklin Austin (Y. C. 1855) who died in 1895, was in the Patent Office the last twenty years of his life, and his brother Henry Maurice (Y. C. 1857) was for ten years District Judge of Wayne and Pike Counties, and a leading lawyer of Honesdale.

Mr. Seely died at Washington, May 10, 1908, at the age of almost 70 years. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

He married at Collinsville, Conn., May 28, 1876, Alice F., daughter of Rollin O. Humphrey of that place.

### 1867

SAMUEL HOSMER CHITTENDEN, son of Samuel C. and Amanda Anne (Munger) Chittenden, was born in Madison, Conn., November 18, 1845. His father for many years carried on the lumber business and was one of the original projectors and stockholders of the Shore Line Railroad.

After graduation he was in the Engineering Department of the Union Pacific Railroad from 1868 to 1875, and also pursued graduate studies in the Sheffield Scientific School, from which he received the degree of Civil Engineer in the



latter year. He then engaged in Government work in Alabama and Georgia from 1876 to 1879; in the erection of the old Shore Line Railroad bridge over the Quinnipiac river in Fair Haven and other construction work in Connecticut the next two years; in mining in New Mexico and Arizona from 1882 to 1884; and in contract work on the water system of Washington, D. C., from 1884 to 1887, including the enlargement of the dam across the Potomac river at Great Falls, part of the time working with his brother, George B. Chittenden (Ph.B. 1871, C.E. 1873). He then returned to the ancestral estate at East River, in Madison, which was purchased by his ancestor, William Chittenden, from the Mohican chief, Uncas, in 1639. Besides practicing his profession he was Town Clerk and Judge of Probate there for fourteen years, and was helpfully identified with the best life of the town, representing it in the Connecticut Senate in 1899-1900.

Judge Chittenden died of Bright's disease at Washington, Conn., February 14, 1909, in the 64th year of his age. He was never married. His brother survives him.

### 1868

JOHN COREY HERSEY, one of the seven children of Ira and Amanda F. (Corey) Hersey, was born August 26, 1847, in Lowell, Mass., his father being a native of East Bridgewater, and his mother of Foxboro, in the same state. He was prepared for Yale at the Quackenbos School in New York City, and took the Civil Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he was engaged in civil engineering and railroad building on the Northern Pacific Railroad, but gave up his professional work in 1882 owing to impaired health. Since November, 1879, he had been connected with the Naval Office of the United States Custom House, New York City, being Chief Clerk and Acting Deputy Naval Officer.

He died of Bright's disease, March 30, 1909, at his home in Flatbush, L. I., N. Y. He was 61 years of age. He was for many years a member of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church of Flatbush, and later of the Christian Science Church.

He married, April 12, 1875, Julia A., daughter of Henry Barnard, of Morristown, N. Y., who survives him. They had no children. Two of his four sisters and one brother are living.

### 1869

JOSEPH COERTEN HORNBLOWER, son of Rev. William Henry Hornblower, D.D., and Matilda (Butler) Hornblower, was born March 3, 1848, in Paterson, N. J. His father was Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church there from 1844 to 1871, and then Professor of Church Government and Pastoral Theology in the Western Theological Seminary at Allegheny, Pa., till his death in 1883.

After graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School he studied architecture in this country, and in Paris in 1875-76, becoming in 1883 a member of the firm of Hornblower & Marshall, who designed the United States Custom House at Baltimore and the National Museum at Washington. He was a Fellow of the American Institute of Architects.

While traveling for his health he died at The Hague, Holland, August 21, 1908, at the age of 60 years. He was buried in Paterson, N. J.

He married, June 29, 1893, Caroline, daughter of the late Joseph P. Bradley (Rutgers 1836), Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court, and of Mary (Hornblower) Bradley, who survives him.

### 1871

HARRY DEGEN ZIEGLER, son of George K. Ziegler, a merchant and bank president of Philadelphia, Pa., was born in that city, July 11, 1850. His mother was Elizabeth C. (Kemmerlen) Ziegler.

He was prepared for college at the Philadelphia High School and took the Chemical course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Since graduation he had been a director of the Hunnis Distilling Co., and was connected with other business interests.

He was a member of several social clubs, and had served the State in the militia.

Mr. Ziegler died of sarcoma at his home in Philadelphia, January 6, 1909, at the age of 58 years.

He married, at Wilmington, Del., April 18, 1876, Florence D., daughter of George G. Lobdell, a manufacturer of car wheels and castings, and Adeline W. Lobdell. Mrs. Ziegler died a year before her husband. They had no children.

### 1875

CHAMBERS McKIBBIN CRAIG, son of Isaac Craig, a lumber merchant and antiquarian, and Rebecca (McKibbin) Craig, was born December 26, 1854, in Allegheny City, Pa.

After graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School he was for some years employed on the Coast and Geodetic Survey at New Haven, Philadelphia, and on the lower Mississippi, was assistant engineer on both the Mexican National and Mexican Central Railways, served under DeLesseps on the Panama Canal, later became Chief Engineer of the Alabama Midland and of the Macon and Dublin Railways, for years had charge of all railroads controlled by the Southern Pine Company of Georgia, and filled with credit other positions of much responsibility.

During the year 1899 he took care of a relative afflicted with malignant cancer. The excruciating torture he then witnessed gave him a horror of that particular disease which never left him, and his health, previously good, began to decline from that time, though his real trouble was believed to be ulceration of the stomach.



He loved an active, useful life, and the comparatively idle life of recent years forced upon him by ill health was not of his choice. He traveled extensively in this country, the West Indies, and Europe. While in Kingston, Jamaica, the carriage in which he was riding was overturned, dislocating his shoulder and breaking his collar bone. Before he had even partly recovered from this accident the earthquake occurred and he was in the wreck of the Myrtle Bank Hotel in which many were killed. The dislocation and fracture received no proper attention until his return to New York, and it was then too late to repair the injury completely.

Mr. Craig committed suicide by shooting himself through the head in his apartments in New York City, April 5, 1909. He was 54 years of age. He left a letter stating that his fortune had become so reduced as to be no longer sufficient to maintain properly his wife and himself and that, consequently, self obliteration seemed to be the only way to insure her future support. He was a man of unexceptionable habits and character, with an extreme sense of honor, and of great reticence regarding business affairs. He was highly esteemed by many friends, simple in his tastes and manner of living, and fond of a quiet domestic life.

He married, March 16, 1893, Mrs. Annie Louisa Connell of Mobile, Ala., widow of George W. Connell, and daughter of Richard and Catharine (McMahon) Cullen. She survives him. They had no children. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1870.

### 1882

ALFRED BUCKINGHAM WILLCOX, younger son of Professor Giles Buckingham Willcox, D.D. (Y. C. 1848), of Chicago Theological Seminary, and Mary Jane (Cooley) Willcox, was born July 19, 1860, at New London, Conn.

He took the course in Mechanical Engineering in the

Sheffield Scientific School. While a student he was active in the religious work which developed into the Sheffield Young Men's Christian Association, and was an adept in wrestling.

After graduation he was for a time with Norton Brothers, Chicago, manufacturers of tin cans, and later with the Chicago Link Belt Co. In 1892 he incorporated a company for the manufacture and sale of the Butler Doll Stand, a device of his own invention, and was the successful Secretary and Business Manager of this company during the rest of his life.

He had been the faithful Secretary of his class since graduation and had almost ready for printing the Twenty-five Year Class Record.

Mr. Willcox died April 13, 1909, after a short illness, in his 49th year. His home had been at Oak Park, Ill., for the last ten years. He was a deacon of the Second Congregational Church, and a constant worker for the public good.

He married, April 4, 1895, Jessie Caroline, daughter of Moses Josiah and Caroline Elizabeth (Starr) Fitch. She survives him with a daughter and two sons.

His brother, Rev. Charles H. Willcox (Y. C. 1876), has been Master of Greek at the Lawrenceville (N. J.) School since 1892.

### 1883

SARKIS LEVONIAN, son of Asadoor and Mennoosh (Levone) Levonian, was born November 9, 1851, in Aintab, Turkey. After finishing his grammar school course in 1864, he was in business for four years, then began to teach, but in the fall of 1870 entered the preparatory department of the Theological Seminary at Marash, where he remained four years, devoting, however, only four months to the study of theology. He then taught two years and preached a year in Marash, and in the fall of 1877 was called to be

an assistant teacher in Central Turkey College, Aintab. After teaching there three years he came to America to study mathematics and entered Amherst College in 1880. After two terms there he entered the Civil Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Upon graduation he returned to Central Turkey College, where he showed exceptional powers as a teacher. His special subjects were mathematics and the sciences, and he was later appointed Professor of Mathematics and Biology there. He was also Curator of the museum. In 1896-97 he studied biology in Basle, Switzerland, where also two of his daughters were educated.

Outside as well as in college he stood for a deep and spiritual type of Christian life, and he was one of the leaders in educational movements and religious reforms in Turkey. He published a short "Life of Christ," in Turkish and a "Notebook in Zoölogy," for the use of students, and prepared a treatise on Trigonometry which was copied by cyclostyle for his classes. He contributed frequently to the Protestant paper published in Turkish at Constantinople.

Associated with him in Central Turkey College were three other graduates of Yale: Professors H. Alexander Bezjian (Ph.B. 1874), Rev. Hohannes Krikorian (B.D. 1883) and Rev. Manasseh G. Papazian (B.D. 1889).

He was a trustee of the Second Church of Aintab and President of its missionary board, President of the station board of the Aintab Station of the American Board, member of the boards of managers of the Theological Seminary and of the Central Turkey Girls' College at Marash, also of the Girls' Seminary at Aintab.

Professor Levonian was murdered by the Turks April 15, 1909. On April 12 he started from Aintab with a company of delegates to the annual conference of the Cilicia Evangelical Union at Adana. They stopped over at Osmaniye, about eighty miles from Adana, and on the



evening of April 14 were warmly received by the Christian population, which gathered for a service at the Protestant church. In the morning a Turkish mob set fire to the church, and drove the women and children to the Government House. As Professor Levonian and the other pastors and delegates attempted to escape from the basement of the church they were instantly struck down. Nineteen of the preachers and pastors were killed. Professor Levonian was 57 years of age.

He married, August 20, 1884, Rosalia Wilhelmina, daughter of Barsam Manissadjian of Amasia, and had two sons and three daughters. His family was not with him, and escaped the massacre.

### 1886

LOUIS WHITFORD BOND was born November 1, 1865, at Rushford, Allegany County, N. Y., and was the son of Hiram G. and Laura A. (Higgins) Bond. After preparation at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., he took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Upon graduation he spent some time in the Southern coal fields, in the service of the Tennessee Coal, Iron, and Railroad Co., then went to the Pacific coast, and for eighteen years he had been closely connected with the interests of that section. Having taken with his brother, Marshall Bond (Ph.B. 1888), a fruit ranch in the Santa Clara valley, he endeavored to unite the various interests of the fruit industry, and aided in securing the organization of the California Cured Fruit Association, of which he was treasurer and to the management of which he devoted much energy for several years. At the same time he took a course in mining engineering at Leland Stanford, Jr., University, and thereafter gave his attention chiefly to mines and their development. With his brother he spent a year at Dawson, in the Klondike gold region, enduring many hardships, but gaining valuable experience. On the opening of Goldfield, Nev., he

was highly successful as a mining engineer and became financially interested in a number of mines. He was identified with all the interests of the camp. During the last year he had spent much time in the examination of mining properties in the vicinity of Death Valley, and in the oil fields at Mono Lake, Cal.

Mr. Bond died at his home in Berkeley, Cal., July 27, 1908, after an illness of several months from cancer of the stomach. His burial was in Seattle, Wash. He was in his 43d year.

He married, at Seattle, Wash., May 24, 1894, Mary Hyde, daughter of Carlos Bancroft and Kate (Hyde) Wilson, of Montpelier, Vt. She survives him with two sons and one daughter.

### 1889

ARTHUR SANFORD CHENEY, son of Dr. Benjamin Hicks Cheney (M.D. Tulane University 1861) and Sarah (Austin) Cheney, was born October 4, 1869, at Joliet, Ill. The family soon moved to Chicago, and after the great fire of 1871 to New Haven, where he fitted for college in the Hopkins Grammar School.

He took the Biological course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and after graduation was employed by the Illinois Steel Company for a time. He then entered the Yale Medical School, where he won the Keese Prize for the best thesis at his graduation in 1893. The following year he studied in Vienna, and then for over ten years practiced his profession in New Haven.

In August, 1895, he married, at Reichenberg, Austria, Laura, daughter of Anton Pfeiffer, Director of the Stephans Hospital in that city, and on account of Mrs. Cheney's health they removed to Europe in 1906. He entered the University of Gratz, Austria, for further study of his specialties of the eye, ear, and throat, and the same year received the appointment of Vice-Consul at Reichenberg.

In August of the following year he was promoted to the rank of Consul and stationed at Messina, Italy, in the Province of Sicily.

A few days before his death an interesting report made by him on the failure of the olive crop had been extensively copied in American newspapers. In the terrible earthquake of December 28, 1908, the American consulate at Messina was totally destroyed, and Dr. and Mrs. Cheney met probably instant death together. Their bodies were finally recovered by men from the United States battleship *Illinois*, and were brought to New Haven for burial. Special marks of respect were paid them not only by the Italian Government but by the Italian residents of New York and New Haven, both as individuals and in societies. Dr. Cheney was 39 years of age.

Two brothers graduated from the Academical Department in 1888 and 1899, respectively.

### 1892

RICHARD FISHER MANNING, son of Henry Swan Manning (Ph.B. Yale 1863), a retired manufacturer of machinery, and Leona Coe (Pearce) Manning, was born December 19, 1873, in Brooklyn, N. Y. He took the course in Mechanical Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School. After graduation he spent the following year in resident Graduate study, and continuing his studies in absence another year received the degree of Mechanical Engineer in 1894.

Subsequently he traveled extensively in Europe, and later engaged in the railway-supply business, and organized several supply companies.

With several classmates he volunteered for service in the Spanish War and in May, 1898, he enlisted in Troop A, New York Volunteer Cavalry. While at Camp Alger, Falls Church, Va., he was taken ill with typhoid fever, but later went with the troop to Porto Rico, where it encamped close



to Ponce, acting as Major-General Miles's bodyguard. November 28 he was mustered out of service. Previous to the war he had been a member of Troop A for a year and a half.

Mr. Manning died at Lakewood, N. J., August 27, 1908, in the 35th year of his age.

He married, at New York City, November 15, 1900, Louise, daughter of Seth Wellington Johnson, who survives him without children. Two brothers graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1904 and 1907, respectively.

### 1893

PHELPS BUTTOLPH HOYT, son of William Melancthon Hoyt, a wholesale grocer, and Emilie Janette (Landon) Hoyt, was born September 25, 1872, in Chicago, Ill. After preparation at the University School in that city he took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

For ten years after graduation he was in the real estate business in Chicago, but since 1903 had been with his father as Secretary and Treasurer of the W. M. Hoyt Company.

His leisure had long been devoted to golf playing, in which in 1901 he had won the amateur championship of the West. He was for several years captain of the Glenview Golf Club.

While he was returning in an automobile from the Evanston Shooting Club in the early evening and passing through Rogers Park, the machine dashed into a heavy coal wagon at a corner of two avenues and he was so severely injured that he died at the Evanston Hospital, just before midnight of December 12, 1908. He was 36 years of age.

Mr. Hoyt married, January 23, 1895, Bessie Wade, daughter of Benjamin Allen of Chicago. She survives him with two daughters.

## 1894

FREDERICK THOMAS JAMES was the son of William and Elizabeth (Mossip) James. His father was a carriage manufacturer in Newark, N. J., and in that city he was born November 14, 1873. After preparation at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., he took the Mechanical Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

For several years after graduation he was engaged in the real estate business with his brother-in-law, Warren E. Dennis, but since 1900 he had not been in active business.

Mr. James died of acute bronchitis in New York City, February 9, 1907, at the age of 33 years. He was unmarried.

## 1895

CHARLES HENRY FARNAM, son of Charles Henry Farnam (Y. C. 1868) and Alice Mordant (Davies) Farnam, was born September 5, 1873, in New York City. His home during most of his early life was in New Haven, but he was prepared for college mainly at King's School, Stamford, Conn., and Phillips (Andover) Academy.

He took the Mechanical Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and after graduation was for a time with the American Telephone and Telegraph Company.

For many years he went abroad each summer, but several years ago purchased Rownhams House, Rownhams, Hants, England, which had since been his home. He was one of the managers of Rownhams School, and a member of many social and recreation clubs. He traveled extensively in almost all parts of the world.

Mr. Farnam had not been well for about two years. He died of meningitis in a hospital at Epinay on the Seine, a suburb of Paris, May 8, 1909, at the age of 35 years.

He married, in London, June 13, 1899, Ruth, daughter of William H. Stanley, who survives him. They had no

children. He was a nephew of William Whitman Farnam (Y. C. 1866), formerly Treasurer and a Fellow of the University, of the late George Bronson Farnam (M.D. Yale 1869), and of Professor Henry Walcott Farnam (Y. C. 1874) of the University.

FREDERICK RUSTIN, son of Charles Bradley and Mary (Wilkins) Rustin, was born January 22, 1870, in Omaha, Nebr. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and first took the Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School with the Class of 1894, but in Senior year, having decided to become a physician, left that class to take the Biological course with the next class. He was for three years a member of the University Baseball Nine and in Senior year Captain of the Nine. He was also during Junior and Senior years on the *Yale News*.

After graduation he studied medicine in the New York University and on receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine from there in 1897 was for six months Resident Surgeon in the New York Lying-in Hospital and for two years in the same position at the Presbyterian Hospital, New York. He then settled in practice in his native city, and became well known as a surgeon. In the spring of 1906 he was appointed Surgeon-in-Chief of Mercy Hospital, and also held the same positions in St. Joseph's Hospital and the Clarkson Memorial Hospital.

Dr. Rustin was found at the door of his residence in Omaha in the early morning of September 2, 1908, dying from a pistol shot wound. The trial of the man charged with his murder resulted in the acquittal of the accused and the mystery of the agent of his death remained unsolved. He was 37 years of age.

He married, June 14, 1898, Grace Frances, daughter of George C. and Frances H. How, of Haverhill, Mass. She survives him with two daughters. A brother (Ph.B. 1886) died in 1906, and another brother died while in College.



## 1896

JULIUS DEMUN WALSH, son of John A. and Sallie (Shannon) Walsh, was born August 18, 1874, in St. Louis, Mo., where his father was a manufacturer. He was prepared for college partly by a private tutor, and took the Electrical Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he took a position with the Mississippi Valley Trust Co., in St. Louis, and became chief clerk in the real estate department of the company. He continued there until about 1905, when his health failed. The last three years he spent in the endeavor to regain it, traveling extensively. He died of tuberculosis at Saranac Lake, N. Y., October 19, 1908. He was 34 years of age and unmarried.

## 1897

AUGUSTUS COIT, son of Captain Charles Morgan Coit and Mary Brewster (Hillard) Coit, was born April 29, 1876, at Norwich, Conn. He was a nephew of the late George D. Coit (Ph.B. Yale 1866).

After graduating with honor he was for two years in the Superintendent's office of the Norwich and Worcester Division of the New England Railroad (now part of the New York, New Haven, and Hartford Railroad), but in October, 1899, he entered the Uncas National Bank in Norwich, the following January becoming Assistant Cashier. This position he filled during his life.

Mr. Coit died at the Backus Hospital, Norwich, March 22, 1909, in his 33d year.

He had not married. His mother and brother Charles (Y. C. 1896) survive him. He was a member of the Second Congregational Church.

LANG MURRAY, son of George Wickham Murray, a banker, and Helen (Beam) Murray, was born January 4,

1874, in New York City. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School. He was a member of the Freshman Football Team and in Senior year was on the University Eleven.

After graduation he was engaged for a time in the banking and real estate business, but had lately been chiefly interested in mining, residing in the City of Mexico.

Although apparently in good health the evening before, he died suddenly of heart failure in his sleep, May 15, 1909. He was 35 years of age and unmarried. He was buried at Goshen, N. Y., the family home. A sister married Safford A. Crummey (Y. C. 1889).

JOHN ELLIOT SHAW, son of Hon. John Melvil Shaw, late Judge of the Minnesota District Court, and Ellen A. (Elliot) Shaw, was born April 30, 1876, in Minneapolis, Minn. He was prepared for college and took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School. During his Junior and Senior years he was a member of the University Banjo and Mandolin Clubs, and was one of the Class Book Historians.

After graduation he entered the Law Department of the University of Minnesota, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1900, was then in the office of Russell, Cray & Jameson and later with Judges Lancaster and McGee.

Mr. Shaw died of typhoid fever, December 3, 1908, at his home in Minneapolis. He was 32 years of age. He was always courageous and cheerful, and had a characteristic wit.

He married, October 29, 1902, Ethel Herbert Bogan, daughter of Dr. Samuel W. Bogan (M.D. George Washington University 1860), of Washington, D. C. She survives him with a daughter.

1900

CHARLES TARBELL DUDLEY, son of General William Wade and Theresa (Fiske) Dudley, was born April 6, 1878, at Richmond, Ind. He gained his college preparation at Lawrenceville, N. J., and took the Chemical course in the Sheffield Scientific School. He was Class President two years, Vice-President of the University Football Association, and a member of the University Football and Track Teams.

After graduation he worked in the Midvale Steel Works at Wayne Junction, Philadelphia, a little over a year and while there established an experimental department on heat treatments for the company, patenting a process which practically eliminated the former great losses in casting large masses of steel. He then took a year's graduate work in mining at the Colorado State School of Mines, and was later Superintendent of the Washington Quartz Gold Mine and the Dewey Mine at Forest Hill, Placer County, Cal. In 1903 he joined the engineering force of the Bay City Water Company in San Francisco, and in 1906 opened an office in that city as a structural engineer. He was actively engaged in relief work after the earthquake and served upon committees of the Structural Society engaged in reporting upon the earthquake and in formulating building regulations for the new city.

In 1907 his health failed and he died of tuberculosis at Liberty, N. Y., September 30, 1908. He was 30 years of age. His grave is at Oak Hill Cemetery, Washington, D. C. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, in Boston, Mass., June 14, 1904, Sarah Lotta, daughter of George D. and Sarah (Goeven) Emery, who survives him with a son and a daughter.



## 1903

EDWARD ALEXANDER DOWNEY, son of John Robert and Mary Louise (Fisher) Downey, was born December 8, 1882, in New York City, and after preparation in the Cutler School in that city, took the Mechanical Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he spent two months in travel abroad and in October entered the building construction business with his brother, John Irving Downey (Ph.B. Yale 1897), carried on under the name of John Downey, and continued in this employment until the end of his life.

He died of mastoiditis at the New York Eye and Ear Hospital in New York City, December 4, 1908, in the 26th year of his age. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Church of St. Nicholas (Fifth Avenue Collegiate Reformed), and was deeply interested in city missionary work, acting as chairman of the committee in charge of Faith Mission, connected with that church.

ARTHUR DWYER, son of James William and Cora Belle (Foster) Dwyer, was born April 3, 1881, at Pawling, N. Y., graduated from the Hartford (Conn.) High School in 1900, and then took the course in Mining Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduating from the latter he entered the contracting business of his father in Buffalo, N. Y., and became a member of the firm of J. W. Dwyer & Son.

Mr. Dwyer died of typhoid fever, December 6, 1908, at his home in Buffalo. He was in his 28th year.

He married, in April, 1905, at New Hartford, Conn., Miss Lila Smith Gates, who survives him.

## 1906

GEORGE LOOMIS BEECHER, son of Henry W. and Elizabeth A. (Loomis) Beecher, was born at Winsted, Conn.,

June 15, 1884, but since 1894 he had resided in New Haven. After preparation in the Boardman High School he took the Civil Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Upon graduation he spent a year in the service of the Mexican International Railroad, and then, returning to New Haven, pursued a course of Graduate study and received the degree of Civil Engineer in June, 1908.

While swimming a hundred feet from the shore of Cosey Beach, East Haven, Conn., July 20, 1908, he was seized with sudden illness and drowned before assistance could reach him. He was 24 years of age and unmarried. The burial was in Winsted, his native place. His father and a sister survive him. He united with the Dwight Place Congregational Church in December, 1900, and at the time of his death was secretary of the Bible school.

# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT (YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1838	William F. Cooper, 89	New York City	May 7, '09
1840	Curtis F. Burnam, 88	Richmond, Ky.	March 19, '09
1840	Lucius W. Fitch, 88	Westville, Conn.	Sept. 26, '08
1840	Daniel March, 92	Woburn, Mass.	March 2, '09
1840	George H. Swift, 88	Amenia, N. Y.	Nov. 17, '08
1841	Donald G. Mitchell, 86	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 15, '08
1842	Daniel Henshaw, 86	Thomasville, Ga.	Dec. 10, '08
1844	James H. McKee, 85	Grand Rapids, Mich.	Aug. 31, '08
1844	Abner Rice, 88	Lee, Mass.	Sept. 11, '08
1845	William Binney, 84	Providence, R. I.	April 23, '09
1847	Lewis Barnes, 84	Oxford, Conn.	July 5, '08
1847	John Coon, 86	Lyons, Mich.	Sept. 24, '08
1847	Thomas P. Simpson, 82	Washington, D. C.	Dec. 19, '08
1847	Horatio Wildman, 81	Sandusky, Ohio	May 16, '09
1850	Samuel Johnson, 85	New Haven, N. Y.	Dec. 14, '08
1851	James L. Gould, 78	Norwich, Conn.	Jan. 26, '09
1851	Thomas G. Kent, 79	Waverly, Mass.	April 16, '09
1852	Daniel C. Gilman, 77	Norwich, Conn.	Oct. 13, '08
1852	Francis W. Hardy, 78	Brooklyn, N. Y.	June 14, '08
1852	William M. Stewart, 83	Washington, D. C.	April 23, '09
1853	Hiram Bingham, 77	Baltimore, Md.	Oct. 25, '08
1853	Sherman W. Knevals, 76	New York City	Dec. 4, '08
1853	Samuel B. Spooner, 78	Springfield, Mass.	March 29, '09
1854	John T. Miller, 76	Grand Rapids, Mich.	Nov. 27, '08
1854	Starr H. Nichols, 74	Honolulu, H. I.	May 30, '09
1854	David C. Proctor, 72	Cuero, Texas	May 17, '08
1855	Henry T. Chittenden, 74	Columbus, O.	May 30, '09
1855	John K. Dunn, 74	Kansas City, Mo.	Aug. 29, '08
1855	Oscar M. Smith, 80	Java, N. Y.	Sept. 13, '08
1856	Edward O. Cowles, 73	Dayton, O.	June 26, '08
1856	Theodore P. Hall, 73	Grosse Pointe, Mich.	Jan. 3, '09
1856	Sidney E. Morse, 72	New York City	Nov. 13, '08
1857	Edwin Barrows, 74	Providence, R. I.	July 10, '08



1857	Stephen Holden, 76	Sherburne, N. Y.	Jan. 20, '09
1857	S. Harris Hyde, 74	Jacksonville, Ill.	Oct. 4, '08
1858	Matthew Chalmers, 72	New York City	Jan. 6, '09
1858	Robert O. Dwight, 70	S. Hadley Falls, Mass.	Nov. 1, '08
1858	Frederick C. Hewitt, 68	Owego, N. Y.	Aug. 30, '08
1858	Augustus T. Jones, 76	Brockton, Mass.	March 8, '09
1858	Thomas A. Perkins, 69	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 1, '09
1859	William P. Freeman, 74	Champion, N. Y.	Dec. 16, '08
1860	A. Brayton Ball, 68	Boston, Mass.	Oct. 24, '08
1861	James H. White, 70	Pittsburg, Pa.	Jan. 13, '09
1861	Ralph O. Williams, 70	New Haven, Conn.	July 17, '08
1862	Thomas B. Kirby, 67	New York City	April 13, '09
1862	Frederick I. Knight, 67	Boston, Mass.	Feb. 20, '09
1862	George C. Ripley, 69	Minneapolis, Minn.	Jan. 19, '09
1862	William C. Sexton, 75	Vineland, N. J.	Aug. 19, '08
1863	Erastus Blakeslee, 69	Brookline, Mass.	July 12, '08
1863	George S. Hamlin, 70	Rutherford, N. J.	Feb. 4, '09
1863	George B. Sanford, 66	New York City	July 13, '08
1866	William H. Bennett, 65	Minneapolis, Minn.	Oct. 14, '08
1866	Joseph M. McClure, 69	Bradford, Pa.	Oct. 20, '08
1866	Frederick S. Salisbury, 63	Larchmont, N. Y.	June 14, '08
1866	George E. White, 63	New York City	Dec. 19, '08
1867	George A. Adee, 61	Stonington, Conn.	Aug. 12, '08
1867	Anselm B. Brown, 63	Westfield, N. J.	Aug. 31, '08
1868	William Parsons, 64	Fort Simcoe, Wash.	Nov. 21, '08
1870	William C. Gulliver, 62	New York City	May 24, '09
1872	Frank T. Brown, 56	Norwich, Conn.	April 17, '09
1872	Jesse K. DuBois, 59	Boise, Idaho,	Oct. 31, '08
1873	Leslie Carter, 57	Chicago, Ill.	Sept. 25, '08
1873	John M. Poston, 58	Oakland, Cal.	May 11, '09
1874	George L. Dickerman, 57	New Haven, Conn.	May 30, '09
1874	Leoni Melick, 57	Philadelphia, Pa.	Aug. 24, '08
1876	Charles L. Bartlett, 55	Winnetka, Ill.	March 7, '09
1877	Edward M. Dudley, 54	New York City	March 20, '09
1877	George E. Langdon, 55	New York City	June 9, '08
1877	Frederick S. Winston, 52	Pasadena, Cal.	March 7, '09
1878	William T. Gilbert, 50	London, Eng.	July 2, '08
1879	Edward S. Fowler, 50	Lewiston, Idaho	May 21, '08
1880	William H. Sherman, 48	Yonkers, N. Y.	June 11, '08
1881	Levi A. Eliel, 49	Evanston, Ill.	Aug. 7, '08
1881	Frederick D. Helmer, 48	Hillsdale, Mich.	June 2, '08
1881	Arthur G. Stedman, 49	New York City	Sept. 16, '08
1884	Frederick Connell, 49	Scranton, Pa.	Jan. 1, '09

1884	Henry C. Hopkins, 45	Ridgefield, Conn.	Sept. 8, '08
1884	Edwin L. Porter, 46	Pittsburg, Pa.	July 5, '08
1884	Edward Wells, 45	Peekskill, N. Y.	July 19, '08
1886	Frederic N. Sewall, 44	Kansas City, Mo.	Dec. 14, '08
1887	Henry E. Hard, 46	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Sept. 26, '08
1888	Joseph McElroy, 41	Mount Vernon, N. Y.	July 7, '08
1889	Charles S. King, 42	near Fort Wayne, Ind.	July 18, '08
1891	James W. Broatch, 38	Cavite, P. I.	July 9, '08
1891	Charles G. Carter, 42	Pittsburg, Pa.	May 14, '09
1891	Joseph R. Herod, 39	Indianapolis, Ind.	Aug. 13, '08
1894	Letchworth Smith, 39	Louisville, Ky.	April 7, '09
1896	Horace A. Loomis, 33	Brighton, N. Y.	June 30, '08
1897	Walter J. Lapham, 35	Glens Falls, N. Y.	June 23, '07
1897	Edward M. Sicard, 32	Buffalo, N. Y.	Aug. 8, '08
1897	John H. Thompson, 34	Old Bridge, N. J.	Nov. 14, '08
1897	George W. Updike, 34	Bay City, Texas	Nov. 1, '08
1898	William S. Ray, 32	Brooklyn, N. Y.	July 7, '08
1899	Edward S. Woodruff, 32	New York City	Jan. 15, '09
1900	Sidney M. Wood, 28	Asheville, N. C.	Feb. 2, '09
1901	Frederic R. Haight, 29	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 17, '09
1902	Percy B. Cochran, 29	Pittsburg, Pa.	Nov. 14, '08
1903	Willis E. Goodhue, 41	Norwalk, Conn.	Feb. 5, '09
1903	Herbert C. Kelly, 27	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 4, '09
1903	Charles S. Parsons, 27	near Pittsburg, Pa.	May 18, '09
1903	Cleveland Rogers, 28	Wakefield, R. I.	Sept. 1, '08
1905	Perley B. Chandler, 35	Two Harbors, Minn.	July 21, '08
1906	Robert L. Clark, 23	St. Gingolph, Switz'd	Sept. 27, '08
1906	William D. Harris, 23	Cass Lake, Minn.	Aug. 30, '08
1906	William K. Johnson, 26	Kandy, Ceylon	May 4, '09
1906	Faron N. Wakefield, 25	Port Chester, N. Y.	Oct. 11, '08
1907	Percy W. Holter, 23	Helena, Mont.	Nov. 23, '08
1907	John A. White, 20	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 30, '08
1908	Dwight T. Griswold, 24	San Francisco, Cal.	Dec. 29, '08

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1837	Gurdon W. Russell, 93	Hartford, Conn.	Feb. 3, '09
1843	Robert Crane, 88	Waterbury, Conn.	March 31, '09
1847	Edwin Bidwell, 87	Deep River, Conn.	Dec. 13, '08
1849	William H. Sage, 83	Woodbury, Conn.	March 10, '09
1860	David C. Ainey, 70	New Milford, Pa.	June 7, '08
1860	Samuel F. Chapin, 73	Erie, Pa.	June 12, '08
1863	T. Morton Hills, 69	Willimantic, Conn.	Jan. 23, '09

1864	Durell Shepard, 77	West Haven, Conn.	May 16, '09
1872	Elias B. Heady, 62	Milford, Conn.	Dec. 16, '08
1879	Andrew B. Gorham, 58	Wilton, Conn.	March 29, '09
1898	Russell Hulbert, 34	Hartford, Conn.	Oct. 25, '08

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1861	Washington F. Willcox, 74	Chester, Conn.	March 8, '09
1864	DeWitt C. Sprague, 62	Washington, D. C.	Oct. 11, '08
1868	Cephas W. Ainsworth, 67	Oak Park, Ill.	Feb. 17, '08
1873	Charles R. Whedon, 82	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 29, '09
1875	Levy Maybaum, 55	Newark, N. J.	March 24, '09
1889	Antoine J. Ferrandini, 36	San Francisco, Cal.	March 26, '07
1900	William J. McConnell, 31	Franklin, Pa.	Oct. 19, '08
1907	Orrin A. Wing, 24	Lowell, Mass.	July 9, '08

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1882	William G. Roberts, 64	Hudson, Mich.	April 2, '08
1905	Stephen Davis, 31	Tazewell, Va.	Feb. 27, '07

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1856	Lewis Williams, 71	Los Angeles, Cal.	Aug. 29, '08
1859	Joseph Porter, 69	New Haven, Conn.	June 8, '09
1859	George D. Seely, 69	Washington, D. C.	May 10, '08
1867	Samuel H. Chittenden, 63	Washington, Conn.	Feb. 14, '09
1868	John C. Hersey, 61	Flatbush, L. I., N. Y.	March 30, '09
1869	Joseph C. Hornblower, 60	The Hague, Holland	Aug. 21, '08
1871	Harry D. Ziegler, 58	Philadelphia, Pa.	Jan. 6, '09
1875	Chambers McK. Craig, 54	New York City	April 5, '09
1882	Alfred B. Willcox, 48	near Oak Park, Ill.	April 13, '09
1883	Sarkis Levonian, 57	Osmaniye, Turkey	April 15, '09
1886	Louis W. Bond, 42	Berkeley, Cal.	July 27, '08
1889	Arthur S. Cheney, 39	Messina, Italy	Dec. 28, '08
1892	Richard F. Manning, 34	Lakewood, N. J.	Aug. 27, '08
1893	Phelps B. Hoyt, 36	Evanston, Ill.	Dec. 12, '08
1894	Frederick T. James, 33	New York City	Feb. 9, '07
1895	Charles H. Farnam, 35	Epinay, France	May 8, '09
1895	Frederick Rustin, 37	Omaha, Nebr.	Sept. 2, '08
1896	J. deMun Walsh, 34	Saranac Lake, N. Y.	Oct. 19, '08
1897	Augustus Coit, 32	Norwich, Conn.	March 22, '09
1897	Lang Murray, 35	Mexico City, Mex.	May 15, '09



1897	John E. Shaw, 32	Minneapolis, Minn.	Dec. 3, '08
1900	Charles T. Dudley, 30	Liberty, N. Y.	Sept. 30, '08
1903	Edward A. Downey, 25	New York City	Dec. 4, '08
1903	Arthur Dwyer, 27	Buffalo, N. Y.	Dec. 6, '08
1906	George L. Beecher, 24	East Haven, Conn.	July 20, '08

The number of deaths recorded this year is 155 and the average age of the 109 graduates of the Academical Department is over 59 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is:

Class of 1838, CHESTER DUTTON, of Concordia, Kans., born March 24, 1814.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is:

Class of 1842, DAVID F. ATWATER, of Springfield, Mass., born October 29, 1817. He is also a graduate of the Academical Department in the Class of 1839.

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Members of the *Divinity, Law, Medical, and Scientific* Schools are indicated by the letters *d, l, m, and s*, respectively.

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1867	Adee, George A.	1061	1881	Eliel, Levi A.	1078
1860 <i>m</i>	Ainey, David C.	1112	1895 <i>s</i>	Farnam, Charles H.	1140
1868 <i>l</i>	Ainsworth, C. W.	1120	1889 <i>l</i>	Ferrandini, Antoine J.	1122
1860	Ball, A. Brayton	1045	1840	Fitch, Lucius W.	993
1847	Barnes, Lewis	1005	1879	Fowler, Edward S.	1076
1857	Barrows, Edwin	1035	1859	Freeman, William P.	1044
1876	Bartlett, Charles L.	1071	1878	Gilbert, William T.	1075
1906 <i>s</i>	Beecher, George L.	1145	1852	Gilman, Daniel C.	1012
1866	Bennett, William H.	1058	1903	Goodhue, Willis E.	1099
1847 <i>m</i>	Bidwell, Edwin	1110	1879 <i>m</i>	Gorham, Andrew B.	1116
1853	Bingham, Hiram	1020	1851	Gould, James L.	1010
1845	Binney, William	1003	1908	Griswold, Dwight T.	1106
1863	Blakeslee, Erastus	1054	1870	Gulliver, William C.	1065
1886 <i>s</i>	Bond, Louis W.	1136	1901	Haight, Frederic R.	1098
1891	Broatch, James W.	1088	1856	Hall, Theodore P.	1032
1867	Brown, Anselm B.	1062	1863	Hamlin, George S.	1056
1872	Brown, Frank T.	1066	1887	Hard, Henry E.	1085
1840	Burnam, Curtis F.	991	1852	Hardy, Francis W.	1017
1891	Carter, Charles G.	1090	1906	Harris, William D.	1103
1873	Carter, Leslie	1068	1872 <i>m</i>	Heady, Elias B.	1116
1858	Chalmers, Matthew	1039	1881	Helmer, Frederick D.	1079
1905	Chandler, Perley B.	1102	1842	Henshaw, Daniel	1000
1860 <i>m</i>	Chapin, Samuel F.	1112	1891	Herod, Joseph R.	1090
1889 <i>s</i>	Cheney, Arthur S.	1137	1868 <i>s</i>	Hersey, John C.	1130
1855	Chittenden, Henry T.	1028	1858	Hewitt, Frederick C.	1041
1867 <i>s</i>	Chittenden, Samuel H.	1129	1863 <i>m</i>	Hills, T. Morton	1113
1906	Clark, Robert L.	1103	1857	Holden, Stephen	1036
1902	Cochran, Percy B.	1099	1907	Holter, Percy W.	1105
1897 <i>s</i>	Coit, Augustus	1142	1884	Hopkins, Henry C.	1082
1884	Connell, Frederick	1082	1869 <i>s</i>	Hornblower, Joseph C.	1131
1847	Coon, John	1006	1893 <i>s</i>	Hoyt, Phelps B.	1139
1838	Cooper, William F.	989	1898 <i>m</i>	Hulbert, Russell	1117
1856	Cowles, Edward O.	1031	1857	Hyde, S. Harris	1038
1875 <i>s</i>	Craig, Chambers McK.	1132	1894 <i>s</i>	James, Frederick T.	1140
1843 <i>m</i>	Crane, Robert	1109	1850	Johnson, Samuel	1008
1905 <i>d</i>	Davis, Stephen	1125	1906	Johnson, William K.	1104
1874	Dickerman, George L.	1070	1858	Jones, Augustus T.	1042
1903 <i>s</i>	Downey, Edward A.	1145	1903	Kelly, Herbert C.	1100
1872	DuBois, Jesse K.	1067	1851	Kent, Thomas G.	1011
1900 <i>s</i>	Dudley, Charles T.	1144	1889	King, Charles S.	1087
1877	Dudley, Edward M.	1073	1862	Kirby, Thomas B.	1049
1855	Dunn, John K.	1029	1853	Knevals, Sherman W.	1023
1858	Dwight, Robert O.	1040			
1903 <i>s</i>	Dwyer, Arthur	1145			

Class		Page	Class		Page
1862	Knight, Frederick I.	1050	1863	Sanford, George B.	1057
1877	Langdon, George E.	1073	1859 <i>s</i>	Seely, George D.	1129
1897	Lapham, Walter J.	1093	1886	Sewall, Frederic N.	1085
1883 <i>s</i>	Levonian, Sarkis	1134	1862	Sexton, William C.	1053
1896	Loomis, Horace A.	1093	1897 <i>s</i>	Shaw, John E.	1143
1866	McClure, Joseph M.	1059	1864 <i>m</i>	Shepard, Durell	1115
1900 <i>l</i>	McConnell, William J.	1123	1880	Sherman, William H.	1077
1888	McElroy, Joseph	1086	1897	Sicard, Edward M.	1094
1844	McKee, James H.	1002	1847	Simpson, Thomas P.	1007
1892 <i>s</i>	Manning, Richard F.	1138	1894	Smith, Letchworth	1091
1840	March, Daniel	994	1855	Smith, Oscar M.	1030
1875 <i>l</i>	Maybaum, Levy	1122	1853	Spooner, Samuel B.	1024
1874	Melick, Leoni	1071	1864 <i>l</i>	Sprague, DeWitt C.	1119
1854	Miller, John T.	1025	1881	Stedman, Arthur [G.]	1080
1841	Mitchell, Donald G.	996	1852	Stewart, William M.	1018
1856	Morse, Sidney E.	1034	1840	Swift, George H.	995
1897 <i>s</i>	Murray, Lang	1142	1897	Thompson, John H.	1094
1854	Nichols, Starr H.	1026	1897	Updike, George W.	1095
1903	Parsons, Charles S.	1100	1906	Wakefield, Faron N.	1104
1868	Parsons, William	1064	1896 <i>s</i>	Walsh, J. deMun	1142
1858	Perkins, Thomas A.	1043	1884	Wells, Edward	1083
1884	Porter, Edwin L.	1083	1873 <i>l</i>	Whedon, Charles R.	1121
1859 <i>s</i>	Porter, Joseph	1127	1866	White, George E.	1061
1873	Poston, John M.	1069	1861	White, James H.	1046
1854	Proctor, David C.	1027	1907	White, John A.	1105
1898	Ray, William S.	1096	1847	Wildman, Horatio	1008
1844	Rice, Abner	1003	1882 <i>s</i>	Willcox, Alfred B.	1133
1862	Ripley, George C.	1051	1861 <i>l</i>	Willcox, W. F.	1118
1882 <i>d</i>	Roberts, William G.	1125	1856 <i>s</i>	Williams, Lewis	1126
1903	Rogers, Cleveland	1101	1861	Williams, Ralph O.	1047
1837 <i>m</i>	Russell, Gurdon W.	1107	1907 <i>l</i>	Wing, Orrin A.	1123
1895 <i>s</i>	Rustin, Frederick	1141	1877	Winston, Frederick S.	1074
1849 <i>m</i>	Sage, William H.	1111	1900	Wood, Sidney M.	1098
1866	Salisbury, Frederick S.	1060	1899	Woodruff, Edward S.	1096
			1871 <i>s</i>	Ziegler, Harry D.	1131





1154

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# OBITUARY RECORD

OF

# GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academic Year ending in

***JUNE, 1910,***

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY  
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 21st, 1910]

[No. 10 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 69 of the whole Record]

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### YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1838

CHESTER DUTTON, eldest of the eleven children of Daniel Punderson and Nancy (Matthews) Dutton, was born March 24, 1814, in Watertown, Conn.

Since the death of Dr. Gurdon Wadsworth Russell of the Class of 1837 in the Medical School in February, 1909, he had been the oldest living graduate of the University. One classmate, Hon. Henry Parsons Hedges, survives him.

He was fitted for college under the instruction of his uncle, Hon. Henry Dutton (B.A. Yale 1818), teaching school in the intervals of study, and working until he was 18 years old on the farm of his father which has been the home of the family for six generations. He joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

His ambition on entering college was to become a lawyer, but a serious throat affection changed his plans, and on graduation he taught school for about three years in

Alexandria, Va., and Bristol, Conn., but since 1842 had been a farmer. He was at Wolcott, N. Y., for twenty-five years, but in 1868 settled at "Riverside Homestead," on the Republican River, near Concordia, Kans. He went there with his family when it was a complete wilderness, and had the hardships, dangers, and romance of frontier life. Two or three years after going to Riverside, after the troubles with the Indians were over, he built the substantial house of cottonwood logs which was his home for the rest of his life.

He married, in Wolcott, N. Y., November 3, 1842, Mary Ann, daughter of Caleb and Elvira (Woodruff) Mellen, and had nine children,—seven sons and two daughters,—nearly all of whom, with their families, live on farms within a short distance of Riverside.

At the request of friends in Kansas and in New Haven in the spring of 1909, Mr. and Mrs. Dutton went to Concordia, and had their photographs taken, but on the way home narrowly escaped drowning in a flood in the river. They took refuge on a temporary island and were rescued during the night by farmers who had come out to see the flood. Neither of the couple appeared to suffer from the experience.

Mr. Dutton's mind remained clear to the end, and he was accustomed to talk most interestingly of his pioneer experiences. He died at his home near Concordia, July 1, 1909, at the age of 95 years.

Mrs. Dutton and five sons survive him.

## 1840

WILLIAM SOLOMON LEAVITT, son of Rev. Joshua Leavitt, D.D. (B.A. Yale 1814), and Sarah (Williams) Leavitt, was born January 26, 1822, in Bloomfield, N. J. His father spent his life after 1828 as editor in succession of the *Sailor's Magazine*, *New York Evangelist*, *Emancipator*, and

*Independent.* Among his direct ancestors were Rev. Jonathan Leavitt (Yale 1758) of Charlemont, Mass.; Rev. Solomon Williams (Yale 1770), Tutor in the college and the fifth minister of Northampton, Mass.; and Rev. Eliphalet Williams, D.D. (Yale 1743), Fellow of Yale College and for fifty years the minister of East Hartford, Conn. The last was a nephew of Rev. Elisha Williams (Harvard 1711), President of Yale College from 1726 to 1739.

After graduation Mr. Leavitt read law a year, and then studied in Union Theological Seminary from 1842 to 1844. He was ordained December 3, 1845, the first pastor of the Eliot Congregational Church in Newton, Mass. In 1853 he accepted a call to the First Presbyterian Church in Hudson, N. Y., where he remained till 1867, when he became pastor of the First Congregational Church of Northampton, Mass. After fourteen years of able service there he resigned and retired from the active ministry. He resided in New York City from 1881 to 1900, and since then had lived at Northampton. He died April 5, 1910, at Atlantic City, N. J., at the age of 88 years.

He married in Newark, N. J., in November, 1845, Miss Mary L. Grover. After her decease he married Miss Katharine Spencer, who survives him with a daughter.

#### 1841

WILLIAM BALDWIN, second of the six sons of Freeman and Mabel (Lines) Baldwin, was born in Ellsworth, a village of Sharon, Conn., December 16, 1821; but soon removed to New Preston, in Washington, Conn., from which he entered college. His father was for forty years a merchant, and in 1838 and other years represented Washington in the Legislature.

While a student in college he constructed a telescope, and had since given much time to scientific investigations, especially with the telescope and microscope.



The winter after graduation he taught a select school in New Preston, and then studied two years in Yale Theological Seminary. He was licensed to preach by the Litchfield South Association, and then spent another year in study at Western Reserve Theological Seminary, at Hudson, Ohio, after which he preached a year at Medina, O. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church at New Road, or North Walton, Delaware County, N. Y., where he continued eight years, and then served the same length of time in the Presbyterian Church of Oneonta, N. Y. He then preached four years for the Presbyterian Church in Worcester, Otsego County, N. Y., supplying also at Westford in the vicinity. He was Moderator of the Synod of Susquehanna in October, 1863.

After leaving Worcester he resided six years at Great Bend, Pa., preaching only occasionally at Susquehanna Depot, Pa., and elsewhere, as he was then in ill health. Part of the time he was in mercantile business. In May, 1872, he began to supply the Presbyterian Church at Tioga, Pa., and continued there fourteen years. After spending a year in Europe he returned to Great Bend, where he was for many years occupied in the management of real estate.

Mr. Baldwin died of old age at his home in Great Bend, June 29, 1909, at the age of 87 years. He had been in feeble health for several years.

He married in New Haven, Conn., September 1, 1844, Martha R., daughter of Dr. Charles Beardsley of Milford, Conn., and Mary A. (Tomlinson) Beardsley, and had three sons and four daughters. One daughter died in early womanhood. Two sons are physicians, graduates of Long Island Medical College and Hospital and of the Medical Department of New York University, respectively.

Four of his brothers were lawyers, Charles Edward having graduated from Union College in 1827, and John in 1859, and George from the Yale Law School in 1835.

1842

JULIUS HOWARD PRATT, son of Julius and Lydia (DeWolfe) Pratt, was born, August 1, 1821, in Meriden, Conn.

After graduation he taught a year in Greensboro, Ala., then returned North and engaged in the ivory goods manufacturing business established by his father in 1818. In 1849 he went to California by way of the Isthmus of Panama, and was for a time in business in Stockton, Cal. Mr. Pratt described the adventures of his journey to California and his life there in the *Century Magazine* of April, 1891. In 1851 he returned and resumed his former residence and occupation, but in 1857 became connected with the sales department of the ivory business in New York City.

In 1869 he projected the New York and Greenwood Lake Railway (now part of the Erie Railway system) and carried through that enterprise. From 1873 to 1875 he was engaged in mining coal in Virginia, but the undertaking did not prove profitable. In 1888 he proposed a new water supply for the city of Newark, and his property and water rights along the Pequannock River, which controlled the supply, were purchased for the city. He thus partially retrieved the losses he had suffered in his railroad building and other public improvement enterprises.

Since his establishment in business in New York City, he had made his home in Montclair, N. J.,—a name which he suggested for what was formerly called West Bloomfield—and was a leader in nearly every plan for the public welfare. He was one of the founders, and for seventeen years president of the board of trustees of the First Congregational Church of Montclair.

Mr. Pratt's "Reminiscences" are to be privately printed and issued this summer.

He died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles H. Johnson, Jr., in Montclair, October 14, 1909, at the age of 88 years.

He married in New Haven, Conn., November 8, 1843, Adeline Forbes, daughter of Eli and Susan (Morris) Barnes, and sister of Alfred S. Barnes, the New York publisher. They had eight children, two of whom died in infancy. Mrs. Pratt died in March, 1886, but three sons and two daughters survive him. One daughter married Rev. James D. Eaton, D.D. (B.A. Beloit 1869), now for twenty-five years a missionary in Mexico, and son of Mr. Pratt's classmate, Rev. Samuel Witt Eaton, D.D. One of the sons graduated in 1882 from the Academical Department, and another one was for a year in the Sheffield Scientific School in the Class of 1876.

ELIPHALET WHITTLESEY, youngest of the ten children of Deacon David and Rebecca (Smalley) Whittlesey, and brother of Rev. William Whittlesey (Yale 1827), was born May 14, 1821, at New Britain, Conn. His mother was a daughter of Rev. John Smalley, D.D. (Yale 1756), who was pastor of the First Congregational Church there from 1758 to 1813.

After graduation from college he taught an academy at Jefferson, Schoharie County, N. Y., a few months, and then taught a classical school at Greensboro, Ala., until July, 1846. After spending a year and a half in the Yale Theological Seminary, he returned to Alabama, in January, 1848, teaching in a young ladies' boarding school in Mobile till November, 1849. He then completed his theological course in the Yale Seminary, and spent a year as Resident Licentiate in Andover Theological Seminary. October 1, 1851, he was ordained pastor of the Central Congregational Church of Bath, Me., and continued there ten years, when he was elected Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory in Bowdoin College. In August, 1862, he was appointed Chaplain of the 19th Infantry, Maine Volunteers, and obtained leave of absence from his college duties for six months. He was soon made Captain and Assistant Adju-



tant-General of United States Volunteers on the staff of General O. O. Howard, and immediately after the battle of Antietam was promoted to the rank of Major for gallant conduct. In the battle of Fredericksburg he occupied an exposed position and his horse was twice wounded under him. After the battle of Chancellorsville he returned to Bowdoin College for a year. September 1, 1864, he was appointed Judge Advocate of the Army of the Tennessee under General Sherman, with whom he marched through Georgia to the sea. He was brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel March 13, 1865, appointed Colonel of the 46th U. S. Colored Infantry June 19, 1865, and brevetted Brigadier-General May 22, 1866, to date from March 13, 1865. He was mustered out January 1, 1868, but he continued in the service of his country as Adjutant-General of the Freedmen's Bureau from that date until the discontinuance of the Bureau in 1872. While in this office he visited the freedmen's schools through the South, and helped in establishing Howard University in Washington. He was appointed Professor of Rhetoric and English Literature there in 1867, and instructed in all English studies till January 1, 1874, after which he continued to lecture in the Theological Department.

From 1874 to 1900 General Whittlesey was secretary of the Board of Indian Commissioners, an office to which he was appointed by General Grant, and helped in negotiating several important treaties with the Indians. President Arthur appointed him a member of the Board in 1882. He was often at the Mohonk Indian Conferences. For a long period he was a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

Howard University conferred on him the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1882, and Yale that of Master of Arts in 1847, and Doctor of Laws in 1902.

General Whittlesey had lived in Washington, D. C., for about forty-five years and was closely identified with its

best interests. He was a member and often an officer of the First Congregational Church. He died at his home there September 30, 1909, at the age of 88 years. He was buried in the National Cemetery at Arlington.

He married at Bath, Me., October 31, 1854, Ann Augusta, daughter of Hon. George Ferguson Patten and Hannah (Thomas) Patten, and had three sons and two daughters, of whom a son and a daughter are deceased. The sons, George Patten and James Thomas, are graduates of the Academical Department in 1878 and 1889, respectively, and the daughter Pauline is the wife of Rev. Cornelius H. Patton, D.D. (B.D. Yale 1886). George Patten Whittlesey married Lily Caroline, daughter of Rev. Charles Whittlesey Camp, D.D. (B.A. Yale 1844).

#### 1844

RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT BELL, son of Captain William R. Bell of Newbern, N. C., and Columbus, Ga., and a descendant of the Bell family of Virginia, was named for Richard Dobbs Spaight, Governor of North Carolina, a friend of his father. He was born about 1823. His early education was acquired in the schools of Newbern and Columbus. Captain Bell became a permanent resident of Columbus not long after his son entered Yale. The latter was called home in Senior year by the illness of his father, who died March 9, 1844.

After graduation he studied law at Columbus, but soon relinquished practice and took charge of a plantation in which he was interested in Southern Alabama. His subsequent life was devoted to business requiring his residence at different points, including Sparta, Ga., and Society Hill, Selma, and Henry, Ala. From Henry he removed to North Birmingham, Ala., where he resided for several years as the representative of a brick manufacturing company, retiring from active business in 1897, and taking up his residence with his daughter at Montevallo, Ala.

His death occurred at Nashville, Tenn., August 8, 1908, and his interment was in Woodlawn Cemetery, Birmingham. He was 85 years of age.

He was married May 21, 1850, and was the father of two sons and a daughter. One of his sons was killed in Chicago in early adult years, and this affliction cast a cloud over his subsequent life, inclining him to isolation and reserve.

### 1845

SERENO DWIGHT NICKERSON, one of thirteen children of Captain Ebenezer and Eudoxa (White) Nickerson, was born October 16, 1823, in Boston, Mass. He was fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation he took the course in the Harvard Law School, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1847. After a few months of study in the office of William R. P. Washburn, Esq. (B.A. Harvard 1816) he was admitted to the bar in April, 1848, and opened an office in Boston, but in the course of a few months was persuaded to join his father and brothers in their long-established mercantile business in Boston on Long wharf, and in 1850 was admitted to the firm of E. Nickerson & Company; in which he continued until 1864. He then sold his interest to his younger brother, and engaged in real estate, banking, and other business. He was one of the organizers of the Third National Bank of Boston and for many years a director. He was enabled to satisfy his taste for books, and fine arts, and travel, and made many trips to Europe, spending from three to twelve months there each time. In 1861 he enlisted in the service of the Union, but was rejected on account of defective eyesight.

From 1865 he devoted his life chiefly to freemasonry, becoming one of its leaders in the state. He was appointed recording grand secretary of the Grand Lodge in 1881, an office to which he gave all his time until 1908, when he was



appointed to the new office of grand historian. He edited and published in 1874-75 the magazine called the *New England Freemason*, and was constantly engaged in research on matters pertaining to masonic history. For eleven years from 1864, as chairman of the finance committee he had the responsibility of providing for the building of the Masonic Temple in Boston and involved his own fortune in the undertaking.

Mr. Nickerson died at his home in Cambridge, Mass., November 6, 1909, at the age of 86 years. He married, October 16, 1883, Mrs. Cheever, daughter of John Jennison Kilburn and Maria (Gage) Kilburn, and widow of Tracy P. Cheever. She died in 1899.

#### 1846

TALMON CORNELIUS PERRY, son of Talmon and Sally (Cornelius) Perry, and nephew of Rev. Elias Cornelius, D.D. (B.A. Yale 1813), was born February 13, 1826, in Bridgeport, Conn.

The year after graduation from college he spent in general reading under the direction of his pastor, Rev. Nathaniel Hewit, D.D. (B.A. Yale 1808), then studied a year in Princeton Theological Seminary, the next year with Dr. Hewit, and the year following at East Windsor (now Hartford) Theological Seminary, from which he graduated in 1851. He was licensed to preach by the Fairfield West Association, October 9, 1850, and under commission from the Maine and American Home Missionary Societies preached for the Congregational Church at Sedgwick, Me., in 1851-52, at Stanwich, Conn., in 1853, and at Long Ridge, in the town of Stamford, Conn., in 1853-54. He was ordained as an evangelist at Bridgeport, Conn., by the Presbytery of New York, November 12, 1856, and from 1855 to 1862 was acting pastor of the Congregational Church at Windsor, Mass. After some years of impaired

health, during which he lived at Bridgeport and Brookfield, Conn., he taught at Biddle University at Charlotte, N. C., from 1870 to 1872, and then for about twenty years resided at La Prairie in the Province of Quebec, Canada. Part of this time he was teaching at St. Andrews Academy, and performing pastoral service in the neighborhood as there was no settled clergyman there. In 1892 he visited the United States as agent of the Board of Evangelization of the Canadian Presbyterian Church. In recent years he had resided with his son, Dr. Edward C. Perry, at Avon, N. Y., and at Orange, Cal., where he died May 30, 1909. He was 83 years of age.

Mr. Perry married in New York City, October 1, 1851, Miss Sarah C. Clark, and had eight daughters and three sons, of whom three daughters and one son are deceased.

CHARLES PEASLEE TURNER, son of Rev. William Wolcott Turner, Ph.D. (B.A. Yale 1819), who was for over forty years teacher and principal of the American School for the Deaf at Hartford, Conn., was born in that city, February 5, 1826. His mother was Lucinda Maria (Peaslee) Turner.

He was fitted for college in the Hopkins Grammar School in Hartford, and after graduation from college was for two years a private tutor near Georgetown, Del., then took the course in Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, receiving his medical degree there in 1851. He established himself in Philadelphia and practiced his profession there to the end of his life. He was medical examiner for the Ætna Life Insurance Company of Hartford for about forty-five years, and was long the surgeon of the Society of the Cincinnati of Pennsylvania. For years he was an elder in the Arch Street Presbyterian Church. He was interested in musical matters and was a trustee of the Musical Fund Society.

Dr. Turner died after a brief illness from angina pectoris at his home in Philadelphia, April 12, 1910, at the age of 84 years. His burial was in Hartford.

He married, October 6, 1858, Julia Frances, daughter of Roland and Mary (Francis) Mather of Hartford, and sister of Edward Taylor Mather (B.A. Yale 1864). Their golden wedding was celebrated in 1908 at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Edward W. Hooker, in Hartford. His widow and daughter survive him, but their son died in early childhood.

### 1848

CHARLES SAMUEL HALL, eldest son of Samuel Holden Parsons Hall and Emeline (Bulkeley) Hall, and a descendant in the seventh generation of Charles Chauncy, second President of Harvard College, was born May 10, 1827, in Middletown, Conn. He was a grandson of Dr. William Brenton Hall (Yale 1786), and great-great-grandson of Rev. Samuel Hall (Yale 1716), who after being Tutor in the College for two years, was for over fifty years pastor of the church in Cheshire, Conn., then one of the largest churches in New England. He was also great-great-grandson of Rev. Jonathan Parsons (Yale 1729). His father was a merchant, much interested in public affairs, and twice a member of the New York State Senate. In 1837 the family had removed from Connecticut to Binghamton, N. Y., arriving there at the time of the opening of the Chenango Canal.

In the fall after his graduation from college he entered the Yale Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1850. He also studied law in the office of Daniel S. Dickinson, of Binghamton, formerly United States senator from New York. He was admitted to the bar in January, 1851, received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale the same year, and was appointed Commissioner of the United States Circuit Court for the Northern District of New York December 13, 1856, holding this office until it was abolished in June, 1897, when he was at once appointed to the new office of United States Commissioner. He was also made Master and Examiner in



Chancery in November, 1879. He was counsel in many important legal cases, but was much occupied in the care of estates. He was early the village attorney of Binghamton, and drafted the first charter of the city. It was not carried through at the time, but ten years later the project was revived, and he was asked to perfect the charter which was enacted by the legislature, and the new city government was organized in 1867. He was for four years a member of the Board of Education, and during this time revised the school laws.

He was always a democrat in politics, and in 1896 was the candidate of the National, or Sound Money, Democrats for Representative in Congress. He was an early and continuous supporter of Grover Cleveland. During the Civil War he was active in the enlistment of recruits for the army, and supported the National government.

In 1854 he published "Why the Missouri Compromise should be Repealed," an article which gained wide attention. He also wrote articles on "The Relation of the States to the General Government," on "The Currency," and on educational matters. Besides these he published an interesting volume in 1896, on the "Hall Ancestry: a series of Sketches of the Lineal Ancestors of the Children of Samuel Holden Parsons Hall and his wife Emeline Bulkeley of Binghamton, N. Y., with some account of nearly one hundred of the early Puritan families of New England"; and in 1905 "The Life and Letters of Major-General Samuel Holden Parsons," a valuable contribution to the history of the Revolutionary period.

Mr. Hall died of pneumonia at his home in Binghamton, March 15, 1910, in the 83d year of his age.

He married, at Ballston Spa, N. Y., January 3, 1855, Mary Rebecca, daughter of Arnold Harris, who was for many years vice-president of the Ballston Spa National Bank, and Phebe (Middlebrook) Harris, and had three sons and a daughter. Of these children two sons only survive,

the elder, Charles Harris Hall (B.A. Yale 1883) being the father of the '83 class boy, Fairfax Hall (Ph.B. Yale 1907).

Mrs. Hall died November 10, 1881, and Mr. Hall married at Richwood, O., October 29, 1885, Annie Hastings Knowlton, daughter of Rev. Professor Chauncey Carter Knowlton and Sarah Phillips (Hastings) Knowlton. She survives him but their only child, a son, died in infancy.

Mr. Hall was a felicitous writer, a delightful companion, and an honored and useful citizen. One of his three brothers, Theodore Parsons Hall, graduated from Yale in 1856 and died January 3, 1909.

SAMUEL SELDEN SPENCER, son of William and Deborah (Selden) Spencer, was born at Lyme, Conn., May 29, 1828.

After graduation he taught school in Mississippi, studied law and was admitted to the bar in that state in 1852. Soon afterward he settled in Erie, Pa., where he remained in the successful practice of his profession until his retirement. He was at one time the Republican candidate for President Judge of his judicial district, though not elected. He had been a member of the Park Presbyterian Church in Erie since its organization in 1855 and was an elder there for thirty years.

Mr. Spencer died of apoplexy at his winter home in Daytona, Fla., January 8, 1910, in the 82nd year of his age.

He married at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., October 20, 1858, Eliza Deborah, daughter of Dirck Lefferts Palmer, a druggist and physician of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and granddaughter of Judge Beriah Palmer, one of the earliest judges of Saratoga County. She survives him with a son, Selden Palmer Spencer, Ph.D. (B.A. Yale 1884), and a daughter. A son and a daughter are deceased.

SIDNEY WEBSTER, son of Caleb and Hannah (Peaslee) Webster, was born August 28, 1828, at Gilmanton, N. H. He entered Yale as a Sophomore from Dartmouth College.

After his graduation he studied in the Harvard Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws there in 1850. Then followed a year in the law office of Hon. Franklin Pierce in Boston, Mass., after which he was an attorney in Concord, N. H. In March, 1853, when Mr. Pierce became President of the United States, Mr. Webster was made his private secretary, and continued in the position during Mr. Pierce's term of office. Returning to private life in 1857, he practiced his profession in Boston for a year, and was then appointed Commissioner of the United States Circuit Court. In 1860 he removed to New York City, where for over thirty years he had a most lucrative practice. In the noted case of the importers of silk ribbons, represented by his firm of Webster & Craig, against the United States Government, the importers won after seven years of litigation. When the Electoral Commission was appointed in the Tilden controversy, Mr. Webster was one of the lawyers who prepared the Tilden case. For several years he was counsel for the Spanish Foreign Office, and other foreign consulates. He was regarded as one of the foremost authorities on international and admiralty law. Besides monographs on topics of international and constitutional law he published in 1901 "Two Treaties of Paris and the Supreme Court."

He declined to enter political life, although the Democratic nomination to Congress was several times offered him, but kept through life a keen interest in public affairs. In 1883 he became a director of the Illinois Central Railroad.

Mr. Webster retained a residence in New York City during his life, but had long been a summer resident of Newport, R. I., and for the last ten years had lived for most of the year on his estate "Pen Craig" which he purchased in 1899.

He died of paralysis in Newport, May 30, 1910, in the 82nd year of his age.

He married in New York City, June 7, 1860, Sarah Morris Fish, eldest daughter of Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL.D.



(B.A. Columbia 1827), who was Secretary of State under President Grant, and Julia (Kean) Fish. She survives him with their son, Hamilton Fish Webster (B.A. Columbia 1883).

MICHAEL AUGUSTUS WITHERS, youngest of the eight children of Michael and Mary (Smith) Withers, was born in Strasburg township, Lancaster Co., Pa., November 6, 1829. He attended Franklin Academy, Lancaster, Pa., and entered Yale at the beginning of Senior year.

In 1849 he began the study of medicine with Dr. F. A. Muhlenberg of Lancaster, and completed his medical studies in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1852. He practiced his profession several years in Lancaster, and then at Millersville and Safe Harbor, removing in 1859 to Pottstown, where he purchased a drug store.

In the fall of 1861 he was appointed Assistant Surgeon in the Civil War, and was later promoted to the office of Surgeon of the 76th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. After two years of active service he returned to Pottstown, and resumed the drug business and the practice of medicine. He retired from the latter in 1885, but retained the drug business until April, 1905. Dr. Withers was the owner of valuable real estate in Pottstown, and in 1883 constructed the Withers building. He was also largely interested in the Pelican Slate Company of Wind Gap, Pa.

After a period of failing health Dr. Withers died of general debility at the home of his son-in-law, Horace Evans, in Pottstown, July 2, 1909, in the 80th year of his age.

He married, January 23, 1856, Mary Louise, daughter of Henry and Anna (Eshleman) Musselman, who survives him with a daughter.

1849

OSCAR BISSELL, eldest son of Benjamin and Melissa (Post) Bissell, was born December 20, 1822, in Litchfield, Conn.

After graduation he took the course in East Windsor, now Hartford, Seminary, after which he began his ministry at Rushford, N. Y., in July, 1862, but in October was called home to Litchfield by the death of his father. In January, 1855, he resumed preaching at Canaan, Conn., following this with a few months of service at Dummerston, Vt. Immediately afterwards he became pastor of the First Congregational Church at Westmoreland, N. H., and was ordained and installed May 14, 1856. Closing his work in 1858, he preached at Dublin, N. H., from 1861 to 1865, and was then for nearly two years superintendent of schools in Roxbury, N. H. After preaching in West Townshend, Vt., Warwick, Mass., and Ellsworth, Conn., he was pastor of the Congregational Church in Marlboro, Mass., from 1871 to 1877, then in Westford, Conn., until 1891, and in Holland, Mass., until 1896, when he retired from the ministry, residing thereafter in Brimfield, where he died of paralysis, January 17, 1910, at the age of 87 years.

He married in Westmoreland, N. H., May 8, 1860, Alma, daughter of Abel and Louisa (Hutchins) Cole. She died in 1867, leaving no children.

Mr. Bissell married again, November 1, 1869, Augusta M. Ward, of Warwick, Mass. She died in December, 1898, and a daughter is also deceased, but two sons, one of them a Bachelor of Arts of Amherst College in 1897, survive him.

HENRY HASTINGS HILL, son of George and Deborah (Hastings) Hill, was born May 6, 1825, at Providence, R. I. He joined the class at the beginning of Freshman year from the class of 1848.

After graduation he studied law in Cincinnati, O., a year, worked as a civil engineer from 1850 to 1852, and then devoted himself to farming for five years in Hamilton County, O., and for ten years in Port Byron, Ill. From 1867 to 1869 he was United States Inspector of Customs at Covington, Ky. In 1871 he removed to Moline, Ill., where in 1874 he became the owner of the Moline Malleable Iron Works, but in 1889 engaged in similar business in Helena, Mont., where his death occurred November 17, 1909, at the age of 84 years.

He married at Falmouth, Ky., April 12, 1859, Miss M. E. Hauser, daughter of Samuel T. and Mary Ann (Kennett) Hauser. They had three sons and three daughters, of whom only two sons survive. The youngest daughter married Dr. Allan Butler Murray (B.A. Hamilton 1887).

JOHN ROCKWELL was born in Savannah, Ga., April 26, 1829, and was the son of Hon. Charles W. and Emeline (Hall) Rockwell.

After graduation he was engaged for seven years in the work of the United States Coast Survey, stationed at various points between Maine and Florida, Oregon and California. He then spent three years each in Chicago and La Salle, Ill., in banking. In the latter place he was occupied from 1862 to 1869 in coal mining and the care of large tracts of farming land belonging to the family. From 1870 to 1872 he resided in Chicago, and then until 1889 in Tarrytown, N. Y. During these later years he with Jonathan Edwards and others established the Equitable Trust Company of New York. From 1889 to 1894 he spent much time in Chicago and the West, and in 1895 became secretary of several companies engaged in the development of mines, his office being in New York City. Since 1901 he had lived in southern California, and died in Santa Barbara, Cal. October 23, 1909, at the age of 80 years.

Mr. Rockwell married at Cortland, N. Y., May 16, 1860, Anne B., daughter of William P. and Anne (Blackwell)



Randall, and had three sons, of whom the eldest graduated from Harvard University in 1883, and the youngest from Brown University in 1896. Mrs. Rockwell died in 1908.

THOMAS HUNTON SWOPE, son of John B. and Frances (Hunton) Swope, was born November 21, 1828, in Danville, Ky.

After graduating from Centre College (now Central University) in 1848, he and his brother, William Craig Swope (B.A. 1849), came to Yale for their Senior year. After which he studied medicine. He spent part of the years 1849 to 1852 in Nashville, Tenn., and the following year in New York City. During 1854 he explored the mineral regions of Georgia and East Tennessee, and then engaged in the real estate business in St. Louis, Mo., but in 1857 settled in Kansas City, where he became the largest individual property owner in the city. He was one of the original incorporators of Wyandotte, now forming part of Kansas City, Kans. In 1864 he became interested in mining in the Rocky Mountains, and after personal examination made large investments in mines in Colorado, Arizona, and Montana. In later years he sold most of his interest in these, and added greatly to his real estate in Kansas City.

The object of Mr. Swope in accumulating money was that he might give it away in public benefactions. Besides generous gifts to Park College, Mo., and Central University, Ky., and to hospitals, and the Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Associations of Kansas City, in 1896 he presented to that city over thirteen hundred and fifty acres of land for a public park. He also gave the Humane Society an ample fund for an annual outing and entertainment for the children of the city in the park. Many of his benefactions were anonymous.

Mr. Swope died at his home in Independence, near Kansas City, Mo., October 3, 1909, in his 81st year. He was never married. He was ill about a month, but circum-

stances connected with his death and those of two near relatives at about the same time, have led to a charge of murder by poison, of which the court has decreed the accused guilty.

### 1851

EDWARD BISSELL, eldest of the seven children of Amos and Lydia (Hall) Bissell, was born December 16, 1827, at Litchfield, Conn.

After graduating from college he took the course in the Yale Law School, from which he received his law degree in 1853. He then spent six months in the office of his uncle, Gideon Hall, Jr., in Winsted, Conn.

He married, September 5, 1854, Esther, daughter of Elijah W. and Sarah Eliza Hazen, of New Haven, Conn., and soon afterward removed to Fond du Lac, Wisc., and began the practice of law. He was for a time in the office of Judge DeWood, the Fond du Lac County Judge, and in 1858 succeeded him in office. After nine years in this position, he was Police Justice for two years, Municipal Judge in 1870, and then again County Justice until 1875. On account of the heavy pressure of work his health gave out, and he spent much of his subsequent life in business.

Mr. Bissell died at Fond du Lac, October 21, 1909, in the 82d year of his age. He was a member of the Congregational Church. Mrs. Bissell and their son survive, their only daughter having died.

HENRY HARRIS JESSUP, second son of Hon. William Jessup, LL.D. (B.A. Yale 1815), was born April 19, 1832, in Montrose, Pa. His father, a native of Southampton, L. I., was Presiding Judge of the Eleventh Judicial District of Pennsylvania, and a leader in educational and temperance movements and in every good enterprise in church and state. His mother was Amanda (Harris) Jessup, also from Long

Island. After a year of preparation in Cortland Academy, at Homer, N. Y., he entered college at the age of fifteen.

During his college course he was deeply influenced by the visit of the missionary to Persia, Rev. David T. Stoddard (B.A. Yale 1838), and by the earnest words of Professor Goodrich in the "monthly concerts." On his graduation he returned to Montrose, and taught in the academy there a year, then entered Union Theological Seminary, from which he graduated in 1855, with the fixed purpose of devoting his life to foreign mission work. November 1 of that year he was ordained in his native place as a missionary, and early in December sailed from Boston on the bark *Sultana* for Smyrna. After a journey of nearly two months he reached Beirut, from which he went to Tripoli, Syria. He continued there until 1860, the year of the great massacres, and was then transferred to Beirut, where the rest of his early life was mainly spent. In this center of the American Mission in Syria he was a leader, tirelessly helping in developing its different activities. He gained a perfect command of the Arabic tongue and it was his delight to preach the Gospel in that language. For nearly thirty years he served as acting pastor of the Syrian Church in Beirut and superintendent of the Sunday School, was one of the instructors of the theological students, was secretary from its beginning of the Asfuriyeh Hospital for the Insane, raised money for the Girls' Boarding School and other work and superintended the erection of buildings, and much of the time had charge of the custom-house business of the mission and of the American press, on which the papers and books published by the mission and especially the Arabic Bible were printed. To this Arabic translation of the Scriptures, Dr. Eli Smith (B.A. Yale 1821) devoted eight years of invaluable work, and the ground on which the printing press stands was bought in 1830 for the work of the mission by Rev. Isaac Bird (B.A. Yale 1816), one of the earliest missionaries.



Dr. Jessup was one of the founders of the Syrian Protestant College, opened in 1866, whose establishment was made possible by the visit to Beirut and resulting interest of Rev. D. Stuart Dodge (B.A. Yale 1857).

Dr. Jessup first went to Syria as a missionary of the American Board but in 1870 that mission was transferred to the Presbyterian Board, and he was asked to become corresponding secretary of the latter board. But this office, as well as many other offers of attractive positions including that of United States Minister to Persia, were declined as diverting him from his life work.

He was missionary editor of the Arabic journal *El-Neshrah*, and the author of "The Mohammedan Missionary Problem," "The Women of the Arabs," "Syrian Home Life," and other volumes on kindred subjects, and a few months before his decease had completed a most interesting autobiography, under the title "Fifty-three years in Syria."

In 1865, soon after his return to Syria from a visit to America, he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Princeton University. During various visits to the United States his time was largely given to traveling about among the churches, preaching and making addresses. At the meeting of the Presbyterian General Assembly at Saratoga in 1879 he was elected moderator.

Dr. Jessup died in Beirut, Syria, April 28, 1910, at the age of 78 years. The fiftieth anniversary of his arrival in Beirut had been appropriately celebrated February 7, 1906.

He married October 7, 1857, Caroline, daughter of Wynans Bush, M.D., of Branchport, N. Y. She died in Syria in 1864, leaving three children. October 1, 1868, he married Miss Harriet Elizabeth Dodge, by whom he had five children. She was a daughter of Dr. David Stuart Dodge (M.D. Yale 1826), and niece of Hon. William E. Dodge. Her death occurred in April, 1882, and in July,

1884, he married Miss Theodosia Davenport Lockwood, daughter of Rev. Peter Lockwood (B.A. Yale 1817) of Binghamton, N. Y. She died December 19, 1907, and one daughter is deceased.

Four sons graduated from Princeton University, two in 1886, and the others in 1891 and 1897, respectively. The eldest son is a missionary in Syria and the youngest in Persia. The daughters are in Beirut, two of them wives of professors in the Syrian Protestant College. Two of his brothers, Hon. William Hunting Jessup and Hunting C. Jessup, were graduates of Yale College in 1849 and 1864, respectively, and his brother, Rev. Samuel Jessup, D.D., long associated with him in missionary work in Syria, received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1863. A sister was the wife of Hon. Alfred Hand (B.A. Yale 1857).

THEODORE THORNTON MUNGER was born March 5, 1830, in Bainbridge, N. Y., his father, Dr. Ebenezer Munger (B.A. Yale 1814), having gone thither in early life from Guilford, Conn. His mother was Cynthia (Selden) Munger. When he was six years old his parents moved to Homer, N. Y., where he formed a life-long friendship with Andrew D. White (B.A. Yale 1853). In the Homer Academy, and in the preparatory department of Western Reserve College then located at Hudson, O., he was fitted for college.

During his college course he read widely in literature, and took special interest in the religious discussions of the time. Early in life he decided to enter the ministry, and in Freshman year he united with the College Church.

After graduation he spent a year at home, then three years in Yale Theological Seminary, responding especially to the spirit of independence and courage as a thinker of Dr. Taylor and following this course with three months in Andover Seminary, which were with him a period of

moral and intellectual awakening. He was ordained at the Village Church, Dorchester, Mass., February 6, 1856, and continued there until October, 1860. After preaching nearly a year at Jamaica Plain and several months in Haverhill, Mass., he was settled as pastor of the Center Church in Haverhill in January, 1863. His undisguised sympathy with the theology of Dr. Horace Bushnell led to some dissatisfaction in the church, and he closed his work there at the end of 1869. After serving the High Street Church in Providence, R. I., and for four years the Eliot Church in Lawrence, Mass., he found needed restoration of health in California. During the year and a half he spent in San José, he gathered together a church and built a house of worship. Soon after his return East he spent six months over the church in East Hartford, Conn., and then accepted the call of the Congregational Church in North Adams, Mass., succeeding Dr. Washington Gladden. The discussions at the council of installation December 11, 1877, were memorable in the history of Congregationalism, and largely through the influence of President Mark Hopkins and especially of President Porter, toleration of freedom of faith and liberty of teaching at length prevailed. After a fruitful life of eight years in North Adams he was called to New Haven, Conn., to the United Church, then recently formed by a consolidation of the North and Third Congregational Churches. Again, as at North Adams, a warm controversy broke out, but President Porter, who presided, led the council to decide for his installation. For fifteen years he gave the truth as he saw it from that pulpit, and moulded the thinking of great numbers who were seeking for a living message. On reaching the age of 70 years he resigned, and in 1901 became pastor *emeritus*. The fiftieth anniversary of his ordination was appropriately commemorated by his church in 1906.

Dr. Munger had a profoundly religious nature and a rare gift of communicating spiritual truth. He was slow to



say in public anything which would unsettle another's faith. Anything which threw light upon the ways of God with man filled him with a larger and clearer confidence. He felt that the "new theology" was a progress in piety no less than in knowledge. The rare felicity of his style, his irenic spirit, his constructive thought and reasonableness of statement, together with the intensity of his own faith, brought him to intellectual and spiritual leadership in England and in America.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Illinois College in 1883, from Harvard in 1904, and from Yale in 1908.

During his North Adams pastorate he published "The Freedom of Faith," "On the Threshold,"—the line of thought in each originally suggested by some words of his friend and neighbor, President Hopkins,—also "Lamps and Paths"; and later "The Appeal to Life," "Horace Bushnell, Preacher and Theologian," "Character through Inspiration," "Essays for the Day," and numerous literary and theological essays in reviews and magazines.

In June, 1887, Dr. Munger was elected a member of the Corporation of Yale University by "the successors of the original trustees," and held the position eighteen years, resigning on account of advancing years in 1905.

Dr. Munger died while sitting in his study at home, January 11, 1910, in the 80th year of his age.

He married in Haverhill, Mass., October 12, 1864, Elizabeth Kinsman, daughter of Hon. J. H. and Mary (Willis) Duncan. She died in 1886, and March 5, 1889, he married Harriet King, daughter of John C. and Martha (Whipple) Osgood, of Salem, Mass. She survives with the three daughters and son of his first marriage. The son graduated from the Academical Department in 1905 and from the Forest School in 1908. The eldest daughter is unmarried, the second is the wife of Philip P. Wells (B.A. Yale 1889), and the youngest daughter married

Professor John C. Adams (B.A. Yale 1896), of the University.

President Eliot, in conferring the Harvard degree upon him in 1904, thus characterized him: "Preacher and author, prophet of liberty and unity, who long ago saw what kind of seed the nineteenth century was sowing in literature, philosophy, and religion, and foresaw the precious harvest of the twentieth century."

## 1852

EDWARD HOUGHTON, son of Cyrus and Eliza Adaline (Sawin) Houghton, was born November 15, 1829, in Lancaster, Mass., the home of his ancestors for seven generations. After preparation in Phillips Academy, Andover, he entered college as a resident of Holliston, Mass., where his father was a comb manufacturer.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School a year, then removed to Cincinnati, O., where he was admitted to the bar and began practice, but about 1857 returned to Massachusetts and was engaged in teaching in Milford and Fitchburg, and in farming in Lancaster, where his home had been since 1869, and where he died February 7, 1910. He was 80 years of age.

From 1877 to 1882 Mr. Houghton was a member of the board of Selectmen of Lancaster, and from 1875 to 1884 a member of the School Committee. He was a member of the Evangelical Congregational Church.

He married in Lancaster, September 22, 1859, Martha S., daughter of Deacon Peter and Mary N. (Bridge) Osgood, who died August 3, 1887. One daughter, Mary Adeline, teacher in the Lancaster High School, survives him. A younger daughter, Emily, died in 1894. He leaves also a brother, Professor William Addison Houghton (B.A. Yale 1873) of Bowdoin College, Tutor in Yale in 1876, who is a namesake of their uncle, Rev. William Addison Houghton (B.A. Yale 1840).

EDWARD STERLING, son of George and Emmeline (Hawley) Sterling, was born March 11, 1831, in Bridgeport, Conn. He fitted for college with the Rev. Henry Jones (B.A. Yale 1820).

In the spring of 1853 he became a partner in the Spring Perch Company, manufacturing carriage springs and axles, and was its president for fifty years. He was a leader in many business concerns, and an active and liberal supporter of the best interests of the community. For many years he was vice-president and trustee of the Bridgeport Savings Bank and director of the First National Bank, president of the Bridgeport Elastic Web Company, a member of the standing committee of the Bridgeport Orphan Asylum, treasurer of the Burroughs Home, and an officer of many charitable societies. He was also a member of the School Board. For forty years he was deacon and for forty-five years clerk of the South Congregational Church, of which his father was one of the founders.

He traveled extensively in this country and abroad and with Mrs. Sterling made a golden wedding trip around the world in 1903.

Mr. Sterling died at his home in Bridgeport, August 2, 1909, at the age of 78 years. He left generous bequests to many philanthropic objects, including one to the Yale Alumni University Fund.

He married in Bridgeport, October 18, 1853, Rebecca A., daughter of Captain Bronson and Rebecca (Burr) Hawley, and had a son and three daughters. The son died in 1898. Two of his daughters are graduates of Radcliffe College (1884 and 1896).

### 1853

HENRY RICHARDSON BOND, son of Rev. Alvan Bond, D.D. (B.A. Brown 1815), who was pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Norwich, Conn., 1835-64, and Fel-



low of Brown University, 1848-62, was born May 2, 1832, at Bangor, Me., his father being then Professor of Biblical Literature in Bangor Theological Seminary. His mother was Sarah, daughter of Ezra and Jemima (Lovell) Richardson, of Medway, Mass.

After graduation he taught school in Scranton, Pa., a year, and the year following was engaged in civil engineering work in Ohio. He was in a banking house in Norwich, Conn., in 1856, and from there went to New London where he had since resided. He was president of the Bank of Commerce and the Marine Savings Bank and active in other business interests, also a trustee of the Williams Memorial Institute.

Mr. Bond died at his home in New London, October 30, 1909, at the age of 77 years.

He married at Norwich, March 10, 1858, Mary Perit Ripley, daughter of James L. and Ruth L. (Huntington) Ripley, and had two sons and two daughters, of whom the elder son is deceased. The younger son graduated from the Academical Department in 1896.

## 1854

JOHN SWARTWOUT BARKALOW, son of Daniel Barkalow (B.A. Princeton 1826) and Henrietta (Swartwout) Barkalow, was born November 11, 1834, at Summerwell, N. J. After three years at a boarding school he completed his college preparation under a private tutor at Paterson, N. J., where the family resided.

After graduation he studied law in his father's office, and in November, 1857, was licensed as an attorney, and in 1864 as counselor and master in chancery. From 1864 to 1866, and again from 1867 to 1869 he was City Attorney of Paterson, and for ten years from April, 1871, he was Judge of Passaic County. He was then engaged in private practice until his appointment, March 2, 1896, as Judge of

the Court of Appeals and Errors of New Jersey. The following year he was again appointed Judge of Passaic County for a term of five years. In 1902 he again resumed practice, but retired in 1905. Since then he had been blind nearly two years, but a recent operation had restored his sight.

Judge Barkalow died at his home in Paterson, March 29, 1910, in the 76th year of his age.

He married November 11, 1862, Esther E., daughter of William Dickey of Paterson, and had a daughter and three sons. The first-born son died in infancy. The daughter is the wife of David Magie, Jr. (B.A. Princeton 1882). Mrs. Barkalow and two sons are also living.

CHARLES ATWOOD WHITE was the second of the seven sons of Henry White (B.A. Yale 1821) and Martha (Sherman) White, and was born in New Haven, November 11, 1833. As were his father and brothers, he also was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School. As student and graduate, his sound views of life, his genial spirit, and rare gifts of humor and wit, won for him many friends in various classes, whose warm regard continued through life. He rowed on the crew in the first Harvard-Yale boat race at Lake Winnipiseogee, August 3, 1852. This event was commemorated as the "First Intercollegiate Regatta" by a dinner given at the University Club of New York December 10, 1902, at which Mr. White was one of the four survivors of the nine men who rowed in the Yale boat.

After graduation he was for some years in the wholesale iron business with T. B. Coddington & Co., in New York, later in a shipping business with his uncle, Benjamin P. Sherman, and in other business enterprises. In 1869 he returned to New Haven and was at once engaged in helping his father in the settling of some complicated estates, also in planning and executing the opening of a street (now

Center Street) from Orange Street to Church Street through the old inherited garden in the heart of the City.

Meanwhile he studied law and was admitted October 19, 1877, to the New Haven County Bar. He soon became a member of the firm of White Brothers, who for three generations of the name have practiced law on the same ancestral ground where they are now.

In politics he was an earnest and loyal Republican. He was a member of the Common Council of New Haven in 1876, and an auditor for the stockholders of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company for about fifteen years.

From his father, the late Henry White, a man endeared to the cultured people of New Haven for his pure soul, his wisdom and his erudition, he received his strong taste for historical and genealogical research, as well as the use of his father's fine genealogical library, which he continually supplemented, until it became a joy to his friends as well as to himself. He was especially interested in English research and contributed to the New England Historical and Genealogical Register the following papers: In Vol. 51, July 1897, "Ancestry of Rev. John Sherman and Capt. John Sherman," establishing the English Ancestry of his great-grandfather, Roger Sherman, Signer of the Declaration of Independence; in Vol. 53, April 1899, "The first wife of Gov. Wyllis of Connecticut and her family"; in Vol. 54 in January and April 1900 two articles on the "Wills of the Shermans of Yaxley, England"; and in Vol. 55, Jan. 1901, "The Children of Robert White of Messing, England." These papers, the results of much research and careful study, were published not over his own name, but simply as "by a descendant."

Mr. White had been a member of the Center Church since 1874, was one of the committee who chose Dr. Newman Smyth as its pastor, and was chairman of the Trustees of the Center Church "Old Ladies Home."



Mr. White married in New York City, October 15, 1861, Frances Spencer, daughter of Major-General Amos B. Eaton, U. S. A. (West Point 1821), and Elizabeth (Selden) Eaton, and sister of Daniel C. Eaton (B.A. Yale 1857), late Professor of Botany in Yale University.

Their only son and one daughter are deceased. Mrs. White and four daughters survive him, namely: Frances E., who married Robert G. Gamble, M.D.; Mabel W., wife of Henry L. Stimson (B.A. Yale 1888); Elizabeth S., wife of John Rogers, M.D. (B.A. Yale 1887), and Susan S., wife of W. H. L. Edwards of New York.

Although Mr. White's failing eyesight had restricted his activity somewhat for two years, he was engaged in the care and settlement of various estates until within a few months before his death. He died peacefully at his home in New Haven June 18, 1909, at the age of 75 years. He had been seriously ill only ten days. He was buried near his only son in the old Grove Street Cemetery.

Five of his brothers were graduated from Yale College in 1851, 1859, 1860, 1864, and 1866, respectively.

### 1855

HENRY NITCHIE COBB was born in New York City, November 15, 1834, the son of Sanford Cobb. His mother was Sophia Lewis, daughter of John Nitchie, a lawyer, and later general agent of the American Bible Society.

After graduation he studied a year in Union Theological Seminary, but left in 1857 without graduating, and spent some time traveling in Europe. On his return he was in business in New York City till 1859. The following year he was appointed by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions a missionary to the Nestorians, was ordained by the Third Presbytery of New York May 16, 1860, and was stationed at Urumiah, Persia, from July, 1860, to December, 1862. His health was broken down by his experiences, and he was in Tarrytown, N. Y., recuperat-

ing his health until January, 1866. He then accepted a call to the pastorate of the Reformed Church of Millbrook, N. Y., and remained there until May, 1881, when he resigned because of ill health. In October, 1882, he became corresponding secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America, and held this office during the rest of his life. In connection with his work he traveled in all parts of the world.

Succeeding his classmate William Wheeler, who died in 1864, he was for forty-five years secretary of his class. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Rutgers College in 1878. He was a member of the American Oriental and National Geographic Societies.

Dr. Cobb wrote many articles for the religious press, in 1861-62 edited *The Rays of Light*, a monthly paper in modern Syriac, prepared a hymn book in the same language, and carried through the press for the American Bible Society "The New Testament in Modern Syriac" in 1874. He also printed a number of short poems, some of which appeared in "The Changed Cross" and "The Shadow of the Rock."

Dr. Cobb died of acute Bright's disease April 17, 1910, at East Orange, N. J., which had been his home since 1885. He was 75 years of age.

He married, May 17, 1860, at Tarrytown, N. Y., Matilda A., daughter of Matthew Thomas and Maria (Suydam) Van Zandt, who died May 11, 1910.

He is survived by a son, Sanford Ellsworth (B.A. Yale 1887), of East Orange, N. J., and a daughter, Maria Van Zandt, wife of Dr. Archibald L. Macleish, of Los Angeles, Cal.

THOMAS SHEPARD STRONG, son of Hon. Selah Brewster Strong (B.A. Yale 1811), Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of New York from 1847 to 1855, was born August 10, 1834, at Setauket, Long Island, N. Y. His

mother was Cornelia (Udall) Strong. He entered college as a resident of Brookhaven, L. I.

After graduation he studied law in the Albany Law School, was admitted to the bar in New York in March, 1856, and at once began the practice of his profession in Setauket. In 1867 he removed to New York City, and formed a partnership with his brother Selah B. Strong, Jr. (B.A. Yale 1864). Subsequently Asa Adams Spear (B.A. Amherst 1866) entered the firm, which became Strong & Spear. His brother retired in 1879, but he continued in practice until his retirement.

Mr. Strong died at his home in Setauket, December 12, 1909, at the age of 75 years.

He married at Scarboro, N. Y., September 29, 1870, Emily, daughter of Robert and Sarah Ann (Hodges) Boorman, and had five sons and a daughter. The daughter is deceased. One of the sons graduated from the Aca-  
demical Department in 1896 and another from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1898.

ALFRED TILESTON WATERMAN, second of the seven children of Rev. Thomas Tileston Waterman (B.A. Yale 1822), and grandson of Rev. Elijah Waterman (B.A. Yale 1791), was born December 13, 1832, in Providence, R. I., where for twenty years his father was a preacher of great power and usefulness. His mother was Delia (Storrs) Waterman.

After graduation he taught two years in a Mississippi family, studied in Union Theological Seminary during the year 1857-58, and the following two years in Princeton Theological Seminary, where he graduated in 1860. He then preached a year each in Plainfield, Vt., and in Fitchville, Bozrah, Conn. After a short period of study in the Yale Theological Seminary in 1863 he was five years with the Congregational Church of Westfield, Middletown, Conn., where he was ordained and installed pastor Novem-



ber 9, 1864, and five years pastor of the Congregational Church of Kensington, Conn., then for a year and a half following at Monroe, Conn. From January, 1876, his work was almost entirely in Michigan organizing and developing Congregational churches. From January, 1876, to March, 1877, he was pastor at Marshall in that state, and after supplying a year at Fort Scott, Kans., was pastor in Grand Blanc, Mich., from March, 1878, to November, 1882, at East Travers until June, 1884, at Ovid two years, during part of the last period and continuing until May, 1887, at Charlevoix, then at Bancroft until November, 1891, the next two years at Hartford, and the same length of time at Baldwin. For two years succeeding he was pastor of an independent congregation. After that he was pastor of the Congregational Church at Nashville, Mich., until July, 1899, and since then had resided in Washington, D. C., where he died December 29, 1909. He was 77 years of age.

Mr. Waterman married, December 8, 1865, Emily J., daughter of Rev. William R. Stocking, missionary in Persia, and had three daughters and three sons.

WILLIAMS CLARKE WHITTEMORE, eldest son of Rev. Williams Howe Whittemore (B.A. Yale 1825) and Maria (Clark) Whittemore, was born December 16, 1833, at Charlton, Mass. His father was then pastor of the First (Congregational) Church there, but in 1851 removed to New Haven, and remained there until 1868.

After his graduation he taught a year at Trumansburg, a few miles from Ithaca, N. Y., spent the next year in general study in New Haven and travel in the West, and then started in the lumber business at LaCrosse, Wisc. From June, 1860, till 1865 he was a note and exchange broker in New York, and during the next five years resided in New Haven, after which his headquarters were in Chicago till 1884. In that year he went abroad and remained

two and a half years, and since then had resided in Washington, retired from business and spending much time in travel.

Mr. Whittemore died of rheumatism at his home in Washington, D. C., April 25, 1910, at the age of 76 years.

He married, October 18, 1865, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Hon. James F. and Catherine (Mills) Babcock of Fair Haven, now in New Haven, Conn., who died only two months later. November 14, 1880, he married Mrs. Sarah (Adams) Wilcox, widow of Sextus Wilcox of Chicago, and daughter of Rev. Henry and Sophia (Field) Adams of Chicago, who died December 27, 1907. He had no children by either marriage. One brother, and a sister who is the wife of Colonel W. P. Bacon (B.A. Yale 1858), survive him.

### 1856

MATTHIAS HOLLENBECK ARNOT, fifth of the seven children of Hon. John and Harriet (Tuttle) Arnot, was born in Elmira, N. Y., November 10, 1833. He was a member of the class of 1855 during a part of Freshman year, but the following year joined 1856.

After graduation he engaged in gas manufacturing and other business in Elmira. In 1865 he became assistant cashier of the Chemung Canal Bank, founded by his father in 1842, and became president in 1886. He was also president of the Arnot Realty Company, the Elmira Industrial Association, the Junction Canal Company, the Elmira Lumber Company, the Chemung County Gas Company, and treasurer of the Orange Industrial Association, and was long one of the leading bankers and financiers of central New York, everywhere esteemed for his fidelity and integrity. For many years he was a member of the Elmira Board of Education, and since 1884 had been treasurer and a trustee of the Elmira Reformatory.

Mr. Arnot died after a long illness from Bright's disease at his home in Elmira, February 15, 1910, at the age of 76 years. He was never married.

He left a bequest to the Arnot-Ogden Hospital, which he and his sister had established in his native city, and his art gallery with an endowment fund for the same valued altogether at nearly a million dollars he also gave to the city, besides gifts to the churches. Yale University and his college fraternity were also remembered in his will. He had a warm friendship for his classmates, and they cherish the memory of his bountiful generosity at every class gathering for half a century.

His brother John was a member of the class of 1854, and the latter's son, John Hulett Arnot, graduated from the Academical Department in 1885, dying in 1899.

DAVID JOSIAH BREWER, second of three sons and fourth of the ten children of Rev. Josiah Brewer (B.A. Yale 1821), one of the early American missionaries to the East, was born at Smyrna, in Turkey, June 20, 1837. His mother was Emilia Ann, daughter of Rev. David Dudley Field, D.D. (B.A. Yale 1802). His parents returned to Connecticut in 1838, and in 1844 his father established a young ladies' seminary in New Haven, which was removed to Middletown and continued there until 1857.

The son took the first half of his college course at Wesleyan University, entering Yale at the beginning of Junior year. His brother, Fisk P. Brewer (B.A. Yale 1852) had just been appointed Tutor in the college and served for three years. His father had also been Tutor from 1824 to 1826.

The year following his graduation he spent in the law office of his uncle, David Dudley Field, Esq. (B.A. Williams 1825), and the next year in the Albany (N. Y.) Law School, being admitted to the New York bar in 1858. After a few months on his father's farm at Stockbridge,



Mass., he went West and spent six months in Kansas City, Mo. He then made a trip to Pike's Peak, and investigated mining conditions in Colorado, and on his return stopped for a few weeks in Leavenworth, Kans. After attending the Triennial meeting of his class in New Haven and spending the remainder of the summer at Stockbridge, in September, 1859, he went back to Leavenworth, and soon became established in his profession, actively supporting also the educational and religious interests of the community. In the summer of 1861 he was appointed United States Commissioner of the Circuit Court, but resigned to accept the office of Judge of the Probate and Criminal Court of Leavenworth County to which he was elected in October, 1862. Two years later he was elected Judge of the First District of Kansas, his term of office expiring in 1869, and was then County Attorney for two years.

He was vice-president, afterwards president of the Board of Education, for three years superintendent of public schools, and for two years president of the Library Association of Leavenworth, and in 1868 president of the State Teachers' Association. He was also one of the Lecturers at the State Agricultural College.

From 1870 to 1884 he was Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Kansas, and was then appointed Judge of the United States Circuit Court for the Eighth Circuit, serving until December, 1889, when President Harrison commissioned him Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court. This position he filled with distinction to the close of his life. Many of the more than 700 opinions written by him were on subjects of far-reaching importance and great public interest, notably the one at the time of the Chicago railroad strike upholding the right of the general government to interfere directly to prevent obstruction to interstate commerce and the transportation of the mails, and the individual opinion which he filed which established the court's majority in the decision against the

Northern Securities Company in 1904. At the time of his appointment his uncle, Hon. Stephen J. Field (B.A. Williams 1837) was also a Justice of that court.

In 1896 he was appointed by President Cleveland to the United States Venezuelan Commission, of which he was chosen presiding officer, and prepared its very full report. He was a member of the British-Venezuelan Arbitration Tribunal, which met at Paris in 1899.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Iowa College in 1884, Washburn College in 1888, Yale University in 1891, the University of Wisconsin in 1900, Wesleyan University in 1901, the University of Vermont in 1904, and Bowdoin College in 1905. Since 1891 Justice Brewer had been Professor of the Law of Corporations in George Washington (formerly Columbian) University. In 1891 he delivered the annual address before the Yale Law School on "The Protection of Private Property against Public Attacks," and the address on "Yale's Relation to Public Service" at the Yale Bicentennial Celebration in 1901. He gave the first course of lectures at Yale on the William E. Dodge Foundation on the Responsibilities of Citizenship, and was appointed to the William L. Storrs Lectureship in the Yale Law School for 1908-09, but had to postpone the lectures on account of pressure of official duties. They were to have been given during the present year on "The Police Power." He also lectured before the Divinity School on "The Pew to the Pulpit," and before the University Christian Association on "The Twentieth Century from Another View-point." He edited "The World's Best Orators" and "The World's Best Essays," each in ten volumes. The subjects of other volumes were "American Citizenship" and "The United States: a Christian Nation." He was at one time president and for over twenty years an active member of the Yale Alumni Association of Washington.

He was an attractive and forceful orator and his many public addresses commanded wide attention and thoughtful

consideration. Among his notable unofficial speeches were those as president of the Universal Congress of Lawyers and Jurists at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis in 1904, one at the Old South Church, Boston, the same year on "The Religion of a Jurist"; the address before the joint meeting of the Bar Association of Texas and Arkansas in 1906; and that on "The Good Time Coming, or The Final Triumph of Justice," delivered before several bar and other associations.

From the beginning of his career in Washington he identified himself closely with the municipal and religious life of the city. He was a member of the board of managers of the Associated Charities and on the board of trustees of Gallaudet College. His leadership for many years of a Bible class in the First Congregational Church, of which he was a member and regular attendant, was one of his many active influences for good. He was a member of the Brooklyn Council of 1876 and of the National Congregational Council in Detroit in 1877, a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and senior vice-president of the American Missionary Association, of which his father was one of the founders.

His tastes were simple and he was very approachable, with a keen sense of humor and a fund of experiences that made him a welcome speaker on social occasions. He was fond of out-door life and in his earlier days used to camp in the Rocky Mountains, afterward having a summer home on Lake Champlain.

He married in Leavenworth, October 3, 1861, Louise L., daughter of Hiram and Anna M. Landon, of Burlington, Vt., by whom he had four daughters. She died April 3, 1898. He married again, June 5, 1901, Miss Emma Miner Mott of Washington.

Justice Brewer died very unexpectedly at his home in Washington, March 28, 1910, of cerebral hemorrhage. He was in the 73d year of his age. The burial was in Leaven-



worth, Kans. Mrs. Brewer and three of his daughters survive him.

FRANK HODGE, youngest of the thirteen children of William and Sally (Abbott) Hodge, was born October 26, 1833, in Buffalo, N. Y. He was named Benjamin Franklin but in early life shortened the name to Frank. He was prepared for college at the Western Reserve Academy at Hudson, O., and joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he returned to his native city, where after three years of study he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the University of Buffalo in 1859, and then successfully practiced his profession for fifty years, nearly all of that period in Hudson, O. During the years 1872-74 he was a physician in St. Paul, Minn., and in 1874-5 in Buffalo. He devoted much time to the study of natural history, and gathered a large collection of articulates. During his earlier years in Hudson he was an alderman.

Dr. Hodge died at his home in Hudson, July 14, 1909, in the 76th year of his age.

He married at Hudson, September 5, 1860, S. Jennie, daughter of Samuel E. and Mary Lyman (Strong) Judd, and had a daughter, who died in early childhood, and two sons, who with Mrs. Hodge survive him. The younger son graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science from Western Reserve University in 1892, and with the same degree from the Case School of Applied Science in 1894.

BENJAMIN DRAKE MAGRUDER was born September 27, 1838, at Magnolia Springs, Miss., the eldest of the twelve children of William Hezekiah Nathan Magruder (Wesleyan 1836) and Mary (Bangs) Magruder. His father was a planter till 1842, and an accomplished instructor, holding the office of Professor of Ancient Languages at Centenary

College near Brandon, Miss., and after its removal, at Jackson, La., then becoming superintendent of public instruction for the state of Louisiana. His mother was a daughter of Rev. Heman Bangs, formerly a well-known Methodist preacher and presiding elder in the New Haven district. Under his father's guidance he was prepared for college at Jackson, La.

After his graduation from college he studied law in Baton Rouge and New Orleans, graduating from the Law Department of the University of Louisiana in 1857, and then practiced law in Memphis, Tenn., from 1859 to 1861, succeeding his classmate Finlay in the Chancery Clerk's office.

He settled in Chicago in June, 1861, and since then had devoted himself to professional work at the bar or on the bench to the close of his life. For fifteen years from 1868 he was Master in Chancery of the Superior Court, was elected a Justice of the Supreme Court of Illinois in 1885 and by successive reëlections served until 1906, and was Chief Justice of the Court for the terms beginning in 1891 and 1896. Among the important cases under his jurisdiction was the appeal from the County Court of the anarchists in the Haymarket Riots of May, 1886. His able summary of the decree of the court in this case defending the right of society to protect itself against those who incited to murder, as well as to punish murderers, gave him wide reputation. He made a broad application of the anti-trust law in a number of decisions.

In 1906 Yale University awarded the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws to him as the embodiment of courage, independence, and absolute integrity.

He was an active member of the Chicago Alumni Association, and several times its president.

Judge Magruder died of Bright's disease April 21, 1910, at his home in Chicago, in the 72d year of his age.

He married in Springfield, Ill., June 15, 1864, Miss Julia M. Latham, who is deceased. A daughter died in 1896,

and their son (LL.B. Northwestern University 1896), who was a member of the class of 1889 in Yale College, is also deceased. Since the death of his wife a niece had lived with him.

### 1857

BELA PECK LEARNED, son of Ebenezer Learned (B.A. Yale 1831) and Matilda Denison (Hurlbut) Learned, was born March 9, 1837, in Norwich, Conn.

After graduation he was in the office of the Norwich Fire Insurance Company until February, 1862. On March 12 of that year he entered the United States Army as Second Lieutenant, First Connecticut Artillery, retiring October 5, 1865, as Captain. He was slightly wounded at Harrison's Landing, Va., July 31, 1862. For meritorious service in the field, April 6, 1865, he was brevetted Major. During the summer of 1864 he was in the fighting at Bermuda Hundred, and then at the siege of Petersburg.

On resigning from the army he again engaged in the insurance business. He was active in the Park Congregational Church, and possessed fine taste in music.

Major Learned died at his home in Norwich, March 14, 1910, at the age of 73 years.

He married at Norwich, October 31, 1867, Mary W., daughter of S. B. and Mary R. Bulkeley, who survives him with a son (B.A. Yale 1899) and two daughters. The elder daughter married Dr. George T. Howland (M.D. N. Y. Univ. 1886). His grandfather, Deacon Ebenezer Learned of New London, graduated from Yale College in 1798, and his uncle, Billings Peck Learned, in 1834. His father was one of the incorporators of the Norwich Free Academy and long its treasurer.

### 1858

JOHN TAYLOR BAIRD, son of William and Isabelle (Morrison) Baird, was born December 3, 1834, in Cincinnati, O. He entered the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.



After graduation from college he studied three years in Princeton Theological Seminary, and upon finishing his course in the latter preached successively at Washington, Walnut Hills, and Pleasant Run, near Cincinnati, until April, 1864. He then served three months under the United States Christian Commission. In August of the same year he went to Nebraska, then a Territory, where he shared in organizing and developing churches and educational institutions. He soon began preaching at Brownsville, Nebr., where he was ordained pastor by the Presbytery of the Missouri River, June 27, 1865. In 1875 he resigned to accept the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church of Platts-mouth, where he continued in faithful and effective service thirty years.

He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1866, and of Doctor of Divinity from Bellevue College (later Omaha University) in 1891.

Dr. Baird died of neuralgia of the heart at his home in Platts-mouth, February 1, 1910, in the 76th year of his age.

He married at Brownsville, September 16, 1875, Marian Gibson Wood, daughter of P. N. and Mary Ann (McDowell) Wood, and had one son and four daughters, all but the eldest daughter graduates of Bellevue College.

SANFORD HOADLEY COBB, son of Sanford and Sophia L. (Nitchie) Cobb, was born February 4, 1838, in New York City. He was prepared for college by his brother, Rev. Oliver E. Cobb (B.A. Yale 1853).

The year after graduation he taught school in New Milford, Conn., and then in Brooklyn, N. Y. In January, 1860, he entered Princeton Theological Seminary, graduated in the spring of 1862, following his course with several months of further study. On March 8, 1864, he was ordained by the Reformed [Dutch] Classis of Schoharie at Schoharie, N. Y., remaining until 1871, when he accepted the pastorate of the Reformed Church in Saugerties, N. Y.

After twelve years of service there, he resigned and spent thirteen months in Europe in rest and travel. In July, 1885, he became pastor of the Westminster Presbyterian Church in Grand Rapids, Mich., and continued in that office nine years. His home was then in Richfield Springs, N. Y., for ten years, but during this time he preached for several months each at the First Presbyterian Churches in Greenwich, Conn., and at Wilkes-Barré, Pa., and in the Reformed Church of Catskill, N. Y. In the spring of 1905 he removed from Richfield Springs to Cooperstown, but in the fall of that year the serious impairment of his health prevented preaching. Previous to this he had spent his winters in Albany, N. Y., but recently he had passed that season in California.

His later years were devoted chiefly to literary work and study. In 1902 he published "The Rise of Religious Liberty in America; a History." A paper which he read in April, 1896, before the New England Historic-Genealogical Society, in Boston, on "The Story of the Palatines; an Episode in Colonial History," was published in 1897. He also published many magazine and newspaper articles, pamphlets, and sermons.

Mr. Cobb died of uræmic poisoning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Reynolds, in Kansas City, Mo., April 27, 1910, ten days after the death of his brother, Rev. Dr. Henry N. Cobb, long Secretary of the class of 1855, at the age of 72 years.

He married in Dorchester (Boston), Mass., November 9, 1865, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel J. and Caroline (Baxter) Capen, and had two sons and three daughters, all of whom are living. The elder son graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890, and the eldest daughter married Rev. George Reynolds (Princeton 1886).

WILLIAM TORREY HARRIS, son of William and Zilpah (Torrey) Harris, was born at North Killingly, Conn.,

September 10, 1835. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered the class at the beginning of the course but left during the first term of Junior year. He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1869, and in 1888 by vote of the Corporation was enrolled with his class.

From July, 1857, to May, 1858, he taught in a phonographic institute, and acted as a private tutor in St. Louis, Mo., and then began teaching in the public schools of that city, soon becoming principal of the Clay School. In 1867 he was appointed assistant superintendent of schools, and the following year superintendent. The system of education which he planned there he directed with distinguished success and the thirteen volumes of his reports showed the philosophical basis and practical efficiency of his work. These reports formed part of the educational exhibit of the United States at the Paris Exposition of 1878, and on account of them he was given the honorary title of "Officier de l'Académie." He was president of the National Association of School Superintendents at the meeting of 1873, in Elmira, N. Y., and president of the National Educational Association at the meeting of 1875, in Minneapolis, Minn. He was a large contributor to the discussions and papers of the American Social Science Association, of which he was vice-president from 1875 to 1877. He declined the presidency, but was chairman of the Education Department of this Association for some years.

In 1866 he founded the Philosophical Society of St. Louis, and in 1867 established the *Journal of Speculative Philosophy*.

His public service in St. Louis received warm appreciation, but on account of ill health he resigned his superintendency in 1880, and the same year represented the United States Bureau of Education at the International Congress of Educators at Brussels. In 1879, in conjunction with A. Bronson Alcott,—whose "Orchard House" he afterward



bought,—F. B. Sanborn, and S. H. Emery, Jr., he started the Concord Summer School of Philosophy, and the following year transferred his residence to Concord.

In 1889 he again represented the United States Bureau of Education at the International Exposition in Paris, where he received the title of "Officier de l'Instruction Publique" from the French government. In September of that year he was appointed United States Commissioner of Education, and he then removed to Washington, D. C. As Commissioner he made addresses at the Expositions at Chicago (1893), Paris (1900), St. Louis (1904) and Portland, Ore., in 1905. After seventeen years of notable service in this position he resigned June 18, 1906. He was placed first by the Executive Committee of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Education upon its special list of those who have rendered great service to education, on the ground that there was "no other name connected with American education which is so identified with its progress for the last thirty years," and was given the highest retiring allowance permitted by its rules.

The degree of Doctor of Philosophy was conferred on him for his attainments by Brown University in 1893, and by the University of Jena in 1899, and the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by the University of Missouri in 1870, the University of Pennsylvania in 1894, Yale University in 1895, and Princeton University in 1896. In 1894 he received from the King of Italy the degree of Commander of the Order of St. Maurice and Lazarus.

Dr. Harris edited (in association with Superintendent Rickoff of Cleveland, and Mr. Mark Bailey of Yale) Appleton's School Readers, 1877-78; the International Education Series of 58 volumes, including his own on the "Psychologic Foundations of Education" (1898); the department of philosophy in Johnson's Universal Cyclopedia, writing many important articles; gave several courses of lectures on the Philosophy of History, the

Philosophy of Education, and the Philosophy of Art and Literature at Johns Hopkins University, and part of them elsewhere; since 1889 had published the annual reports of the United States Bureau of Education; and was constantly speaking on philosophical, literary, and educational subjects, and writing for the foremost periodicals. His addresses were notable for their beauty of feeling and finish of expression. In 1908 the Bureau of Education issued a bibliography of his writings, containing four hundred and seventy-nine titles.

He was a master of Hegelian philosophy, and was considered the leading exponent of German thought in this country. In 1890 he published "Hegel's Logic," and an "Introduction to the Study of Philosophy." In 1896 he brought out an enlarged edition of "The Spiritual Sense of Dante's Divina Commedia," which he first issued in 1889. Since 1900 he had been Editor-in-chief of Webster's New International Dictionary and had just completed his task.

In July, 1909, Dr. Harris removed from Washington to Providence, R. I., where he died November 5, at the age of 74 years.

He married in Providence December 25, 1858, Sarah Tully, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Dorrance) Bugbee, and had two sons and two daughters.

Dr. and Mrs. Harris celebrated their golden wedding in 1908.

Mrs. Harris and one son and a daughter survive him.

WILLIAM ALLEN LANE, son of William Allen Lane (B.A. Bowdoin 1823) and Naomi Ann (Tyson) Lane, was born December 4, 1839, in Gorham, Me. Shortly after graduation his father settled as a planter in Louisiana, and the son was prepared for college by Professor William H. N. Magruder (Wesleyan 1836), of Jackson, La., and entered from Clinton in that state.

After graduation he was clerk in a dry goods and hardware store in Clinton till April, 1861, and then entering

the Confederate army served as Sergeant in Company A, Sixteenth Louisiana Infantry, until after the battle of Shiloh. In May, 1862, he was elected Second Lieutenant of his company, and in April, 1863, was promoted to the office of First Lieutenant. He was captured near Nashville, Tenn., December 16, 1864, and held at Johnson's Island six months. Soon after his release he spent two years in business at Monroe, La., and nearly three years at Hazlehurst, Miss. In February, 1873, he moved to Fort Worth, Tex., where from 1883 to 1889 he was a partner in the firm of Barr & Lane, grocers, afterward bookkeeper for the Fort Worth Furniture Company till about September, 1896, then a member of the Avenue Grocery Company until 1898, afterward in a railroad office for a year, and since October, 1900, bookkeeper for the J. B. Burnside store.

Mr. Lane died of apoplexy at Fort Worth, October 8, 1909, in the 70th year of his age.

He married in Centerville, Miss., July 28, 1869, Lizzie, daughter of James and Jane Paul (Bennett) Chapman. She died May 24, 1890, after fifteen years of invalidism. They had two daughters and a son. The elder daughter graduated from Baylor Female College at Belton, Texas, in 1888.

Mr. Lane married again at Fort Worth, December 27, 1893, Sarah Eliza, daughter of Rev. Richard and Mary Marshall (McIver) Furman, who survives him with his children by his first marriage.

## 1859

THOMAS CHALMERS BRAINERD, son of Rev. Thomas Brainerd, D.D., and Mrs. Mary Whiting (Whiting) Brainerd, was born September 27, 1837, in Philadelphia, Pa., where for thirty years his father was pastor of the Old Pine Street Presbyterian Church. He spent his college vacations in work for the United States Coast Survey.



In the fall after graduation he entered Jefferson Medical College in his native city, and also studied privately under Professor Samuel D. Gross. At the outbreak of the Civil War he was admitted on examination to the medical corps of the regular army, and was placed in charge of the General Hospital in Washington, D. C. In January, 1862, he was ordered to Port Royal, S. C., and was for a time on the staff of General T. W. Sherman, and then served two years with the regular army batteries of the department. He was in charge of the hospital steamer *Cosmopolitan* carrying to New York wounded and sick soldiers from southern ports, and later was in charge of the Mower General Hospital in Philadelphia, subsequently also of the Broad Street, McClellan, and Bristol Hospitals. He received two brevets for "faithful and meritorious service," and continued in the army for a year and a half after the close of the war, being on duty with the third United States Cavalry in Arkansas and New Mexico.

Resigning from the army, he was for a time in the iron business in Allentown, Pa., and then became superintendent of the Laflin Powder Company, which he was chiefly instrumental in having consolidated with other companies into the Laflin & Rand Powder Company. On its incorporation he became secretary of the new company and removed to New York, and then to Montclair, N. J. In 1873 he resigned from the company and built his own powder works at York, Pa. These he sold in 1876 and removed to Canada, having accepted the general agency for that country of the large United States companies manufacturing explosives. In December of the same year he bought a controlling interest in the Hamilton and Windsor Powder Companies, and was president of the former company for twenty-eight years, residing in Montreal. In 1905 he retired from active business. He was much interested in the protection of fish and game, and in harmonizing and enforcing the game laws of Canada and the United States, and was one of the vice-

presidents of the North American Fish and Game Association. He was an expert genealogist and his tastes were scholarly.

Mr. Brainerd died of paralysis at his home in Montreal, April 5, 1910, at the age of 72 years.

He married, January 5, 1865, Maria Laflin Boies, daughter of Joseph Milton and Electa Caroline (Laflin) Boies, and sister of his classmate Henry Martyn Boies, who also married Mr. Brainerd's sister. He had four sons and three daughters, of whom one daughter is deceased. The others with their mother survive him. The two elder sons are both graduates of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in the class of 1887, and the youngest son received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy from Yale in 1896. The eldest son succeeded his father as president of the Hamilton Powder Company, the third son is superintendent of that company, and the second and fourth sons are respectively president and treasurer of the Dominion Cartridge Company, also in Montreal.

WILLIAM BRADFORD DARRACH, son of James Darrach (B.A. Yale 1827) and Helena (White) Darrach, and grandson of James and Elizabeth (Bradford) Darrach, was born September 23, 1836, in Manayunk, Pa., where his father was a woolen manufacturer. Owing to business reverses in 1837 his father removed to Walden, N. Y., and then Glenham, a village in Fishkill, N. Y., but from 1854 to 1864 was superintendent of the New York [City] Hospital. From that city the son entered college in the winter of 1855 as a member of the class of 1858; but the following September joined the class of 1859.

After graduation from college he took the course in Princeton Theological Seminary, and on graduation from the latter in 1861, was appointed Chaplain of the Twentieth New York State Militia, May 8, 1861, serving until the following August. He was ordained as an evangelist by

the Presbytery of New York October 17, 1862, and then labored successively at Winneconne, Wisc., 1863-65; Barne-gat, N. J., 1865; Upper Mount Bethel, Pa., 1868-71; Shick-shinny, Pa., as pastor 1871-76; Orwell, Pa., 1876-77; Leh-man and North Moreland, Pa., 1878-79; Scott, Pa., 1880-81; was without charge at Walden, N. Y., 1882-89 except during 1886, when he was pastor of the Reformed (Dutch) Church, at Kerhonkson, N. Y., and then resided at Fishkill till 1893; was stated supply of the Presbyterian Church at Mount Pleasant, Pa., 1894; and without charge at Newark, N. J., the next year. Since 1896 he had lived at Newburgh, N. Y. except for the years 1900-04, when he was at Ambler, Pa. He had not preached since 1904.

He died of heart disease at Newburgh July 23, 1909, in the 73d year of his age. He was never married.

JAMES FAULKNER, tenth of the twelve children of Hon. James and Minerva (Hammond) Faulkner, was born at Dansville, N. Y., January 22, 1833. His father was State senator in 1842, and from 1864 until his decease in 1884 president of the First National Bank of Dansville.

After graduation he returned to Dansville, and was engaged in the banking business, at first in the office of S. Sweet & Company, later becoming cashier of the First National Bank, and succeeding his father as president.

In January, 1875, he entered the New York State Assembly, occupying the same seat his father had just fifty years earlier. In 1880 and 1881 he was president of the village, and in 1883 president of the Genesee Valley and Erie Railroad.

He was implicated with his brother, Lester Bradner Faulkner, in the wrecking of the First National Bank, and in 1890 he was convicted of making false reports to the Controller of the Currency regarding the bank. He was sentenced to imprisonment, but was pardoned by the President of the United States in 1892.



Mr. Faulkner died at his home in Dansville, May 28, 1909, at the age of 76 years.

He married at Greenfield Hill, Conn., January 10, 1860, Miss Margaret H. Neyle of Savannah, Ga., who survives him with three sons and a daughter.

Two younger brothers, Samuel Dorr Faulkner, who died in 1878, and Col. L. B. Faulkner, mentioned above, who died in 1890, were classmates.

GILBERT OTIS FAY, son of Rev. Gilbert Fay (B.A. (Brown 1826) and Clarissa (Walker) Fay, was born November 8, 1834, at Wadsworth, O., but his father having died in 1835 the family returned to his mother's home in Medway, Mass. He was a pupil in Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., spent his first year of college life at Williams, and entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he took the course in Andover Theological Seminary, completing it in 1862. He was licensed to preach by the Mendon (Mass.) Association in April of that year, and preached regularly at the institutions where his lifework of promoting the education of the deaf was done. The same year he accepted an invitation from the Ohio Institute for the Deaf and Dumb at Columbus as a teacher, and after four years in that capacity was superintendent there for fourteen years. From 1880 to the close of his life he was a teacher in the American School for the Deaf in Hartford, Conn. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1862, and of Doctor of Philosophy from Western Reserve University in 1880. He was an authority in his work and in the discussion of its problems was broad-minded and thorough.

Dr. Fay died at his home in Hartford, February 18, 1910, in the 76th year of his age.

He married August 25, 1863, Adelia Caroline, daughter of William and Caroline (Gibson) Allen, of North Leominster, Mass. She died January 11, 1867, and April 14,

1869, he married Mary Jane, daughter of Edwin and Lydia (Gross) Jarvis, of Massillon, O., who died in 1903. By his first marriage he had a daughter, and by the second marriage a daughter and son (B.A. Yale 1893).

He was a member, and formerly deacon of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church, of which his classmate, Rev. Joseph H. Twichell, is pastor.

EDWIN LEANDER KIRTLAND, one of the eleven children of Philip Marvin and Lucy Ann (Kelsey) Kirtland, was born December 27, 1833, in Westbrook, Conn. At the age of fourteen years he became a clerk in the dry goods store of Daniel Huntington in Norwich, Conn., remained there four years, studying meanwhile, and finished his college preparation in the Westbrook Academy. He entered college with the class of 1858, but was soon obliged to leave on account of ill health, and joined the class of 1859 at the beginning of its course.

The year after graduation he was principal of the Westfield (Mass.) Academy, and then went West, spending the summer in Mackinaw, Mich., and the vicinity, and also being present at the National Republican Convention which nominated Abraham Lincoln for President. The following autumn he returned to New Haven, and entered the Yale Law School, but the next spring became a clerk in the Pension Bureau in Washington, D. C. He spent much of his spare time in the hospitals, and lived in the midst of stirring events, witnessing the last parade of the Union armies, and the assassination of President Lincoln.

In October, 1865, he went to New York City and endeavored to complete his law studies in Columbia University, but newspaper correspondence fully occupied his time, and he gave up the law. Soon afterward he spent two years in mercantile business in Philadelphia, and then returned to Connecticut. In 1869 he represented Westbrook in the State Legislature, and was clerk of the Fisheries Commission.

In 1871 he removed to Holyoke, Mass., and was editor of the Holyoke *Transcript* until 1875. In that year he was elected to the Massachusetts House of Representatives, and was clerk of the committee on mercantile affairs. He was then in the paper business for a year and a half, and in 1878 was appointed secretary of the Holyoke school committee and superintendent of schools. The latter office he held eighteen years, gaining wide recognition for his ability and efficiency. He strongly advocated the study of language and the art of vocal expression in the schools. In 1891 he was president of the New England Superintendents' Association. During the last twelve years he had been Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue at Holyoke.

From the age of sixteen years he was connected with church choirs, and was for many years choir master and leading tenor at the Second Congregational Church, also deacon. With Mr. F. Zuchtman, long supervisor of music in the Holyoke schools, he published Zuchtman and Kirtland's Choral Book, translated from the German of Alfred Dorffel.

Mr. Kirtland died at Holyoke, April 12, 1910, at the age of 76 years. He had been ill for four weeks from arteriosclerosis and Bright's disease.

He married in Westbrook, Conn., December 7, 1864, Edwina, daughter of Captain Joseph Nicholas and Maria (Spencer) Magna. She died in November, 1884, and he afterward married, July 6, 1892, in Holyoke, Mrs. Laura Maria (Newton) Whiting, daughter of Moses and Maria B. (Arms) Newton, and widow of Charles Whiting. She died in 1898. Two daughters by his first wife survive him.

CHARLES LEDYARD NORTON, son of John Treadwell and Elizabeth (Cogswell) Norton, was born June 11, 1837, at Farmington, Conn.

After graduation from college he spent some months in study in the Sheffield Scientific School, and was then in the employ of the Hudson River Railroad. At the beginning



of the Civil War he was a clerk in the United States Custom House in New York, but at once enlisted as a private in the Seventh New York Regiment and served in Maryland. In September, 1862, he was made Lieutenant of the Twenty-fifth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, and in February, 1863, Captain, serving in the Red River campaign and at Port Hudson. The following October he was assigned as Captain to the Twenty-ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers (Colored), which he had helped organize. In December of the same year he was commissioned Colonel of the Seventy-eighth United States Colored Infantry, and served mainly in garrison and outpost duty in the Department of the Gulf. At the close of the war he was in charge of a large district in western Louisiana until he was mustered out of service in January, 1866.

He then leased a cotton plantation for a year and the next year made a voyage to England and back in a sailing vessel. In 1868 he became managing editor of the *Christian Union*, filling that position for ten years with great efficiency and with a geniality and kindness that endeared him to all his associates. After two years of ill health, he was managing editor of *The Continent* from 1881 to 1884, of the *Domestic Monthly* and the *American Canoeist* for two years each, and of *Outing* in 1892-93, and was a frequent contributor to magazines on historical and out-of-door topics. He was very fond of boys and wrote several boys' stories. In 1890 he published "Political Americanisms" and a "Handbook of Florida."

While exploring in the great swamp near Tallahassee, Fla., in 1891, he suffered permanent injury from a fall of forty-five feet from a tree. He was an enthusiastic canoeist, one of the founders of the New York Canoe Club, and in 1878 wrote with John Habberton "Canoeing in Kannuckia."

During the last twenty years he had lived at Sandwich, Mass., in a quaint old house filled with trophies of sea and land, and died there December 14, 1909, at the age of 72 years.

Col. Norton married September 1, 1863, Electa Mélanie, daughter of Gustavus Mason Richards of New York City. She died in 1900, and December 10, 1903, he married Addie E., daughter of Hamilton and Mary (Meredith) Phillips, who survives him. A daughter is also living, Mrs. Jonathan Leonard.

### 1860

HENRY ELBERT BARNES, son of Selah and Ada (Lane) Barnes, was born October 31, 1832, in Southington, Conn. At the age of sixteen he went into Plant's factory and after working there two years was at school in Springfield, Mass., fitting for business, but his mind was then turned toward the ministry, and after preparation in Monson (Mass.) Academy, he entered Amherst College, but soon left there and joined his class at Yale during the second term of Freshman year.

After graduation from college he spent two years at Chicago Theological Seminary, preaching a part of the time at Crystal Lake, Ill. He was ordained in May, 1862, and was then chaplain of the 72d Illinois Regiment a year, being present at the siege of Vicksburg. Resuming his studies at Chicago Theological Seminary he finished the course in 1864, and accepted a call to the First Congregational Church of Newton, Ia., where he remained until July, 1868, and was then at Moline, Ill., until the fall of 1874. Following this he held a brief pastorate at the Central Congregational Church, Worcester, Mass., leaving there in November, 1876, to accept a call to the Center Church, Haverhill, Mass., where he continued ten years. In May, 1887, he went to Sherbrooke, Canada, and was there five years. Returning to the United States, he was for eleven years pastor at North Andover, Mass., closing his active ministry in September, 1904, after a service of forty-four years. During two of his pastorates new church edifices were built, and in his other parishes extensive improvements were made.

In many forms of service outside of his parish he was active, being five times a delegate to the National Council of Congregational Churches, moderator of the Boston Congregational Ministers' Meeting for two terms of three months each, one of the Cornell University preachers in 1898, and vice-president, and for a time acting president, of the Evangelical Alliance. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Iowa College in 1887.

In 1904 he gave the historical address at the centennial anniversary of Monson Academy. Several of his sermons were printed in pamphlet form, and others in the daily press.

Dr. Barnes died of heart failure, April 11, 1910, at his home in Brookline, Mass., in the 78th year of his age.

He married at Evanston, Ill., May 1, 1862, Eliza, daughter of Dr. Nelson and Eliza (Sessions) Carpenter. She died July 7, 1904, and their elder daughter is also deceased, but three sons and a daughter survive. The eldest son graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Harvard University in 1884.

WILLIAM THAYER SMITH, son of Rev. Asa Dodge Smith, D.D., LL.D., President of Dartmouth College from 1864 to 1877, was born March 30, 1839, in New York City, his father being from 1834 to 1863 pastor of the Brainard, later Fourteenth Street Presbyterian Church in that city. His mother was Sarah Ann (Smith) Smith, daughter of John and Dorcas (Faulkner) Smith, of North Andover, Mass.

After graduation he engaged in teaching, studied a year each in Princeton and Union Theological Seminaries, and was then an invalid at Hanover, N. H., for eight years. He received the degree of Master of Arts in course from Yale in 1864. He was Tutor in Dartmouth College from 1872 to 1874, studied medicine there until 1878, with six months meantime in Paris, Heidelberg, and Vienna, and



after that a year in Bellevue Hospital (now a part of New York University), receiving his medical degree from Dartmouth College in 1878 and New York University in 1879. He also received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Dartmouth College in 1907. Since 1879 he had practiced his profession in Hanover, but held many official positions. He was Assistant in Anatomy and Physics in Dartmouth Medical School in 1882-83, Associate Professor 1883-85, Professor of Physiology 1885-1907, Professor of Surgery since 1907, and Dean of the Medical School since 1896. He was President of the New Hampshire Medical Society for the year 1900-01.

Dr. Smith was the author of "The Elements of Physiology and Hygiene" and "A Primer of Hygiene," which were published in 1883, and which have been largely used in schools.

Dr. Smith died from paralysis at his home in Hanover, September 17, 1909, at the age of 70 years. He was a deacon in the Congregational Church.

He married at Norwich, Vt., January 14, 1885, Susan Weston Kellogg, daughter of Edmund Brush Kellogg, and Susan Jackson (Morris) Kellogg. She died in 1902, but two sons (B.A. Dartmouth 1906 and 1910, respectively) survive.

### 1861

JAMES BRUYN ANDREWS, son of Loring and Blandina B. Andrews, was born September 22, 1842, in New York City.

After graduation he entered the Columbia Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1863. During the winter of 1862-63 he also studied in the office of Weeks & DeForest. He was admitted to the bar in the latter part of 1863, and for two years and a half practiced law in New York in company with Hon. Eugene Schuyler (B.A. Yale 1859), afterward United States Minister to Greece. From August, 1866, to Novem-

ber, 1867, he was United States Consul at Valencia, Spain. Remaining abroad until 1869, he then returned and resumed his practice in New York, but in 1871 gave it up on account of ill health, and had since resided abroad. His home was during most of the time in Mentone, France, where he owned a house and garden. During recent years he had spent his summers in England. He was a student of ethnology, archæology, and folk-lore, and published many articles on these subjects in French, Italian, and English journals. He also published a "Grammaire Mentonnaise," "Vocabulaire Mentonnais," and Contes Ligures. In recognition of his work the French Government made him an *Officier d'Academie*.

Mr. Andrews died at Aachen, Germany, August 27, 1909, in the 67th year of his age.

He married in Paris, France, March 17, 1869, Fanny Griswold Field, daughter of Cyrus W. Field, Esq., of New York. She died at Richmond, England, December 30, 1905.

GEORGE BERNARD BONNEY, son of George and Elvira S. (Thompson) Bonney, was born in Rochester, Mass., March 10, 1839.

After graduation he began the study of law in Providence, R. I., but six months later his course was interrupted by three months of service in the Union Army as a private in the Tenth Regiment, Rhode Island Volunteers. He did some hard marching, but spent most of the time in garrison duty near Washington. On his return from the war he entered the Harvard Law School in September, 1862, but left there the following March and was admitted to the bar in New York City December 6, 1863. Since then he had practiced his profession in that city, and had been senior member of the firm of Hand, Bonney & Jones. His home was in New York City for years, but from July, 1873, to March, 1875, he lived in Plainfield, N. J., and for some time after June, 1881, in Garden City, L. I.

Mr. Bonney died at his home in New York City, November 11, 1909, at the age of 70 years. He was a vestryman of St. Andrew's Church.

He married in New York City, April 3, 1872, Caroline K., daughter of Eliot Holbrook. They had four daughters and two sons. Mrs. Bonney died May 19, 1901, and one of the daughters is also deceased.

GEORGE DELP, son of John Loux and Anna (Dettweiler) Delp, was born October 20, 1832, in Doylestown, Pa. . He was fitted for college at Hartsville, Pa., with Professor Charles Long (B.A. Yale 1842) and Mahlon Long, Ph.D. (B.A. Princeton 1839, *hon.* M.A. Yale 1847).

After graduation he taught several years in a boys' seminary at Norristown, Pa., and as principal of the Norristown High School. In August, 1862, he went with the Pennsylvania militia to Maryland to assist in repelling the invasion of Gen. Robert E. Lee's army into that State. He read law in Philadelphia, was admitted to the bar in 1856, and was settled there in practice for several years. After this he edited and published the *Daily Court Record*, which reported the court proceedings of the various courts of that city. This work he gave up in 1902 on account of the complete failure of his health. He passed the last few years of his life in a hospital in Philadelphia, where he died November 19, 1909. He was 67 years of age.

AMASA FRANKLIN HARADON was born September 14, 1837, in Webster, Mass., but entered the class from Thompson, Conn., at the beginning of Junior year from Wesleyan University.

After graduation he soon began reading law in the office of Hon. Thomas A. Jenckes, LL.D. (B.A. Brown 1838), Providence, R. I., but the following February was appointed acting master's mate in the United States Navy. For five months he served in that capacity upon the frigate *Sabine*,



nearly the whole time in port. Desiring more active service he was assigned to the sloop-of-war *Adirondack*. This vessel was wrecked in the Bahama Islands, and was a total loss, but the officers and crew were rescued. He was then assigned to the gunboat *Commodore Hull*, and was on picket duty on the James River for several weeks, and then accompanied the vessel to Little Washington, N. C. In April, 1863, the town was besieged by a Confederate force of fifteen thousand men under General Ambrose P. Hill, and his vessel was ordered down the Tar River to protect a neighboring eminence. The opposing batteries, however, maintained a heavy fire upon his vessel from early morning till sundown, his guns being disabled and most of their crews being wounded. He was slightly wounded.

After a few weeks of further service he resigned and taught school at Plainfield, Conn., until April, 1864, when he resumed the study of law, going into the office of Hon. William Whitney Rice (B.A. Bowdoin 1846) in Worcester, Mass., and in March, 1865, entering the Harvard Law School, from which he graduated in 1866. He began practice in Brooklyn, N. Y., but in 1868 removed to Marshalltown, Ia., where he continued his practice for more than thirty years. Since 1899 he had resided in Chicago, Ill., where he died June 27, 1909. He was in his 72d year.

He married at Cochesett, Mass., October 11, 1868, Roxellana, daughter of Caleb and Nancy F. (Talbot) Howard. They had two sons, of whom the elder graduated from the Academical Department in 1894.

CHARLES GRISWOLD GURLEY MERRILL, son of David Jackman Merrill (B.A. Yale 1827), who was for over twenty years a druggist in Newburyport, Mass., was born in that city, July 27, 1836. His mother was Ann M. (Titcomb) Merrill. He entered the class the last term of Freshman year.

After graduation from college he studied a year in the Medical School, and was then Acting Assistant Surgeon United States Army, at Nashville, Tenn., receiving his formal appointment to the position January 21, 1863, after completing his course in the Yale Medical School. December 21, 1863, he was appointed Surgeon of the 22d Regiment, United States Colored Troops, which soon afterward became part of the 18th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, and shared in various movements of the siege of Petersburg and capture of Richmond. The regiment later took part in the obsequies of President Lincoln and the pursuit of his assassin. He then went with the regiment to Texas and remained there till November 20, 1865, when he was mustered out of service.

Since then he had lived in New Haven, Conn., and was for nearly twenty years a gauger in the Internal Revenue Service. In 1889 he became bookkeeper for F. S. Porter, then a wholesale liquor dealer, and retired early in 1909 after a service of twenty years. He devoted considerable time to the study of modern languages, and for several years taught a night school for the city.

Mr. Merrill died at his home in New Haven, September 23, 1909. He was 73 years of age.

He married, in New Haven, May 23, 1865, Georgia A., daughter of Charles and Mary Kinney, and had three daughters, of whom the second died in 1872. The youngest daughter is the wife of Edward Chauncey Baldwin, Ph.D. (B.A. Yale 1895), Professor in the University of Illinois.

WILLIAM EDWARDS PARK, only son of Rev. Edwards Amasa Park, D.D., LL.D., (B.A. Brown 1826), who was Professor in Andover Theological Seminary for forty-five years, was born in Andover, Mass., July 1, 1837. His mother was Ann Maria (Edwards) Park, a great-granddaughter of Jonathan Edwards. He was prepared for

college at Phillips Academy in his native town, and was a member of the class of 1860 for three years, joining '61 the last term of Junior year.

After graduation he studied at home until March, 1862, when he went to St. Helena Island, S. C., as a member of the first party sent from the North by the Educational Commission for Freedmen. After four months in this work he engaged in teaching and studying law in New York City, and in the fall of 1863 entered the Andover Theological Seminary, from which he graduated in 1867. During this time, however, he spent ten months in Nashville, Tenn., as a delegate of the United States Christian Commission, and in 1865 coöperated in raising funds to rebuild Phillips Academy, which had been destroyed by fire.

He was licensed to preach in December, 1866, and devoted thirty-six years of his life to the ministry in two pastorates. He was ordained and installed pastor of the Central Congregational Church of Lawrence, Mass., November 13, 1867, and remained there eight years. June 21, 1876, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Gloversville, N. Y., where he continued in active service until 1904, and was pastor *emeritus* at the time of his death. The twenty-fifth anniversary of his settlement furnished an occasion for voicing the warm appreciation of the church and of the town of his achievements. His church under his influence felt a keen interest in education, and an unusually large proportion of the young men have come to Yale. He devoted much care to the foundation and development of the Public Library.

In addition to his local work he had many wider interests. He was moderator of the New York State Association of Congregational Churches on three occasions and several times of the Hudson River Association. In 1885 and at each subsequent council until 1908 he was a delegate to the National Council of Congregational Churches. For twenty-five years he was a corporate member of the American



Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and for twenty years was a member of the New York State Home Missionary Committee and state representative of the Church Building Society. He was president of the Phillips (Andover) Academy Alumni Association, and in 1903 was elected president of the Yale Alumni Association of Fulton and Montgomery Counties, N. Y. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Marietta College in 1888.

He made seven long sojourns abroad, and had been an extensive traveler. Since 1904 he had resided in Oberlin, O., engaged in literary work. In 1907 he became associate editor of the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, of which his eminent father was editor from 1844 to 1884. He also wrote many articles on various subjects for newspapers, magazines, and encyclopedias, and delivered a large number of public lectures. In June, 1878, he read a paper on the "Earlier Annals of Phillips Academy," at its centennial anniversary.

Dr. Park died suddenly at his home in Oberlin, May 19, 1910, in the 73rd year of his age.

He married March 4, 1874, Sara Billings, daughter of Professor Bela B. Edwards, D.D. (B.A. Amherst 1824), of Andover Seminary, and Jerusha W. (Billings) Edwards, who survives him. Their daughter graduated from Bryn Mawr College in 1898, and their son from the Academical Department of Yale in 1900.

## 1862

PIERCE NOBLE WELCH, son of Hon. Harmanus Madison Welch and Antoinette (Pierce) Welch, was born June 27, 1841, in Plainville, Conn. His father was at different times mayor of New Haven, town and city treasurer, president of the Board of Education, and a member of both houses of the State Legislature. He was prepared for college at General Russell's Institute on Wooster Square, New Haven, and entered college as a resident of New Haven.

After graduation he spent two years abroad, studying at the Universities of Berlin and Göttingen, Germany, and then turned to business responsibilities, hoping in after years to take up the further study of Greek and philosophy.

On his return to New Haven he was for a year or two in a banking house, and from 1867 to 1870 was in the wholesale grocery business in New York City in the firm of Lindsley & Welch, residing in Brooklyn. In 1871 he was elected treasurer of the New Haven Rolling Mill Company, and held that office twenty years, becoming president in 1890. In 1889 he was chosen president of the First National Bank, succeeding in this office his father, who was one of the founders and for twenty-five years president of the bank. He was also president of the Bristol Brass Company, vice-president of the Bristol Manufacturing Company, director of the Peck Brothers & Company, of C. Cowles & Company, and of the Security Insurance Company, and a director of the New Haven Clock Company since 1889.

His name, like his father's, stood for sound business principles, public spirit, and benevolence. He was treasurer and a director of the City Missionary Association, a director of the Elm City Private Hospital, a member of the First Baptist Church, and president of the Young Men's Christian Association. The breadth of his interests was remarkable, and his life was consecrated to the good of others. His gifts to the church, to the Young Men's Christian Association, and to Yale University were most generous.

In memory of his father he presented to the University a stone dormitory, known as Welch Hall, which was completed in 1892. From the foundation of the Yale Foreign Missionary Society in 1902 he was its treasurer and deeply interested in the Yale Mission in China.

Mr. Welch died of pneumonia following pleurisy in Berlin, Germany, October 26, 1909, at the age of 68 years. He had been abroad with his wife and youngest daughter, and was taken seriously ill there early in October. He was

buried in New Haven from the First Baptist Church, November 14.

He married, February 28, 1867, Emma Cornelia, daughter of John and Cornelia (Montague) Galpin, of New Haven, and had a son (B.A. Yale 1898) and four daughters, all of whom with Mrs. Welch survive him. The three youngest daughters graduated from Vassar College, respectively in 1895, 1901, and 1904. The eldest daughter married John Marshall Gaines (B.A. Yale 1896), formerly Instructor in Insurance; the second married Henry Solon Graves (B.A. Yale 1892), Director of the Forest School from its establishment; and the third married Charles Welles Gross (B.A. Yale 1898). A brother (B.A. Yale 1875) died two years after graduation.

### 1863

EDWARD FLINT BROWN, son of Joseph and Mary Elizabeth (Hunt) Brown, was born September 3, 1839, at Sebago, Me.

After graduating from Yale he studied in Columbia Law School a year, was admitted to the bar May 30, 1864, and since then had practiced his profession in New York City. Besides carrying on a large general practice he was a director of many business corporations. He was an examiner of candidates for admission to the bar in the State of New York for five years in succession, and later a member of the State Board of Law Examiners. He was president of the board of trustees of Bridgeton (Me.) Academy, at which he was fitted for college, and president, vice-president, and counsel of the board of trustees of the Northern Dispensary of New York. Since 1875 he had been a life member of the New York Historical Society, and was a director of the New England Society.

For forty years he was a member of the Union League Club of New York City, and had served on many of its committees. In the fall of 1868 he was a Republican can-



didate for member of the Assembly in the State Legislature, but was defeated. He was one of the organizers of the Federal Club of New York City, and was for two years its president, being succeeded in that office by Theodore Roosevelt, later President of the United States. Mr. Brown brought Mr. Roosevelt's name before the convention which nominated him for his first public office, in the New York Assembly.

In 1882 he published the "Genealogy of Ephraim Flint of Baldwin, Me.," who was his uncle, and was an early leader in that State. In 1893 the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by St. John's College, Maryland.

Dr. Brown died of apoplexy September 27, 1909, at his home in New York, at the age of 70 years. He was a member of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church of New York.

He married, April 22, 1869, Eleanor, daughter of Hon. Benjamin West Bonney, LL.D. (B.A. Dartmouth 1824), a trustee of Dartmouth College, and Adrianna (Rapelje) Bonney, who survives him. They had five sons and four daughters, of whom one son and one daughter are deceased. The eldest son was a member of the Academical class of 1891, two other sons graduated as Bachelors of Art in 1893 and 1899, respectively, and one son as a Bachelor of Philosophy in 1896.

GEORGE BROOKS CURTISS, son of Levi C. and Julia (Brooks) Curtiss, was born August 2, 1842, in Southington, Conn.

After graduation he was engaged in teaching and farming until January, 1866, when he entered the hardware business in New York City in which he had since continued, at first as a member of the firm of George B. Curtiss & Company, but since 1875 without a partner.

For many years he was an elder and treasurer of the Washington Heights Presbyterian Church, and for over twenty years superintendent of its Sunday School. He was also a trustee of the Washington Heights Free Library.

Mr. Curtiss died of kidney trouble at his home in New York City, February 23, 1910. He was in the 68th year of his age.

He married at Southington, March 23, 1864, Frances M., daughter of Edwin and Maria (Bristol) Barnes. She died in 1866. June 22, 1870, he married Laura M., daughter of James S. Clark, of New York City, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. She died November 8, 1904, and in January, 1910, he married again. Mrs. Curtiss and all their children survive him.

WILLIAM CHURCHILL READE, son of William Francis Melville and Emmeline (Jayne) Reade, was born November 1, 1835, in Hampden, Me. During his college days and previous to 1883 he wrote his name Reed, but in that year resumed by legal authority the original spelling of Reade. His father was a pioneer abolitionist of Maine, after whose death the son was for three years general clerk and cashier in an office of one of the corporations in Lawrence, Mass. During this time he united with the Lawrence Street Congregational Church. In October, 1857, he went to Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and two years later entered Yale.

The year after graduation from college he was a student in Princeton Theological Seminary with his classmate David Brainerd Perry, who was later Tutor in Yale, and together they spent part of the winter of 1863-64 in the service of the Christian Commission among the camps and in hospital work in Virginia. Leaving Princeton at the close of the year's session, the two years following he studied at Andover Theological Seminary, where he graduated in 1866.

During most of 1867 and 1868 he supplied the Congregational church at Westbrook, Conn., and February 10, 1870, was ordained pastor of the Congregational church at South Dennis, Mass., where he remained until the close of 1874. In April, 1876, he began service at Milton, Mass., but declined a call to settlement, and closed his work there in December, 1878. During the next five years he supplied at the Congregational church in Candia, N. H. His theological views were more progressive than those many of his hearers held, though they would have been increasingly acceptable in later years.

After finishing his service at Candia he preached only occasionally, and resided at Beverly, Mass., devoting himself to literary work.

He married, October 24, 1867, Octavia, daughter of Byron Porter, M.D., of Waterville, Me.

Mr. Reade died of broncho-pneumonia in Newton, Mass., July 14, 1908, in the 73d year of his age. He had no children.

WILLIAM GRAHAM SUMNER was born in Paterson, N. J., October 30, 1840, the son of Thomas and Sarah (Graham) Sumner, both natives of England. His grandfather had a good trade, which was ruined by the introduction of machinery. In consequence of this his father was obliged to make his own way and came to the United States in 1836, soon moving to New England, and after a year or two in New Haven, settled in Hartford about 1845.

He obtained his early education in the Hartford public schools, and was clerk in a store for two years. He graduated from college among the high-stand men of his class, and at once went to Europe for further study. He spent the winter of 1863-64 in Geneva, studying French and Hebrew, and was then in Göttingen two years, studying ancient languages and history. In April, 1866, he went to Oxford for the study of Anglican theology.



In that year he was elected Tutor in Yale and took up his duties in the college, teaching at first mathematics, and later Greek. He was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church at Trinity Church, New Haven, December 27, 1867, but continued his work as Tutor until March, 1869, when he resigned to become assistant to the rector of Calvary Church, New York City. For two years from September, 1870, he was rector of the Church of the Redeemer at Morristown, N. J.

He returned to Yale in September, 1872, as Professor of Political and Social Science and devoted himself to the duties of that position until his retirement as Professor *Emeritus* in 1909. He was deeply interested in the broad problems of the curriculum and of University development and scrupulous also in the performance of the smaller routine duties of administration. In 1885 his Professorship was named the Pelatiah Perit Professorship in commemoration of a gift for its endowment received that year from the estate of Mr. Perit (B.A. Yale 1802), of New Haven. The same year in which he began his work General Francis A. Walker was called to the chair of Political Economy in the Sheffield Scientific School, but there were few others who were making the teaching of economics a profession. Professor Sumner was a born teacher, and set forth underlying principles with such clearness, sincerity, and force, that he compelled the interest of his students, awakened their reason, and taught them to think for themselves. He made an indelible impression upon the minds of successive classes of Yale men and through them and through his writings exerted a positive and constantly widening influence upon economic thought in this country and abroad. He was a fearless champion of what he thought was right, and a tireless searcher for truth. The studies connected with his line of work expanded so rapidly and greatly that he was compelled to narrow the range of his instruction more and more. After his breakdown in

health in the early nineties he ceased to instruct the undergraduates in political economy, but continued for some years his large graduate classes in his famous course in United States financial and political history. In 1886-87 he introduced a course in industrial organization. This was developed into a course in sociology or the science of society, the study of which was his dominant interest during the last twenty years of his life. From 1873 to 1876 he was a member of the Board of Aldermen of New Haven, and for twenty-five years past had been a member of the Connecticut State Board of Education. At the request of the Democratic National Committee he went to New Orleans in November, 1876, to witness the count of the vote of that State for presidential electors.

Professor Sumner received the degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of (East) Tennessee in 1884, and the same degree from Yale in 1909. The demonstration on the latter occasion, when fathers and sons united in cheering the great teacher of both generations, was a memorable one.

His published works include: "A History of American Currency," 1874; "What Social Classes Owe to Each Other," 1882; "Collected Essays in Political and Social Sciences," 1883; "Protectionism," 1885; Lives of Andrew Jackson, Alexander Hamilton, and Robert Morris, 1891-92; "The Financier and Finances of the Revolution," 1892; "A History of Banking in the United States," 1896; "Folkways," 1907. This last work was the development of one section of a general treatise on the Science of Society upon which he had been engaged for several years. In order to prosecute his researches for this he had acquired after middle life, in addition to his earlier knowledge of ancient and modern tongues, the ready use of the Danish, Swedish, Dutch, Spanish, Portuguese, and Italian, also the Russian and Polish languages.

During the Christmas holidays Professor Sumner went to New York in a heavy snowstorm to deliver his address as

president of the American Sociological Society, but on reaching his hotel before making the address suffered a stroke of apoplexy. He partially recovered, but died at the home of his son in Englewood, N. J., April 12, 1910. He was 69 years of age.

He married April 17, 1871, Jennie Whittemore Elliott, daughter of Henry H. Elliott, of New York City, and had three sons, of whom the eldest died in infancy. The other sons (B.A. Yale 1896 and 1897 respectively), with Mrs. Sumner, survive him. A sister is the wife of Walter Camp (B.A. Yale 1880).

HERBERT LESLIE TERRELL, son of Joel and Esther (Hotchkiss) Terrell, was born October 5, 1842, at North Ridgeville, Lorain County, O. He joined the class at the end of December in Junior year from Oberlin College, having been a student at Oberlin in the academy and college since 1857.

After graduation from Yale he studied at the Albany Law School and at Cleveland, O. He was admitted to the bar in Cleveland in August, 1864, and soon removed to Greenville, Tenn., where he became a partner with his classmate, Henry H. Ingersoll, in the firm of Britton, Terrell & Ingersoll. In March, 1869, he returned to Cleveland, where he practiced his profession until 1882, successively in the firms of Kain & Terrell; Willey, Cary & Terrell; Willey, Terrell & Sherman; and Terrell, Beach & Cushing; the last few years of the time without a partner. He was general counsel of the New York, St. Louis & Chicago Railway Company, and afterward of the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railway Company, and was elected to the directorate in many banking and mining corporations whose chief offices were in New York City, to which he accordingly removed, giving his chief attention to the affairs of these corporations. He was a member of the banking house of Simmons & Slade, president and director of the Chihuahua



Mining Company, director of the Chihuahua and Pacific Railroad Company, of the Crœsus Gold Mining and Milling Company, and of the El Potosi Mining Company.

Besides his New York City house he had a summer home near Seabright, N. J.

Mr. Terrell died suddenly at his home in New York, November 10, 1909, at the age of 67 years.

He married, May 22, 1866, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of James Brewster and Emma (Storrs) Wood, of Elyria, O., and had two daughters. One of the daughters is the wife of McLane VanIngen (Ph.B. Yale 1893).

### 1865

WILLIAM TOMPKINS COMSTOCK, son of Rev. David Close Comstock (B.A. Yale 1830) and Elizabeth Ann (Tompkins) Comstock, was born July 14, 1842, at Redding, Conn. His father was then pastor of the Congregational Church there, and while studying in the Yale Divinity School, was also Tutor in the college for two years.

He entered college with the class of 1864, but remained only one term, spending the remainder of the year at Phillips (Andover) Academy. He returned a year later, and upon completing the course spent a year in teaching and then under the firm name of Comstock & Cline engaged in the publishing of maps and atlases. In this business and at the same office, 23 Warren street, New York City, he spent his entire business life. In time the house also added periodicals and books to its publications, especially those treating of architecture and related subjects. In the spring of 1877 he entered the firm of A. J. Bicknell & Company, publishers of architectural books, and later became sole owner of the business. In 1882 he started a periodical called *Building*, later *Architecture and Building*, and since 1899 *The Architects and Builders Magazine*, now published and edited by his son, William Phillips Comstock

(B.A. Columbia 1903). He also established a monthly, *Modern Architectural Designs and Details*.

Mr. Comstock died of acute bronchitis at Newark, N. J., January 16, 1910, at the age of 67 years. The interment was at Nashua, N. H.

Mr. Comstock married December 6, 1876, Miss Mary Ida, daughter of Almer H. and Mary (Burke) Phillips, of Nashua, N. H. She survives him with the son mentioned above.

JOHN LOUIS EWELL was born September 4, 1840, in Byfield, a parish in Rowley, Mass., and the home of his family for seven generations. He was the son of Samuel and Mary (Stickney) Ewell. He entered Amherst College in 1858 but after three weeks there he was obliged to leave on account of ill-health. Three years later he came to Yale, where he won many prizes and graduated as Valedictorian. He was Secretary of the Yale Missionary Society in 1863. From July to November, 1864, he was absent from College as a corporal of the Sixtieth Massachusetts Volunteers at Baltimore and Indianapolis.

After graduation he taught at Chambersburg, Pa., was submaster of the High School in Nashville, Tenn., in 1866, but left the latter place for political reasons. The same year he became Professor of Latin in Washington University, St. Louis, Mo., but in 1867 was recalled to Nashville in charge of the Preparatory Department of Nashville University. After a year there he entered the Andover Theological Seminary, but during his course spent six months abroad for the benefit of his health. He graduated from the Seminary in 1870, was licensed to preach by the Essex South Congregational Association of Massachusetts in June, and was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church at Clinton, Ia., May 4, 1871. Owing to illness in his family he resigned there in May, 1874, and in December of that year was installed over the Waverly Congregational Church

at Belmont, Mass. After a pastorate there of three years and a half he accepted the call of the Second Congregational Church in the town of Millbury, Mass.

In 1891 he became a Professor of Church History and Hebrew Exegesis in Howard University, and for nearly twenty years rendered that university and the community service that was highly esteemed. For ten years he was also Dean of the Theological Department. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Howard University in 1895.

He was a close student of church history, and had made seven trips abroad, visiting in his researches Syria, Palestine, Egypt, and Greece, also studying for a year or more at the University of Halle. In 1906 he published a brief "History of the School of Theology of Howard University," and had just completed in manuscript a History of the Christian Church. He had also traced with camera in hand the homes and wanderings of the Pilgrim Fathers in England and Holland, and in connection with the bicentennial celebration of his native village he published in 1904, "The Story of Byfield; a New England Parish." He had many times delivered illustrated lectures on his travels, and wrote for the *Andover Review*, *Independent*, *New England Magazine*, *Sunday School Times*, *Congregationalist*, and other periodicals.

As seven of his ancestors had come over in the *Mayflower* he was an enthusiastic member of the General Society of Mayflower Descendants, and was for several years its secretary. He was actively connected with a number of historical societies.

Professor Ewell died suddenly of heart failure at the George Washington University Hospital in Washington, March 16, 1910, in the 70th year of his age. He had been at the hospital only three days, and expected soon to leave as he was apparently improving.

He had for several years conducted a Bible class in the First Congregational Church, of which he was a member.



He married at Bradford, Mass., December 30, 1872, Emily Spofford, daughter of William and Emily (Spofford) Hall. She died May 15, 1906. They had four sons, all graduates of the Academical Department of Yale, two in 1897, and the others in 1901 and 1903, respectively. The eldest son is Professor of Physics in the Worcester (Mass.) Polytechnic Institute.

JACOB DECOU KIRKHUFF, in the official records of the University until 1901 JACOB DIVES KIRKHUFF, son of Isaac Kirkhuff, was born January 9, 1837, at Hardwick, N. J., but entered college as a resident of Fenton, Mich., joining the class at the beginning of the third term of Freshman year. His preparation was gained chiefly at home without an instructor.

Since graduation he had devoted his life to the instruction of the deaf and dumb, the first year at Washington Heights, New York City, and since then in the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb at Mount Airy in Philadelphia.

Mr. Kirkhuff died in Philadelphia, April 16, 1910, at the age of 73 years.

He married June 14, 1884, Mrs. Mary E. B. Shannon, who survives him. They had no children.

### 1866

SAMUEL BENEDICT ST. JOHN, son of Professor Samuel St. John, M.D., LL.D. (B.A. Yale 1834), and Amelia Palmer Cranch (Curtis) St. John, was born July 24, 1845, at Hudson, O. His father was then Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy in Western Reserve College, and later Professor of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence in the Medical Department of Columbia University.

After graduating from college he studied medicine in Columbia University, and received his medical degree in 1869. He was then House Surgeon of the Manhattan Eye

and Ear Hospital a year, and of Bellevue Hospital (New York University) a year and a half. During the academical year 1871-72 he was Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy in Columbia University, and then studied two years in the Universities of Berlin and Vienna, and in eye hospitals in Paris and Berlin. In 1874 he began practice in New York City, but about 1878 removed to Hartford, Conn., where he made a specialty of diseases of the eye and ear. He was Lecturer on Ophthalmology in the Yale Medical School from 1882 to 1905, and for many years had been ophthalmic and aural surgeon to the Hartford Hospital, and consulting surgeon to St. Francis Hospital.

Dr. St. John was secretary of the Connecticut Medical Society from 1883 to 1908, and president in 1904, secretary of the American Ophthalmological Society from 1888 to 1908, and then president. He was president of the New York Ophthalmological Society in 1890-91, and of the New England Ophthalmological Society in 1891. He was for fifteen years a director of the Young Men's Institute of Hartford, then the first president of its successor, the Hartford Public Library, and since then a director of the latter.

Dr. St. John died suddenly of angina pectoris at his home in Hartford, December 21, 1909, at the age of 64 years.

He married in Hartford, October 11, 1882, Mary, daughter of Nathaniel H. and Harriet Emeline (Saxton) Morgan. She survives him with two daughters.

Dr. St. John united with the College Church while a student in Yale, and always retained his membership there.

### 1867

WILLIAM ALEXANDER BROTHER, son of Alexander and Sidney Pope (January) Brother, was born November 12, 1844, at New Orleans, La. He was fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation he was shipping clerk for Griffith & Company in New York City, then assistant receiving teller

in the bank of Pike, Lapeyre & Brother in New Orleans nine months, partner in the cotton factory of Green, Crump & Brother two years, member of the firm of L. R. Simmons & Company, Shreveport, La., in the blank book and job printing business three years. The yellow fever of 1873 practically ruined his business, and he then spent a year in St. Louis, Mo., and made a losing investment in business in San Antonio, Tex.

In the spring of 1879 he went to Colorado, engaging principally in mining, and spent three years in the Cripple Creek district.

Mr. Brother died of uremic poison at Denver, Col., March 28, 1910, at the age of 65 years. He was not married. His mother, a brother, and a sister survive him.

JACOB ANDREW CARTWRIGHT, son of Alexander Cotton and Mary Magdalen (Stark) Cartwright, was born November 27, 1844, at Nashville, Tenn. He entered Yale College from Cumberland University the second term of Freshman year.

After graduation he taught school a year and studied law with Judge J. C. Stark, then began the practice of his profession in Nashville. He was elected secretary and treasurer of the Nashville Bar Association. In 1875 he became Special Chancellor, holding court in Cheatham County. From 1888 to 1896 he was in partnership with Malachi T. Bryan. In 1886 he was a candidate for the office of Attorney-General and Reporter for the State but was defeated. In 1893 he was appointed assignee of the Nashville Savings Company, and the following year was appointed special Judge of the Circuit and Chancery Courts of Davidson County, which included the City of Nashville. In this office he continued for several years, and in 1902 was elected Judge of the Second Circuit Court of Davidson County.



Judge Cartwright served the city efficiently as a member of committees for important public improvements. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the Educational Society of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church elected by its General Assembly in 1896, and was also an elder in that church.

Judge Cartwright suffered for more than a year from Bright's disease, but continued his work until three days before his death, which occurred at his home in Nashville, June 20, 1909. He was in the 65th year of his age.

He married November 10, 1881, Mary, daughter of Henry and Huldah (Hooper) Hart of Nashville, who survives him with their four daughters and two sons.

GEORGE PRESTON SHELDON was born January 17, 1847, in New York City, the son of Charles and Janet (Reid) Sheldon. He was fitted for college at Castleton, Vt.

After graduation he took the law course in Columbia University, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1869, and entering the office of Sewell & Pierce, became a member of that firm July 1, 1872. He was assistant corporation counsel of Brooklyn four years, and then practiced law in New York City till 1888, when he was elected vice-president of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company of New York City, and since April of the same year had been president of the company.

He had served as president of the National Board of Underwriters, and was chairman of its committee on law and legislation, and a member of its executive committee. He was president of the Eastern Insurance Union, and of the Factory Insurance Association, and active in many insurance organizations. He was also a director and member of the executive committee of the American Light & Traction Company, and director in the Southern Light & Traction Company and the Underwriters' Salvage Company.

He removed from Brooklyn, N. Y., to White Plains in 1881, and in 1885 to Greenwich, Conn., where he died December 25, 1909, as a result of ptomaine poisoning two months previous. He was 62 years of age. A State investigation into the affairs of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company and other insurance companies had been in progress for some time, but he died in ignorance of its full result.

Mr. Sheldon married at Ann Arbor, Mich., July 2, 1872, Miss Frances A. Pendleton, who died in 1885. He was married again May 21, 1890, to Miss Carolyn J. Pendleton, niece of his first wife. His widow, four daughters, and two sons survive him. His brother, Richard K. Sheldon, (B.A. Yale 1869) died in 1906.

### 1868

ALBERT HENRY ESTY, son of Hon. Edward S. and Amelia F. (Wilgus) Esty, was born May 29, 1847, at Ithaca, N. Y., his father being a large manufacturer of leather there, one of the originators of the First National Bank and its vice-president from 1883, and vice-president and a trustee of the Cornell Library Association.

After his graduation he taught a short time, but soon went abroad and studied at Wolfenbüttel in Germany, later spending a year at the University of Leipsic.

On his return to Ithaca he became associated with his father and brother, Clarence H. Esty, in the leather business under the firm name of E. S. Esty & Sons. After the death of his father in 1890 the name became E. S. Esty's Sons. Mr. Esty retired from the business and in 1897 built a home in Brookline, Mass., where he died after a long period of ill health, April 13, 1910, in the 63d year of his age. His sister (B.A. Vassar 1871) married his classmate Calvin D. Stowell.

CHARLES HENRY FARNAM, son of Henry Farnam (*hon.* M.A. Yale 1871) and Ann Sophia (Whitman) Farnam, was born September 12, 1846, in New Haven, Conn. In 1857

the family removed to Chicago and were living there while he was at Phillips (Andover) Academy and in college.

After his graduation he spent a year in Europe and two years in the Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1871. The same year he formed a law partnership with his classmate William Palmer Dixon, under the firm name of Dixon & Farnam, which continued until 1875. Mr. Farnam then removed to New Haven, and from 1877 to 1891 was Assistant in Archæology in the Peabody Museum at Yale University. He was a member of the New Haven Board of Councilmen in 1879 and of the Aldermen in 1880-81, and for several years president of the Board of Fire Commissioners. In 1889, after several years of genealogical research he published "The History of the Descendants of John Whitman of Weymouth, Mass." Though retaining his legal residence in New Haven he sold his house on Hillhouse Avenue in 1896 and after that date spent much time in travel, making his headquarters in New York.

He died September 24, 1909, at the age of 63 years, after an illness of over a year at the home of his daughter, the wife of Frank L. Woodward (B.A. Yale 1888) in Denver, Colo. He was held in affectionate esteem by a large circle of Yale men.

Mr. Farnam married in New Haven, June 8, 1870, Alice Mordant Davies, daughter of John May and Alice S. (Hopper) Davies, and had a daughter and son, the latter (Ph.B. Yale 1895) dying in 1909. Mrs. Farnam died February 10, 1899, and Mr. Farnam afterward married Caroline Sutton, who is deceased.

Three brothers graduated from the University: the late George Bronson Farnam (M.D. Yale 1869); William Whitman Farnam (B.A. Yale 1866), formerly Treasurer and a Fellow of the University; and Professor Henry Walcott Farnam (B.A. Yale 1874); and a sister is the wife of Hon. Eli Whitney, M.A. (B.A. Yale 1869), Fellow of the University.



JAMES WINTHROP HOLCOMBE, eldest son of James Huggins and Emily Merrill (Johnson) Holcombe, was born February 3, 1846, in Hartford, Conn. After preparation in the Hartford High School and a year in Trinity College, he entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year.

The two years following graduation he spent as a private tutor and in the study of French and German, also translating from both languages for the press. In September, 1871, he started on a tour around the world, returning home in the summer of 1872, but since the spring of 1873 had lived abroad. From 1879 to 1889 he resided most of the time in Italy, occupied with artistic and literary pursuits. He excelled in the artistic quality of his photographic work, winning prizes at London, Florence, and elsewhere. He translated from the French "In Search of the Castaways," by Jules Verne, and from the German "Baden" (published in Zurich), contributed a series of letters from Naples to the *Hartford Times*, and illustrated articles to *Harper's Weekly*, the *London Graphic*, and other periodicals. For ten years after his father's death in 1889 he lived in England, France, and Spain, but for the past ten years his home had been in southern Italy. He died of pneumonia at Capri, June 26, 1909, at the age of 63 years.

He was never married. His mother, then residing in Capri, now in Hartford, and a brother, John Marshall Holcombe, M.A. (B.A. Yale 1869), Lecturer on Insurance in the University, survive him.

### 1869

JOHN PIERREPONT CODRINGTON FOSTER, son of Hon. Eleazer Kingsbury Foster (B.A. Yale 1834) and Mary (Codrington) Foster, was born in New Haven, Conn., March 2, 1847.

His father was speaker of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1865, Judge of Probate, and for many

years State's Attorney for New Haven County and Register in Bankruptcy, and son of Eleazer Foster (B.A. Yale 1802). Dr. Foster's mother was a lady of English birth, the daughter of William Collins Codrington, and formerly of Kingston, Jamaica, and his grandmother was Mary Pierpont, who was a great-grandchild of Rev. James Pierpont, one of the founders of Yale College.

After graduation he suffered an attack of tuberculosis, and lived an outdoor life for several years at Mandarin, Fla., where he engaged in sugar planting. He then returned to New Haven, and graduated from the Yale Medical School in 1875. After a year of travel he settled in New Haven.

In 1877 he was appointed Instructor in Anatomy in the Yale Art School and had held the position continuously since then. His medical practice was large, especially among the students of the University, many of whom have felt that they owed their health and character largely to his skill and kindly counsel. He was consulting physician at the Yale Infirmary, and at the New Haven Hospital, and port surgeon at New Haven for the United States Marine Hospital Service.

He was best known to the public as a leader in the fight against tuberculosis. He was the first man in this country to procure and use tuberculin. After serving on the Special Commission appointed by the General Assembly in 1907 to investigate tuberculosis, he was appointed by the Governor of the State in 1909 a member of the Connecticut Tuberculosis Commission, of which he became chairman. Under his wise leadership the Commission had made effective progress in establishing the projected county sanatoria. For four years he was a director of the National Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, and in 1908 was vice-president. He was one of the incorporators of the New Haven County Anti-Tuberculosis Association, and to his unrelenting work as chairman of its executive committee is mainly due the high character and success of the Gay-

lord Farm Sanatorium at Wallingford. Besides his membership in various professional societies he was a member of the National Climatological Society.

In recognition of his public and private service the University conferred upon him in 1909 the honorary degree of Master of Arts.

Dr. Foster died after less than a week's illness from pneumonia at his home in New Haven, April 1, 1910. He was 63 years of age.

He married July 1, 1875, Josephine Theresa, daughter of Joseph Inglis Bicknell and Maria Theresa (Pierrepont) Bicknell, of Riverdale, N. Y., who survives him with two sons and two daughters. Two sons are deceased. The surviving sons graduated from Yale (B.A. 1906 and Ph.B. 1907, respectively). One daughter is the wife of Rev. George H. Thomas (B.A. Yale 1895). His brother William E. Foster (B.A. Yale 1860) has for many years been editor of the *Buffalo* (N. Y.) *Commercial Advertiser*, but his brother Judge Eleazer K. Foster (B.A. Yale 1863) died in 1899.

JAMES JOY, third child and only son by the first marriage of Hon. James Frederick Joy, LL.D. (B.A. Dartmouth 1833), a noted railroad builder, and Martha Alger (Reed) Joy, was born November 14, 1850, in Detroit, Mich.

After graduation he was for eight months clerk in the land office of the Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad at Fort Scott, Kansas, and then spent two years in a tour around the world. After this he was assistant secretary in the president's office of the Michigan Central Railroad. In September, 1873, he bought a tract of 11,000 acres of state land in Wisconsin, which with the assistance of his classmate Henry H. Kerr he began to survey. He remained near Remington, Wisc., until May, 1881, and then returned to Detroit, where he was chiefly engaged with investments.

He died suddenly at his home in Detroit, March 7, 1910, in the 60th year of his age.



He married, November 18, 1875, Emily Augusta, daughter of Col. William S. King, M.D., Surgeon in the United States army, and Sarah J. (White) King, of Philadelphia. She survives him without children.

His half-brother, Henry Bourne Joy, was a member of the class of 1886 in the Sheffield Scientific School, but did not graduate.

JOHN OLENDORF, son of John and Anna Nancy (Loomis) Olendorf, was born June 14, 1848, in Albany, N. Y.

After graduation he read law in Jersey City the first winter, then spent a year in literary and historical study in Berlin, following this with several months of travel in Europe. From January, 1872, he was for a few months in the office of Olendorf, Case & Company, tea brokers, in New York City, and then resumed the study of law with William A. Lewis, Esq. (B.A. Colgate 1859) in Jersey City. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney in 1876, and as a counselor in 1880. He practiced for a time by himself, and in February, 1884, became a member of the firm of Parmly, Olendorf & Fisk. He gained an extensive general practice, but for many years gave special attention to real estate matters and titles, upon which he was recognized as an expert. Since 1888 he had been title officer of the New Jersey Title Guarantee and Trust Company of Jersey City.

Until 1878 he lived near New Brunswick, N. J., then in Jersey City, but since 1886 in Bound Brook, where he was a member of the Board of Education, and deeply interested in the welfare of the community.

Mr. Olendorf died at his home in Bound Brook, July 9, 1909, after an operation for appendicitis. He was 61 years of age.

He married at New Brunswick, N. J., October 17, 1878, Elizabeth, daughter of Jacob VanWickle and Eliza Jane (Smoch) Herbert. She survives him with their daughter.

ROBERT LIVINGSTON READE, son of Robert and Mary (Livingston) Reade, was born September 5, 1846, in New York City. He was prepared for college under the instruction of Rev. Benjamin W. Dwight, Ph.D., LL.D. (B.A. Hamilton 1835), and was a member of the class of 1868 until during Sophomore year, but completed the course with the class of 1869.

After graduation he studied in the Columbia Law School and in an office in Morristown, N. J., three years. He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from Columbia University in 1872, and was then managing clerk for Anderson & Man for three years. After his father's death in 1883 he gave up practice, but several years later resumed it, and in 1889 was associated, but not in partnership, with Major Asa Bird Gardner, LL.D., afterward District Attorney of the County of New York. For many years he made an annual trip to England, where his mother and sister resided.

He married, October 9, 1891, Helene Josephine Lawler, but they were afterward divorced, and in 1896 he married again. His health was much of the time greatly impaired. He died of apoplexy in New York City, January 14, 1910, at the age of 63 years.

### 1870

GEORGE LUCIUS BEARDSLEY, elder son of Lucius Nichols Beardsley (M.D. Yale 1838) and Betsey Ann (Coley) Beardsley, was born May 12, 1848, in Milford, Conn. His brother, William E. Beardsley (M.D. N. Y. Univ. 1876) was member of the class of 1873 in Yale College but did not graduate.

After graduation from college he spent six months in the Yale Medical School, was then assistant to Dr. Pliny A. Jewett, and completed his medical course at the Bellevue Medical College of New York University, receiving his

medical degree from there in 1873. He at once became surgeon of the New York City Bureau of Surgical Relief, connected with Bellevue Hospital, the following year began practice in New Haven, Conn., but in the autumn removed to Derby, which had since been his home.

He was for five years assistant surgeon of the Second Regiment, Connecticut National Guard, for a number of years post surgeon for Derby, and had recently been appointed to the staff of Griffin Hospital. He was president of the Ousatonic Medical Society in 1890, and medical examiner for several life insurance companies. In many public offices he gave valuable service to the town and city, being a member of the Board of Education over thirty years and at one time its chairman, medical examiner about twenty-five years, health officer for two terms, twice a burgess of the Borough of Birmingham (now a part of the City of Derby).

He wrote many articles on medical subjects for the magazines, and delivered occasional lectures on topics medical and otherwise.

Dr. Beardsley died of Bright's disease at the New Haven Hospital, February 26, 1910, in his 62nd year. He was a member and trustee of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

He married, December 24, 1874, Louise Maria, daughter of Amos Henry Alling, a woolen manufacturer of Derby, and Sarah Elizabeth (Prudden) Alling, and had a son and daughter, who with their mother survive him. The son, Alling Prudden, (B.A. Wesleyan 1898) received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale in 1902, and the daughter graduated from Smith College in 1909.

EDWARD HEARTT SCHELL, son of Edward and Jane Lambertson (Heartt) Schell, was born September 30, 1848, in Troy, N. Y. His father was for more than forty years president of the Manhattan Savings Institution of New York City. His mother was the daughter of Jonas Coe



Heartt, who was for many years mayor of Troy. He was prepared for college at Choules Institute, Newport, R. I.

After graduation from college he spent eight months in a trip abroad, and then entered the Columbia Law School. On receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1873 he became a member of the firm of Fellows, Hoyt & Schell in New York City, afterward Fellows & Schell, but later he had been in private practice. He was a director of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, of the Manhattan Savings Institution, also being counsel for the latter, and trustee of the Northern Dispensary.

For many years his summer home was at Rye, N. Y., where he was vestryman of Christ Church. His death occurred in New York, January 25, 1910. He was 61 years of age.

Mr. Schell married October 27, 1886, Cornelia Evarts Barnes, daughter of William Evarts Barnes, of New York City. She survives him.

WILLIAM HAIGHT VANSCHOONHOVEN, son of Jacob Lansing VanSchoonhoven and Mary Jane (Haight) Van Schoonhoven, was born August 25, 1849, in Troy, N. Y. His father was one of the originators and for twenty years president of the Central Bank of Troy, prominently identified with the city's railway interests, and an elder of the Second Presbyterian Church.

He gained his preparation for college at the preparatory school of B. T. Harrington in Westchester, N. Y.

After graduation from college he studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1874, and practiced his profession for several years. He then became engaged chiefly in banking, the management of several estates, and manufacturing. Upon the death of his father in 1883 he was elected cashier of the Central National Bank, and later its president. When this bank was consolidated with the Mutual National Bank forming the National City Bank, he was appointed first

vice-president, and afterward president. He was active in organizing the Security Trust Company, of which he was first vice-president, and held the same office with the Safety Deposit Company. He was one of the founders and directors of the Samaritan Hospital, and president of the board of trustees of the Second Street Presbyterian Church. He was also a member and director of several manufacturing corporations in Troy.

In the spring of 1908 he retired from active business and removed to Yonkers, N. Y., where he died at St. Joseph's Hospital November 2, 1909, following an operation for appendicitis, at the age of 60 years. He was unmarried. Two sisters and a brother survive him.

### 1871

CHARLES BENJAMIN DUDLEY, son of Daniel and Miranda (Bemis) Dudley, was born July 14, 1842, at Oxford, Chenango County, N. Y.

He served over two years in the Civil War, enlisting as a private in the 114th Regiment, New York Volunteers, August 6, 1862, and being made corporal July 1, 1864. He was in seven battles, taking part in the siege of Port Hudson in 1863, in the Red River campaign in the spring of 1864, and was severely wounded in the battle of Opequan Creek, in the Shenandoah Valley, September 19, 1864. After nine months in a hospital he was mustered out of service in June, 1865. During one winter while the army was in winter quarters in Louisiana he devoted many hours to the study of Latin.

Returning home in 1865, he began preparations for college at Oxford Academy, and entering college in the fall of 1867 earned most of the necessary funds by working at whatever could be found to be done in vacation and term time. On graduation from the Academical Department he spent a year in editorial work in New Haven, two years largely in the study of chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific

School, and received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1874. The following year he was an assistant to Dr. George F. Barker (Ph.B. Yale 1858), who was then Professor of Physics in the University of Pennsylvania, and who had just gone from the professorship of Physiological Chemistry and Toxicology in the Yale Medical School. In November, 1875, after teaching science for two months at Riverview Military Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., he accepted the position of chemist of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which he held for thirty-four years, residing at Altoona, Pa.

He was the first chemist regularly employed by any railroad. The results of his study of steel rails and of lubricating oils, as well as the many standard specifications for all kinds of railroad material which he drew up and caused to be adopted, commanded wide attention. He published many articles in various technical journals on his scientific discoveries and inventions.

He went abroad twice for the company, in 1886 to study oil-burning locomotives, and in 1900 as a delegate to the International Railway Congress in Paris. He was president of the American Society for Testing Materials, and his presidential addresses on the duties and opportunities of a testing engineer are full of suggestion. He was also twice president of the American Chemical Society, president of the International Society for Testing Materials, vice-president of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, a member of the American Societies of Civil, Mechanical, and Electrical Engineers, and of other American and foreign scientific and technical societies. He took great interest in the development of the Mechanics Library of Altoona.

Dr. Dudley died of pneumonia at his home in Altoona, December 21, 1909. He was 67 years of age.

He married at Bryn Mawr, Pa., April 17, 1906, Mary Virginia, daughter of John Yocum and Virginia (Wright) Crawford. She survives him.



CHARLES LYMAN, eleventh of the thirteen children of Benjamin and Delia Almira (Wells) Lyman, was born April 3, 1849, in Montreal, Canada. His father was a native of Derby, Vt., but removed in 1815 to Montreal, where he became a partner with two brothers in the wholesale and retail drug house of William Lyman & Company. The son was prepared for Yale at the Hopkins Grammar School.

After graduation from college he entered the drug business established by his father and uncles and became, in 1879, a member of the reorganized firm of Lyman Sons & Company. Later he established the firm of Lyman, Knox & Company with a branch at Toronto, continuing in the business until recently.

Mr. Lyman died at his home in Montreal, November 17, 1909, at the age of sixty years. He had always kept in unusually close touch with the members of his class.

He married October 1, 1874, Kate, daughter of Henry and Ruth E. (Kent) Dean of New York, who survives him with two sons and a daughter, the last a graduate of McGill University in 1905.

## 1872

HARRY WILTON CRAGIN, son of Hon. Aaron Harrison Cragin (*hon.* M.A. Dartmouth 1861), member of the United States House of Representatives in 1857-59, and of the Senate from 1865 to 1877, was born January 29, 1849, in Lebanon, N. H. His mother was Isabelle (Fuller) Cragin. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation he studied law in Columbia University, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1874, and in 1875 was appointed third assistant examiner in the United States Patent Office. In 1878 he resigned that office, and had since been successfully engaged in the soliciting of patents and the practice of patent law. He also practiced before the United States Court of Claims.

Mr. Cragin died of angina pectoris at Skyland, his summer home in the Blue Ridge Mountains, Va., July 19, 1909, at the age of 60 years.

He married in Washington, D. C., January 20, 1880, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of William A. and Emaline (White) Stamper. She died in 1902, but a son survives him.

ALBERT MARSHALL CURRY, son of Alexander and Isabella (Marshall) Curry, was born October 8, 1849, in Hartford, Conn. He was fitted for college in the High School in that city.

After graduation from college he entered Hartford Theological Seminary and at the same time began the study of medicine with Dr. Irving W. Lyon (M.D. Univ. of Vermont 1862, Columbia 1863). The following year he entered the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduated from there in March, 1875, was Associate Demonstrator of Anatomy there that year, and on the staff of the Children's Hospital of Philadelphia the next two years. He had practiced his profession in Brooklyn, N. Y., since 1877.

Dr. Curry died suddenly of heart disease, July 26, 1909, while walking on the beach at Atlantic City, N. J. He was in his 60th year.

He married in Brooklyn, October 3, 1882, Phebe Davenport Cortelyou, who survives him. They had no children.

CHARLES ORRIN DAY was born in Catskill, N. Y., November 8, 1851, the son of Charles Henry and Sarah Collins (Porter) Day. He was prepared for college in the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven.

After graduation from college he spent a year in Europe, and a year in the Yale Graduate School. He then took the course in Andover Theological Seminary, graduating from there in 1877, and being ordained by the Columbia Presby-

tery, at Catskill, December 19. After a year at Andover as resident licentiate he began his ministry in Montreal, Canada, taking charge of a city mission chapel sustained by the American Church. In 1879 he was settled over the Congregational Church in Williamsburg, Mass., and remained there five years, spending the following year at the Yale Divinity School as a resident licentiate. In 1885 he accepted a call to the Congregational Church in Brattleboro, Vt., where he had a happy and fruitful ministry of thirteen years. During the Spanish-American War he was chaplain of the First Regiment of Vermont Volunteer Infantry at Chickamauga.

From 1899 to 1901 he was Secretary of the Congregational Education Society, and took special interest in work among the Mexicans in New Mexico, for whom he secured the establishment of the Rio Grande Industrial School in Albuquerque. From that office he went in 1901 to Andover Theological Seminary, where he was Professor of Practical Theology and President of the Faculty until 1908. He earnestly advocated the continuance of the Seminary on Andover Hill, but it was decided to remove it to Cambridge, Mass.

Resigning from office there in 1908 he took the pastorate of the Congregational Church at Barnet, Vt., but gave that up after a year on account of failing health.

He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1901, of Doctor of Divinity from Dartmouth and Iowa Colleges in 1901, and of Doctor of Laws from Norwich University in 1907.

Dr. Day died suddenly of heart failure, April 5, 1910, in Andover, at the home of his daughter, the wife of Robert Porter Keep (B.A. Yale 1903). He was 58 years of age.

He married, June 25, 1879, Mary Hiland Hull, daughter of A. Cooke Hull, M.D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Harriet (Hill) Hull, and had a son (B.A. Yale 1903) and the daughter above mentioned.



CHARLES HERBERT FERRY, son of William H. and Mary Ann (Williams) Ferry, was born September 1, 1851, in Utica, N. Y.

He joined his class at Yale about the middle of Freshman year from McGill University, Montreal.

After graduation he continued his studies in the Graduate School four years, during two of these years being president of the University Boat Club. In 1873, he undertook to raise funds for a Yale boathouse and by months of personal effort succeeded in that period of financial distress in raising the \$16,500 necessary for the land and the building used ever since by the Yale crews.

He then studied law in Chicago, and after his admission to the bar in 1876 practiced that profession in Chicago until 1881. Since then he had been engaged in manufacturing in Chicago and had also been interested in mining.

Mr. Ferry had not been in good health for several years, but died suddenly at Phoenix, Ariz., May 2, 1910, at the age of 58 years.

He married in New Haven, Conn., May 31, 1881, Emily D., daughter of John W. and Mary A. (Macumber) Mansfield, who survives him with two sons, the elder a graduate of Yale (B.A. 1903). His brother, William Henry Ferry (B.A. Yale 1868), died in 1900.

LEONARD WOODS PARISH was born July 4, 1850, in Springfield, Mass., the elder son of Ariel Parish (B.A. Yale 1835) and Anna (Woods) Parish. His father was then principal of the High School in that city, but from 1865 to 1881 was Superintendent of Schools in New Haven, Conn.

After his graduation he taught in Branford, Conn., about a year and a half, in April, 1874, became principal of the Glastonbury (Conn.) Academy, and after a year there spent a short time as clerk in Hartford and in travel, then took charge of the graded schools in Traer, Tama County, Iowa. From 1877 to 1879 he was principal of the High School in

Rock Island, Ill., was Superintendent of the Public Schools of Des Moines, Ia., six years, in a similar position in Independence, Ia., five years, and since 1890 had been in the Iowa State Normal School, now Teachers' College, at Cedar Falls, at first holding the chair of Didactics and Methods, and since 1895 that of History and Economics. He was a stimulating instructor and thorough scholar, and the author of useful text-books. His Christian influence was strong, he took a warm interest in all student activities, and was chairman of the Faculty Committee on Athletics during nearly his whole period of office. In 1892 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale upon examination.

Professor Parish was one of fifty who lost their lives in the accident on a Rock Island train near Gladbrook, Ia., March 21, 1910. He was in the 60th year of his age.

He married at Green Mountain, Ia., April 4, 1876, Emma White Stuart, daughter of Rev. Robert and Harriet (Blodgett) Stuart, who survives him with one daughter and two of their four sons. The sons are graduates of the State University of Iowa (B.A. 1905 and 1908) and the daughter of the Iowa State Teachers College. One sister is the wife of Nathan B. Coy (B.A. Yale 1870) and another of William J. Betts (B.A. Yale 1870).

### 1873

EBEN ALEXANDER, son of Ebenezer Alexander, who was for fifteen years Judge of the Circuit Court in Tennessee, was born March 9, 1851, in Knoxville, Tenn. His mother was Margaret Ann (McClung) Alexander, whose grandfather, James White, founded Knoxville.

His college preparation was obtained mainly in the preparatory department and Freshman class of East Tennessee University, now the University of Tennessee, under the instruction of Dr. Isbon T. Beckwith (B.A. Yale 1868), who was later his Tutor in Greek at Yale, and was his lifelong friend.

From his graduation until 1877 he was Instructor in the University of Tennessee, then Professor of Ancient Languages there until 1886, during the last year being chairman of the faculty and also president of the Teachers' Association of Tennessee. In 1886 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Maryville College and the same year accepted the professorship of Greek in the University of North Carolina, where he had since continued with untiring devotion to the interests of that University, and to the cause of higher education in the South. From 1893 to 1897 he was on leave of absence as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Greece, Roumania, and Servia, with residence at Athens, and the high quality of his service in this position was widely recognized. The participation of the American athletes in the Olympic Games at that time was due to his interest. After his departure for Greece the University of North Carolina in 1893 conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws.

Professor Alexander died suddenly at his former home in Knoxville, March 11, 1910, just after a visit to New Haven. He was 59 years of age, and was on a year's leave of absence from his work on account of his health.

He married, October 15, 1874, Marion, daughter of Rev. John Howard-Smith and Eleanor Spurrier (Rand) Howard-Smith, and had two daughters and two sons. One son died while a student in the University of North Carolina. The elder daughter married Professor Andrew H. Patterson (Ph.B. Univ. N. C. 1891; B.A. Harvard 1892) of the University of Georgia. His son Eben (Univ. N. C., 1901) is a physician in Knoxville.

FRANK DEWEY ALLEN, eldest son of Charles Francis and Olive Ely (Dewey) Allen, was born August 16, 1850, in Worcester, Mass., and prepared for college in the High School there.



While in college he rowed in four class races, and was chosen a member of the Junior Promenade and class cup committees.

After graduation he studied a year in the law office of Hon. Peter C. Bacon, LL.D., in Worcester, then continued his studies in the office of Hilliard, Hyde & Dickerman in Boston, and in the Boston University Law School, from which he graduated in 1875. He was admitted to the Suffolk County bar in November, 1876. After acting for two years as managing clerk for the firm with which he had studied, he began practice by himself in Boston in October, 1877, after his marriage residing in Lynn. In 1880 and 1881 he represented his district in the Massachusetts Legislature, and served on the banking, judiciary, and redistricting committees. In 1882 he was a candidate for State Senator, but, although he ran ahead of his ticket, was defeated. From 1885 to 1887 he was a member of the Republican State Committee, and from 1886 to 1888 of the Governor's Council.

April 3, 1890 he was appointed by President Harrison United States District Attorney for Massachusetts, and held the office until August, 1893. Many cases of note fell to him to try, but that against the officials of the Maverick National Bank attracted special attention and the victory which his pluck and perseverance finally won had an important effect on business interests. In 1902 he was appointed receiver of the Central National Bank of Boston and managed its affairs so successfully that without levying any assessment he paid every depositor in full with interest.

Mr. Allen organized the Lynn Electric Company, which brought the Thomson-Houston business to Lynn, was a director of the Lynn Gas and Electric Company, and a director of the Young Men's Christian Association of Lynn.

He married January 9, 1878, Lucy Paige, younger daughter of Trevett M. Rhodes, of Lynn. She died January 4, 1905. They had no children.

Mr. Allen died suddenly from heart disease, at his home in Boston, January 23, 1910, in the 60th year of his age. His mother, two sisters and a brother survive him. He was a member of the Old South Church.

He was president in 1892 of the Boston Yale Alumni Association, and by his will the residue of his estate after certain bequests is left to the University, the income to be used in maintaining a scholarship bearing his name.

### 1874

HORACE HATCH CHITTENDEN, son of Hon. Lucius Eugene and Mary Yates (Hatch) Chittenden, was born January 24, 1855, in Burlington, Vt. His father was secretary of the Peace Conference of 1861, Registrar of the United States Treasury during the Civil War, and an author of note.

Two years after graduation from college he completed the course in Columbia Law School and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was associated with his father's firm of Chittenden & Hubbard, and was later a member of that firm and of Chittenden, Townsend & Chittenden until May 1, 1888. He then continued practice with his father under the name of L. E. and H. H. Chittenden. His father died in 1900, and in 1902 Mr. Chittenden moved to Burlington, where he died from shock following an operation, December 26, 1909, in the 55th year of his age.

He married October 11, 1877, Bertha Boradil, daughter of Dr. George A. and Julia (Coggill) Peters of New York City, and had two sons, one of whom graduated from the Academical Department in 1901 and the other in 1904.

### 1875

FRANKLIN BENJAMIN MITCHELL was born September 19, 1852, in Norwich, N. Y. He was the son of John and Caroline (Foote) Mitchell, and grandson of Dr. Henry Mitchell (*hon.* M.D. Yale 1824). He was prepared for college at Williston Seminary.

After graduation he spent two years in the Columbia Law School, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws there in 1877. He practiced law in St. Louis, Mo., two years with Charles J. Harris, a non-graduate member of the class of 1874, and Augustus T. Metcalf, a classmate, under the firm name of Harris, Mitchell & Metcalf. In 1881 he was elected supervisor of Norwich, N. Y. After this he was a contractor for public works in New York, Ohio, and California, at one time being in the firm of Sage & Mitchell, contractors, at Kenton, O., and later residing in California. In June, 1889, he returned to Norwich, and for five years was postmaster there. He was subsequently secretary of the Fish and Game Commission of New York for three years. He was also trustee of the Norwich Union School.

Mr. Mitchell died suddenly at Binghamton, N. Y., September 4, 1909, in the 57th year of his age.

He married in Brooklyn, N. Y., April 28, 1880, Helen E., daughter of Colonel Clinton H. Sage, who survives him with one of their two daughters and a son.

WILLIAM ROGERS RICHARDS, son of Rev. George Richards, M.A. (B.A. Yale 1840 and Tutor 1844-45) and Anna Maria (Woodruff) Richards, was born December 20, 1853, in Boston, Mass. His father was then pastor of the Central Congregational Church, and during the last two years of his life was a member of the Yale Corporation.

While in college he was an editor of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, and captain of his class crew. After his graduation he studied a year in the Columbia Law School, and then took the course in Andover Theological Seminary. He began his ministry over the Central Congregational Church of Bath, Me., where he was ordained October 16, 1879. In 1884 he accepted the pastorate of the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian Church, Plainfield, N. J., and there he became greatly beloved and remained eighteen years. He was the first president of the Plainfield Yale Club, one of the



organizers of the Citizens' League, and moderator of the Synod of New Jersey. In 1902 he succeeded Rev. Maltbie D. Babcock, D.D., as pastor of the Brick (Presbyterian) Church, New York City. Deeply spiritual and thoroughly practical, his quiet force, clear judgment, and rare personal attractiveness made him one of the strongest and most useful clergymen of the city. The power of his friendship and the helpfulness of his preaching steadily held a great congregation.

He was moderator of the New York Presbytery for two years, vice-moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly in 1906, president of Whittier House in Jersey City, member of the Church Extension Committee of the New York Presbytery, a member of the Council of New York University since 1902, and of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions since 1890, a director of Union Theological Seminary since 1903 and member of its executive committee, and a member of the Yale Corporation since 1906, succeeding in the last office Rev. Augustus F. Beard, D.D.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from New York University in 1892, and from Yale in 1903.

Dr. Richards was the author of "Ways of Wisdom," 1886; "For Whom Christ Died," 1902; "God's Choice of Men," 1905, and "The Apostles' Creed in Modern Worship," 1906.

He died almost without warning in the early morning of January 7, 1910, at the age of 56 years.

He married, at Andover, Mass., January 27, 1880, Charlotte Barrett Blodget, sister of his classmate Dr. Henry Blodget, and daughter of Rev. Henry Blodget, D.D. (B.A. Yale 1848 and Tutor 1850-53), who was for forty years a missionary in China. They had three daughters and two sons. The elder son is a graduate of Yale College in 1903, and the younger is a member of the Sophomore class. Two brothers also received the degree of Bachelor of Arts here, in 1872 and 1880 respectively.

## 1876

ARCHIBALD ALEXANDER AUSTIN was born June 2, 1854, at Paris, Ill., the son of Albert Bennett and Jane Elizabeth (Hannah) Austin.

After his graduation he became a student in the law offices of Bishop & McKinlay in his native place, the following year was appointed Deputy Circuit Clerk and after holding the position a year was admitted to the bar in Springfield, Ill., in June, 1878.

In July, 1880, he settled in Topeka, and was in the office of Guthrie & Brown in that city a year, after which he practiced independently until May, 1883. He then formed a partnership with J. R. McClure at Junction City, Kans., under the firm name of McClure & Austin, and this continued until May, 1886. After this he removed to Kansas City, Mo., and with his brother, Judge James H. Austin, was a member of the firm of Austin & Austin during the remainder of his life. He did not seek a large practice, but was always faithful to the interests intrusted to him. His genial ways and his absorbing love of books remained as in college days. For ten years he was secretary of the University Club of Kansas City.

Mr. Austin died of pneumonia at the home of his brother in Kansas City, May 16, 1910, in the 56th year of his age. His burial was at Paris, Ill. He was unmarried.

## 1877

SAMUEL MORRIS WALN, son of John Ridgway and Martha Ann (Kirby) Waln, was born October 29, 1853, at Walnford, a village about a dozen miles southeast of Trenton, N. J. He was brought up on a farm and fitted for college at Peddie Institute, Hightstown.

After graduation from college he studied a year in the Columbia Law School, then went to Philadelphia, and spent the next year in the office of E. Spencer Miller, Professor

in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and the year following in the office of George W. Biddle, Esq. (B.A. Yale 1863). He was admitted to the bar in Philadelphia in December, 1880, and since then had practiced his profession in that city, and for a number of years occupied offices with his classmate Arthur U. Bannard. He became widely known there and in southern New Jersey as an able and conscientious advisor and a sagacious trial lawyer. He was often occupied in important cases in the civil and criminal courts with his friend, former Judge John W. Wescott (B.A. Yale 1872).

His chief diversion was found at his extensive farm, where during part of the summer he lived an out-door life.

Mr. Waln died of heart disease at his office in Philadelphia, April 2, 1910, at the age of 56 years. He never married, but made his home with four unmarried sisters. Another sister, married, resides in New York City. He was a member of the Society of Friends.

In 1888, when a cousin of the same name was killed while on a hunting trip in Wyoming, in the belief that he had died a sketch was published in the Obituary Record of 1889.

### 1880

JOHN ARNOLD AMUNDSON, son of Albert B. and Bertha (Jilson) Amundson, was born April 2, 1856, on a farm near Madison, Wisc., but when seven years of age removed with his parents to Rochester, Minn. After graduating at the head of his class in the High School there and serving as a lawyer's clerk, he fitted himself in Greek and part of the requisite Latin without a teacher and entered Yale without conditions.

While in college he was elected editor of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, won the DeForest Prize gold medal in Senior year for the best English oration, and at the end of his course was among the first scholars of the class.



The first and third years after graduation he was a student in the Yale Law School, the intervening year being spent in teaching in Bristol, Conn. During his law course he did much private tutoring, and in January, 1883, assumed a Tutorship in college for six months as a substitute for his classmate William M. Hall, whose health had failed. He declined to continue as Tutor the next year, and began the practice of his profession. He was admitted to the New York bar in June, 1885, and was at first connected with Henry A. Bogart, but in January, 1887, opened an office by himself. From May 1, 1888, until January 1, 1891, he was in partnership with his classmate Edwin C. Ward, under the firm name of Amundson & Ward, but since then had practiced alone. In addition to a large private practice he had the legal care of several large estates, the interests of which with recreation gave occasion for many trips abroad, as well as extensive travel in this country.

Mr. Amundson died in Paris, France, August 9, 1909, at the age of 53 years. He was vestryman of St. James Protestant Episcopal Church, New York City.

He married, September 18, 1884, Carrie, daughter of Curtiss Joseph Monson of New Haven, and Caroline Elizabeth (Wilmot) Monson. She died June 19, 1894, and three of their four daughters are also deceased.

Mr. Amundson married again, September 25, 1901, Augusta Robinson Paige, daughter of William and Alice (Grassie) Paige, of Rutland, Vt.

### 1881

JOHN BURNETT COLLINS, son of Thomas Waller Collins and Sarah (Burnett) Collins, was born May 7, 1859, in Mount Vernon, Kans., but spent his boyhood at Oregon, Mo. In 1875 the family moved to St. Joseph, Mo., where he finished his preparatory studies at the High School.

While in college he rowed on the class crew four years, and on the University crew the last three years, being captain of the latter.

After graduation he spent a year in extended foreign travel, and the following year visited a large part of the United States. Returning then to St. Joseph, he began the study of law, but in the spring of 1884 gave it up and started in the cattle business at Mound City, Mo. The same year he was a delegate to the Democratic State Convention in St. Louis. In 1885 he entered the employ of the Nave-McCord Mercantile Company of St. Joseph, but the next year became secretary and treasurer of the Davis-Collins Grocery Company, a firm organized by his previous employers. This was succeeded in 1887 by McCord & Collins, and in 1891 by the McCord-Collins Commerce Company. In 1893 this company established its headquarters at Fort Worth, Texas, with Mr. Collins as vice-president and general manager. In 1894 he was made president of the company, whose business steadily increased, with branch houses in many cities.

He was officially connected with several other business corporations, being president of the Spindle Top Oil Company from 1901, vice-president of the Nave-McCord Cattle Company, a director in the Mokaska Manufacturing Company of St. Joseph, and a director in the Hunter-Phelan Savings and Trust Company of Fort Worth.

Mr. Collins married at St. Joseph, Mo., Mary Ada, eldest daughter of James and Mary Elizabeth (Hallack) McCord. She died September 30, 1906, leaving no children.

Mr. Collins died of pneumonia at his home in Fort Worth, March 16, 1910, in the 51st year of his age.

By his will he left a generous bequest to be added to his Class Fund for the University.

FREEMAN CLARK GRISWOLD, son of Whiting Griswold (B.A. Amherst 1836) and Fannie Lincoln (Clark) Gris-

wold, was born December 15, 1858, in Greenfield, Mass., where his father was a lawyer. His mother died in 1867 and his father in 1874. He was prepared for college at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduation he spent three years at the Harvard Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1884, and practiced his profession in Greenfield seven years. In 1888 he was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, elected on the Democratic ticket, although previous to 1883 he was a Republican. He afterward returned to the Republican party. From 1891 to 1894 he was in practice in Boston, and since then in New York City, for ten years past associated with the firm of Phillips & Avery.

Mr. Griswold died after an illness of some months in Boston January 29, 1910, at the age of 51 years. He was unmarried.

RICHARD AUGUSTUS PEABODY, son of Augustus Stephen Peabody, a banker and broker, and Harriet (Sanderson) Peabody, was born October 12, 1860, in Philadelphia, Pa.

After attending St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., he finished his college preparation in the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven.

While in college he played four years on his class baseball nine, was president of the University Baseball Association, warbler on the University Glee Club, and was a member of the last Thanksgiving Jubilee Committee.

In the fall after graduation he entered the employ of Knapp & Peabody, but since 1882 had been an independent stock broker in New York, owning a seat in the Stock Exchange until he sold it on account of failing health about six weeks before his death. He was a member of several recreation clubs, and had made a number of trips abroad.

Mr. Peabody died at his home in New York City January 29, 1910, at the age of 49 years. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.



He married, in Buffalo, N. Y., June 22, 1895, Mary Chester Miller, daughter of George W. and Kate (Chester) Miller. She survives him with a son and daughter.

## 1882

LEVI IVES SHOEMAKER, son of Hon. Lazarus (Denison) Shoemaker, Representative in Congress from 1871 to 1875, and one of the most public-spirited citizens of Wilkes-Barré, Pa., was born in that city September 28, 1859. His mother was Esther (Wadhams) Shoemaker.

He was prepared in the Hopkins Grammar School, and after graduation from college he studied medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his medical degree there in 1886. After a year as resident physician in the City Hospital of Wilkes-Barré, and seven months of service in the Pennsylvania and University Hospitals, in May, 1888, he began the practice of his profession in his native city. In addition to his private practice he was attending physician to the City Hospital and the Home for Friendless Children and consulting physician at Mercy Hospital. He was also a trustee of the Danville Hospital for the Insane, and division surgeon for both the Pennsylvania and New Jersey Central Railroads. In addition to membership in several medical societies he was a life member of the Wyoming Historical and Geological Association. He was a director of the Second National Bank, and of the Wilkes-Barré Lace Manufacturing Company.

Dr. Shoemaker died suddenly of heart trouble, September 27, 1909, at Bad Nauheim, Germany, where he was staying with his wife and sister while on an extended tour through Europe. He had almost completed his fiftieth year.

He married, November 27, 1889, Cornelia W. Scranton, of Scranton, Pa., who survives him with his three sisters, one of whom is the widow of George Lewis Dickerman (B.A. Yale 1874).

Dr. Shoemaker left for the endowment of the Yale Medical School a munificent bequest, which is subject to a life interest. He was a nephew of Dr. Levi Ives (M.D. Yale 1838), who was for fifty years a physician in New Haven. Dr. Ives's father, Dr. Eli Ives (Yale 1799), was one of the originators of the Medical Institution of Yale College, and at its organization in 1813 was appointed one of the first five professors, rendering distinguished service in this office for forty years.

## 1883

DENISON BALDWIN TUCKER, son of James Coit and Ellen M. (Walbridge) Tucker, was born July 25, 1860, in Norwich, Conn.

After graduation he was in the home office of the State Mutual Life Assurance Company in Worcester, Mass., but in 1885 went to Texas and was on a sheep ranch for about a year. Returning to Worcester he went into business with G. S. & A. J. Howe, wholesale dealers in oils, dye-stuffs, and chemicals, and became president of the company. He was later a life insurance agent in New Haven, then went to Alaska on an exploring and commercial venture.

Mr. Tucker died of heart disease at Providence, R. I., May 31, 1909, in the 49th year of his age.

He married, February 20, 1890, Miss Lillian Ross Lynde, of Worcester, sister of his classmate George Stanley Lynde, M.D.

## 1884

CHARLES WILSON COPELAND was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 21, 1863, the son of Charles E. and Helen (Brown) Copeland. He was prepared for college at the Adelphi Academy.

While in college he was coxswain of his class crew, took part in track athletics, and was greatly interested in all kinds of sports. He was an extensive reader, and particularly well informed in history and music.

After his graduation he was connected for many years with his father's firm of Copeland & Bacon, manufacturers of machinery, and subsequent to 1890 established a branch office in Chicago. For the past ten years he had been employed by the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn, where he made his home.

He died in Brooklyn, November 12, 1909, at the age of 46 years. He was unmarried.

CHARLES JESUP JENNINGS, son of Rev. William Jesup Jennings (B.A. Yale 1843) and Matilda D. (Greene) Jennings, was born September 27, 1859, at Seneca Falls, N. Y., where his father was then pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. He was prepared for College at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, and during his course at Yale spent several terms in teaching, thus earning means to complete his studies.

On graduation he was at once appointed principal of the Huntington (L. I.) High School, continuing there fourteen years, his school maintaining a reputation for superior work. Soon after Jamaica became a part of the city of New York in September 1898, he was placed in charge of the consolidated public schools of the old town of Jamaica, but for the last year or two his work had been exclusively in the High School. Besides devoting himself earnestly to his school work, he was secretary of the New York Schoolmaster's Club. In Huntington he was an elder in the Central Presbyterian Church and in Jamaica trustee of the First Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Jennings died of typhoid fever April 23, 1910, at his home in Jamaica, at the age of fifty years.

He married, December 24, 1898, Edith H. Warren (B.A. Wellesley 1890), daughter of Rev. George F. Warren, D.D., and Emma B. Warren. She survives him with a daughter and son.



## 1885

JOHN COUCH FLANDERS was born January 15, 1865, in Portland, Oregon. His parents were George H. and Maria L. Flanders, pioneer settlers from New England. His uncle, John H. Couch, after whom he was named, was a sea captain. His preparatory education was obtained in Bishop Scott Academy, Portland.

After graduation he read law in a private office in Portland, was admitted to the bar in 1887, and since 1891 had been a member of the firm of Williams, Wood & Linthicum, one the oldest firms in the State. He was the firm's specialist in admiralty law.

In 1891 he became a member of the "Port of Portland Commission" for the improvement of navigation on the Willamette and Columbia Rivers. For a number of years he was a trustee of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, and later of the Lewis and Clark Commission, under whose auspices the Exposition of 1905 was organized. The success of the Exposition was considered in no small measure due to him.

He was for several years president of the Columbia River & Northern Railway Company, of The Dalles, Portland & Astoria Navigation Company, and was a director of the Portland & Seattle Railway Company.

Mr. Flanders died at Portland, January 20, 1910, at the age of 45 years.

He married in Portland, January 1, 1906, Mabel Claire, daughter of William T. and Martha F. (Abernethy) Houston. She survives him, also his mother.

## 1886

ARTHUR GOEBEL, son of Frederick Goebel, was born March 22, 1863, at Carbondale, Pa., and was fitted for college in Cincinnati, O. His father died when he was young, and he entered college from Covington, Ky.

After his graduation he studied law for a year, but his health failed, and he then spent two years in travel.

Taking up a business life, he became a partner in the firm of Lowry & Goebel, wholesale and retail dealers in carpetings in Cincinnati. His home was in Covington, Ky. In 1900 his brother, Governor William Goebel of Kentucky, was murdered, and since then he had spent much time in trying to bring the murderers to justice.

Mr. Goebel died of heart failure at the home of his brother, Justus Goebel, near Phoenix, Ariz., January 20, 1910. He had suffered for five years from rheumatism. He was 46 years of age.

WILLIAM HENRY PARKS, son of William Henry and Eliza (Wells) Parks, was born November 6, 1863, at Clinton, Conn.

After graduation he remained at Yale, studying history, Greek, and Sanskrit in the Graduate Department and receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1886. The following fall he went to Pennington (N. J.) Seminary as an instructor in the Greek language and literature, but after a year and a half on account of the development of consumption he resigned his position there, and after spending a year at Clinton, then went to Colorado, where he became principal of the public schools of Creede. Not long afterward he reached San Francisco, where he remained most of the time until March, 1896. He then sailed for Greece, to see the revival of the Olympic games at Athens, then gradually traveled to Smyrna and Constantinople, and on to Paris, where he spent ten years. During his residence in Paris he translated from the French newspapers a financial review of the bourse every week for the *United States Investor*, of Boston. He also wrote letters for the *New York Tribune*, translated several volumes, and did private tutoring. On his return to the United States, about 1905, he lived for a time in Branford, Conn., with his aunt, Mrs.

Edwin R. Kelsey, Sr., and from there was admitted to the tuberculosis hospital in Wallingford. From Wallingford he went to Clinton, and had since remained with Mr. and Mrs. Zadoc E. Morgan. During the last two years he had seldom been out of the house. He died January 24, 1910, at the age of 46 years. He was a member of the Methodist Church in Clinton. Besides his aunt, Mrs. Kelsey, three cousins were his only near relatives.

## 1887

THOMAS HAMLIN CURTIS, younger son of Thomas W. T. Curtis (B.A. Dartmouth 1844) was born at Hallowell, Me., May 9, 1866. His mother was Virginia Hamlin, daughter of Governor John Hubbard (B.A. Dartmouth 1816) of Hallowell, and sister of General Thomas H. Hubbard, LL.D. (B.A. Bowdoin 1857). His boyhood was spent in New Haven, where he was prepared for college at the Hill-house High School, of which his father was the principal for nearly twenty years.

In Sophomore year he won the first premium for the solution of mathematical problems, in Junior year the first Winthrop prize for the most thorough acquaintance with the Greek and Latin poets, and at graduation was valedictorian of his class.

After a year in the service of the Duluth & South Shore Railroad, he spent a year in the study of engineering in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, accomplishing two years' work in one, and was then for several years in the employ of the Great Northern Railroad in various parts of the Northwest. After spending a year and a half in the East he went to Oregon in July, 1905, and joined the engineering corps building the Astoria & Columbia River Railroad, was soon appointed chief engineer, then treasurer of the road in 1896, and later vice-president. In 1900 he became also chief engineer of the Corvallis & Eastern Railroad,



but in the spring of 1906 resigned both positions to engage in the private practice of his profession and in the real estate business at Astoria. His exceptional ability and sterling character won the trust and affection of his associates.

He married in New Haven, Conn., June 4, 1907, Clarine, daughter of Burton Gregory and Sarah Jane (Buckingham) Warner. Since then his home had been in Portland, Oregon.

Mr. Curtis died at the Good Samaritan Hospital in Portland, February 13, 1910, in the 44th year of his age. Though naturally of an unusually robust constitution, he had never thoroughly recovered from a very severe attack of typhoid fever in 1897, but had ever since suffered greatly at times from some obscure cause that would not yield to treatment. The difficulty was finally developed by an attack of grip early in January, and after an heroic struggle he succumbed to a systemic infection from the colon bacillus.

His wife, infant daughter, and mother survive him, also a sister who is the wife of Rev. George Heber Woodhull (B.A. Yale 1885). His brother and classmate, John Hubbard Curtis, died in 1898.

CLINTON LARUE HARE, son of Marcus L. and Julia A. (Haines) Hare, was born in Noblesville, Ind., November 7, 1864, but removed to Indianapolis during his boyhood, and was prepared for college at the High School in that city.

After graduation from college he entered the law office of Harrison, Miller & Elam, in Indianapolis, the senior member of the firm being Benjamin Harrison (Miami Univ. 1852), who soon afterward became President of the United States. He was admitted to the bar in 1890, and for a time was in the office of Winter & Elam. In 1900 he became vice-president of J. C. Perry & Co., wholesale grocers.

Mr. Hare died at his home in Indianapolis June 4, 1909, from cancer of the throat, from which he had suffered for more than a year. He was in his 45th year. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married October 14, 1891, Marea Fletcher, daughter of J. B. and Myla F. Ritzinger of Indianapolis, who survives him with three daughters and three sons.

HENRY IVISON, son of David Brinkerhoff Ivison and Emeline (Crane) Ivison, was born July 12, 1865, at Rutherford, N. J. He joined the class in Sophomore year from the preceding class.

On graduation he entered the office of Ivison, Blakeman & Company, publishers of New York City, and in 1888 became a member of the firm. In May, 1890, this firm was merged in the American Book Company, and he was in charge of the manufacturing department. During this time his home was in Rutherford, N. J., and he was for two years president of the Board of Health there. In 1900 he was for a short time a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and since then had not been regularly engaged in business. While at a sanitarium in Litchfield, Conn., he died from a self-inflicted bullet wound, April 8, 1910. He was in his 45th year.

He married May 16, 1888, Bertha, daughter of Charles W. Hollinshead of Philadelphia, and had two sons, who with Mrs. Ivison survive him.

### 1890

JAMES WILLCOX THOMPSON, son of Curtis Thompson (*hon.* M.A. Yale 1871), a lawyer of Bridgeport, Conn., and Marie Louise (Willcox) Thompson, was born October 23, 1869, in Stamford, Conn. He was prepared for college in the Bridgeport High School, and entered Yale from that city.

Soon after graduation he went to Tennessee, was admitted to the bar of Knox County, February 23, 1891, and after a two years' course of study in the University of Tennessee received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June,

1892. He also studied in the law office of Charles Seymour, Esq., in Knoxville. He was admitted to the Connecticut bar January 10, 1893, and in the spring of that year was appointed assistant clerk in the office of the Secretary of State in Hartford. In September, 1894, he became a member of the law firm of Thompson, Wakeman & Thompson in Bridgeport, and after the death of his father in 1904 he practiced alone. In April, 1896, he was elected a member of the Board of Alderman, and in 1897 was made president of the Board.

Mr. Thompson died of diabetes at his home in Bridgeport July 6, 1909, at the age of 40 years.

### 1891

FREDERICK WILLIAM GRAU, son of Charles C. Grau, a druggist, was born January 7, 1870, in Brooklyn, N. Y. He was enrolled as a member of his class in 1909.

After his college course he studied law in the office of Judge James Troy, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was admitted to the bar in September, 1891, and since then had practiced his profession in Brooklyn, residing at Corona, L. I., N. Y., where after an illness of five months he died February 21, 1910, at the age of 40 years.

He married in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 7, 1892, Pauline, daughter of Charles J. and Almina (Gerken) Fox, who survives him with two sons and a daughter.

CLEMENT GRUBB SMITH, son of Colonel Heber L. Smith, and E. Jennie (Grubb) Smith, was born March 8, 1870, in Lancaster, Pa., where his father was in the iron business.

After graduation he devoted much time to the management of the estate of his grandfather, Charles B. Grubb, an iron manufacturer of Mt. Hope, and since about 1905 had been with the Pennsylvania Steel Company at Steelton and Lebanon, Pa. He was also a director of the Pennsylvania Trust Company.



He married, June 5, 1906, Edith Watts Comstock, daughter of George Stedman and Julia (Watts) Comstock, of Mechanicsburg, and had recently made his home at Mount Hope, Pa. He was a warden of the Episcopal Church.

Mr. Smith died suddenly at the University Club, Philadelphia, March 11, 1910, at the age of 40 years. Mrs. Smith and a daughter survive him.

### 1893

JOHN HARVEY WIGGINTON, son of John Henry Wigginton, a mechanic, was born December 8, 1864, near Bladensburg, Md. He was fitted for college at Worcester (Mass.) Academy.

Upon graduating from the Academical Department he entered the Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1897. He was admitted to the bar in Maryland, practiced his profession at Bladensburg two years and then in Chicago, Ill., a year.

In 1898 he was called to Selma University, an institution for the higher education of the colored race at Selma, Ala., where he taught Greek and Latin, and from May, 1905, was also Dean and Register of the Literary Department. In the early part of 1909 failing health compelled him to give up his work there, and in April he returned to the home which he had bought for his mother in Brentwood, Md., where he died of nervous prostration brought on by overwork, May 21, 1909, in the 45th year of his age.

Mr. Wigginton married September 26, 1906, Mahalath Frances, daughter of Thomas Jackson, of Washington, D. C., who survives him. A son died in infancy.

His associates at Selma and elsewhere highly esteem his service to Selma University and to his race.

1894

IRA MERRILL CARLEY, son of Rufus W. and Rosabella (Merrill) Carley, was born May 11, 1871, in Shelburne Falls, Mass. He was prepared for college at the Arms Academy and the New Haven High School.

After graduation he studied the Sloyd system of manual training in Boston. In February, 1895, he was chosen to take charge of the Sloyd work in the Cook County Normal School of Chicago, and when the Francis W. Parker School was founded Mr. Carley was made principal of the High School department, and was successful in the work, but in the winter of 1906 his lungs became affected, and he sought health in Arizona and New Mexico. At the end of 1908 he went to Colorado Springs but developed acute heart trouble, in consequence of which he was ordered by his physician to a lower altitude. He returned East to Lowell, Mass., where his heart suddenly failed, October 6, 1909, in the 39th year of his age.

He married, June 26, 1901, Helen Mitchell Keightley, daughter of Hon. Edwin W. Keightley, of Constantine, Mich. She died February 4, 1904, leaving a daughter twenty months old.

EDWARD JOSEPH GARVAN, son of Hon. Patrick and Mary (Carroll) Garvan, was born May 17, 1871, in Hartford, Conn. He was one of eleven children. He was fitted for college at the Hartford High School.

After graduation he studied a year in the New York Law School and a year in the Yale Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the latter in 1896. He was for four years City Clerk of Hartford, the first clerk and attorney for the Hartford Business Men's Association, and in 1903 was elected Judge of the Police Court of Hartford. In this office he served five years, during which the probation system for prisoners and the juvenile

court were started. January 1, 1908, he resigned his judgeship and his legal practice, becoming vice-president of the P. Garvan Company, Incorporated. He also aided in the organization of the Riverside Trust Company in 1907. In 1909 he was appointed a member of the Hartford Juvenile Commission.

Judge Garvan died at his home in Hartford, March 4, 1910, after a serious illness of six months from stomach trouble. He was 38 years of age, and unmarried.

RAYMOND LLOYD, son of Major Harlan Page Lloyd (B.A. Hamilton 1859), an attorney, and Harriet (Raymond) Lloyd, was born December 9, 1871, in Cincinnati, O. He was prepared for college at Pottstown, Pa.

Upon graduation he began the study of law, spending a year each in the Cincinnati and Yale Law Schools, but in October, 1896, became a teacher in the Union School, Angelica, N. Y. In June, 1898, he resumed law study in Angelica with Hon. David P. Richardson (B.A. Yale 1856), and was admitted to the bar in Rochester, N. Y., in 1900, and in July of that year opened a law office in Athena, Or., where he remained till December, 1901. For a year and a half following he was in the real estate and mining business in Seattle, Wash., and since then had been a valued and successful representative for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company there. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Lloyd died suddenly at Seattle, December 27, 1909, and was buried there. He was 38 years of age.

### 1895

ALFRED BURDETTE HUGHES, son of Alfred and Mary (Rowe) Hughes, was born March 29, 1872, in East Haven, Conn. He was prepared for college at the New Haven High School.



After graduation he took the course in the Yale Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1897, and was then associated in practice with the New Haven law firm of Pardee & Wright until he opened an office of his own. Two years later he was appointed chief clerk of the Department of Charities and Corrections of New Haven, and continued in the position for over four years, until his death at his home in New Haven, March 4, 1910. He had been ill a week from pneumonia. He was in the 38th year of his age and unmarried. His mother, a brother, and a sister survive him.

Mr. Hughes was fond of hunting, and to this and other sports he devoted many of his hours of recreation.

ROGER WIDDRINGTON WHINFIELD, son of Charles Wid-drington Whinfield, a banker, and Laura E. (Coleman) Whinfield, was born March 9, 1874, at Beaver Dam, Wisc.

After graduation he traveled abroad, was later cashier of the Bank of Burlington (Wisc.), but resigned in 1900, and since then had occupied all his time in travel.

October 31, 1901, he married Miss Ann Harrison, of Xenia, O., who died November 30, 1907, during a trip around the world. He afterward married, February 20, 1909, Miss Eleanor Quinby, of Dresden, Germany.

Mr. Whinfield died of Asiatic cholera at Königsberg, Prussia, July 21, 1909, at the age of 35 years.

## 1896

EDGAR STIRLING AUCHINCLOSS, son of Edgar Stirling Auchincloss (B.A. N. Y. University 1864), a commission merchant, was born December 13, 1874, in New York City. His mother was Maria La Grange (Sloan) Auchincloss, daughter of Samuel Sloan, who was for thirty years president of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

Immediately after his graduation from college he engaged in business in New York City, entering the general freight department of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad as a clerk. In the spring of 1897 he was appointed assistant general agent of the freight department. In January, 1901, he left the railroad business, and soon entered the brokerage office of H. T. Carey & Company. In August of the same year he purchased a seat in the New York Stock Exchange, and from May 1, 1904, to May 1, 1906, was a member of the firm of Wells, Auchincloss & West. After that he was an independent broker.

Mr. Auchincloss died of diabetes at his home in New York, May 4, 1910, at the age of 35 years. He had been in failing health since 1905, and since then had spent much time in travel.

He married in New York City, February 14, 1899, Marie Louise, daughter of J. Varnum Mott, who died in September following. He married again, April 14, 1903, Catherine Sanford, daughter of Andrew Gifford Agnew of New York City, who survives him with three daughters and a son.

Four brothers graduated from the Academical Department, in 1901, 1903, and 1908 (two) respectively, and three uncles from the University (B.A. 1871, Ph.B. 1873, and B.A. 1879, respectively).

ALBERT SARGENT DAVIS, son of William Henry Davis (B.A. Rochester 1868) and Mary Elizabeth (Sargent) Davis, was born March 2, 1873, in Cincinnati, O. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After graduation from college he engaged in the publishing business, at first with Macmillan & Company, and later with Charles Scribner's Sons. In 1901-02 he experimented with a new process of making photogravure plates as a member of the firm of Post & Davis, and he was also connected with the American Lithographic Company.

After the death of his invalid sister in April, 1905, he left the publishing business, and entered the statistical department of Redmond & Company, the New York bankers, and became head of the department.

Mr. Davis married at Barrington, R. I., September 1, 1906, Ruth Lathrop Anthony, daughter of Orrin Spencer Anthony, president of the Anthony Coal and Lumber Company of East Providence, R. I., and Hattie Louise (Lathrop) Anthony.

He died from mastoiditis in the Rhode Island Hospital in Providence, August 29, 1909, at the age of 36 years. His widow and an infant son survive him. A brother, Howard Lee Davis, graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1899.

McKEE DUNN McKEE, second of the three sons of David Ritchie McKee and Frances Elizabeth (Dunn) McKee, was born October 21, 1873, in Washington, D. C. His mother was the daughter of William McKee Dunn, LL.D. (B.A. Indiana 1832, *hon.* M.A. Yale 1835), Judge Advocate General.

He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H. During his college course he attained high rank in scholarship, and from Sophomore year onward was a member of the University Glee and Banjo Clubs.

The first year after graduation he spent in Washington, and most of the five years following in New York City, in the latter city being at first with the Wall Street firm of Bertron & Storrs, and then with the Compressed Gas Capsule Company until 1900. While in New York he was mainly responsible for organizing the annual class dinners which have since become such a pleasant institution. At the opening of the Spanish War in May, 1898, he enlisted in the service of the United States as a private in Troop A, New York Volunteer Cavalry, June 11 was commissioned Second Lieutenant of the United States Signal Corps, and



served as aide-de-camp to Brigadier-General Wallace F. Randolph at Port Tampa, Florida, and at Daiquiri, Cuba. After the surrender of Santiago he sailed for Camp Wikoff, and was honorably discharged December 8, 1898.

In 1900 he visited Alaska with his brother Lanier McKee (B.A. Yale 1895) and on his return in the fall he became interested with his classmates Neale and Brinckerhoff Thorne in the Buck Run Coal Company at Minersville, Pa.

After 1901 his health failed, and on the advice of physicians he led an out-of-door life in the Adirondacks, New Mexico, and then for several years at Asheville, N. C. In that city he thoroughly identified himself with the life of the place, and interested himself in various movements for the improvement of the community. Besides his health-seeking he was able to do a little business in insurance and in the sale of timber lands.

Mr. McKee died at the home of his father in Washington, D. C., February 3, 1910, at the age of 36 years.

He married at Washington, December 27, 1902, Henrietta, daughter of Paymaster-General Alfred E. Bates, U. S. A., of Washington, who survives him with a son and daughter. His brothers graduated from the Academical Department in 1895 and 1903, respectively.

NEIL BERNARD MALLON, son of Hon. Patrick Mallon, a law partner of Hon. Alphonso Taft (B.A. Yale 1833) and Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Hamilton County, O., was born December 4, 1874, in Cincinnati, O. His mother was Sophia Pitchers (Beadle) Mallon.

He was fitted for college at the Taft School, Watertown, Conn. In college he was manager of the class baseball team.

The summer after graduation he spent with classmates in Europe, then took the course in the Cincinnati Law School, graduating in 1898. He was admitted to the Ohio bar in June of that year, but practiced only for a short time. In

February, 1899, he went to Newark, O., and took charge of the Newark Gas Light & Coke Company. The next year he returned to Cincinnati and was in the employ of the American Process Engraving Company, but after a year became secretary and treasurer of the Ohio Bell Pure Air & Cooling Company. In 1902 he took charge of construction work for the contracting firm of H. E. Talbot & Company of Dayton, O. Not wishing to undertake work in the mountains of Kentucky for them he resigned his position in April, 1904, and returned to Cincinnati as the representative of the Dodge Manufacturing Company of Mishawaka, Ind., makers of pulleys, shaftings, and power transmission machinery. The following fall he went to Florence, Colo., to examine oil-well plans of Eastern capitalists, and in January, 1906, was appointed chief inspector in the Engineering Department of the Board of Public Service of Cincinnati, and was later in business with the Remmers Soap Company.

Mr. Mallon died of hemorrhage of the stomach at Bethesda Hospital, Cincinnati, September 1, 1909, in the 35th year of his age. He was unmarried, and resided with a sister and brother-in-law, Edward B. Sargent (B.A. Yale 1883). His brother Guy graduated from the Academical Department in 1885.

THOMAS EDWARD REYNOLDS, son of Michael Gill and Mary (Campbell) Reynolds, was born July 2, 1872, in Meriden, Conn. For twenty-five years his father was in the grocery business, and subsequently in the fire insurance business. The son was prepared for college in Meriden and at Mount Holly Academy, N. J.

After graduation he was in ill health for three years, was then in the fire insurance business for about two years, then paymaster for the J. D. Bergen Company of Meriden until April, 1902. On recovering from illness he was employed in Buffalo by the John Hancock Insurance Company and the New York Life Insurance Company until June, 1904,

then traveled for Lautz Brothers & Company, soap makers of Buffalo, the next year for Swift & Company of Chicago, and Bloch Brothers Tobacco Company of West Virginia. After another severe illness he was for three years cost clerk for the Holmes & Edwards Silver Company of Bridgeport. While installing a cost system for the Strong Manufacturing Company in Winsted, Conn., of which his classmate H. G. Strong is an officer, he was taken with a paralytic shock and died shortly afterward, November 6, 1909, at the home of Mr. E. D. Larkin. He was 37 years of age. He was not married. Besides his parents a brother and two sisters survive him.

## 1897

JULIUS LEONARD PARKE, son of Charles Augustus Parke, formerly a banker of Cincinnati, O., was born in Mount Vernon, Ind., November 10, 1875. His mother was Nina D. (Owen) Parke. He was prepared for college at the Franklin School, Cincinnati.

After graduation he studied architecture two years in Columbia University, then in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, after which he worked in architects' offices and in the Engineer's office of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company. He then engaged in the practice of his profession in Detroit, Mich., where his business had grown steadily. He superintended the construction of the High School building in Ann Arbor, Mich.

Mr. Parke died April 16, 1909, at the home of his mother in Cincinnati, after an illness of two months. He was 33 years of age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married in Cincinnati, in October, 1902, Mary Landell Trivett, daughter of Robert C. and Mary (Landell) Trivett. She survives him with three children.



JAMES HERVEY SIMPSON, son of Brigadier-General James Hervey Simpson (West Point 1832) and Elizabeth Sophia (Barup) Simpson, was born November 5, 1874, in St. Louis, Mo., and was fitted for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

After graduation he studied law in the University of Minnesota, and in the office of Flandreau, Squires, & Cutcheon, in St. Paul, Minn., then went to New York City, entering the office of Cutcheon & Hare, and finished his course in the New York Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1900. He practiced his profession in New York City, being connected with James, Schell, & Elkus for a year, and then having an office alone. He was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court June 1, 1903, and appeared before that court in two cases brought by tea importers of New York City to test the constitutionality of the Tea Act of 1897. He then returned to St. Paul, where he was Claims Agent of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company, and later in the claims department of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. He was then counsel for the John Wanamaker Company in New York City, but later removed to Wisconsin and became connected with the Weyerhaeuser Lumber Company of St. Paul.

Mr. Simpson was drowned in the Flambeau River, near Park Falls, Wisc., August 17, 1909, in the 35th year of his age.

He married in New York City, in 1904, Isabelle Rush Nelson, who survives him. A son died in infancy.

### 1898

DALLAS CANNON BYERS, second son of Alexander MacBurney and Martha (Fleming) Byers, was born June 22, 1875, at Allegheny, Pa. His father was head of the firm of A. M. Byers & Co., manufacturers of wrought iron pipe, also president of the Iron City Bank, and a director in the

Westinghouse Air Brake Company and the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company.

After a preparatory course at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., he came to college, and was a member of the University Track Team, and the last three years was a member of the University Banjo and Mandolin Clubs.

Upon graduation he became connected with his father's business, and since the death of his father in 1900 had been president of the company. He was also vice-president of the Girard Iron Company and of the Bank of Pittsburg.

Mr. Byers went to Europe in March, 1909, and at Berne, Switzerland, had an apparently successful operation performed for hernia. He was staying with his mother at Dinard, France, and died there suddenly August 26, 1909, at the age of 34 years. His mother, sister, and two brothers survive him.

His three brothers graduated from Yale, the eldest from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1894, and the others from the Academical Department in 1901 and 1904, respectively. In memory of his father and eldest brother, his mother gave Byers Memorial Hall to the Sheffield Scientific School to promote its social and religious life.

FREDERICK MANFRED WERNER, son of Henry and Sarah Werner, was born November 18, 1876, in New York City. His father was in the hide and leather business.

After his graduation from college he studied in the New York Law School, and after his admission to the bar was connected in his practice with the Guatemala Railroad litigation in 1899 and 1900. He was a candidate for New York State senator in 1903.

Mr. Werner died of acute nephritis in New York City, March 8, 1909, at the age of 32 years. He was a member of the Jewish church.

1899

MERWIN BOLTON BANGS, son of Lemuel Bolton Bangs (M.D. Columbia 1872), and Frances A. (Edwards) Bangs, was born August 29, 1877, in New York City. He was prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

During his Junior year in college he enlisted, May 3, 1898, in Battery A, First Connecticut Artillery, for service in the Spanish-American War, was in camp at Niantic, but was not sent to the front. He was mustered out of service October 25, 1898, and then returned to college.

After graduation he traveled, worked in a Wall Street broker's office for a few months, and then went to Kansas, where he became a successful ranchman, and since 1902 had lived in Hutchinson, Kans. There he died of diabetic coma December 25, 1909. He was 32 years of age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Bangs married Minette, daughter of Edward Dewey, a merchant of Milwaukee, Wisc. She survives him with two sons.

JOHN HARVEY BORDEN, was born April 22, 1878, in Colorado Springs, Colo., son of Charles E. Borden, a manufacturer. He was prepared for college at the Polytechnic Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y.

After graduation he studied medicine and physiology in Columbia University, from which he received both the degrees of Doctor of Medicine and Master of Arts in 1903. He was also Assistant in Bacteriology and Hygiene there in 1904-05. He was gaining success in his profession in New York City when he was taken ill and died August 10, 1908, at the age of 30 years.

CHARLES ABBOTT GREENE, son of Sylvanus Krum Greene, a produce dealer of Fairport, N. Y., was born there November 18, 1876. His mother was Sarah Ann (Bryant) Greene.



He was prepared for college in the Fairport Union Classical School. Upon his graduation from college he entered the Law School, and was at the same time Proctor in the College and for three years Assistant in the office of the Dean of the Graduate School.

After completing his law course he was a member of the law firm of Platt, Gilson & Greene, in New Haven, until September, 1902, when he became associated with Hon. James Brooks Dill (B.A. Yale 1876) in New York City, and in July, 1904, joined the firm of Underwood, Van Vorst & Hoyt.

While visiting Dr. Diefendorf (B.A. Yale 1894) in New Haven Mr. Greene was attacked by appendicitis. After an operation he was progressing favorably when peritonitis set in, and he died September 27, 1909. He was in the 33d year of his age.

He was to have married, October 12, Mabelle, daughter of Charles H. Howe of Fairport.

EDWARD CLARK UPTON, son of Edward Lytton and Marian (Barton) Upton, was born September 10, 1876, at Waukegan, Ill. His preparatory course was taken at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

After finishing his college course he studied at the Northwestern University Law School, from which he graduated in 1901, taking the three years course in two years. He entered the law firm of Cook & Upton, and later formed with his father the firm of Edward L. & E. C. Upton in Chicago.

Mr. Upton died of paralysis at "Larchmere," Waukegan, Ill., October 30, 1909, at the age of 33 years.

He married Mary, daughter of J. H. Buckley, of New Haven.

## 1900

HOLLISTER LOGAN, elder son of Walter Seth Logan (B.A. Yale 1870) and Eliza Preston (Kenyon) Logan, was born February 13, 1879, in Brooklyn, N. Y. His preparatory study was at the Ridge School, Washington, Conn., and the Berkeley School, New York City.

After his graduation from college he spent a year in the Harvard Law School and two years in the Columbia Law School, receiving from the latter the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1903. He was admitted to the New York bar the same year and entered the law office of Logan, Demond & Harby, of which his father was the head. After the latter's death in July, 1906, he became a member of the firm of Logan, Demond, Hanford & Read.

Mr. Logan died suddenly of heart disease in New York City, April 23, 1910, at the age of 31 years.

His brother is a member of the graduating class in the Academical Department.

## 1901

ROBERT WOODS CHANDLER, son of William Erastus Chandler, formerly a well-known choir-master and teacher of music in New Haven, Conn., was born in that city, February 3, 1878. His mother was Mary Pierce (Woods) Chandler, who died March 22, 1903.

He was fitted for college in the Hopkins Grammar School and Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered Yale with the class of 1900 but was out of college a year on account of illness, and joined the class of 1901 in Sophomore year. While in college he was one of the editors of the *Yale News*, manager of the University Bicycle Association, and organist of Dwight Hall.

After graduation he was for a time in the employ of the Midvale Steel Company of Philadelphia, and of Frank A. Munsey and Robert Grier Cooke. He was then for several years in the stock-brokerage business, at first with Day,

Adams & Company, in New York City, and then with Tucker, Hayes & Company in Boston.

Mr. Chandler died suddenly of diabetes at the home of his aunt in Enfield, Mass., January 13, 1910, in the 32d year of his age. He had been ill for three months but his condition had seemed to be steadily improving until a few days before his death.

He married October 4, 1906, Lucy Aline Tower (B.A. Smith 1905), daughter of Charles J. Tower, of Fall River, Mass., and since then had resided in Boston. Mrs. Chandler and his brother, William Woods Chandler (B.A. Yale 1896), survive him.

#### 1904

EDWARD MUSGRAVE LACEY, son of Hon. Edward S. and Annette C. (Musgrave) Lacey, was born November 22, 1881, in Charlotte, Mich. He took his preparatory course at Lawrenceville, N. J. Immediately after his graduation from college, he entered the employment of the Bankers National Bank of Chicago, and in 1908 was elected Assistant Cashier. This position he occupied until September 1, 1909, when the Bankers National Bank and the Commercial National Bank of Chicago were consolidated under the latter title. Of the consolidated bank he was an Assistant Cashier until his death.

Mr. Lacey died of inflammatory rheumatism at his home in Evanston, Ill., February 4, 1910. He was 28 years of age and unmarried. He was a member of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church of Evanston, Ill.

At the time of his birth his father was a member of Congress from the third district of Michigan, from 1889 to 1892 Comptroller of the Currency, from 1892 to 1909, president of the Bankers National Bank of Chicago, and since September 1, 1909, chairman of the board of directors of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago.



1905

FREDERICK LEONARD ADAMS was born June 19, 1883, in Brooklyn, N. Y., the son of David and Fredericka Bremer (Kline) Adams. His father was a member of the publishing firm of Beadle & Adams. He attended the Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven, and the Hotchkiss School, in preparation for college.

After his college graduation he took the course in the New York Law School, receiving his law degree in 1907, and meanwhile also held a clerkship in the law offices of Wells & Nash in New York City. He was admitted to the bar in 1907, and practiced his profession, continuing with the same firm. He took a lively interest in political matters, and was an active member of the Republican organization of his assembly district.

From his boyhood he had greatly enjoyed out-door life, and for over a dozen years past had spent several months each year at Temagami, Canada, in canoeing, fishing, and hunting. He had become sufficiently expert to receive from the Canadian government a license as guide.

Mr. Adams died in New York City, February 12, 1910, from blood poisoning resulting from an operation. He was 26 years of age, and unmarried.

JAMES JOSEPH HOGAN, son of John F. and Bridget (Meehan) Hogan, was born October 31, 1872, at Glenbane, Tipperary County, Ireland, but when he was a child his parents removed to Torrington, Conn., which was thereafter his home. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H.

During his Junior and Senior years he held the John Bennetto Scholarship. He played right tackle on the University Football Team for four years and was captain of the championship team of 1904. He was also a member of the Track Team, was manager of the University Dramatic

Association, president of the Newman Association, and at graduation was appointed the class representative of the Alumni University Fund Association.

After graduation he took the course in the Columbia Law School, and while there was on the staff of the *Law Review*. He was also football critic on the *New York World*. He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1908, and after a period with the law firm of Hatch & Clute he accepted an appointment under Commissioner Edwards of New York City as Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner. This position he filled with credit, but resigned early in 1910 with the purpose of taking up active law practice with the firm of Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett. But Bright's disease greatly aggravated by the grip laid him aside, and after three months of suffering he died from an acute attack of uræmia at the Elm City Hospital, New Haven, March 20, 1910, at the age of 37 years. He had been ill at his home in Torrington, Conn., but the day before his death was removed to New Haven in a special train provided by his college friends, whose devotion in his last days has been rarely equaled. A famous Yale athlete of an earlier day said of him: "His rugged honesty, unflinching morality, universal good nature, unselfish generosity, and manly demeanor made him one of the strongest and most lovable of Yale men. In Yale history there has been no more striking example of success in so short a life, achieved in a continual struggle against natural obstacles but brought about by unfailing perseverance with the principles of Christian manliness."

His parents, three sisters, and three brothers, one of them Dr. William J. Hogan (M.D. Yale 1898), survive him.

### 1907

CHARLES JULIUS DAVIS was born April 2, 1884, in Gloversville, N. Y., which has sent an unusually large number of students to Yale. His father was Charles F.

Davis, of the firm of Davis & Shafer, who conduct a laundry business. His mother was Jennie E. (Falvey) Davis.

He was prepared for college at the Gloversville High School, and while at home acted as assistant in the Public Library. His experience there trained him to give useful help at times of special need in the University Secretary's office during his college course.

He had long planned to enter the ministry as his life work, and expected to take the course in Drew Theological Seminary. The year after graduation from college he was assistant to the pastor of the Spring Street Presbyterian Church in New York City.

October 19, 1908, he married at Gloversville, Miss. Nellie W. Jones of that place, and then became pastor of the Methodist church at Diller, Nebr., where he died after an illness of five weeks from cerebro-spinal meningitis, June 16, 1909. He was 25 years of age.

WILLIAM SHELDON WHITTLESEY, youngest son of Rev. Nathan Hart Whittlesey, D.D. (B.A. Yale 1871), and Harriet Warner (Newell) Whittlesey, was born July 17, 1885, in Creston, Iowa, where his father was then pastor of the Congregational Church. In 1887 the family removed to Evanston, Ill., and in 1892 to New Haven, Conn., where he was prepared for college in the High School.

On entering college he received honorable mention in the S. H. Galpin Entrance Prize Competition, and at the end of Freshman year a Berkeley Premium for excellence in Latin composition. In Junior and Senior years he maintained a Philosophical Oration stand, and in Senior year held the Cox Scholarship. In Senior year he received the John Hubbard Curtis Prize for his essay, "An Out-Door Paper After the Manner of Thoreau."



After his graduation from college he spent a year as a private tutor in New Bedford, Mass., then entered the Graduate School for special work in English, received the Degree of Master of Arts in 1909, and was awarded the John Addison Porter Memorial Fellowship for further study. This fellowship he resigned in the fall, and planned to devote himself to literary production, for which he had already shown unusual ability. He was living with his brothers George N. Whittlesey (B.A. Yale 1900) and Richard E. Whittlesey (B.A. Yale 1906) in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he died from accidental asphyxiation, January 19, 1910. He was 24 years of age. The burial was in the Grove Street Cemetery in New Haven. Besides his brothers, his mother and a sister survive him.

He was a member of the (Congregational) Church of the Redeemer in New Haven. He will be affectionately remembered for his sunny nature, his high ideals, and the unusual beauty of his character and purity of his life.

### 1908

THOMAS HOOKER, son of Dr. Edward Beecher Hooker (M.D. Boston Univ. 1877) and Martha Clark (Kilbourne) Hooker, was born July 20, 1886, in Hartford, Conn. He was a grandson of John Hooker (Yale 1837), great-grandson of Edward Hooker (Yale 1805) and of Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher (Yale 1797), and a lineal descendant in the eighth generation of Rev. Thomas Hooker, founder of Hartford Colony.

After preparation in the Hartford public schools he entered college, and in Sophomore year was chosen a member of the *Yale News* Board. On completing his Academic course, he entered the Forest School, and had finished his first year there, when he was suddenly taken with appendicitis, of which he died at the Yale Infirmary, June 20, 1909. He was in his 23rd year and unmarried. He was an excel-

lent student, a man of high ideals and of peculiar personal charm. He was a member of the First Church of Christ, Hartford, of which his ancestor was the first pastor. His parents, a brother, Joseph Kilbourne Hooker (B.A. Yale 1909), and a sister survive him. He is buried in Cedar Hill Cemetery, Hartford.

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1851

MATTHEW TURNER NEWTON, son of Israel and Harriet (Turner) Newton, was born June 4, 1829, in Colchester, Conn., and took his preparatory course at Bacon Academy in that town.

After graduation from the Medical School he began professional practice in Salem, adjoining his native town. In 1853 he was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives from Salem, but at the close of the legislative session he removed to Suffield, which had since been his home.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he entered the army and in May, 1861, was commissioned Assistant Surgeon of the 3d Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. He took part in the first battle of Bull Run, July 21. The regiment was mustered out of service in August, and the following October he was commissioned Surgeon of the 10th Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, and was for a considerable time in camp near Beaufort, S. C. In February, 1864, on account of ill health, he resigned from active service, and as soon as his health would permit engaged in the wholesale tobacco business. This he continued until 1878, when he resumed medical practice, and gained a leading position in the community, combining with his professional skill thorough knowledge of human nature and rare personal charm.

In 1893 he was again a member of the legislature, serving as chairman of the committee on humane institutions. After this he retired from practice to a great extent, but continued in other influential positions. For many years he was chairman of the executive committee of the Trustees of the Connecticut Literary Institution, and for twelve years previous to 1906 was President of the Suffield Savings Bank. He was also a director of the Kent Memorial Library.



Dr. Newton died of paralysis at his home in Suffield, July 24, 1909, at the age of 80 years. He was a member of the Second Baptist Church.

He married, August 15, 1856, Louise A., eldest daughter of Samuel Austin, of Suffield, who died in 1883. She left a son who died later, and a daughter. Dr. Newton married again in July, 1893, Cornelia, daughter of Chauncey and Maria (Granger) Pomeroy of Suffield, who died July 28, 1909.

### 1871

THOMAS NEIL McLEAN, son of Allen Neil and Emeline (Barber) McLean, was born February 17, 1843, at Simsbury, Conn. His grandfather, Rev. Allen McLean (B.A. Yale 1805), was for fifty years pastor of the Congregational Church in Simsbury. His brother, Allen McLean (B.A. Yale 1865), died in 1882.

After a preparatory course in Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass., he entered the class of 1866 in the Academical Department, but left in Sophomore year to engage in business in Louisiana. He was a cotton planter for three years, and in the insurance business for a year, after which he returned North, and entered the Yale Medical School.

Since graduation he had practiced his profession in Elizabeth, N. J. He had been city physician, member of the Board of Health, visiting and consulting physician of the Elizabeth General Hospital, president of Union County (N. J.) Medical Society, delegate to the Thirteenth International Medical Congress of Medicine in Paris in 1900, president of the Elizabeth Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis, and director of the New Jersey Association for the same. He was an elder in the Westminster Presbyterian Church.

Dr. McLean was taken with pneumonia in Baltimore, Md., while on a pleasure trip, and died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, April 8, 1910, at the age of 67 years.

He married in New York City, October 13, 1875, Elizabeth, daughter of John Bayliss of High Ridge, Stamford, Conn. She survives him with two daughters.

### 1878

WALTER JOHN SMITH, son of a clergyman and physician, John Derby Smith (B.A. Yale 1832) and Susan (Anthony) Smith, was born January 10, 1857, at Berkley, Mass. His mother was the daughter of Dr. John Anthony, a physician of North Scituate, R. I. His grandfather, Dr. Nathan Smith (M.D. Harv. 1801), became the head of the newly organized Medical Institution of Yale College in 1813.

After a preparatory course of study in the High School at West Bridgewater, Mass., he served in the United States Navy three years as apothecary, and then entered the Yale Medical School in the fall of 1876.

He was medical examiner of the First District of Providence County, R. I., and health officer, also superintendent of schools of Scituate, R. I., but later removed to Providence, where he died March 13, 1910, in the 54th year of his age.

He married at Oswego, N. Y., August 12, 1902, Nellie Clephane Sivers, daughter of Henry Sivers. She survives him. Two brothers also became physicians.

### 1880

CHARLES EDWARD MCGOWAN, son of Edward and Ann (Woods) McGowan, was born October 8, 1855, in New Haven, Conn. He took his academic course at St. John's College, now Fordham University, New York, receiving his Bachelor's degree in 1877, and later the Master's degree.

On receiving his medical degree after three years of study in the Yale Medical School, because of the earnest wish of his mother he decided to study for the Roman Catholic priesthood. He entered St. Mary's Seminary, Baltimore,

Md., graduated there in 1884, and was ordained Priest in St. Patrick's Church, New Haven. For a number of years he was in charge of the church at Montville, Conn., and since then had been stationed at Hartford.

Father McGowan died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Cornelius Kiernan, in New Haven, March 14, 1910. He was 54 years of age. Two sisters and several nephews and nieces survive him.

### 1891

FREDERICK OSCAR CHAMBERLAIN was born at Sutter Creek, Cal., January 21, 1865, the son of Oscar Lafayette and Mary Zayde (Farrill) Chamberlain. His father was a native of Sparta, Livingston County, N. Y., in early life lived at Mount Morris in the same county, and removed to Sutter Creek, and finally to San Francisco. His mother was a native of Liverpool, England.

His early education was obtained at the Berkeley Gymnasium, Berkeley, Cal., and abroad, in Geneva and Paris. After receiving the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Letters at the University of Paris, in 1889 he entered the Yale Medical School and after graduation here studied again in Paris, where he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894, remaining in that city in practice for several years.

He married in New York City in 1893 Anna Kingsbury Fischer, daughter of Dr. Emil Fischer of Philadelphia. She died in 1898 on the Island of Jersey, and after that he broke down in health and gave up practice, returning to California, where he took up mining in the newly discovered fields of southern Nevada. Having gained substantial interests in mines in that state, in 1904 he established headquarters for his mining brokerage business in San Francisco. In 1907 he was elected a member of the governing and finance committees of the San Francisco Stock Exchange Board, and was president of the Board at the time of his death,



which occurred December 5, 1909, in San Francisco. He was 44 years of age.

He married a second time at San Francisco, April 5, 1903, Miss Helene L. Rosenfeld, who survives him.

As a physician he contributed to the London *Lancet* and New York *Medical News* in 1895-97, and published in Paris in 1894 the monograph "De la maladie de Basedow."

### 1902

JAMES JOSEPH DUNLEAVY, son of Patrick and Mary (McHale) Dunleavy, was born January 21, 1876, in New Haven, Conn. He took his preparatory course in the High School.

On graduating from the Yale Medical School he received an appointment as interne at St. Mark's Hospital, New York City, and later opened an office in 156th street. On account of ill health he was obliged to give up his practice, and returned to New Haven, where after an illness of several months he died February 6, 1910, at the age of 34 years. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

He married in New Haven, September 2, 1903, Anne, daughter of Cornelius and R. Augusta Kiernan. She survives him with one child.

### 1907

EDMUND LOWELL MARCY was born in Webster, Mass., April 6, 1882, the son of Emory W. and Georgia (Barton) Marcy.

After receiving his early education in the schools of Webster, he spent three years in Amherst College, at the end of which he entered the Yale Medical School.

While a student at Yale he was appointed an editor of the *Yale Medical Journal*.

After his graduation he at once removed to Buffalo, N. Y., and became associated in practice with his brother, Dr.

William H. Marcy. He was later junior surgeon of the Emergency Hospital, and surgeon for the New York Central Railroad.

Dr. Marcy died January 23, 1910, at the Sisters' Hospital, Buffalo, N. Y., after an illness beginning with scarlet fever the middle of December. He was in the 28th year of his age.

He married in July, 1903, Miss Lillian Glynn, of Amherst, who survives him.

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1859

SAMUEL COUCH KEELER, son of William Knox Keeler and Esther (Couch) Keeler, was born September 10, 1837, in Ridgefield, Conn. About 1848 the family removed to Catharine, afterward called Montour, in Schuyler (then Chemung) County, N. Y. He finished his preparatory studies at Lima (N. Y.) Seminary, entering the Law School in September, 1857.

He was admitted to the bar of the State of New York in May, 1860, and at once began practicing law at Havana, N. Y., the first year in partnership with Hon. Jeremiah McGuire with whom he had previously read law. From 1865 to 1867 he was district attorney for Schuyler County. He afterward practiced alone at Watkins, N. Y., until the fall of 1888 when he was elected county judge and surrogate of Schuyler County. To this office he was twice reelected, serving in all eighteen years. After his retirement from the bench, he resumed practice at Watkins.

In many important positions he showed his integrity, sound judgment and large capacity for thorough work. About 1873 he was appointed postmaster of Havana, and in 1887 and 1889 supervisor of the town of Montour. He was one of the trustees of the "People's College" at Montour, continuing as trustee under its later name of Cook Academy. He was chairman of the Republican county committee, a delegate to several Republican State Conventions and often a delegate to the judicial conventions of the district. For many years he was president of the Schuyler County Bar Association. He was a vestryman of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church of Montour Falls, and later a member of St. James's Church, Watkins.

Judge Keeler died at St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, after several months' illness, February 17, 1910, at the age of 72 years.



He married at Havana, N. Y., December 16, 1862, Octavia Isadore, daughter of George VanVleeck Hitchcock, a merchant, and had a son and daughter. Mrs. Keeler and their daughter survive, but their son, who was a student in Hobart College two years, and a lawyer at Watkins, N. Y., died in 1897.

### 1861

JAY EDWARD RUSSELL, son of Jeremiah and Sarah Eunice (Parmelee) Russell, and a lineal descendant of Rev. John Russell (Harvard 1645), was born November 19, 1835, at Branford, Conn.

He was prepared for college at Guilford (Conn.) Institute, was a student in Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., during two terms of Freshman year, and after teaching a year in Branford Academy, entered the Yale Law School in September, 1859.

After graduation he was Town Clerk of Branford from 1861 to 1866, and Judge of Probate of the Branford district from 1862 to 1869. In 1883 he patented the Hydraulic Giant, and since January 1, 1900, had been engaged at East Auburn, Cal., upon the project of providing from the American River a supply of mountain water and electricity for the cities of San Francisco, Berkeley, and Alameda. He was sole owner of the plant and machinery, with a thousand acres of land.

In 1893 he made a tour around the world by way of the Suez Canal.

Judge Russell died of heart disease at Auburn, Cal., February 19, 1909, at the age of 73 years. He was a member of the First Congregational Church of San Francisco.

He married in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 2, 1869, Caroline Mary, daughter of Robert Duncan, and had two daughters, the elder of whom with Mrs. Russell survives him.

## 1864

EDWARD WALTER DAWSON was born in New Haven, Conn., November 20, 1840, third of the seven children of William Holt Dawson and Martha C. (Wilmot) Dawson. His father was in early life a merchant in New York City, and later owner of a fruit farm in Westville.

While teaching in Milford and Westville, Conn., he began reading law, and during his second year in the Law School entered the office of Hon. Luzon B. Morris (B.A. Yale 1854), with whom he remained until admitted to the bar. He did not practice law, however, but was chiefly engaged in editorial work.

While in Italy for several months he was on the staff of General Garibaldi. After his return from that country he published in 1872 "The Castle of the Three Mysteries," translated from an Italian historical romance of the seventeenth century, and the following year "Benedict's Wanderings in Ireland, Scotland, Italy, and Sicily." He also wrote other books of travel and sketches.

Mr. Dawson was editor and publisher of the *Shasta Record* of Millville, Cal., from 1877 to 1881; of the *South Florida Progress*, *Florida Home Seeker*, and *Florida Trade Journal* from 1890 to 1903; editor of *Youth and Age Magazine*, Nashville, Tenn., and Waverly (N. Y.) editor and manager of the *Sayre (Pa.) Daily Times* until 1906, and for years had been manager of the *Keystone Guard* of Athens, and the *Pennsylvania Keystone Guard*.

He died at Camden, N. J., January 23, 1910, at the age of 69 years.

He married in New Haven, January 30, 1865, Alice Augusta, daughter of Willis Minor and Mary E. (Sperry) Smith. Their son is deceased, but Mrs. Dawson and their daughter are living.

## 1871

AARON BENEDICT GARDENIER, son of David William Gardenier, a farmer, and Elizabeth Ann (Benedict) Gardenier, was born September 26, 1848, in Kinderhook, N. Y. He studied in Taconic Institute at Lanesboro, Mass., at Seaside Institute, West Haven, Conn., and then entered the Yale Law School.

On his admission to the bar he began practice in his native town, where he was for nearly ten years in the law firm of Gardenier & Barrett, and then became associated with Hon. Sanford W. Smith of Chatham in the firm of Gardenier & Smith. From 1880 to 1889 he was District Attorney of the County, and was then elected a Representative in the State Legislature. The following year he removed to Chatham, and was reelected to the Assembly. In 1894 he was again a member, and chairman of the Judiciary Committee. In his earlier practice he gained a reputation for skill as a criminal lawyer, but later gave his attention to civil cases and to the work of counselor. For several years past he had ably filled the office of attorney for the New York Central Railroad Company.

Mr. Gardenier died at his home in Chatham June 18, 1909, in the 61st year of his age. His health had been failing for several months.

He married at Kinderhook, September 26, 1876, Elizabeth Gordon Rathbone, daughter of William Peckham Rathbone, a manufacturer of Valatie. She survives him with a son.

## 1872

HENRY FRANKLIN HALL, son of Henry Franklin and Elizabeth Peck (Buell) Hall, was born April 22, 1840, in Wallingford, Conn. He gained his early education in the Wallingford High School.

After graduation from the Law School he practiced his profession in Wallingford until 1900, and served as warden



of the borough and borough attorney. To him is largely due the municipal ownership of the Wallingford water-works.

He died in Middletown, Conn., February 24, 1910, after a long illness. He was 69 years of age.

Mr. Hall married October 5, 1881, Lucy, daughter of Thomas Asbury Hardy and Elizabeth (Pierce) Hardy. She survives him with two daughters.

#### 1884

RICHARD GLEESON, son of Thomas Gleeson, of Bridgeport, Conn., and Mary A. Parker (Spellacy) Gleeson, was born July 27, 1848, at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island. He was a student there in St. Dunstan's College, but in 1877 went to Ireland, where he graduated from St. John's College, Waterford.

After graduating from the Yale Law School he passed the bar examinations of New Jersey, but settled in practice in Meriden, Conn., in 1885, and remained there until his death, which occurred April 4, 1909. He was in the 61st year of his age.

He married, January 30, 1891, Susan M., daughter of Thomas Cooney, of Norwalk, Conn., who survives him with a daughter.

#### 1885

EDMUND BUTLER, son of Colonel Edmund Butler, was born March 16, 1859, in Baltimore, Md. His early education was obtained in the schools at the military posts where his father was stationed. On receiving the degree of Bachelor of Science from the University of Kansas in 1883 he entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation from the Law School he was proprietor and editor of the *Stock Growers' Journal* in Miles City, Mont., for a number of years, also police magistrate under

both Republican and Democratic administrations. In 1896 he married Miss Effie M. Eversoll, and moved to Carbon County, where he engaged in the drug business, also in real estate and insurance. Two years later he disposed of his interests there, and moved to Clarkston, Wash., where in addition to a real estate and insurance business, he owned a fruit ranch.

He died of heart failure at Clarkston, May 30, 1908, at the age of 49 years. Besides Mrs. Butler five brothers survive him.

### 1893

LAWRENCE MARSHALL BYERS, son of Major Samuel H. Marshall Byers, and Margaret (Gilmour) Byers, was born at Horgen, near Zurich, Switzerland, August 18, 1872. Major Byers was an officer of the Fifth Iowa Infantry in the Civil War, served for a time on Gen. Sherman's staff, and while in prison in South Carolina wrote the song "The March to the Sea," which became widely popular. After the war, he was for many years United States Consul at Zurich, and later was Consul General for Italy and for Switzerland, under Presidents Arthur and Harrison respectively.

He obtained his early education in Europe, graduated from Penn College at Oskaloosa, Ia., in 1890, and the following year was Penn Fellow in astronomy at Haverford College, from which he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1891. He then studied Roman law at the University of Zurich and finished his law course at Yale.

He entered upon the practice of his profession in Des Moines, Ia., giving lectures also in the Law Department of Drake University, and in 1903 was called to the Professorship of Pleading and Practice at the University of Iowa.

Professor Byers had started on a summer vacation journey to Switzerland and while aboard the steamship suffered from an ulcerated tooth which caused an abscess.

On reaching London he submitted to an operation for the relief of the trouble, and during the operation died under ether, July 7, 1909. He was in the 37th year of his age, and unmarried. His body was brought back and buried in Oskaloosa.

### 1897

ARCHIBALD FOOTE CLARK, son of Edgar K. Clark, was born August 27, 1869, in Buffalo, N. Y. Before coming to the Yale Law School he was a clerk in a railroad office in Buffalo, and in 1896 received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from the University of the State of New York.

After graduation from Yale he won a position by competitive examination in a publishing house, with which he remained three years, and then removed to New York City, entering the law firm of Gillette & Clark.

Mr. Clark died without warning October 15, 1909, in the New York County Court House, at the age of 40 years.

He married Emma, daughter of Henry Behman, of the firm of Hyde & Behman, theatrical managers. She survives him with a step-son.

### 1904

JESSE NAPOLEON SULZBERGER was born in New York City, August 4, 1882, and was the third son of Ferdinand and Rosa (Weil) Sulzberger, of the meat-packing firm of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger. His early education was gained in Germany, at Dr. Sach's Collegiate Institute in New York, and at the Riverside Academy in Poughkeepsie.

After his graduation from the Law School he became a director in one of his father's packing-houses, and was later made secretary of the firm.

Mr. Sulzberger died July 7, 1909, at the Mount Sinai Hospital, New York City, after an operation for appendicitis, following an illness of several weeks. He was in his 27th year, and unmarried.



1905

LON KIRBY WISEHART was born in Middletown, Ind., February 22, 1873, and spent about two years in Leland Stanford Junior University before entering the Yale Law School.

During his first year here his home address was given as Palo Alto, and the last two years as Newcastle, Ind.

Since his graduation he had practiced law in Los Angeles, Cal., where he died after an illness of three months, February 11, 1910, in the 37th year of his age.

He left a widow and a step-daughter.

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1852

WILLIAM PHIPPS BLAKE was born June 1, 1826, in New York City, the son of Dr. Elihu and Adeline Nancy (Mix) Blake. His father was a dentist of prominence residing in New York City from 1825 to 1875, and the originator of important improvements in dentistry, and a nephew of Eli Whitney, inventor of the cotton-gin. His mother was the only daughter of Captain Jonathan Mix, of New Haven, a patriot of the Revolution and inventor of the carriage spring, and of Elizabeth Mary (Phipps) Mix.

After study in the private schools of New York City he took the Chemical course in the Sheffield Scientific School, where he was a member of the earliest class graduated.

Upon his graduation he made a thorough exploration of the zinc region of northern New Jersey and of the phosphate of lime deposits of Essex County, N. Y., for the New Jersey Exploring and Mining Company, was chemist of the chemical works in Baltimore the same year, and also acted as assistant to the Professor of Chemistry in the New York Medical College, where he gave a course of lectures on mineralogy. He started the mineral department of the New York World's Fair and traveled for it in the Southern States in 1853, resigning to accept the appointment of mineralogist and geologist for the United States Survey in California for a practicable railroad route to the Pacific coast, and for explorations in the gold region of that state, the results of which were published in volume 5 of the Pacific Railroad Series. In 1857 he joined the wagon-road survey under Beale in Texas and New Mexico, where he found the ancient turquoise mine of the Aztecs. He made exploration of the gold regions in North Carolina and Georgia and was a mining engineer until about 1860. The following year he edited the *Mining Magazine*.

From 1861 to 1863 he was mining engineer to the Japanese government, and with Professor Raphael Pumpelly established at Hakodate the first school of science in Japan, teaching chemistry and geology in the school and in the field. He visited China and returned to the United States by way of Alaska, exploring the Stickeen River, and discovering the glacier, which with other features of the region he described in a special report. This was later sent as a message to Congress by President Grant. On reaching this country he was engaged as mining expert in descriptions and studies of the Comstock Lode, was elected Professor of Geology and Mining at the College of California, and was also mineralogist of the State Board of Agriculture at Oakland until 1867. In that year he was appointed commissioner from the Pacific coast to the Paris Exposition of 1867, and edited the Reports of the United States Commissioners for the State Department, published in six volumes. In 1873 he led the scientific corps in an expedition of the United States across the island of San Domingo. He was then United States Commissioner from Connecticut to the Centennial Exposition of 1876 in Philadelphia, serving on the committee on classification, and as executive commissioner until the appointment of the Commissioner-General. Under the auspices of the Smithsonian Institution he made a large collection to illustrate the mineral resources of the United States, and this became the basis of the collection in the National Museum at Washington. He also made a collection illustrating ceramic art. At the Paris Exposition of 1878 he was United States Commissioner, and secretary of the scientific commissioners, and for that of 1889 made a collection showing the mineral riches of the United States which was awarded a grand prize by the international committee. He prepared the scheme of classification for the Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893.

Since then he had been engaged in mining and explorations in Arizona and the Southwest, and in October, 1895, was appointed Professor of Geology and Mining and Direc-



tor of the School of Mines, at the University of Arizona, Tucson, Ariz. In 1905 he retired from this position, and was appointed Professor of Geology, *Emeritus*. Since his appointment by the Governor of Arizona in 1898 he had also been mineralogist and geologist of that territory.

Besides numerous contributions to scientific and technical journals and reports of his investigations and discoveries, Professor Blake published "Geological Notes upon Russian America and the Stickeen River," 1868, "A Brief Account of the Life and Service of Jonathan Mix of New Haven," 1886, and "The Centenary of the Town of Hamden, Conn.," 1888.

Professor Blake received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Dartmouth College in 1863, of Doctor of Science from the University of Pennsylvania in 1906, and at the semicentennial anniversary of the University of California in May, 1910, the degree of Doctor of Laws. In 1878 he was made a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor of France. In addition to membership in the American Philosophical Society and the American Institute of Mining Engineers he was a fellow of the London Geological Society, and a corresponding member of the Edinburgh Geological Society.

Professor Blake died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Charles T. Blake, in Berkeley, Cal., May 21, 1910, in the 84th year of his age.

He married at South Berwick, Me., December 25, 1855, Charlotte Haven Lord Hayes, daughter of Hon. William Allen Hayes (M.A. Dartmouth 1805), for many years Judge of Probate, and had five sons and one daughter. The eldest and youngest sons are deceased, but the other three sons received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy from Yale in 1882, 1886, and 1890, respectively. The third son also received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1885, the year before his degree in Philosophy. Mrs. Blake died April 1, 1904, and their daughter, who was the first wife of Professor Toumey of the Forest School, died January 19, 1904.

1858

GEORGE FREDERIC BARKER, son of George and Lydia Prince (Pollard) Barker, was born July 14, 1835, at Charlestown, Mass. His father was captain of the ship *Sea King* which foundered September 21, 1862, on a voyage from San Francisco to Liverpool, England, and his mother died at Charlestown in 1866.

Before entering college he visited the Crystal Palace International Exhibition in London in 1851, and on his return from England entered the establishment for making philosophical instruments of Hon. J. M. Wightman in Boston as an apprentice, and remained there five years, while his preparatory text-book education was obtained in the High School at Charlestown, Mass., Berwick and Yarmouth Academies in Maine, and Lawrence Academy, Groton, Mass.

He took the Chemical course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and during his Senior year was assistant to Professor Silliman. He then entered the Harvard Medical School, and while a student there was also Assistant in Chemistry. During the winter of 1859 he was also Lecturer in the Western University of Pennsylvania at Pittsburg. In 1861 he was Professor of Natural Science at Wheaton (Ill.) College. The following year he completed his medical course in the Albany (N. Y.) Medical College (Union University), receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1863, and at the same time was Acting Professor of Chemistry there. In 1864 he returned to the Western University of Pennsylvania as Professor of Natural Sciences.

In 1865 he was Demonstrator of Chemistry in the Medical Department of Yale, the following year occupied the chair of Professor Silliman during his absence, and in 1867 was appointed Professor of Physiological Chemistry and Toxicology in the Yale Medical School. In 1868-69 he was also Professor of Chemistry in Williams College. After holding the chair at Yale six years he accepted an appointment as

Professor of Physics in the University of Pennsylvania in 1873, and continued his active duties twenty-seven years, in 1900 becoming Professor *Emeritus*. In July, 1878, he was a member of the Draper solar eclipse expedition to Rawlins, Wyo.

In 1872 he was appointed State Chemist of Connecticut, and testified in many noted cases of poisoning. He was also employed as an expert in important patent cases, involving electric incandescent lighting, the telephone, storage battery, and other electrical and chemical appliances. In 1881 he was one of the Commissioners from the United States to the International Electrical Exhibition in Paris, and a delegate to the International Congress of Electricians, and in 1884 he was appointed by President Arthur a member of the United States Electrical Commission.

Professor Barker received the honorary degree of Doctor of Science from the University of Pennsylvania in 1898, and the same year the degree of Doctor of Laws from Allegheny College, and from McGill University in 1900.

He was elected a member of the National Academy of Sciences in 1876; was a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, vice-president in 1871 and 1876, and president in 1879; corresponding member of the British Association for the Advancement of Science; honorary member of the Royal Institution of Great Britain; and a member of scientific societies of France and Germany. In 1881 he received from the French Government the decoration of Commander of the Legion of Honor. As a delegate of scientific societies and of the University of Pennsylvania he attended many notable educational anniversaries.

Professor Barker's publications include a "Textbook of Elementary Chemistry," "Advanced Course in Physics," and numerous magazine articles on scientific subjects, addresses, lectures, and scientific papers. He was assistant editor of the *American Journal of Science* from 1868 to



1900, editor of the *Journal of the Franklin Institute* in 1874-75, and for a number of years edited the "Annual Record of the Progress of Physics," published in the Smithsonian Reports. He was a contributor to the *American Chemist*, and the *Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society*.

Professor Barker died in Philadelphia, Pa., May 24, 1910, in the 75th year of his age.

He married in New Haven, August 15, 1861, Mary Minerva, daughter of George Treadway, inspector of United States Customs in New Haven, and had four daughters and a son. The son and one daughter are deceased, but Mrs. Barker and three daughters are living. Of these the eldest married Professor Charles E. Munroe, Ph.D. (B.S. Harvard 1871), of George Washington University, the second married William S. McIntire, and the third married Percival Dove (B.A. Harvard 1898).

### 1868

EUGENE STUART BRISTOL, son of William Brooks Bristol (B.A. Yale 1825) and Mary Wolcott (Bliss) Bristol, was born in New Haven, Conn., January 4, 1843. His grandfather and great-grandfather were both Yale graduates, in 1798 and 1760, respectively.

He attended school at General Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven, enlisted in the Union army, December 13, 1863, was mustered in as Second Lieutenant of the 29th Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers (Colored) and was promoted to the rank of First Lieutenant. He served in the Army of the James, and was wounded at Chapin's Farm, Va., September 29, 1864, while defending Fort Harrison. He was mustered out of service October 24, 1865.

After the war he entered the Sheffield Scientific School, and on his graduation was for two years Assistant in

Chemistry there. The next three years he spent in Utah successfully engaged in mining operations. After his return he devoted himself to scientific studies and became interested in the manufacture of pins and in other business enterprises in New Haven and its vicinity. In 1887 he accepted the position of manager of a company making horseshoe nails in Chicago, Ill., where he resided for the next six years. In February, 1896, he became assistant treasurer of the Union Trust Company of New Haven and in November of the same year its treasurer. He held this office until his death. For a number of years he had been secretary of his class.

Mr. Bristol died of pneumonia after a few days' illness at his home in New Haven, April 2, 1910, at the age of 67 years. In 1858 he became a member of the North (now United) Congregational Church.

He married in New Haven, Conn., July 18, 1903, Miss Julia Silliman Gilman, of Flushing, N. Y., daughter of Rev. Edward Whiting Gilman, D.D. (B.A. Yale 1843), and Julia (Silliman) Gilman, and niece of the late President Daniel C. Gilman (B.A. Yale 1852) of Johns Hopkins University. Mrs. Bristol survives him. Two brothers (B.A. Yale 1859 and 1877, respectively) are living, also two sisters, one of them the wife of Professor Edward S. Dana (B.A. Yale 1870).

### 1870

WILLIAM ALFRED HINDS was born February 2, 1833, in Enfield, Mass., the son of Samuel and Lucy (Amsden) Hinds.

In 1849 he became a member of the Oneida Community, and for thirty years was associated with its founder, John H. Noyes, as printer, stenographer, and writer.

He was fitted for college privately, took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and while a student there won an essay prize.

Since the organization of the Community into a joint stock company in 1880 he had been a director and held various executive offices, and after the death of Theodore R. Noyes (M.D. Yale 1867) in 1903 succeeded him as President of the Oneida Company, Limited, residing at Kenwood, Madison County, N. Y.

In 1878 after visiting the communistic societies of the United States he published "American Communities," a revised edition being issued in 1902. He wrote the article in the *Encyclopædia Britannica* on the Oneida Community, and with Dr. J. H. Noyes edited the weekly *American Socialist* from 1876 to 1879.

Mr. Hinds died at Kenwood, May 28, 1910, at the age of 77 years.

### 1872

THOMAS WALLACE WRIGHT, one of the nine children of Alexander and Mary (Wallace) Wright, was born August 3, 1842, at Galloway, Scotland. In early life he came to Canada, was prepared for college at the Collegiate Institute at Galt, in the province of Ontario, and then took the academical course in the University of Toronto, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1863. He entered the class in the Sheffield Scientific School in January of Senior year. In 1882 he took the degree of Civil Engineer at Yale.

After graduation from Yale he was employed as a civil engineer in the Lake survey at Detroit, Mich., and later as instructor in engineering at Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa. In 1885 he was appointed Professor of Applied Mathematics and Physics in Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., continuing in that position until 1905, after which he retired and was made professor *emeritus*.

He received the degree of Master of Arts from the University of Toronto in 1891, also the same year the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Union College.



He was the author of "Adjustments of Observations," second edition, 1906, and "Elements of Mechanics," seventh edition, 1906.

Professor Wright died of paralysis at his home in Schenectady September 13, 1908, at the age of 66 years.

He married in Detroit, Mich., Frances E., daughter of George Winfield Boughton, a farmer of Novesta, Mich. She died February 20, 1877, and he married again at Galt, Canada, June 20, 1879, Margaret Taylor, daughter of Adam Hood. She survives him with three daughters and two sons by his first marriage. The sons are Bachelors of Arts of Union College in 1895 and 1899, respectively.

### 1877

MORRIS BURKE BELKNAP, youngest son of William Burke and Mary (Richardson) Belknap, was born June 7, 1856, in Louisville, Ky. After preparation for college in a private school in that city, he spent a year in Europe with his brother, William Richardson Belknap (Ph.B. Yale 1869), principally engaged in study in Hanover, Germany, and then took the course in Mechanical Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he spent three months in South America, and he had made several extended trips to Europe. For four years he was a member of a firm in Louisville controlled by his father, then extensively manufacturing plows and farm implements, and in 1883 entered the hardware business of W. B. Belknap & Company. After the death of his father in 1889, he was chosen vice-president of the company, and held this position during the remainder of his life.

For several years he was president of the Louisville Board of Trade, and was recognized as an important factor in promoting the commercial interests of the city. In 1895 he read a paper before the National Hardware Association at Pittsburg, and in 1905 was a delegate to the International

Congress of Chambers of Commerce at Liege. From 1894 to 1903 he was a member of the Park Commission of the city.

In 1898, from August to December, he served in the Spanish-American War as private, Captain, and Lieutenant-Colonel of the Louisville Legion, First Kentucky Volunteer Infantry, and was on active duty around Ponce and Mayaguez, Porto Rico.

Colonel Belknap was the Republican candidate for Governor of Kentucky in 1903, but was defeated. Since 1905 he had been president of the Yale Alumni Association of Kentucky.

For a number of years he was a member of the boards of trustees and deacons of the Warren Memorial Presbyterian Church, and later chairman of both boards, but resigned on account of ill health.

Colonel Belknap died at his home in Louisville April 13, 1910, in the 54th year of his age, after an illness of two years from pernicious anemia. He had not been strong since his service in the Spanish-American War.

He married, June 14, 1883, at Louisville, Lily, only daughter of Captain Simon B. Buckner, and had two sons and two daughters. She died in 1893, and July 16, 1900, he married Marion S. B. Dumont of Plainfield, N. J., who survives him. The children by his first marriage are also living, the elder son having graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1908.

### 1879

KAKICHI MITSUKURI was born in Edo, Japan, December 1, 1857, and was the second son of Shuhyo Mitsukuri, a retainer of the former feudal lord Tsuyama, and noted as a student of the Chinese classics. He belonged to a notable family of scholars. His brother, Baron Kikuchi, was President of the University of Tokio, and afterward at the head of the public school system of Japan, and his grandfather,

Dr. Gempo Mitsukuri, was the pioneer Dutch scholar of Japan.

He came to the United States in 1873, and studied about two years in the Hartford (Conn.) High School, going thence to the Troy (N. Y.) Polytechnic Institute, and in 1877 entering the Sheffield Scientific School as a member of the Junior class.

In 1881 he studied zoölogy at the University of Cambridge, England, under Professor F. M. Balfour. Returning to Japan in 1882 he began his life work as Professor of Zoölogy at the Imperial University of Tokio. In 1883 he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Johns Hopkins University, where he was a Fellow in 1880. In 1893 he was appointed Councilor of the Imperial University, and in 1901 Dean of the Science College of the University. He was also Director of the Marine Biological Station at Misaki, and was a Fellow of the Imperial Academy.

In 1897 he revisited America as head of a commission for the investigation of the fur seal, and in behalf of Japan signed a treaty agreeing for a certain time to any adjustment made between Great Britain and the United States. On his return to Japan he was awarded the Order of the Sacred Treasure for his public service. In 1904 he represented his university at the St. Louis Exposition.

Dr. Mitsukuri was a master of the English language and his knowledge of the American point of view made him invaluable in preserving friendly relations between the American and Japanese nations.

He died at his home in Tokio September 17, 1909, in the 52d year of his age.

### 1880

CHARLES THOMPSON DODD, son of Samuel Dodd, President of the International Silver Company, and Catherine T. (Brooks) Dodd, was born in West Meriden, Conn., October 23, 1859.



After preparation in the Collegiate and Commercial School of General William H. Russell (B.A. Yale 1833) in New Haven, he entered the Sheffield Scientific School with the class of 1879, but joined the class of 1880 at the beginning of Senior year. He took the Dynamical Engineering course, and upon graduation he at first entered the employ of the Hartford Engineering Company, was then in the office of the E. W. Bliss Company, in Brooklyn, N. Y., and later with the Wilcox Silver Plate Company, and Meriden Gas Light Company. In 1886 he purchased the cooperage and packing case factories of George Gay in Meriden and enlarged them. He was a director of the Home National Bank, trustee of the City Savings Bank of Meriden, and of the Curtis Home, and secretary of the Meriden Yale Alumni Association. He was a vestryman of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church.

Mr. Dodd died of heart failure at his home in Meriden, February 26, 1910, at the age of 50 years.

He married, May 10, 1887, Etta Cheesborough Smith, daughter of Gershom B. Smith of New York City.

EDWARD VILETTE RAYNOLDS, son of James L. and Mary G. (Duncan) Raynolds, was born November 5, 1859, in Chicago, Ill. When very young he lost his father and most of his boyhood was spent at school. Entering the Sheffield Scientific School he was first a member of the class of 1879, but left to take an examination for admission to the United States Military Academy at West Point. The competitor in the examination with whom he was tied for first place was appointed and he returned to the Scientific School and joined the class of 1880, with which he graduated.

He then took the Columbia Law School course, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws there in 1882, two years later the degree of Master of Laws from Yale University, and from the same in 1885 the degree of Doctor of Civil Law. He also studied in the University of Berlin. He

practiced law a year (1882-83) in Grand Rapids, Mich., in the office of Hon. Thomas J. O'Brien, now Minister to Japan, and in 1886 was appointed Instructor in Political Economy in the Graduate Department of Yale, and in 1887 Lecturer on Political Science in the same department, continuing in this position until 1892; from 1893 to 1895 was Lecturer on Constitutional Law, and from 1902-03 on Political Science in the Graduate School. In 1889-90 he was also Instructor in Municipal Law in the Yale Law School, and in 1899-1900 Instructor in Debating in the College. In 1901 he was appointed Professor of Comparative Constitutional Law and Civil Government in the Law School, the title of his professorship being changed in 1904 to Comparative Law. With the highest integrity Professor Raynolds united unusual mental gifts, enthusiasm, and a remarkable versatility.

He had a natural aptitude for military affairs, and was at one time a Lieutenant in the New Haven Grays. He was largely responsible for the organization of the Connecticut Naval Militia, and became Commander of the battalion. In anticipation of the war with Spain he was commissioned by President McKinley Lieutenant in the United States Navy and given the command of the U. S. S. *Manhattan* at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, where he remained throughout the war but without being called into active service. After the war he became Commander again of the reorganized Naval Reserves, serving until 1901, when he retired, though continuing to devote much time to the instruction of officers and to service on examining boards.

Professor Raynolds was an extensive traveler in this country and in Europe and Asia, had visited New Zealand and Australia, had made a tour in South Africa in 1908, and visited Panama in 1909.

He married in New Haven, November 17, 1885, Elizabeth Eliot, daughter of George H. Watrous (B.A. Yale 1853) and Harriet Joy (Dutton) Watrous, who was a

daughter of Governor Henry Dutton (B.A. Yale 1818). Mrs. Raynolds died January 11, 1900, leaving a son, who is a member of the present Senior class in College, and a daughter.

Professor Raynolds married again in Toronto, Canada, January 20, 1910, Mrs. Annie (Stewart) Harris, widow of Thomas Harris, and daughter of Rev. Mr. Stewart, a Baptist clergyman. Before their wedding he was taken ill, and died of pneumonia, January 26, 1910, at the Hotel Belmont in New York City. He was 50 years of age.

Professor Raynolds delivered the Memorial Address at the services in honor of Professor Albert S. Wheeler.

### 1883

CHUAN LOK WING, born in Canton, China, August 16, 1860, came to this country as a Chinese government student and attended the Gunnery in Washington, Conn., after which he finished his preparation for college at Norwich Academy, Norwich, Conn.

In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the course in Civil Engineering, and after graduation studied in Lehigh University. Since 1885 he had been in the Chinese government service, holding the position of Vice-Consul at New York since 1905. He was at various times sent on diplomatic missions to San Francisco, Panama, and Lima, Peru.

Mr. Wing was shot at his office by an assassin July 31, 1909, and died that evening. He was 48 years of age. Funeral services were held in New York under the auspices of the Masonic lodge of which he was a member, and later at the Congregational Church in Washington, Conn., the interment being in the cemetery there.

He married, June 22, 1890, Margaret L. Wing, who survives him. He was president of the Oriental Club in New York.



1885

HERBERT LINCOLN MITCHELL, son of William W. and Mary E. (Haigh) Mitchell, was born January 12, 1865, in Springfield, Mass.

He took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and while a student was a member of the University lacrosse and track teams, and was a winner of long distance runs in intercollegiate events.

After graduation he entered the Berkeley Divinity School, was ordained Deacon in 1888 by Bishop Williams and Priest by Bishop Niles in 1889. His first charge was at Berlin, N. H., but in 1891 he returned to Connecticut and was rector of churches at Middle Haddam, Mystic, Noank, Yantic, and Saybrook. In 1908 he was assistant in St. John's Church, Waterbury, and from there went to St. Peter's Church, Plymouth. He sought weak and discouraged parishes, and infused new life into them.

Mr. Mitchell was drowned in the Race in Fisher's Island Sound, near Fisher's Island, N. Y., August 3, 1909. With six boys from his parishes as guests he had left his summer home on Mouse Island, ten miles east of New London, in his combined sail and power boat, for a day's fishing. On the return trip, because of a sudden change of wind, one of the boys was struck by the boom and swept overboard. The boy could not swim and Mr. Mitchell jumped after him and succeeded in reaching him, but as none of the boys knew how to manage the boat it was quickly carried out of reach. Mr. Mitchell's body was recovered in Fisher's Island Sound, August 10, and interred at Portland, Conn. He was 44 years of age. For his bravery the Carnegie Hero Fund commission awarded a medal, also a liberal annuity for life for his wife.

Mr. Mitchell married, October 10, 1889, Bessie Williams McLean, daughter of George G. and Betsey W. (Norton) McLean of Portland, Conn. She survives him with two daughters and a son.

## 1888

FRANKLIN TREAT PARLIN, son of Franklin S. Parlin, was born May 7, 1864, at Monroe, Wisc. After finishing his college preparation in the High School there in 1879, he engaged in business for five years, and then entered the Sheffield Scientific School with the class of 1887, but at the end of Freshman year left for another year in business, after which he completed the Select course with the class of 1888. While a student he was an editor of the *Yale News* and of the Senior Class Book.

For a year after graduation he was engaged in the wholesale dry goods business in St. Paul, Minn., and for two years and a half from November, 1889, was a farmer in North Dakota. Since then he had been in the life insurance business, having his headquarters for five years at Fargo, N. D., and then becoming manager for the Northwestern Company in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, and Idaho. Recently he had been manager of the St. Paul office of the Germania Life Insurance Company of New York.

In 1896 he was the Democratic candidate for State Insurance Commissioner of North Dakota, but was defeated.

He was much interested in golf, being secretary and treasurer of the Minnesota Golf Association, and for many years secretary of the golf committee of the Town and Country Club.

Mr. Parlin had suffered from heart trouble for a year, but complications hastened his death, which occurred in St. Paul, September 14, 1909. He was 45 years of age.

He married in San Francisco, Cal., March 18, 1897, Harriet Bolinger, who survives him.

## 1891

GEORGE COBURN KOHLER, son of Hon. Jacob Adams Kohler, Attorney-General of Ohio from 1886 to 1888, was born June 26, 1869, in Akron, O. His mother was Frances

(Coburn) Kohler, a native of Chatham, N. Y., only child of Dr. Stephen H. Coburn, a pioneer homeopathic physician and investor in real estate around Akron.

After preparation in Williston Seminary he took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and after graduation from the latter studied law with his father. In 1893 he became a partner in the law firm of Kohler, Kohler & Mottinger.

Mr. Kohler died at Akron, March 14, 1908, in his 39th year.

He married, June 5, 1897, Lora Standish, daughter of J. C. Alden, a manufacturer of Akron. She survives him. A brother (B.A. Yale 1890) is also living.

### 1892

EDWARD McVICKAR, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Wainwright) McVickar, was born April 12, 1869, in Boston, Mass.

Soon after graduation he became interested in stock farming in Lewis County, N. Y., and organized the Vickar-age Stock Farm, but in 1898 entered the real estate business in New York City.

While returning in his motor car from West Islip, Long Island, to New York City, he was taken ill and died of acute indigestion at Babylon, May 30, 1910. He was 41 years of age.

Mr. McVickar married in New York City, January 17, 1900, Edith, daughter of Albert G. P. Speyers of New York City, who survives him.

ALBERT BERNHARD ROGOWSKI, son of Bernhard and Sophie (Rothchild) Rogowski, was born July 29, 1870, in New Britain, Conn., but in 1878 his parents moved to New Haven. He was prepared for the Sheffield Scientific School in the Hopkins Grammar School, and took the course in Mechanical Engineering.



After graduation he entered his father's well-established millinery business, in which he met unusual success. His father died in 1895, and he then took the entire charge of the business.

Mr. Rogowski died of endocarditis at his home in New Haven, July 24, 1909, in the 39th year of his age. He was a member of the Congregation Mishkan Israel.

He married in New Haven, July 22, 1896, Minna, daughter of Moses and Henrietta (Milander) Mann, who survives him with a son.

### 1897

THOMAS MCKENNAN LAUGHLIN, son of Major George McCully Laughlin (*hon.* B.A. Wash'n and Jeff'n 1863) and Isabelle (McKennen) Laughlin, was born March 16, 1875, in Pittsburg, Pa. He took his preparatory studies at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

Since graduation he had been connected with the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, of which he was assistant treasurer and a director. He was also a director of the Keystone National Bank, and gave promise of a brilliant future in business life. He had traveled in the East as well as in Europe, the Mediterranean countries, and Mexico.

Mr. Laughlin died at his home in Pittsburg, March 11, 1909, from a self-inflicted bullet wound. He was in his 34th year.

He married January 3, 1903, Lucy Hayes, daughter of Hon. John Williamson Herron (Miami 1845) of Cincinnati, O., and Harriet Clinton (Collins) Herron, and sister of John W. Herron, Jr. (Ph.B. Yale 1891) and of Mrs. William H. Taft. Mrs. Laughlin survives him with two sons. A brother of Mr. Laughlin graduated from the Academical Department in 1893.

## 1899

OSMOND LEIGH MILLER, son of John B. and Letitia L. (Stringer) Miller, was born August 9, 1877, at Stratford, Conn. After preparation in the University School in Bridgeport he entered the Sheffield Scientific School and took the course in Electrical Engineering.

After graduation he was at first in the shops of the Bullard Machine Tool Company in Bridgeport, was then draughtsman for the Atlas Portland Cement Company of Allentown, Pa., for several months, and next with the Superior Improvement Company of Martin's Creek, Pa., becoming assistant engineer on the work of construction. After leaving there he was representative of the Allis-Chandler Company for three years. In 1909 he returned to Connecticut and was connected with the H. J. Lewis Oyster Company of Bridgeport, living in Stratford.

He died of typhoid fever at the summer home of his sister at Egremont, Mass., August 3, 1909. He was 32 years of age, and unmarried. His mother and two sisters survive him.

## 1901

JOHN FARWELL FERRY, son of William Henry Ferry (B.A. Yale 1868), was born October 12, 1877, at Sterling, Ill. His father was a merchant and real estate dealer in Chicago and later an expert in fig culture in California. His mother was Abby Farwell (B.A. Vassar 1872), a daughter of John V. Farwell of Chicago. Three of her brothers are graduates of Yale.

He was prepared for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy, and took the Sanitary Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

The year after graduation he was General Secretary of the Sheffield Christian Association, and then traveled in New York State for two years and a half for the American Cereal Company.

During the summer of 1902 he was assistant in the United States Biological Survey and accompanied a collecting expedition into Arizona, and at another time joined a Smithsonian expedition into the mountains of California.

Since 1906 he had been connected with the Field Museum of Natural History in Chicago, and had won distinction as an ornithologist. As collector he made several expeditions among the islands of the Caribbean Sea and along the coast of the Gulf of Mexico.

Mr. Ferry died of pneumonia at his home in Lake Forest, February 11, 1910. He was 32 years of age and not married. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1902, and two brothers from the Academical Department (1900 and 1906). His uncle, Charles H. Ferry (B.A. Yale 1872) died May 2, 1910.

He was a director of the Yale Foreign Missionary Society.

### 1903

RALSTON ROBERTS COFFIN, son of William Edward Coffin, a bond dealer, and Lydia (Roberts) Coffin, was born January 1, 1883, in Indianapolis, Ind. After preparation in St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., he entered Columbia University, but in March, 1901, joined the Freshman class in the Sheffield Scientific School, and took the Select course. He was active in athletics, and was for two years a member of the University crew.

Since graduation he had been in the brokerage business, and in June, 1905, became a member of the firm of Coffin & Company.

He died from an abscess in the liver in New York City, September 5, 1909. He was 26 years of age and was unmarried. One brother graduated in 1902, and another was a non-graduate member of the class of 1896, both in the Sheffield Scientific School.



## 1906

CHARALAMBOS G. SAVIDIS, son of George G. Savidis, a lawyer of Samsoun, Asia Minor, and Anastasia (Prodromou) Savidis, was born October 19, 1881, in Nigdeh, Asia Minor, whence he came to the United States.

He joined his class in the Sheffield Scientific School at the beginning of Junior year for the study of civil engineering, and made a good record for scholarship, winning membership in the Sigma Xi Society.

In January 1909 he entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railway in connection with the office of the Chief Engineer of Maintenance of Way at Pittsburg, Pa., where his work was excellent.

It was expected that after completing his practical training he would return to his native land and take an important part in the instruction of his countrymen, but he was taken ill, and died June 26, 1909, at the Passavant Hospital, Pittsburg, from angina pectoris. He was in the 28th year of his age.

## 1908

ANTHONY MICHAEL INGRAM, son of William and Walburga (Wittman) Ingram, was born October 12, 1884, at St. Mary's, Pa. He took his preparatory course at King's School, Pittsburg, and was a student in the Pennsylvania State College two years and a half, after which he was a member of the Special class in the Sheffield Scientific School two years, making chemistry his chief study and taking his degree with the class of 1908.

After graduation he took a position in the laboratories of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Altoona, where he remained until shortly before his death. This occurred at his home in St. Mary's November 28, 1909, at the age of 25 years.

1909

HAROLD MONTFORD CATHCART, the only son of John B. Cathcart, of the Dunlap Manufacturing Company, and Anna B. (Dunlap) Cathcart, was born August 18, 1886, in Philadelphia, Pa., but the family removed to Newburgh, N. Y., and he obtained his preliminary education in the Newburgh Academy and the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven.

He took the course in Civil Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School, and upon his graduation went to Montana, and was a member of an engineering corps engaged in work preliminary to constructing a dam near Helena. With two other men, one of whom was an engineer and the other a skilled boatman, he was stretching a wire across the river preparatory to making soundings, when the wire caught on the bottom of the river, and pulled the stern of the boat under water. Although Mr. Cathcart was a strong swimmer, he and the boatman were drowned. He was 23 years of age and unmarried. The accident happened May 10, 1910. His parents and a sister, Mrs. Marshall Harrington of Dansville, N. Y., survive him.

He was a member of the Union Presbyterian Church in Newburgh. He was buried in Woodland Cemetery, Philadelphia, Pa.

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1877

JONATHAN EDWARDS BISSELL was born at St. Clair, Mich., February 27, 1849, the son of Dr. Benjamin Bissell (M.D. Yale 1826) and Nancy Howe (Robinson) Bissell. He graduated from the University of Michigan with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1871, and after serving for three years as superintendent of schools in East Saginaw, Mich., entered the Yale Theological Seminary.

On graduating from the latter he was acting pastor for three years of the Presbyterian Church of Highland Park, Ill., pastor of the Congregational Church of Newton, Ia., from 1880 to 1883, and at MacGregor, Ia., till 1887. He was then pastor of the Lake View Church, Chicago, and successively at Batavia, Granville, Streator, and Chandlersville, Ill. Since leaving Chandlersville he had been supplying a neighboring church, and living at Oberlin, O.

While crossing the railroad track at Lucas, O., he was instantly killed by a train, March 23, 1910. He was 61 years of age. He was buried at Oberlin.

He married, March 31, 1879, Elida M., daughter of Joseph R. and Eliza Mallory (Ingersoll) Bradley, of New Haven. She survives him with three sons and a daughter. Three of the children have the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Oberlin College in 1904, 1905, and 1906, respectively.

1891

MOSHEIM ROSS [WALTER] FISHBURN, son of Rev. Jeremiah Fishburn, a Lutheran clergyman, and Susanna (Messersmith) Fishburn, was born June 11, 1867, in Toronto, Canada, but came to Yale from Millersburg, Pa.

He graduated from Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, in 1887, and after teaching in Pennsylvania a year entered



the Yale Theological Seminary. Upon graduation here he became acting pastor of the Congregational Church at Roxbury, Conn., where he was ordained as a minister in September, 1891. The following May he assumed the assistant pastorate of the First Congregational Church in Washington, D. C. Two years later he was called to the pastorate of the young Mount Pleasant Congregational Church in Washington, and entered upon his new duties in November, 1894. Under his guidance the church built a new edifice, developed a remarkable spirit of fellowship, and a notable Sunday School and had a men's club. He was secretary of the interdenominational Federation of Washington Ministers.

Mr. Fishburn died suddenly in Washington, June 15, 1909, from cerebral hemorrhage, following a two weeks' illness from typhoid fever. He was 42 years of age. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Pennsylvania College in 1890, and a few days before his death, Rollins College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

He married October 10, 1893, Emma N., daughter of Albert Hummel, a merchant of Harrisburg, Pa., and Catherine (Plitt) Himmel, who survives him with daughter and son.

## YALE SCHOOL OF THE FINE ARTS

1900

FREDERIC REMINGTON, son of Col. Seth Pierre Remington, an officer of the Eleventh New York Cavalry in the Civil War and at one time an editor in Ogdensburg, N. Y., was born October 4, 1861, in Canton, N. Y. His mother was Clara (Sackrider) Remington.

He received his early education in the Vermont Episcopal Institute, Burlington, Vt., and from 1878 to 1880 was a student in the Yale School of the Fine Arts. He had a fine physique and was a member of the University Football Team in 1879. Later he studied at the Art Students League in New York City.

His plans were interrupted by his father's death, and he was for a while clerk in a village store, but after a time went West. In the four years of his life there as cowboy, ranchman, and scout, he left very little of the Far West unexplored, and gained the thorough familiarity with the life of pioneers, army men, and Indians that made him unrivalled in its artistic portrayal. Returning East, he soon became known as an illustrator for leading magazines, skillfully and sympathetically recording by his drawings the life of the great plains. At the time of the Spanish-American War he also drew Cuban scenes. He was besides a facile writer and published a novel and three volumes of sketches of Western Life. A number of spirited equestrian bronzes, among them "The Broncho Buster," showed his perfect knowledge of the horse and its rider and gained for him an assured reputation as a sculptor. He was also becoming a painter of genuine power, a recent exhibition of his paintings showing not only accurate observation and skillful rendering of typical scenes but an originality and beauty and increasing delicacy of touch that promised much

for the future. He was an associate member of the National Academy of Design.

Mr. Remington had been living at New Rochelle, N. Y., but in May, 1909, removed his home to Ridgefield, Conn., where he died December 26, 1909, after an operation for appendicitis. He was 48 years of age.

He married at Gloversville, N. Y., in 1883, Eva Adelle, eldest daughter of Lawton Catin, for many years superintendent of the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad, and Flora R. (Hoyt) Catin, who survives him.



## YALE GRADUATE SCHOOL

1896

ALICE ELIZABETH SAWTELLE (Mrs. Herbert Randall), daughter of Rev. Henry Allen Sawtelle, D.D. (B.A. Colby 1854) and Elizabeth S. (Blaisdell) Sawtelle, was born November 29, 1865, in San Francisco, Cal., where her father was then a pastor. From 1877 to 1882 her father was preaching in Chelsea, Mass., after which the family returned to their former home in Waterville, Me. After studying in the University of California and Kalamazoo College, and graduating from Colby College in 1888, she taught at Hebron Academy and Coburn Classical Institute in Waterville, Me., and in the High School, Somerville, Mass., and then entered the Graduate Department of Yale, making a study of English and American authors from a literary standpoint.

The same year in which she received the Doctor's degree, she married, September 22, Herbert Randall, a publisher and art dealer, and resided in New Haven until 1903. Since then her home had been in Hartford, Conn., where she found time for earnest work in promoting the varied interests and activities of the many organizations with which she was connected. She was a member of the Asylum Avenue Baptist Church, member of the Art Society of Hartford, president of the College Club, a director of the Charity Organization Society, and secretary of the Woman's Branch of the Hartford City Missionary Society. With her sister she had published a book of poems.

Mrs. Randall died of acute Bright's disease at Hartford, December 9, 1909, at the age of 44 years. Her husband, a brother, and a sister survive her.

## 1901

TOZABURO KUDO, third and youngest son of Kichigiro and Taka Kudo, was born November 17, 1870, at Hiro-saki, Japan. He was prepared for college at Toökugijiku Academy in his native town, and in 1891 graduated at Aoyama College, in Tokio, where he was later an assistant instructor.

The following year he came to the United States and entered DePauw University, from which he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1896. Continuing his studies there in philosophy in the Graduate School, he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1897.

In September, 1898, he became a member of the Yale Graduate School, and soon showed his fine scholarship. After two years of study in philosophy he received the degree of Master of Arts here, and then returned to Japan, but in 1904 reëntered the Yale Graduate School, and after completing his studies received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1903.

Dr. Kudo died after a protracted illness at a hospital in Tokio, March 1, 1910. He was in the 40th year of his age.

## 1906

LESTER WILLIAM ZARTMAN, son of William Elias and Almira (Gates) Zartman, was born December 9, 1878, in Kankakee, Ill. He was prepared for college at Grand Prairie Seminary, Onarga, Ill., and then entered the University of Illinois, where he was distinguished for his high scholarship and for skill in debating. After graduating there as a Bachelor of Arts in 1903, he remained the following year as Fellow in Economics, and was then a student in the Graduate Department of Yale.

On receiving his Doctor's degree in 1906 he entered upon his duties as Instructor in Insurance and Political Economy at Yale, and early in 1909 was promoted to an Assistant Professorship of Political Economy.

During his connection with Yale he had established a reputation for worthy achievement, and gave unusual promise of a brilliant career. His interest in his work here led him to decline calls to important positions in other institutions. Besides contributing valuable papers to the *Yale Review* and other periodicals, he edited "Yale Readings in Insurance," which has since been published in two volumes by the Yale University Press, and had nearly completed the manuscript of "Fire Loss and Fire Insurance." His "Investments of Life Insurance Companies" had been favorably received.

In addition to his special work he gave much time to the training of the University Debating Team, with results which were warmly appreciated.

Professor Zartman died October 19, 1909, at Savoy Center, Mass. He had spent most of the summer in New Haven writing, and had gone to Savoy to rest before the University opened. Soon after reaching there he was prostrated by typhoid fever, of which he died after an illness of six weeks. He was 30 years of age.

He married at Champaign, Ill., September 22, 1904, Laura Louise Black (B.A. Univ. of Illinois 1901), daughter of William and Mary (Leslie) Black, who survives him with one child.



# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT (YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1838	Chester Dutton, 95	Concordia, Kans.	July 1, '09
1840	William S. Leavitt, 88	Atlantic City, N. J.	April 5, '10
1841	William Baldwin, 87	Great Bend, Pa.	June 29, '09
1842	Julius H. Pratt, 88	Montclair, N. J.	Oct. 14, '09
1842	Eliphalet Whittlesey, 88	Washington, D.C.	Sept. 30, '09
1844	Richard D. S. Bell, 85	Nashville, Tenn.	Aug. 8, '08
1845	Sereno D. Nickerson, 86	Cambridge, Mass.	Nov. 6, '09
1846	Talmon C. Perry, 83	Orange, Cal.	May 30, '09
1846	Charles P. Turner, 84	Philadelphia, Pa.	April 12, '10
1848	Charles S. Hall, 82	Binghamton, N. Y.	March 15, '10
1848	Samuel S. Spencer, 81	Daytona, Fla.	Jan. 8, '10
1848	Sidney Webster, 81	Newport, R. I.	May 30, '10
1848	Michael A. Withers, 79	Pottstown, Pa.	July 2, '09
1849	Oscar Bissell, 87	Brimfield, Mass.	Jan. 17, '10
1849	Henry H. Hill, 84	Helena, Mont.	Nov. 17, '09
1849	John Rockwell, 80	Santa Barbara, Cal.	Oct. 23, '09
1849	Thomas H. Swope, 80	Independence, Mo.	Oct. 3, '09
1851	Edward Bissell, 81	Fond du Lac, Wisc.	Oct. 21, '09
1851	Henry H. Jessup, 78	Beirut, Syria	April 28, '10
1851	Theodore T. Munger, 79	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 11, '10
1852	Edward Houghton, 80	Lancaster, Mass.	Feb. 7, '10
1852	Edward Sterling, 78	Bridgeport, Conn.	Aug. 2, '09
1853	Henry R. Bond, 77	New London, Conn.	Oct. 30, '09
1854	John S. Barkalow, 75	Paterson, N. J.	March 29, '10
1854	Charles A. White, 75	New Haven, Conn.	June 18, '09
1855	Henry N. Cobb, 75	East Orange, N. J.	April 17, '10
1855	Thomas S. Strong, 75	Setauket, L. I., N. Y.	Dec. 12, '09
1855	Alfred T. Waterman, 77	Washington, D. C.	Dec. 29, '09
1855	Williams C. Whittemore, 76	Washington, D. C.	April 25, '10
1856	Matthias H. Arnot, 76	Elmira, N. Y.	Feb. 15, '10
1856	David J. Brewer, 72	Washington, D. C.	March 28, '10
1856	Frank Hodge, 75	Hudson, O.	July 14, '09
1856	Benjamin D. Magruder, 71	Chicago, Ill.	April 21, '10
1857	Bela P. Learned, 73	Norwich, Conn.	March 14, '10

1858	John T. Baird, 75	Plattsmouth, Nebr.	Feb. 1, '10
1858	Sanford H. Cobb, 72	Kansas City, Mo.	April 27, '10
1858	William T. Harris, 74	Providence, R. I.	Nov. 5, '09
1858	William A. Lane, 69	Fort Worth, Texas	Oct. 8, '09
1859	Thomas C. Brainerd, 72	Montreal, Canada	April 5, '10
1859	William B. Darrach, 72	Newburgh, N. Y.	July 23, '09
1859	James Faulkner, 76	Dansville, N. Y.	May 28, '09
1859	Gilbert O. Fay, 75	Hartford, Conn.	Feb. 18, '10
1859	Edwin L. Kirtland, 76	Holyoke, Mass.	April 12, '10
1859	Charles L. Norton, 72	Sandwich, Mass.	Dec. 14, '09
1860	Henry E. Barnes, 77	Brookline, Mass.	April 11, '10
1860	William T. Smith, 70	Hanover, N. H.	Sept. 17, '09
1861	James B. Andrews, 66	Aachen, Germany	Aug. 27, '09
1861	George B. Bonney, 70	New York City	Nov. 11, '09
1861	George Delp, 67	Philadelphia, Pa.	Nov. 19, '09
1861	Amasa F. Haradon, 71	Chicago, Ill.	June 27, '09
1861	Charles G. G. Merrill, 73	New Haven, Conn.	Sept. 23, '09
1861	William E. Park, 72	Oberlin, O.	May 19, '10
1862	Pierce N. Welch, 68	Berlin, Germany	Oct. 26, '09
1863	Edward F. Brown, 70	New York City	Sept. 27, '09
1863	George B. Curtiss, 67	New York City	Feb. 23, '10
1863	William C. Reade, 72	Newton, Mass.	July 14, '08
1863	William G. Sumner, 69	Englewood, N. J.	April 12, '10
1863	Herbert L. Terrell, 67	New York City	Nov. 10, '09
1865	William T. Comstock, 67	Newark, N. J.	Jan. 16, '10
1865	John L. Ewell, 69	Washington, D. C.	March 16, '10
1865	J. DeCou Kirkhuff, 73	Philadelphia, Pa.	April 16, '10
1866	Samuel B. St. John, 64	Hartford, Conn.	Dec. 21, '09
1867	William A. Brother, 65	Denver, Col.	March 28, '10
1867	Jacob A. Cartwright, 64	Nashville, Tenn.	June 20, '09
1867	George P. Sheldon, 62	Greenwich, Conn.	Dec. 25, '09
1868	Albert H. Esty, 62	Brookline, Mass.	April 13, '10
1868	Charles H. Farnam, 63	Denver, Col.	Sept. 24, '09
1868	James W. Holcombe, 63	Capri, Italy	June 26, '09
1869	John P. C. Foster, 63	New Haven, Conn.	April 1, '10
1869	James Joy, 59	Detroit, Mich.	March 7, '10
1869	John Olendorf, 61	Bound Brook, N. J.	July 9, '09
1869	Robert L. Reade, 63	New York City	Jan. 14, '10
1870	George L. Beardsley, 61	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 26, '10
1870	Edward H. Schell, 61	New York City	Jan. 25, '10
1870	William H. VanSchoonhoven, 60	Yonkers, N. Y.	Nov. 2, '09
1871	Charles B. Dudley, 67	Altoona, Pa.	Dec. 21, '09

1871	Charles Lyman, 60	Montreal, Canada	Nov. 17, '09
1872	Harry W. Cragin, 60	Skyland, Va.	July 19, '09
1872	Albert M. Curry, 59	Atlantic City, N. J.	July 26, '09
1872	Charles O. Day, 58	Andover, Mass.	April 5, '10
1872	Charles H. Ferry, 58	Phoenix, Ariz.	May 2, '10
1872	Leonard W. Parish, 59	near Gladbrook, Ia.	March 21, '10
1873	Eben Alexander, 59	Knoxville, Tenn.	March 11, '10
1873	Frank D. Allen, 59	Boston, Mass.	Jan. 23, '10
1874	Horace H. Chittenden, 54	Burlington, Vt.	Dec. 26, '09
1875	Franklin B. Mitchell, 57	Binghamton, N. Y.	Sept. 4, '09
1875	William R. Richards, 56	New York City	Jan. 7, '10
1876	Archibald A. Austin, 56	Kansas City, Mo.	May 16, '10
1877	S. Morris Waln, 56	Philadelphia, Pa.	April 2, '10
1880	John A. Amundson, 53	Paris, France	Aug. 9, '09
1881	J. Burnett Collins, 50	Fort Worth, Texas	March 16, '10
1881	Freeman C. Griswold, 51	Boston, Mass.	Jan. 29, '10
1881	Richard A. Peabody, 49	New York City	Jan. 29, '10
1882	Levi I. Shoemaker, 50	Bad Nauheim, Ger.	Sept. 27, '09
1883	Denison B. Tucker, 48	Providence, R. I.	May 31, '09
1884	Charles W. Copeland, 46	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Nov. 12, '09
1884	Charles J. Jennings, 50	Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.	April 23, '10
1885	John C. Flanders, 45	Portland, Ore.	Jan. 20, '10
1886	Arthur Goebel, 46	Phoenix, Ariz.	Jan. 20, '10
1886	William H. Parks, 46	Clinton, Conn.	Jan. 24, '10
1887	Thomas H. Curtis, 43	Portland, Ore.	Feb. 13, '10
1887	Clinton L. Hare, 44	Indianapolis, Ind.	June 4, '09
1887	Henry Ivison, 44	Litchfield, Conn.	April 8, '10
1890	James W. Thompson, 40	Bridgeport, Conn.	July 6, '09
1891	Frederick W. Grau, 40	Corona, L. I., N. Y.	Feb. 21, '10
1891	Clement G. Smith, 40	Philadelphia, Pa.	March 11, '10
1893	John H. Wigginton, 44	Brentwood, Md.	May 21, '09
1894	Ira M. Carley, 38	Lowell, Mass.	Oct. 6, '09
1894	Edward J. Garvan, 38	Hartford, Conn.	March 4, '10
1894	Raymond Lloyd, 38	Seattle, Wash.	Dec. 27, '09
1895	A. Burdette Hughes, 38	New Haven, Conn.	March 4, '10
1895	Roger W. Whinfield, 35	Königsberg, Prussia	July 21, '09
1896	Edgar S. Auchincloss, 35	New York City	May 4, '10
1896	Albert S. Davis, 36	Providence, R. I.	Aug. 29, '09
1896	McKee D. McKee, 36	Washington, D. C.	Feb. 3, '10
1896	Neil B. Mallon, 34	Cincinnati, O.	Sept. 1, '09
1896	Thomas E. Reynolds, 37	Winsted, Conn.	Nov. 6, '09
1897	Julius L. Parke, 33	Cincinnati, O.	April 16, '09
1897	James H. Simpson, 34	near Park Falls, Wisc.	Aug. 17, '09



1898	Dallas C. Byers, 34	Dinard, France,	Aug. 26, '09
1898	Frederic M. Werner, 32	New York City,	March 8, '09
1899	Merwin B. Bangs, 32	Hutchinson, Kans.	Dec. 25, '09
1899	John H. Borden, 30	New York City	Aug. 10, '08
1899	Charles A. Greene, 32	New Haven, Conn.	Sept. 27, '09
1899	Edward C. Upton, 33	Waukegan, Ill.	Oct. 30, '09
1900	Hollister Logan, 31	New York City	April 23, '10
1901	Robert W. Chandler, 32	Enfield, Mass.	Jan. 13, '10
1904	Edward M. Lacey, 28	Evanston, Ill.	Feb. 4, '10
1905	Frederick L. Adams, 26	New York City	Feb. 12, '10
1905	James J. Hogan, 37	New Haven, Conn.	March 20, '10
1907	Charles J. Davis, 25	Diller, Nebr.	June 16, '09
1907	William S. Whittlesey, 24	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 19, '10
1908	Thomas Hooker, 23	New Haven, Conn.	June 20, '09

## YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1851	Matthew T. Newton, 80	Suffield, Conn.	July 24, '09
1871	Thomas N. McLean, 67	Baltimore, Md.	April 8, '10
1878	Walter J. Smith, 53	Providence, R. I.	March 13, '10
1880	Charles E. McGowan, 54	New Haven, Conn.	March 14, '10
1891	Frederick O. Chamberlain, 44	San Francisco, Cal.	Dec. 5, '09
1902	James J. Dunleavy, 34	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 6, '10
1907	E. Lowell Marcy, 27	Buffalo, N. Y.	Jan. 23, '10

## YALE LAW SCHOOL

1859	Samuel C. Keeler, 72	New York City	Feb. 17, '10
1861	Jay E. Russell, 73	Auburn, Cal.	Feb. 19, '09
1864	Edward W. Dawson, 69	Camden, N. J.	Jan. 23, '10
1871	Aaron B. Gardenier, 60	Chatham, N. Y.	June 18, '09
1872	Henry F. Hall, 69	Middletown, Conn.	Feb. 24, '10
1884	Richard Gleeson, 60	Meriden, Conn.	April 4, '09
1885	Edmund Butler, 49	Clarkston, Wash.	May 30, '08
1893	Lawrence M. Byers, 36	London, England	July 7, '09
1897	Archibald F. Clark, 40	New York City	Oct. 15, '09
1904	Jesse N. Sulzberger, 26	New York City	July 7, '09
1905	Lon K. Wisheart, 37	Los Angeles, Cal.	Feb. 11, '10

## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1877	Jonathan E. Bissell, 61	Lucas, O.	March 23, '10
1891	M. Ross Fishburn, 42	Washington, D. C.	June 15, '09

## YALE SCHOOL OF THE FINE ARTS

1891	Frederic Remington, 48	Ridgefield, Conn.	Dec. 26, '09
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## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1852	William P. Blake, 84	Berkeley, Cal.	May 21, '10
1858	George F. Barker, 74	Philadelphia, Pa.	May 24, '10
1868	Eugene S. Bristol, 67	New Haven, Conn.	April 2, '10
1870	William A. Hinds, 77	Kenwood, N. Y.	May 28, '10
1872	Thomas W. Wright, 66	Schenectady, N. Y.	Sept. 13, '08
1877	Morris B. Belknap, 53	Louisville, Ky.	April 13, '10
1879	Kakichi Mitsukuri, 51	Tokio, Japan	Sept. 17, '09
1880	Charles T. Dodd, 50	Meriden, Conn.	Feb. 26, '10
1880	Edward V. Reynolds, 50	New York City	Jan. 26, '10
1883	Chuan Lok Wing, 48	New York City,	July 31, '09
1885	Herbert L. Mitchell, 44	near Fisher's Island, N. Y.	Aug. 3, '09
1888	Franklin T. Parlin, 45	St. Paul, Minn.	Sept. 14, '09
1891	George C. Kohler, 38	Akron, O.	March 14, '08
1892	Edward McVickar, 41	Babylon, L. I., N. Y.	May 30, '10
1892	Albert B. Rogowski, 39	New Haven, Conn.	July 24, '09
1897	Thomas McK. Laughlin, 34	Pittsburg, Pa.	March 11, '09
1899	Osmond L. Miller, 32	Egremont, Mass.	Aug. 3, '09
1901	John F. Ferry, 32	Lake Forest, Ill.	Feb. 11, '10
1903	Ralston R. Coffin, 26	New York City	Sept. 5, '09
1906	Charalambos G. Savidis, 27	Pittsburg, Pa.	June 26, '09
1908	Anthony M. Ingram, 25	St. Mary's, Pa.	Nov. 28, '09
1909	Harold M. Cathcart, 23	near Helena, Mont.	May 10, '10

## YALE GRADUATE SCHOOL

1896	Alice E. Sawtelle, 44 (Mrs. Herbert Randall)	Hartford, Conn.	Dec. 9, '09
1901	Tozaburo Kudo, 39	Tokio, Japan	March 1, '10
1906	Lester W. Zartman, 30	Savoy Center, Mass.	Oct. 19, '09

The number of deaths recorded this year is 179 and the average age of the 133 graduates of the Academical Department is about 60½ years.

Information of the deaths of the following graduates has been received too late for the insertion of sketches in the present Record:

1844, AUGUSTUS AURELIUS COLEMAN died at Birmingham, Ala., June 5, 1910; 1855, GEORGE PRATT died at Monrovia, Cal., March 19, 1908, and MARTIN BAUN EWING died at Cincinnati, O., May 24, 1909; 1868, DONALD MACGREGOR died at Troy, N. Y., May 11, 1910; 1878 *m*, JOHN PHILIP HENRIQUES died at Edgewood, R. I., June 6, 1910.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is:

Class of 1838, HENRY PARSONS HEDGES, of Bridgehampton, N. Y., born October 13, 1817.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is:

Class of 1842, DAVID FISHER ATWATER, of Springfield, Mass., born October 29, 1817. He is also a graduate of the Academical Department in the Class of 1839.

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The annual Obituary Record of Yale Graduates was first printed in 1860, and each decade since has completed a separate series.

In the first printed series (1860-70) 804 deaths were recorded,—711 being graduates of the Academical Department, 76 of the Medical School, 11 of the Law School, and 6 of the Scientific School.

In the second series (1870-80) 791 deaths were recorded,—680 graduates of the Academical Department, 79 of the Medical School, 16 of the Scientific School, 9 of the Divinity School, and 7 of the Law School.

In the third series (1880-90) 965 deaths were recorded,—796 graduates of the Academical Department, 86 of the Medical School, 43 of the Scientific School, 24 of the Law School, and 16 of the Divinity School.

In the fourth series (1890-1900) 1268 deaths were recorded,—971 graduates of the Academical Department, 93 of the Medical School, 116 of the Scientific School, 57 of the Law School, 27 of the Divinity School, and 4 of the Graduate School.

In the present series (1900-1910) 1605 deaths are recorded, 1106 graduates of the Academical Department, 108 of the Medical School, 117 of the Law School, 40 of the Divinity School, 1 of the School of the Fine Arts, 214 of the Scientific School, 18 of the Graduate School, and 1 of the Forest School.

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The fifth printed series of the Obituary Record closes with the present number. Aid in obtaining information concerning deceased graduates is urgently requested by the Secretary of the University.



SUPPLEMENT  
TO THE  
OBITUARY RECORD  
TO  
GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY.  
1909--10.

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YALE COLLEGE.

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1832

JOHN HAMPDEN LEWIS, son of Joshua and America (Lawson) Lewis, was born on September 14, 1810, in New Orleans, La., and was a resident of that city during his life. In 1796 his father moved from Virginia to Kentucky, studied and practiced law there, and when the purchase of Louisiana was effected was sent by President Jefferson, with Edward Livingston and James Brown, as a commissioner to receive the territory from the French authorities. He was Territorial Judge of the Territory of New Orleans, and after the admission of the State of Louisiana into the Union was Judge of the First Judicial District until his death in 1833.

In Sophomore year the son was involved in the "Conic Sections Rebellion" of 1830, and with many of his classmates left college; but he received the degree of Master of Arts and was enrolled with his class in 1880.

In accordance with the desire of his father he began the study of medicine, first taking a winter course at Cincinnati, and continuing his studies in the Charity Hospital in New Orleans, of which he became Assistant Surgeon. In 1832 he went to Paris, and after eighteen months of study abroad returned and grad-

uated in 1836 with the first class from the Louisiana Medical College. After having charge of a private infirmary for a time he again went abroad for further study. In order to obtain the necessary diploma in arts and sciences he first studied in the Sorbonne, after which he entered the School of Medicine of the University of Paris and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1839. After these nine years of study he began the active practice of his profession, which he continued without interruption, except during the Civil War, until his retirement in 1889. During the siege of the forts near the mouth of the Mississippi he was Surgeon of Colonel Szymanski's Chalmette Regiment, and was captured with his regiment by the Federal forces under Admiral Farragut.

After his retirement from regular practice Dr. Lewis did much in the way of gratuitous practice among the poor. He died at his home in New Orleans, November 19, 1893, at the age of 83 years.

He married, November 20, 1852, Annie E. L. DeBritton, a native of the island of St. Thomas, in the West Indies, and had two sons and four daughters. The children all survived him, but Mrs. Lewis died in 1865. One son graduated from the University of Virginia in 1875.

### 1836

FREDERICK LEWIS DURAND, son of Samuel and Eloise (Lewis) Durand, was born September 25, 1816, in Cheshire, Conn., but during his boyhood his parents removed to Berlin, Conn.

After graduation he was employed as a classical teacher in Brownwood Institute, near La Grange, Ga., nearly three years, and about the same length of time was principal of an academy in eastern Alabama. While teaching in Alabama, he began the study of law, and in 1842 relinquished teaching to devote himself entirely to legal study. The following year he was admitted to the bar in Alabama, and also received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale. Circumstances brought him to New York state and to gain a knowledge of New York practice he spent a year and a half in Troy, was admitted to the bar, and then settled in Rochester, where he thereafter resided in the successful practice of his profession. From 1878, his son (B.A. Yale 1876) was in partnership with him. In his later years he gradually withdrew from practice. At one time he was City Attorney, and had also been Commissioner of Schools.

Mr. Durand died at his home in Rochester, August 9, 1903, at the age of nearly 87 years.

He married, in 1852, Lydia W. Powers, and had three sons and one daughter. Mrs. Durand died in 1860.

## 1838

SAMUEL HARPER LEA, son of Dr. Squire Lea, a surgeon in the United States Army, and Eliza (Nelson) Lea, was born at Baton Rouge, La., about 1818. He entered the class of 1837, but left in Sophomore year, and completed his college course with the following class.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Medical School, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1843, and continued to study in New Haven for a time, after which he returned to New Orleans. He is said to have practiced medicine to some extent in Louisiana till 1849, when he went to California by way of Cape Horn, visited the Hawaiian Islands, returned to New Orleans five years later, and was for several years in Texas.

He died at Devall, La., in 1888 at the age of 70 years. He never married. He was a brother of Judge James Nelson Lea (B.A. Yale 1834) and a nephew of Judge Samuel Henderson Harper (*hon.* M.A. Yale 1831) of Louisiana.

## 1840

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS PRATT, son of Deacon Phineas and Mary (Reed) Pratt, was born at Deep River, in the town of Saybrook, Conn., October 10, 1816.

After graduation he entered East Windsor (now Hartford) Theological Seminary, finishing the course in 1843. He was ordained as a home missionary July 9, 1844, and labored successively at Peru and Knoxville, Ill., Muscatine, Oskaloosa, Andrew, and Scotch Grove, Ia. At the last mentioned place was a large colony of Scotch Presbyterians from Lord Selkirk's settlement near Hudson Bay, among whom he was stationed for several years. He was then at Fulton, Wisc., and Decatur, Ill., until bronchial troubles caused him to give up preaching for a time. He was principal of Bellefonte (Pa.) Academy, and also taught the first free public school in Portsmouth, Va. In 1847, he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale. In April, 1857, he removed with his family to Dakota County, Minn., and for eleven years worked among the early settlers of that section, establishing and supplying various churches in the Presbytery of St. Paul. In 1868 he removed to a farm between Sterling and Mapleton, Blue Earth County, Minn., where he resided until his death, preaching occasionally, but giving special attention to Sunday school work at Sterling Center. He died of chronic nephritis at St. Peter, Minn., June 5, 1900, in the 84th year of his age.



Mr. Pratt married at Muscatine, Ia., Oct. 2, 1849, Judith Ann, daughter of Stephen McCormick, of Auburn, Fauquier County, Va., and had two sons and a daughter, who survived him. The elder son is a physician, a graduate of the Medical Department of Columbian (now George Washington) University in 1889. Mrs. Pratt died at her home near Mapleton, Minn., September 14, 1900.

LEWIS STIRLING, son of Lewis and Sarah (Turnbull) Stirling, was born at Bayou Sara, now St. Francisville, West Feliciana Parish, La., March 5, 1819.

He suffered heavy loss during the Civil War, but after a long, severe struggle he cleared the load of debt from his plantation. During his later years he lived the quiet life of a country gentleman, and died at his home on Wakefield Plantation, near St. Francisville, May 10, 1901. He was 82 years of age, and had never married.

#### 1841

SIDNEY FLETCHER, eldest of the four children of Elijah Fletcher (Univ. Vt. 1810), was born June 16, 1821, in Amherst County, Va. His father was a native of Ludlow, Vt., but removed in 1812 to Virginia, where he became an extensive landowner, and was for forty years editor of the *Lynchburg Virginian*. His mother was Marie Antoinette (Crawford) Fletcher.

He completed his preparation for college at the classical school in New Haven taught by Edward L. Hart (B.A. Yale 1836). In college he was librarian of the Calliopean Society.

For two years after graduation he devoted his attention to farming at his home near Amherst Court House, Va., then studied medicine and attended a course of lectures at Richmond, Va. After this he spent nearly three years in Europe, during a part of this time attending medical lectures in Paris, but is not known to have received a medical degree. In 1849 he went to California and remained a year. Since then he had resided on his estate at "Tusculum," near New Glasgow, Amherst County, engaged in farming and stock-raising. He was highly esteemed in the community, and held a warm place in the affection of his classmates.

Mr. Fletcher died suddenly April 12, 1898. He had been in apparently good health, but while resting after a drive of ten miles from home to one of his farms he passed away in sleep. He was in his 77th year, and had never married. He was a member of

the Protestant Episcopal Church, and with his sister erected a beautiful little church at Amherst Court House. His sister, Mrs. I. F. Williams, who was the chief legatee of his estate, at her death less than three years later, left all her property to found the Sweet Briar Institute, now the Sweet Briar College for women, at her home in Virginia.

## 1843

GEORGE BRIGHAM NEWTON, son of Willard and Phoebe (Emerson) Newton, was born at Royalston, Mass., December 1, 1816.

For two years after graduation he resided at Brattleboro, Vt., engaged in teaching, and the following year was Professor of Mathematics in La Grange College, Ky. He was then principal of a high school for young men in Louisville, Ky. In 1855 he established a school for young men in Georgetown, Pettis County, Mo., of which he continued in charge until it was closed by the Civil War. Some years later he opened a high school in Marshall, Mo., where he taught until a few years before his death. He died in Marshall suddenly of apoplexy November 11, 1892, in his 76th year.

He married in Brattleboro, Vt., April 1, 1846, Louise, daughter of Ira and Jemima (Ward) Haven, and had five daughters and four sons, of whom a daughter and son are deceased. Mrs. Newton died in 1867.

## 1844

JAMES MADISON ROBB, son of Charles Robb, a merchant of Philadelphia, Pa., was born in that city in October, 1823. His mother was Rebecca (Hunter) Robb.

After graduation he studied law two years in Philadelphia, was admitted to the bar there in September, 1846, then spent part of a year in the Harvard Law School, and began practice in March, 1847. For some years he was proprietor of *The Age*, a democratic paper of Philadelphia discontinued in 1875. He was a director on the Board of Finance of the Centennial Exposition. He died in the city of his birth July 1, 1899, in the 76th year of his age.

Mr. Robb married in Philadelphia, July 20, 1854, Maria Amilla, daughter of John Aaron Burnett, a merchant of Lima, Peru, and had three sons, of whom the eldest died in infancy, and three daughters. The second son graduated from the Polytechnic College of Philadelphia, and the youngest from the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1888.

## 1846

ZIBA GAY, son of Ziba and Mary (Kennedy) Gay, was born November 13, 1823, at Niagara, N. Y. He was prepared for college at Andover, Mass.

After graduation from college he entered the service of Gay, Silver & Company of North Chelmsford, Mass., and was also treasurer of the Wilton Manufacturing Company, Wilton, N. H. December 1, 1859, he purchased the interest of his father and others in the machine shop in North Chelmsford, and in company with Harvey Silver carried on the manufacture of machinery for carpet and woolen mills. In 1884, on the death of Mr. Silver, he became sole proprietor and continued so until 1898 when he sold the property, retaining however the management of the business until his death.

Mr. Gay died of locomotor ataxia at North Chelmsford, March 12, 1902, at the age of 78 years.

He married, at Union, Broome County, N. Y., August 20, 1849, Adaline L., daughter of Jonah and Phœbe (Butterfield) Taylor. She died February 11, 1895. They had one son and twin daughters, one of the latter dying in infancy.

WILLIAM BOYD JACOBS, son of Samuel O. and Clara T. (Boyd) Jacobs, was born November 1, 1827, at Spring Grove, Lancaster County, Pa., where his maternal grandfather was a prominent iron manufacturer. He entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year, having prepared at St. Paul's School, College Point, L. I., N. Y., under Rev. W. A. Muhlenberg, D.D. (B.A. Univ. of Pa. 1815).

After graduation he began the study of law in Philadelphia, but because of his grandfather's death, returned to Spring Grove and engaged in farming and iron manufacture, continuing until 1890, when he retired from active work, and went to Philadelphia to reside. In 1850, he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale.

He married, December 4, 1879, Abbie, daughter of Rev. John and Catherine (Schuyler) Bolton of West Chester, Pa. She died in 1885, leaving no children.

Mr. Jacobs had not been in good health for many years, and died in Windsor, Vt., March 30, 1904. He was in his 77th year. His only sister was the first wife of the late Rt. Rev. Henry C. Potter, D.D. (LL.D. Yale 1901).

## 1849

GEORGE FREDERICK ROBINSON, son of William and Caroline Robinson, was born August 11, 1827, at Willoughby, O.



After graduation he studied law in Cleveland, O., for three years, in April, 1852, was admitted to the bar, and from 1853 to 1856 practiced his profession in Toledo, Ohio. On account of impaired health and from preference he gave up the law, and after two years of travel, taught in New Jersey and Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1858-59, and then spent two years in the South and West in travel, partly on business. From the spring of 1861 to 1868 he was successively principal of the Great Barrington (Mass.) Academy, teaching in Burlington (N. J.) College, and principal of the Academy at Fairfield, Conn., and then in 1869 became principal of Trinity Chapel School, New York City. For ten years or more he was in railroad business in Meadville, Pa., and elsewhere, being in the auditor's office of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway from 1875 until the reorganization of the line. In 1884 he removed to Saratoga, N. Y., to care for his mother and remained there till her decease in 1893. Since then he had been a wanderer.

He died suddenly at Cleveland, O., in 1903, at the age of 76 years.

### 1851

GROVE PHILLIPS JENKS, son of Phillips and Martha Stewart (Eggleston) Jenks, was born at North East, Dutchess Co., N. Y., July 12, 1828, and joined the class in Sophomore year, after a year at Hamilton College.

After graduation he spent over a year in reviewing the Latin, Greek, and Mathematics of the college course, then taught for a time in Richmond, Va., Milford, Mass., and in Salisbury, Conn., while there taking up the study of law at the Litchfield Law School. After completing his law course at Buffalo, N. Y., he began practice in Albany, but went to Leadville, Col., and became a miner for a while. He afterward resumed practice at Albany and resided at Castleton, where he was village attorney for a number of years. He was also attorney for the town of Schodack for a number of years, resigning the office about two years before his decease. He was attorney for many corporations. He was also associated in the drug business of James Van Buren & Co.

He married, July 10, 1861, Miss Fannie M. Warner, of New Preston, Conn., who survives him.

Mr. Jenks died at the Albany Hospital of gastric fever, November 9, 1897, at the age of 69 years.

At the centennial anniversary of Schodack in 1895 he delivered the address, and also wrote a poem for the occasion. He was a skillful player upon the violin.

## 1852

LUCIUS CAMPBELL DUNCAN was born in Augusta, Bracken County, Ky., March 10, 1830, and was adopted by his uncle Lucius Campbell Duncan (B.A. Yale 1821), an eminent member of the bar of New Orleans, and from that city entered college.

After graduation he studied law with his uncles Lucius C. Duncan and G. B. Duncan, and in the University of Louisiana, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1854. He was admitted to the bar the same year, and was for a time editor of the *New Orleans Delta*. In 1857 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale.

He was opposed to Secession, but after the Civil War began he espoused the Southern cause. He suffered hardships and perils, but after New Orleans was occupied by the Union forces he went to Europe and spent the remainder of his life there. He lived a year or more in Paris, and since then had resided in London, where he practiced law and was the legal counsel of many Americans. He was also a director in a number of business corporations. He was a constant reader and a student, and old book stalls were his delight. He and his classmate, Professor William A. Reynolds, were much together.

Mr. Duncan died in London, May 23, 1902, at the age of 72 years. He married in May, 1854, Mary Litchfield, and had two daughters.

JOHN JOHNSTON JONES, son of John Davies Jones, a dry goods merchant of Cincinnati, O., was born in that city April 9, 1832, and entered Yale from Kenyon College early in Sophomore year. His mother was Elizabeth (Johnston) Jones.

After graduation he took the course in the Cincinnati Law School and was admitted as an attorney at law. He did not practice his profession, however, but was associated with his father in the wholesale dry goods house of Jones Brothers & Company, of which his father was the head from 1820 to 1876. He was studious in his habits and enjoyed excellent health through life. His death, which occurred at his residence in Glendale, a suburb of Cincinnati, O., June 10, 1889, was caused by a fall. He was never married. Two brothers, graduates of Yale College in 1859 and 1873, respectively, survive him.

## 1855

WILLIAM FREDERICK CAUSEY was born November 28, 1833, at Milford, Del., son of Hon. Peter Foster Causey, Governor of Delaware from 1854 to 1858, and Maria (Williams) Causey. He entered the class in January, 1852.

For two years after graduation he studied law in the office of Judge John W. Houston (B.A. Yale 1834), and also acted as private secretary to his father, after which he spent a year in the Albany (N. Y.) Law School. He was admitted to the bar in May, 1859, at New Castle, Del., and there began practice. In 1860, he removed to St. Louis, Mo., remaining there three years, and then spent six years in Milford. During this time he was Deputy Attorney General of Delaware for a year, and member of the State Legislature for two years from the fall of 1864. In 1869 he returned to St. Louis, and formed a partnership with Hon. Trusten Polk (B.A. Yale 1831), who was democratic governor of Missouri in 1856 and United States senator in 1857. This continued until the death of Mr. Polk in 1876. In 1879 Mr. Causey returned again to Milford, where he resided thereafter, engaged in law practice and official duties. From 1884 to 1887 he was Secretary of State of Delaware, and from July, 1894, Register of Probate.

Mr. Causey died at his home in Milford October 12, 1902, in the 69th year of his age. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

He married, April 13, 1864, Anna, daughter of Hon. Trusten Polk (above mentioned) and Elizabeth (Skinner) Polk, and had four daughters and two sons. One daughter is deceased.

### 1857

THEODORE WILLIAM ELY BELDEN, son of Dr. Chauncey Belden (M.D. Yale 1829) and Lucy Barron (Ely) Belden, was born in West Springfield, Mass., June 6, 1836. He joined the Freshman class in February, 1854, from Williams College.

After graduation he studied law in Springfield, Mass., with Hon. Reuben A. Chapman, LL.D., then in New York City, was admitted to the bar there in May, 1859, and practiced his profession for several years at 130 Nassau St., in partnership with Judge James R. Whiting. He then removed to Kansas City, Mo., and died of paresis at Osawatomie, Kans., October 8, 1898, at the age of 62 years. He never married.

### 1859

APOLLOS COMSTOCK, eighth of the nine children of Watts and Nancy (Hoyt) Comstock, was born October 18, 1836, in New Canaan, Conn.

The year following graduation and part of the next year he spent at home. At the outbreak of the Civil War he was very active throughout the state in recruiting Company B, Sharpshooters, 13th



Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers. Of this company he was appointed Captain, February 18, 1862, and was promoted to the rank of Major November 5, 1863. He was in the campaign in Louisiana and was one of the "Forlorn Hope" at Port Hudson. He occasionally commanded the regiment and served in many battles, being severely wounded by a shell at the battle of Fisher's Hill in 1864. He was mustered out of service January 6, 1865, and the following spring represented New Canaan in the Connecticut Legislature.

He spent four years in Minneapolis, Minn., then studied medicine in New York, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine from Columbia in 1873. He practiced in Binghamton, N. Y., until 1879, when a sunstroke injured his health. After traveling in New Mexico, Wyoming, and Colorado, he settled for a time at Silver Spring, Colo., where he was examining surgeon for the United States Pension Office, assistant surgeon of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway, surgeon of the Grand Army Post, and coroner of the county.

Later he lived at Toledo, O., until his death, December 15, 1889, at the age of 53 years.

Dr. Comstock married, June 23, 1869, Miss Lizzie E. Merrill, who afterward died, and October 22, 1878, he married at Toledo, O., Julia C., daughter of Daniel Webb and Almina (St. John) Bouton. She survived him. He had no children by either marriage.

CHARLES HEEBNER GROSS, son of Thomas Jefferson and Catherine (Heebner) Gross, was born in Trappe, Upper Providence Township, Montgomery County, Pa., May 9, 1838. He was Salutatorian of his class.

After graduation he studied law in Philadelphia, was admitted to the bar in November, 1861, and thereafter practiced his profession in that city with marked success until his retirement in 1889. During the year 1869 and the early part of 1870 he was First Assistant City Solicitor. He died in Philadelphia of heart disease, December 6, 1902, at the age of 64 years, and was buried in Leesburg, Va.

Mr. Gross married, July 16, 1879, Mrs. Josephine (Cassaday) Fry, daughter of William Henry and Mary (Denham) Cassaday. She died in Philadelphia July 29, 1904. Their only child, a son, is also deceased.

JOHN CALVIN WEBSTER MOORE, son of Dr. Ebenezer Giles Moore (M.D. Dartmouth 1829) and Eliza (Hidden) Moore, was born January 30, 1837, in Wells, Me., but when about seven years old removed with his parents to Concord, N. H., and from there entered

college, after preparation at the Concord High School and at Kimball Union Academy, Meriden, N. H.

After graduation he began the study of medicine with his father, then attended a course of lectures at the Harvard Medical School, but June 5, 1861, entered Company B. Second New Hampshire Volunteers, and was assigned to the hospital department. He served with this regiment until Jan. 3, 1863, when he was commissioned Assistant Surgeon of the Eleventh New Hampshire Volunteers. He was in the Mississippi campaign, aided in organizing the Knoxville Court House United States Hospital, and was in field service in the battles of the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor, and in front of Petersburg, Va. He resigned from the army October 8, 1864, completed his medical course at Bowdoin College, receiving his medical degree with the class of 1865. He then began practice at Andover, Mass., but subsequently removed to Worcester, Mass., and in November, 1869, to Concord, N. H., where he practiced his profession for ten years, continuing to reside there until his death from pneumonia, November 29, 1897. He was 60 years of age. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

He married, November 23, 1868, Sarah Frances, daughter of Rev. Jeffries Hall (Amherst 1829) and Sarah (Swift) Hall, of Chesterfield, N. H. She survived him with one daughter.

#### 1860

CALVIN HARMON SMITH, son of Abial M. and Sarah R. Smith, was born September 19, 1838, at Coventry, Vt.

He joined the class at the beginning of Junior year, and after graduation studied law for eighteen months, was then admitted to the bar, and commenced practice at Potsdam, N. Y. In 1863 he was appointed Assistant District Attorney for the Northern District of New York, and acted in that capacity for nearly three years. He had formed a connection with a law firm in Chicago, Ill., and was about to remove to that city, when he was taken with inflammation of the bowels, which caused his death at Potsdam, July 24, 1866. He was in the 28th year of his age.

#### 1863

GEORGE HAWKINS BUNDY, son of John Curtis and Abigail (Hawkins) Bundy, was born in Springfield, Vt., August 17, 1841, but entered college from Boston, Mass., where his father was then in business.

After graduation he became an oil merchant with his father in the firm of Ware & Bundy, but was later in business in Worcester, Mass.

He married, August 17, 1864, Lizzie C., daughter of Greenleaf Cilley and Elizabeth Clesby Batchelder, and was the father of the Class Boy. He was afterward twice married, his last wife, Mrs. Frances A. Bundy, and three children, a son, the Class Boy, and another son and daughter, survive him.

Mr. Bundy died in Boston, February 23, 1899, in the 58th year of his age.

ERASTUS HUNTINGTON SAUNDERS, son of Erastus and Ruth Ann. (Huntington) Saunders, was born February 5, 1838, in New London, Conn.

He entered Amherst College in 1858, but left there during Junior year, and coming to Yale a year later joined the Junior class in May, 1862.

The year after graduation he taught at West Chester, Pa., and was in the service of the New England Soldiers' Aid Association of Philadelphia. The next year he taught at Tarrytown, N. Y., and in October, 1865, entered the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York, graduating in June, 1868. He was ordained Deacon in 1868 in Trinity Chapel, New York City, and soon afterward became assistant minister of St. Mary's Church, Brooklyn, N. Y. After ordination as Priest in April, 1869, he was for two years Rector of St. Paul's Church, Windham, Conn. During the next three years he was successively Rector of Christ Church, West Burlington, N. Y., of Calvary Church, Cairo, N. Y., and of St. Mark's Church, Green Island, N. Y. From 1874 to 1877 he was assistant minister of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York City, and then of St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn. In the summer of 1878 he took temporary charge of the parishes of Holy Trinity, Greenport, L. I., and St. Mary's on Shelter Island, N. Y.

For years he suffered from mental derangement, and died at Newark, N. J., November 1, 1902, at the age of 64 years. He was buried in Cedar Grove Cemetery, New London, Conn.

He married, February 4, 1869, Miss Anna M. Maitland, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who survived him.

AMOS WORMAN, one of a family of six brothers and three sisters, and son of George and Elizabeth Worman, was born at Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, Pa., December 2, 1834. His father



died about two years later, and in 1850 the family removed to Illinois, settling in Mendon. With his brother George (B.A. Yale 1861) he joined the Class of 1861 in the second term of its Freshman year from the preparatory department of Knox College, and remained with that class nearly through Sophomore year. He took the latter half of his college course with the Class of 1863.

After graduation he taught about a year, and then in the spring of 1864, with his brother George enlisted as a private in the 137th Illinois Volunteers, early in June going with his regiment to Memphis, Tenn. While on picket duty there his regiment was surprised, August 21, by the Confederate forces under General N. B. Forrest, and both he and his brother were captured. His brother died in prison at Cahawba, Ala., two months later, but on account of illness he himself was unable to endure the march of eighty miles to prison, and he was paroled and left by the wayside. Recovering sufficiently to return home, he was later mustered out of service and resumed teaching.

In 1865 he was licensed to preach by the Church of the United Brethren in Christ, and three years later was ordained as a minister of that denomination. For thirty-five years he was a traveling preacher, successively in the Illinois, Rock River, and Kansas Conferences. He was several times a delegate to the General Conference, and in 1875 was elected Presiding Elder of the Illinois Conference. His counsel was often sought by leaders in the church, and he was highly esteemed for his ability as a writer, debater, teacher, and authority on church government.

Mr. Worman was ill for several years, and the last year of his life he was partially blind. He died at the home of his brother Daniel in Augusta, Hancock County, Ill., January 28, 1906, at the age of 71 years. He was never married.

### 1867

GEORGE RICE CARRINGTON, son of George Rice and Letty Maria (Rider) Carrington, was born November 25, 1837, at Stamford, N. Y. He was fitted for college at Claverack, N. Y.

After graduation he studied law two years in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in the office of Joseph H. Jackson, Esq., was admitted to the bar in 1869, and settled in New York City, where he had since practiced his profession.

Mr. Carrington died in New York City, July 22, 1902, after an illness of twelve days from pneumonia. He was the oldest member of the class, and was in his 65th year.

He married, October 15, 1890, Josephine D. Rogers, who survived him. They had no children.

1868

WILLIAM CHITTENDEN BRAGG, son of Addison G. Bragg, M.D., and Ruby A. (Benton) Bragg, was born in Belleville, Ill., April 12, 1845. His parents removed to St. Louis, Mo., a few years later, and from there he entered college.

After graduation he studied law in an office in St. Louis, was admitted to the bar of Franklin County, Mo., in 1869, and practiced about two years in New Haven, Mo. In the autumn of 1872 he removed his office to St. Louis, where he continued in practice till his death; but his residence was at Kirkwood, a few miles from the city.

He edited "A Digest of the Decisions of the Missouri Court of Appeals," in two volumes, in 1883, and "Missouri Masonic Law" in 1885.

He married, October 22, 1872, Emma Ross, of New Haven, Mo. She survived him with two of their three children, a daughter and a son.

Mr. Bragg died at the Alexian Brothers' Hospital in St. Louis, of congestion of the brain, September 7, 1895, at the age of 50 years.

EDWARD FREDERICK HOPKE, son of Eide Frederick and Anna Christina (von Essen) Hopke, was born October 29, 1846, in New York City. Both parents came from Hanover, Germany, and a few years later removed to Hastings-on-the-Hudson, Westchester County, N. Y.

After graduation he studied a year in New York University, and receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws there in 1869 at once began the practice of law. In 1874 he formed a partnership with his Law School classmate, Thomas L. Henry (afterwards District Judge of New Jersey) under the name of Henry & Hopke, but the firm was dissolved after a short time.

In the spring of 1880, on account of ill health, he went to the Hawaiian Islands, and was successful as manager of a large sugar plantation, but after six years, hoping to do still better, he went to the Samoan Islands. Failure attended him there, and he returned to the United States, and for several years was engaged in business in Oakland, Cal. He then went to San Francisco, where in company with a younger brother he managed dye and chemical works most successfully.

Mr. Hopke died of pneumonia, at San Francisco, Cal., December 30, 1904. He was 58 years of age, and unmarried. Two brothers and three sisters survived him.

HORATIO GREENE YATES, son of William P. and Louisa Ann (Parmenter) Yates, was born in Elmira, N. Y., January 25, 1846.

After his graduation he studied with the purpose of becoming a civil engineer, but circumstances made it important for him to be well versed in law, and with this object he studied with E. H. Benn, Esq., of Elmira, and was admitted to the bar in 1876. His time was mostly occupied in caring for the farm and city property in which he was largely interested.

He died, of leucocythemia at his home in Elmira March 18, 1896, at the age of 50 years.

He married, June 4, 1884, Miss Alice Salmon, who survives him, with a daughter and a son.

He was a member of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church. He never held public office but was always helpful in measures for the welfare of the city.

#### 1869

FRANKLIN PORTER, son of Joseph J. and Cynthia A. (Jeffreys) Porter, was born September 23, 1848, in Tarborough, Franklin County, N. C. After taking his Sophomore and Junior years at the University of North Carolina, he came to Yale at the beginning of Senior year.

On graduation he entered the Columbia Law School and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws there in 1872, and the same year the degree of Master of Arts from Yale. He practiced until 1876 in New York City, and then in St. Joseph, Mo., where he married, June 3, 1880, Bessie, daughter of William Grey Connell, a capitalist, and Louise (Owens) Connell.

About the beginning of 1904 he removed to Muskogee, Okl., where he died of throat trouble July 9, 1906, in his 58th year. Their three sons, including twins, with Mrs. Porter, survive him.

#### 1870

HORACE WEBSTER EATON, son of Rev. Horace Eaton, D.D. (B.A. Dartmouth 1838) and Anna Ruth (Webster) Eaton, was born June 28, 1846, in Boscawen, Merrimack County, N. H., but entered college from Palmyra, N. Y., where, from 1849 to 1879, his father was the Presbyterian pastor.

His life after graduation, with the exception of five years, was spent in Washington, D. C., where he was clerk in the office of the Census Bureau of 1870, 1880, and 1890, and in the Patent and Pension offices. When not in the Government service he was engaged in teaching in New York and Virginia.



He took the degree of Master of Arts in course three years after graduation, that of Bachelor of Laws in 1884 from the National Law School in Washington, and of Master of Laws from the same institution in 1885. He was admitted to the bar in June, 1885.

Mr. Eaton resigned from the Pension Bureau early in 1904, and after a prolonged illness at his home in Palmyra, N. Y., died there of pernicious anæmia, September 7, 1905. He was 59 years of age, and had never married. A sister, Miss Elizabeth W. Eaton, survived him.

HENRY ELISHA MARTIN, son of Alwyn and Laura Ann (Jillson) Martin, was born in Whitehall, N. Y., on May 4, 1847.

After graduation he was continuously engaged in the lumber business until 1886 in Menominee, Mich., then with his father at Stevens Point, Wisc., and from 1895 in Fond du Lac, Wisc., residing in the last mentioned place from the summer of 1896. He was elected City Treasurer of Menominee in 1882, and Mayor of Stevens Point in 1889, declining the nomination for a second term in the latter office.

In February, 1898, he was taken ill, and died of congestion of the brain at Fond du Lac March 26, 1898, in the 51st year of his age. He was a member and trustee of the Presbyterian Church.

He married, on June 18, 1874, Lizzie Blanche, daughter of Edmund Jones Hildreth of Fond du Lac, and had four daughters and three sons, of whom two daughters are deceased.

#### 1874

MOSES MCILVAIN SAYRE, son of Martin and Jane Crocket (McIlvain) Sayre, was born on November 21, 1849, at Spring Hills, Champaign County, Ohio, but entered Yale at the beginning of Senior year from the neighboring town of Urbana, after spending three years in Oberlin College. He afterward received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Oberlin and was also enrolled in the class of 1874 there.

For about three years after graduation he was engaged in teaching and studying law. He was admitted to the Ohio bar in May, 1877, and from January, 1878, practiced his profession in Urbana. In October, 1881, he was elected State Senator from his district, and served two years.

Mr. Sayre died of typhoid fever at his home in Urbana September 21, 1901, in the 52d year of his age.

He married, February 23, 1881, Ella, daughter of Thomas and Maria (Kellar) Morris, of Urbana, and had three daughters and a son. One daughter died in infancy. The other children with their mother survived him.

## 1886

WILLIAM MARTIN STRAUSS, son of Solomon and Caroline (Balis) Strauss, was born October 3, 1865, at Valatie, in the township of Kinderhook, Columbia County, N. Y., but entered college from Poughkeepsie, N. Y., where his father was then living as a retired merchant.

He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the Albany (N. Y.) Law School in 1887, also studied in the office of Thompson, Weeks & Thorn, in Poughkeepsie, and was admitted to the bar in December of the same year. After nearly two years in New York City, he went to Kansas City, Mo., but six months later returned to New York and practiced alone until the time of his death.

He died in New York City August 31, 1899, in the 34th year of his age.

## 1888

HERVEY RICHARDS FRANKLIN, son of Benjamin Franklin, a manufacturing jeweler of New York City and Harriet Elizabeth (Colburn) Franklin, was born October 16, 1866, in Brooklyn, N. Y. He prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H., and entered as a resident of North Attleboro, Mass.

After graduation from college he was in business for a time, studied in the Yale Law School in 1889-90, then went to the State of Washington, and was private secretary to the Governor at Olympia. Later he practiced law at Olympia, but subsequently pursued his profession in New York City.

He died at Yonkers, N. Y., May 9, 1906, at the age of 39 years and was buried at North Attleboro, Mass. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Unitarian Church. His mother survives him.

## 1894

EDWARD HAROLD BRONSON, son of Rev. Asa Clarke Bronson, was born July 10, 1872, in Wallingford, Conn., where his father was then pastor of the Baptist Church. His mother was Hannah Burrows (Gallup) Bronson. He prepared for college at Norwich (Conn.) Free Academy.

After graduation he studied three years in Yale Theological Seminary, but since 1897 had been seriously out of health.

He died of pulmonary phthisis at Middletown, Conn., January, 1901, in the 29th year of his age, and was buried in Groton, Conn. He was unmarried. He was a member of the First Baptist Church, Norwich, Conn. A brother, F. C. G. Bronson, graduated from the Academical Department in 1892.

## 1895

GEORGE PARKER WILEY, son of Eli Wiley, a lawyer, was born November 7, 1872, in Charleston, Ill. He prepared for college at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduation he engaged in business, the first three years being cashier of the Springfield (Mo.) Traction Company, then secretary and treasurer of the George H. Tefft Grocer Company in the same city, and during the last few years secretary and part owner of the Anchor Broom Works.

Mr. Wiley died suddenly from pneumonia at his home in Springfield, May 13, 1908. He was 35 years of age.

He married in Springfield, Mo., July 27, 1898, Miss Georgia Moist, who survives him without children. His brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1885.

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YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

## 1823

HENRY HEWITT, son of Nathaniel Hewit, a ship builder, and Sarah (Avery) Hewit, and younger brother of Rev. Nathaniel Hewit (Yale 1808), was born October 8, 1797, in New London, Conn.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced his profession in Vergennes, Vt., and Potsdam, N. Y. In 1862 he became Surgeon of the 92d Regiment, New York Volunteers, and was with the regiment at Yorktown and White House, but in consequence of typho-malarial fever he was sent to a hospital in New York City, and did not recover sufficiently to return to the front. He was afterward appointed Surgeon to the recruiting station at Malone, N. Y. He died in Potsdam, N. Y., on July 22, 1869, in the 72d year of his age. He was a vestryman of Trinity Church in Potsdam.

Dr. Hewitt married Althea, daughter of Elkanah Brush, a farmer of Vergennes, Vt., and had three sons and one daughter. One son, Charles N. Hewitt, M.D., LL.D. (B.A. Hobart 1856), married a daughter of Dr. Joel E. Hawley, a graduate of the Yale Medical School in 1829.



## 1824

ZACCHEUS WALDO BINGHAM, twelfth of the fourteen children of John and Talitha (Waldo) Bingham, was born in Hanover Society, Sprague, formerly a part of Norwich, Conn., May 23, 1802.

After graduation he lived at Warren, N. Y., and Dixon, Ill., and died at the latter place October 8, 1856, at the age of 54 years.

His first wife was probably Ruth Cutler, daughter of Joseph and Phebe (Fitch) Simms of Canterbury, whom he married December 6, 1824, and who died in 1828 in Warren. He married again, December 9, 1852, Amelia Edwards Bingham, who died September 15, 1886, at Dixon, Ill. By his first marriage he had a son and daughter.

## 1826

DANIEL LACY, son of William Lacy, of Wheatland, Monroe County, N. Y., was born about 1798. His mother was a Miss Gregory.

His practice was brief, for he died at Wheatland, March 27, 1828, probably of consumption, in the 30th year of his age. He married Lucy, daughter of Thomas Andrew and Sarah (Turner) Dickinson, who died in 1833, leaving no children.

## 1827

CHARLES RICHARD COOPER, only child of John Alexander and Rachel (Craighead) Cooper, was born about 1807 in Carlisle, Pa., and in 1824 was a student in Dickinson College.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced several years in his native town, and then removed to Clarksville, Tenn., where he filled an important place in the community, and was widely beloved. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church and interested in all good works. He was broken in health and spirit by the Civil War, and died in Clarksville, October 24, 1865, at the age of about 58 years.

Dr. Cooper married Mary, sister of Dr. Adam Hays, a surgeon of the War of 1812, who died many years before her husband. Four sons and two daughters survived them. Two of the sons served in the Civil War.

## 1829

CHAUNCEY STUART, son of Nehemiah and Susan (Hungerford) Stuart, and brother of Dr. Morgan Stuart (M.D. Yale 1835) and of Dr. Sylvanus Stuart (M.D. Yale 1838), was born at Sherman, Fairfield County, Conn., September 9, 1802.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he settled in practice in Milan, O., where he died September 4, 1833, at the age of nearly 31 years.

He married Catherine, daughter of Hiram Burch, a lawyer of Cleveland, O., but had no children. He united with the Congregational Church in Sherman in 1821, and was esteemed for his excellent character.

### 1830

GEORGE WASHINGTON GRISWOLD, son of F. Joel and Sarah (Kelsey) Griswold, was born in Killingworth, Conn., July 26, 1804.

He died in Shawneetown, Gallatin County, Ill., September 22, 1834, at the age of 30 years. He was unmarried.

JOHN KIP VERMILYEA, son of Isaac Gerardus and Catharine (Kip) Vermilyea, was born on September 16, 1802, in the town of La Grange, Dutchess County, N. Y., where his father was a substantial farmer. His early education was obtained at the Red Hook Academy, Tivoli, N. Y., and he is thought to have taken a preliminary course in the Berkshire Medical Institute, in Pittsfield, Mass.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced his profession for a time in Kingston and Troy, and for some years in the latter part of his life at Cold Springs, N. Y. He was often called in consultation in critical cases. He was greatly interested in public schools, and was at one time superintendent of schools in the town of Fishkill, N. Y. He was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He died at Hopewell Junction, Dutchess County, N. Y., June 7, 1877, in the 75th year of his age.

Dr. Vermilyea married, on November 20, 1832, Catharine Livingstone, daughter of David Hamlin, who was captain of a line of packet sloops plying between Red Hook Landing (now Tivoli) and New York City, and had two sons and two daughters (who were living in 1902) and five other children who died in early life. The eldest son graduated from Rutgers College in 1860. In 1856 Dr. Vermilyea married Hannah Jane Stevens, but had no children by this marriage.

### 1831

GEORGE LANE KEENEY, son of Joshua and Phebe (Sturdevant) Keeney, was born May 22, 1809, in Black Walnut, in the township of Braintrim, Wyoming County, Pa.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced his profession in Perry, Wyoming County, N. Y., where he died December 31, 1869, at the age of 60 years.

He married December 31, 1835, Anne, daughter of Captain William and Hanna (Kimball) Dolbeer of Perry, and had a son, Judge George D. Kinney, and two daughters. The son died at Lockport, N. Y., in April, 1903, and the daughters are also deceased. Mrs. Keeney died April 20, 1900.

### 1836

WOODBIDGE BODWELL, son of Augustus and Olive (Buck) Bodwell, was born July 12, 1812, in Farmington, Conn., and took his preparatory studies under Simeon Hart (B.A. Yale 1823).

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced medicine and kept a drug store in Farmington until 1873, and then spent the remainder of his life in Falmouth, Ky., where he died January 25, 1897, in the 85th year of his age. He joined the Methodist Church in Farmington soon after its organization, but in February, 1843, became a member of the Congregational Church.

He married in September, 1843, Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Timothy G. Hull, a farmer of Farmington. She died in 1886. They had a son and two daughters, of whom the daughters were living in 1903.

### 1837

JOEL BACON MERRIMAN, son of Anson M. and Jerusha (Bacon) Merriman, was born in Southington, Hartford County, Conn., May 2, 1814.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he acquired an extended practice in Dixon, Lee County, Ill., where he died October 22, 1898, at the age of 84 years.

He married, January 1, 1848, Miss Eliza Curtiss, who died, leaving a daughter. In 1858 he married Miss Mary E. Smith, and had by her a son. After her death he married Miss Angelina Judd, who survived him with the daughter and son above mentioned.

### 1838

SILVANUS STUART, son of Nehemiah and Susan (Hungerford) Stuart, was born on May 22, 1810, in Sherman, Conn. When about 20 years of age he united with the Congregational Church in that place.



After graduation he removed to Milan, O., where with his brothers Chauncey (M.D. Yale 1829) and Morgan Stuart (M.D. Yale 1835), he practiced his profession with success. From 1856 he was an earnest supporter of the Republican party.

He married, on April 17, 1837, Caroline Maria, daughter of David and Patience Matilda (Averill) Whittlesey, of New Preston, Conn., and died in Milan, O.; on December 5, 1896, leaving a daughter and a son (Western Reserve 1862). He was 86 years of age.

### 1839

HORATIO BRYANT, son of Micah Bryant, was born July 10, 1809, probably in Plympton, Mass., was a student in Amherst College, in 1831-32, and finished his college course at Union College in 1836, receiving also from the latter the degree of Master of Arts.

During the last forty-five years of his life his home was at Independence, Iowa, and he stood at the head of his profession in the county as a physician and surgeon. He was president of the Board of Education of that city, was president of the Commission of Insanity for Buchanan County, and County Supervisor. During the early years of his residence at Independence he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, but after the organization of the New England Congregational Church he united with that church.

Dr. Bryant died in Independence November 3, 1899, at the age of 90 years. His wife, Louisa C. Bryant, died in 1888, and his only daughter, wife of Major W. S. Marshall, of the Fifth Iowa Infantry, died in 1868.

Most of his property was divided equally between Tabor College, Ia., and Talladega College, Ala.

### 1840

LOUIS WATSON, son of Henry and Julia (Reed) Watson, was born at East Windsor Hill, Conn., on October 29, 1817. After preliminary study in the East Hartford schools, he was a student in Trinity College, Hartford, for three years, but left there at the beginning of Senior year and entered the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he practiced medicine in Quincy, Ill., from 1845 to 1861, when he became Surgeon of the 16th Illinois Volunteers (14th Army Corps, General Davis's Division), and was soon afterward made Division Surgeon and then Medical Director. He served in Tennessee and Alabama. After the war he resumed practice in Quincy, but some years later removed to Ellis, Kans., where

he was principally engaged in farming, though practicing his profession to a limited extent. He died there on September 22, 1894, in his 77th year.

Dr. Watson married, on August 1, 1847, Amelia Russell Hawver, of Branford, Conn., who died in 1850. Two children died in infancy, but an adopted daughter survived.

#### 1841

JOHN HOWE ARNOLD, son of Isaac Arnold, a carpenter and builder of Mansfield Center, Conn., was born in that place, December 4, 1800. His mother's name was Sarah (Howe) Arnold.

He married, January 2, 1826, Emma, daughter of Thomas Whitney, a merchant of Whitney's Point, Broome County, N. Y. She died at Lisle, in the same county in 1832, and in 1845 he married Mrs. Deborah Turner, of Owego, Tioga County, where he practiced his profession for a number of years, and where he died July 29, 1876, at the age of 75. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church. His widow died at the home of her son in Flint, Mich., in 1885. A daughter was living in 1902.

#### 1842

PHILO NICHOLS CURTIS, next to the youngest of the twelve children of Benjamin and Polly (Bennet) Curtis, was born December 18, 1817, at Newtown, Conn. His father was a farmer in the district of Zoar, and his mother's family were owners of Bennet's bridge over the Housatonic River above Sandy Hook.

After graduation from the Medical School Dr. Curtis practiced for a short time in North Carolina, but about 1854 removed to Michigan, settling at Tecumseh, where for several years and until his decease he was proprietor of a drug store. He was a vestryman of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church, and superintendent of its Sunday School.

He died at Tecumseh, Mich., 1870, at the age of 53 years.

Dr. Curtis married, January 11, 1859, Sarah S., daughter of Charles and Polly (Andrus) Atwood, of Watertown, Conn. They had no children, but reared a nephew of Mrs. Curtis, Charles Case, with whom Mrs. Curtis resides in San Francisco, Cal.

#### 1845

WILLIAM HENRY ROSSELL, son of Major Zachariah Rossell, an officer of the War of 1812, and after its close Clerk of the New Jersey Supreme Court until his decease in 1842, was born at Tren-

ton, N. J., September 1, 1820. He was a great-great-grandson of Chief Justice William Trent, from whom the city of Trenton was named.

He began the study of medicine in Trenton, and completed his course in the Yale Medical School, after which he entered the United States Army as a surgeon. While he was stationed at the Mount Vernon Arsenal, Ala., he married, November 19, 1846, Miss Lucinda Yale Eustin. After her death he resigned from the army and returned to Trenton, and was then in business a short time. Before the Civil War he reëntered the United States Army as Lieutenant, and was brevetted Major in February, 1862, for gallant and meritorious service at the battle of Valverde, N. Mex. On account of ill health he retired in November, 1863, and thereafter lived at Asheville, N. C., where he died July 20, 1885, in the 65th year of his age. His son (West Point 1873) is a Lieutenant-Colonel in the United States Engineer Corps.

#### 1847

CHARLES CULLEN CONE, second of the four sons and sixth of the eight children of Dr. Ebenezer Cone, a Connecticut physician having an extensive practice in Middlesex and adjoining counties, was born in Westbrook, Conn., on September 29, 1812. His mother was Anne (Wood) Cone, an adopted daughter of Jonathan Lay of Saybrook. She died in 1859.

He married, May 24, 1840, Miss Jane R. Warner, and resided during the later years of his life in New York City, where he died February 2, 1882, in the 70th year of his age.

WILLIAM HENRY WILLIAMS, son of William Williams, a farmer of Clinton, Conn., was born in that town January 9, 1822. His mother was Pamela (Benton) Williams. He was prepared for the Medical School by Dr. Hubbard of his native town.

After graduation he settled in practice in South Brooklyn, the section of Brooklyn, N. Y., which then included also the district around Fort Hamilton and Bay Ridge. In 1886 he removed to 207 Seventeenth Street, where he continued his professional duties until ill health compelled his retirement the last year of his life.

He died at his home in Brooklyn, January 3, 1901, at the age of nearly seventy-nine years.

He married, November 7, 1877, Sushanna Throop, daughter of Dr. Anson Foote of Guilford, Conn., who survived him. They had no children.



1848

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN BRADFORD, son of William Bradford by his second wife, Hannah (Dolbeare) Bradford, was born in Montville, New London County, Conn., January 2, 1820.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he became a leading physician in his native town, where he died March 11, 1869, at the age of 49 years. He was Judge of Probate from 1851 to 1854. His wife was Miss Nancy Pratt, of Montville.

LEBBEUS EATON MARSH, son of John Crosby and Elcipha (Marsh) Marsh, was born on April 11, 1824, in Belchertown, Mass., and obtained his preparatory education chiefly while at work in his father's blacksmith shop in Leverett, Mass.

After graduation from the Medical Department he practiced in Dana, Granby, and Wales, Mass., and in Greeley, Colo., where he died December 28, 1898, at the age of 74 years. He was a member of the Baptist Church in Greeley.

He married at Petersham, Mass., May 23, 1848, Sarah, daughter of Solomon and Olive (Cutler) Gibbs, of North Dana, Mass. She died in 1877. In 1880 Dr. Marsh married in Denver, Anna Eliza Portia Eastman (M.D. Univ. Mich. 1879), daughter of Rev. George Eastman, a Baptist clergyman of Ann Arbor, Mich., and of Hannah (Hunt) Eastman. She died in 1896, and he afterward married Mrs. Laura A. Bishop, of Chicago, whose death occurred about six months after his own. Of his five children, all by his first marriage, only a son and a daughter survived him, and in 1902 were living in Tower City, N. Dak.

ELISHA SMITH PECK, son of Timothy and Catharine (Smith) Peck, was born in Lyme, Conn., June 3, 1809.

After graduation he practiced his profession in his native place and died there January 7, 1860, in the 51st year of his age.

He married, March 30, 1855, Caroline Slate of Lyme. She afterward married again, but is deceased, as is their only son. Dr. Peck's remains were first buried in Hamburg, in the town of Lyme, but were afterward removed to Essex, Conn.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS SMITH, son of John Coates Smith, a merchant and farmer of Voluntown, Conn., was born in that place on April 8, 1825. His mother was Alice (Houston) Smith.

After graduation from the Medical School he began the practice of his profession and was also engaged in school teaching in his native town, but died the following year, May 22, 1849, at the age of 24. He was unmarried.

## 1849

GEORGE STEELE WILLIAMS, son of Amos Williams, a merchant and shoe manufacturer, and Elizabeth (Steele) Williams, was born at Centerville (later named Roseland), near Caldwell, Essex County, N. J., in 1829. He attended private schools at Belleville and Caldwell, and then entered the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he served in the New Haven Hospital, and then settled in Caldwell, where he won esteem as a good physician and friend.

Dr. Williams died after an illness of several months at his home in Caldwell, on June 14, 1859, at the age of about 30 years.

He married on September 19, 1852, Sarah Amanda, daughter of Benjamin Bunnell, a coach maker of Roseland. She survived him with a son and daughter.

## 1852

GEORGE BENJAMIN PARSONS was born in Connecticut about 1830. While a student in the Medical School his residence was given as Sharon and Kent, Conn.

After graduation he went to Independence, Ia., and September 23, 1861, enlisted in Company B of the Fourth Iowa Cavalry, receiving the appointment of First Lieutenant November 23 of that year. His company served chiefly in Missouri and Arkansas, and reënlisted in 1863. September 2 of that year he was commissioned Captain.

On one occasion, October 11, 1862, while his regiment was stationed near Helena, Ark., three companies under Major Rector, returning from a scouting expedition, were surprised by a much larger body of the 21st Texas Cavalry under Lieutenant-Colonel Giddings and routed, a number being taken prisoners. Lieutenant Parsons, returning with forty men from another expedition, hearing the noise, quickly came up, attacked and drove off the Confederates and captured Lieutenant-Colonel Giddings and eleven of his men. He himself was wounded.

After the war Captain Parsons practiced medicine to some extent, residing since about 1870 at Hooper, Nebr., where he died April 8, 1899, at the age of 69 years. His widow, Mrs. Sophia W. Parsons, and a son and daughter survived him.

## 1855

GEORGE WASHINGTON STRONG, son of Judah Strong by his second wife, Sophronia (Loomis) Strong, was born in Bolton, Conn., September 30, 1829.

After graduation from the Medical School he practiced his profession in New York state, but about 1856 removed to California and continued in practice for about ten years. After this he devoted his attention to metallurgy, and became an essayer and mining expert. He died of heart failure in San Francisco, Cal., November 2, 1897, at the age of 68 years.

He married, about 1867, Armenia, daughter of A. J. Vermilya, a commission merchant of New York City, and had a son and a daughter, who survived him.

### 1857

HOMER LEE PARSONS, son of Levi S. Parsons, a manufacturer, and Elvira (Squire) Parsons, was born July 21, 1836, in Branford, Conn.

He entered the Confederate service in the Civil War, was in charge of the military hospital at Columbus, Miss., and was also Brigade Surgeon on Gen. Magruder's staff. Soon after the war he went to Texas and settled at Terrell, where he died of pneumonia January 23, 1893, in the 57th year of his age. He was buried at Kaufman in the same county.

Dr. Parsons married in 1865 Miss Elizabeth Garrett, daughter of a Mississippi lawyer, and in 1872 Miss Margaret Richardson. Two daughters and a son survived him.

He wrote a number of political articles for the press.

### 1858

GEORGE WASHINGTON BIRCH, son of Samuel R. Birch, M.D., and Sarah (Chase) Birch, was born January 18, 1831, in New York City, but spent most of his boyhood in Pawling, Dutchess County, N. Y. After attending the academy in the adjoining town of Patterson, he began the study of medicine under his father's direction, and from 1853 to 1856 continued these studies under Dr. Amos L. Williams (Jefferson Medical College 1841), in Brookfield, Conn., then entered the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he began practice in Redding, Conn., but early in 1861 removed to North Stamford, and in August, 1868, to Stamford, Conn., where he had since continued in general practice, but with unusual success in obstetrics and pneumonia.

He was highly esteemed as a citizen and served the public as a member of the first Board of Health of Stamford and was a member of the School Board for several years.

Dr. Birch died at his home in Stamford July 4, 1906, at the age of 75 years.



He married in August, 1857, Miss Harriet W. Somers of Brooklyn, Conn., who died in 1874. His second wife was Miss Augusta Gumbs, who died in August, 1875. He afterward married Alice J., daughter of George and Frances Jane (Betts) Scofield, who survives him with a daughter, also a son by the first marriage. A daughter by his first marriage died in 1893, and a son by his last marriage died in infancy.

## 1860

PLATTE EDWARD BRUSH, son of Lewis and Lucy Ann (Williams) Brush, was born October 14, 1833, at Bridgewater, Susquehanna County, Pa., and before entering the Yale Medical School studied at Harford (Pa.) University.

He was Assistant Surgeon in the 104th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers from April 7, 1862, till it was mustered out of service August 25, 1865. In 1866 he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine also from the University of Pennsylvania.

Dr. Brush married, June 22, 1867, Julaine, daughter of Jeremiah Rosengrant, and died at Springville, Susquehanna County, Pa., July 23, 1896, in the 63d year of his age. He had no children.

## 1861

NEILSON ABEEL BALDWIN, one of the five children of Rev. John Abeel Baldwin (Yale 1829) and Elizabeth E. (VanKleeck) Baldwin, was born February 28, 1839, at Flatbush, now a part of Brooklyn, N. Y. He graduated from Lafayette College in 1858, and then entered the Yale Medical School, residing at the time in New Providence, N. J.

After receiving his medical degree he served as surgeon of the 173d Regiment of New York Volunteers from 1861 to 1865, and at the close of the Civil War settled in the practice of his profession in Brooklyn. From 1872 to 1875 he was surgeon of the Metropolitan Police Department. He was vice-president of the American Academy of Medicine in 1879.

Dr. Baldwin died August 29, 1906, at the Methodist Episcopal (Seney) Hospital, Brooklyn, after an operation for cancer of the tongue. He was 67 years of age. He was buried in the Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Newark, N. J. His widow, son, and two daughters survive him.

EBENEZER WITTER, son of Asa Witter, M.D., and Eliza (Lyon) Witter, of Woodstock, Conn., was born April 6, 1839, and practiced his profession in Sturbridge, Mass., where he died June 18, 1881,

aged 42 years. He married Miss Ellen Wright, and had one daughter.

## 1862

EDWIN LATHAM GARDNER, son of Latham and Angeline (Moore) Gardner, was born in East Bridgewater, Pa., May 20, 1841, but obtained his early education in Harford, Susquehanna County, Pa.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced for over twenty years in Montrose, Pa., but spent the last ten years of his life in Binghamton, N. Y., where he was engaged in farming, and where he died of heart failure June 21, 1894, at the age of 53.

Dr. Gardner married in 1891 Miss Mary Dean, whose residence was in Florida.

## 1864

NAPOLÉON BONAPARTE KENYON, son of Silas R. and Hannah Kenyon, was born at Richmond, R. I., February 17, 1840. Previous to entering the Yale Medical School he studied medicine with Dr. Fenner H. Peckham (M.D. Yale 1842).

After graduation he practiced a year in Providence, three years in Greenville, and for the remainder of his life at River Point in the Pawtuxet Valley, where he was the beloved family physician of a large circle, candid, sympathetic, and untiring. He had been a member of the Providence Medical Association and Fellow of the Rhode Island Medical Society since 1864. In that year he was commissioned Assistant Surgeon in the Rhode Island Militia with the rank of First Lieutenant.

Dr. Kenyon died at River Point, December 3, 1899, at the age of 59 years.

He married in 1865, Sarah E. Smith, who survived him with one of their two daughters.

GEORGE PARKINSON was born in January, 1839, in Ontario, Canada.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he returned to Canada, where he died of tuberculosis of the lungs April 14, 1866, at the age of 27 years.

## 1865

JOHN CLAUDIUS HERRICK, son of John Pierrepont Herrick, M.D. (B.A. Yale 1824) and Esther Phebe (Foster) Herrick, was born November 14, 1844, at Southampton, L. I., N. Y., and pursued his early studies in Southampton, Academy.

He obtained part of his medical education at the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., and part at the Yale Medical School, receiving his medical degree from both institutions in the same year.

He practiced his profession at Corinth, Saratoga County, N. Y., for five years, and then in Passaic, N. J. In 1893 he removed to Denver, Colo., where he was president of the Arapahoe Medical Society, and where he died September 30, 1898. He was in the 54th year of his age.

Dr. Herrick was an elder in the Presbyterian Church in Corinth, and a member of the First Avenue Presbyterian Church in Denver.

He married, June 19, 1872, Ellen Louise, daughter of Dr. Nathaniel and Mary (Topping) Topping, of Bridgehampton, N. Y., and had two sons and a daughter. The elder son graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Colorado in 1896 and died in 1898, and the younger son later studied medicine in the same institution.

Dr. Herrick was a nephew of Rev. Henry Herrick (B. A. Yale 1822), and of Edward Claudius Herrick (M. A. Yale 1838), who was Librarian of Yale College from 1843 to 1858, and Treasurer from 1852 until his death in 1862.

#### 1867

THEOBALD BAIRD, son of Henry Baird, M. D., and Elizabeth (Schriner) Baird, was born in the township of East China, St. Clair County, Mich., February 29, 1842, and was for a time a student in the University of Michigan.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School, he practiced his profession for a short time in Marine City, adjoining his native town, and died there July 30, 1872, at the age of 30 years.

He married, November 16, 1868, Sophia J., daughter of Joseph Luff, a shipwright, and had one son.

#### 1877

CURTISS HINMAN OSBORNE, son of Edwin and Elizabeth (Hinman) Osborne, was born at Southbury, Conn., December 31, 1851, but entered the Medical School from New Haven.

After graduation he practiced his profession for about twenty years in Southport, Conn., after which he opened an office in Mount Vernon, N. Y. About 1900 he removed to California, and died of heart disease at Pasadena, February 8, 1901. He was in the 50th year of his age. He was a member of the First Presbyterian Church, Mount Vernon.



Dr. Osborne married, on May 1, 1878, Julia Backus, daughter of Joseph Warren and Martha (Northway) Cone, who survives him with a daughter.

## 1884

JOHN GALE STEVENS, son of Barlow M. Stevens, a contractor in the Howe Sewing Machine Manufactory in Bridgeport, Conn., and Laura A. (Fairchild) Stevens, was born at New Milford, Conn., March 2, 1838, but in 1847 the family removed to Bridgeport. Entering the drug store of Crofoot & Lyon he remained with them and their successors until 1858, and then conducted a similar business as a member of the firm of Thayer & Stevens until 1862, when he enlisted as First Lieutenant of Company I, 22d Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers. He was captured at Brashear City, La., June 23, 1863, and confined thirteen months in Confederate prisons. On his return from the war he resumed the drug business, which he continued until 1872, and then removed to Monroe, Conn., and began his preparation for the study of medicine.

After graduation from the Medical School he settled in Monroe, where, besides his work as a physician, he was a member of the school board and of the board of selectmen, justice of the peace for ten years, health officer and medical examiner, and postmaster for one term. In 1886 he was a republican representative in the Connecticut Legislature.

Dr. Stevens died from heart trouble March 28, 1899, at the age of 61 years.

He married, May 13, 1868, A. Elma, daughter of Samuel B. Beardsley, a teacher in Monroe, and sister of Dr. Edward M. Beardsley (M. D. Yale 1845). They had one daughter.

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YALE LAW SCHOOL.

## 1846

ISAAC LOUIS KINZER, son of Isaac Louis Kinzer, a lawyer of Alexandria, Va., was born on a farm in Lancaster County, Pa., about twelve miles from Lancaster, on August 5, 1824. Before entering the Yale Law School he studied in Alexandria.

After graduation he returned there and practiced his profession till his death June 13, 1863, in the 39th year of his age. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married, December 5, 1849, Margaret G., daughter of George Wise, and had four daughters and one son.

1847

GURDON HEWITT, son of Gurdon and Charlotte (Platt) Hewitt, was born in Owego, Tioga County, N. Y., March 29, 1826.

He continued through life a resident of his native place, and was connected with various financial and other interests which were identified with the family name.

He married March 3, 1881, and died in Owego, September 10, 1900, at the age of 74 years, leaving no children.

His brother, Frederick G. Hewitt (B.A. Yale 1858), who died August 30, 1908, was a large benefactor of the University.

1851

WILLIAM THOMAS MARSH, son of James B. and Eleanor Carr (Bowen) Marsh, was born July 21, 1830, at the summer home of his parents on the Pamlico River, N. C., near Indian Island. His grandfather, Jonathan Marsh, was a native of Rhode Island, but had settled in North Carolina and engaged in trade with the West Indies.

His mother died when he was about 12 years old, and he was sent in 1843 to New Haven, Conn., where he attended school, passing the years 1847-49 at the Hopkins Grammar School.

From there he entered the Law School, and upon graduation returned to his father's home at Washington, N. C., and was admitted to practice in the county courts in 1851, and in the Superior courts the following year. Choosing Greenville, N. C., as his residence, he was soon made Solicitor of Pitt County and so continued several years. His practice was also extensive in the neighboring counties of Green, Washington, and Beaufort.

The decease of his father in 1855 made necessary his removal to Beaufort County, and he settled in Washington, where he continued his practice until 1861 as a member of the firm of Marsh & Maclenahan. He was also engaged in farming and cleared a large tract of land as an addition to the farm left him by his father.

He was deeply interested in the political questions of the time and in 1861 was elected by the Whig party a member of the State Legislature. After the passing of the ordinance of secession by South Carolina and some of the other Southern States, an extra session of the legislature at Raleigh was called which lasted about forty days. During this time a small minority of men, including Mr. Marsh, loyal to the Union, in the hope that some compromise might be effected which would bring about the return of the seceding states and keep North Carolina in the Union, by proposing

amendments and in turn making Union speeches, and by skillfully using other parliamentary tactics, delayed the passage of any secession resolution, making it impossible for the opposition to take the state out of the Union. But when President Lincoln called upon the state to furnish its quota of men for the Union army, North Carolina joined the seceding states.

Immediately upon Mr. Marsh's return home a company of eighty-eight men was formed, of which he was elected Captain. This company became Company I of the Fourth Regiment, North Carolina State Troops, was sent to the front at Manassas Junction, and after the battle of Bull Run was at Yorktown, Richmond, Seven Pines, and in many other hard fought battles.

Captain Marsh was again elected to the State Legislature, but decided to remain with his command until after the battle then impending near Sharpsburg. In this battle of Antietam, September 17, 1862, he was mortally wounded. He died September 24, near Shepherdstown, W. Va., at the age of 32 years. His remains were removed in 1867 to the family cemetery at Washington, N. C. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

ASA NATHANIEL OVERALL, son of Major Wilson Lee and Mary (Griffith) Overall, was born in St. Charles County, Mo., in 1821. His father was a native of Nashville, Tenn., and his mother's father was Captain Samuel Griffith, an officer in the Missouri Indian war.

Before coming to New Haven he graduated from St. Charles College, Mo., and after graduating from the Yale Law School he returned to St. Charles City of which he was Recorder in 1854, member of the City Council in 1859-60, and Mayor in 1870.

He died in St. Charles July 30, 1870, at the age of about 49 years. Three children survived him. A brother, John H. Overall, graduated from the University of Missouri in 1865 and from the Harvard Law School in 1867.

### 1855

ANGUS MACDONALD, son of Donald MacDonald, a merchant of Caledonia, Livingston County, N. Y., was born in that place in 1830, and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Union College in 1851.

The year after graduation from the Yale Law School he was counsel for the Niagara Falls Railroad, about 1862 was postmaster at Geneva, N. Y., and in 1867-68 was a member of the New York Constitutional Convention. For a time he resided in Rochester,



N. Y., but died at Pierre, S. D., in November, 1889, at the age of 59 years.

He married, in April, 1855, A. Virginia, daughter of Ransom Dibble, a merchant of New Haven, and had one son (B.A. Univ. Rochester 1879) and two daughters.

WARREN GREEN RANSOM, son of Rev. Jared Comstock Ransom, a Baptist clergyman, and Anna Amanda (Cook) Ransom, was born at Warren, Herkimer County, N. Y., April 1, 1829. His mother died before he was a year old, and he was adopted by his maternal uncle, Elbert W. Cook. He received his preparatory education at Springville Academy, Springville, Erie County, N. Y.

After graduation he decided that the practice of law would be uncongenial, but he taught with success in Erie County and on Long Island, N. Y., also in Kentucky, was for a time in the United States Engineering service in the West, and then bought a farm near Springville, where he lived until 1890. He then moved into the village and died there April 3, 1899, at the age of 70 years. He was a member of the Baptist Church.

He married in 1883 Miss Clarissa E. Bonsteel, of Otto, Cattaraugus County, N. Y., who survived him. They had no children.

#### 1856

GEORGE RUGGLES GOLD, son of Stephen J. Gold, inventor of the Gold steam heater, and of Sarah F. (Cathouse) Gold, was born October 9, 1830, at Cornwall, Conn.

After graduation from the Law School he settled in Flint, Mich., where he held many public offices, being County Clerk and Judge of Probate of Genesee County, City Attorney of Flint, and Mayor of the city. For six years he served on the official board of the Michigan School for the Feeble Minded at Lapeer. He was a member of the Congregational Church from its organization in 1867, and was a member of its board of trustees.

Mr. Gold died at his home in Flint, June 1, 1902, at the age of 71 years.

He married in Wendell, Mass., May 6, 1857, Mary Jane, daughter of Horace Murdock, and had five daughters, who with their mother survived him.

#### 1860

THOMAS HENRY MERRY, son of Thomas H. Merry, a ship owner, and Candida (Xavier) Merry, was born July 12, 1838, in New York City, but entered the Yale Law School from Santa Clara

College, Santa Clara County, Cal., residing in La Porte, then a prosperous mining town in Plumas County.

After graduation he returned to La Porte to practice, but soon joined the California battalion of one hundred young men who equipped themselves, paid their own expenses East, and offered their services to the United States Government in defense of the Union. He was enrolled with them in Company L, Second Massachusetts Cavalry, and fought till the close of the war, when he was honorably discharged with the rank of Sergeant.

He then entered the United States Customs Service, and was stationed at San Francisco. In August, 1875, he was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of California, and shortly afterward was appointed Assistant City and County Attorney of San Francisco. He served one term in the State Legislature. In 1884 he moved with his family to Hueneme, and practiced law there and in Oxnard, both in Ventura County, until his retirement in 1905. He then moved to Santa Barbara, where he died October 20, 1907, at the age of 69 years.

During the Civil War he contributed interesting letters to the *Alta California*, and later wrote special articles on various subjects for many publications.

Mr. Merry married in Washington, D. C., December 26, 1868, Emma E., daughter of William McCutchins, a druggist of New York City. Three daughters and a son, with Mrs. Merry, survived him.

#### 1861

TIMOTHY FRANCIS NEVILLE, son of Michael and Anna (Delaney) Neville, was born in Waterbury, Conn., June 14, 1837. He spent a year at St. Mary's (Md.) College, and after two years of study at St. John's College (now Fordham University), New York, received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1859. In 1876 he received the degree of Master of Arts from the same institution.

After graduation from the Yale Law School he returned to Waterbury and was at once active in raising troops for the Civil War, but soon went to Providence, R. I., where he aided in raising three regiments. He was Captain of the Third Rhode Island Cavalry.

After the war he practiced law in New York City, for some years as a member of the firm of Neville & Neville. He died in New York City, November 26, 1898, at the age of 61 years. He was brought up as a Roman Catholic, but in middle life became a "liberal" in his religious views.

He married in Providence, R. I., April 22, 1862, Joanna Hodges, daughter of Aaron Simons, publisher of the *Republican-Herald* of that city, who survived him with three sons and three daughters, one son and two daughters having died.

ADAM STANLEY ULRICH, born at Annville, Pa., March 3, 1836, was the son of Adam Ulrich, a farmer and president of the Middletown (Conn.) Bank, who died in 1855. His mother was Rebecca (Stewart) Ulrich. He attended the Annville Academy, from 1857 to 1859 was a student in Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, then entered the Yale Law School. He studied for a time with Hon. H. H. Starkey at Deep River, Conn., and was admitted to the Connecticut bar in February, 1862, and to the Pennsylvania bar two months later at Lebanon, Pa.

He joined the 26th Pennsylvania Volunteers, Company E, and was wounded at Gettysburg.

He lived for many years at Lebanon, Pa., and his services to education and the church were long continued. Since 1868 he had been a trustee of Muhlenburg College, and for several years a member of the board of managers of the Lutheran Theological Seminary at Mount Airy, Philadelphia. For twenty-six years he was School Director of Lebanon, for a long time being chairman of the examining committee, and for many years previous to his decease chairman of the finance committee of the High School. He was several times delegate to the Ministerium of the Lutheran General Council.

He devoted much time to literary work in prose and verse, which was printed in various publications. His prose writings include "College Reminiscences," "Afloat and Ashore, or Two Hours in the Waters of Long Island Sound," "A Romance of the Eleventh Pennsylvania Militia After Antietam," "The Spectre of Hanging Rock, or a Chapter in the Life of a Union Spy," "The Wandering Johnny, or the Twenty-Sixth Pennsylvania Militia on their Muscle." Among his poems are several war songs.

Mr. Ulrich died at his home in Lebanon, September 28, 1906, at the age of 70 years.

He married, May 3, 1866, at Selinsgrove, Pa., Mattie E., daughter of Peter Richter, and had four sons and two daughters, of whom the youngest son is deceased. The second son graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Muhlenburg College in 1892.

#### 1863

JOHN PALMER ELLIS, son of Daniel and Clarinda (Wolsey) Ellis, was born November 30, 1840, at Farmersville, now Interlaken, N. Y.



He took a partial course at Hobart College, and then entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation he practiced as an attorney in Springfield, Mo., from 1865 to 1875, and then, until 1897, in St. Louis, Mo., where he was a member of the firm of Dyer, Lee & Ellis. He was a member of the Advisory and Examining Board of the Law Department of Washington University, St. Louis, from 1891 to 1899.

He was an enthusiastic sportsman, and occasionally contributed to hunting magazines.

Mr. Ellis died at Topeka, Kans., March 3, 1903, at the age of 62 years.

He married at West Union, Ia., in May, 1865, Clara, daughter of James Bell, a dry goods merchant of Cedar Rapids, Ia., and had a son (LL.B. Wash. Univ., St. Louis, 1891) and a daughter, both of whom survived him.

### 1867

ANGUS CAMERON, son of John Greig Cameron, a lawyer, and Jane (Allen) Cameron, was born June 28, 1848, in Edwardsville, Madison County, Ill., but entered the Law Department from LeRoy, N. Y.

After graduation he practiced his profession in St. Louis, Mo., and in Rochester, Caledonia, and Brooklyn, N. Y. He was supervisor of Caledonia in 1884.

Mr. Cameron died in Brooklyn December 18, 1888, at the age of 40 years. He was a member of the Unitarian Church in Rochester and in Brooklyn.

He married in Brooklyn, N. Y., February 23, 1870, Ella M., daughter of John C. Wilson, a manufacturer of St. Louis, Mo., and had two sons (respectively Ph.B. Yale 1891 and D.D.S. University of Buffalo 1896), also two daughters, of whom one is deceased.

### 1881

CHAPIN HALL WETMORE, son of Charles Canvass Wetmore, a civil engineer and non-graduate member of the class of 1853 in Union College, and of Rosalia (Hall) Wetmore, and grandson of Judge Lansing Wetmore, one of the early settlers of Warren County, Pa., was born in Warren, Pa., December 2, 1859, and spent his school days in his native place and in Flushing, Long Island, N. Y.

He entered the Senior class in the Yale Law School. After graduation he was connected with the Corry Pail Factory, at Corry,

Erie County, Pa., until 1886, and since then had been treasurer of the Corry Gas and Water Company. He died at Asheville, N. C., April 3, 1902, at the age of 42 years.

He married, in 1884, Miss L. Belle Squier, of Corry.

#### 1882

EUGENE LIONEL GILBERT, son of Calvin Lionel Gilbert, a wholesale grocer and importer of Savannah, Ga., and of Annie Maria (Claggett) Gilbert, was born in that city September 23, 1862.

After graduation from the Yale Law School he pursued further legal studies in New Haven and received the degree of Master of Laws in 1884. He was admitted to practice at Savannah in the State and United States Courts, and was engaged in legal and mercantile business until consumption compelled him to lay aside all work. He was greatly interested in military matters, and was an active member of the Georgia Hussars (Troop A, First Regiment Georgia State Troops). He died at Savannah, December 24, 1898, at the age of 36 years. He was unmarried.

#### 1884

WILLIAM BRITTON, son of Burwell Britton, for more than twenty-five years a teacher in southern Ohio and afterward a practicing attorney, and Martha J. (Boyd) Britton, was born October 10, 1854, in Williamsburg, O.

On graduation from the Yale Law School he returned to his native state, was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court, and gained high esteem in his profession.

His death occurred at Williamsburg, May 19, 1897, in the 43rd year of his age. He was a member of the Methodist Church.

Mr. Britton married in April, 1879, Ceta, daughter of Jeremiah Beck, a farmer of Bethel in his native county. They had three sons and one daughter.

#### 1885

HERMAN DANIEL PRYIBIL, son of Paul Pryibil, a manufacturer of machinery, and Elizabeth Pryibil, was born in New York City in 1863. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war he joined the Astor Battery, United States Army, as a private, and while in service was seized with an intestinal trouble, of which he died at Manila, P. I., September 12, 1898. He was buried in Woodlawn (N. Y.) Cemetery. He was 35 years of age and unmarried.

## 1886

CLEMENT STEVENS BISSELL, son of John Bennett Bissell of Charleston, S. C., a rice planter, and Sarah Harriet (Baker) Bissell, was born at Summerville, S. C., January 2, 1865, and graduated from Washington and Lee University in 1884.

On receiving his degree from the Yale Law School he entered upon the practice of his profession in Charleston, and was a member of the South Carolina House of Representatives from 1890 to 1893.

He died at Charleston October 22, 1898, at the age of 33 years. He was not married.

## 1887

FRANK JAMES LAWLER, son of John and Catharine (Dinan) Lawler, was born at Prairie du Chien, Wisc., July 3, 1862, and graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Georgetown (D. C.) University in 1885.

After completing his studies in the Yale Law School he returned to his native place, but was soon afterward taken with pleurisy, resulting in tuberculosis, of which he died April 21, 1890, in the 28th year of his age. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church. A brother graduated from the Yale Law School in 1883.

## 1894

JESSE WALLEN CRAIN was born May 5, 1868, in Madison County, N. C., and was the son of Lewis Crain, a farmer of Flag Pond, near Erwin, Tenn. His mother was Rachel, daughter of Bayless Moore, a farmer of the same place.

After graduation from the Yale Law School he was Tax Attorney of Unicoi County, Tennessee, two years, and during the Spanish-American War was an Orderly in the Fourth Tennessee Volunteers, and was for some time on duty in Cuba. In 1900 he was appointed to a position in the United States Census Bureau at Washington, D. C., and continued there until his death. This occurred December 4, 1902, and was due to pneumonia following typhoid fever. He was 34 years of age. He was buried at Flag Pond.

Mr. Crain married in April, 1900, Jennie Lee Phillips of Flag Pond, daughter of F. P. and Mary E. Phillips. She survived him with an infant daughter. He was a member of the Baptist Church.



## MASTERS OF LAWS

1880

EDWIN BURRITT SMITH, son of Henry and Emily (Kinney) Smith, was born January 18, 1854, in Spartansburg, Pa. Being left an orphan at the age of six years he lived with an uncle in Cerro Gordo, Ill., until his uncle's death in 1864. For several years he worked on a farm, studied as he was able, and after qualifying himself taught in the district schools of Illinois, later becoming principal of the schools in his native town. During 1874-75 he was a special student in Oberlin College, but having decided to study law he entered the Union College of Law (now Northwestern University Law School) from which he graduated as a Bachelor of Laws in 1879.

He continued his law studies the following year at Yale and received the degree of Master of Laws. Oberlin conferred upon him the honorary degree of Master of Arts in 1893.

In 1881 he began the practice of his profession in Chicago, became a member of the firm of Peckham, Smith, Packard & ApMadoc and soon attained honorable eminence. He was legal adviser of Hull House and Chicago Commons, and during 1903-05 was special counsel for the city of Chicago in traction matters. He was an influential member of the Municipal Voters' League, and for many years an intrepid leader in movements for political and civic reform. Since 1893 he had been a member of the Illinois Commission for the Promotion of Uniform Legislation in the United States. While a member of Plymouth Congregational Church he was for many years superintendent of the Armour Mission, but was later a member and trustee of the University Congregational Church. He was also a director of the Young Men's Christian Association.

From 1894 to 1902 he was Professor of Law in the Northwestern University Law School.

For two years he was a reporter of the United States Supreme Court at Washington, D. C. He edited and reported about one hundred and fifty volumes of law reports, contributed many special articles to the *Atlantic Monthly* and other leading magazines, and edited "A Great Chancellor and other Papers," by James L. High, 1902.

Mr. Smith died of consumption, after an illness of several months, at his home in Chicago, May 3, 1906. He was 52 years of age. A memorial service was held in the University Congregational Church May 20, 1906.

He married, at Downingtown, Pa., November 8, 1883, Emma J. Dauman, who survived him.

1890

SABURO KOYA, son of Hichidayu Koya, a landowner of Fukuoka, Japan, was born May 25, 1865, in Torikai village, Chikuzen province. He received his earlier education at the Tokyo Daigaku Yobimon, a university preparatory school not now existing, and obtained his bachelor's degree in law from the Imperial University at Kyoto in 1889.

After receiving the degree of Master of Laws from Yale he spent an additional year in legal study at the Yale Law School, winning the degree of Doctor of Civil Law in 1891.

He then returned to Japan and was appointed Secretary of the Privy Council in December, 1892. The following November he became Translator of the Foreign Office. In August, 1894, he was made Elève-Consul at San Francisco, Cal., and in January, 1897, rose to the position of First-Class Consul. In May of the latter year he was chosen Second-Class Secretary of the Japanese Legation at Hawaii.

Mr. Koya died at Tokyo, May 30, 1899, at the age of 34 years. On that day the honor of Sho-rokui (senior grade of the sixth Court Rank) was conferred upon him.

He married, October 15, 1892, Teru-ko, daughter of Seinosuke Imamura, a banker of Tokyo. She survived him. They had no children.

1896

WILBUR ROSCOE THIRKIELD, son of Roscoe Thirkield, a druggist, and Sarah Thirkield, was born January 9, 1871, at Fayette City, Pa. His father died in 1880 and his mother in 1885, and he was then adopted by James H. Moore of Monongahela, Pa. Entering the Law Department of the University of Michigan in the fall of 1893, he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1895, after which he spent a year of graduate study in the Yale Law School, and received the degree of Master of Laws.

Returning to Monongahela, he still continued reading law, but after a time was compelled to give up his studies on account of lung trouble, of which he died July 24, 1898. He was 27 years of age.

## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1853

CHARLES FRANCIS CHESSMAN, son of Nathaniel Chessman, a builder, and Anna (Perry) Chessman, was born May 8, 1832, in Winchendon, Mass., but entered the Sheffield Scientific School from Milford, Mass., after two years as a special student in mathematics in Brown University.

After graduation he moved to Chicago, where he was a merchant, and was a highly esteemed citizen. He was an elder in the Third Presbyterian Church from December, 1878, until his death on November 19, 1883, at the age of 51 years. He was buried in Graceland Cemetery, Chicago.

Mr. Chessman married in New York City, March 6, 1854, Miss Julia Goodman Cossitt, and had two sons and two daughters, of whom a son and a daughter were living in 1902.

1856

ARMAND DE BOISBLANC, son of Hyacinthe Beausejour Hardy de Boisblanc and Charlotte Adine (Soniat du Fossat) de Boisblanc, was born February 9, 1835, on his father's plantation in Jefferson Parish, La., about thirteen miles above New Orleans.

At the beginning of the Civil War he enlisted in the "Jefferson Guards" under Captain Guy Dreux, and served in the Confederate army to the close of hostilities. The remaining time from graduation until after his father's decease in 1882 he was occupied in agricultural pursuits on his father's plantation. About 1884 he removed to New Orleans, where he devoted himself to teaching mathematics and French literature. During the last few years of his life he was Librarian of the New Orleans Bar Association. He died September 13, 1891, at the age of 56 years.

He married, about 1872, Catherine, daughter of Judge Roman of Louisiana. Mrs. de Boisblanc, with a daughter and son, survived him.

ISIDRO PLATA Y SOTO, son of José Maria Plata y Soto, LL.D., was born October 12, 1837, at Bogota, Colombia. His father was both Secretary of State and of the Treasury, and was killed in battle July 18, 1861. His mother was Maria Dominga Soto, of Circuta, now within the State of Santander.

He was prepared for college at a private school, and before coming to the United States attended the Colegio del Espiritu Santo from 1848 to 1852.



In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the Engineering course, and after graduation returned to his native country, where in 1858 he became an instructor in the Institute of Dr. Santiago Perez. In 1860-61 he was assistant to Generals Rafael Mendoza and Julian Trujillo, and at the end of the war was agent for property taken out of entail. He was a member of the Assembly of the State of Cundinamarca, section head in various departments of the government, later with the department of foreign affairs, then auditor for the treasury department and treasurer of the public roads commission.

He married Dolores Bernaza y Morales of Bogota. They had no children. He died in Bogota, January 12, 1891, at the age of 53 years.

### 1858

HORACE KENDALL KING, son of Henry F. and Mary Elizabeth (Viall) King, was born June 18, 1839, at Tully, Onondaga County, N. Y. His father was for thirty years postmaster of Tully and a leading citizen there, having removed thither in 1818 from Suffield, Conn. The son took his preparatory studies in the school of Mr. Stiles French (B.A. Yale 1827) in New Haven and the Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation from the latter he studied law, but did not take up a general practice, though often giving his legal services to those in need. He spent his life in his native town, and held the entire confidence of the community. He was supervisor of the town six years. He was a member and an active worker in the Methodist Church, trustee for a term of years, and superintendent of the Sunday school twenty-five years.

Mr. King died of heart disease in Tully, May 31, 1897, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, December 22, 1863, Renathe, daughter of Dr. S. M. Farnham, of Tully, who survived him with a son and a daughter, one daughter having previously died.

FIDEL POMBO was born at Bogota, Colombia, March 8, 1837. He was the fifth son of Lino de Pombo y O'Donnel, a mathematician and a descendant of an ancient family in Spain but a native of Cartagena, Colombia. His mother was Ana Rebolledo y Tejada.

His early education was obtained in the Academy of St. Bartolomew under the Jesuits and the Military Academy in Bogota. In 1855 he came to the United States and entered the Sheffield Scientific School, taking the Engineering course. After graduation he con-

tinued his studies in engineering another year under Professor William A. Norton, then went to France and studied natural philosophy and chemistry until 1861, when the Commission Officielle de la Monnaie et des Médailles conferred upon him in Paris a diploma certifying to his fitness as a commercial assayer. He then went to England, where owing to the difficulty in getting home on account of civil war there he took a business position for a year with J. Hart & Co. in London.

After reaching Colombia he was an instructor in mathematics in the Academy of St. Bartolomew and in the National University, also professor of Mineralogy and Zoology in the latter, and since 1885 Director of the National Museum. From 1872 to 1898 he was engaged in a large stationery and book business now conducted by his sons. For more than a year he was general manager of the Gas Lighting Company, and in connection with many public interests showed his unusual knowledge, efficiency, and devotion to high principles. He rendered an important service to the Hospital of San Juan in its struggle to keep its lands from withdrawal from mortmain.

He was a charter member of the Colombian Society of Engineers, for which he sought to establish honorable relations within that country and abroad. The *Engineering Annals* contain various practical articles by him, showing his desire for scientific progress in his own country.

He prepared a Treatise on the Infinitesimal and Integral Calculus, which was not published, and made an almanac for 1869 which was well received.

He married, February 3, 1870, Mercedes Vargas Martinez, daughter of Enrique Vargas Calderon and Eudisia Martinez Gomez, both from San Gil, Colombia, and had four sons and four daughters.

Mr. Pombo died February 22, 1901, in the 64th year of his age. His widow and six of his children survive.

### 1860

ALFRED WILLIAMS HEARN, son of George Arnold and Eliza Ann (Williams) Hearn, was born in New York City, December 8, 1842. His father was a native of the Isle of Wight, England, but was naturalized as an American citizen in 1834.

He took the Chemical course in the Sheffield Scientific School, and after graduation studied medicine, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in Paris, France, in 1876.

He married, October 3, 1882, at Weybridge, Surrey, England, Julia Frances Ellen, daughter of Ferdinand Jean Joubert de la Ferté, of

London, Eng., and died at Eastbourne, England, July 21, 1903, in his 61st year. They had no children.

## 1861

CHARLES W. BURRAGE, son of William Burrage, a manufacturer of Leominster, Mass., and Roxana (Sanderson) Burrage, was born in that town on August 26, 1830, but while a student in the Sheffield Scientific School his residence was New Haven.

After graduation he was City Engineer of Portland, Ore., from about 1862, and County Surveyor from 1870 to 1884. In 1889 he retired from engineering and went with an invalid son to Cañon City, Colo., where he cultivated a vineyard and became keenly interested in collecting and studying the abundant fossils of the region. He resided there until his death, from pneumonia, February 19, 1899, in the 69th year of his age. He was a trustee of the Unitarian Church in Portland and in Cañon City.

He married, November 30, 1854, Sarah J., daughter of Charles Hills, a manufacturer of Leominster, and had three sons, of whom only one, with Mrs. Burrage, was living in 1901.

## 1862

HUBERT COWLES WARD, second son of Augustus S. Ward, a farmer and banker, and Susan (Cowles) Ward, was born at Farmington, Conn., August 22, 1842.

After graduation he went immediately to the West, and for many years was employed as one of the principal engineers in making the preliminary surveys and locating the westerly portion of the Northern Pacific Railway. The extreme hardships of his early professional life undermined his naturally vigorous constitution, and he was for many years an invalid. He died in Chicago, Ill., on January 22, 1900, at the age of 57 years.

He married, on March 15, 1876, Alice Maxwell, who survived him with one daughter.

Two brothers were graduates of the Academical Department in 1862 and 1880 respectively.

## 1868

GEORGE FRANKLIN BAILEY, son of Thomas R. Bailey, an accountant, and Sophie E. (Moore) Bailey, was born December 23, 1846, at Rutland, Vt., and was fitted for the Sheffield Scientific School at the High School in that place.



After graduation he became a civil engineer, and was engaged in various sections of the country. He died April 3, 1896, in the mountains near Denver, Colo., where he was engaged in locating a preliminary line for the Denver, Rio Grande & Gulf Railway. He was in the 50th year of his age, and was not married. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1870.

JAMES FOWLER, son of Samuel Fowler (B.A. Yale 1839), a leading citizen of Westfield, Mass., and Sarah Maria (Jones) Fowler, was born May 8, 1849, in Westfield, but attended school in Stockbridge, the home of his grandfather. He received his degree from Yale in 1869, and was enrolled in his class.

After graduation, he lived in Syracuse, N. Y., was with the Girard Fire Insurance Company in Philadelphia, Pa., until 1876, but went West in 1879, and was a civil engineer. He was for some time in Brainerd and Duluth, Minn., and then in Caldwell, Idaho, where he died from pneumonia, November 26, 1892. He was 43 years of age and unmarried.

#### 1872

FRANK OSCAR MAXSON, son of Frank and Juliet (Lanphear) Maxson, was born in Stillmanville, a village on the eastern border of Stonington, Conn., August 8, 1851. After preparation in the Norwich (Conn.) Free Academy he took the Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he taught a year in the Norwich Free Academy, and the following year took graduate studies in the Sheffield Scientific School, in 1882 receiving the degree of Civil Engineer. In July, 1874, he became Assistant Topographer on the United States Geographical Survey West of the One Hundredth Meridian, the following year Assistant Engineer, and continued in the service till October, 1881, when he entered the United States Navy as Civil Engineer. He was stationed successively at Pensacola, Fla., New York City, Port Royal, S. C., Boston, Mass., Washington, D. C., Mare Island, Cal., Puget Sound, Wash., Norfolk, Va., Cavite and Olongapo, P. I., and League Island, Pa., until his death, October 11, 1902, at the age of 51 years. He was an elder of the Metropolitan Presbyterian Church in Washington, D. C., and of the Presbyterian Church in Vallejo, Cal.

Mr. Maxson married at Washington, D. C., December 26, 1877, Evelyn May, daughter of William Theodore Van Doren (B.A. Rutgers 1840), and had two sons and one daughter. The elder son graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Penn-

sylvania in 1902, and the younger graduated, as a Bachelor of Arts, from Boston University in 1906.

## 1879

ALFRED DENNIS LEWIS, son of Edward A. Lewis, a retired book-seller, and Melvina (Dennis) Lewis, was born in Bridgeport, Conn., March 12, 1856. In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the Select Course.

Since graduation he had lived in his native city and had been one of the office force of the Spring Perch Company. He died at his home October 5, 1904, at the age of 48 years.

Mr. Lewis married, June 2, 1886, May Runette, daughter of William Welch, a Bridgeport inventor, who survives him. They had no children.

## 1886

WILLIAM BARLOW HILL, son of Nathaniel Barlow and Mary Esther (Morehouse) Hill, was born at Greenfield Hill, Conn., on September 24, 1863.

After graduation he followed the profession of Civil Engineering for some time, being employed in the West in the service of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad. On his return East in 1888 he taught successively in college preparatory schools in Scranton, Pa., Jersey City, and New York City. Later, having become much interested in the education of the deaf, he was successfully engaged in their instruction. From 1894 to the close of his life he was connected with the New York Institute for the Instruction of the Deaf.

Mr. Hill died at his home in Yonkers, N. Y., after a very brief illness from pneumonia, June 11, 1898, in the 35th year of his age.

He married, May 27, 1889, Alice, daughter of Judge Lemuel and Abigail (Bradley) Sanford of Redding, Conn., who survived him with three young sons. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1895.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN HOWES, son of William B. and Almira A. (Mills) Howes, was born November 7, 1864, at Black Rock, near Bridgeport, Conn., and took his preparatory studies in the Bridgeport High School.

After graduation he was occupied with his profession of mechanical engineering, at first with the Follansbee Machine Co. in Bridgeport, and for the next three years with the Hunt Manufacturing Co. on Staten Island, N. Y. Afterward he returned to Bridgeport, and was associated with the firm of Wheeler & Howes, coal shippers and handlers. Some time later he established himself in Pasadena,

Cal., in the hope that the climate would benefit his health, but after two years' residence there, finding that his condition was growing steadily worse, he started for home, but died during the journey, at Hutchinson, Kans., May 17, 1894. He was in the 30th year of his age, and unmarried.

#### 1887

RICHARD AUGUSTUS CHAPMAN, son of Richard B. and Amanda C. (Backus) Chapman, was born March 8, 1867, in Rye, N. Y., and gained his early education in the Park Institute in that place. He then took the Mechanical Engineering course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After his graduation he was actively engaged in engineering until attacked by tuberculosis, of which he died at Ogdensburgh, N. Y., April 28, 1895, after an illness of two years. He was 28 years of age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

#### 1890

ELBRIDGE BYRON KEITH, son of Elbridge Gerry and Harriet S. (Hall) Keith, was born in Chicago, Ill., April 30, 1868, and studied at Beloit, before coming to Yale. His father was a leading merchant of Chicago, President of the Metropolitan National Bank and member of the Board of Education of that city, and trustee of Beloit College.

Upon graduation he entered the banking business, and was Teller of the Metropolitan National Bank of Chicago. He was also Treasurer of the University of Illinois.

Mr. Keith died at Colorado Springs, Colo., September 24, 1902, at the age of 34 years. He was treasurer of Christ Reformed Episcopal Church of Chicago.

He married, April 15, 1896, Arabella, daughter of James L. Allen (Bethany Coll., W. Va., 1867), a lawyer of Chicago, and Josephine A. (Fennell) Allen. She survived him with an infant son, and has since married again.

#### 1896

JOHN SHIPPEN ATKINS, son of Charles M. Atkins, President of the Pottsville Iron and Steel Co., and Anna M. (Prior) Atkins, was born in Pottsville, Pa., May 17, 1873. He prepared at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and was in the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he was assistant purchasing agent of the New Jersey Zinc Co., and resided in New York City.

He died in Pottsville April 30, 1902, in the 29th year of his age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.



## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1877

GEORGE CHRISTOPHER BOOTH, son of Alfred Booth, a farmer, and Sophia A. (Sweers) Booth, was born March 5, 1840, in Farmington, Conn. He completed the course in the State Normal School at New Britain, Conn., but most of his college preparatory work was done under private tutors. While a student in the Divinity School he was registered as a resident of Springfield, Mass.

He was pastor of Quinn Chapel in Chicago, Ill., for nine years in two pastorates, of the Meeting Street Church in Providence, R. I., two years, of St. James's Church in Kansas City, Kans., three years, and later established a successful A. M. E. church school, now known as Western University, at Quindaro, four miles distant. During the last five years of his life he was Presiding Elder of the Chicago District of the African Methodist Episcopal Church. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Wilberforce University in 1904.

Dr. Booth died August 28, 1906, at Indianapolis, Ind., after an illness of sixteen months. He was 66 years of age.

He married, June 10, 1865, Sara J., daughter of Rev. Henry Brown, a Methodist minister of Springfield, Ill. She died in 1877, and October 23, 1878, he married Penelope E., daughter of Charles McLinn, who was for thirty years the College carpenter at Yale. By his first marriage he had a daughter and two sons, and by his second marriage two daughters and a son, all of whom with Mrs. Booth survive him. His second daughter is the wife of William R. Valentine (B.A. Harvard 1904) and his youngest daughter, the wife of George L. Hayes (B.A. Colgate 1903).

JACOB GLASSER NEFF, son of Jacob and Sarah (Glasser) Neff, was born July 15, 1849, in Maxatawney township, Berks County, Pa.

After graduation from the Keystone State Normal School at Kutztown, Pa., and from Ursinus College with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1874, he entered the Yale Theological Seminary.

He was licensed to preach by Lebanon Classis June 12, 1876, at Schuylkill Haven, and the following year was ordained as pastor of Trinity Church, Shenandoah, Pa. In 1884 he accepted a call to the Reformed Church in Bangor, Pa., where he served one year. In his later years he resided in Baltimore, Md., where he was under treatment for the preservation of his eyesight.

Mr. Neff died suddenly in Baltimore, August 21, 1906. He was 57 years of age.

He married early in his ministry a daughter of Dr. Nyce of Hamburg, Pa., who survives him.

### 1882

CHARLES EVERETT DEALAND, son of Samuel Jenness and Maria (Cowell) Dealand, was born in Brookfield, N. H., October 5, 1851. He prepared for college at Lebanon Academy, West Lebanon, Me., and was a student in 1872-73 at Dartmouth College. After graduation from the Yale Seminary he was ordained pastor of the Christian Church at Lewisburg, Pa., August 13, 1882, and remained there until September 2, 1888. The next two years he was pastor at Amesbury, Mass., and then removed to Alton, N. H., where he died of chronic cystitis, May 11, 1892, at the age of 40 years.

He married in Brooklyn, N. Y., September 2, 1882, Velzora A., daughter of Reuben Hull and Hannah Julia (Burke) Copp, who survived him with one daughter.

### 1891

CLAUS ALFRID BERGSTRÖM, son of Gustaf and Maria (Swenson) Westergötland, Sweden, August 12, 1860. After his graduation Westergötland, Sweden, August 12, 1860. After his graduation from Brown University in 1888, he spent a year at Andover Theological Seminary and joined the class in the Yale Seminary in Middle year.

He was ordained June 21, 1891, by the Swedish Lutheran Augustana Synod at its annual meeting at Chicago Lake, Minn. He was pastor of the Swedish Evangelical Lutheran Church, at East Greenwich, R. I., from 1887 to 1894, and from 1891 also of Immanuel Church at Centerville, a few miles northwest. In 1894 he took charge of the Gloria Dei Church in Providence and continued there until his death. He lectured often, both in English and in Swedish, and frequently wrote for the religious and secular press.

He died of appendicitis at Providence, R. I., September 14, 1898, at the age of 38 years. His widow, who was Miss Emma S. Pearson of Crompton, R. I., survived him with one daughter.

## YALE GRADUATE SCHOOL

1891

CARL ELOFSON, son of Jon and Karin (Danielson) Elofson, was born October 29, 1865, in Vermland, Sweden, but came in childhood with his parents to the United States, his father settling as a farmer in Brandon, S. D. He was fitted for college at St. Peter, Minn., and graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Augustana College, Rock Island, Ill., in 1888.

He then entered the Graduate Department of Yale University, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1891. He pursued theological studies at the Lutheran Theological Seminary in Philadelphia in 1891-92, and was Instructor in Hebrew there in the autumn of 1892, at the same time having pastoral charge of Zion Swedish Church; but owing to ill health he resigned both positions and spent two years in the Rocky Mountains. He was ordained in Lindsborg, Kans., in 1892. He was Professor of Hebrew in Augustana Theological Seminary at Rock Island from 1894 to 1898, and afterward pastor of the Swedish Lutheran Church in Beaver Valley, S. D., for about two years. He then visited Egypt and Palestine, and on his return was engaged in writing a book upon his travels, but was obliged to lay aside his work on account of illness. He died of consumption at Valley Springs, S. D., November 19, 1899, at the age of 34 years. He was unmarried.

In the Supplement to the present series 114 deaths are recorded,—35 graduates of the Academical Department, 36 of the Medical School, 22 of the Law School, 3 of the Divinity School, 17 of the Scientific School, and 1 of the Graduate School.



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1844 <i>m</i>	Bidwell, Edwin C.	624	1879	Booth, Louis N.	923
1858 <i>l</i>	Bidwell, Stuart	953	1841	Booth, Sherman M.	413
1852	Bigelow, David S.	429	1899	Borden, John H.	1280
1887 <i>s</i>	Bigelow, Walter P.	819	1883	Bourne, Edward G.	923

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1900 <i>l</i>	Bourne, Julian B.	799	1865	Brown, Thomas J.	452
1856 <i>m</i>	Bouton, George B.	786	1850	Brownell, Charles E.	549
1892 <i>s</i>	Bouton, Sherman H.	103	1895 <i>s</i>	Brownell, Edward L.	652
1862	Bowe, Isaac	575	1873	Browning, William W.	73
1887	Bowers, Dwight E.	769	1851	Brownson, James S.	866
1864	Boyden, Henry P.	900	1882	Bruce, W. Irving	603
1858	Boynton, George M.	891	1860 <i>m</i>	Brush, Platte E.	1365
1847	Brace, Henry [M.]	133	1839 <i>m</i>	Bryant, Horatio	1359
1848 <i>m</i>	Bradford, Benjamin F.	1362	1849	Buck, Edwin A.	227
1864	Bradley, Franklin B.	733	1854	Buffett, Edward P.	436
1861	Bradley, Franklin S.	894	1844	Bulkley, Edwin A.	681
1860	Bradley, William E.	444	1850 <i>m</i>	Bunce, Henry C.	269
1860	Bradley, William L.	241	1891	Bunce, John L.	928
1857	Bradner, Lester	888	1863	Bundy, George H.	1348
1868	Bragg, William C.	1351	1860	Bunnell, Lyman B.	162
1859	Brainerd, Thomas C.	1202	1860 <i>l</i>	Burgess, Francis C.	96
1849	Brandegeee, Augustus	427	1843 <i>m</i>	Burke, George W.	381
1886	Brandegeee, William P.	768	1840	Burnam, Curtis F.	991
1890 <i>l</i>	Bree, James P.	635	1864	Burnett, Charles H.	165
1903	Brereton, Samuel M.	938	1899 <i>l</i>	Burnett, Otis H.	959
1856	Brewer, David J.	1190	1839	Burr, Enoch F.	669
1840 <i>m</i>	Brewster, Francis A.	784	1861 <i>s</i>	Burrage, Charles W.	1382
1855	Brewster, Lyman D.	329	1872 <i>d</i>	Burrows, Edwin B.	192
1873 <i>l</i>	Bricker, Owen P.	795	1878 <i>s</i>	Burrows, Lucien L.	504
1887	Brigham, William S.	607	1859	Burt, Pitts H.	717
1890 <i>d</i>	Bright, Jessie L.	809	1864 <i>s</i>	Burton Beverly S.	497
1854	Bristol, Bennet J.	327	1871 <i>s</i>	Bush, James C.	498
1886	Bristol, Cornelius G.	178	1856	Bushee, William A.	710
1868 <i>s</i>	Bristol, Eugene S.	1308	1866	Bussey, William G.	353
1900	Bristol, Sidney G.	188	1885 <i>l</i>	Butler, Edmund	1299
1884 <i>l</i>	Britton, William	1375	1876 <i>s</i>	Butler, Hermon B.	394
1891	Broatch, James W.	1088	1838	Butler, Richard E.	847
1882	Brockway, Fred. J.	78	1893	Button, Frank H.	264
1847	Brodnax, William E.	856	1898	Byers, Dallas C.	1278
1896	Brokaw, William H.	265	1893 <i>l</i>	Byers, Lawrence M.	1300
1877 <i>l</i>	Bronk, John P.	386	1865	Byington, Roderick	352
1894	Bronson, Edward H.	1354			1
1892	Bronson, F. C. G.	929	1873 <i>l</i>	Cable, Julius C.	275
1900 <i>s</i>	Brooks, Alex. M.	827	1883	Calhoun, Henry W.	603
1847	Brooks, Calvin M.	43	1898	Callender, Robert	87
1894 <i>s</i>	Brooks, Morgan P.	201	1867 <i>l</i>	Cameron, Angus	1374
1867	Brother, William A.	1231	1877	Camp, Charles C.	464
1894	Brown, Alphonso B.	774	1844	Camp, Charles W.	130
1873 <i>s</i>	Brown, Alvah W.	102	1899	Camp, John P.	88
1867	Brown, Anselm B.	1062	1892 <i>s</i>	Campbell, George F.	282
1863	Brown, Edward F.	1220	1878	Campbell, Treat	922
1855	Brown, E. Woodward	330	1856 <i>s</i>	Candee, Gideon H.	811
1872	Brown, Frank T.	1066	1904 <i>s</i>	Candee, Harry E.	975
1863 <i>l</i>	Brown, Horace A.	385	1849	Carey, Isaac E.	138
1874	Brown, Joseph U.	74	1894	Carley, Ira M.	1270
1851 <i>m</i>	Brown, Orlando	481	1900 <i>s</i>	Carnell, Frederic J.	284
1844	Brown, Samuel M.	38	1847	Carpenter, William W.	134



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1867	Carrington, George R.	1350	1849	Clarke, William B.	544
1891	Carter, Charles G.	1090	1832	Clay, Cassius M.	293
1873	Carter, Leslie	1068	1893 <i>l</i>	Clerkin, John J.	191
1886	Carter, Theophilus R.	606	1900 <i>s</i>	Cluett, Alfonso R.	107
1867	Cartwright, Jacob A.	1232	1855	Cobb, Henry N.	1185
1857	Case, William C.	154	1858	Cobb, Sanford H.	1197
1909 <i>s</i>	Cathcart, Harold M.	1324	1902	Cochran, Percy B.	1099
1855	Causey, William F.	1345	1853 <i>s</i>	Cochrane, William B.	810
1861	Chalmers, George	895	1902 <i>s</i>	Coffeen, Henry M.	828
1858	Chalmers, Matthew	1039	1868	Coffin, James	739
1862	Chamberlain, D. H.	724	1903 <i>s</i>	Coffin, Ralston R.	1322
1891 <i>m</i>	Chamberlain, Fred'k O.	1292	1897 <i>s</i>	Coit, Augustus	1142
1873	Chamberlin, James I.	594	1862	Coit, Charles W.	163
1901 <i>s</i>	Chamberlin, Robert M.	204	1866 <i>s</i>	Coit, George D.	812
1905	Chandler, Perley B.	1102	1892	Coit, George L.	185
1901	Chandler, Robert W.	1282	1853	Coit, Joshua	872
1866	Chapin, Frank S.	354	1850	Coit, Robert	314
1860 <i>m</i>	Chapin, Samuel F.	1112	1893 <i>a</i>	Cokely, Benjamin F.	830
1887 <i>s</i>	Chapman, Richard A.	1385	1858	Colgate, Abner W.	337
1866	Chapman, S. Hartwell	246	1891	Colgate, Samuel	263
1865	Charnley, James	452	1866	Collier, M. Dwight	581
1900 <i>s</i>	Chase, Harry A.	203	1881	Collins, J. Burnett	1257
1850	Chase, Henry	314	1850	Colton, Willis S.	862
1882	Chenault, David A.	260	1859	Comstock, Apollos	1346
1889 <i>s</i>	Cheney, Arthur S.	1137	1865	Comstock, William T.	1227
1835	Chesebrough, Amos S.	525	1850	Condit, Albert P.	144
1853 <i>s</i>	Chessman, Charles F.	1379	1847 <i>m</i>	Cone, Charles C.	1361
1867	Chittenden, Henry A.	65	1847	Cone, Luther H.	542
1855	Chittenden, Henry T.	1028	1900	Congdon, Edwin	619
1874	Chittenden, Horace H.	1252	1884	Connell, Frederick	1082
1867 <i>s</i>	Chittenden, Samuel H.	1129	1861	Convers, Ebenezer B.	447
1901	Christian, Henry H.	619	1897	Converse, James C.	479
1855	Christie, Cornelius	883	1850	Conyngham, Thomas D.	428
1895 <i>l</i>	Chunn, Frederick	277	1895	Cook, Clifford S.	265
1857 <i>m</i>	Churchill, Asa H.	382	1837	Cook, Elisha W.	295
1897 <i>l</i>	Clark, Archibald F.	1301	1847	Coon, John	1006
1875	Clark, Charles W.	756	1827 <i>m</i>	Cooper, Charles R.	1356
1870	Clark, Edward P.	248	1868	Cooper, Horace S.	740
1868	Clark, Elihu L.	738	1852	Cooper, Jacob	321
1880 <i>d</i>	Clark, Frank T.	192	1838	Cooper, William F.	989
1896 <i>s</i>	Clark, George Harry	105	1884	Copeland, Charles W.	1261
1843	Clark, George Henry	534	1869	Copp, William A.	67
1880	Clark, George Henry	765	1839	Corbyn, William B.	119
1842	Clark, Gideon C.	32	1864	Cortelyou, Peter R.	167
1861	Clark, J. Gardner	574	1903	Cory, David U.	620
1906	Clark, Robert L.	1103	1897	Cowdrey, William T.	479
1831	Clark, Thomas M.	291	1856	Cowles, Edward O.	1031
1890 <i>l</i>	Clark, Wilfred A.	491	1893 <i>m</i>	Cowles, Frederick S.	791
1855	Clarke, Isaac E.	703	1837	Cowles, James	412
1865	Clarke, James Waite	581	1864	Cox, Abraham B.	578
1905 <i>s</i>	Clarke, James Whitney	654	1869	Coy, Edward G.	358
1847 <i>l</i>	Clarke, Samuel J.	271	1899 <i>l</i>	Craft, William M.	637

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1894	Crafts, William C.	84	1877	Dillingham, Edwin R.	919
1872	Cragin, Harry W.	1245	1880 s	Dodd, Charles T.	1313
1875 s	Craig, Chambers McK.	1132	1870	Dodge, George E.	359
1894 l	Crain, Jesse W.	1376	1835	Dodge, John V.	842
1871	Cramer, Edward	747	1838	Doubleday, William T.	847
1843 m	Crane, Robert	1109	1853	Douglass, John C.	873
1890 d	Crawford, Charles D.	392	1900 s	Dow, Charles M.	973
1857 m	Creed, Cortland V. R.	91	1853	Dowd, Charles F.	432
1902 s	Cromwell, John C.	828	1841	Downer, John C.	300
1848	Cullen, Charles M.	226	1884 l	Downes, Alfred M.	956
1896 a	Culler, Daniel F.	514	1845	Downes, William E.	307
1872	Curry, Albert M.	1246	1903 s	Downey, Edward A.	1145
1852 m	Curry, James H.	90	1872	Downing, Francis U.	251
1871	Curtis, Albert W.	748	1881 s	Downs, Charles M.	505
1842 m	Curtis, Philo N.	1360	1901	Downs, William J.	937
1887	Curtis, Thomas H.	1265	1899	Doyle, Charles F.	267
1863	Curtiss, George B.	1221	1881 l	Doyle, Peter	97
1841	Curwen, John	122	1895	Driggs, Henry P.	931
1829	Cutler, Leman W.	5	1881	Drysdale, John M.	259
1858	Cutter, Ralph H.	338	1878	Dubach, Frederick B.	259
			1854	DuBois, Edward C.	437
1896	Damon, Samuel E.	477	1856	DuBois, Hasbrouck	233
1881 m	Dana, Charles W.	93	1872	DuBois, Jesse K.	1067
1844	Dana, John A.	38	1889 s	DuBois, Louis C.	397
1907	Daniels, Forrest L.	942	1895 s	Duckworth, William K.	105
1889 l	Danneel, Henry M.	401	1871	Dudley, Charles B.	1243
1859	Darrach, William B.	1204	1900 s	Dudley, Charles T.	1144
1871 s	Davenport, Russell W.	393	1877	Dudley, Edward M.	1073
1853	Davies, Thomas F.	557	1853	Dulles, Andrew C.	53
1886 d	Davies, Thomas V.	806	1852	Duncan, Lucius C.	1345
1896	Davis, Albert S.	1273	1856	Dunham, George C.	233
1899	Davis, Arthur W.	479	1883	Dunham, Maurice E.	369
1875	Davis, Benjamin W.	363	1902 m	Dunleavy, James J.	1293
1907	Davis, Charles J.	1285	1855	Dunn, John K.	1029
1905 d	Davis, Stephen	1125	1836	Dunwoody, James B.	212
1839	Dawes, Henry L.	213	1854	Dupée, Charles A.	151
1864 l	Dawson, Edward W.	1297	1836	Durand, Frederick L.	295
1872	Day, Charles O.	1246	1865 m	Durrie, George B.	789
1833	Day, George E.	522	1843	Durrie, William A.	218
1836	Day, Horace	211	1890	Dussler, Charles	370
1880 m	Day, Loren T.	485	1838	Dutton, Chester	1155
1837	Day, Thomas M.	528	1869	Dutton, Henry J.	67
1882 d	Dealand, Charles E.	1387	1876 d	Dutton, John M.	99
1902 s	Dean, Willard P.	829	1852	Dwight, Henry E.	869
1880	Decrow, William E.	599	1858	Dwight, Robert O.	1040
1861	Delp, George	1214	1854	Dwight, William B.	698
1854	Denny, Thomas	697	1903 s	Dwyer, Arthur	1145
1874	Dickerman, George L.	1070	1857	Dye, Charles B.	712
1893	Dickerman, Robert K.	929			
1856	Dickinson, Arthur	710	1843	Eames, Benjamin T.	127
1841	Dickinson, Flavel A.	28	1868	Eastburn, George	905
1855	Dickinson, Henry A.	440	1870	Eaton, Horace W.	1352

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1879	Eaton, James W.	176	1881	Fisher, George P.	369
1842	Eaton, Samuel W.	417	1849	Fisk, Franklin W.	139
1885	Eaton, Wilfred E.	926	1901	Fiske, James L.	779
1898	Eddy, Dana L.	618	1856	Fiske, John M.	564
1886	Edgar, Percy	80	1863	Fiske, John Safford	898
1874 <i>dp</i>	Edgren, August H.	401	1847	Fitch, James	311
1866	Edwards, Charles A.	582	1840	Fitch, Lucius W.	993
1839	Edwards, Eugene	26	1903	Fitzgerald, Edward H.	93
1895	Eggleston, Arthur H	372	1885	Flanders, John C.	1263
1861	Egleston, William C.	720	1841	Fletcher, Sidney	1341
1852	Elderkin, John	552	1861	Flint, Joseph N.	896
1881	Eliel, Levi A.	1078	1896 <i>s</i>	Flower, Nathan M.	824
1871	Elliot, Henry R.	587	1899	Flynn, J. Francis	88
1863 <i>l</i>	Ellis, John P.	1373	1862	Foley, James	576
1842	Ellis, William	418	1877	Foote, George W.	365
1891 <i>dp</i>	Elofson, Carl	1388	1844	Foote, Thaddeus	219
1900	Ely, Arthur E.	89	1842	Forbes, Robert W.	676
1843	Ely, David J.	421	1857	Forrest, Douglas F.	155
1881 <i>s</i>	Ely, John S.	644	1869	Foster, John P. C.	1236
1836	Ely, William D.	843	1860	Foules, Charles D.	162
1841	Emerson, Joseph	29	1893 <i>s</i>	Fouse, George C.	104
1848	Emerson, Samuel	858	1861 <i>l</i>	Fowler, Charles H.	954
1899	Entrekin, John C.	480	1879	Fowler, Edward S.	1076
1868	Esty, Albert H.	1234	1868 <i>s</i>	Fowler, James	1383
1850 <i>m</i>	Evans, Richard P.	381	1850 <i>l</i>	Fowler, Stanley G.	793
1874	Evans, Thomas G.	460	1869 <i>l</i>	Fox, Timothy J.	274
1894 <i>d</i>	Evans, William L.	193	1889	Francke, Leopold H.	183
1837	Evarts, William M.	19	1888	Franklin, Hervey R.	1354
1903	Everts, George B.	939	1879	Franklin, John L.	77
1865	Ewell, John L.	1228	1900	Franklin, Thomas E.	89
1881	Ewing, Henry R.	765	1884 <i>l</i>	Frazine, George N.	191
			1875 <i>d</i>	Freeman, Joseph A.	800
1893 <i>s</i>	Fair, Joseph B.	969	1852 <i>m</i>	Freeman, Nathaniel M.	190
1868	Farnam, Charles H.	1234	1859	Freeman, William P.	1044
1895 <i>s</i>	Farnam, Charles H.	1140	1851	French, Asa	316
1847	Farris, Robert P.	310	1897 <i>s</i>	French, Winsor P.	970
1859	Faulkner, James	1205	1861	Frisbee, Samuel H.	721
1859	Fay, Gilbert O.	1206	1856 <i>s</i>	Fuller, George F.	497
1897 <i>l</i>	Feely, John J.	492	1861	Fuller, William H.	242
1856	Fellowes, Charles E.	335	1865 <i>l</i>	Fyler, Florimond D.	632
1880	Ferguson, Walter B.	601			
1889 <i>l</i>	Ferrandini, Antoine J.	1122	1905 <i>m</i>	Gaffney, Frank T.	950
1894 <i>l</i>	Ferris, H. Edgar	636	1841	Gaines, Edmund P.	531
1872	Ferry, Charles H.	1248	1882	Gallaher, Frank R.	766
1901 <i>s</i>	Ferry, John F.	1321	1835	Galpin, Samuel H.	16
1844	FewSmith, William	39	1871 <i>l</i>	Gardenier, Aaron B.	1298
1864	Fifield, Charles W.	579	1862 <i>m</i>	Gardner, Edwin L.	1366
1849	Finch, Francis M.	860	1903 <i>for</i>	Gardner, Wesley J.	833
1896	Fincke, Charles L.	617	1879 <i>d</i>	Garman, Charles E.	800
1856	Finlay, Luke W.	886	1894	Garvan, Edward J.	1270
1847	Finney, Thomas M.	43	1855	Gay, William M.	704
1891 <i>d</i>	Fishburn, M. Ross	1325	1846	Gay, Ziba	1343



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1876	Gaylord, John F.	257	1848	Hall, Charles S.	1166
1863	Gaylord, Joseph F.	448	1852	Hall, Cyrus L.	430
1846 <i>l</i>	Geissenhainer, F. W.	951	1893 <i>ml</i>	Hall, Edwin F.	961
1843	Gelston, Mills B.	218	1849	Hall, Elial F.	545
1858	Gibbs, J. Willard	237	1872 <i>l</i>	Hall, Henry F.	1298
1855	Gibson, Hart	331	1868	Hall, Ira C.	907
1882 <i>l</i>	Gilbert, Eugene L.	1375	1866	Hall, John M.	455
1841	Gilbert, William H.	415	1839	Hall, Lewis	121
1853	Gilbert, William Thacher	433	1856	Hall, Theodore P.	1032
1878	Gilbert, William T.	1075	1859	Hall, William K.	717
1887	Gillespie, John M.	928	1888 <i>s</i>	Hamlin, Frederick R.	508
1894	Gillespie, Louis P.	477	1863	Hamlin, George S.	1056
1852	Gilman, Daniel C.	1012	1895 <i>s</i>	Hamlin, Robert A.	202
1843	Gilman, Edward W.	35	1861	Haradon, Amasa F.	1214
1895	Gleason, Elwin H.	931	1887	Hard, Henry E.	1085
1884 <i>l</i>	Gleeson, Richard	1299	1852	Hardy, Francis W.	1017
1846	Glover, John H.	223	1887	Hare, Clinton L.	1266
1886	Goebel, Arthur	1263	1872	Harmon, Dana	361
1856 <i>l</i>	Gold, George R.	1371	1883 <i>s</i>	Harper, George V.	818
1838	Gold, Theodore S.	529	1875 <i>dp</i>	Harper, William R.	655
1903	Goodhue, Willis E.	1099	1871 <i>dp</i>	Harrington, Bernard J.	979
1891 <i>dp</i>	Goodspeed, George S.	513	1875 <i>dp</i>	Harris, Nathan W.	286
1879 <i>m</i>	Gorham, Andrew B.	1116	1906	Harris, William D.	1103
1851	Gould, James L.	1010	1858	Harris, William T.	1198
1855	Granger, John A.	705	1859	Harrison, Burton N.	342
1868 <i>m</i>	Granniss, John H.	483	1846	Harrison, Henry B.	132
1897 <i>s</i>	Grant, Robert J.	971	1860 <i>l</i>	Harrison, H. Lynde	630
1891	Grau, Frederick W.	1268	1896 <i>l</i>	Harrison, Paul W.	958
1878 <i>d</i>	Graves, Charles F.	279	1853	Hart, Austin	558
1849	Green, Albert G.	140	1842	Hart, Burdett	532
1851	Green, Erastus R.	317	1847	Hart, George W.	544
1899	Greene, Charles A.	1280	1860	Hart, Henry E.	571
1853	Greene, J. Evarts	230	1872	Hart, William E.	915
1872	Grierson, Samuel W.	252	1844	Hasbrouck, Alfred	220
1886	Griffith, John K.	606	1875 <i>s</i>	Hastings, Henry M.	102
1886	Griggs, Charles J.	926	1871	Hatch, Azel F.	748
1872	Griggs, George B.	914	1884 <i>s</i>	Hatcher, John B.	505
1875	Grinnell, Morton	595	1896	Hawes, Emory	478
1908	Griswold, Dwight T.	1106	1891	Hawkes, George P.	475
1881	Griswold, Freeman C.	1258	1846	Hawley, David	308
1830 <i>m</i>	Griswold, George W.	1357	1898	Hay, Adelbert S.	187
1871 <i>s</i>	Griswold, John W.	198	1879	Hayes, Howard W.	366
1866	Griswold, William L.	64	1840	Head, John F.	849
1859	Gross, Charles H.	1347	1872 <i>m</i>	Heady, Elias B.	1116
1842	Grout, Lewis	419	1841	Heald, Daniel A.	30
1896 <i>s</i>	Grove, Henry S.	652	1860 <i>s</i>	Hearn, Alfred W.	1381
1870	Gulliver, William C.	1065	1894 <i>d</i>	Heckman, Samuel G.	193
1895 <i>s</i>	Gunther, Whitman	970	1853	Hedges, Cornelius	692
1882 <i>l</i>	Gussman, Henry C.	635	1893	Heermance, T. Woolsey	613
1868 <i>s</i>	Guthrie, Frank M.	101	1881	Helmer, Frederick D.	1079
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1851	Hendrie, John W.	49	1886	Hord, Henry E.	769
1853 s	Henry, Daniel F.	810	1869 s	Hornblower, Joseph C.	1131
1842	Henshaw, Daniel	1000	1869	Hotchkiss, William H.	742
1891	Herod, Joseph R.	1090	1852	Houghton, Edward	1180
1865 m	Herrick, John C.	1366	1897 l	Howard, Arthur L.	384
1868 s	Hersey, John C.	1130	1872	Howard, Henry W. B.	492
1858	Hewitt, Frederick C.	1041	1855	Howard, Hiram L.	151
1847 l	Hewitt, Gurdon	1369	1860	Howard, John	445
1823 m	Hewitt, Henry	1355	1874 s	Howe, Allen B.	281
1896 s	Hickox, George H.	825	1858	Howe, Leavitt	443
1861	Higbee, William H.	59	1886 s	Howes, Abraham L.	1384
1905	Hildreth, Arthur W.	941	1853	Hoyt, Henry T.	324
1903	Hileman, Albert	940	1893 s	Hoyt, Phelps B.	1139
1893	Hill, Frederick A.	930	1860 m	Hubbard, Charles H.	946
1849	Hill, Henry H.	1171	1873	Hubbard, Charles L.	363
1886 s	Hill, William B.	1384	1842	Hubbard, George B.	33
1901 l	Hillard, John	388	1849	Hubbard, Thomas S.	313
1863 m	Hills, T. Morton	1113	1854	Hubbell, Henry L.	878
1850	Hillyer, Curtis J.	689	1897	Hubbell, William S.	186
1891 s	Hilton, Robert G.	398	1853	Hudson, William M.	147
1892	Hinckley, Donald R.	185	1895	Hughes, A. Burdette	1271
1881	Hine, Robert C.	766	1898 m	Hulbert, Russell	1117
1870 s	Hinds, William A.	1309	1857	Hulbert, William E.	443
1848	Hinsdale, James C.	226	1889	Hull, Leverett L.	610
1889 d	Hitchcock, Albert W.	808	1898 m	Hulseberg, Frederick W.	93
1857	Hitchcock, Edward W.	156	1870	Hume, Edward S.	909
1864	Hitchcock, George N.	900	1875	Hungerford, William S.	364
1848	Hitchcock, Henry	135	1899 s	Hunn, Francis S.	283
1856	Hodge, Frank	1194	1887	Hunt, Albert G.	475
1857	Hodge, Lyman D.	57	1832	Huntington, Joshua	9
1877	Hodges, Alpheus C.	760	1860	Hurlbut, William H.	445
1870 s	Hoes, Edward V.	498	1883	Husted, Thomas D.	473
1905	Hogan, James J.	1284	1907	Husted, Walter W.	942
1895 s	Holcomb, Harry C.	823	1833	Hustis, John	841
1850 m	Holcombe, Charles C.	944	1870	Hutchins, Henry L.	249
1868	Holcombe, James W.	1236	1893 s	Hutchinson, George A.	201
1864	Holden, Daniel J.	351	1879	Hyde, Frank E.	763
1857	Holden, Stephen	1036	1861 m	Hyde, Joel W.	947
1851	Hollister, David F.	550	1847	Hyde, Nathaniel A.	134
1840	Hollister, John C.	298	1857	Hyde, S. Harris	1038
1872	Holmes, Edmund W.	590			
1853	Holmes, Theodore J.	693	1864	Ingersoll, Charles D.	450
1892 l	Holohan, John F.	797	1840	Ingersoll, Charles R.	216
1907	Holter, Percy W.	1105	1867	Ingham, William H.	247
1837	Hooker, John	22	1908 s	Ingram, Anthony M.	1323
1908	Hooker, Thomas	1287	1900 s	Irwin, William P.	204
1868	Hopke, Edward F.	1351	1836	Isham, Austin	16
1855	Hopkins, Charles	706	1864	Ives, Robert S.	580
1884	Hopkins, Henry C.	1082	1893	Ives, Sherwood B.	772
1832	Hopkins, Samuel M.	117	1887	Iverson, Henry	1267
1856	Hoppin, Frederick S.	711			
1840	Hoppin, James M.	671	1868 s	Jackson, George A.	812

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1846	Jacobs, William B.	1343	1895	Kershow, Max H.	186
1894 <i>s</i>	James, Frederick T.	1140	1862	Ketcham, William P.	61
1850 <i>l</i>	Jarvis, Richard W. H.	271	1860	Keyes, Winfield S.	719
1851	Jenks, Grove P.	1344	1889	King, Charles S.	1087
1884	Jennings, Charles J.	1262	1862 <i>s</i>	King, Clarence	195
1851	Jessup, Henry H.	1174	1858 <i>s</i>	King, Horace K.	1380
1849	Jessup, William H.	141	1846 <i>l</i>	Kinzer, Isaac L.	1368
1847	Jesup, Henry G.	224	1862	Kirby, Thomas B.	1049
1873	Johnes, Edward R.	252	1865	Kirkhuff, J. DeCou	1230
1887	Johnson, Allen W.	607	1859	Kirtland, Edwin L.	1207
1872 <i>s</i>	Johnson, Charles L.	199	1867	Kitchell, Luther H.	356
1871	Johnson, Francis	251	1858 <i>s</i>	Kittredge, Charles S.	965
1902 <i>l</i>	Johnson, Harry H.	960	1889 <i>s</i>	Klock, John H.	820
1860	Johnson, Henry L.	893	1853	Knevals, Sherman W.	1023
1877	Johnson, Henry M.	920	1862	Knight, Frederick I.	1050
1895 <i>l</i>	Johnson, Joseph A.	98	1897 <i>s</i>	Koenig, Jacob A.	283
1874 <i>s</i>	Johnson, Lorenzo M.	501	1891 <i>s</i>	Kohler, George C.	1318
1850	Johnson, Samuel	1008	1881 <i>s</i>	Koons, Benjamin F.	395
1856	Johnson, Wilbur	56	1897 <i>s</i>	Kountze, Barclay W.	203
1906	Johnson, William K.	1104	1890 <i>ml</i>	Koya, Saburo	1378
1893	Jones, Alfred H.	84	1901 <i>a</i>	Kudo, Tozaburo	1330
1858	Jones, Augustus T.	1042			
1895	Jones, Edward C.	616	1852	Labatt, Henry J.	51
1857	Jones, Franklin C.	889	1904	Lacey, Edward M.	1283
1855	Jones, Henry W.	708	1826 <i>m</i>	Lacy, Daniel	1356
1885 <i>d</i>	Jones, John D.	805	1875 <i>d</i>	Ladd, Henry M.	389
1852	Jones, John J.	1345	1899 <i>s</i>	Lamb, Richard S.	106
1895 <i>d</i>	Jones, J. Owen	641	1854	Lambert, Edward W.	437
1896 <i>m</i>	Jones, Milo H.	384	1876	Lamberton, William B.	175
1866 <i>l</i>	Joslyn, Charles S.	794	1855	Lampson, George	561
1869	Joy, James	1238	1848	Lamson, Caleb	684
1864	Judson, Walter	733	1894 <i>s</i>	Landé, Frederick M.	822
			1858	Lane, William A.	1201
1897	Kauffman, Burt B.	86	1848	Langdon, George	425
1892 <i>d</i>	Kazanjan, Kevork H.	496	1877	Langdon, George E.	1073
1859 <i>l</i>	Keeler, Samuel C.	1295	1897	Lapham, Walter J.	1093
1831 <i>m</i>	Keeney, George L.	1357	1882 <i>s</i>	Latham, Norman S.	645
1887	Keep, John B.	80	1897 <i>s</i>	Laughlin, Thomas M.	1320
1865	Keep, Robert P.	352	1887 <i>l</i>	Lawler, Frank J.	1376
1890 <i>s</i>	Keith, Elbridge B.	1385	1877 <i>s</i>	Lawrance, Francis C.	395
1901	Kellogg, Luther L.	480	1841	Lay, George W.	532
1850	Kellogg, Martin	315	1841	Lay, John F.	123
1846	Kellogg, Stephen W.	309	1838	Lea, Samuel H.	1340
1878 <i>l</i>	Kelly, Haydn C.	490	1857	Learned, Bela P.	1196
1903	Kelly, Herbert C.	1100	1841	Learned, William L.	416
1900 <i>s</i>	Kelly, Trumbull	107	1840	Leavitt, William S.	1156
1883	Kendall, Charles M.	604	1876	LeBourgeois, Joseph C.	462
1903 <i>s</i>	Kendall, Cyrus H.	512	1890	Lee, Harriman W.	771
1853	Kent, Albert E.	54	1849	Lee, William B.	142
1851	Kent, Thomas G.	1011	1870	Lee, William H.	744
1864 <i>m</i>	Kenyon, Napoleon B.	92	1856	Lemée, Gustave A.	887
1869	Kerr, Henry H.	68	1899	Leonard, Charles P.	267



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1853 <i>m</i>	Leonard, William H.	784	1862	McCord, William R.	726
1889	Letcher, Elmer F.	183	1852	McCormick, Henry	52
1883 <i>s</i>	Levonian, Sarkis	1134	1855 <i>l</i>	MacDonald, Angus	1370
1879 <i>s</i>	Lewis, Alfred D.	504	1903	McDonald, Irving	380
1852	Lewis, Alonzo N.	870	1839	Macdonough, A. R.	848
1853	Lewis, Charlton T.	324	1902	McDowell, John C.	379
1873	Lewis, Eugene H.	754	1888	McElroy, Joseph	1086
1844	Lewis, Ira	221	1855	McGehee, George T.	561
1832	Lewis, John H.	1338	1880 <i>m</i>	McGowan, Charles E.	1291
1870	Lincoln, George F.	360	1844	McKee, James H.	1002
1879	Linde, George S.	598	1896	McKee, McKee D.	1274
1869	Lindsley, Adrian V. S.	69	1889 <i>s</i>	Mackenzie, John K.	509
1852 <i>m</i>	Lindsley, Charles A.	625	1894	McKinney, Kirk C.	85
1877 <i>l</i>	Linsley, Edward L.	96	1869	McLane, William L.	248
1872	Littlefield, Frederick M.	915	1900	MacLean, Allan	480
1898	Livermore, John R.	777	1901	McLean, Charles	379
1893	Lloyd, Frederick M.	476	1871 <i>m</i>	McLean, Thomas N.	1290
1894	Lloyd, Raymond	1271	1844	McLeod, John	39
1865	Lockwood, Charles E.	246	1888	McMillan, James H.	181
1849	Lockwood, F. St. John	861	1884	McMillan, William C.	767
1866	Lockwood, George A.	170	1893 <i>l</i>	McNamara, David T.	98
1903 <i>m</i>	Loeb, Joseph A.	792	1871	MacNaughton, James	588
1898	Loewi, Oscar	777	1863	McNeille, Robert G. S.	348
1900	Logan, Hollister	1282	1892 <i>s</i>	McVickar, Edward	1319
1870	Logan, Walter S.	744	1856	Magruder, Benjamin D.	1194
1896	Loomis, Horace A.	1093	1906	Malcolm, Allen S.	941
1898 <i>m</i>	Loomis, Julius S.	270	1896	Mallon, Neil B.	1275
1844 <i>m</i>	Lord, Austin	481	1872	Mallory, Henry P.	752
1881 <i>s</i>	Lord, Edmund P.	817	1892 <i>s</i>	Mandel, Frank E.	651
1870	Lord, Joseph E. P.	746	1885 <i>s</i>	Mangam, Daniel D.	282
1831	Lord, Joseph S.	521	1851	Manice, William D.	318
1905	Loudenslager, H. H.	782	1899	Mann, Arthur S.	932
1863	Lounsbery, George E.	449	1869	Manning, David	457
1906 <i>s</i>	Lowe, Abbott L.	976	1892 <i>s</i>	Manning, Richard F.	1138
1877 <i>d</i>	Lowell, John N.	278	1840	March, Daniel	994
1895	Lowndes, Richard T.	616	1907 <i>m</i>	Marcy, E. Lowell	1293
1884 <i>s</i>	Lucas, Albert	646	1844	Marcy, Virgil M. D.	306
1901 <i>s</i>	Lucker, Herbert	284	1852	Marmaduke, Vincent	322
1871	Lyman, Charles	1245	1848 <i>m</i>	Marsh, Lebbeus E.	1362
1859	Lyman, Charles N.	569	1888 <i>d</i>	Marsh, Robert L.	807
1862	Lyman, Elisha S.	898	1874	Marsh, Valentine	256
1876	Lyman, Frank C.	364	1851 <i>l</i>	Marsh, William T.	1369
1846	Lyon, Morris W.	540	1861	Marshall, John E.	60
1885 <i>s</i>	Lyon, William H.	968	1844	Marshall, John P.	40
			1871 <i>s</i>	Martin, Ferrier J.	395
1896 <i>s</i>	Mabie, Clarence C.	105	1893	Martin, George G.	773
1890 <i>s</i>	McBride, Herbert	820	1870	Martin, Henry E.	1353
1878	McCarroll, Henry B.	466	1856	Martin, Justin	888
1833	McClellan, John	525	1847	Marvin, Sylvanus P.	424
1866	McClure, Joseph M.	1059	1855	Mason, Jarvis K.	441
1900 <i>l</i>	McConnell, William J.	1123	1833	Mather, Frederick E.	13
1879	McCord, Hugh C.	470	1842	Mathews, Albert	303

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1896	Mathison, Frederic H.	776	1891	Moriarty, Richard B.	612
1889 <i>l</i>	Mattison, William R.	97	1858	Morris, Robert	159
1872 <i>s</i>	Maxson, Frank O.	1383	1856	Morse, Sidney E.	1034
1904	Maxwell, Fred M.	622	1874	Moseley, Gilbert G.	917
1875 <i>l</i>	Maybaum, Levy	1122	1852	Moulton, Barron C.	690
1901	Maynard, Colton	937	1892	Mowbray, Edward B.	82
1871	Maynard, Robert P.	750	1851	Munger, Theodore T.	1177
1887	Meacham, Franklin A.	179	1843	Munson, Frederick	219
1866	Mead, Henry B.	355	1851 <i>l</i>	Munson, Lyman E.	952
1844	Meeker, Charles H.	221	1880 <i>l</i>	Murdoch, John M.	386
1874	Melick, Leoni	1071	1862	Murphy, Thomas D.	62
1854	Meloy, William A.	559	1893	Murphy, William H.	614
1874	Mendell, Ellis	256	1877 <i>s</i>	Murray, James B.	200
1878 <i>ml</i>	Mercer, George G.	961	1897 <i>s</i>	Murray, Lang	1142
1891 <i>s</i>	Mercer, George W.	398	1862	Murray, William H. H.	346
1885 <i>s</i>	Meredith, Edwin A.	968			
1861	Merrill, Charles G. G.	1215	1886	Nason, Henry T.	261
1837 <i>m</i>	Merriman, Joel B.	1358	1877 <i>d</i>	Neff, Jacob G.	1386
1860 <i>l</i>	Merry, Thomas H.	1371	1846	Nelson, Rensselaer R.	421
1844	Mershon, James R.	222	1887	Nesbitt, George F.	80
1857	Merwin, Almon B.	713	1861 <i>l</i>	Neville, Timothy F.	1372
1878	Merwin, Walter L.	467	1861	Newel, Stanford	722
1892	Messick, William	612	1843	Newton, George B.	1342
1880	Messler, Remsen V.	471	1851 <i>m</i>	Newton, Matthew T.	1289
1831	Miles, Milo N.	116	1854	Nichols, Starr H.	1026
1885 <i>s</i>	Miller, Deane	647	1845	Nickerson, Sereno D.	1163
1872 <i>s</i>	Miller, George N.	501	1872 <i>d</i>	Norris, Austin H.	278
1894	Miller, Guy B.	265	1846	North, Frederick H.	855
1855 <i>l</i>	Miller, Henry M.	487	1843	North, James H.	678
1854	Miller, John T.	1025	1880 <i>l</i>	Northrop, Charles H.	955
1899 <i>s</i>	Miller, Osmond L.	1321	1859	Norton, Charles L.	1208
1894	Miller, Pendleton	371	1885	Norton, Edwin F.	79
1891 <i>l</i>	Miller, Richard W.	796	1852	Noyes, Jonathan L.	553
1858	Mills, Edward M.	59	1867 <i>m</i>	Noyes, Theodore R.	483
1841	Mitchell, Donald G.	996			
1875	Mitchell, Franklin B.	1252	1852	Odell, William H.	690
1885 <i>s</i>	Mitchell, Herbert L.	1317	1853	Olds, Joseph	434
1861	Mitchell, John H.	163	1869	Olendorf, John	1239
1879 <i>s</i>	Mitsukuri, Kakichi	1312	1854	Olney, James B.	55
1878	Moen, Philip W.	467	1865	Osborn, Charles L.	735
1892 <i>s</i>	Mold, Fred	282	1886 <i>l</i>	Osborn, Frederick A.	387
1900	Moody, Warner	778	1863	Osborn, George W.	450
1900	Moore, Hobart	378	1877 <i>m</i>	Osborne, Curtiss H.	1367
1892	Moore, James A.	475	1895	Osgood, Ervin E.	373
1859	Moore, John C. W.	1347	1851 <i>l</i>	Overall, Asa N.	1370
1849	Moore, Mark B.	143			
1895	Moore, Thomas C.	477	1837	Paddock, Robert H.	23
1841	Moore, William H.	301	1841	Paine, Albert	31
1891	Moorhead, Samuel W. B.	611	1856	Paine, Levi L.	153
1858	More, Elawson C.	240	1856 <i>m</i>	Painter, Henry W.	944
1866 <i>m</i>	Morgan, Charles F.	384	1853 <i>s</i>	Palen, Gilbert E.	195
1885 <i>d</i>	Morgan, David W.	640	1872	Parish, Leonard W.	1248

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1861	Park, William E.	1216	1891 <i>l</i>	Pond, William H.	957
1897	Parke, Julius L.	1277	1857	Porter, David G.	565
1867 <i>m</i>	Parker, Julian N.	92	1884	Porter, Edwin L.	1083
1864 <i>m</i>	Parkinson, George	1366	1869	Porter, Franklin	1352
1886	Parks, William H.	1264	1836	Porter, Giles M.	17
1888 <i>s</i>	Parlin, Franklin T.	1318	1878	Porter, John A.	75
1863	Parmelee, Harlan P.	349	1859 <i>s</i>	Porter, Joseph	1127
1895	Parmelee, Henry D.	775	1829	Porter, Samuel	115
1850	Parsons, Benjamin	863	1848	Porter, Timothy H.	45
1903	Parsons, Charles S.	1100	1859	Post, Truman A.	160
1852 <i>m</i>	Parsons, George B.	1363	1873	Poston, John M.	1069
1857 <i>m</i>	Parsons, Homer L.	1364	1854	Potwin, Lemuel S.	700
1840	Parsons, Lewis B.	673	1901	Powell, Sylvester D.	780
1843	Parsons, Samuel M.	36	1857	Powers, Henry	335
1868	Parsons, William	1064	1885 <i>s</i>	Pratt, Daniel T.	397
1875	Patton, John	757	1840	Pratt, Frederick A.	1340
1900	Payton, James W.	268	1842	Pratt, Julius H.	1159
1881	Peabody, Richard A.	1259	1875 <i>s</i>	Pratt, William A.	503
1891 <i>s</i>	Pearce, Stanley H.	821	1883	Preston, Austin R.	473
1841	Pearson, William	675	1906	Price, Warren E.	782
1891 <i>s</i>	Pease, Arthur C.	821	1854	Proctor, David C.	1027
1848 <i>m</i>	Peck, Elisha S.	1362	1885 <i>l</i>	Pryibil, Herman D.	1375
1894 <i>s</i>	Peck, John C.	202	1858	Pumpelly, Charles F.	715
1848	Peck, Thomas R. G.	426	1848	Pumpelly, John H.	859
1887	Peet, Louis H.	608	1867 <i>l</i>	Purrington, Edwin	488
1891 <i>s</i>	Pelton, William H.	649	1839	Putnam, James O.	215
1877 <i>s</i>	Penfield, Samuel L.	814	1896 <i>s</i>	Quinby, Samuel L.	510
1887	Pennell, Arthur R.	263	1887 <i>s</i>	Rainey, William T.	508
1894	Perkins, Henry B.	85	1872	Ramsdell, Charles B.	593
1842	Perkins, Nathaniel S.	420	1896 <i>dp</i>	Randall, Mrs. Herbert	1329
1848	Perkins, Samuel C.	311	1837	Randall, William R.	24
1858	Perkins, Thomas A.	1043	1878	Ransom, Warren A.	468
1870	Perry, Joseph F.	911	1855 <i>l</i>	Ransom, Warren G.	1371
1846	Perry, Talmon C.	1164	1898	Ray, William S.	1096
1860 <i>l</i>	Perry, Waldo G.	96	1888	Raymond, Alfred	182
1842	Peters, John A.	304	1880 <i>s</i>	Raynolds, Edward V.	1314
1886	Phelps, Sheffield	262	1869	Reade, Robert L.	1240
1868	Phillips, Horace	356	1863	Reade, William C.	1222
1855	Piatt, John H.	709	1897	Reed, Clarence M.	186
1873 <i>l</i>	Pickett, Rufus S.	276	1865	Reeves, Willis L.	453
1892	Pierce, Charles P.	371	1877	Reid, Clarence L.	920
1843	Pierce, George T.	37	1900 <i>f</i>	Remington, Frederic	1327
1855	Pierce, Granville T.	332	1896	Reynolds, Thomas E.	1276
1854 <i>s</i>	Pierson, George B.	497	1844	Rice, Abner	1003
1848	Pinkard, Thomas C.	426	1860	Rice, George	446
1892	Pitkin, Horace T.	82	1871	Richards, Benjamin S.	590
1861 <i>m</i>	Pitkin, John	948	1875	Richards, William R.	1253
1858	Pitkin, Walter S.	240	1856	Richardson, David P.	442
1847	Plant, Alfred	856	1882	Richardson, George P.	472
1896 <i>s</i>	Polk, John M.	399	1883 <i>d</i>	Richardson, Henry L.	390
1858 <i>s</i>	Pombo, Fidel	1380			
1856 <i>m</i>	Pomeroy, Stephen F.	945			



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1842	Richmond, Andrew	677	1901 s	Saxton, Edward R.	512
1871	Riggs, Warner B.	458	1874	Sayre, Moses M.	1353
1850	Ripley, Erastus L.	47	1837	Scarborough, William S.	25
1862	Ripley, George C.	1051	1870	Schell, Edward H.	1241
1898	Ripley, George M.	266	1861	Schmucker, Francis R.	345
1854	Ritch, Thomas G.	880	1880 s	Schofield, William	816
1844	Robb, James M.	1342	1897	Schultz, Carl H.	187
1851 l	Robert, Francis W.	953	1896	Schuyler, George H.	37
1882 d	Roberts, William G.	1125	1857	Scoville, Samuel	157
1849	Robinson, George F.	1343	1900	Seabury, Warren B.	935
1871 l	Robinson, John A.	488	1877	Sears, J. Montgomery	465
1855	Rockwell, Alfred P.	333	1859 s	Seely, George D.	1129
1849	Rockwell, John	1172	1862	Seely, William W.	347
1903	Rogers, Cleveland	1101	1854	Seiler, Jacob F.	702
1894 dp	Rogers, Cornelia H. B.	830	1844	Selden, Edward	682
1894 dp	Rogers, Sara B.	831	1870	Selden, Edward G.	361
1865	Rogers, William B.	902	1845	Selden, Silas R.	536
1892 s	Rogowski, Albert B.	1319	1875	Sellers, Henry D.	918
1876	Rollins, George W.	462	1888 d	Severance, Charles N.	640
1899	Rood, William H.	377	1886	Sewall, Frederic N.	1085
1861	Root, Alexander P.	897	1831	Seward, Dwight M.	8
1874 l	Root, Frederick S.	633	1862	Sexton, William C.	1053
1892	Root, Linford F.	957	1867	Seymour, Horatio	737
1870	Ross, John A.	171	1875	Seymour, William W.	461
1852	Ross, William B.	323	1893 l	Sharpe, Redford B. T.	491
1845 m	Rossell, William H.	1360	1897 s	Shaw, John E.	1143
1852	Rowland, William L.	53	1860 s	Sheafer, Walter S.	965
1866	Royce, Charles H.	903	1862	Shearer, Albert B.	164
1858	Royer, Henry	339	1842	Shearer, Daniel L.	124
1873	Russell, Charles A.	254	1894	Sheffield, Joseph E.	372
1837 m	Russell, Gurdon W.	1107	1867	Sheldon, George P.	1233
1861 l	Russell, Jay E.	1296	1869	Sheldon, Richard K.	585
1876	Russell, Philip G.	74	1864 m	Shepard, Durell	1115
1895 s	Rustin, Frederick	1141	1891 dp	Shepardson, Daniel	658
1886 s	Rustin, Henry	647	1866 m	Shepherd, George R.	790
		1	1896 s	Sherman, Eugene H.	825
			1880	Sherman, William H.	1077
1897	Sage, DeWitt L.	86	1872	Sherwood, Charles	362
1849 m	Sage, William H.	1111	1898 m	Sherwood, Milton S.	950
1866	St. John, Samuel B.	1230	1897 s	Shipman, Frank C.	653
1832	Salisbury, Edward E.	10	1848	Shipman, Nathaniel	685
1866	Salisbury, Frederick S.	1060	1882	Shoemaker, Levi I.	1260
1900	Sanders, Harry G.	779	1855	Shoemaker, Robert C.	152
1854	Sanders, John C.	701	1897	Sicard, Edward M.	1094
1863	Sanford, George B.	1057	1902 s	Sierck, William S.	829
1850	Sanford, Henry P.	228	1852	Sill, George G.	691
1852	Sanford, Henry S.	145	1870	Silliman, Benjamin	69
1884 s	Sargent, Russell	396	1824	Silliman, Benjamin D.	3
1863	Saunders, E. Huntington	1349	1881	Simonds, Edward L.	602
1857	Savary, William H.	714	1866 l	Simonds, William E.	273
1906 s	Savidis, Charalambos G.	1323	1897	Simpson, James H.	1278
1896 dp	Sawtelle, Alice E.	1329	1847	Simpson, Thomas P.	1007

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1842	Skinner, Samuel W.	305	1884 <i>m</i>	Stevens, John G.	1368
1877 <i>d</i>	Slack, Henry L.	494	1894	Stewart, Walter E., Jr.	85
1890	Small, Charles F.	771	1873	Stewart, William C.	173
1867	Small, Frederick I.	904	1852	Stewart, William M.	1018
1876 <i>l</i>	Smith, Bryan J.	634	1885	Stiles, Carrington R.	474
1860	Smith, Calvin H.	1348	1859	Stiles, Robert	570
1869	Smith, Charles H.	586	1832	Stillé, Alfred	12
1898 <i>m</i>	Smith, Charles L. P.	485	1901	Stillman, George S.	780
1891	Smith, Clement G.	1268	1865	Stires, Manning F.	168
1880 <i>ml</i>	Smith, Edwin B.	637	1840	Stirling, Lewis	1341
1839	Smith, Hamilton L.	296	1883	Stockwell, William H.	178
1851	Smith, Horace M.	49	1879	Story, Willis E.	366
1848 <i>m</i>	Smith, John Q. A.	1362	1868	Stowell, Calvin D.	66
1853	Smith, J. Sumner	232	1865	Stowell, Corydon G.	453
1904	Smith, Lathrop	781	1886	Strauss, William M.	1354
1894	Smith, Letchworth	1091	1858	Street, George E.	339
1852	Smith, Moses	430	1898 <i>d</i>	Street, Walter B.	279
1855	Smith, Oscar M.	1030	1855 <i>m</i>	Strong, George W.	1363
1878 <i>m</i>	Smith, Walter J.	1291	1855	Strong, Thomas S.	1186
1844	Smith, William M.	41	1829 <i>m</i>	Stuart, Chauncey	1356
1860	Smith, William T.	1211	1838 <i>m</i>	Stuart, Silvanus	1358
1882	Snell, Frank H.	472	1900 <i>s</i>	Sullivan, Robert B.	974
1851	Solomon, Daniel H.	228	1903	Sullivan, Walter	621
1879	Sonn, George C.	598	1904 <i>l</i>	Sulzberger, Jesse N.	1301
1856 <i>s</i>	Soto, I. Plata y	1379	1887 <i>s</i>	Summers, Arthur P.	969
1839	Southard, Sylvester	121	1863	Sumner, Charles E.	165
1857	Southwick, Warren K.	566	1863	Sumner, William G.	1223
1875	Southworth, Edward W.	174	1856	Swayne, Wager	234
1872	Spalding, George A.	752	1840	Swift, George H.	995
1868	Spencer, Edward L.	740	1898	Swift, Isaac Newton	932
1837	Spencer, George T.	845	1849	Swope, Thomas H.	1173
1890 <i>d</i>	Spencer, Joseph J.	193	1879	Syle, Louis D.	367
1848	Spencer, Samuel S.	1168			
1886 <i>s</i>	Sperry, Francis L.	648	1851	Taft, Enos H.	318
1869	Sperry, Willard G.	743	1865	Taintor, Henry E.	454
1896	Spinello, Marius J.	375	1866	Taintor, James U.	735
1853	Spooner, Samuel B.	1024	1846	Talcott, John B.	422
1864 <i>l</i>	Sprague, DeWitt C.	1119	1878 <i>l</i>	Talcott, John C.	490
1876	Stabler, Charles M.	463	1877 <i>l</i>	Tallmadge, Albert M.	489
1874	Stapler, Henry B. B.	755	1855	Tallmadge, Leander A.	562
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1871 <i>l</i>	Starkey, William	795	1880 <i>d</i>	Tarrant, Henry	390
1891 <i>s</i>	Starkweather, George P.	103	1859	Taylor, Alfred J.	161
1853	Stearns, Henry P.	434	1878	Taylor, William Howard	469
1881	Stedman, Arthur [G.]	1080	1842	Teele, Albert K.	34
1853	Stedman, Edmund C.	874	1863	Terrell, Herbert L.	1226
1867	Stedman, Ernest G.	904	1852	Terry, Adrian	554
1852	Sterling, Edward	1181	1871 <i>s</i>	Terry, Edward C.	966
1893	Stetson, Henry C.	773	1855 <i>l</i>	Thacher, Ralph P. E.	274
1843	Stevens, Asahel A.	128	1896 <i>ml</i>	Thirkield, Wilbur R.	1378
1885 <i>s</i>	Stevens, Frank J.	507	1884 <i>l</i>	Thomas, Albert M.	796

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1899	Thomas, Edward	378	1875 <i>s</i>	Vernon, Thomas A.	503
1864	Thomas, James C.	734	1851	Vose, James G.	867
1853	Thomas, John G.	695			
1901 <i>l</i>	Thompson, Harry D.	959	1893	Wadsworth, R. C. W.	615
1890	Thompson, James W.	1267	1901 <i>s</i>	Waite, Ellison G.	654
1897	Thompson, John H.	1094	1853	Waite, Richard	877
1893 <i>s</i>	Thompson, William B.	105	1906	Wakefield, Faron N.	1104
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1853	Tobey, Salathiel H.	696	1873	Wald, Gustavus H.	255
1855	Todd, John E.	884	1899 <i>s</i>	Walker, James T.	827
1879	Torreyson, James D.	471	1899 <i>s</i>	Walker, William	399
1871	Townsend, W. K.	750	1877	Waln, Samuel M.	1255
1897 <i>s</i>	Tracy, George R.	106	1896 <i>s</i>	Walsh, J. de Mun	1142
1846	Trask, Charles H.	541	1904 <i>s</i>	Ward, Albert C.	512
1851 <i>l</i>	Treat, Joseph A.	385	1844	Ward, Arthur R.	222
1899 <i>s</i>	Tritch, Benjamin F.	826	1862	Ward, Frederic A.	243
1896	Trudeau, Edward L.	375	1862 <i>s</i>	Ward, Hubert C.	1382
1870	Trumbull, Perry	250	1843	Warner, George W.	129
1883	Tucker, Denison B.	1261	1901 <i>s</i>	Warrin, Ralph O.	975
1857	Tucker, George	890	1887 <i>s</i>	Washburn, Nathaniel P.	508
1861	Tucker, John D.	448	1855	Waterman, Alfred T.	1187
1851	Tuckerman, George S.	50	1863	Waterman, Henry B.	244
1838	Tufts, James	25	1899 <i>s</i>	Watson, Daniel B.	972
1850	Tupper, Henry M.	48	1840 <i>m</i>	Watson, Louis	1359
1846	Turner, Charles P.	1165	1868	Watson, Samuel	357
1843	Turner, Douglas K.	129	1897 <i>m</i>	Weaver, William M.	791
1842	Turner, Sylvester W.	677	1856	Webb, Benjamin	57
1888	Turney, Winthrop	609	1846	Webb, Daniel M.	542
1864 <i>m</i>	Turrill, Henry S.	788	1848	Webster, Sidney	1168
1850 <i>l</i>	Tuttle, Dennis	793	1853	Welch, Joseph A.	54
1863 <i>m</i>	Tuttle, Frank B.	190	1862	Welch, Pierce N.	1218
1896 <i>s</i>	Tuttle, Harry E.	106	1851	Welles, Roger	319
1853	Twining, Kinsley	148	1884	Wells, Edward	1083
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1857	Tyler, Moses C.	58	1875 <i>s</i>	Wemple, Alonzo E.	504
			1868	Wentworth, Thos. F.	907
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			1897	Wheeler, Alexander	87
1878	VanBuren, Harold S.	762	1847	Wheeler, Franklin	683
1878	VanBuren, William A.	597	1895	Whinfield, Roger W.	1272
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1870	VanSchoonhoven, W. H.	1242	1898 <i>dp</i>	White, Caroline L.	659
1854	VanSinderen, Adrian	438	1854	White, Charles A.	1183
1844 <i>l</i>	VanWyck, Anthony	94	1880	White, George D.	177



WILLIAM KURTZ JOHNSON, son of E. Kurtz Johnson (University of Virginia 1865) and Annie Elizabeth (Wimsatt) Johnson, both deceased, was born August 10, 1882, in Washington, D. C., where his father was formerly President of the Citizens National Bank.

He was prepared for college at Norwalk, Conn., and while at college took special interest in rowing, and was manager of the Freshman crew.

After graduation he spent a year each in the Harvard and Columbia Law Schools.

He married, in the City of Mexico, November 18, 1908, Eno, daughter of George I. Ham, of that city. They were making a trip around the world for their wedding tour, and had reached Kandy, Ceylon, when he died of heart failure, May 4, 1909. He was buried in Ceylon. He was in the 27th year of his age. Besides Mrs. Johnson three brothers and a sister survive him.

FARON NELSON WAKEFIELD, son of Rev. Wilson Faron Wakefield (University of Rochester 1874) and Mary Elizabeth (Baldwin) Wakefield, was born March 24, 1883, at Mahopac Falls, Putnam County, N. Y., but the same year removed with his parents to Port Chester, Westchester County, N. Y., where his father is a lawyer and Judge of the Police Court. He was prepared for college at the High School in the adjoining town of Greenwich, Conn.

During his college course he maintained a high stand in scholarship. In Sophomore and Junior years he received a Lucius F. Robinson Latin Prize, and in Junior and Senior years was awarded the Robert Callender Scholarship. In Senior year he was Secretary of the Phi Beta Kappa Society.

On graduation he entered the Harvard Law School, and was about to begin his final year of study there when he was taken with a severe hemorrhage and within six weeks died at home, October 11, 1908, of tuberculosis. He was 25 years of age and unmarried.

1907

PERCY WILLIAM HOLTER, son of Anton M. Holter, of the A. M. Holter Hardware Company, and Mary Pauline (Loberg) Holter, was born in Helena, Mont., January 12, 1885. He was prepared for college in the public schools of his native city and at the Taft School, Watertown, Conn.

After graduation he engaged in the hardware business, and following his marriage at Helena, Mont., October 7, 1908, to Sarah Emma, daughter of Frederick and Emma (Fink) Gamer, he settled in Salt Lake City, Utah. His health failed there, and he returned to Helena, where after an operation for appendicitis he died at St. Peter's Hospital, November 23, 1908. He was 23 years old. Mrs. Holter survives him. Two brothers graduated from the Academical Department, respectively, in 1894 and 1905.

JOHN ALAN WHITE, eldest of the six children of John Platt White, Editor of the *Walton* (N. Y.) *Reporter*, and Mabel E. White, was born in Walton, May 31, 1888.

He was prepared for college at the Walton High School and was ready at 14 years of age, but waited a year before entering. While in college he won the Winthrop Prize for the most thorough acquaintance with the Greek and Latin poets, a Benjamin F. Barge Mathematical Prize, and held successively the John J. Cox, Scott Hurtt, and Robert Callender Scholarships.

At graduation he had a Philosophical Oration stand, and upon entering the Graduate Department received the Clark Scholarship, and for his second year the Douglas Fellowship. He was devoting his time to mathematical study, and was regarded as having an unusually fine mind.

Owing to overstudy he became despondent and wandered to West Rock and, according to the evidence, threw himself from the cliff on the evening of November 30, 1908. He was only 20 years of age and unmarried.

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1861	White, James H.	1046	1894	Wilson, Nathaniel N.	930
1907	White, John A.	1105	1852 <i>m</i>	Wilson, Samuel A.	483
1854 <i>m</i>	White, Moses C.	90	1857	Wilson, William B.	337
1902	White, Percy G.	620	1883 <i>s</i>	Wing, Chuan Lok	1316
1895	White, Raymond S.	374	1907 <i>l</i>	Wing, Orrin A.	1123
1864	Whitin, Lewis F.	451	1892 <i>s</i>	Winstandley, John B.	104
1879	Whiting, Holland S.	764	1877	Winston, Frederick S.	1074
1863	Whitney, William C.	349	1862	Winthrop, Buchanan	62
1877	Whitney, William E.	176	1889 <i>l</i>	Wise, Albert J.	387
1867 <i>s</i>	Whittelsey, Joseph T.	281	1905 <i>l</i>	Wisehart, Lon K.	1302
1855	Whittemore, Williams S.	1188	1848	Withers, Michael A.	1170
1842	Whittlesey, Eliphalet	1160	1861 <i>m</i>	Witter, Ebenezer	1365
1887	Whittlesey, Frederick R.	81	1839	Wolcott, Elizur	26
1871	Whittlesey, Nathan H.	70	1873 <i>s</i>	Wolcott, Henry G.	643
1907	Whittlesey, William S.	1286	1899 <i>s</i>	Wolf, Samuel R.	972
1843	Wickes, John	37	1883	Wong, Kai Kah	604
1875 <i>m</i>	Wiggin, Charles D.	484	1868	Wood, James H.	66
1893	Wigginton, J. Harvey	1269	1900	Wood, Sidney M.	1098
1875 <i>d</i>	Wilder, Sedgwick P.	494	1881 <i>s</i>	Wood, William M.	102
1847	Wildman, Horatio	1008	1850	Woodhull, John A.	144
1863	Wildman, Joel T.	245	1899	Woodruff, Edward S.	1096
1895	Wiley, George P.	1355	1860 <i>m</i>	Woodward, Edward P.	383
1847	Wilkins, Gouverneur M.	857	1855	Woodward, Stanley T.	563
1844	Wilkins, H. Brady	42	1841	Woolfolk, William G.	303
1894 <i>s</i>	Wilkinson, Dudley P.	651	1857 <i>m</i>	Wooster, Samuel R.	626
1853	Willard, Andrew J.	696	1846 <i>l</i>	Wooster, William B.	95
1882 <i>s</i>	Willcox, Alfred B.	1133	1878	Wordin, Thomas C.	469
1872	Willcox, David	753	1863	Worman, Amos	1349
1861 <i>l</i>	Willcox, Washington F.	1118	1896 <i>s</i>	Wray, John H.	202
1847	Williams, G. Clinton	44	1897 <i>d</i>	Wright, Benjamin M.	963
1849 <i>m</i>	Williams, George S.	1363	1872 <i>s</i>	Wright, Thomas W.	1310
1856 <i>s</i>	Williams, Lewis	1126			
1842	Williams, Nathan W.	125	1893 <i>l</i>	Yates, Brent K.	276
1861	Williams, Ralph O.	1047	1868	Yates, Horatio G.	1352
1906	Williams, Richard F.	783	1860	Young, Mason	572
1900	Williams, William B.	936	1885 <i>d</i>	Yundt, Thomas M.	806
1847 <i>m</i>	Williams, William H.	1361			
1871	Wilshire, George P.	459	1906 <i>dp</i>	Zartman, Lester W.	1330
1865	Wilson, Edwin H.	169	1871 <i>s</i>	Ziegler, Harry D.	1131



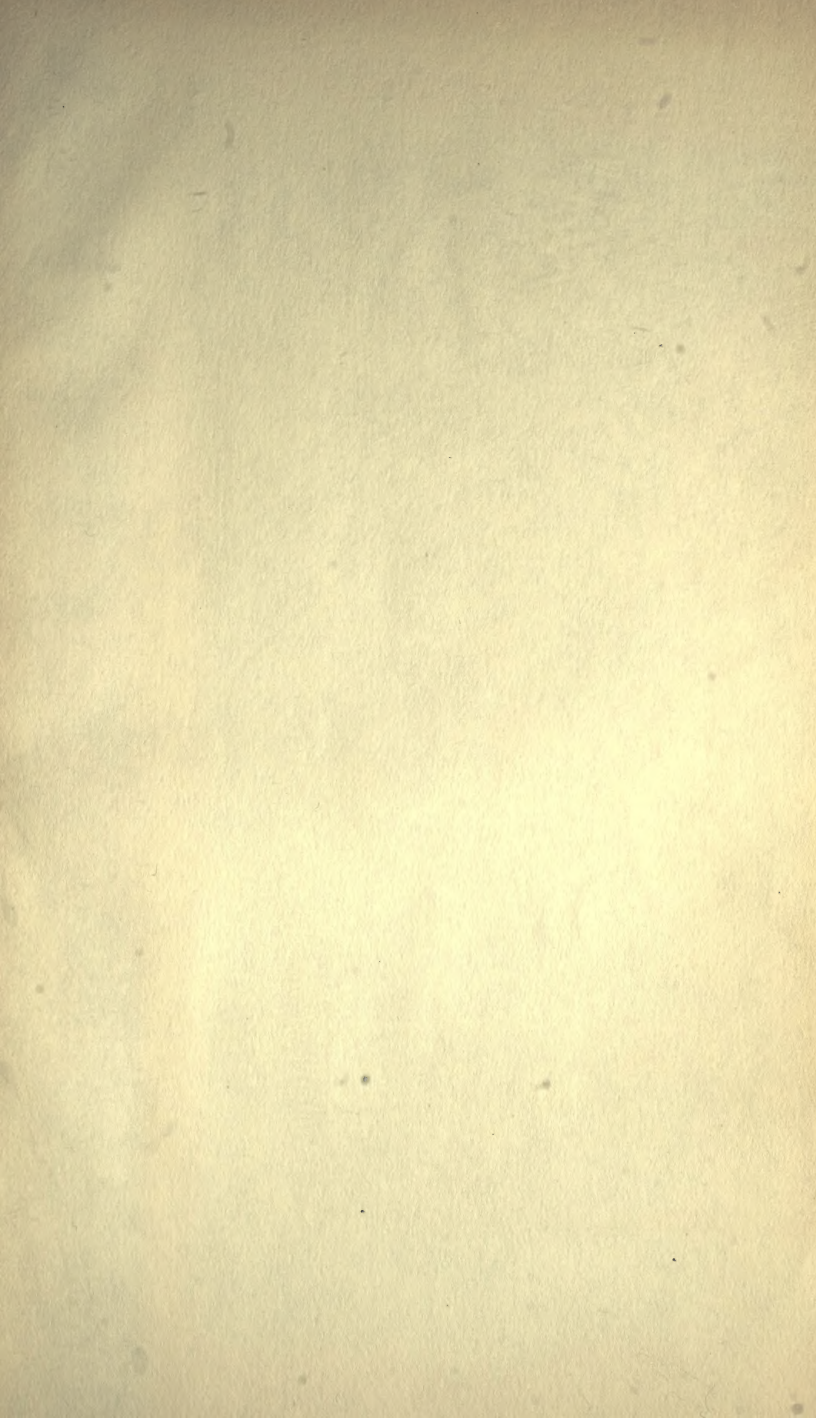


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1855	Whittemore, Williams S.	1188	1848	Withers, Michael A.	1170
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1893	Wigginton, J. Harvey	1269	1900	Wood, Sidney M.	1098
1875 <i>d</i>	Wilder, Sedgwick P.	494	1881 <i>s</i>	Wood, William M.	102
1847	Wildman, Horatio	1008	1850	Woodhull, John A.	144
1863	Wildman, Joel T.	245	1899	Woodruff, Edward S.	1096
1895	Wiley, George P.	1355	1860 <i>m</i>	Woodward, Edward P.	383
1847	Wilkins, Gouverneur M.	857	1855	Woodward, Stanley T.	563
1844	Wilkins, H. Brady	42	1841	Woolfolk, William G.	303
1894 <i>s</i>	Wilkinson, Dudley P.	651	1857 <i>m</i>	Wooster, Samuel R.	626
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1872	Willcox, David	753	1863	Worman, Amos	1349
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1847	Williams, G. Clinton	44	1897 <i>d</i>	Wright, Benjamin M.	963
1849 <i>m</i>	Williams, George S.	1363	1872 <i>s</i>	Wright, Thomas W.	1310
1856 <i>s</i>	Williams, Lewis	1126			
1842	Williams, Nathan W.	125	1893 <i>l</i>	Yates, Brent K.	276
1861	Williams, Ralph O.	1047	1868	Yates, Horatio G.	1352
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1871	Wilshire, George P.	459	1906 <i>dp</i>	Zartman, Lester W.	1330
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